

**NORTH CAROLINA  
ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION  
DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY**

**CATTLE WASTE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM GENERAL PERMIT**

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This General Permit is issued pursuant to North Carolina G.S. §143-215 et seq., and North Carolina Administrative Code Title 15A Subchapter 02T as adopted by the Environmental Management Commission for the operation of animal waste management systems. This General Permit may apply to any cattle animal feeding operation in the State of North Carolina as defined by G.S. §143-215.10B meeting the following criteria:

- a. Cattle Animal Waste Management System serving 100 or more confined cattle; and
- b. Utilizes non-discharge methods of disposal as authorized in 15A NCAC 02T Section .1300.

The Director may require any person, otherwise eligible for coverage under this General Permit, to apply for an individual permit as provided by G.S. §143-215.10C(a) and 15A NCAC 02T .0111 (h). Reasons for requiring application for an individual permit may include:

- a. the operation is a significant contributor of pollutants to the waters of the state;
- b. conditions at the permitted site change, altering the constituents or characteristics of the wastewater such that the operation no longer qualifies for coverage under a general permit;
- c. noncompliance with the General Permit;
- d. noncompliance with Administrative Code 15A NCAC 02T;
- e. a change has occurred in the availability of demonstrated technology or practices for the control or abatement of pollutants applicable to the operation;
- f. a determination by the Division that there has been or is the potential to have a direct discharge of wastewater, sludge or residuals to waters of the state; or
- g. the system has been allowed to deteriorate or leak such that it poses an immediate threat to the environment.

*[G.S. §143-215.10C(a)]*

Conditions and Limitation included in the issued Certificate of Coverage (COC) are incorporated as permit conditions for coverage under the general permit. Violation of conditions or limitation established in the COC are enforceable under the authority of this General Permit.

Any owner or operator not wishing to be covered or limited by this General Permit may make application for an individual permit in accordance with procedures in 15A NCAC 2T .01300.

All activities authorized herein shall be consistent with the terms and conditions of this General Permit.

Holders of Certificates of Coverage under this General Permit shall comply with the following specified conditions and limitations. References at the end of each condition are for information only but do not constitute permit conditions.

This General Permit shall be effective from October 1, 2019 until September 30, 2024.

**I. PERFORMANCE STANDARDS**

1. Any discharge of waste that reaches surface waters or wetlands is prohibited except as otherwise provided in this General Permit and associated statutory and regulatory provisions. Waste shall not reach surface waters or wetlands by runoff, drift, manmade conveyance, direct application, direct discharge or through ditches, terraces, or grassed waterways not otherwise classified as state waters.

The waste collection, treatment, storage and application system operated under this General Permit shall be effectively maintained and operated as a non-discharge system to prevent the discharge of pollutants to surface waters or wetlands. Application of waste to terraces and grassed waterways is acceptable as long as it is applied in accordance with Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) Standards and does not result in a discharge of waste to surface waters or wetlands.

Facilities must be designed, constructed, operated, and maintained to contain all waste plus the runoff from a 25-year, 24-hour rainfall event at the time of construction for the location of the facility. A facility that has a discharge of waste that results because of a storm event more severe than the 25-year, 24-hour storm will not be considered to be in violation of this General Permit if the facility is otherwise in compliance with its Certified Animal Waste Management Plan (CAWMP) and this General Permit.

Any application of waste to a ditch that drains to surface waters or wetlands is prohibited unless all of the following are met:

- a. ditches are controlled by best management practices (BMPs) designed in accordance with NRCS standards;
- b. the BMPs have been submitted to and approved by the Division of Water Resources (Division);
- c. the BMPs were implemented as designed to prevent a discharge of waste to surface waters or wetlands;
- d. inspections are conducted in compliance with Condition II.17;
- e. the waste was removed immediately from the ditch upon discovery; and
- f. the event was documented and reported in accordance with Condition III.15. of this General Permit.

Nothing in this exception shall excuse a discharge to surface waters or wetlands except as may result because of rainfall from a storm event more severe than the 25-year, 24-hour storm. – [G.S. §143-215.10C]

2. This General Permit does not allow the Permittee to cause a violation of any of the water quality standards established pursuant to Title 15A, Subchapter 2B of the North Carolina Administrative Code and Title 15A, Subchapter 2L of the North Carolina Administrative Code.
3. The Permittee shall develop and maintain a current CAWMP. The facility's COC and its CAWMP are hereby incorporated by reference into this General Permit. The CAWMP must be consistent with all applicable laws, rules, ordinances, and standards (federal, state and local) in effect at the time of siting, design and certification of the facility. . Any violation of the terms or conditions of the COC or the CAWMP is a violation of this General Permit subject to enforcement action and may result in the Permittee having to take immediate and/or long-term corrective action(s) as required by the Division. – [G.S. §143-215.6A and 15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]
4. The Permittee must assess and record, on an ongoing basis, the effectiveness of the CAWMP. The Permittee must make “major changes,” “revisions,” or “amendments” to the CAWMP, to address changes needed to maintain compliance with the facility's COC and this General Permit.

## Permit Number AWG200000

“Major changes,” “revisions,” and “amendments” to the CAWMP must be documented, signed and dated by the Permittee and a technical specialist, and included as part of the CAWMP. “Major changes” require recertification of the CAWMP by a technical specialist or other appropriate professional. The new CAWMP and the recertification shall be submitted with a request that the COC be amended to reflect the changes. The facility may not make the changes until approved by the Division and a new or amended COC has been issued.

“Revisions” and “amendments” must adhere to the current applicable standard; recertification is not required. “Revisions” and “amendments” must be submitted to the appropriate Division Central Office within thirty (30) calendar days. A CAWMP must be revised if the operation cannot utilize all N nitrogen generated by the animal production in accordance with the existing CAWMP. If field, riser or pull numbers are changed, an explanation shall also be submitted and include an updated irrigation map with a description of how the new numbers relate to the old numbers. – [G.S. §143-215.10C, 15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

5. A violation of this General Permit is subject to enforcement action and may result in the Permittee having to take immediate or long-term corrective action(s) as required by the Division. These actions may include but are not limited to: modifying the CAWMP; ceasing land application of waste; removing animals from the facility; or the COC being reopened and modified, revoked and reissued, and/or terminated. – [G.S. §143-215.6A and 15A NCAC 02T .0110]
6. Any proposed increase or modification to operation type or the annual average design capacity from that authorized by the COC is considered a “major change” and will require a modification to the CAWMP and the COC prior to modification of the facility. . – [G.S. §143-215.10C, 15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]
7. No collection, treatment or storage facilities may be constructed in a 100-year flood plain. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
8. Any land application field with a soil analysis P-index of 400 or higher must be evaluated for compliance with NC NRCS Standard 590 “Nutrient Management” as it relates to phosphorus using the NC Phosphorus Loss Assessment Tool (PLAT). PLAT must be completed within twelve (12) months of receiving the high P-index soil analysis results or by January 1, 2021 whichever is later. The Permittee may make one or more requests for extensions of up to three months each. Extension requests shall be submitted to the Division in writing and justify why the extension is needed. PLAT results must be documented on forms supplied by or approved by the Division and must be submitted to the Division’s Central Office within thirty (30) days of completion. Per NC NRCS Standard 590, PLAT results are valid for five (5) years. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

