# Catawba-Wateree Water Supply Master Plan

Project Update from the Catawba–Wateree Water Management Group to the Catawba–Wateree River Basin Advisory Commission

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### Catawba-Wateree Water Management Group

#### 19 Members with Intakes in the 11 Reservoirs and Main Stem of the Catawba

CWWMG Members				
Belmont, NC	Lenoir, NC			
Camden, SC	Lincoln County, NC			
Catawba-River Water Supply Project	Longview, NC			
Charlotte, NC	Lugoff-Elgin Water Authority, SC			
Chester Metro, SC	Mooresville, NC			
Duke Energy	Morganton, NC			
Gastonia, NC	Mount Holly, NC			
Granite Falls, NC	Rock Hill, SC			
Hickory, NC	Statesville, NC			
	Valdese, NC			

# Agenda

**Project Scope Project Schedule Stakeholder Advisory Team Project Funding Status Future Water Projections CHEOPS** Modeling Update Safe Yield Research Project Integration

### Catawba-Wateree Water Supply Master Plan

A Collaborative Process to Identify Water Supply Needs vs. Availability and Develop a Plan to 'Close the Gap'

	Strategy	Description	Total Basin Change in Water	
	5		Yield (mgd)	
F	BL – 01	Baseline For Comparison to Yield Scenarios	-	ains Full
James	CC – 01	Low Impact of Climate Change on Water Supply	74	(> 44)
Rhodhis	CC - 02	High Impact of Climate Change on Water Supply	0	(> 52)
Hickory	YS – 01	Lower Existing Intakes in the Upper Catawba Basin	159	(> 54)
Lookout	YS – 02	Lower Existing Intakes in Middle Catawba Basin	0	(> 15) (> 223)
Mountai	YS – 03	Re-route Existing Effluent Flows Upstream	251+	(> 272)
Wylie Fishing	YS – 04	Reduce Per Capita Water Demands for Public Water Supplies	~20 year extension of sustainable demand	(> 189) (> 238)
Great Fa	YS – 05	Increase Off-Stream Storage in middle Catavba Basin	0	3 (> 3) 3 (> 1)
Wateree	YS – 06	Raise target operating levels in reservoirs	137	(> 74)
j.	YS – 07	Utilize inter-basin transfer during drought	0	
199	YS – 08	Reduced impact of sedimentation in reservoirs	0	
			Some has	

**Richland** 

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# **Project Scope**

- Secure Funding Assistance
- Manage Stakeholder Process
- Update Future Water Demand Projections
- Develop Future Modeling Scenarios
- Review/Revise LIP (i.e. drought management plan)
- Identify Water Demand/Conservation Opportunities
- Identify Water Supply Regionalization Opportunities
- Other Tasks (public ed., regulatory, GIS integration, project ID, ERP)
- Water Supply Master Plan Development

## Project Schedule Update

Month	Key Activities/ Decisions	Note
Jun – 12	Present Future Projections Identify Stakeholder Advisory Team (SAT)	
Jul – 12	Finalize/Consensus on Future Projections Auth. Phase II-B, Finalize Funding Plan Mobilize SAT Modeling Meeting(s) with NC/SC	
Aug – 12	SAT Meeting #1 Establish the New CHEOPS Base Model Review SY Determination Methodology CHEOPS Model Update for NC	SAT – role, overview, projections
Sep – 12	Modeling Scenarios, Sensitivities – Rd. 1 CHEOPS Model Update for NC Review LIP for Recomm. Rev. – Rd. 1	
Oct – 12	SAT Meeting #2 Demand/Conservation – Goals/Benefits Analysis of Rd. 1 - Scenarios Regionalization Discussions	SAT – modeling approach, scenarios
Nov – 12	Regionalization Discussions (2 wkshps) Analysis of Rd. 1 – Scenarios Public Awareness/Education - Analysis	
Dec – 12	Regionalization Discussion (2 wkshps) Presentation of Rd. 1 – Scenarios	

