



Shrimp FMP Amendment 2 Overview

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Marine Fisheries

Shrimp Advisory Committee | Chris Stewart, Jason Rock, Dan Zapf | March 2, 2021



Presentation Outline

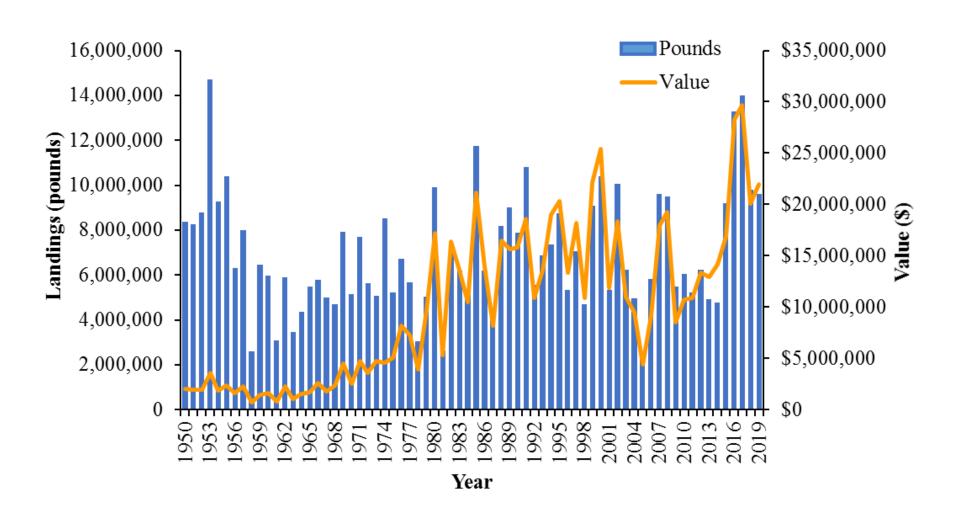
- Overview of Fishery
 - Management unit
 - Commercial landings
 - Recreational landings
 - Bycatch
 - Habitat
- Draft Amendment 2
 - Goal and Objectives
 - Issue Papers



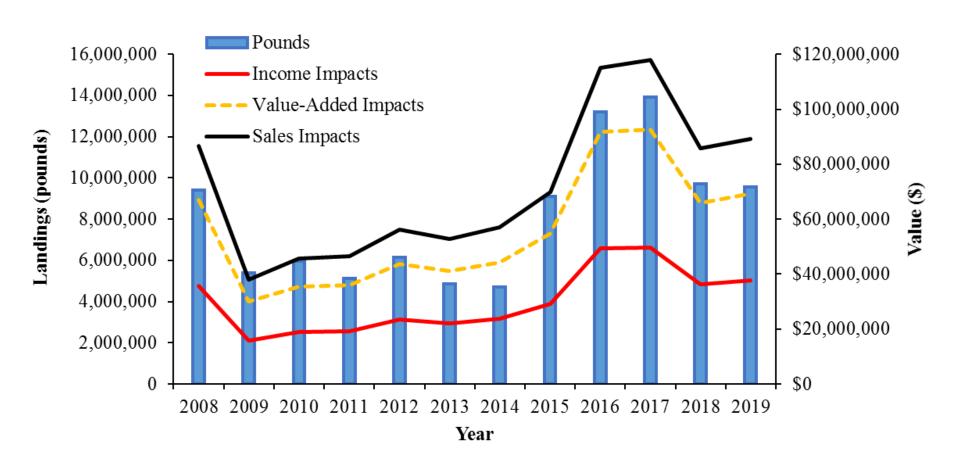
Management Unit

Species	Spawning	Juvenile Recruitment	Season
Brown Shrimp (Farfantepenaeus aztecus)	February-March	February-June, peaking in April and May	Summer and fall
Pink Shrimp (F. duorarum)	April-July	June-October	Spring
White Shrimp (Litopenaeus setiferus)	March-November	June-August/ September, peaking in early June and mid- August	Late Summer and fall

