NC DEQ/DWR WASTEWATER/GROUNDWATER LABORATORY CERTIFICATION BRANCH

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| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| LABORATORY NAME: |  | CERT #: |  |
| PRIMARY ANALYST: |  | DATE: |  |
| NAME OF PERSON COMPLETING CHECKLIST (PRINT): |  |
| SIGNATURE OF PERSON COMPLETING CHECKLIST: |  |

Parameter: **Dissolved Oxygen**

Method: **SM 4500 O G-2016 and** **ASTM D888-12 (B)**

Equipment:

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
|  | DO Meter**Model:** |  | Conductivity meter (if applicable)**Model:** |

|  |
| --- |
| **PLEASE COMPLETE CHECKLIST IN INDELIBLE INK****Please mark Y, N or NA in the column labeled LAB to indicate the common lab practice** **and in the column labeled SOP to indicate whether it is addressed in the SOP.** |
|  | **GENERAL** | **LAB** | **SOP** | **EXPLANATION** |
|  | Is the SOP reviewed at least every 2 years? What is the most recent review/revision date of the SOP? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7)] [Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (4)]**Date:** |  |  | Quality assurance, quality control, and Standard Operating Procedure documentation shall indicate the effective date of the document and be reviewed every two years and updated if changes in procedures are made.Verify proper method reference. During review notate deviations from the approved method and SOP.  |
|  | Are all revision dates and procedural edits tracked and documented? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7)] [Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (4)] |  |  | Each laboratory shall have a formal process to track and document review dates and any revisions made in all quality assurance, quality control and SOP documents. |
|  | Has the laboratory developed and implemented a documented training program? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (P)] [Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (5)] |  |  | Each laboratory shall develop and implement a documented training program that includes documentation that:(i) [or (A)] that staff have the education, training, experience, or demonstrated skills needed to generate quality control results within method-specified limits and that meet the requirements of these Rules;(ii) [or (B)] that staff have read the laboratory quality assurance manual or applicable Standard Operating Procedures;(iii) [or (C)] that staff have obtained acceptable results on Proficiency Testing samples pursuant to Rule .0803(1) of this Section or other demonstrations of proficiency (e.g., side-by-side comparison with a trained analyst, acceptable results on a single-blind performance evaluation sample, an initial demonstration of capability study prescribed by the reference method). |
|  | Is there North Carolina data available for review? |  |  |  |
|  | Are ALL analytical records, including original observations maintained for 5 years? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (E)] [Field:15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (1)] |  |  | “Original observations” is defined as the first place analytical results are documented.  |
|  | Are all manual data and log entries written in indelible ink? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (E)][Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (1)] |  |  |  |
|  | Are error corrections performed properly? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (E)] [Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (1)] |  |  | All documentation errors shall be corrected by drawing a single line through the error so that the original entry remains legible. Entries shall not be obliterated by erasures or markings. Wite-Out®, correction tape, or similar products designed to obliterate documentation shall not to be used; instead, the correction shall be written adjacent to the error. The correction shall be initialed by the responsible individual and the date of change documented. |
|  | Are the following items documented with each analysis? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (F)][Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (2)] |  |  |  |
|  | The method or SOP reference |  |  |  |
|  | Laboratory identification |  |  |  |
|  | Instrument identification |  |  |  |
|  | Sample collector |  |  |  |
|  | Signature or initials of the analyst |  |  |  |
|  | Date of sample collection |  |  |  |
|  | Time of sample collection |  |  |  |
|  | Date of sample analysis |  |  |  |
|  | Time of sample analysis |  |  | One time may be documented for sample collection and analysis if there is documentation showing that the analysis is performed *in situ*, or immediately on the sample site. |
|  | Sample identification |  |  |  |
|  | Proper units of measure |  |  |  |
|  | Final value to be reported |  |  |  |