## Project Schedule Update

Month	Key Activities/ Decisions	Note
Jan – 13	SAT Meeting #3 Modeling Scenarios, Sensitivities – Rd. 2 Analysis of Rd. 2 – Scenarios	SAT – Rd. 1 results
Feb - 13	Presentation of Rd. 2 – Scenarios Modeling Scenarios, Sensitivities – Rd. 3	
Mar – 13	SAT Meeting #4 GIS Development/Integration Review LIP for Recomm. Rev. – Rd. 2 Analysis of Rd. 3 Scenarios	SAT – Rd. 2 results, governance
Apr – 13	Water Quality Modeling – Discussion GIS Development/Integration ERP – Analysis/Discussion Analysis of Rd. 3 Scenarios	
May – 13	ERP – Analysis/Discussion Regulatory Issues – Analysis/Discussion	
Jun – 13	SAT Meeting #5 Overall Recommendations/Conclusions Draft Master Plan – Development	SAT – Rd. 3 results, final comments
Jul – 13	CW-WMG Review of Draft Master Plan	
Aug – 13	SAT Meeting #6 Master Plan – Final Completion	SAT – celebration

#### **Stakeholder Advisory Team**

#### Purpose

- Provide key input into key elements of Master Plan
- Provide input into recommendations for governance and management of the Catawba-Wateree River Basin

#### Advisory only

Not regulatory, nor oversight
No relationship to FERC relicensing
Stakeholder Advisory Meetings
Six proposed

### Stakeholder Advisory Team

#### Proposed Total ~ 21 (With Periodic Updates to Bi-State Commission)

#### **Stakeholder Advisory - Proposed Team Members**

Local Government Organizations	<b>Resource Agencies</b>
Catawba Regional COG	NC-Division of Water Quality
Centralina COG	NC-Division of Water Resources
Western Piedmont COG	NC-Wildlife Resource Commission
Isothermal Regional COG	SC-Dept. of Health and Env. Control
Town of Newton	SC-Dept. of Natural Resources
Non-Governmental Agencies	Water Industry/Others
C-W Relicensing Coalition	Resolute Forest Products
<b>Recreation Interests</b>	Siemens Westinghouse
Carolina Canoe Club	South Carolina Electric & Gas
Lake Norman Marine Commission	International Paper
Lake Wylie Marine Commission	Nicholas Institute (Duke) – Bill Holman
Mt. Island Lake Marine Commission	UNC (SOG) – Richard Whisnant

## **Project Funding**

#### **Current Status**

Description	Amount	Notes
Phase II – A – Master Plan	\$430,000	
Phase II – B – Master Plan	<u>\$764,088</u>	
Subtotal	\$1,194,088	
<u>Funding</u> Commitments/Request		
NC-DENR	\$400,000	
South Carolina	\$250,000	
Duke Energy Foundation	\$200,000	
Bank of America	TBD	\$100,000 requested, pending
PepsiCo. Foundation	TBD	\$100,000 requested, pending
Wells Fargo	\$ 0	
Coca Cola Foundation	<u>\$ 0</u>	
	\$850,000	<b>Current Funding Support</b>

### Projections Summary – The Changing Face of Water Use in the C-W River Basin



### C-W Basin - Net Withdrawal Total Basin

**Comparison of Revised Projections to Previous Projections** 

#### Comparison of Catawba-Wateree Basin Studies Net Withdrawal for All Subbasins and All Categories



#### Net Withdrawal - <u>Total Public Water/WW</u>

#### **Comparison of Revised Projections to Previous Projections**

#### Net Withdrawal - Power

#### **Comparison of Revised Projections to Previous Projections**

#### Net Withdrawal - Lake Norman

**Comparison of Revised Projections to Previous Projections** 

## PWS – Withdrawal Projection Contingency

#### Seeks to Avoid Allocation Concern and Provides Flexibility

Entity		Base		2065	2065 (75%)	2065 (25%)
James – City A		5		10	3.75	1.25
Rhodhiss – City B		10		20	7.50	2.50
Hickory – City C		5		10	3.75	1.25
Lookout Shoals – Town of D		10		20	7.50	2.50
Norman – City E		5		10	3.75	1.25
Mt. Island Lake - Town of F		50		100	37.5	12.50
Wylie – City G		10		20	7.50	2.50
Fishing Creek Reservoir – City H		5		10	3.75	1.25
Wateree – Town of I		<u>10</u>	<u></u>	<u>20</u>	<u>7.50</u>	<u>2.50</u>
	Total	110		220	82.5	27.5
						Cont.

