

### **Overview of Governor Cooper's Executive Order No. 80:**

### NC's Commitment to Address Climate Change and Transition to a Clean Energy Economy

2019 NC Environmental Stewardship Conference

May 14-15, 2019 - Raleigh

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# Topics Covered

- EO80 Directives
- NC Greenhouse Gas (GHG) Emissions
- Energy Sector Forecast
- Emission Reduction Efforts
- NC Clean Energy Plan
  - Process
  - Current Status
  - ESI member input



# *Executive Order No. 80 North Carolina's Commitment to Address Climate Change and Transition to a Clean Energy Economy*



- Recognizes that climate change is affecting the health and welfare of our residents, economy, environment and our natural and built infrastructure.
- Recognizes that we must take an active role in combatting climate change and make our state more resilient to its impacts.
- Calls for clean energy technology innovations, workforce development, and a modern, smart electric grid to grow the state's economy while making North Carolina a national leader in clean energy solutions.
- Recognizes that we can protect our communities, grow our economy, and ensure a healthy environment at the same time.



# State Goals

# The State of North Carolina will <u>strive</u> to accomplish the following by 2025:

- a. Reduce statewide greenhouse gas emissions to 40% below 2005 levels
- b. Increase the number of registered, zero-emission vehicles (ZEVs) to at least 80,000
- c. Reduce energy consumption per square foot in state-owned buildings by at least 40% from fiscal year 2002-2003 levels



# N.C. Climate Change Interagency Council

**Composition:** The secretary or designee of each cabinet agency and a representative of the Governor's Office

**Council Chair:** Secretary Regan, N.C. Department of Environmental Quality

### **Council Duties:**

- Recommend new and updated goals and actions to meaningfully address climate change
- Develop and implement programs and activities that support climate mitigation and adaptation
- Consider stakeholder input when developing recommendations, programs, and activities
- Schedule, monitor, and provide input on the preparation and development of the plans and assessments required by EO 80
- Review and submit to the Governor EO 80 plans and assessments

### Status Update on Implementation: To Governor by Oct. 15, 2019.

### Inaugural Meeting: December 19, 2018

https://deq.nc.gov/energy-climate/climate-change/nc-climate-change-interagency-council





### **Department of Environmental Quality**

- N.C. Clean Energy Plan encourage the increased utilization of clean energy technologies in the public and private sectors. Due Oct. 1, 2019
- Comprehensive Energy, Water, and Utility Use Conservation Program update best practices and guidance to achieve 40% state buildings efficiency goal. Due Feb. 1, 2019 and Dec. 1, 2019
- N.C. Climate Risk Assessment and Resiliency Plan provide a scientific assessment of current and projected climate impacts on North Carolina and prioritize effective resiliency strategies. Due Mar. 1, 2020
- **Greenhouse Gas Inventory** prepare estimates of North Carolina's statewide net GHG footprint.

### **Department of Transportation**

• N.C. Zero-Emission Vehicle Plan – develop a strategy to achieve the ZEV target and address topics such as ZEV corridors and ZEV infrastructure. Due Oct. 1, 2019



# Specific Directives

### **Department of Commerce**

 Clean energy and clean transportation workforce assessments – evaluate current and future workforce needs, assess the skills and education required for employment, and recommend actions to help North Carolinians develop such skills and education. Due Oct 1, 2019

### **Department of Administration**

- N.C. Motor Fleet Zero-Emission Vehicle Plan identify feasible trips for a ZEV, recommend needed infrastructure, address ZEV procurement options, and include other key strategies for increasing ZEV use. Due Oct. 1, 2019
- Report accounting of each agency's number of ZEVs and miles driven by vehicle type. Due Oct. 1, 2019



# General Directives to All Cabinet Agencies

### **Assess and Address Climate Change**

- Evaluate the impacts of climate change on agency programs and operations
- Integrate climate change mitigation and adaptation practices into agency programs and operations
- Support communities and sectors vulnerable to climate change impacts

### **Support Clean Energy Businesses**

 Take actions that support the expansion of clean energy businesses and service providers, clean technology investment, and companies committed to procuring renewable energy.

### **Procure and Use Zero-Emission Vehicles**

 Prioritize ZEVs in the purchase or lease of new vehicles and use ZEVs for agency business travel when feasible. When ZEV use is not feasible, prioritize cost-effective, low emission alternatives.