All fields with a “HIGH” PLAT rating shall have land application rates that do not exceed the established crop removal rate for phosphorous. There shall be no waste application on fields with a “VERY HIGH” PLAT rating. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b), see also NC NRCS Standard 590]

9. If prior approval is received from the Director of the Division (Director), facilities that have been issued a COC to operate under this General Permit may add treatment units for the purpose of removing pollutants before the waste is discharged into the lagoons/storage ponds. Prior to any approval, the Permittee must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Director that the new treatment unit will not interfere with the operation of the existing treatment system and that a process is in place to properly manage and track the pollutants removed. – [15A NCAC 02T .0105(n)]

10. If prior approval is received from the Director, facilities which have been issued a COC to operate under this General Permit may add innovative treatment processes to the systems on a pilot basis in order to determine if the innovative treatment process will improve how the waste is treated and/or managed. Prior to approval, the Permittee must demonstrate to the satisfaction of the Director that the innovative treatment process will not interfere with the operation of the existing treatment system and that a process is in place to properly manage and track the pollutants removed. – [15A NCAC 02T .0105(n)]
11. Animal waste shall not be applied within:
  - a. 100 feet of any well except for monitoring wells. The allowable distance to monitoring wells shall be established on a case-by-case basis by the Division. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(5)]
  - b. 25 feet from a perennial stream or perennial waterbody; – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(6)]
  - c. 200 feet from a dwelling not owned by the Permittee at the time waste was first applied at the land application site. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(5)]

## II. OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE REQUIREMENTS

1. The collection, treatment, storage facilities, and the land application equipment and fields shall be properly operated and maintained at all times. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]
2. A vegetative cover shall be maintained as specified in the facility's CAWMP on all land application fields and buffers in accordance with the CAWMP. No waste shall be applied upon areas not included in the CAWMP or upon areas where the crop is insufficient for nutrient utilization. However, if the CAWMP allows, then waste may be applied up to thirty (30) days prior to planting or breaking dormancy. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]
3. Soil pH on all land application fields must be maintained in the optimum range for crop production. – [G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(7)]
4. Land application rates shall be in accordance with the CAWMP. In no case shall the total land application rates from all nutrient sources exceed the agronomic rate of the nutrient of concern for the receiving crop. – [G.S. §143-215.10C, and 15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]
5. In no case shall land application result in excessive ponding or any runoff during any given application event. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]
6. Animal waste shall not be directly applied onto crops for direct human consumption that do not undergo further processing (e.g., strawberries, melons, lettuce, cabbage, apples, etc.) at any time during the growing season, or in the case of fruit bearing trees, following breaking dormancy. Application of animal wastes shall not occur within thirty (30) days of the harvesting of fiber and food crops for direct human consumption that undergoes further processing. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
7. If manure or sludges are applied on conventionally tilled bare soil, the waste shall be incorporated into the soil within two (2) days after application on the land, or prior to the next rainfall event, whichever occurs first. This requirement does not apply to no-till fields, pastures, or fields where crops are actively growing. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
8. No material other than animal wastes of the type generated on this facility shall be disposed of in the animal waste collection, treatment, storage or application systems. This includes but is not limited to pesticides, toxic chemicals and petroleum products. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]

**Permit Number AWG200000**

9. Domestic and/or industrial wastewater from showers, toilets, sinks, etc. shall not be discharged into the animal waste collection, treatment, storage, and application system. Washing machines located near the milking parlors and used exclusively for washing rags used during milking; waste milk; and wash vats required to be connected to the animal waste collection, treatment, storage and application system by Grade A Pasteurized Milk Ordinance Part II, Section 7, Item 5r are exempt from this requirement. Washdown of stock trailers owned by and used to transport animals to and from the facility only, will be permissible if the system has been evaluated and approved to accommodate the additional volume. Only those cleaning agents and soaps that are not expected to harm the receiving crop, and will not contravene the groundwater standards listed in 15A NCAC 2L may be utilized in facilities covered by this General Permit. Instruction labels are to be followed when using cleaning agents and soaps. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

10. Disposal of dead animals shall be done in accordance with the facility's CAWMP and the North Carolina Department of Agriculture and Consumer Services (NCDA&CS) Veterinary Division's Statutes and regulations.

Disposal of dead animals must occur within twenty-four (24) hours after knowledge of the death in a manner approved by the State Veterinarian. Proposed methods for disposal of mortality that extends beyond twenty-four (24) hours must be approved by the State Veterinarian. Burial is not recommended for disposal of dead animals. Mortality management plans that utilize burial must include maps showing existing and planned burial locations with setbacks from surface waters, wells, and property lines. The Division may require groundwater monitoring for mortality burial sites.

For animal carcass disposal that addresses catastrophic mortality (as defined by NCDA&CS Veterinary Division), mortality numbers that exceed the capacity of the primary mortality management method, or when the primary/normal mortality management method is unable to be used, the facility shall:

- a. Report the loss to the NCDA&CS Veterinary Division within 24-hours of the mortality event.
- b. If burial is the disposal method, then also:
  - i. consult with the Division and NCDA&CS Veterinary Division prior to burial;
  - ii. map the burial sites, showing burial locations and setbacks from surface waters, wells, and property lines;
  - iii. record the dates and numbers of the animals buried by species and type; and
  - iv. submit the map and burial records within fifteen (15) calendar days of burial to the Water Quality Regional Operations Section within the appropriate Regional Office.

[G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(3) and §106-403]

In the event of a state of emergency declared by the Governor, disposal of dead animals shall be done in accordance with the guidelines issued by the State Veterinarian. - [G.S. §106-402.1]

11. Unless accounted for in temporary storage volume, all uncontaminated runoff from the surrounding property and buildings shall be diverted away from the waste storage structures to prevent any unnecessary addition to the liquid volume in the structures. Runoff from lounging areas to the waste storage ponds or lagoons shall be prevented unless included in the CAWMP. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]

12. A protective vegetative cover shall be established and maintained on all earthen lagoon/storage pond embankments (outside toe of embankment to maximum operating level/compliance level on embankment interior), berms, pipe runs, and storm water diversions with the goal of preventing erosion. Trees, shrubs, and other woody vegetation shall not be allowed to grow on the lagoon/storage pond embankments. All trees shall be removed in accordance with good engineering practices. Lagoon/storage pond areas shall be accessible, and vegetation shall be kept mowed. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]

**Permit Number AWG200000**

13. At the time of sludge removal from a lagoon/storage pond, the sludge must be managed in accordance with the CAWMP. When removal of sludge from the structure is necessary, provisions must be taken to prevent damage to the structure dikes and liner. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*
14. Lagoons/storage ponds shall be kept free of foreign debris including, but not limited to, tires, bottles, light bulbs, gloves, syringes or any other solid waste. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]*
15. The facility must have at least one of the following items at all times:
  - a. adequate animal waste application and handling equipment;
  - b. a lease, or other written agreement, for the use of the necessary equipment; or
  - c. a contract with a third-party applicator capable of providing adequate waste application. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]*
16. The Permittee shall designate a certified animal waste management system operator with a valid certification to be in charge of the animal waste management system. The waste management system shall be operated by the Operator in Charge (OIC) or a person under the OIC’s supervision. – *[G.S. §90A-47.2]*
17. The OIC, a designated Back-up OIC of a Type B Animal Waste Management System, or a person under the supervision of an OIC or designated Back-up OIC shall inspect the land application site as often as necessary to insure that the animal waste is land applied in accordance with the CAWMP. In no case shall the time between inspections be more than 120 minutes during the application of waste. A record of each inspection shall be recorded on forms supplied by, or approved by, the Division and shall include the date, time, land application area used, and name of the operator for each inspection. If neither the OIC or designated Back-up OIC was present during land application, then the OIC or designated Back-up OIC shall inspect the land application area within twenty-four (24) hours.

