



Shrimp FMP Amendment 2 Management in Special Secondary Nursery Areas

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Marine Fisheries

Shrimp Advisory Committee | Chris Stewart | March 9, 2021



Special Secondary Nursery Area Management Measures

Objectives

Habitat Protection

Bycatch Reduction

Management Strategies

Issue Papers

Management Measures

Ar<mark>ea</mark> Closures





in SSNAs

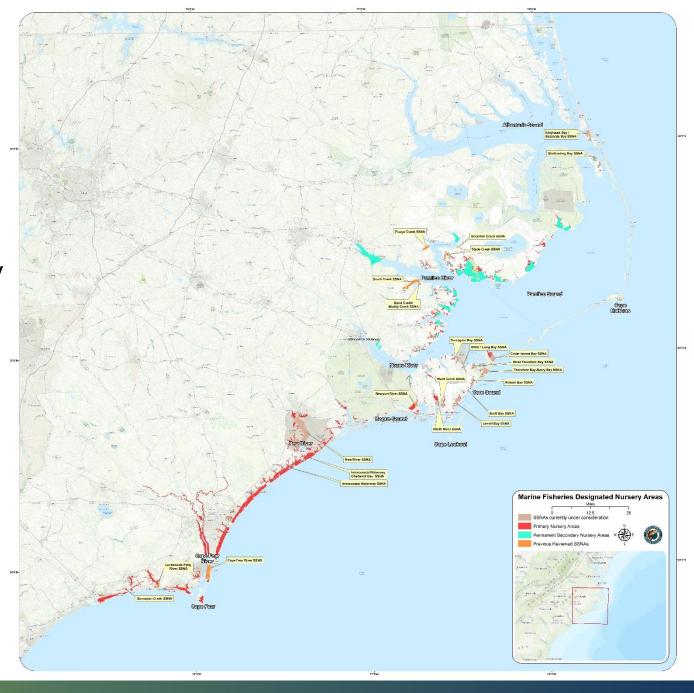
- Static seasons
- Delayed openings
- Complete closures



Complete closures may also protect critical habitat

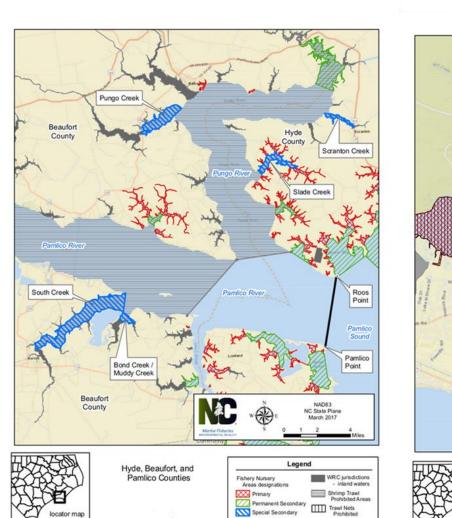
Nursery Area Designations

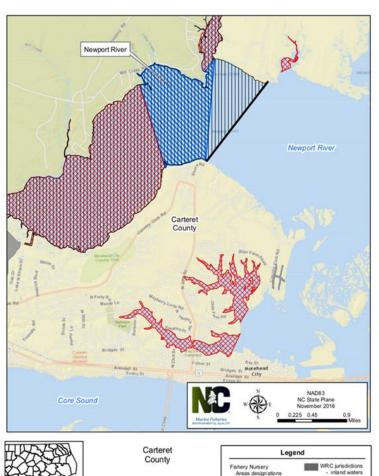
- Primary Nursery Areas (PNA)
- Secondary Nursery Areas (SNA)
- Special Secondary Nursery Areas (SSNA)



Shrimp Fishery Management Plan Amendment 1

SSNAs re-designated permanent SNAs:



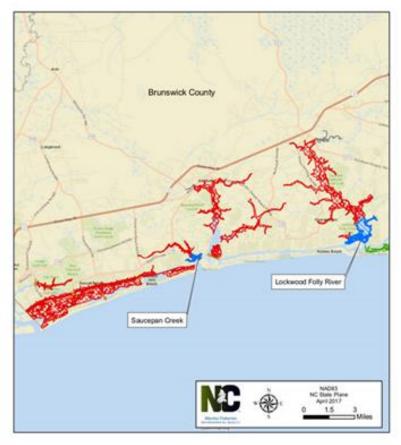


Primary

Shrimp Fishery Management Plan Amendment 1

SSNAs re-designated permanent SNAs:







Brunswick County and New Hanover County





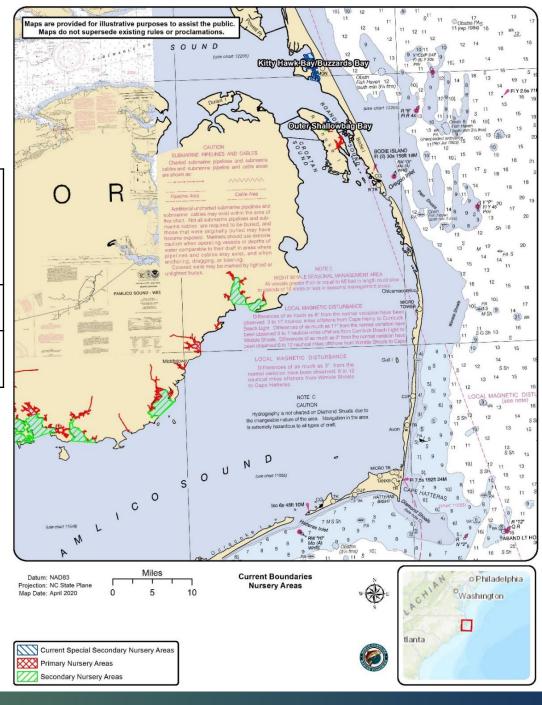
Brunswick County



Roanoke Sound (Amendment 2)

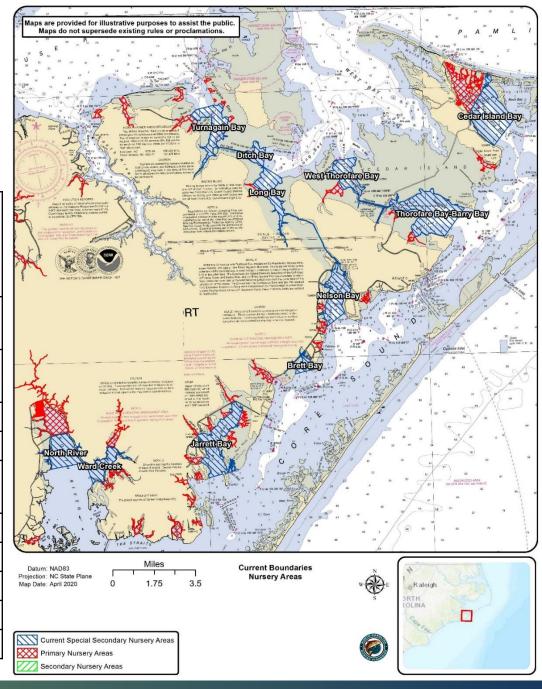
Description	Year Designated (reclassified)	Latest Year Opened	
Shallowbag Bay	2004	2017	
Kitty Hawk Bay- Buzzard Bay*	2004	-	

^{*}Not opened after SSNA designation



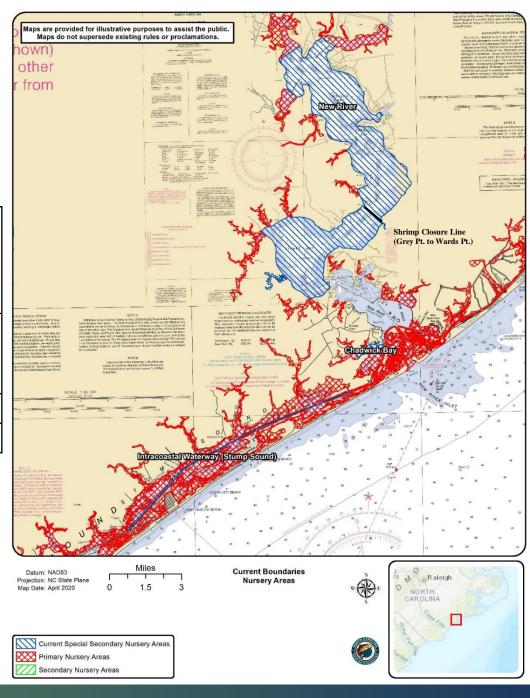
Core Sound and North River (Amendment 2)

