



Why are Barrier Islands Unique?

Ken Richardson – NC Division of Coastal Management March 2, 2022



Beach Erosion & Nourishment: Outline

Beach Erosion in North Carolina

- Erosion vs. Accretion
- Long-Term vs. Short-Term
- Rules & Policies

Nourishment

Erosion

Beach Nourishment in North Carolina

- Erosion Mitigation
- Rules & Policies



Beach Erosion (-) & Accretion (+) - Geological Overview



Shoreline Change Rates Using End-Point Method

Rate = Distance / Time (example) Rate = 180 feet / 60 years = 3 feet/year

Distance = 180 feet

Photo source: NC DCM (measurements not to scale)

1962 shoreline

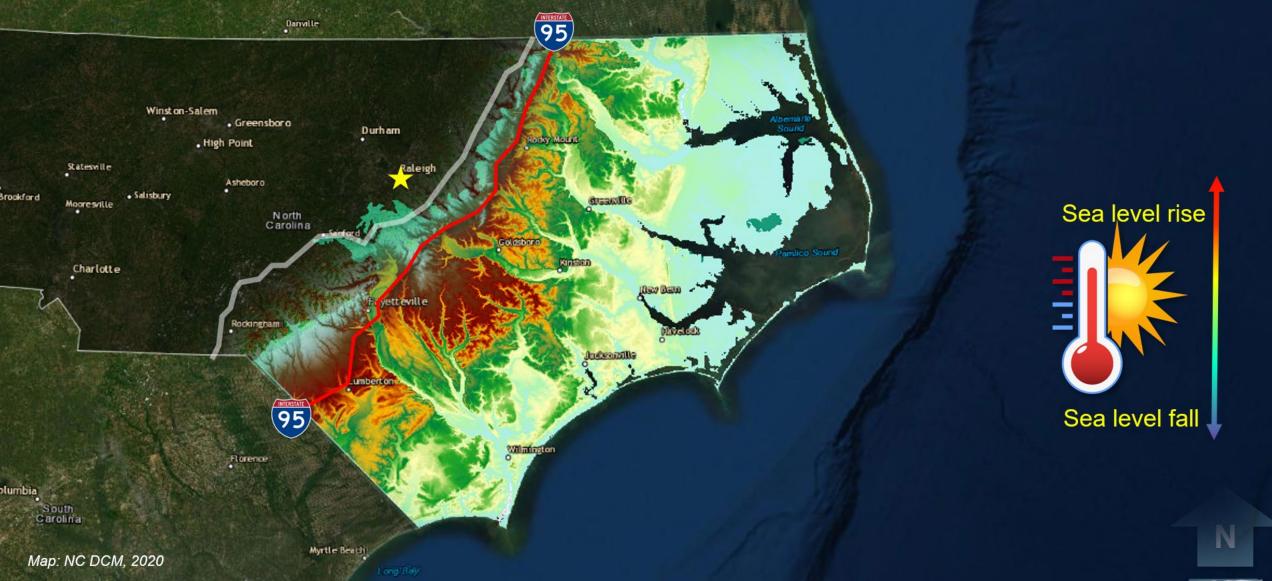
Time = 60 years

2022 shoreline

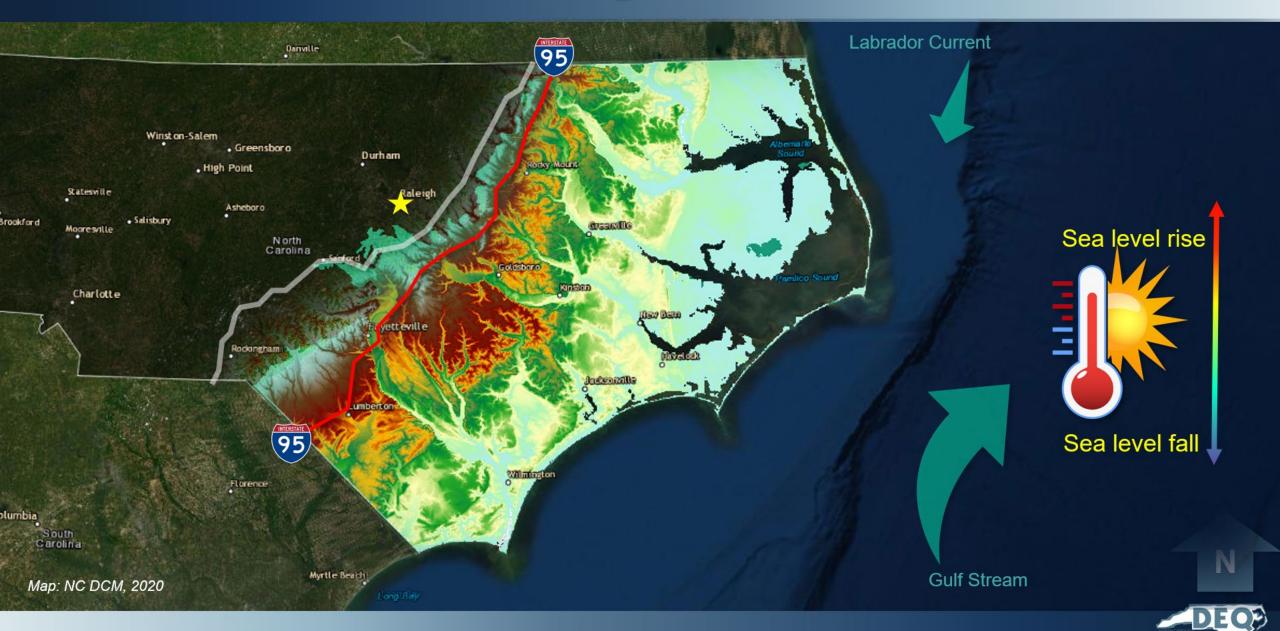
ransect

Beach Erosion: 2020 Update Study

	Shoreline Length & Rate Comparison		
Results	South-Facing Beach	East-Facing Beach	Total Shoreline
	Miles	Miles	Miles
	(% of total)	(% of total)	(% of total)
Miles of Shoreline Mapped	103.7	200.8	304.5
& Analyzed	(34.1%)	(65.9%)	
Measured Accretion (+)	45.8 (+)	53.6 <mark>(+)</mark>	103.7 miles (+)
	(44.2 %)	(26.3%)	(34.1%)
Measured Erosion (-)	56.3 (-)	147.1 <mark>(-)</mark>	200.9 miles (-)
	(54.3%)	(72.2%)	(65.4%)
No Output (<i>Data Gap</i>)	0.8	2.8	2.8
	(<1%)	(1%)	(>1%)









-DEQE





Beach Erosion: Short-Term vs. Long-Term

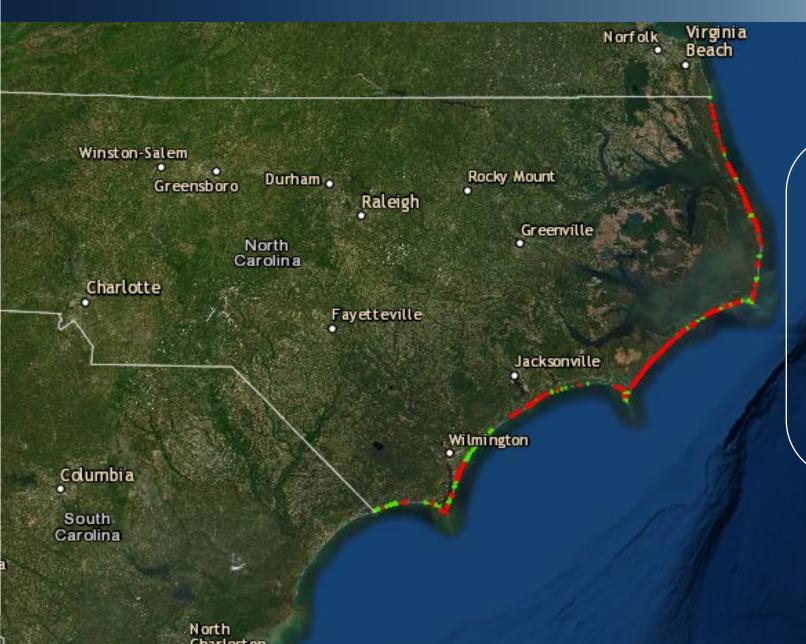




Beach Erosion: Short-Term vs. Long-Term



Beach Erosion: Rules & Policies



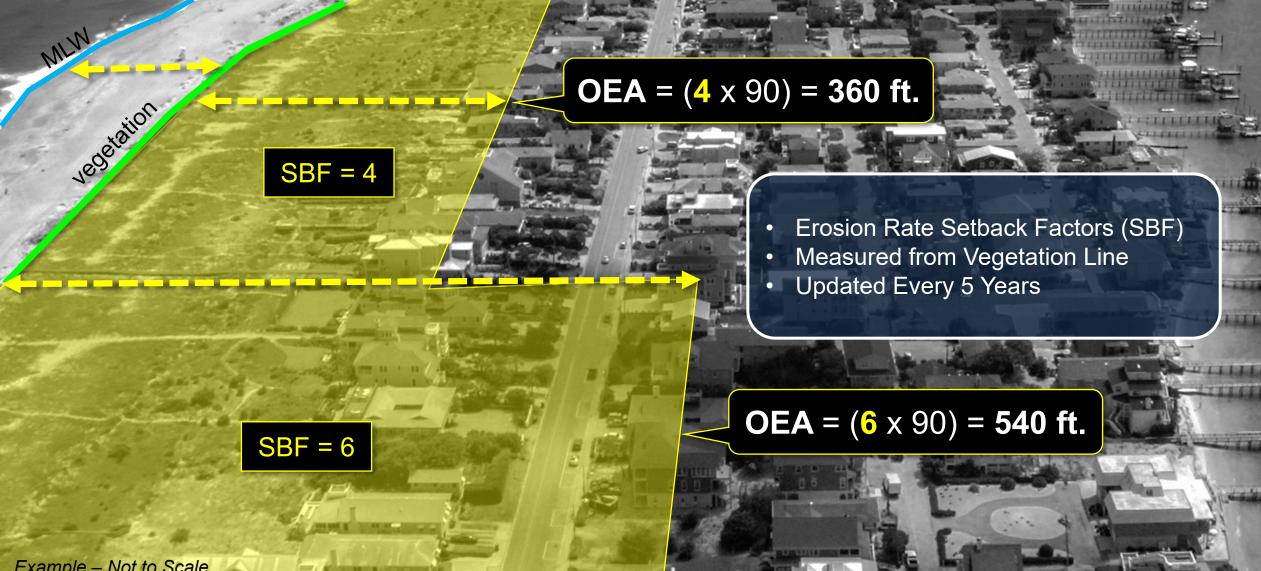
Oceanfront Erosion Rates

- Calculated ~ 5 years
- Ocean Erodible Area
- Oceanfront Construction
 Setbacks
 - Average erosion rate ~ 2 feet/year
 - Higher rates at inlets & Capes

