What is allowed under the law? Homeowners can burn leaves, branches and other vegetative waste if allowed under local ordinances and no public pickup is available. Other allowable burning includes campfires, outdoor barbecues and bonfires for festive occasions. Landowners or contractors also can burn vegetation to clear land or rights-of-way, provided that:

- Prevailing winds are away from built-up areas and roads. If winds are blowing towards public roads, fires must be at least 250 feet away.
- Fires are at least 500 feet away from occupied buildings.
- Burning is done between 8 a.m. and 6 p.m., and nothing is added outside of these hours.

Other occasions where open burning is allowed – with DAQ approval – include fires for: training fire-fighting personnel; managing forest lands or wildlife habitats; controlling agricultural diseases and pests; and disposing of materials generated by hurricanes, tornadoes and other natural disasters.

You may need a permit from the N.C. Forest Service or local governments before you burn, even for allowable purposes. However, such permits do not excuse a person from following the DAQ’s open-burning rules.
Smoke Can Hurt You and Others
Why does the state have such strict rules about open burning? Because smoke and soot from outdoor fires can cause serious health problems and pollute the air. Fires also can burn out of control, destroying forests and burning down homes. Smoke from a burning trash pile contains many pollutants that can cause serious health problems and damage the environment.

Although smoke from a fire may not bother you, it could be a nuisance and serious health threat for your neighbors, particularly if they have respiratory conditions such as asthma or emphysema. Potential health effects include: lung and eye irritation, headaches, dizziness, asthma attacks, coughing and even death. For more information on the health effects of pollution from open burning, see the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency’s Web site, www.epa.gov, and do a word search for “open burning.”

Do not burn on “Air Quality Action Days,” when forecasts are Code Orange, Red or Purple. For air quality forecasts, go to www.ncair.org or call 1(888)784-6224.

Reduce, Reuse, Recycle
A lot of open burning isn’t necessary. Brush can be composted, ground up for mulch, piled up for wildlife, or just left to rot. Newspapers can be recycled. Old attic junk can be given away for someone else to reuse. By making a few sensible choices, you can reduce the amount of throw-away material you create in the first place. The possibilities are endless.

Take a look at what you’ve decided to burn. Isn’t there something else you can do with it? For more information about reducing, reusing or recycling waste, contact the Division of Environmental Assistance and Outreach at 1(877)623-6748 or www.ncenvironmentalassistance.org

Plan Ahead
You don’t need a special permit from the Division of Air Quality for allowable fires. However, you may need a permit from your town or local forest ranger. Open burning can be a nuisance, and local officials may establish rules to reduce that nuisance. Check with local officials before you burn.

Open burning more than 100 feet from your home and within 500 feet of a woodland normally requires a permit from the N.C. Forest Service. The service does not charge for permits. If you want to start an outdoor fire, contact a local forest ranger to find out if and how you can get a permit. You also may contact the Forest Service headquarters at (919) 857-4801 or visit its website, www.ncforestservice.gov/ The service is primarily concerned with fire danger, while the DAQ deals with air pollution. Following one agency’s regulations does not guarantee compliance with other agencies.

The N.C. Division of Air Quality is part of the N.C. Department of Environment and Natural Resources. The DAQ is responsible for maintaining and improving the quality of North Carolina’s air. For more information about the division and laws for protecting air quality, visit the DAQ’s website www.ncair.org or call one of our regional offices shown below.