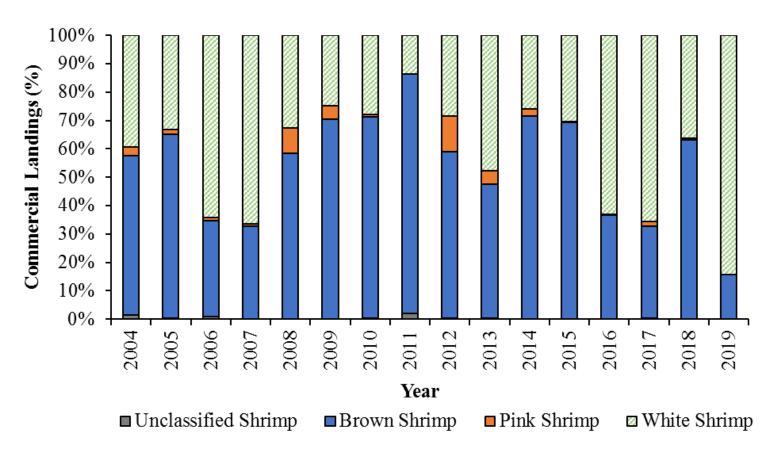
Commercial Landings and Unadjusted Value



Commercial Landings and Adjusted Value

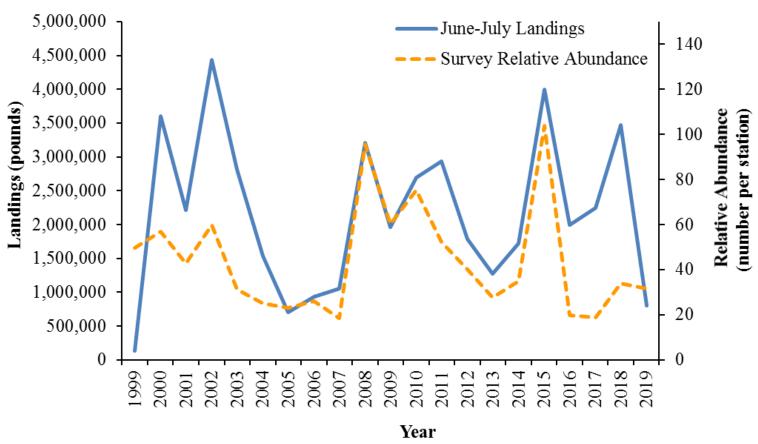


Commercial Landings by Species





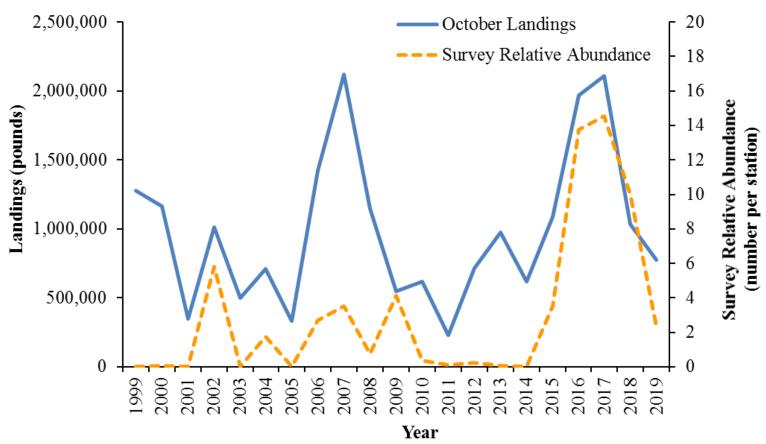
Stock Status

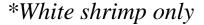


*Brown shrimp only



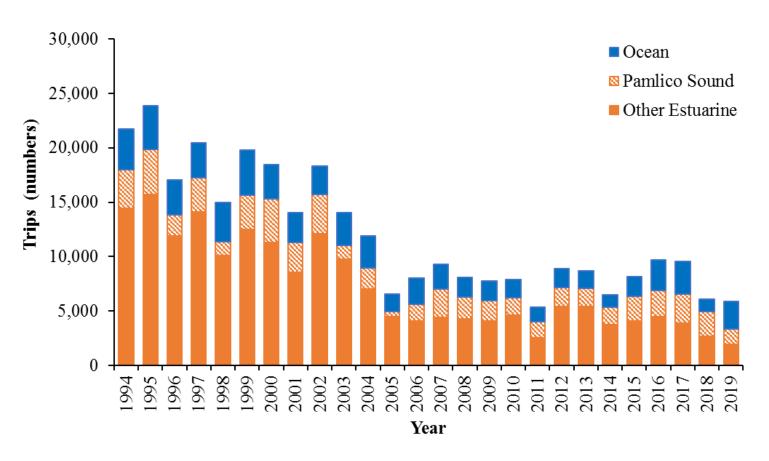
Relative Abundance of White Shrimp