Erosion
Accretion



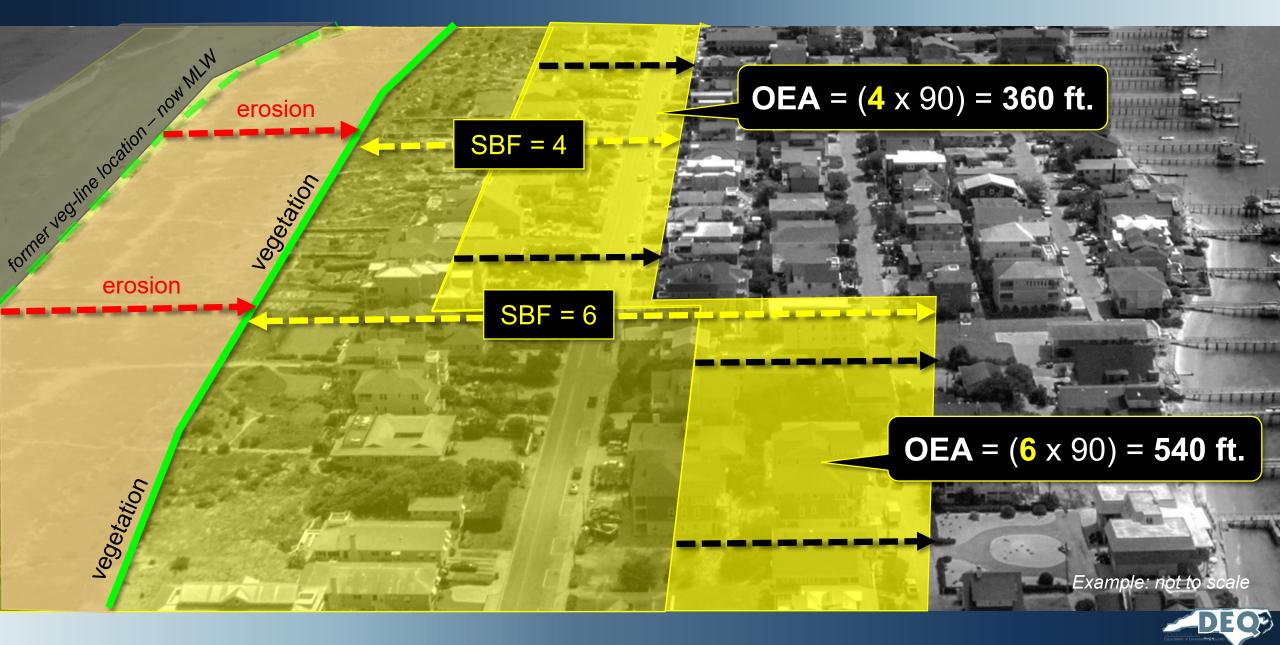
Beach Erosion: Rules & Policies



EQE

Example – Not to Scale

Beach Erosion: Rules & Policies



Beach Nourishment: Erosion Mitigation Strategies

Retreat

✓ Do Nothing

Soft

- nourishment
- sandbags
- dredging

Hard

- groin
- breakwater
- jetty
- seawall

Combination (all the above)

Photo source: dredgingtoday.com

Beach Nourishment

Average Length (ft) per Decade (all projects) 100000 80000 60000 40000 20000 2010s 1990s 2000s 1960s 1980s 1930s 1950s 1970s -20000 DECADE ——Linear (Avg. Length (ft)) Avg. Length (ft)

> Average Volume (cy) per Decade (all projects)





>80% of oceanfront communities

- Identified a reliable tax source
- Identified sand sources
- Performing annual monitoring



Beach Nourishment



Are sand sources unlimited?

No – ongoing effort to local sources

- Rechargeable (inlets, waterways)
- Non-rechargeable (offshore)

Who pays for projects?

Cost-share or single source

- Federal (USACE CSDR, FEMA)
- State (shallow draft funds)
- Local (room occupancy tax, tax zones)





Beach Nourishment: Rules & Policies

2

3

4

Characterize Native Beach Sediment

Characterize Borrow Area Sediment

Determine Sediment Compatibility

Excavation & Placement of Sediment

Goal: ensure that sand used for beach nourishment is compatible with existing sand on the beach.



Static Vegetation Line

Setback

Definition of "large-scale" beach fill project: > 300,000 cubic yards

before project completion (structures at water's edge)

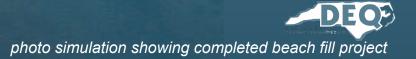


Static Vegetation Line

<u>With</u> regular maintenance & <u>reduced</u> storm frequency

- wide beach maintained
- oceanward vegetation growth

New Vegetation Line



Static Vegetation Line

Without regular maintenance & increased storm frequency

- beach erosion continues
- vegetation loss continues

Vegetation Loss

(structures at water's edge again)



Minimize Loss of Beach Access & Habitat

A SALE A SALE

Minimize Damages & Loss of Property

Image: coastalreview.org

Image:

Image: North Topsail Beach

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Image: NC DCM

KEEP OFF

Beach Erosion & Nourishment

Key: Maintain a wide and healthy beach

Tourism

Recreation

Employment

Criticalyhabitat

Less storm damage

Property value

Commercial

Storm damage reduction

Economic

Ecosystem

ax revenue



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DEC

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