

COMPOST TEA



Brian Rosa

NC DENR, DPPEA

919-715-6524

Email: brian.rosa@ncmail.net

www.p2pays.org

Overview

- What is compost tea?
- Benefits
- Terminology
- Research status
- Technology/equipment
- Inputs
- Processing
- Application
- Markets
- Examples
- Conclusion



What is Compost Tea?

A liquid extract of compost containing soluble plant nutrients, beneficial plant compounds and beneficial microorganisms



Reported Benefits of Compost Tea

- Stimulates soil biological activity
- Improves soil structure
- Enhances overall plant health and vigor
- Disease suppression
- Reduced fungicide and fertilizer requirements
- Cost savings/potential revenue



Terminology

- Active vs. passive
- Aerated vs. nonaerated
- “Tea” vs. “Steepage”



Research

Most published research pertains to non-aerated processes, but that is changing.



Evolution of Technology

- Passive steep
- Stirring action
- Recirculation
- Fine bubble diffusion



Passive Steep



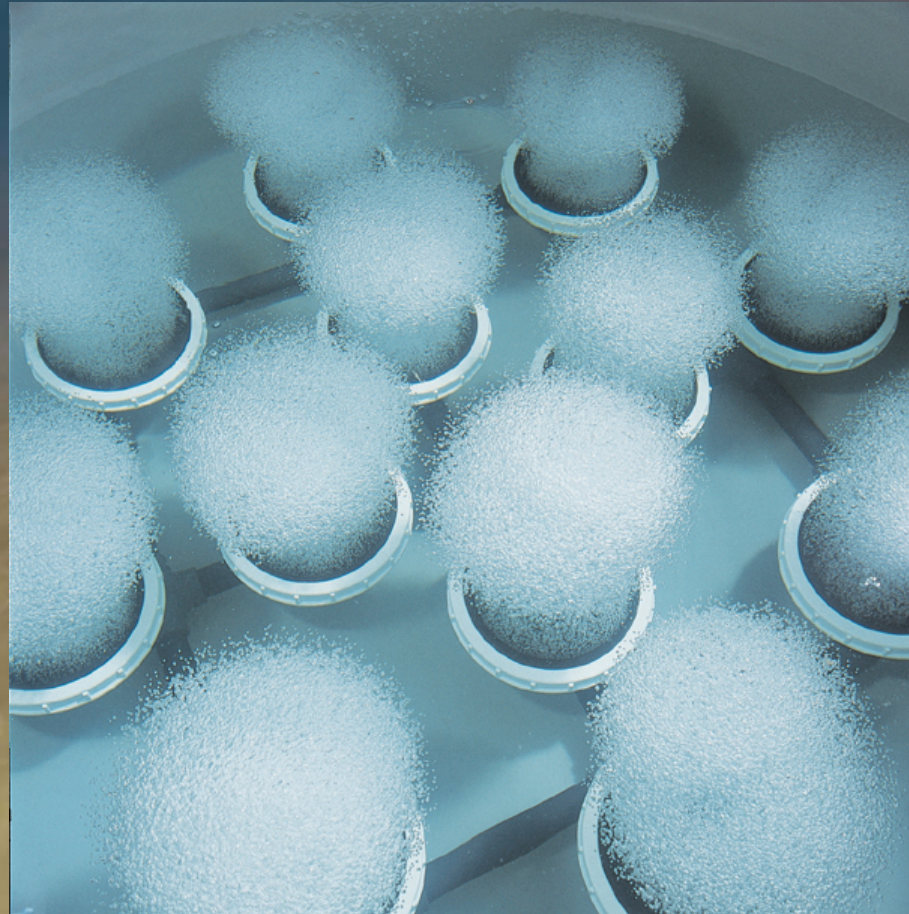
Stirring Action



Recirculation



Fine Bubble Diffusion



Aerated Compost Tea Systems

Provide optimum conditions for:

- Extraction and proliferation of beneficial aerobic microorganisms
- Extraction of soluble compounds



Basic Components of Aerated Compost Tea Systems

- Tank
- Mesh container/filter for compost
- Aeration system



Inputs for Making Aerated Compost Tea

- Water
- Compost/vermicompost
- Supplemental food source



Inputs - Water

- Chlorine
- Salinity or other problems
- Temperature (70 degees)