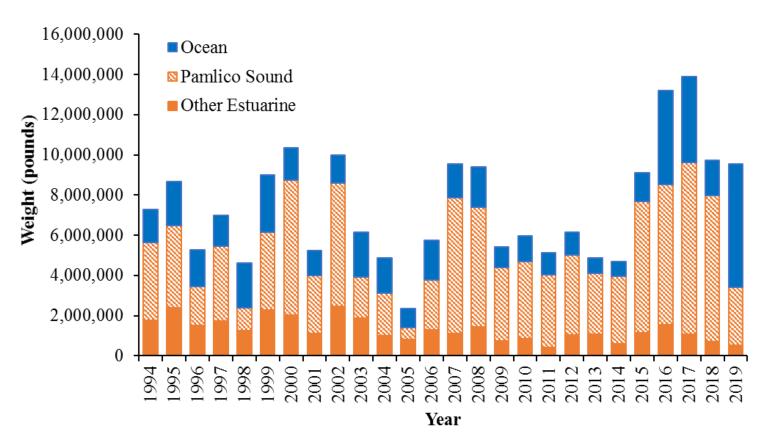


Commercial Trips



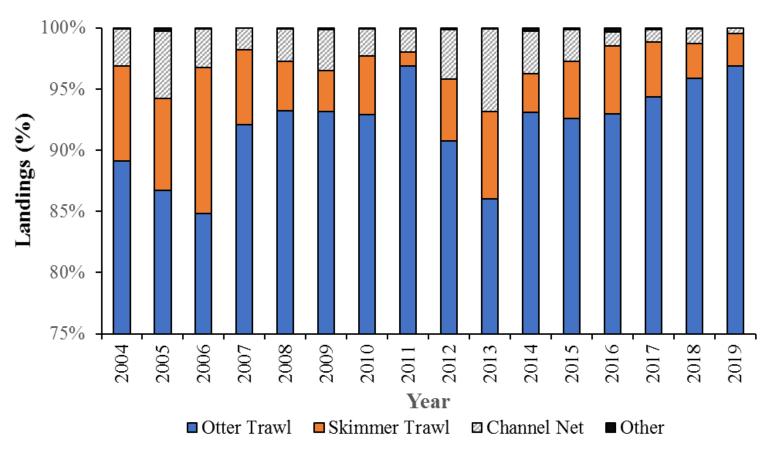


Commercial Landings by Waterbody



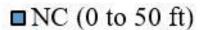


Commercial Landings by Gear

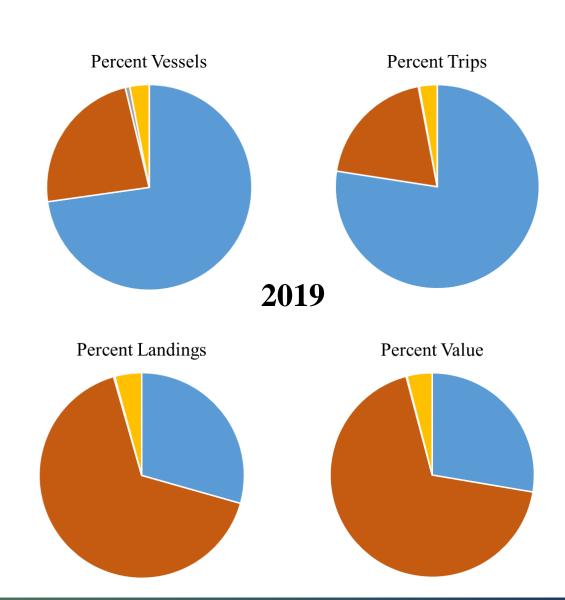




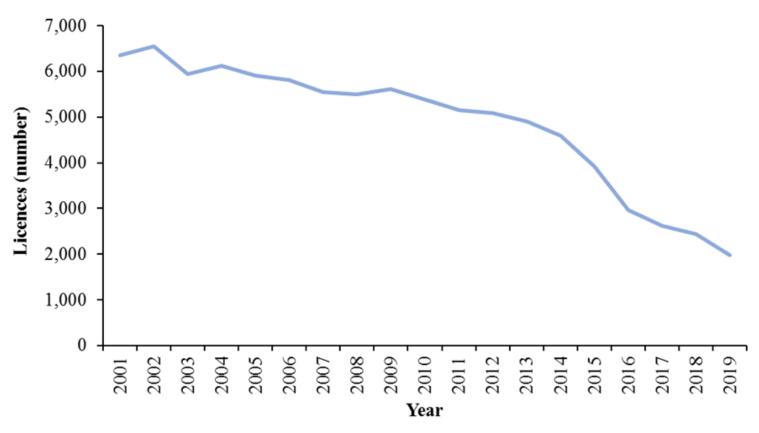
Commercial Landings by Vessel Length and State



- NC (>50 ft)