Inspection shall include but not be limited to visual observation of application equipment, land application area, subsurface drain outlets, ditches, and drainage ways for any discharge of waste. – *[15A NCAC 8F .0203(c) and 15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*
18. Upon written notification from the Director, the Permittee shall install and operate automatic flow meters with flow totalizers or other flow monitoring equipment approved by the Division. The Permittee shall maintain such devices according to the manufacturer’s instructions and warranties. The equipment must be in place no later than ninety (90) days following receipt of notice from the Director. Notification may be based on the facility’s violations, incomplete or incorrect record keeping events, or if the Division determines that flow estimation techniques do not effectively quantify volumes of waste applied. This determination shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*
19. No waste shall be applied in wind conditions that cause or might reasonably be expected to cause the waste to reach surface waters, wetlands, or cross property lines or field boundaries. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]*
20. Upon written notification from the Director, the Permittee shall install/utilize application equipment or practices that reduce drift potential. Written notification may be provided if the Division determines violations due to wind drift. This determination shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*
21. The Permittee shall maintain buffer strips or other equivalent practices as specified in the facility’s CAWMP near feedlots, manure and feed storage areas and land application areas. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*

**Permit Number AWG200000**

22. Waste shall not be applied on land that is flooded, saturated with water, frozen or snow covered at the time of land application. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(7)]
23. Land application of waste is prohibited during precipitation events. The Permittee shall consider pending weather conditions in making the decision to land apply waste and shall document the weather conditions at the time of land application on forms supplied by or approved by the Division. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(8)]

Land application of waste shall cease within twelve (12) hours after the National Weather Service first issues a Hurricane Warning, Tropical Storm Warning, or a Flood Watch/Flash Flood Watch in advance of an associated tropical system including a hurricane, tropical storm, or tropical depression for the county in which the permitted facility is located. This requirement is intended to have all land application of animal waste end approximately twenty-four (24) hours in advance of the onset of the storm event.

Watches and warnings are posted on the National Weather Service's website located at: [www.weather.gov](http://www.weather.gov). More detailed website information can be found on Page 2 of the COC. Watch and warning information can also be obtained by calling the local National Weather Service Office that serves the respective county, which can be found on Page 2 of the COC. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

24. The Permittee shall:

- a. install, operate and maintain devices on all irrigation pumps/equipment designed to automatically stop irrigation activities during precipitation: or
- b. commit to provide for the presence of the OIC, a designated backup OIC, or a person under the supervision of an OIC or designated Back-up OIC at all times during the land application of waste so that, in case of a precipitation event, the irrigation activities will be stopped immediately. This commitment must be submitted in writing to the Division on a form supplied by, or approved by, the Division. – [G.S. §90A-47]

Installation of devices or submission of alternate documentation shall be completed within 12 months of the issuance of the COC for this General Permit. The Permittee shall maintain such devices according to the manufacturer's instructions and warranties. This Condition does not apply to manure spreaders or other equipment pulled by manned vehicles. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

25. Land application activities shall cease on any application site that exceeds a Mehlich 3 Soil Test Index for Copper of greater than 3,000 or Zinc of greater than 3,000 – [G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(6)].
26. All waste application equipment must be tested and calibrated at least once every two calendar years. The results must be documented on forms provided by, or approved by, the Division. – [15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(9)]
27. Any major structural repairs to waste structures must have written documentation certifying proper design and installation. Professional engineers, authorized federal employees, and technical specialists with Structural Animal Waste designation may provide certification. However, if a piece of equipment is being replaced with a piece of equipment of the identical specifications, no certification is necessary [i.e. piping, reels, valves, pumps (if the gallons per minute (gpm) capacity is not being increased or decreased), etc.] unless the replacement involves disturbing the structure embankment or liner. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
28. Crops for which animal waste is land applied must be harvested, removed from the land application site, and properly managed and utilized unless other management practices are approved in the CAWMP. Hay harvested from land application fields shall be removed within twenty-four (24) months of cutting unless other management practices are approved in the CAWMP. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

29. For cattle operations using waste treatment lagoons in accordance with NC NRCS Conservation Practice Standard No. 359 "Waste Treatment Lagoon", an operator may temporarily lower waste levels to provide irrigation water during drought periods and to provide additional temporary storage for excessive rainfall during the hurricane season and in preparation for the following winter months. All conditions of NC NRCS Standard No. 359 must be satisfied prior to lowering waste levels below designed stop pump levels. NC NRCS Standard No. 359 requires the following:
- a. Lagoon levels may be lowered a maximum of 8 inches below the facility's stop pump mark during the period of June 15 through October 31
  - b. This option shall be limited to lagoons having a minimum of 4 feet of liquid above the sludge layer. The measurement shall be taken from the stop pump level, at the pump intake, prior to pumping below the stop pump level.
  - c. All applications must be in conformance with the CAWMP developed for the operation, including adherence to the planned nutrient application rates.
  - d. From November 1 through June 14, pumping from the lagoon will not be permitted when the lagoon level is at or below the stop pump elevation.
  - e. The following information concerning the pump down conditions shall be recorded and maintained on site:
    - i. Date the lagoon was first pumped below the stop pump level;
    - ii. Depth of liquid between the stop pump level and the sludge layer prior to pumping below the stop pump mark. Measured from the stop pump level near the pump intake location but off the inside slope of the embankment;
    - iii. Date pump down was completed; and
    - iv. Depth of pump down below the stop pump level. Measured weekly until the lagoon returns to the stop pump level.

*[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*

### **III. MONITORING AND REPORTING REQUIREMENTS**

1. An inspection of the waste collection, treatment, and storage structures, and runoff control measures shall be conducted and documented at a frequency to insure proper operation but at least monthly and after all storm events of greater than one (1) inch in 24 hours. For example, lagoons/storage ponds, and other structures should be inspected for evidence of erosion, leakage, damage by animals, or discharge. Inspection shall also include visual observation of subsurface drain outlets, ditches, and drainage ways for any discharge of waste. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*
2. Monitoring and Recording Freeboard Levels
  - a. Highly visible waste-level gauges shall be maintained to mark the level of waste in each lagoon/storage pond that does not gravity feed through a free-flowing transfer pipe into a subsequent structure. The gauge shall have readily visible permanent markings. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)(10)]*

The waste level in each storage structure with a waste level gauge shall be monitored and recorded weekly on forms supplied by or approved by the Division. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

Upon written notification from the Director, more frequent monitoring and recording of waste levels may be required based on the facility's compliance history for freeboard violations. This determination shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*



## Permit Number AWG200000

- b. All waste-level gauges must be certified, at least once every five (5) years, that it complies with the structure design and CAWMP, is representative of the low point of the lagoon embankment, and accurate to within 1/10 of a foot. Certification must be recorded on forms provided or approved by the Division. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]
- c. Upon written notification from the Director, the Permittee shall monitor and record waste levels as described below. Written notification may be provided if the Division determines that waste level monitoring and recordkeeping do not adequately represent the volumes of waste in the structure to ensure appropriate management. This determination shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