### **CHEOPs Modeling for Master Plan**

#### **Existing Basin Model is Reservoir Focused**



#### **CHEOPs Modeling for Master Plan - Enhancements**

**Conformance with SL 2010-143 and NC-DENR Requirements** Update to provide tools for individual user database – support server access Base model update to include existing known tributary w/r Nodes > 100,000-gpd Base model update to include tributary identified ecological flow points User tools to add Nodes, allocate inflow and w/r connectivity Update DSS support Update reporting to daily time step to reduce output file size

#### **CHEOPS** Modeling

Inflow hydrology data set has been updated from 1929 through 2010 Update base model core from VB to .Net to enhance run-time response Basin-Wide LIP included in existing Model in user defined table format Withdrawal and Returns are provided in user defined table format

### **CHEOPS** Modeling Input to New Baseline

CRA – Mutual Gains Scenario

2002 DOR

2006 WSS Net Withdrawal Projections/SY



CRA – Mutual Gains Scenario

2007 DOR

C-W WSMP Net Withdrawal Projections/SY

1. LIP Lookup

- 2. LIP Action Response Time (Duke)
- 3. LIP Action Response Time (Others)
- 4. Climate Change Impacts
- 5. Recreation Flow Release Modification
- 6. Safe Yield Research Project Opportunities

50. Water Conservation Scenarios

What is New Base vs. Alternative Scenario vs. Sensitivity

Strategy	Description	Total additional safe yield (mgd)	Financia l impacts	Environmenta l impacts	Public impacts
BL-01	Baseline operations	-	N/A	N/A	N/A
CC – 01	Low impact of climate change	0	N/A	N/A	N/A
CC – 02	High impact of climate change	-74	N/A	N/A	N/A
CC – 03	Climate change from model ensemble	-74	N/A	N/A	N/A
YS – 01	Lower existing critical intakes in the upper Catawba-Wateree Basin	87	0	0	0
YS – 02	Lower existing critical intakes in the middle Catawba-Wateree Basin	0	0	0	0
YS – 02A	Lower existing critical intakes in middle Catawba (Mtn. Island Lake)	0	0	0	0
YS – 03	Re-route existing effluent flows to upstream reservoir(s)	141	٠	٠	0
YS – 03A	Re-route existing effluent flows during LIP Stage 3 or 4 only	141	0	0	0
YS - 04	Reduce per capita water demands for public water supplies	~30+ years	0	0	0
YS – 04A	Reduce per capita water demands for residential customers only	~20 years	0	0	0
YS – 05	Increase off-stream storage in middle Catawba-Wateree Basin	0	•	•	0
YS – 05A	Increase off-stream storage in middle Catawba (LIP Stage 3 or 4)	0	•	•	0
YS – 06	Raise target operating levels in reservoirs by 1'-0"	87	0	0	•
YS – 07	Eliminate inter-basin transfers during drought conditions	0	•	0	•
YS – 08	Reduce impact of future sedimentation in reservoirs	0	0	0	0
YS – 09	Reduce future power water use in key reservoirs by relocating demand	~20 years	0	0	0

#### **Research Summary and Key Findings**

#### Model code refinements

- LIP sensitivity
- Critical intake versus LIP minimums
- Accessing upstream storage
- Recreation release timing
- LIP time to enforce
- Yield enhancement strategies work
- Combined strategies for bigger success
- Climate change has potential for impacts
- Collaborative solutions are necessary
- Consensus on defining failure

### Safe Yield Research Project Findings in Relationship to Master Plan

- Water Yield Enhancement Strategies to Carry Forward
  - Lowering Existing Intakes in Upper Catawba and Other Locations
  - Re-route Existing Effluent Flows Upstream During Drought
  - Reduce Water Demands by Established %
  - Raise Target Operating Levels
  - Re-evaluate Location of Large Future Water Demands (e.g. Power)

 How Do Combinations of The Yield Enhancement Strategies and 'Updates' From the Previous Slide Impact Water Supply

# **Questions/Discussion**