Inputs - Compost

- Source of organic matter, organisms and nutrients for extraction
- Quality is important (no universal standards yet)
- Vermicompost or blend
- 1 lb compost/5 gallons of water (varies)



Inputs - Supplemental Food Sources - Catalyst

- To encourage proliferation of diverse, beneficial, aerobic microorganisms
- Humates, kelp, rock powders, fish products, complex carbohydrates, etc.
- Commercial formulations available



Processing Time

- 24 hours is common
- Aerated throughout process
- Should be used immediately or kept aerobic



Compost Tea Application

- Foliar application
- Soil application



Foliar Application

- Provides nutrition and beneficial microorganisms that colonize leaf surfaces
- Important in disease suppression



Soil Application

- Boosts biological activity in the soil and rhizosphere
- Direct physiological plant response
- Alternative to solid application
- Supplement to regular compost application



Application Methods



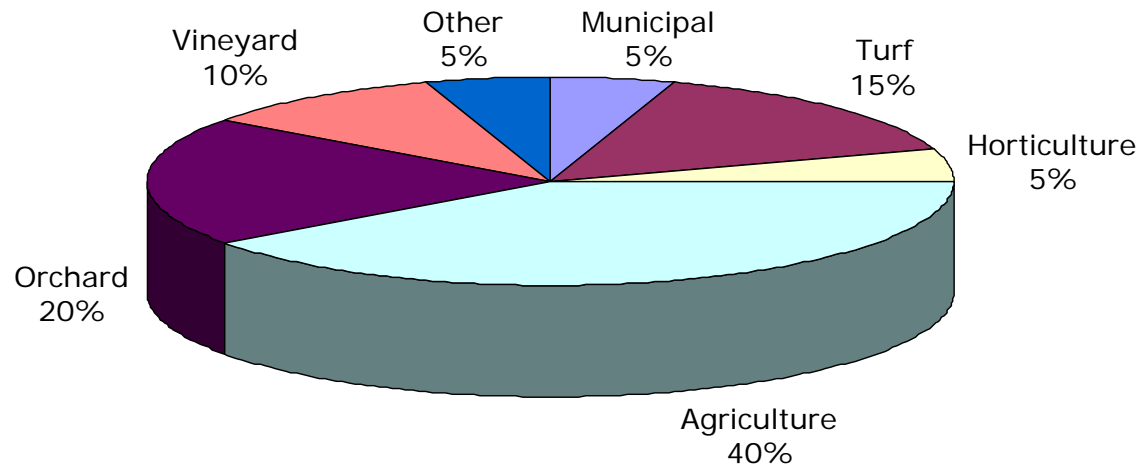
Application Methods



Application Methods



Compost Tea Markets



Retail - Composters, Nurseries



Rexius
**ALL ORGANIC
COMPOST TEA**

Directions:

- Dilute 1 Gallon Compost Tea with 4 parts water.
- Use as a drench or a foliar spray.
- It makes apple's within 12 hours of purchase.
- Use as both when used once every 2 weeks for the first month and then applied once a month thereafter.

Ingredients: Compost, water, enzymes, kelp, & molasses.
NOT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION.
942-1000

Retail

- Nurseries, garden centers, retail composters
- Combined with workshops
- \$3-5/gallon



Golf Courses



Vineyards



Landscaping & Lawn Care



Landscaping & Lawn Care

- Growing market for organic lawn care
- Water quality issues, e.g. “Soils for Salmon”
- Alternative to persistent herbicides!!!



Nursery/Greenhouse Production



Bulk Sales



Hydromulch Erosion Control



Conclusion

- Market is strong
- Lots of anecdotal information
- Need more experimental data to validate
- Potential for misinformation
- Synergistic with composters
- Market niche opportunities
- Quality assessment issues to be resolved (compost, tea, food resources)

Resources

COMPOST TEA
INDUSTRY ASSOCIATION

www.composttea.org

ATTRA

www.attra.org

Carolina Compost Council &
Carolina Recycling Association

P.O. Box 1578

Pittsboro, NC 27312

www.cra-recycle.org/ccindex

www.cra-recycle.org

NC DENR

Div. of Pollution Prevention &
Environmental Assistance

www.p2pays.org

NC State University

Dept of Biological & Ag.
Engineering

<http://www.bae.ncsu.edu/people/faculty/sherman/>