In addition to the facility's existing waste-level gauges, automated lagoon/storage pond waste-level monitors and recorders (monitored and recorded at least hourly) must be installed on all treatment and storage structures covered by a COC issued under this General Permit to measure and record freeboard. This equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated in a manner consistent with manufacturer's operation and maintenance recommendations. This automated equipment must be in place no later than ninety (90) days following notification from the Director. The Director may determine that installation of automated waste level monitors is not required if the Permittee can demonstrate that preventative measures were taken to avoid the violations and that the violations resulted from conditions beyond the Permittee's control. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

If an automated level monitor(s) becomes inoperable, the Permittee shall:

- i. report the problem by telephone to the appropriate Division Regional Office as soon as possible, but in no case more than 24 hours following first knowledge of the problem; and,
- ii. make any needed repairs to the equipment as quickly as possible and take and record daily waste levels at the same time every day until such time as the automated equipment is placed back into operation.

[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

- d. The Director may require new or modified waste-level gauges at any facility if it is determined that the existing gauges are not adequate to accurately indicate actual waste levels, or the various waste levels required to be maintained by this General Permit or the facility's CAWMP. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

### 3. Monitoring and Recording Precipitation Events

- a. A rain gauge must be installed at a site that is representative of the weather conditions at the farm's land application site(s). Daily records of precipitation type and amount must be recorded for all precipitation events and maintained on site for review by the Department of Environmental Quality (Department). Daily records do not need to be maintained for those days without precipitation events. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]
- b. Upon written notification from the Director, the Permittee shall install an automated rain gauge and recorder to measure and record all precipitation events. This equipment must be properly maintained and calibrated in a manner consistent with manufacturer's operation and maintenance recommendations. This automated equipment must be in place no later than ninety (90) days following receipt of notice from the Director. Written notification may be provided if the Division determines that precipitation measurements and recordkeeping do not adequately represent precipitation at the facility. This determination shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

Permit Number AWG200000

If an automated rain gauge(s) becomes inoperable, the Permittee shall:

- i. report the problem by telephone to the appropriate Division Regional Office as soon as possible, but in no case more than twenty-four (24) hours following first knowledge of the problem; and,
- ii. make any needed repairs to the equipment as quickly as possible and take and record all rainfall events until such time as the automated equipment is placed back into operation.

*[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

4. A representative Standard Soil Fertility Analysis, including pH, phosphorus, copper, and zinc, shall be conducted at least once every three (3) years on each application field receiving animal waste. – *[G.S. § 143-215.10C(e)(6)]*

5. An analysis of a representative sample of the animal waste to be applied shall be conducted in accordance with recommended laboratory sampling procedures as close to the time of application as practical and at least within sixty (60) days (before or after) of the date of application. Every reasonable effort shall be made to have the waste analyzed prior to the date of application and as close to the time of waste application as possible. This analysis shall include the following parameters:

– *[G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(6)]*

|            |        |
|------------|--------|
| Nitrogen   | Zinc   |
| Phosphorus | Copper |

6. The Permittee shall record all irrigation and land application event(s) including hydraulic loading rates, nutrient loading rates and cropping information. The Permittee shall also record removal of solids and document nutrient loading rates if disposed of on-site or record the off-site location(s). These records must be on forms supplied by, or approved by, the Division. – *[G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(8)]*

7. A record shall be created and maintained of all transfers of waste between waste structures on the same site not typically operated in series. Such record shall include at least the identity of the structure from which the waste was transferred, the identity of the structure receiving the waste, the date and time of transfer and the total volume/quantity of waste transferred. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

8. The Permittee must maintain weekly stocking and mortality records for the facility. Records shall be kept on Division-supplied forms or forms approved by the Division and be made available to the Division consistent with Condition III.15. Pastured animals not contributing waste to the animal waste management systems should not be counted on the monthly stocking records. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

9. If, for any reason, there is a discharge from the waste collection, treatment, storage and application systems (including the land application sites), to surface waters or wetlands, the Permittee is required to make notification in accordance with Condition III.17. The discharge notification shall include the following information:

- a. Description of the discharge: A description of the discharge including an estimate of the volume/quantity discharged, a description of the flow path to the receiving surface waters or wetlands and a site sketch showing the path of the waste.
- b. Time of the discharge: The length of time of the discharge, including the exact dates and times that it started and stopped, and if not stopped, the anticipated time the discharge is expected to continue.
- c. Cause of the discharge: A detailed statement of the cause of the discharge. If caused by a precipitation event, detailed information from the on-site rain gauge concerning the inches and duration of the precipitation event.

Permit Number AWG200000

- d. All steps being taken to reduce, stop and cleanup the discharge. All steps to be taken to prevent future discharges from the same cause.
- e. Analysis of the waste: A copy of the last waste analysis conducted as required by Condition III. 5. above.

*[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and (c)]*

- 10. Upon written notification by the Director, the Permittee shall undertake monitoring and reporting (including but not limited to groundwater, surface water or wetland, waste, sludge, soil, lagoon/storage pond levels and plant tissue) necessary to determine the source, quantity, quality, and effect of animal waste upon the surface waters, groundwater or wetlands. Such monitoring, including its scope, frequency, duration and any sampling, testing, and reporting systems, shall meet all applicable Division requirements. Notification shall be made on a case-by-case basis. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

- 11. Facilities with lagoons/waste storage structures located in the 100-year floodplain shall complete well installation and collect initial sample of on-site groundwater monitoring within six (6) months of receiving notification from the Division’s Regional Office of the well installation requirements and well locations.

The groundwater monitoring shall be conducted with monitoring wells installed upgradient and downgradient of each lagoon/storage pond in the 100-year floodplain.

Permittee may request exemption from this condition upon providing in writing an application for a permit modification and documentation of two (2) years of consecutive monitoring results below applicable groundwater standards. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108]*

- 12. For facilities where groundwater monitoring is required, all monitoring wells specified in the COC shall be sampled after construction. The Permittee shall submit a Compliance Monitoring Form (GW-59) and a Well Construction Record Form (GW-1) listing this permit number and the appropriate monitoring well identification number. Initial Compliance Monitoring Forms (GW-59) without copies of the Well Construction Record Forms (GW-1) are deemed incomplete. Well construction forms, and monitoring data shall refer to the farm number or permit number and the well nomenclature as specified in the COC. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0105(m)]*

- 13. For facilities where groundwater monitoring is required, the monitoring wells specified in the COC shall be sampled at the frequencies and for the parameters specified in Attachment B or as otherwise identified in the COC. All mapping, and monitoring data shall refer to the permit number and the well nomenclature as provided in the COC. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0105(m)]*

- 14. For facilities where groundwater monitoring is required, all monitoring well sampling and analysis results for wells specified in the COC shall be submitted on a Compliance Monitoring Form (GW-59), along with attached copies of laboratory analyses on or before the last working day of the month following the sampling month. The Compliance Monitoring Form (GW-59) shall include the COC or permit number, the appropriate well identification number, and one GW-59a certification form shall be submitted with each set of sampling results. All information shall be submitted to the following address or through electronic reporting system once available:

Division of Water Resources  
Animal Feeding Operations Program  
1636 Mail Service Center  
Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1636

*[15A NCAC 02T .0105(m)]*

Permit Number AWG200000

15. A copy of this General Permit, the facility's COC, certification forms, lessee and landowner agreements, the CAWMP and copies of all records required by this General Permit and the facility's CAWMP shall be maintained by the Permittee in chronological and legible form for five (5) years. Records include but are not limited to: soil and waste analyses, rain gauge readings, freeboard levels, irrigation and land application event(s), past inspection reports and operational reviews, animal stocking records, records of additional nutrient sources applied (including but not limited to sludges, unused feedstuff leachate, milk waste, septage and commercial fertilizer), cropping information, waste application equipment testing and calibration, and records of removal of solids to off-site location(s). These records shall be maintained on forms provided or approved by the Division and shall be readily available at the facility (stored at places such as the farm residence, office, outbuildings, etc.) where animal waste management activities are being conducted.