- Out of State (0 to 50 ft)
- □ Out of State (>50 ft)

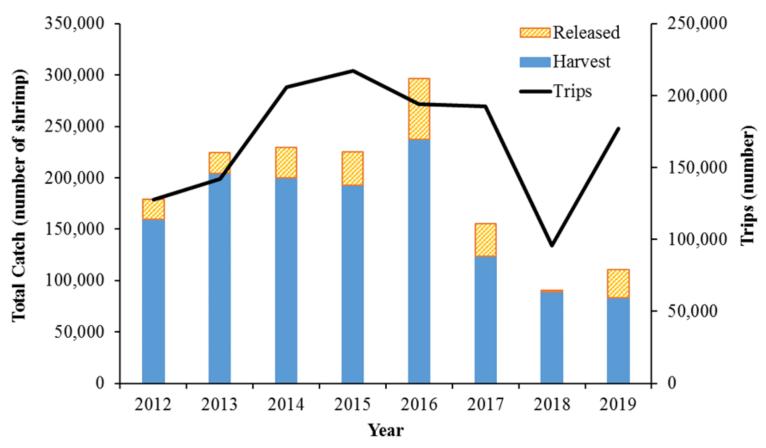


Recreational Commercial Gear License (RCGL)





Recreational Cast Nets and Seines



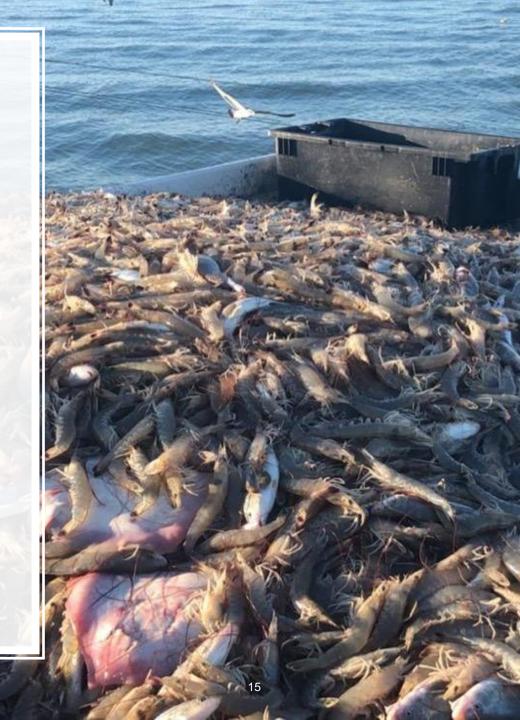


Shrimp Trawl Bycatch

Bycatch

The portion of catch taken incidentally to the target catch because of non-selectivity of fishing gear to either species or size differences.

- Incidental Retained or sold
- Discarded Returned to sea



Shrimp Trawl Management in North Carolina

- **1970s** Marine Fisheries Commission (MFC) Scrap fishing rules modified
- **1977** Designation of nursery areas
- 1987 Albemarle Sound closed to trawling
- 1980s –Turtle Excluder Device (TED) and Bycatch Reduction Device (BRD) testing
- 1991 MFC directed DMF to reduce bycatch and incorporate goal in all management considerations
- **1992** NC first state to require BRDs
- 1992 –TEDs in all otter trawls
- 1994 Trawling in seagrass beds restricted, weekend trawling, Special Secondary Nursery Area opening dates established

Shrimp Trawl Management in North Carolina

- **2006** Shrimp FMP Area closures, gear restrictions
- **2015** Amendment 1 Area closures, Industry Workgroup, gear testing/restrictions
- 2016 to present Characterization studies and gear testing







Bycatch Characterization

Bycatch Studies

- Bycatch data is highly variable
- Spatial and temporally limited
- Methods of calculation inconsistent
- Estimates obtained by different methods cannot be compared
- Gear testing studies should not be used to estimate bycatch

Methods of Calculation

- Ratios (F:S)
- CPUE (Mean-per-unit)



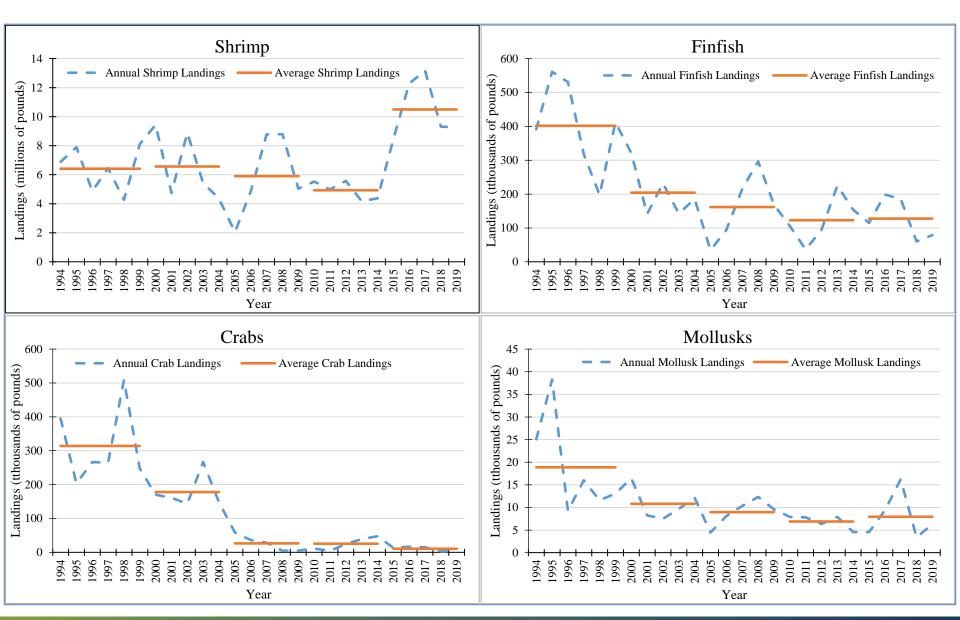
Bycatch Species of Concern

		NCDMF Characterization Studies*	
Specis	Coastwide Stock Status**	(% of Catch)	(Size Range)
Atlantic croaker	Unknown	5% - 49%	70 -180 mm
Southern flounder	Overfished, overfishing	<1% - 2%	80 - 355 mm
Spot	Unknown	1% - 21%	60 - 210 mm
Weakfish	Depleted	<1% - 6%	50 - 305 mm

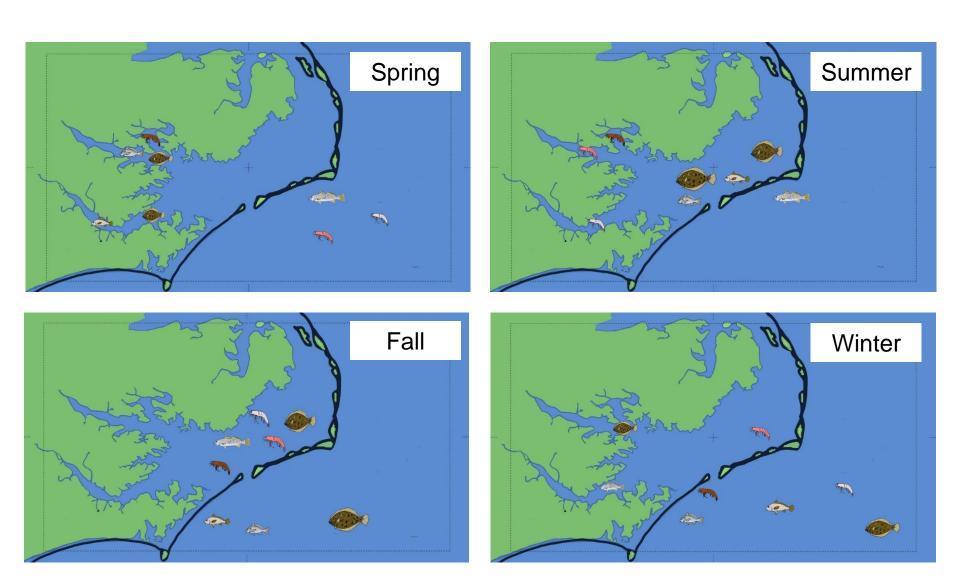


^{*}Brown 2009, 2010, 2015, 2016, 2017, 2018 **ASMFC 2016, 2017a, 2017b, 2020; Flowers et al. 2017