|  | Facility name or permit number [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | Parameter analyzed [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | Conductivity calibration standard and check standard values and check standard evaluation [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | Only required when using a Conductivity meter to determine the Salinity for calibration. |
|  | Meter calibration and/or verification date and time(s) [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | DO Meter Calibration variables (temperature, elevation or barometric pressure [in mmHg], and salinity) |  |  | For meters that require manual entry of the barometric pressure, the true pressure (i.e., not corrected to pressure at sea level) must be used. |
|  | Calibration information (DO reading in mg/L or % saturation) |  |  |  |
|  | Theoretical value and DO meter reading for the calibration verification(s), where applicable [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | Quality control assessments [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | **PRESERVATION and STORAGE** | **LAB** | **SOP** | **EXPLANATION** |
|  | Is the sample analyzed within 15 minutes of collection? [40 CFR Part 136.3, Table II and footnote 2] |  |  | *In situ* or immediate analysis is recommended due to the unstable nature of dissolved oxygen in samples. |
|  | **PROCEDURE – Meter Calibration** | **LAB** | **SOP** | **EXPLANATION** |
|  | Is the meter allowed proper warm-up time? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | Galvanic sensors require no warm-up time. Polarographic sensors require a 15-minute warm-up time.  |
|  | Is the meter calibrated according to the manufacturer’s instructions prior to analysis of samples each day compliance monitoring is performed? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | Is moist air used for air calibration? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | This is accomplished by calibrating the electrode in an environment with a high relative humidity. Using dry air for the calibration can result in errant readings. |
|  | Is the salinity of the sample(s) known or expected to be above 9 ppt? If not, skip to question # 16. |  |  |  |
|  | Is the meter calibration repeated for each sample site that has varying salinity? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | If the meter has a conductivity sensor that automatically measures salinity, is the conductivity sensor calibrated before DO calibration? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | **PROCEDURE – Sample Analysis** | **LAB** | **SOP** | **EXPLANATION** |
|  | Is sample movement across the membrane provided during analysis? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | Movement of water across the membrane (for membrane electrode technologies) is important for accurate readings. Some probes come with stirrers for this purpose. Measurements should be taken while the stirrer is in use or by swirling the DO probe in the sample flow. Preferably, insert the probe into flowing conditions. If analyzed in a container, stir gently with the probe or add a stir bar. Do not put the probe on the sides or the bottom of the container. |
|  | **QUALITY ASSURANCE** | **LAB** | **SOP** | **EXPLANATION** |
|  | Are the calibration chamber and probe in good condition? |  |  |  |
|  | Are samples analyzed at multiple locations? **If “no”, skip to question #23.**  |  |  |  |
|  | If samples are analyzed at multiple locations, is the meter calibrated at each site before sample analysis? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  |  |
|  | If samples are analyzed at multiple locations and the meter is not calibrated at each site, is the meter calibration verified at the end of the analysis day? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | This can be performed by back calculating the theoretical DO for the current air calibration conditions (e.g., temperature, elevation, barometric pressure, etc.). Refer to Attachment 1. |
|  | Does the calculated theoretical DO value verify the meter reading within ±0.5 mg/L? [NC WW/GW LCB Approved Procedure for the Analysis of Dissolved Oxygen (DO)] |  |  | The calculated DO value must verify the meter reading within ±0.5 mg/L. |
|  | If the meter reading does not verify within ±0.5 mg/L, what corrective action is taken? [Non-field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (a) (7) (B)] [Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (g) (8)]**Answer:** |  |  | The meter must be recalibrated and all samples since the last successful calibration must be reanalyzed. If reanalysis is not possible, all of the data must be qualified. |
|  | Is the data qualified on the Discharge Monitoring Report (DMR) or client report if Quality Control (QC) requirements are not met?[Non-field and Field: 15A NCAC 02H .0805 (e) (5)]  |  |  | Reported data associated with quality control failures, improper sample collection, holding time exceedances, or improper preservation shall be qualified as such. |

