

LED Recycling and Disposal



Division of Waste Management Hazardous Waste Compliance Branch



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Department of Environmental Quality



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Today's focus

- 1. LED Lamps
- 2. Hazardous Waste
- 3. Universal Waste







VSQG; SQG; LQG

LED stands for Light-emitting diode LED lamps are better then other lighting devices?

- 1. Light bulbs last longer
- 2. More durable
- 3. Offer better light quality







- Disadvantages of LED
 - High-up from cost
 - Transformer compatibility
 - Color's may shift over lamp life
 - Performance has not yet been streamlined
 - Overheating can cause reduce lamp life





LED Lamp's



LED's, how do they work?

- Electric current pass through a microchip
- Illuminates the tiny energy source of light that we call LED (Visible light)
- Diodes uses for different light source:
 - Red: Aluminum gallium arsenide
 - Green: Gallium (III) nitride
 - Blue: Zinc selenide
 - White: Blue LED coated in phosphor





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How to manage waste LED Lamp's

- Universal Waste Rules?
- Hazardous Waste Rules?







- Universal waste categories must be hazardous waste before they can be designated as universal wastes.
- They are **exempt** from full hazardous waste regulations **but must still be managed** separately from general trash.







Characteristic Hazardous Waste

- Ignitability Waste
- Corrosive Waste
- Reactive Waste
- Toxic Waste

D001 D002 D003 ICR Parameters D004-D043 → Toxicity Parameters

Key Thought:

A waste is characteristic if it exhibits a generic property independent of its source.





Waste codes listed in 40 CFR 261.24 for Toxic Chemicals of Concern

Cart Mar

Metals		Volatile Organic Compounds			
Contaminant	EPA HW #	Regulatory Level	Contaminant	EPA HW #	Regulatory Level
Arsenic	D004	5.0 mg/L	Benzene	D018	0.5 mg/L
Barium	D005	100.0 mg/L	Carbon tetrachloride	D019	0.5 mg/L
Cadmium	D006	1.0 mg/L	Chlorobenzene	D021	100.0 mg/L
Chromium	D007	5.0 mg/L	Chloroform	D022	6.0 mg/L
Lead	D008	5.0 mg/L	1,2-Dichloroethane	D028	0.5 mg/L
Mercury	D009	0.2 mg/L	1,1-Dichloroethylene	D029	0.7 mg/L
Selenium	D010	1.0 mg/L	Methyl ethyl ketone	D035	200.0 mg/L
Silver	D011	5.0 mg/L	Tetrachloroethylene	D039	0.7 mg/L
			Trichloroethylene	D040	0.5 mg/L
			Vinyl chloride	D043	0.2 mg/L
Pesticides		Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds			
Contaminant	EPA HW #	Regulatory Level	Contaminant	EPA HW #	Regulatory Level
Chlordane	D020	0.03 mg/L	o-Cresol	D023	200.0 mg/L
Endrin	D012	0.02 mg/L	m-Cresol	D024	200.0 ma/L
Heptachlor (and its epoxide)	D031	0.008 mg/L	p-Cresol	D025	200.0 mg/L
Lindane	D013	0.4 mg/L	Cresol	D026	200.0 mg/L
Methoxychlor	D014	10.0 mg/L	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	D027	7.5 mg/L
Toxaphene	D015	0.5 mg/L	2,4-Dinitrotoluene	D030	0.13 mg/L
			Hexachlorobenzene	D032	0.13 mg/L
			Hexachlorobutadiene	D033	0.5 mg/L
			Hexachloroethane	D034	3.0 mg/L
Herbicides		Nitrobenzene	D036	2.0 mg/L	
Contaminant	EPA HW #	Regulatory Level	Pentachlorophenol	D037	100.0 mg/L
2,4-D	D016	10.0 mg/L	Pyridine	D038	5.0 mg/L
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	D017	1.0 mg/L	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	D041	400.0 mg/L
			2.4.6-Trichlorophenol	D042	2 0 mg/l

General Hazards of Universal Waste

- Your exposure to Universal Waste can cause chronic or acute illness.
- Releases to the environment can cause ecological damage.

33	56	48	24
As	Ba	Cd	Cr
Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium
82	80	47	34
Pb	Hg	Ag	Se
Lead	Mercury	Silver	Selenium





LED ≠ *Hazardous Waste*

- Any lamp (LED or otherwise) that does not exhibit one or more of the hazardous waste characteristics of 40 CFR 261 (ignitability, corrosivity, reactivity, or **toxicity**) would not be considered a hazardous waste and is not considered universal waste (40 CFR 273.5(b))
- North Carolina Landfill Prohibitions (<u>North</u> <u>Carolina General Statute (NCGS) 130A-309.10</u>)
 - Even when non-hazardous or exempt from hazardous waste regulation, specific items are banned from North Carolina (NC) landfills
 - Must <u>not</u> be disposed of in any <u>unlined</u> landfill in NC.