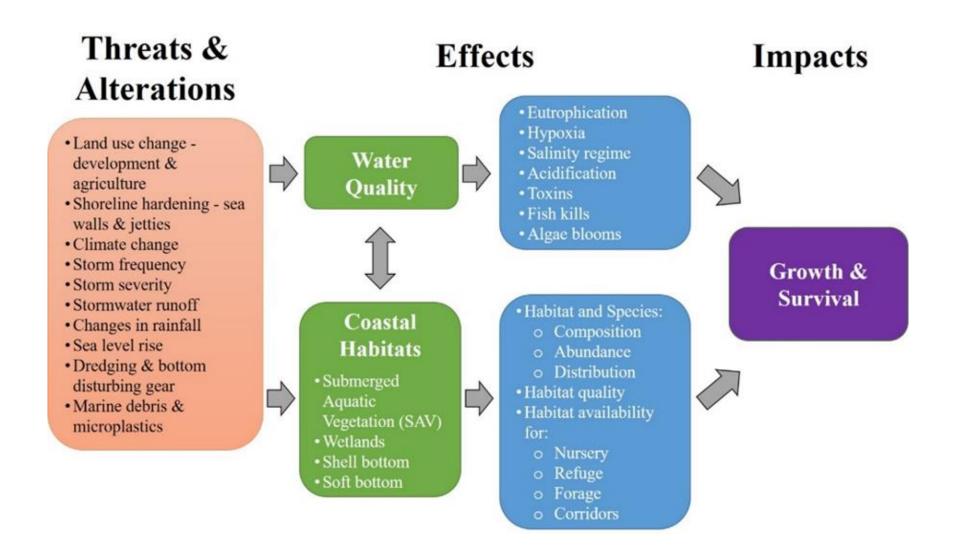
Incidental Shrimp Trawl Landings



Life History of Target and Bycatch Species of Concern

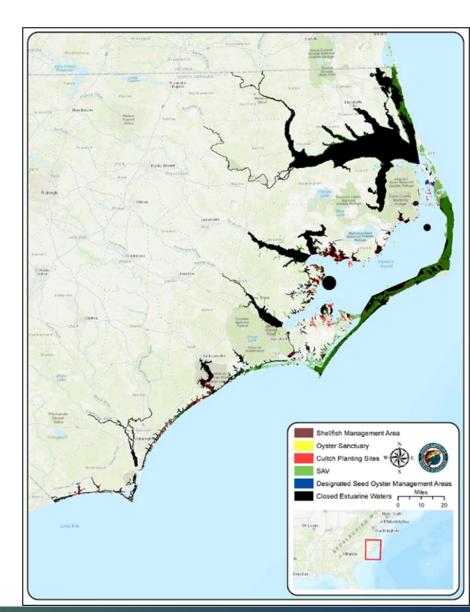


Habitat Threats and Alterations



Existing Protections

- Nursery Areas
- Trawl Net Prohibited Areas
- Seed Oyster Management Areas
- Oyster Sanctuaries
- Crab Spawning Sanctuaries
- Shrimp Trawl Prohibited Areas
- Albemarle Sound trawl closure



Draft Amendment 2: Goal and Objectives

Goal:

Manage the shrimp fishery to provide adequate resource protection, optimize long-term harvest, and minimize ecosystem impacts.

Objectives:

- Reduce bycatch of non-target species of finfish and crustaceans, as well as protected, threatened, and endangered species.
- Promote the restoration, enhancement, and protection of habitat and environmental quality in a manner consistent with the CHPP.
- Develop a strategy through the CHPP to review current nursery areas and to identify and evaluate potential areas suitable for designation.
- Use biological, environmental, habitat, fishery, social, and economic data needed to effectively monitor and manage the shrimp fishery and its ecosystem impacts (i.e., bycatch, habitat degradation).
- Promote implementation of research and education programs designed to improve stakeholder and the general public's understanding of shrimp trawl bycatch impacts on fish population dynamics.

Draft Amendment 2 Issue Papers

- Data richness varied across issue papers and were a key factor in developing discussion points
- Habitat benefits and bycatch reductions from all measures are non-quantifiable
- Issues are inter-related and must be considered in conjunction with one another
- Issues address concerns identified in petitions and commission input
- Discussion points provided to begin the conversation with the Shrimp Advisory Committee



Draft Amendment 2: Issues

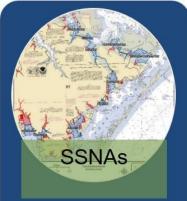


Overview:

➤ Submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) and shell bottom habitats are critical habitat for many economically important finfish and invertebrates.

Example Options:

► Specific trawl closures could be implemented to protect submerged aquatic vegetation (SAV) and shell bottom habitats



Overview:

➤ Special secondary nursery areas (SSNAs) provide essential habitat for many developing subadult finfish and invertebrates.

Example Options:

► Change designation of special secondary nursery areas to permanent secondary nursery areas, static seasons, and delayed openings



Overview:

► Connectivity between protected areas and creating migration corridors to better encompass the life cycle and distribution of key finfish species.

Example Options:

► Area closures in Pamlico Sound and adjacent water bodies



Overview:

▶ Limited data for these measures due to variability in fishing practices, habitat, and environment make bycatch reductions hard to quantify. Management measures may be used to reduce effort and limit conflicts.

Example Options:

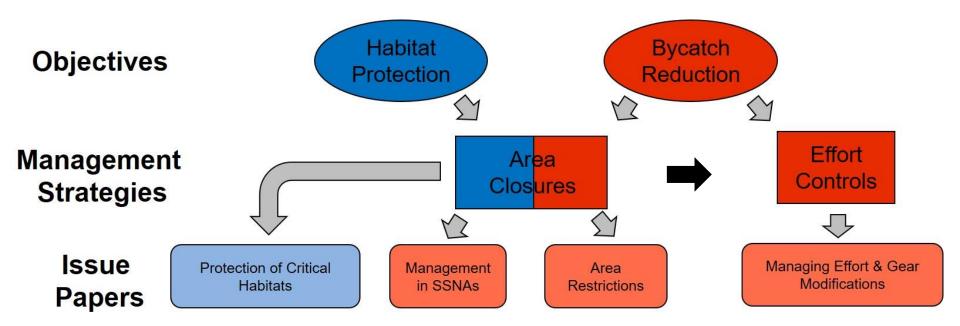
Gear modification, time limits, harvest limits, and increased access for nontrawl gears

High

Data Richness

Low

Draft Amendment 2: Issues



Questions?

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