*Note: For facilities whose permitted records retention requirement prior to coverage under this General Permit was three (3) years, the increased record retention will be phased in during the first two years of coverage. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

16. Within fifteen (15) working days of receiving the request from the Division, the Permittee shall provide to the Division one (1) copy of all requested information and reports related to the operation of the animal waste management system. Once received by the Division, all such information and reports become public information, unless they constitute confidential information under G.S. § 132-1.2 or §143-215.9D and shall be made available to the public by the Division as specified in Chapter 132 of the General Statutes. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

17. Regional Notification:

The Permittee shall report by telephone to the appropriate Division Regional Office as soon as possible, but in no case more than twenty-four (24) hours following first knowledge of the occurrence of any of the following events: – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

- a. Failure of any component of the animal waste management system resulting in a discharge to ditches, surface waters, or wetlands.
- b. Any failure of the waste treatment and disposal system that renders the facility incapable of adequately receiving, treating, or storing the waste and/or sludge.
- c. A spill or discharge from a vehicle transporting waste or sludge to the land application field which results in a discharge to ditches, surface waters, or wetlands or an event that poses a serious threat to surface waters, wetlands, or human health and safety.
- d. Any deterioration or leak in a lagoon/storage pond that poses an immediate threat to the environment or human safety or health.
- e. Failure to maintain storage capacity in a lagoon/storage pond greater than or equal to that required in Condition V.2. of this General Permit.
- f. Failure to maintain waste level in a lagoon/storage pond below that of the designed structural freeboard (twelve (12) inches from top of dam or as specified in lagoon/storage pond design). Note that this notification is in addition to the report required by Condition III.17.e above.
- g. An application of waste either in excess of the limits set out in the CAWMP or where runoff enters ditches, surface waters, or wetlands.
- h. Any discharge to ditches, surface waters, or wetlands or any discharge that poses a serious threat to the environment or human health or safety.

For any emergency, which requires immediate reporting after normal business hours, contact must be made with the Division of Emergency Management at **1-800-858-0368**.

**Permit Number AWG200000**

The Permittee shall also file a written report to the appropriate Division Regional Office within five (5) calendar days following first knowledge of the occurrence. This report shall outline the actions taken or proposed to be taken to correct the problem and to ensure that the problem does not recur. In the event of storage capacity violations as described in Condition III.17.e, the written report shall outline the actions proposed to be taken to restore compliance within thirty (30) calendar days. The requirement to file a written report may not be waived by the Division Regional Office. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

In the event the waste level in a lagoon/storage pond is found to be within the designed structural freeboard, the Permittee shall file a written report to the appropriate Division Regional Office within two (2) calendar days following first knowledge of the occurrence. This report shall outline actions taken or proposed to be taken to reduce waste levels below the designed structural freeboard within five (5) calendar days of first knowledge of the occurrence. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]

18. The Permittee shall submit an annual report by April 1 of each year for the previous calendar year's activities. The report must be filed using the form in Attachment A and submitted to the Division's Central Office. These reports will be kept on file at the Department and made available for public review upon request. - [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

Upon written notification by the Director, the Permittee shall utilize a Division approved electronic reporting tool for the submission of the annual report. Permittees may request in writing a waiver from the electronic reporting requirement. Waiver requests shall justify why the reporting tools cannot be reasonably used by the Permittee and include an estimate of time the waiver will be needed. Waiver requests shall be submitted a minimum of one (1) month prior to the annual report submittal date. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

19. In the event of a discharge of 1,000 gallons or more of animal waste to surface waters or wetlands, the Permittee must issue a press release to all print and electronic news media that provide general coverage in the county in which the discharge occurred setting out the details of the discharge. The press release must be issued within forty-eight (48) hours after it is determined that the discharge has reached the surface waters or wetlands. A copy of the press release and a list of the news media to which it was distributed must be kept for at least one (1) year after the discharge and must be distributed to any person upon request. – [G.S. §143-215.10C(h)(1)]

At a minimum the press release shall include the name of the facility, location of the discharge, estimated volume of waste water entering state waters, time and date discharge occurred, duration of the discharge, and identification of receiving water body The Permittee shall provide a copy of the press release to the Division. [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

20. In the event of a discharge of 15,000 gallons or more of animal waste to surface waters or wetlands, a public notice is required in addition to the press release described in Condition III.19. The public notice must be placed in a newspaper having general circulation in the county in which the discharge occurred and the county immediately downstream within ten (10) days of the discharge. The notice shall be captioned "NOTICE OF DISCHARGE OF ANIMAL WASTE". The minimum content of the notice is the name of the facility, location of the discharge, estimated volume of waste entering state waters, time and date discharge occurred, duration of the discharge, identification water body that was discharged into including creek and river basin if applicable, actions taken to prevent further discharge, and a facility contact person and phone number. The owner or operator shall file a copy of the notice and proof of publication with the Department within thirty (30) days after the notice is published. Publication of a notice of discharge under this Condition is in addition to the requirement to issue a press release under Condition III.19. Permittee must maintain a copy of the press release and the public notice consistent with Condition III.15. – [G.S. §143-215.10C(h)(2)]

21. If a discharge of 1,000,000 gallons or more of animal waste reaches surface waters or wetlands, the appropriate Division Regional Office must be contacted to determine in what additional counties, if any, a public notice must be published. A copy of all public notices and proof of publication must be sent to the Division within thirty (30) days after the notice is published.

These requirements are in addition to those found in Conditions III.16 and III.17 above. The Permittee must maintain a copy of the public notice and proof of publication consistent with Condition III.15. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

22. Permittees shall conduct a survey of the sludge accumulation in all lagoons/storage ponds every year. The survey report should be written on forms provided or approved by the Division and shall include a sketch showing the depth of sludge in the various locations within each structure. This survey frequency may be reduced if it can be demonstrated to the satisfaction of the Division that the rate of sludge accumulation does not warrant an annual survey. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

If the sludge accumulation is such that the structure does not satisfy the criteria set by NC NRCS Conservation Practice Standard No. 359, a sludge removal or management plan must be submitted to the appropriate Division Regional Office within ninety (90) days of the determination. The plan shall describe removal and waste utilization procedures to be used. Compliance regarding sludge levels must be achieved within two (2) years of the determination. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

#### IV. INSPECTIONS AND ENTRY

1. The Permittee is subject to inspections at any time, without announcement, by the Department. The Permittee shall allow any authorized representative of the Department, upon the presentation of credentials and other documents as may be required by law and in accordance with reasonable and appropriate biosecurity measures, to:
  - a. Enter the Permittee's premises where a regulated facility or activity is located or conducted, or where records must be kept under the conditions of this General Permit;
  - b. Have access to and copy, at reasonable times, any records that must be kept under the conditions of this General Permit;
  - c. Inspect, at reasonable times any facilities, equipment (including monitoring and control equipment), practices, or operations regulated or required under this General Permit; and,
  - d. Sample or monitor, at reasonable times, for the purpose of assuring permit compliance, any substances or parameters at any location.