### **Improve State Building Energy Consumption**



### North Carolina's Greenhouse Gas Emissions



# GHG Inventory Overview

### Quick Facts: 2005 - 2017

| Gross GHO<br>Electricity<br>35.1%   | S Emissions by   | Agriculture<br>7.0%   | Sector<br>Waste<br>5.8% | r in 2017                                      | Home<br><b>3.5%</b>       |
|---|--|---|-------------------------|--|---------------------------|
| 2017 Gross GHG Emissions<br>150.1 million metric tons of<br>CO <sub>2</sub> emissions from fossil<br>fuel combustion:<br>81.9%<br>of total gross emissions<br>CO <sub>2</sub> emissions re<br>by forests & othe<br>24.8<br>of total gross emissions | s 2005 - 2017 Chan<br>CO₂e ▼ 33.7% -<br>moved<br>r lands: ▼ 11.7% -<br>% ₹ 3.9% -<br>13.0% - | nge in Gross GHG Emi<br>Electric Generation<br>Residential<br>Transportation<br>Industry*<br>Commercial | ssions                  | Statewide Ne<br>Reductio<br>(2005-20<br>0 23.7 | et GHG<br>ns<br>17)<br>7% |



Full Report https://files.nc.gov/ncdeq/climatechange/ghg-inventory/GHG-Inventory-Report-FINAL.pdf

# *North Carolina's GHG Emissions million metric tons carbon dioxide equivalent (MMTCO*<sub>2</sub>*e)*

| Sector   | 2005   | 2017   | 2025   |
|--|--------|--------|--------|
| Electricity Use                                | 79.37  | 52.60  | 40.59  |
| Transportation                                 | 55.19  | 48.72  | 41.00  |
| Residential/Commercial/Industrial Combustion*  | 26.02  | 20.92  | 23.26  |
| Agriculture                                    | 10.65  | 10.53  | 10.47  |
| Waste Management                               | 8.52   | 8.77   | 10.17  |
| Industrial Processes                           | 3.83   | 7.18   | 11.31  |
| Natural Gas and Oil Systems                    | 1.17   | 1.35   | 1.47   |
| Gross Emissions                                | 184.74 | 150.08 | 138.28 |
| Net Carbon Sinks - LULUCF**                    | -32.66 | -34.03 | -34.03 |
| Net Emissions                                  | 152.08 | 116.06 | 104.25 |
| Estimated Reduction in Net Emissions from 2005 |        | 23.7%  | 31.4%  |

Note: Totals may not equal exact sum of subtotals shown in this table due to independent rounding.

\* Emissions associated with on-site fuel combustion activities in the Residential, Commercial, and Industrial sectors.

\*\* Land Use, Land Use Changes and Forestry



## Trends in GHG Emissions Decrease (% Relative to 2005)





## NC's Change in Total GHG Emissions Per Capita and Per Dollar of State Gross Product





# U.S. Non-Federal Entities with GHG Targets



|                          | Number of<br>Entities | Population<br>Percent of<br>Population | on and<br>of U.S.<br>on (2016) | GDP and<br>of U.S. GI<br>(2016) | Percent<br>OP | Global Market<br>Capitalization | Emission<br>Percent o<br>emission   | s and<br>of U.S.<br>s (2016) |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|--|--------------------------------|---------------------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|
| States                   | 20                    | 165<br>million                         | 51%                            | \$10<br>trillion                | 54%           | -                               | 2.3 Gt<br>CO <sub>2</sub> e         | 35%                          |
| Cities                   | 110                   | 51<br>million                          | 16%                            | \$3.6<br>trillion               | 19%           | -                               | 0.59 Gt<br>CO <sub>2</sub> e        | 9%                           |
| Businesses               | 1361                  | -                                      | -                              | -                               | -             | \$25 trillion                   | 1.0 Gt<br>CO <sub>2</sub> e         | 14%                          |
| Universities             | 587                   | 5.1<br>million                         | -                              | -                               | -             | -                               | 27<br>million<br>tCO <sub>2</sub> e | -                            |
| Total States<br>& Cities | 130                   | 182<br>million                         | 56%                            | \$11.2<br>trillion              | 60%           | -                               | 2.6 Gt                              | 39%                          |



America's Pledge, Phase 1 Report, States, Cities, and Businesses in the United States Are Stepping Up on Climate Action, Bloomberg Philanthropies, November 2017, <u>www.americaspledge.com</u> <u>https://www.bbhub.io/dotorg/sites/28/2017/11/AmericasPledgePhaseOneReportWeb.pdf</u>

# Example NC Cities with GHG Reduction Plans

- Asheville\*
- Charlotte\*
- Durham\*
- Winston-Salem\*
- Raleigh
- Greensboro
- Winston-Salem
- Fayetteville
- Cary
- Wilmington
- High Point
- Burlington
- Chapel Hill
- Davidson
- New Bern
- Greenville
- Concord
- Boone

