

**AMMONIA/FLUORIDE DISTILLATION TECHNICAL ASSISTANCE**  
(NC WW/GW LCB 10/9/2024)

**Background**

40 CFR Part 136.3, Table IB – List of Approved Inorganic Test Procedures, requires manual distillation or gas diffusion (pH>11) followed by any of the approved reference methods for Ammonia Nitrogen and manual distillation followed by any of the approved reference methods for Fluoride analyses. This requirement is footnoted.

Footnote 6 states:

*Manual distillation is not required if comparability data on representative effluent samples are on file to show that this preliminary distillation step is not necessary; however, manual distillation will be required to resolve any controversies. In general, the analytical method should be consulted regarding the need for distillation. If the method is not clear, the laboratory may compare a minimum of 9 different sample matrices to evaluate the need for distillation. For each matrix, a matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate are analyzed both with and without the distillation step. (A total of 36 samples, assuming 9 matrices). If results are comparable, the laboratory may dispense with the distillation step for future analysis. Comparable is defined as <20% RPD for all tested matrices). Alternatively, the two populations of spike recovery percentages may be compared using a recognized statistical test.*

EPA Office of Water has clarified that the intent of Footnote 6 was that all samples to be used for measurement of ammonia and fluoride for the purpose of reporting compliance monitoring results would be subject to the same requirements. That is, distillation is not required if comparability data on representative samples are on file to show that this preliminary distillation step is not necessary; however, manual distillation will be required to resolve any controversies.

Refer to the tables below to determine if distillation studies are allowed. NOTE: By following the previous NC WW/GW LCB Ammonia/Fluoride Distillation Studies policy, a laboratory may have historical data on file that meets these requirements.

Ref: North Carolina Wastewater/Groundwater Laboratory Certification Branch (NC WW/GW LCB) Ammonia/Fluoride Distillation Policy, (9/25/2024); based upon Code of Federal Regulations, Title 40, Part 136.3; Federal Register Vol. 89, No. 74, April 16, 2024: Table IB, Footnote 6.

**TABLE 1: Ammonia Nitrogen Methods**

Ammonia Nitrogen Method	Distillation Required	Study Allowed	Comment
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> C-2021 (Titration)	Yes	No	The distillation study option is not allowed. All samples must be distilled. Method states in Section (1): <i>The titrimetric method is used only on samples that have been carried through preliminary distillation.</i>
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> D-2021 (Electrode)	No	N/A	Method states in Section (1) (b): <i>Sample distillation is unnecessary.</i>
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> E-2021 (Electrode)	No	N/A	Method refers you SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> D-2021 (1) (b), which states that sample distillation is unnecessary.
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> F-2021 (Manual Phenate)	No	N/A	SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> A-2021 (1) says that method F may be used either with or without sample distillation. Method states in Section (1) (b): <i>Remove interfering turbidity by distillation or filtration.</i>
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> G-2021 (Automated Phenate)	No	N/A	SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> A-2021 (1) says that method G may be used either with or without sample distillation. However, the method itself does not discuss distillation and says to address turbidity issues with filtration.
SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> H-2011 (Automated Phenate)	No	N/A	SM 4500 NH <sub>3</sub> A-2021 (1) says that method H may be used either with or without sample distillation.

			Method states in Section (1) (b): <i>Some interferences are removed by distillation; see 4500 NH<sub>3</sub> B</i>
EPA 350.1, Rev. 2.0 (1993) (Automated Phenate)	Yes	Yes	Method states in Section 2.1: <i>The sample is buffered at a pH of 9.5 with a borate buffer in order to decrease hydrolysis of cyanates and organic nitrogen compounds and is distilled into a solution of boric acid.</i>  <b>When performing the distillation study, the undistilled samples must be at the same pH as the distilled samples, calibration standards and wash water.</b>
ASTM D1426-15 (A) (Nesslerization)	Yes	Yes	Method Section 1.4 states: Both test methods A and B are applicable to surface and industrial waters and wastewaters following distillation. The test method for distillation given in Appendix X1 has been used in the past to meet requirements for predistillation of samples being analyzed for ammonia.  Method Section 1.7 states: The distillation method now appears as Appendix X1 and is provided as nonmandatory information only.
ASTM D1426-15 (B) (Electrode)	Yes	Yes	See comments above.
USGS I-3520-85 (Nesslerization)	Yes	Yes	Method Section 2.1 states: <i>Ammonia is distilled from the buffered solution, and an aliquot of the distillate then is nesslerized.</i>
USGS I-4523-85 (Automated Phenate)	Yes	Yes	Although distillation is not mentioned in the method, EPA has stated that this does not constitute a clear exemption from distillation as required in 40 CFR, Part 136.3, Table IB.
Timberline Ammonia 001, June 2011 (Continuous Flow Gas Diffusion followed by Conductivity Cell Analysis )	No	N/A	Distillation not required by the method or 40 CFR, Part 136.3, Table IB.