[G.S. §143-215.10F]

#### V. GENERAL CONDITIONS

1. Coverage under this General Permit shall not relieve the Permittee of the responsibility for compliance with all applicable surface water, wetlands, groundwater and air quality standards or for damages to surface waters, wetlands or groundwaters resulting from the animal operation. – [15A NCAC 02T .0111(c)]
2. The maximum waste level in lagoons/storage ponds shall not exceed that specified in the facility's CAWMP. At a minimum, maximum waste level for lagoons/storage ponds must not exceed the level that provides adequate storage to contain the 25-year, 24-hour storm event plus an additional one (1) foot of structural freeboard except that there shall be no violation of this condition if:
  - a. there is a storm event more severe than a 25-year, 24-hour event;

**Permit Number AWG200000**

- b. the Permittee is in compliance with its CAWMP and
- c. there is at least one (1) foot of structural freeboard. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]*

Farms with lagoon and storage pond designs completed after September 1, 1996, storage must also be provided for the heavy rainfall factor (NC NRCS Standard 359) for the lagoons/storage pond. In case of lagoons/storage ponds in series that are gravity fed, the 25-year, 24-hour storm event and/or the heavy rainfall factor storage requirement for the system may be designed into the lowest lagoon/storage pond in the system. However, adequate freeboard must be designed into the upper lagoons/storage ponds to allow sufficient storage to prevent the waste level from rising into the structural freeboard while the storm water is draining into the lowest structure in the system. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1304(b), also see NC NRCS Standard 359]*

- 3. Any containment basin, such as a lagoon or a storage pond, used for waste management shall continue to be subject to the conditions and requirements of this Permit until properly closed or rescission of the COC is issued. When the containment basin is properly closed in accordance with the NC NRCS Conservation Practice Standard No. 360 “Closure of Waste Impoundments,” April 2012 or any subsequent amendment, the containment basin shall not be subject to the requirements of this Permit. Documentation of closure of all containment basins must be provided to the Division. The Permittee must submit a letter to the Division to request rescission of the COC. – *[15A NCAC 02T .1306(a)and (b)]*

Closure shall include a minimum of 24 hours pre-notification of the Division and submittal of the Animal Waste Storage Pond and Lagoon Closure Report Form to the address identified on the form within fifteen (15) days of completion of closure. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]*

Upon request of the Permittee, the COC to operate under this Permit may be rescinded by the Division prior to closure of the containment basin if the average size of the confined cattle herd at the cattle facility, calculated on an annual basis during the three years prior to the request for rescission, is less than one hundred confined cattle. Upon rescission, all of the following requirements shall apply:

- a. The cattle facility shall be subject to the requirements of 15A NCAC 02T .1303 and 15A NCAC 02T .0113 until the containment area is closed in accordance with NC NRCS Conservation Practice Standard No. 360 “Closure of Waste Impoundments,” April 2012 or any subsequent amendment.
- b. The farm owner shall maintain records of land application and weekly records of containment basin waste levels on forms provided by or approved by the Division.
- c. Closure shall include pre-notification to the Division and, within 15 days of completion of closure, submittal of a closure form supplied by the Division or closure forms approved by the Division that provide the same information required by the forms supplied by the Division.

The Division shall have the authority to deny a request for rescission. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0113(e)]*

- 4. This General Permit allows for the distribution of up to four (4) cubic yards of manure per visit to individuals for personal use. The maximum distribution of manure per individual for personal use is ten (10) cubic yards per year. The Permittee must provide the recipient(s) with information on the nutrient content of the manure. Distribution of greater quantities must be to individuals or businesses permitted to distribute the waste, or to be land applied to sites identified in the Permittee's CAWMP. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]*

The Permittee must inform the recipient(s) of his/her responsibilities to properly manage the land application of manure. Record keeping for the distribution of manure up to four (4) cubic yards per visit or ten (10) cubic yards per year to individuals for personal use is not required. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0108(c)]*

**Permit Number AWG200000**

5. The annual permit fee shall be paid by the Permittee within thirty (30) days after being billed by the Division. Failure to pay the fee accordingly constitutes grounds for enforcement actions including revocation of its COC to operate under this General Permit. – *[G.S. §143-215.10G and 15A NCAC 02T .0105(e)(2)]*
6. Failure of the Permittee to maintain, in full force and effect, lessee and landowner agreements, which are required in the CAWMP, shall constitute grounds for revocation of its COC to operate under this General Permit. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0110(1)]*
7. A COC to operate under this General Permit is not transferable. In the event there is a desire for the facility to change ownership, or there is a name change of the Permittee, a Notification of Change of Ownership form must be submitted to the Division, including documentation from the parties involved and other supporting materials as may be appropriate. This request shall be submitted within sixty (60) days of change of ownership. The request will be considered on its merits and may or may not be approved. – *[G.S. §143-215.10C and 15A NCAC 02T .1304(c)]*
8. A COC to operate under this General Permit is effective only with respect to the nature and volume of wastes described in the application and other supporting data. The Permittee shall notify the Division immediately of any applicable information not provided in the permit application. – *[G.S. §143-215.1]*

Any proposed modification to an animal waste management system including installation of lagoon covers shall require approval from the Division prior to construction.
9. If the Permittee wishes to continue an activity regulated by this General Permit after the expiration date of this General Permit, the Permittee must apply for and obtain a new COC. Renewal applications must be filed at least 180 calendar days prior to the expiration of the General Permit. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0109]*
10. The issuance of a COC to operate under this General Permit does not prohibit the Division from reopening and modifying the General Permit or COC, revoking and reissuing the General Permit or COC, or terminating the General Permit or COC as allowed by the appropriate laws, rules, and regulations. – *[15A NCAC 02T .0110]*
11. The Groundwater Compliance Boundary is defined by 15A NCAC 2L .0102 and 15A NCAC 2T .0103. An exceedance of Groundwater Quality Standards at or beyond the Compliance Boundary is subject to the requirements of 15A NCAC 2L and the Division in addition to the penalty provisions applicable under the North Carolina General Statutes.
12. Upon abandonment or depopulation for a period of five (5) years or more, the Permittee must satisfy all the following prior to restocking the facility
  - a. The Permittee must notify the Division in writing at least 60 days prior to bringing any animals back onto the site;
  - b. The facility has not been abandoned or depopulated for more than ten (10) years;
  - c. At the time the system ceased operation, the animal operation was in compliance with an individual or a general permit issued pursuant to G.S. §143-215.10C;
  - d. The facility has maintained coverage under an individual permit or a COC under a general permit;
  - e. The Division issues an individual permit or a COC under a general permit issued pursuant to G.S. §143-215.10C for the animal operations before any animals are brought on the facility;
  - f. The permit for the animal waste management system does not allow the production, measured by steady state live weight (SSLW), to exceed the greatest SSLW previously permitted under G.S. §143-215.10C;



**Permit Number AWG200000**

- g. No component of the animal waste management system, other than existing swine barns or land application sites shall be constructed within the 100-year floodplain; and
- h. The inactive animal waste management system was not closed using the expenditure of public funds and was not closed pursuant to a settlement agreement, court order, cost share agreement, or grant condition.