- Beaufort
- Black Mountain
- Brevard
- Carrboro
- Cherryville
- Chimney Rock
- Clyde
- Dunn
- Flat Rock
- Gastonia
- Highlands
- Indian Trail
- Kings Mountain
- Lewisville
- Lincolnton
- Oak City
- Pilot Mountain
- Pleasant Garden











# Example NC Universities with GHG Reduction Plans

AER











University of North Carolina ASHEVILLE









# Example NC Businesses with GHG Commitments

- Adam Shay, CPA
- Adzerk
- Appalachian Ski Mtn. Inc.
- Arjuna Capital
- AstraPoint Enterprises
- Atlas Principals LLC
- Big Path Capital
- Carolina Biodiesel, LLC
- Earth Equity Advisors
- Epic Capital Wealth Management
- Fiberactive Organics, LLC
- Gaia Herbs
- HydroCycle
  Engineering
- Ingersoll Rand
- Innovative Solar Systems

- JB Adams Jr. and Associates
- Jeremy Dean Lambert Photography
- JouleBug
- Kate Stockman Designs
- Law++
- Naughton Braun
- PLC Repair
- Sealed Air Corporation
- SJF Ventures
- Southern Energy
  Management
- Spotlight Solar
- Sustainable
  Furnishings Council
- The Change Creation
- The Leland Group
- Unity Digital Agency
- Urban Offsets

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- VF Corporation
- Vital Plans
- Volvo Group North America
- Wrangler
- Sealed Air Corp.
- Seventh Generation, Inc.
- Level 3
  Communications



### Bank of America

THE





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#### LED AND SUPPORTED BY

### U.S. Climate Alliance

### THE ALLIANCE HAS THREE CORE PRINCIPLES:

- States are continuing to lead on climate change
- State-level climate action is benefiting our economies and strengthening our communities
- States are showing the nation and the world that ambitious climate action is achievable

### EACH MEMBER STATE COMMITS TO:

- 1. Implement policies that advance the goals of the Paris Agreement, aiming to reduce greenhouse gas emission by at least 26-28 percent below 2005 levels by 2025
- 2. Track and report progress to the global community
- 3. Accelerate new and existing policies to reduce carbon pollution and promote clean energy deployment at the state and federal level.





# Example NC Businesses with GHG Commitments

- Adam Shay, CPA
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### Electricity Sector Profile

## The United States becomes a net energy exporter after 2020 in the Reference case—





AEO (Annual Energy Outlook) 2019 www.eia.gov/aeo

# *Electricity generation from natural gas and renewables increases, and the shares of nuclear and coal generation decrease*—



# Renewable electricity generation, including end-use (Reference case)



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AEO 2019 www.eia.gov/aeo

# Expected new generating capacity will be met by renewables and natural gas—



# *Electric sector emissions in the United States closely track decreasing dependence on coal—*



Electric sector emissions: Reference case

<sup>1</sup>Annual sulfur dioxide and nitrogen oxide data unavailable prior to 1995

#### AEO 2019 www.eia.gov/aeo



## Alternative and electric vehicles gain market share in the Reference case—

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# Electrification of the Transportation Sector

- **GM** said it plans to phase out gas-powered vehicles for an "all-electric future effort starts with plans for 20 all-electric vehicles by 2023.
- Ford created the EV-dedicated "Team Edison" to focus on the development electric cars. In Jan 2018, the automaker announcement that it will pump \$1 into electric vehicles in the next five years, with 24 hybrid and 16 fully electri vehicles to debut by 2022. The company said in 2017 it would spend \$4.5 bi EVs by 2020; now it's nearly doubling that commitment."
- Toyota and Mazda recently announced that they're teaming up with auto-parts manufacturer Senso to create a new company to develop basic EV technology for use across multiple vehicle types and models, expanding beyond Toyota's Prius line. The two Japanese carmakers also pledged to build a \$1.6 billion U.S.-based plant by 2021, where they'll work on electric and hybrid vehicles.
- Daimler, the parent company of Mercedes-Benz, will invest \$1 billion in an Alabama plant to produce all-electric SUVs and build a battery facility, and \$10 billion in EV development overall. Mercedes-Benz outlined a plan to electrify its "entire portfolio" by 2022, offering 50 electric and hybrid models.
- The Renault, Nissan, and Mitsubishi alliance will work together to develop new systems to use across their vehicle lines, with a focus on "purely electric" EVs like the Nissan Leaf. The automakers plan to release 12 all-electric models by 2022.
- Jaguar Land Rover (JLR) plans to electrify its entire vehicle lineup by 2020, with new powertrains ranging from mild hybrid vehicles to all-electric systems.
- Volvo will electrify its entire vehicle line by 2019, with five all-electric models slated to roll out from 2019 to 2021. The automaker hopes to sell one million of the electric and hybrid cars by 2025.
- VW Group, parent of European automakers like Volkswagen, Audi, and Porsche, will invest \$84 billion in EV development. Roughly \$60 billion of the total will be dedicated to battery production, but the company also plans to offer electric and hybrid versions of 300 vehicles by 2030.
- "Nissan, one of the earliest electric proponents, announced Infiniti will launch its first EV in 2021, and says half of the luxury brand's 2025 global sales will be electrified."