Description	Year Designated (reclassified)	Latest Year Opened	
West Thorofare	1986	2018	
Bay	1000	2010	
Long Bay-Ditch	1986	2018	
Bay	1300	2010	
Turnagain Bay	1995	2018	
Cedar Island Bay	1986	2018	
Thorofare Bay-	1986	2018	
Barry Bay	1900	2010	
Nelson Bay	1986	2018	
Brett Bay	1986	2018	
Jarrett Bay	1986	2018	
North River	1986	2000	
Ward Creek	1986	2000	

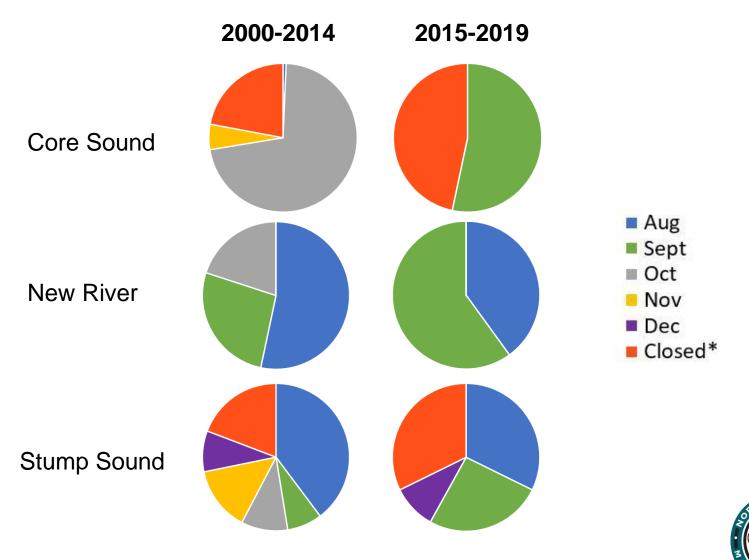


New River and Stump Sound (Amendment 2)

Description	Year Designated (reclassified)	Latest Year Opened	
New River (above HWY 172 Bridge)	1995	2019	
Chadwick Bay	2011	2012	
IWW (Stump Sd.)	1995	2019	

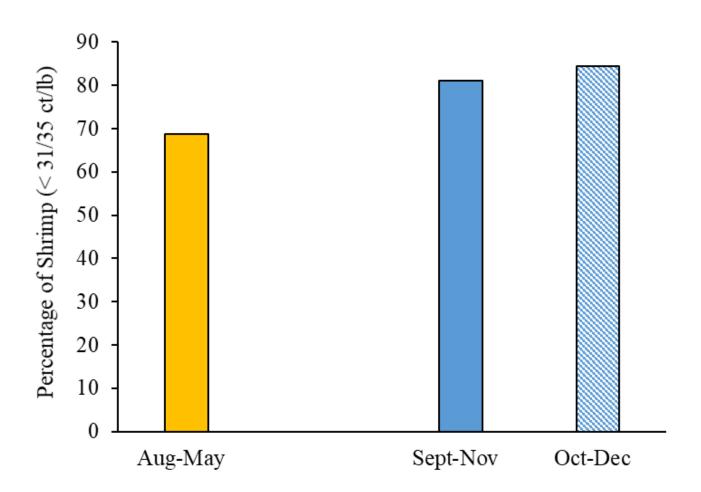


Special Secondary Openings



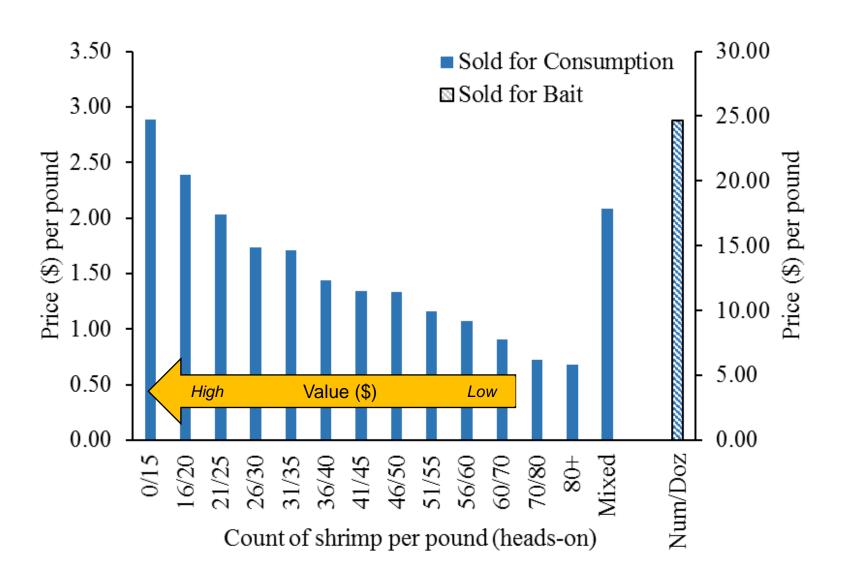
^{*}Closures in Stump Sound may be partial closures

Static Season with Delayed Openings





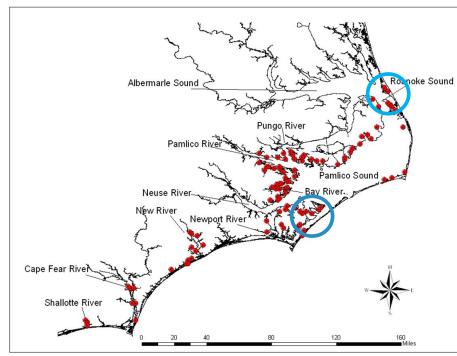
Value of Shrimp by Count Size



Nursery Comparisons

Data Source

- Estuarine Trawl Survey
- Core Sound: 1978-1981,
 Roanoke Sound: 2006-2019
- May November
- Fixed station



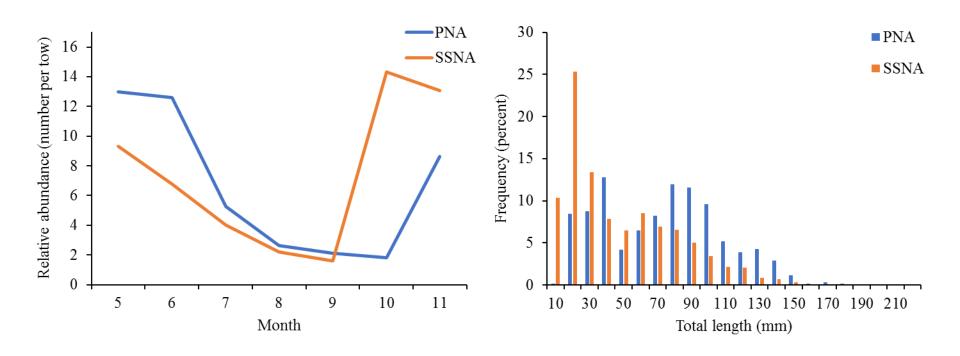


Community Analysis Example

Species	Habitat A	Habitat B
Weakfish	100	10
Atlantic croaker	90	40
Spot	110	250
Total individuals (abundance)	300	300
Total # species (species richness)	3	3



Nursery Comparisons



Atlantic Croaker (Micropogonias undulatus)



Nursery Comparisons

Summary

- Relative abundance of Atlantic croaker, southern flounder, summer flounder, and weakfish was not significantly different between SSNAs and PNAs
- Length frequency distribution was similar for target species in both nursery types
- Species richness, diversity, and evenness higher in SSNAs
- SSNAs and PNAs are ecologically similar
- Both nursery types function as essential habitat for developing sub-adult finfish and invertebrates



Crab and Peeler Trawl Participants: 2009-2019

	ASMA		Pamlico So Region		Core/Bogue to New Ri		New River state lin	
Year	Participants	Trips	Participants	Trips	Participants	Trips	Participants	Trips
2009	4	17	57	430	3	37	0	0
2010	3	11	29	143	25	150	0	0
2011	2	3	20	123	20	143	0	0
2012	3	3	9	17	5	25	0	0
2013	1	2	12	42	9	70	0	0
2014	0	0	23	58	17	165	0	0
2015	1	1	28	109	25	380	0	0
2016	2	2	20	84	23	391	0	0
2017	0	0	19	71	21	297	0	0
2018	1	1	8	10	20	168	0	0
2019	6	27	17	74	19	222	0	0
Average	2	6	22	106	17	186	0	0

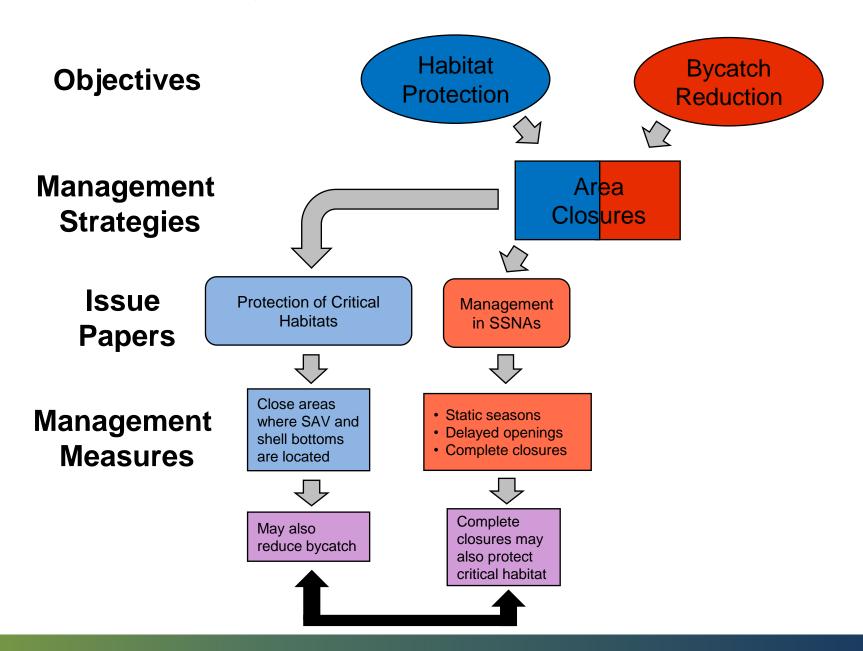
Gill Net Attendance (<5 inch stretched mesh)

Management Option	Management Requirements	Number of Waterbodies
Status quo	Attendance not required	2
	Attendance within 50 yards of shore from May 1 - November 30	2
	Attendance within 50 yards of shore from May 1 - September 30	10
	Attendance within 200 yards from shore in all waters year round	1
Static season	No change to attendance requirements	15
Change SSNA to SNA	Gill net attendance period in all waters from May 1 - November 30	2
	Extends gill net attendance period in <u>all</u> waters from May 1 - November 30	12
	No Change to Turnagain Bay	1

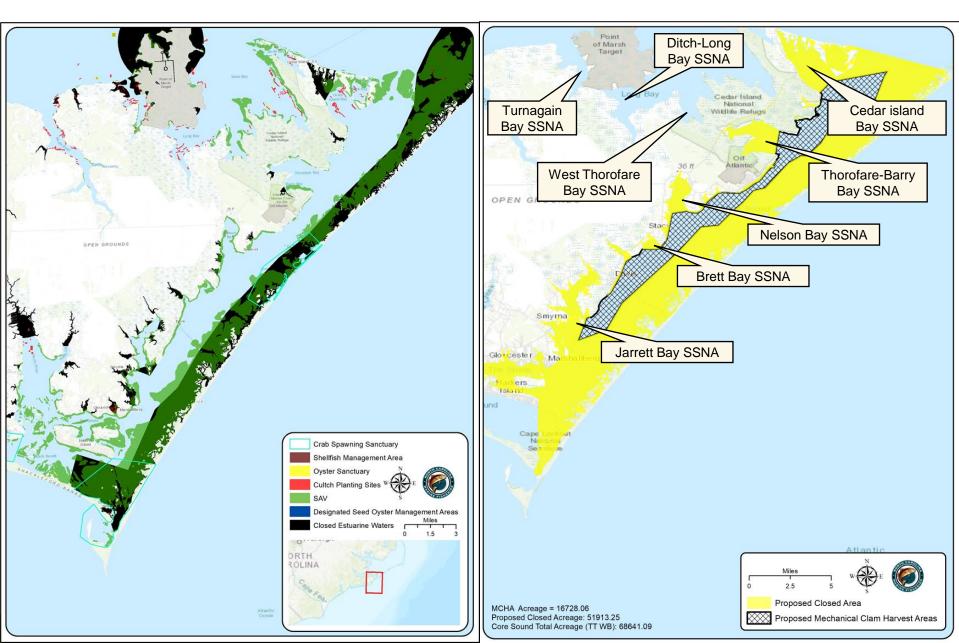
Points to consider when discussing the questions below:

- The focus of this issue paper is in the remaining 15 SSNAs.
- The goal is to reduce bycatch and provide protections on critical habitats in SSNAs.
- Management options in the Management of Shrimp Trawling for Protection of Critical Seagrass and Shell Bottom Habitats and Reducing Shrimp Trawl Bycatch Through Area Closures that Increase Connectivity Between Closed Areas issue papers may also provide additional protections on sub-adult finfish and invertebrates and should be considered in conjunction with this issue paper.
- The amount of bycatch reduction and benefits to habitat are non-quantifiable.
- Impacts to stakeholders if additional measures are implemented.

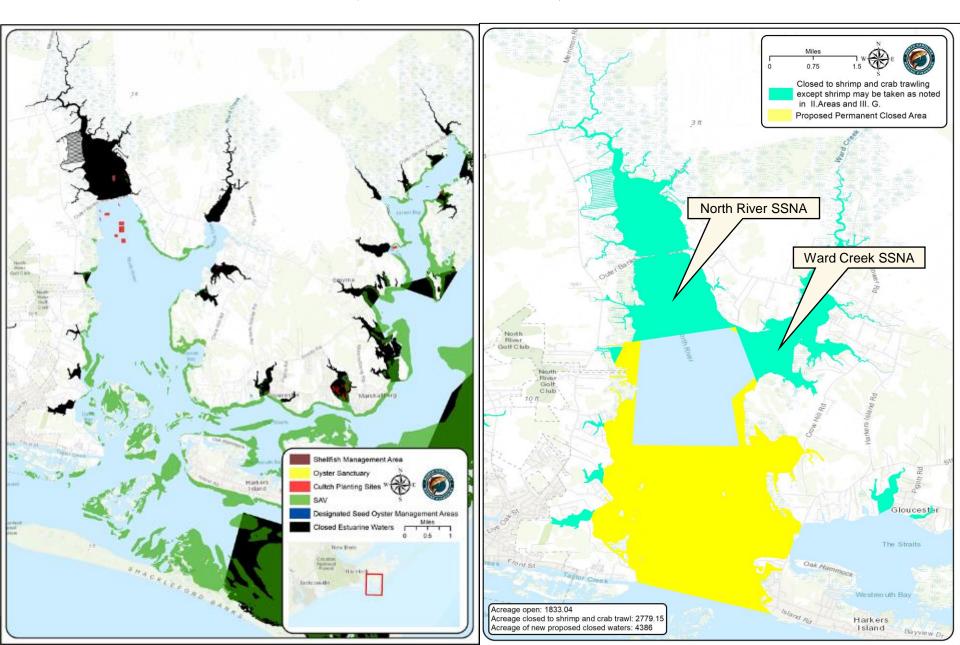
How Issues are Inter-related



Core Sound



North River



Establishing static seasons with delayed openings could reduce bycatch and allow access to larger more marketable shrimp later in the season.

 If static seasons are implemented, should different seasons be established to account for regional differences in the timing of shrimp migration?

Changing the designation of all SSNAs to permanent SNAs would prohibit all trawling in these areas and eliminate bycatch in essential habitats used by many developing finfish and invertebrates.

- How would changes in SSNA management affect the shrimp trawl industry?
- How would changes in SSNA management affect the crab trawl industry?

Changing the designation of all SSNAs to permanent SNAs would also require gill net attendance in all waters of permanent SNAs from May 1 through November 30 and would further reduce finfish bycatch.

 How would changes to the current gill net attendance requirements affect gill net fisheries in these areas?

Questions?