Any facility that does not meet the criteria above is a new cattle animal waste management system. – [15A NCAC 02T .1302(5)]

**VI. PENALTIES**

- 1. Failure to abide by the conditions and limitations contained in this General Permit; the facility's COC; the facility's CAWMP; and/or applicable state law; may subject the Permittee to an enforcement action by the Division including but not limited to the modification of the animal waste management system, civil penalties, criminal penalties and injunctive relief. – [15A NCAC 02T .0110]
- 2. The Permittee must comply with all conditions of this General Permit. Any permit noncompliance constitutes a violation of state law and is grounds for enforcement action; for permit coverage termination, revocation and reissuance, or modification; or denial of a permit coverage renewal application. – [15A NCAC 02T .0110]
- 3. It shall not be a defense for a Permittee in an enforcement action to claim that it would have been necessary to halt or reduce the permitted activity in order to maintain compliance with the conditions of this General Permit. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**VII. DEFINITIONS**

**25-year, 24-hour rainfall or storm event** means the maximum 24-hour precipitation event with a probable recurrence interval of once in 25 years, as defined by the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration Atlas 14 (NOAA 14), Volume 2, version 3.0, 2004 revised 2006, and subsequent amendments, or equivalent regional or state rainfall probability information developed therefrom. – [NC NRCS Title 210 – National Engineering Handbook (NEH), Part 650 Engineering Field Handbook Chapter 2 (EFH-2), North Carolina Supplement, October 2017]

**Agronomic rate** means the amount of animal waste and/or other nutrient applied to soil to meet the nitrogen needs of the crop but does not overload the soil with the nutrients or other constituents that cause or contribute to a contravention of surface water or groundwater standards, limits crop growth, or adversely impact soil quality. Nitrogen needs of the crop shall be based on realistic yield expectations (RYE) established for a soil series through published Cooperative Extension Service bulletins, NRCS publications, county soil surveys, or site-specific agronomist reports. Unless otherwise specified, nitrogen shall be rate-determining element. – [G.S. §143-215.10C(e)(6), 15A NCAC 02T .0103(1) and 15A NCAC 02T .1304(b)]

**Amendment** to the CAWMP means a minor change and/or addition to a part(s) of the plan and does not require pre-approval from the Division to implement. The following are examples of amendments to the CAWMP:

- In an existing CAWMP, a change in crops and/or cropping pattern that utilizes 25% or less of the N generated is considered a plan amendment. Additional acreage needed to facilitate the change in crops and/or cropping pattern is permissible and considered part of the amendment.
- The addition of winter crops and/or interseeded perennial crops are considered amendments to an existing CAWMP when the operation does not require additional acreage and/or crops for N utilization and does not exceed the 25% criteria stated above.
- Inclusions of emergency action plans, and insect, odor and mortality checklists are considered CAWMP amendments.

- Including additional acreage for land application beyond what is required in the existing CAWMP is considered a plan amendment.

**Animal feeding operation** means a lot or facility (other than an aquatic animal production facility) where the following conditions are met:

- a. animals (other than aquatic animals) have been, are, or will be stabled or confined and fed or maintained for a total of forty-five (45) days or more in any twelve (12) month period, and
- b. crops, vegetation, forage growth, or post-harvest residues are not sustained in the normal growing season over any portion of the lot or facility. Two or more animal feeding operations under common ownership are considered to be a single animal feeding operation if they adjoin each other, or if they use a common area or system for the disposal of wastes. – [G.S. §143-215.10B]

**Animal Waste** means livestock or poultry excreta or a mixture of excreta with feed, bedding, litter, or other materials from an animal operation. – [G.S. §143-215.10B(2)]

**Certification** means technical specialist certification of the CAWMP in accordance with the requirements of 15A NCAC 02T .1304.

**Discharge** is defined by G.S. §143-213, which states, “Whenever reference is made in this Article to “discharge” or the “discharge of waste,” it shall be interpreted to include discharge, spillage, leakage, pumping, placement, emptying, or dumping into waters of the State, or into any unified sewer system or arrangement for sewage disposal, which system or arrangement in turn discharges the waste into waters of the State. A reference to “discharge” or “discharge of waste” shall not be interpreted to include “emission” as defined in Subdivision (12) of this Section.” – [G.S. §143-213(9)]

**Ditch** means any man-made channel for the purpose of moving water off a site to the surface waters. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**Excessive Ponding** means any area of the application field where visible liquid waste is ponded on the surface of the land application site more than four (4) hours following the application of waste. Excessive ponding also means any areas where the ponding of waste has resulted in crop failure. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**Expansion** means an increase in the permitted steady state live weight associated with the animal waste management system. – [15A NCAC 02T .1302(4)]

**Facility** means an animal feeding operation including confinement areas, waste collection areas, and treatment works associated with the animal feeding operations. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**Groundwaters** means any subsurface waters, as defined in 15A NCAC 2L .0102.

**Land application** means the application of wastewater and/or waste solids onto or incorporation into the soil. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**Land application area** means the areas used for the application of animal wastewater or waste solids. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b)]

**Major changes** to the CAWMP means changes in the number of animals, type of operation (feeder to finish to wean to feeder), retrofit of a lagoon, installation of a new irrigation system, and similar type changes. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

**Revision** to the CAWMP means a change to an entire CAWMP to meet current applicable standards. For an existing CAWMP, a change in crops and/or cropping pattern that utilizes more than 25% of the N generated by the operation is considered a plan revision. – [15A NCAC 02T .0108(b) and .1304(b)]

**Permit Number AWG200000**

**State Waters** means all waters as defined in G.S. §143-212(6).

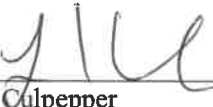
**Surface Waters** means all waters as defined in G.S. §143-212 except underground waters. – [15A NCAC 02T .0103(41)]

**Waste** means animal waste. – [G.S. §143-215.10B(2)]

**Wetlands** are “waters” as defined by G.S. §143-212 and are areas that are inundated or saturated by an accumulation of surface or groundwater as defined in 15A NCAC 2B .0202. – [15A NCAC 02T .0103(46)]

This General Permit issued the 12th day of April, 2019.