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# North Carolina Electricity Generation By Source Type (2005 & 2017)



# North Carolina's Ranking Nationally

|   | Ranking          |
|---|------------------|
| Total Energy Production (trillion Btu)  | 29 <sup>th</sup> |
| Total Net Electricity Generation (thousand MWh)   | 6 <sup>th</sup>  |
| Total Carbon Dioxide Emissions<br>(million metric tons)                                   | 14 <sup>th</sup> |
| Total Energy Expenditures per Capita,<br>(\$)   | 45 <sup>th</sup> |
| Average Retail Price of Electricity to<br>Residential Sector, January 2018<br>(cents/kWh) | 42 <sup>nd</sup> |



https://www.eia.gov/state/rankings/?sid= #/series/31

## North Carolina Clean Energy Plan Development



### **Process Plan**



# EO80 DEQ Directive

- Develop a <u>North Carolina Clean Energy Plan</u> that fosters and encourages:
  - Utilization of clean energy resources and innovative technologies, and
  - Integration of these resources to facilitate the development of a modern and resilient electric grid.
- Collaborate with stakeholders to increase the utilization of clean energy technologies, energy efficiency measures, and clean transportation solutions.
- Submit the plan to the Governor by October 1, 2019.



# Clean Energy Plan Development Process

- Open and inclusive stakeholder driven process
- General Description of Approach
  - 1. Vision building and assessing current landscape for clean energy resources in NC
  - 2. Examine evolving and changing landscape in the power sector
  - 3. Develop policy, regulatory, administrative, and program recommendations to achieve the vision



# Clean Energy Plan Development Process

### Stakeholder Process

### Method 1. Six Facilitated Workshops, Raleigh

- Technical guidance and facilitation provided by <u>Regulatory Assistance Project (RAP)</u> and <u>Rocky</u> <u>Mountain Institute (RMI)</u>
- Limited seating to accommodate diverse stakeholder participation
- Request to Participate form required

### Method 2. Regional Listening Sessions

| Charlotte      | Asheville    |
|----------------|--------------|
| Rocky Mount    | Wilmington   |
| Hickory        | Fayetteville |
| Elizabeth City | Wilmington   |
| Greensboro     |              |

Method 3. Combined with Other Statewide Events

### Method 4. Online Input

### Technical analysis

- NC energy landscape (current and future)
- NC energy resources (current and future)
- Environmental profile (current and future)
- Use of predictive energy modeling
  - o Natural Resources Defense Council
  - $\circ~$  Resources for the Future
  - $\circ$  NCSU
  - EPA
- Action areas
  - Recommendations on policies, regulatory changes, administrative actions, incentives, etc.



# Method 1: Facilitated Workshops

### Workshop #1 & #2 : Vision Building and Current Landscape

What is NC's vision of a clean energy future, how different is it from the current direction, and how well do current policies, regulatory and business practices help achieve that vision?

- Stakeholders discuss NC's current energy direction and changing landscape; vision for a clean energy future; current policies, regulatory and business practices; and the ability of current policies/laws/practices to achieve the vision.
- Stakeholders share views and prioritize ideas.

### **Milestones:**

- Stakeholders learn and share perspectives on their vision of a clean energy future how well the current system works through facilitated discussion.
- Stakeholders share their positions on issues; elements of agreement and disagreement are identified



# NC CEP - Status

- May 22 4<sup>th</sup> of 6 workshops in Raleigh
- May 12 Final Regional Listening Session in Greensboro
- Comments received from >400 stakeholders many common themes

ESI member feedback (forms passed out):

1. What is your level of agreement with statements related to NC's electricity system as it is now?

- 6 questions
- Disagree, Somewhat Agree, Agree or Strongly Agree

2. What do you and/or your organization see as the most important values for the electricity system to uphold and promote going forward? Please select top 3 values from the entire table.



# Thank you.

### **Questions?**

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