For requirements of methods not listed, contact us.

**TABLE 2: Fluoride Methods**

Fluoride Method	Distillation Required	Study Allowed	Comments
SM 4500-F C-2021 (Electrode, Manual)	No	N/A	Refer to SM 4500 F C-2021 (1) (b) and Table 4500F:I for interferences that may require distillation.
SM 4500-F D-2021 (Colorimetric)	No	N/A	Refer to Table 4500F:I for interferences that may require distillation. Method states in Section (1) (b): <i>Whenever any one substance is present in sufficient quantity to produce an error of 0.1 mg/L or whenever the total interfering effect is in doubt, distill the sample. Also distill colored or turbid samples.</i>
SM 4500-F E-2021 (Automated Complexone)	Yes	No	Distillation is performed inline with the automated method setup. Method states in Section (1) (b): <i>Interferences normally associated with the determination of fluoride are removed by distillation.</i>

SM 4110 B-2020 (Ion Chromatography)	Yes	Yes	<p>Since the method does not state that distillation is not necessary, the requirement for distillation before analysis found in Table IB, and Footnote 6, are applicable to this method.</p> <p>The distillation procedure may be performed using either SM 4500 F- B-2021 or ASTM D1179-16 (A)</p>
SM 4110 C-2020 (Ion Chromatography)	Yes	Yes	<p>Since the method does not state that distillation is not necessary, the requirement for distillation before analysis found in Table IB, and Footnote 6, are applicable to this method.</p> <p>The distillation procedure may be performed using either SM 4500 F- B-2021 or ASTM D1179-16 (A)</p>
SM 4140 B-2020 (CIE/UV)	Yes	Yes	<p>Since the method does not state that distillation is not necessary, the requirement for distillation before analysis found in Table IB, and Footnote 6, are applicable to this method.</p> <p>The distillation procedure may be performed using either SM 4500 F- B-2021 or ASTM D1179-16 (A)</p>
EPA 300.0, Rev. 2.1 (1993) (Ion Chromatography)	Yes	Yes	<p>Since the method does not state that distillation is not necessary, the requirement for distillation before analysis found in Table IB, and Footnote 6, are applicable to this method.</p> <p>The distillation procedure may be performed using either SM 4500 F- B-2021 or ASTM D1179-16 (A)</p>
EPA 300.1, Rev. 1.0 (1997) (Ion Chromatography)	Yes	Yes	<p>Since the method does not state that distillation is not necessary, the requirement for distillation before analysis found in Table IB, and Footnote 6, are applicable to this method.</p> <p>The distillation procedure may be performed using either SM 4500 F- B-2021 or ASTM D1179-16 (A)</p>
ASTM D1179-16 (B) (Electrode, Manual)	No	N/A	<p>1.3 Test Method B covers the accurate measurement of simple fluoride ion in water by means of an ion selective electrode. With this test method, distillation is eliminated because the electrode is not affected by the interferences common to colorimetric procedures. Concentrations of fluoride from 0.1 to 1000 mg/L may be measured.</p>
ASTM D1179-16 (A) (Electrode, Manual)	Yes	No	<p>1.2 Test Method A covers the accurate measurement of total fluoride in water through isolation of the fluoride by distillation and subsequent measurement in the distillate by use of the ion selective electrode (ISE) method. The procedure covers the range from 0.1 to 2.6 mg/L of fluoride.</p>
USGS I-4327-85 (Electrode, Automated)	Yes	Yes	<p>Method states in Section 2.3: <i>The method includes a distillation step to decompose organic fluoride compounds and attack minerals such as fluor spar in water suspended sediment.</i></p>

For requirements of methods not listed, contact us.