

Blue Crab Fishery Management Plan Amendment 2 Traffic Light Update

DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY

Marine Fisheries

N.C. Marine Fisheries Commission | Jason Rock | Aug. 16, 2018



Traffic Light Overview

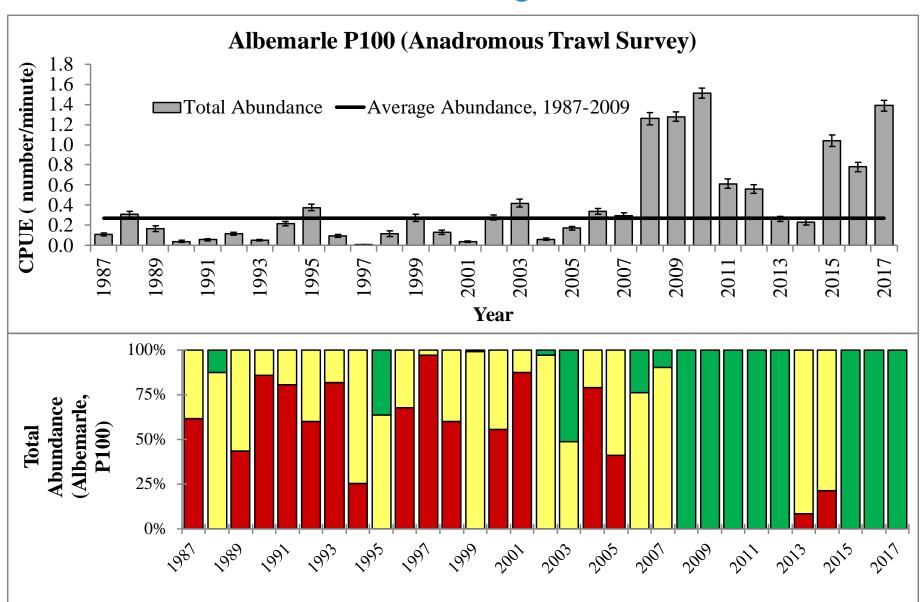
- Initially developed to reduce reliance on dataintensive stock assessment models
- More timely fisheries management decisions
- Fewer assumptions than traditional stock assessment models
- Easy to understand visual representation of data
- Not unique to North Carolina blue crab management
- Uses:
 - Invertebrate species (e.g., Northern shrimp, broadtail shortfin squid, snow crab)
 - Management trigger (e.g., Atlantic croaker, spot)



- Implemented in Amendment 2 (November 2013) and will remain in place until Amendment 3 is adopted
- The Traffic Light evaluates qualitative and quantitative indicators of the stock
- Indicators are evaluated using a set of base years
- Indicator values are assigned a green, yellow, or red "signal"

- Similar indicators combine to form characteristics
- Characteristics combine to form the Traffic Light
- Divided into three characteristics:
 - Adult Abundance
 - Recruit Abundance
 - Production







Adaptive Management Framework

- Adult Abundance and Production characteristics trigger management action
- Management Thresholds
 - 50 percent red or higher (moderate management) for three consecutive years
 - 75 percent red or higher (elevated management) for two of three consecutive years
- Recruit Abundance characteristic used to inform management if another characteristic triggers management action



Adaptive Management Plan

- When triggered, management action must be taken
- Specifies suite of management options for each characteristic at each management threshold
- Management measures must remain in place for a minimum of three years

Adaptive Management Plan

Why was the three year time frame chosen?

Marine Fisheries Commission selected three years to:

- Prevent action due to annual variability
- Prevent delaying needed action
- Take action based on short but continued negative trend

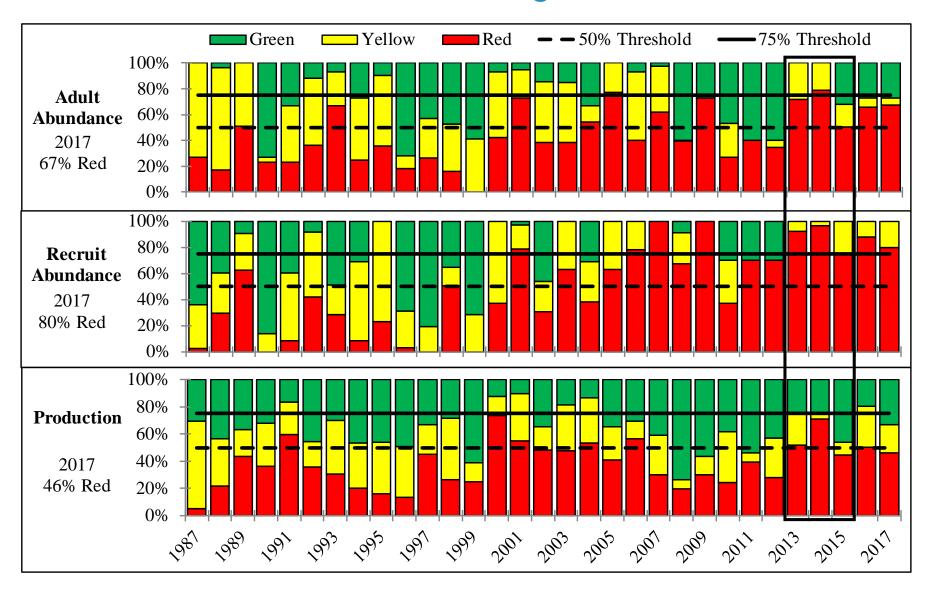


Adaptive Management Plan

Moderate management measures in place for three years:

- If characteristic falls below management trigger then measures may be relaxed
- If characteristic unchanged or above elevated trigger then elevated measures will be enacted for three years
- After second three year period if characteristic has not improved then supplement process begins

Blue Crab Traffic Light Results



Blue Crab Traffic Light Results

 Adult abundance exceeded the moderate management threshold in 2017

 Per the adaptive management plan in Amendment 2, management measures enacted in 2016 should continue



Blue Crab Traffic Light Results

Traffic Light Characteristic	Management Level	Management Action	Effective Date
Adult Abundance	Moderate	Add one cull ring to crab pots; must be within one mesh of corner of pot and one mesh of bottom of divider in the upper chamber of the pot	Jan. 15, 2017
Adult Abundance	Moderate	Eliminate harvest of v-apron immature female hard crabs (excluding peeler crabs) and include in cull tolerance	June 6, 2016
Adult Abundance	Moderate	Lower cull tolerance to 5 percent for all crabs, except mature females	June 6, 2016
Adult and Recruit Abundance	Elevated	Prohibit crab harvest with dredges except incidental to lawful oyster dredging	June 6, 2016
Recruit Abundance	Moderate	Prohibit harvest of dark sponge crabs (brown and black) during April; add dark sponge crabs to cull tolerance	June 6, 2016

Questions?