NORTH CAROLINA ENVIRONMENTAL MANAGEMENT COMMISSION

  
\_\_\_\_\_, Director  
Linda Culpepper  
North Carolina Division of Water Resources  
By Authority of the Environmental Management Commission

Permit Number AWG200000



**ANIMAL FACILITY ANNUAL REPORT FORM**

Report for (previous) Calendar Year: 20\_\_\_\_\_ Today's Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Certificate of Coverage or Permit Number \_\_\_\_\_ County \_\_\_\_\_

Facility Name (as shown on Certificate of Coverage or Permit) \_\_\_\_\_

Operator in Charge for this Facility \_\_\_\_\_ Operator Certification # \_\_\_\_\_

Facility's Integrator, if applicable: \_\_\_\_\_

**Part I: Facility Information (As of December 31<sup>st</sup> of reporting year unless otherwise specified):**

Land application of animal waste as allowed by the above permit occurred during the past calendar year \_\_\_\_\_ YES \_\_\_\_\_ NO. If NO, skip Part I and proceed to Part II and Part III. Also, if animal waste was generated but not land applied, attach an explanation on how the animal waste was managed/disposed.

|  |  |  |                          |
|--|--|--|--------------------------|
| <b>CAWMP SUMMARY</b>   |  |  |                          |
| Total number of application Fields or Pulls in the Certified Animal Waste Management Plan (CAWMP):                             |  |  | Fields or<br>Pulls/zones |
| Total Useable Acres approved in the CAWMP  |  |  | Acres                    |
| Total pounds of Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) allowed to be land applied annually by the CAWMP and the permit:                |  |  | Lbs. PAN                 |
| <b>LAGOON SUMMARY</b>  |  |  |                          |
| Number of Permitted Lagoons  |  |  | # Lagoons                |
| Number of Permitted Lagoons with a sludge removal or management plan per Permit Condition III-22                               |  |  | # Lagoons                |
| <b>ANNUAL OPERATIONS SUMMARY</b>   |  |  |                          |
| <b>(for all crops with windows that ended during the previous calendar year)</b>   |  |  |                          |
| Total number of Fields or Pulls on which land application occurred during the year:  |  |  | Fields or<br>Pulls/zones |
| Total Acres on which animal waste was applied  |  |  | Acres                    |
| Total pounds of Plant Available Nitrogen (PAN) applied during the year for all application sites:                              | Permitted Animal Waste                   |  | Lbs. PAN                 |
|  | Other Nutrient Sources (incl Dry Litter) |  | Lbs. PAN                 |
| <b>SOIL SAMPLE SUMMARY</b>   |  |  |                          |
| Total number of Fields or Pulls for which the most recent soils evaluation indicated a Soil P (P-index) greater than 400       |  |  | Fields or<br>Pulls/zones |
| Total usable acres of Fields or Pulls for which the most recent soils evaluation indicated a Soil P (P-index) greater than 400 |  |  | Acres                    |

| <b>BENEFICIAL USE SUMMARY</b>   |                         |         |
|---|-------------------------|---------|
| Estimated amount of total manure, litter and process wastewater sold or given to other persons and taken off site during the year |                         | Tons    |
|   |                         | Gallons |
| <b>PRODUCTION SUMMARY</b>   |                         |         |
| <b>Annual average number of animals by type at this facility during the previous year</b>   |                         |         |
| <b>Operation Type</b>   | <b>Number of Animal</b> |         |
|   |                         |         |
|   |                         |         |
|   |                         |         |
|   |                         |         |
|   |                         |         |

**Swine**

- Wean to Finish
- Wean to Feeder
- Farrow to Finish
- Feeder to Finish
- Farrow to Wean
- Farrow to Feeder
- Boar/Stud
- Gilts
- Other

**Cattle**

- Dairy Calf
- Dairy Heifer
- Milk Cow
- Dry Cow
- Beef Stocker Calf
- Beef Feeder
- Beef Broad Cow
- Other

**Dry Poultry**

- Non-Laying Chickens
- Laying Chickens
- Pullets
- Turkeys
- Turkey Pullet

**Wet Poultry**

- Non-Laying Pullet
- Layers

**Other Types**

- Horses – Horses
- Horses – Other
- Sheep – Sheep
- Sheep - Other

**Part II: Facility Status (Respond for activity within the Calendar year of reporting year unless otherwise specified):**

**Directions:** Check box next to the appropriate answer, for each statement were the answer is “No”, provide a written description of any action take taken or pending to address the requirements and return the facility to compliance

- |   |     |    |
|---|-----|----|
| 1. All “major changes,” “revisions,” and “amendments” to the CAWMP were made according to requirements of Condition I.4.              | Yes | No |
| 2. There were no freeboard exceedances in any lagoons or storage ponds.   | Yes | No |
| 3. There was no PAN application to any fields or crops at this facility greater than the levels specified in this facility’s CAWMP.   | Yes | No |
| 4. Sludge Surveys as required in Condition III.22 have been completed.  | Yes | No |
| 5. For any temporary lagoon lowering event, drawn down restrictions and record keeping requirements in Condition II.29 have been met. | Yes | No |
| 6. Soils analysis were performed within the last three years on each field receiving animal waste.                                    | Yes | No |

- |   |     |    |
|---|-----|----|
| 7. All required monitoring and reporting were performed in accordance with the facility's permit during the past calendar year.   | Yes | No |
| 8. Crops as specified in the CAWMP were maintained during the past calendar year on all sites receiving animal waste and the crops grown were harvested and removed in accordance with the facility's permit. | Yes | No |
- 

**Part III: Affirmation Statement**

"I affirm by my signature that this document and all attachments were prepared under my direction or supervision. The information submitted is, to the best of my knowledge and belief, true, accurate, and complete. I am aware that there are significant penalties for submitting false information, including the possibility of civil and criminal penalties."

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Permittee Name and Title (type or print)

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Signature of Permittee

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Date

---

Signature of Operator in Charge  
(if different from Permittee)

---

Date





## Attachment B: Groundwater Monitoring

### Monitoring Wells: Specified in the COC<sup>4</sup>.

| GROUNDWATER CHARACTERISTICS |  | GROUNDWATER STANDARDS |                                       | MONITORING REQUIREMENTS |           |
|-----------------------------|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------|
| PCS Code                    | Parameter Description                      | Daily Maximum         | Frequency Measurement                 | Sample Type             | Footnotes |
| 00940                       | Chloride (as Cl)                           | 250                   | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 31616                       | Coliform, Fecal MF, M-FC Broth, 44.5 °C    | 1                     | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1, 5      |
| 00610                       | Nitrogen, Ammonia Total (as N)             | 1.5                   | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 00620                       | Nitrogen, Nitrate Total (as N)             | 10                    | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 00400                       | pH   | 6.5-8.5               | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1, 2      |
| 00665                       | Phosphorus, Total (as P)                   |                       | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 00929                       | Sodium, Total (as Na)                      |                       | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 70300                       | Solids, Total Dissolved - 180 °C           | 500                   | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Grab                    | 1         |
| 82546                       | Water Level, Distance from measuring point |                       | Quarterly, or as Specified in the COC | Calculated              | 1, 2, 3   |

- Quarterly sampling shall be conducted in January, April, July, and October or as Specified in the COC
- The measurement of water levels shall be made prior to purging the wells. The depth to water in each well shall be measured from the surveyed point on the top of the casing with a minimum accuracy of 0.1 foot. The measurement of pH shall be made after purging and prior to sampling for the remaining parameters.
- The measuring points (top of well casing) of all monitoring wells shall be surveyed to provide the relative elevation of the measuring point for each monitoring well. The measuring points (top of casing) of all monitoring wells shall be surveyed relative to a common datum.
- Monitoring wells shall be reported consistent with the nomenclature and location information specified in the Certification of Coverage
- There is not a N.C. groundwater standard specific for fecal coliform, The groundwater standard for Total Coliform (1 organism per 100 ml) is used for compliance assessment for fecal coliform .