LED = Hazardous Waste = Universal Waste



Is it excluded from the Hazardous Waste Management Rules?

Almost all exclusion from the hazardous waste management rules are found at 40 CFR 261.

Circuit Printed Board



Scrap Metal





Is it Excluded?

- Domestic sewage and mixtures of domestic sewage (261.4(a)(1))
- Industrial point source discharges (261.4(a)(2))
- Irrigation return flows (261.4(a)(3))
- Certain radioactive secondary materials (261.4(a)(4))
- In-situ mining materials (261.4(a)(5))
- Pulping liquors (261.4(a)(6))
- Spent sulfuric acid (261.4(a)(7))
- Secondary materials reclaimed in a closedloop process in tanks (261.4(a)(8))
- Spent wood preservatives (261.4(a)(9))
- Coke by-product wastes (261.4(a)(10))
- Splash condenser residues (261.4(a)(11))
- Oil-bearing hazardous secondary materials generated and recycled within the petroleum refining industry (261.4(a)(12))
- Excluded scrap metal (261.4(a)(13))
- Shredded circuit boards ((261.4(a)(14))



- Mineral processing spent materials being recycled (261.4(a)(17))
- Petrochemical recovered oil (261.4(a)(18))
- Spent caustic solutions from petroleum refining (261.4(a)(19))
- Hazardous secondary materials used to make zinc fertilizers (261.4(a)(20))
- Zinc fertilizers made from hazardous secondary materials (261.4(a)(21))
- Used cathode ray tubes (CRTs) (261.4(a)(22))
- Hazardous secondary materials generated and reclaimed under the control of the generator (261.4(a)(23))
- Hazardous secondary materials transferred for the purpose of reclamation (261.4(a)(24)and (25))
- Solvent-contaminated wipes that are sent for cleaning and reuse. (261.4(a)(26))
- Higher-value solvents transferred for the purpose of remanufacturing (261.4(a)(27)
- Recyclable Materials Utilized for Precious Metal Recovery (266.70)







Recycling

- It gets a little trickierIssues:
 - Amount of glass
 - > Cost recovery







Universal Waste Management Rules 40 CFR 273

Requirements

≻All universal waste lamps must:

Stored in structurally sound closed containers



Universal Waste Management Rules

Requirements

The container must be label as follow:

≻Universal Waste "LED Bulbs"

≻Waste "LED Bulbs"

≻Used "LED Bulbs





JN	IV	EF	RSA	Π
	N	S	TF	
		10		
ADDRESS				
CITY, STATE	ZIP			
CONTENTS.				
				_
	TION START	DATE		_

Universal Waste Management Rules



- Container must have the starting accumulation date
 Manifest or bill of lading of last shipment
- Respond to breaks or evidence of leakage, spillage, or damage
 Clean broken lamp's and place all pieces in the approved container
- ➢Handlers of universal waste must inform all employees who handle or have the responsibility for managing universal waste.



Universal Waste Management Rules

Benefits

- Universal wastes does not have to be accumulated at your hazardous waste central accumulation area (CAA)
- \succ May keep universal waste on site for up to one year
- > Weekly inspection does not have to be done
- Universal waste is not counted toward total monthly hazardous waste generation rate.





• No matter which type of recycling we're talking about, in order to be excluded or subject to reduced requirements, the recycling must be legitimate and not sham (40 CFR 261.2(g); 40 CFR 260.43)

Legitimate: Lead-contaminated foundry sands reused in foundry molds (beneficial use)



Sham: Lead-contaminated foundry sands reused as playground sand





➤Time Frame: These materials are subject to "speculative accumulation" limits, which means that (1) it must have a feasible means of recycling, and (2) 75% must be recycled or moved offsite for recycling every calendar year. The recycling timeframe must be documented (40 CFR 261.1(c)(8))

Sham Recycling: 40 CFR 261.2(b)(4)



Sham Recycling

Key Thought:

Materials that are recycled may still be subject to the RCRA program





Source: Hickory Daily Record Comics May 2020

For additional information on the Waste LED Bulbs or the legitimate recycling, contact: NCDEQ / DWM / HWS

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Hazardous Waste Section Compliance Branch

North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management Hazardous Waste Section - Compliance Branch

REGIONAL INSPECTOR MAP

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