

## Using Bioaccumulation Factors in Surface Water Standards Development & Rulemaking

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Christopher Ventaloro Water Quality Standards Coordinator NCDEQ DWR Classifications, Standards & Rules Review Branch



# Surface Water Standards

### **Surface Water Standards**

Protect a variety of surface water uses including:

- Human consumption of fish tissue
- Protection of specified waters for use as public water supplies (Water Supplies)

Standards established from:

- Published EPA Clean Water Act criteria
- Other published EPA regulatory values
- Calculated per 15A NCAC 02B .0208 Narrative Standard for Toxic Substances

What are Bioaccumulation Factors (BAFs)?

### **Bioaccumulation Factors (BAFs)**

Estimate accumulation in fish tissues from exposure with water & food

Determined by comparing fish tissue concentrations to water column concentrations from samples taken at the same location

$$BAF = \frac{C_{Biota}}{C_{Water}}$$

Where:  $C_{Biota}$  = Concentration in fish tissue  $C_{Water}$  = Concentration in water

BAF units = L/kg-wet weight

How are BAFs used to develop standards?

BAFs used to determine water column concentrations that, if met, prevent accumulation of a substance in fish tissue to a level that is potentially harmful to people

BAFs used in the 02B .0208 narrative standard calculations

Fish Tissue Consumption Standard =  $\frac{RfD \ x \ RSC \ x \ BM}{FCR \ x \ BAF}$ Water Supply Standard =  $\frac{RfD \ x \ RSC \ x \ BM}{WCR+(FCR \ x \ BAF)}$ 

Constants defined in 02B .0208:

BW = Body Weight = 70 kg WCR = Water Consumption Rate = 2 L/day FCR = Fish Consumption Rate = 17.5 g/person/day

### Adoption Process for Numeric Standards