Additional Comments:

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Inspector: \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_Date:\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_

**Attachment 1: Dissolved Oxygen Meter Calibration Verification When Salinity is Zero**

DO meters/probes must be calibrated each day of use prior to sample analysis. If the meter cannot be calibrated, the calibration must be verified each day of use. Additionally, when performing DO analyses at multiple sample sites, a post analysis calibration verification must be analyzed at the end of the run for all types of DO probes, unless the meter is recalibrated at each sample site. Below is a procedure for verifying the calibration of a DO probe.

1. Follow the manufacturer’s instructions for meter operation.
2. Place probe in a plastic bag, the probe storage cup, the storage well of the meter (each containing a wet sponge), or a BOD bottle partially filled with water. Allow appropriate instrument warm up time.
3. Read DO and temperature.
4. Check the temperature vs. DO mg/L table below and apply appropriate atmospheric (barometric) pressure or altitude correction factor.
5. Calculated (theoretical) DO value must verify meter reading within ± 0.5 mg/L.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Atmospheric Pressure mm Hg | Equivalent Altitude Ft. | Correction Factor |
| 760 | 0 | 1.00 |
| 752 | 278 | .99 |
| 745 | 558 | .98 |
| 737 | 841 | .97 |
| 730 | 1126 | .96 |
| 722 | 1413 | .95 |
| 714 | 1703 | .94 |
| 707 | 1995 | .93 |
| 699 | 2290 | .92 |
| 692 | 2587 | .91 |
| 684 | 2887 | .90 |
| 676 | 3190 | .89 |
| 669 | 3496 | .88 |
| 661 | 3804 | .87 |
| 654 | 4115 | .86 |
| 646 | 4430 | .85 |
| 638 | 4747 | .84 |
| 631 | 5067 | .83 |
| 623 | 5391 | .82 |
| 616 | 5717 | .81 |
| 608 | 6047 | .80 |
| 600 | 6381 | .79 |
| 593 | 6717 | .78 |

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Temp. °C | DO mg/L |  | Temp. °C | DO mg/L |
| 4.0 | 13.11 |  | 19.5 | 9.18 |
| 4.5 | 12.94 |  | 20.0 | 9.09 |
| 5.0 | 12.77 |  | 20.5 | 9.00 |
| 5.5 | 12.61 |  | 21.0 | 8.92 |
| 6.0 | 12.45 |  | 21.5 | 8.83 |
| 6.5 | 12.30 |  | 22.0 | 8.74 |
| 7.0 | 12.14 |  | 22.5 | 8.66 |
| 7.5 | 11.99 |  | 23.0 | 8.58 |
| 8.0 | 11.84 |  | 23.5 | 8.50 |
| 8.5 | 11.70 |  | 24.0 | 8.42 |
| 9.0 | 11.56 |  | 24.5 | 8.34 |
| 9.5 | 11.42 |  | 25.0 | 8.26 |
| 10.0 | 11.29 |  | 25.5 | 8.18 |
| 10.5 | 11.16 |  | 26.0 | 8.11 |
| 11.0 | 11.03 |  | 26.5 | 8.04 |
| 11.5 | 10.90 |  | 27.0 | 7.97 |
| 12.0 | 10.78 |  | 27.5 | 7.90 |
| 12.5 | 10.66 |  | 28.0 | 7.83 |
| 13.0 | 10.54 |  | 28.5 | 7.76 |
| 13.5 | 10.42 |  | 29.0 | 7.69 |
| 14.0 | 10.31 |  | 29.5 | 7.62 |
| 14.5 | 10.20 |  | 30.0 | 7.56 |
| 15.0 | 10.08 |  | 30.5 | 7.50 |
| 15.5 | 9.98 |  | 31.0 | 7.43 |
| 16.0 | 9.87 |  | 31.5 | 7.37 |
| 16.5 | 9.77 |  | 32.0 | 7.31 |
| 17.0 | 9.67 |  | 32.5 | 7.24 |
| 17.5 | 9.57 |  | 33.0 | 7.18 |
| 18.0 | 9.47 |  | 33.5 | 7.12 |
| 18.5 | 9.38 |  | 34.0 | 7.07 |
| 19.0 | 9.28 |  | 34.5 | 7.01 |

Ref: YSI Model 5000/5100 DO Meter Manual. Slight variations in DO, pressure, and/or altitude may be found in other manuals.

Example: If ambient temperature is 21°C and elevation is approximately 1126 ft, the theoretical DO would be:

8.92 X 0.96 = 8.56 mg/L

or, if ambient temperature is 21°C and the atmospheric (barometric) pressure is 745 mm Hg, the theoretical DO would be:

8.92 X 0.98 = 8.74 mg/L

**Attachment 2: Dissolved Oxygen Meter Calibration Verification When Salinity is Greater Than Zero**

If calibrated at a salinity greater than zero, use the following table and column with applicable salinity:

