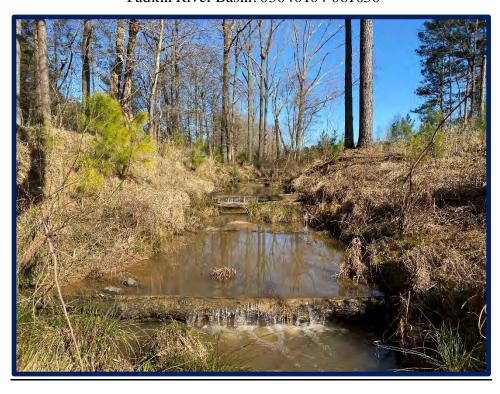
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project FINAL Year 7 Monitoring Report/Closeout Report

Anson County, North Carolina

DMS Project ID No. 95351 DEQ Contract No. 004641 USACE Action ID: SAW-2012-01108 DWR Project #14-0345 RFP #16-004108 (Issued 6/20/2011) Yadkin River Basin: 03040104-061030



Project Info: Monitoring Year: 7 of 7

Year of Data Collection: 2021

Year of Completed Construction: 2015 Submission Date: February 2022

Submitted To: NC DEQ – Division of Mitigation Services

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February 24, 2022

Kelly Phillips, Project Manager NCDEQ – Division of Mitigation Services 610 East Center Avenue – Suite 301 Mooresville, NC 28115 919-723-7565

Subject: Response to DMS Comments for Task 13 Deliverables: Year 7 Monitoring Report Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project, Anson County, Yadkin River Basin – CU# 03040104, DEO Contract No. 004641, USACE AID SAW-2012-01108, DMS Project #95351

Mr. Phillips:

Please find below our responses to the NC Division of Mitigation Services' (DMS) review comments letter dated January 19, 2022 in reference to the Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project in Anson County, NC. We have subsequently revised the Draft version of the Year 7 Monitoring Report in response to the review comments as outlined below:

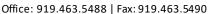
The following are our [DMS] comments on the DRAFT report:

logging encroachment resolution.

General:

- Review the closeout report requirements as you produce the Final Report.
 Response: The report has been reviewed for any additional closeout requirements. Of particular note, an additional project vegetation summary table (Table 9e) was included in Appendix C as per DMS request.
- Section 1.0 Executive Summary: Reference that the pine/sweetgum thinning and invasive treatments were actions taken consistent with the May 2021 Credit Release Meeting Notes. Also reference the three Stream Problem Areas (SPAs) discussed in the meeting and describe how they were resolved. **Response: This section was revised as requested.**
- Section 1.0 Executive Summary & 2.1.2 Hydrology: Thank you for providing the supportive flow data from the in-stream gages and including it in the Hydrology discussion.

 Response: Thank you, we appreciate the positive feedback.
- Section 1.0 Executive Summary: Please update the upcoming corrective actions to be taken for resolution of the encroachment/logging issues in the final report.
 Response: This section has been revised as requested to include a discussion of the recent
- Section 2.1 Stream Assessment: Please add discussion regarding the three stream problem areas identified in the May 2021 Credit Release Meeting Notes and add to the CCPVs is applicable.





Response: Section 2 of the report is the Methodology section and is generally reserved for a more detailed discussion of the specific monitoring procedures and protocols. As such, Baker would prefer to keep the description of the stream problem areas in the Executive Summary to reduce redundancy within the report text.

Tables and Figures:

• Figure 2D: Thank you for adding the callout to show the area of pine harvesting within the easement. **Response:** We appreciate the positive feedback.

Digital files:

- Please submit the bank repair feature as a line rather than a point.

 Response: The bank repair feature was converted to a line shapefile for GIS and provided in the revised e-file submission. Please note that these features are quite small as they were drawn as close to scale as possible and thus are only 3 or 4-ft in length.
- Please submit monitoring gauge and additional photographs.
 Response: Additional photographs (as JPEGs) have been provided in the revised e-file submission.

As requested, two hardcopies of the final version of the monitoring report are being provided with this submission along with a USB thumb drive with the revised final e-submission digital files. Please do not hesitate to contact me should you have any questions regarding our response submittal.

Sincerely,

Scott King, LSS, PWS Project Manager

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project FINAL Year 7 Monitoring Report/Closeout Report

Anson County, North Carolina

DMS Project ID No. 95351, DEQ Contract No. 004641
USACE Action ID: SAW-2012-01108, DWR Project #14-0345
Yadkin River Basin: 03040104-061030, RFP #16-004108 (Issued 6/20/2011)

Report Prepared and Submitted by Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.

NC Professional Engineering License # F-1084



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1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Michael Baker Engineering, Inc. (Baker) restored 8,213 linear feet (LF) of perennial stream, enhanced 2,481 LF of stream, and preserved 511 LF of stream along Hurricane Creek (HC) and unnamed tributaries (UT4) to Brown Creek, a 303(d) listed stream that flows through the Pee Dee National Wildlife Refuge. All of these stream features are in the warm-temperature thermal regime. Baker also planted approximately 33 acres of native riparian vegetation along the restored and enhanced reaches (Reaches HC-R1, HC-R2, and HC-R3 on the Hurricane Creek portion of the project, and UT4-R1a, UT4-R1b, UT4-R2, UT4-R3, UT4-R4a, UT4-R4b, UT4-R5a, and UT4-R5b on the unnamed tributary (UT4) portion of the project). A recorded conservation easement consisting of 43.3 acres protects and preserves all stream reaches, existing wetland areas, and riparian buffers in perpetuity. The Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project (Site) is located in Anson County, approximately four miles southeast of the Town of Ansonville (Figure 1). The Site is located in the NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) subbasin 03-07-10 and the NC Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) 03040104-061030 of the Yadkin River Basin. The project involved the restoration and enhancement of a rural piedmont stream system, which had been impaired due to past agricultural conversion and cattle grazing.

Based on the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin Restoration Priority (RBRP) Plan, the Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project area is located in an existing Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) within the Yadkin River Basin, although it is not located in a Local Watershed Planning (LWP) area. The TLW selection criteria for the Yadkin Basin specifically targets projects that will address water resource impacts from nonpoint source (NPS) pollution. The restoration strategy for the Yadkin River Basin as a whole targets projects which focus on restoring stream functions by maintaining and enhancing water quality, restoring hydrology, and improving fish and wildlife habitat.

The primary goals of the project were to improve ecologic functions to the impaired areas as described in the DMS 2009 Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee RBRP as identified below:

- Create geomorphically stable conditions along the unnamed tributaries across the site,
- Implement agricultural BMPs to reduce NPS inputs to receiving waters,
- Protect and improve water resources by reducing stream bank erosion, and nutrient and sediment inputs,
- Restore stream and floodplain interaction by connecting historic flow paths and promoting natural flood processes, and
- Restore and protect riparian buffer functions and corridor habitat in perpetuity by establishing a permanent conservation easement.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were identified:

- Restore existing incised, eroding, and channelized streams by providing them access to their relic floodplains,
- Prevent cattle from accessing the conservation easement boundary by installing permanent fencing and thus reduce excessive stream bank erosion and undesired nutrient inputs,
- Increase aquatic habitat value by providing more bedform diversity, creating natural scour pools and reducing sediment from accelerated stream bank erosion,
- Plant native species riparian buffer vegetation along stream bank and floodplain areas, protected by a permanent conservation easement, to increase stormwater runoff filtering capacity, improve stream bank stability and riparian habitat connectivity, and shade the stream to decrease water temperature,

- Improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat through improved substrate and in-stream cover, addition of woody debris, and reduction of water temperature, and
- Control invasive species vegetation within the project area and, if necessary, continue treatments during the monitoring period.

The Year 7 monitoring survey data of the fifteen cross-sections indicates that those stream sections are stable and any minor fluctuations in their geometry from previous years are within the lateral/vertical performance range. All reaches are geomorphically stable and performing as designed, as confirmed by the visual stability assessment. All stream riffle beds are vertically stable, the pools are maintaining depth, stream banks are stable and vegetating, and in-stream structures are physically intact and performing as designed. No Stream Problem Areas (SPAs) were identified. Additionally, two pebble counts were conducted in the Year 7 Monitoring, one each in riffles located along HC-R2 and UT4-R4b. Both show that the bed material size distribution has remained relatively stable as compared to all previous years, with only normal fluctuations observed (though UT4 appears to have slightly coarsened over time). This indicates that sediment is moving through the system and the channels are stable and experiencing neither degradation nor aggradation. Pebble count data can be found in Appendix D.

Based on the Year 7 vegetation plot monitoring data collected during August and September of 2021, the average planted stem density is 556 stems per acre, with individual plots varying between 324 and 728 stems per acre. Thus, the vegetation data demonstrate that the project as a whole has met the minimum success criteria of 210 trees per acre by the end of Year 7.

Stream flow for the restored channels was recorded for 2021 through the use of three in-stream flow gauges (pressure transducers) located along reaches UT4-R4b (gauge BTFL1), UT4-R1b (gauge BTFL2), and HC-R1 (gauge HCFL1). The flow gauges documented seasonal flow for Year 7 in these reaches of 92, 118, and 131 consecutive days respectively as shown in Figure 5 and Table 12 in Appendix E. The flow gauges demonstrated similar flow events relative to recorded rainfall events as demonstrated in the gauge graphs in Appendix E. As Figure 6 shows, rainfall for the previous year totaled 33.3 in, which is well below the historic average (46.7 in) but above the 30% probable (29.3 in) for Anson County. Based on visual observations of each of these reaches during field visits throughout the monitoring phase (especially during the winter and spring) along with the instream flow data and the flow camera photographs from UT4-R4, Baker has every confidence that these reaches transport substantial seasonal flow and should certainly qualify as jurisdictional streams.

Two bankfull crest gauges are located in the floodplains along UT4-R2 and HC-R2. During Year 7 monitoring, the crest gauge on HC-R2 documented one post-construction bankfull event of 1.65 ft on 3/28/21, as corroborated by the HCFL1 flow gauge recorded on that same date. The crest gauge on UT4-R2 also documented one bankfull event of 1.75 ft on 2/15/21. The two in-stream flow gauges located on UT4-R4 and UT4-R1 corroborate this finding as well. Complete project crest gauge readings are presented in Table 13 in Appendix E, as are the corroborating flow gauge graphs. As Table 13 details, the project has documented a total of 11 bankfull events at Hurricane Creek (with at least one occurring in each of the 7 monitoring years) and 9 bankfull events at UT4 (occurring within 6 of the monitoring years). Thus, the project has more than met the stated performance criteria of 2 bankfull events in separate years.

Previously during MY6 site inspections in November 2020, several beaver dams were discovered on both portions of the project. A professional beaver wildlife specialist was employed to trap the beaver prior to his demolition of each of the dams with explosives and hand raking to remove the debris in March 2021 (see photographs in Appendix B). Fortunately, the vast majority of the vegetation used for the dams was the adjacent black willow, which is present in abundance and naturally regrows well. Subsequent field inspections revealed that no further beaver activity has been noted since that time.

A few areas of previously identified invasive Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinsense*) were also treated at Hurricane Creek in March of 2021. The areas of scattered privet totaled approximately 0.41 acres and were found along the upper right buffer of HC-R1 and upper left buffer of HC-R3 as shown in the CCPV. However, additional scattered resprouts were observed during September and November 2021 field inspections, and a Vegetation Problem Area is reported for Year 7 consisting of three areas totaling 0.57 acres of privet. Much of these areas overlap with previously treated areas. In some cases, new resprouts were observed, but it mostly appears that previously treated privet has survived. Poor weather following the treatment likely reduced the impact of the treatment. These areas will be fully treated again in the spring of 2022 prior to project closeout.

Previously during MY6 site inspections in 2020, notable numbers of loblolly pine (*Pinus taeda*) and sweetgum (*Liquidambar styraciflua*) were observed scattered throughout portions of the left buffer of UT4-R3 and upper left buffer of UT4-R2, totaling roughly 0.9 acres. In March and November 2021, the pines and sweetgum in these areas were substantially thinned, in accordance with the May 2021 Credit Release meeting notes. Please see the CCPV in Appendix B for the locations of all these areas. Future field inspections prior to closeout will continue to note any significant locations of pines and sweetgum and thin as needed.

There were also two areas of easement encroachment identified during the Year 7 inspection as shown on the CCPV. The first is a small area (0.05 ac) along the outer buffer of UT4-R2 where an adjacent landowner's logging operation went one row two far into the Conservation Easement in August 2021 before spotting the posted signage and painted trees. The loggers cut down roughly seven large pine trees and five smaller trees (simply to access the pines) that were part of the existing mature woods within the easement along a sliver roughly 100-ft long by 20-ft wide (at the widest point). Upon spotting the signs, they contacted landowners who eventually directed them to Baker. After an extensive discussion and field meeting and follow up communications with the company's boundary marking staff, it appears that while the property plat they were using was correct (as per the assessment of Brad Kee of Kee Mapping and Surveying), when they physically marked the logging boundary in the field prior to cutting they just repainted over old markings from many years ago. These old markings were accurate along the easternmost edge of the common parcel boundary, but it slowly veered off from the correct boundary, eventually leading to a roughly 20-ft variance within the easement. They appeared to have followed an old fenceline on the assumption that it followed the entire length of the parcel boundary precisely, which it clearly did not. This conclusion has been accepted by all parties, and a written statement was received from the adjacent landowner and their timber company representative acknowledging that the boundary as marked in the field is correct and stating that this area will be not be timbered in the future (a copy of which is in Appendix A). The State Property Office (SPO) was made aware of this issue during their site walkover in October 2021 and our proposed rectification was made with their input and approval. This section of the easement boundary was marked with several more posts and signs in January 2022 and was replanted with 20, 7-gal hardwood trees consisting of 10 white oaks (Quercus alba), 5 willow oaks (Quercus phellos), and 5 northern red oaks (Quercus rubra) in February of 2022. Additionally, the SPO sent a certified letter to the landowners of the easement upon which the logging encroachment occurred explaining the situation to them and outlining the corrective measures to be taken by Baker, though it should be noted that they were not the party responsible for the logging. Photographs of the encroachment and replanting can be found in Appendix B and a copy of the SPO certified letter to the landowner can be found in Appendix A.

The second encroachment was a hunting stand (roughly 8-ft by 8-ft at the base) placed just inside the easement on upper UT4-R5b. This stand was subsequently removed in January of 2022, after the Draft MY7 report had already been submitted. Photographs of the stand and its removal can be found in Appendix B.

Additionally, there were three small areas of bank erosion/scour on the UT4 portion of the project noted in the previous MY6 report that were repaired in the fall of 2021 and done in accordance with the May 2021 Credit Release meeting discussion of the areas. Two were short sections of bank (~4-ft long) on lower UT4-R2 below

log vane structures where it appeared storms had impacted the established herbaceous vegetation growing along the bank leaving exposed bare soil. These two sections had erosion control matting installed over the bare areas and livestakes placed within them. The third area was a section of bank (~3-ft long) beside a log weir on lower UT4-R1b where bank scour had resulted in bypass flow around the structure. The scoured area was backfilled with soil, filter fabric was installed over the soil, and larger rocks were placed on top to secure the repair. To be clear, these were small repair efforted that were all entirely completed by hand so no machinery had to be brought onto the site. Subsequent inspections in January 2022 revealed that these areas appeared be stable and functioning well.

In summation, the past 7 monitoring years have demonstrated that the Brown Creek Tributaries project has met the performance standards and success criteria for vegetation, stream flow, and channel stability. The vegetation plot data shows that over the 7 years there has been overall consistent vegetation density, height, and vigor throughout the site. The only areas of concern noted during the monitoring phase were over a relatively small portion of the total project buffer and have been successfully ameliorated. The as-built stem density averaged 804 stems/acre and after 7 years the stem density averaged 556 stems/acre. This meets the closeout success criteria and demonstrates that the site has established good vegetation within its riparian buffer. The stream flow gauges on HC-R1, UT4-R1b, and UT4-R4b have demonstrated substantial seasonal flow throughout the monitoring phase. Finally, the cross-sections throughout the 7 monitoring years show channel stability with no incision/erosion or aggradation, with all their final morphological parameters within an appropriate performance range. Additional photographs have also been provided in Appendix B for both Hurricane Creek and UT4 showing photographs from As-Built and MY7 for historic comparisons. They show stream stability and vegetation establishment.

Summary information/data related to the Site and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report Appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report and in the Mitigation Plan available on the North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (DMS) website. Any raw data supporting the tables and figures in the Appendices are available from DMS upon request.

2.0 METHODOLOGY

The seven-year monitoring plan for the Site includes criteria to evaluate the success of the stream and vegetation components of the project. The methodology and report template used to evaluate these components adheres to the DMS monitoring report template guidance document Version 1.3 (dated January 15, 2010), which will continue to serve as the template for subsequent monitoring years. The vegetation monitoring quadrants follow CVS-DMS monitoring levels 1 and 2 in accordance with CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.1 (2007).

Stream survey data was collected to a minimum of Class C Vertical and Class A Horizontal Accuracy using a Leica TS06 Total Station and was georeferenced to the NAD83 State Plane Coordinate System, FIPS3200 in US Survey Feet, which was derived from the As-built Survey. This survey system collects point data with an accuracy of less than one tenth of a foot.

The specific locations of monitoring features, such as permanent vegetation plots, permanent cross-sections, flow gauges, and crest gauges are shown on the CCPV (Figure 2) found in Appendix B.

The Year 7 vegetation data was collected in August and September of 2021, while the cross-section survey data was collected in September of 2021. Visual site assessment data found in Appendix B was primarily collected in March, September, and November of 2021, unless noted otherwise.

2.1 Stream Assessment

The project involved the restoration and enhancement of a rural piedmont stream system, which had been impaired due to past agricultural conversion and cattle grazing. Restoration practices involved raising the existing streambed and reconnecting the stream to the relic floodplain to restore natural flood regimes to the system. The existing channels abandoned within the restoration areas were partially to completely filled to decrease surface and subsurface drainage and to raise the local water table. Permanent cattle exclusion fencing was provided around all proposed reaches and riparian buffers in which cattle previously had access.

2.1.1 Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability

A longitudinal profile was surveyed for the entire length of each channel after construction to document the as-built baseline monitoring conditions (Year 0) only. Annual longitudinal profiles will not be conducted during subsequent monitoring years unless channel instability has been documented or remedial actions/repairs are required by the US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) or DMS.

Cross-sections were classified using the Rosgen Stream Classification System (Rosgen 1994) and all monitored cross-sections fall within the quantitative parameters defined for channels of their design stream type. Cross-sections were also compared to all previous cross-section survey data to evaluate changes between construction and the current condition. Morphological survey data is presented in Appendix D.

Particle size distribution assessments (pebble counts) were conducted using the modified Wolman method as described in Applied River Morphology (Rosgen, 1996). Two pebble counts were conducted in MY7 and can be found in Appendix D.

2.1.2 Hydrology

To document seasonal flow in restored intermittent channels, two in-stream automated flow gauges (pressure transducers) were installed on the UT4 site (in UT4-R1b and UT4-R4b), and one was installed on the HC site (in HC-R1). Success criteria are established in the mitigation plan and all flow and photographic data collected on site are considered supportive data. The recorded flow data and observed rainfall graphs for each gauge, along with the flow gauge success summary table are all located in Appendix E.

The occurrence of bankfull events within the monitoring period are documented by the use of two cork crest gauges, water level readings from the three installed flow gauges, flow camera photographs, as well as by any visual evident observed in the floodplains. One cork crest gauge is installed at bankfull elevation along on HC-R2 and a second cork crest gauge is installed along UT4-R2. The flow camera is installed on UT4-R4b at the in-stream flow gauge location along that reach. The Flow camera photographs and any visual evidence of bankfull events are found in Appendix B, while all project crest gauge readings are presented in Table 13 in Appendix E.

2.1.3 Photographic Documentation

Reference photograph transects were taken at each permanent cross-section during the survey work in September 2021. The survey tape was centered in the photographs of the bank. The water line was located in the lower edge of the frame, and as much of the bank as possible is included in each photograph.

Representative photographs for the Year 7 monitoring were taken during site visits for the Hurricane Creek and UT4 portions of the project in March 2021. Vegetation plot photographs were taken at the time of their sampling in August and September 2021.

A stream flow camera is located along UT4-R4b at the location of the in-stream flow gauge to provide further documentation of seasonal flow and photographs show water in the channel throughout the winter and spring of 2021, confirming the results collected from the in-stream flow gauge found in the same location.

The photographs of all stream reaches, flow camera photos, monitoring gauges (both crest and flow gauges), stream and/or vegetation problem areas (if applicable), as well as photos of any previous stream or vegetation maintenance issues are all located in Appendix B.

2.2 Vegetation Assessment

In order to determine if the criteria are achieved, vegetation-monitoring quadrants were installed and are monitored across the restoration site in accordance with the CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.1 (Lee et. al. 2007) and the CVS-DMS data entry tool v 2.3.1 (CVS 2012). The vegetation monitoring plots were established randomly throughout the planted riparian buffer areas of UT4 and HC as per Monitoring Levels 1 and 2. The size of each individual quadrants are 100 square meters for woody tree species.

Based on the Year 7 vegetation plot monitoring data collected during August and September of 2021, the average planted stem density is 556 stems per acre. Thus, the vegetation data demonstrate that the project as a whole is meeting the minimum success criteria of 210 trees per acre by the end of Year 7.

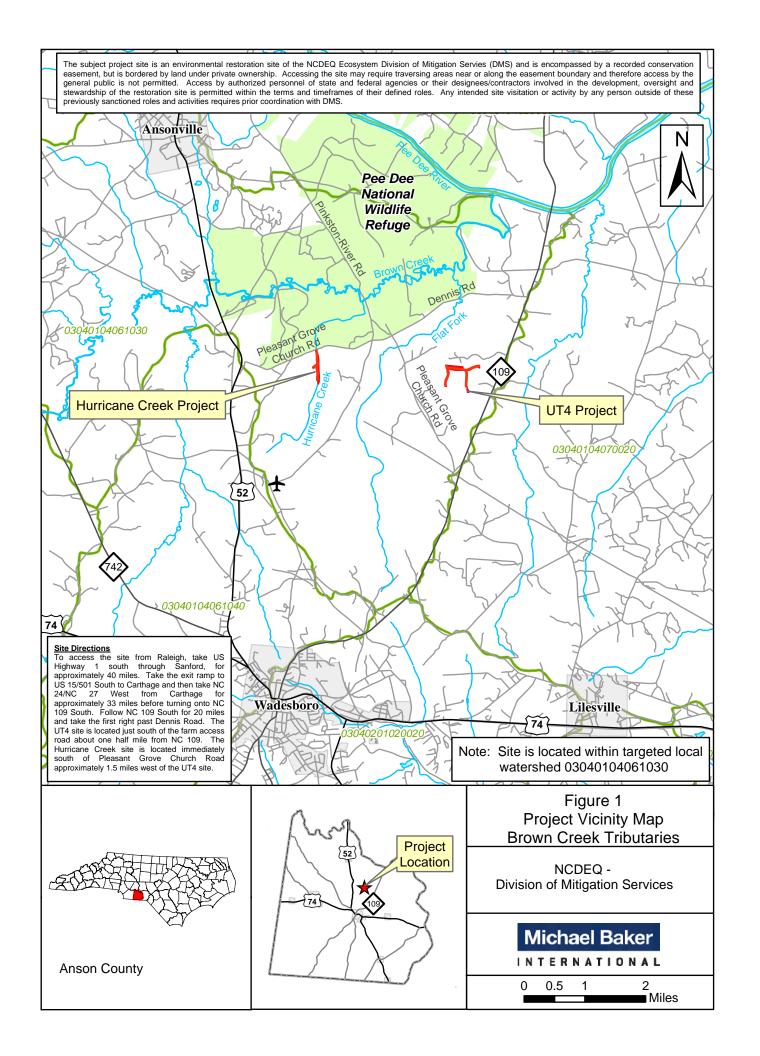
Complete Year 7 vegetation assessment information is provided in Appendix C.

3.0 REFERENCES

- Carolina Vegetation Survey (CVS) and NC Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS). 2012. CVS-NCDMS Data Entry Tool v. 2.3.1. University of North Carolina, Raleigh, NC.
- Lee, M., Peet R., Roberts, S., Wentworth, T. 2007. CVS-DMS Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.1.
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). 2011. Monitoring Requirements and Performance Standards for Stream and/or Wetland Mitigation. November 7, 2011.
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). 2010. Procedural Guidance and Content Requirements for DMS Annual Monitoring Reports. Version 1.3 (1/15/2010)
- North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (DMS). 2009. Lower Yadkin-Pee Dee River Basin Restoration Priorities (RBRP) Plan. Updated January 2009.
- Rosgen, D.L. 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildlands Hydrology. Pagosa Springs, CO.

Appendix A

Project Vicinity Map, Background Tables and Files



					Mitiga	ation Credi	ts			
	Stream	ı (Warm)	Riparian We	etland	Non	-riparian Wet	land	Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorus Nutrient Offse
Type	R	RE								
Totals	9,663.266	102.200			Desciona	. C	-4-			
			1		Project	t Componer	ııs	Restoration/ Restoration		Т
Project (Component o	Reach ID	Stationing/ Location ¹	0	Footage/ ge (LF)	Аррі	roach	Equivalent Credits (SMU) from Mitigation Plan ²	As-Built Restoration Footage or Acreage (LF)	Mitigation Ratio
	HC-R1		10+00 - 30+43	1,8	396	Resto	ration	2,035.000	2,043	1:1
	HC-R2		30+43 - 30+52 & 30+82 - 44+67	1,2	288	Resto	ration	1,366.000	1,394	1:1
	HC-R3		10+36 - 16+00	5'	79	Enhancem	ent Level II	231.600	564	2.5:1
	UT4-R1a		10+00 - 15+18	_	11	Preservation		102.200	511	5:1
	UT4-R1b		11+07 - 19+64	9	06	Resto	ration	849.000	858	1:1
	UT4-R2		19+64 - 21+11 & 21+42 - 38+23	1,6	573	Restoration		1,827.000	1,828	1:1
	UT4-R3		28+92 - 31+42	24	44	Resto	ration	227.000	250	1:1
	UT4-R4a		10+00 - 13+96	3	95	Resto	ration	395.000	396	1:1
	UT4-R4b		14+28 - 25+23 & 25+43 - 28+92	1,3	392	Resto	ration	1,452.000	1,444	1:1
	UT4-R5a		09+44 - 13+35	3	86	Enhancem	ent Level I	257.333	391	1.5:1
	UT4-R5b		14+40 - 30+22	1,5	535		ent Level I	1,023.333	1,582	1.5:1
						ent Summa				
estoration	Level		Stream (LF)		rian Wetland		Non-ri	parian Wetland (AC)	Buffer (SF)	Upland (AC)
	D		0.242	Riverine	Non-R	liverine				
	Restoration		8,213							
	Enhancement		1,973 564							
	Preservation		564							
	1 ICSCI VALIOI	1	311		RMI	P Elements				
lement		Location	Purpose/Function		Notes	Licincints				
			P unemon							

¹ All powerline easements and cattle/vehicular crossings were excluded from the conservation easement boundary and so no credit reductions are associated with those features.

² The SMU credit numbers used here were taken indirectly from the mitigation plan as per DMS/IRT instruction, and vary from those presented in earlier monitoring reports. Although these decimal values were not directly presented in the mitigation plan (which only used rounded, whole numbers), the spreadsheet originally created to determine those credits was used to generate these decimal values. The mitigation plan credit numbers were used here to address the differences between the anticipated credits found in the mitigation plan and the final credits reported in the baseline/as-built report, obstensibly a result of survey differences between the use of stream centerline versus thalweg values.

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History							
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project No I	D. 95351						
Activity or Report	Scheduled	Data Collection	Actual Completion				
	Completion	Complete	or Delivery				
Mitigation Plan Prepared	N/A	N/A	Jan-14				
Mitigation Plan Amended	N/A	N/A	Mar-14				
Mitigation Plan Approved	Nov-13	N/A	Jun-14				
Final Design – (at least 90% complete)	N/A	N/A	Jun-14				
Construction Begins	Sep-13	Nov-14					
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area	Jul-14	N/A	May-15				
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area	Jul-14	N/A	May-15				
Planting of live stakes	Jul-14	N/A	May-15 1				
Planting of bare root trees	Jul-14	N/A	May-15 1				
End of Construction	Jul-14	N/A	May-15				
Survey of As-built conditions (Year 0 Monitoring-baseline)	Jul-14	Jul-15	Jul-15				
Baseline Monitoring Report	Feb-15	Jul-15	Nov-16 ²				
Year 1 Monitoring	Dec-15	Feb-16 ³	Jan-17				
Year 2 Monitoring	Dec-16	Nov-16	Jan-17				
Privet treated: HC-R3	Treated September		Jan-17				
Stream repairs: Crossing rebuilt on lower UT4-R4b, 3 riffles rebuilt along UT4-R2, J-hook replacement on UT4-R3, bank maintenance/repair on UT4-R2, UT4-R3, and UT4-R5a	Repairs made in Ju	nne 2016					
Year 3 Monitoring	Dec-17	Nov-17	Nov-17				
Stream repairs: Eroding banks regraded & geolifts rebuilt on UT-R2 (Station 31+75), and on UT4-R4b (Station 23+20)	Repairs made Mar	ch 2017					
Supplemental planting on upper UT4-R4b	Replanted in Janua	ary 2017					
Privet treated: HC-R3	Treated January 20						
Year 4 Monitoring	Dec-18	Oct-18	Dec-18				
Supplemental planting on upper HC-R2, UT4-R2	Conducted in Marc	ch 2018					
Privet treated on upper HC-R1 and lower UT4-R4b	Treated March 201	18					
Pines/sweetgum thinned on UT4-R4b and UT4-R2	Thinned in June 20	018					
Year 5 Monitoring	Dec-19	Nov-19	Feb-20 (Final)				
Low vigor planted stems fertilized on HC-R1	Fertilized in March	n and October 2019	, ,				
Year 6 Monitoring	Dec-20	Nov-20	Jan-21 (Final)				
Low vigor planted stems fertilized on HC-R1	Fertilized in April	and October 2020					
Pines thinned on HC-R1 and UT4-R2	Thinned in April 2						
Supplemental planting on HC-R2, UT4-R2, & UT4-R4	Conducted in February 2020						
Year 7 Monitoring	Dec-21	Sep-21	Feb-22 (Final)				
Privet treated on Upper HC-R1 and HC-R3	Treated in March 2021						
Repairs made to sections of unstable bank at UT4	Repairs made in September 2021						
Pines/sweetgum thinned on UT4-R2 and UT4-R3	Thinned in March and November 2021						

¹ All of HC and Reaches R1, R2, and R5 for UT4 were planted in March 2015, while Reaches R3 and R4 were planted in mid-May 2015 for UT4.

² As-built / Baseline Report submission was delayed due to conservation easement adjustment issues.

³ Veg plot monitoring was conducted in Nov 2015, while survey data was collected in Feb 2016 to ensure 180 days between the As-Built and MY1 surveys.

Table 3. Project Contacts Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Pr	roject: DMS Project ID No. 95351
Designer	•
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd, Suite 201
Witchael Baker Engineering, me.	Asheville, NC 28806
	Contact:
	Scott King, Tel. 828-412-6102
Construction Contractor	
	114 W. Main St.
River Works, Inc.	Clayton, NC 27520
	<u>Contact:</u>
	Stephen Carroll, Tel. 919-428-8368
Planting Contractor	
	114 W. Main St.
River Works, Inc.	Clayton, NC 27520
	<u>Contact:</u>
	Stephen Carroll, Tel. 919-428-8368
Seeding Contractor	
	114 W. Main St.
River Works, Inc.	Clayton, NC 27520
	Contact:
	Stephen Carroll, Tel. 919-428-8368
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resources, Tel. 336-855-6363
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Mellow Marsh Farm, 919-742-1200
	ArborGen, 843-528-3204
Monitoring Performers	
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd, Suite 201 Asheville, NC 28806
	Contact:
Stream Monitoring Point of Contact	Scott King, Tel. 828-412-6102
Vegetation Monitoring Point of Contact	Scott King, Tel. 828-412-6102

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project Stream M	itigation Plan - DMS Project No. 95	351				
	Project Information					
Project Name	Brown Creek Tributaries Resto	oration Project	– Hurricane Creek			
County	Anson					
Project Area (acres)	14.1					
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)	35.0498 N, -80.0665 W					
	Watershed Summary Informati	ion				
Physiographic Province	Piedmont					
Geologic Unit	Triassic Basin					
River Basin	Yadkin					
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit and 14-digit	03040104 / 03040104061030					
NCDWR Sub-basin	03-07-10					
Project Drainage Area (acres)	1,383					
Project Drainage Area Percentage Impervious	2%					
CGIA / NCEEP Land Use Classification	2.01.01.01, 2.03.01, 2.99.01, 3.	.02 / Forest (6	9%) Agriculture (15%	6) Impervious Cover (2%)		
	Stream Reach Summary Informa	ation				
Parameters	HC-R1		HC-R2	HC-R3		
Length of Reach (linear feet)	1,347		1,384	546		
Valley Classification (Rosgen)	VII		VII	VII		
Drainage Area (acres)	1,077		1,383	119		
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	26.5		31	23		
NCDWR Water Resources Classification			Class C			
Morphological Description (Rosgen stream type)	Incised E		Incised E	G/Incised Bc		
Evolutionary Trend	Incised	Inci	sed E → G → F	Incised B \rightarrow G \rightarrow F		
Underlying Mapped Soils	ChA		ChA	CrB		
Drainage Class	Somewhat poorly drained	Somewh	nat poorly drained	Moderately well drained		
Soil Hydric Status	Hydric		Hydric	Non-Hydric		
Average Channel Slope (ft/ft)	0.0035		0.0024	0.0108		
FEMA Classification	Zone AE		Zone AE	Zone AE		
Native Vegetation Community		Piedmo	ont Small Stream			
Percent Composition of Exotic/Invasive Vegetation	<5%		<5%	<5%		
•	Regulatory Considerations					
Regulation	Applicable	Resolved	Supporting Docum	nentation		
Waters of the United States – Section 404	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion	on (Appendix B)		
Waters of the United States – Section 401	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)			
Endangered Species Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion	on (Appendix B)		
Historic Preservation Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion	on (Appendix B)		
Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion			
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion			
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion			

Table 4b. Project Attribute Information - UT4 (Pre-	· ·	D.,			
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project Stream		Information			
Project Name	Brown Creek Tributa		ect – UT4		
County	Anson	<u>-</u>			
Project Area (acres)	29.2				
Project Coordinates (latitude and longitude)	35.0477 N, -80.0274	W			
110jeet Coordinates (minate and longitude)		mary Information			
Physiographic Province	Piedmont				
River Basin	Yadkin				
USGS Hydrologic Unit 8-digit and 14-digit	03040104 / 03040104	061030			
DWR Sub-basin	03-07-10				
Project Drainage Area (acres)	974				
Project Drainage Area Percent Impervious	<2%				
CGIA / NCEEP Land Use Classification		.99.01. 3.02 / Forest	(69%) Agricult	ure (15%) Impervious Cove	r (<2%)
CONTY TODAY BANK OSC CHASSITIONION		mmary Information	\ / U	(, , , -	(=,,,)
Parameters	UT4-R1	UT4-R2	UT4-R3	UT4-R4	UT4-R5
Length of Reach (linear feet)	1,417	1,627	242	1,716	1,564
Valley Classification (Rosgen)	VII	VII	VII	VII	VII
Drainage Area (acres)	218	706	974	267	452
NCDWR Stream Identification Score	28.5	29	32	26	23.5
NCDWR Water Resources Classification	20.0	2,	Cla	ss C	20.0
Morphological Description (Rosgen stream type)	F/G	Incised E	G	G	Incised Bc / C
Evolutionary Trend	Incised E \rightarrow Gc \rightarrow F	$Bc \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$	Bc→G→F	Incised $E \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$	Incised $E \rightarrow G \rightarrow F$
Underlying Mapped Soils	ChA	ChA	ChA	ChA, MaB	ChA
	Somewhat poorly	Somewhat poorly	Somewhat po	orly Somewhat poorly	Moderately well
Drainage Class	drained	drained	drained	drained	drained
Soil Hydric Status	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric	Hydric
Average Channel Slope (ft/ft)	0.0077	0.0053	0.0009	0.0073	0.0038
FEMA Classification	N/A	Zone AE	Zone AE	Zone AE	N/A
Native Vegetation Community			Piedmont Small		
Percent Composition of Exotic/Invasive Vegetation	<5%	<5%	<5%	<5%	<5%
	Regulatory	Considerations			
Regulation		Applicable	Resolved	Supporting Documentati	on
Waters of the United States – Section 404		Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Ap	
Waters of the United States – Section 401		Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Ap	
Endangered Species Act	No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Ap	,	
Historic Preservation Act		No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Appendix B)	
Coastal Area Management Act (CAMA)		No	N/A	Categorical Exclusion (Ap	. , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
FEMA Floodplain Compliance		Yes	Yes	Categorical Exclusion (Ap	A

Timber Encroachment Documents





February 7, 2021

Mr. Scott King Michael Baker International Ecosystem Restoration Group 797 Haywood Road, Suite 201 Asheville, North Carolina 28806

Mr. King:

After thorough investigation by my field manager, Milliken Advisors, we acknowledge that the southern boundary line of my Client's property (CNC 6632, Anson County, North Carolina) was incorrectly painted. This error of six or seven feet resulted in our logger cutting several trees across the actual line during a recent timber harvest.

Thank you for installing new fence posts and signs along the line that we have agreed upon. We will endevour to respect this correctly marked line and not log across it in the future.

Our current timber type map is attached with the subject line noted.

Sincerely,

Scott T. Ashworth

Asset Manager

cc: Matt Kearse; Milliken Advisors

BOUNDARY LINE SUBSECT

32°2'SE"

32,5,50.

AMERICAN FOREST

T.J. Jr. & Helen Ingram

IMAGE MAP

Client: OFP 2-BTG Pactual OEF Property 2 Tract:

CNC

ROY COOPER Governor ELIZABETH S. BISER Secretary MARC RECKTENWALD Director



NOTICE OF VIOLATION

January 28, 2022

VIA CERTIFIED MAIL # 7009 2250 0000 8087 7551 Email to: Scott.King@mbakerintl.com

Linda Hatem 1500 Turtlewood Drive Waxhaw, NC 28173

Re: Trespass and Injury to Conservation Easement

95351 Brown Creek Tributaries Project

Anson County

Dear Ms. Hatem,

In December 2013 the State of North Carolina acquired a conservation easement on your property for the purposes of protecting streams, wetlands, and forested riparian buffers. This easement protects the State's interest in the 95351 Brown Creek Tributaries mitigation site and restricts certain activities on the property. For reference the easement and plat are recorded in the Anson County Register of Deeds:

Original Owner	Reference	Date	SPO File No.
Louis Edward Hatem et al	Deed Book 1054, Page 122-134	12/19/2013	04-B
(Now listed at Anson County Tax office as HATEM CARLTON LINDA)	Plat Book 300, Page 9-12	12/19/2013	

During a routine site inspection on or around October 14, 2021, the State's Division of Mitigation staff observed approximately 0.05 acres of timber had been harvested within the easement area. The conservation easement recorded with the Anson County Register of Deeds describes prohibited and restricted activities in Section II. Grantors Reserved Uses and Restricted Activities. Specifically, the following activities are restricted or prohibited:

- per paragraph C. Vegetative Cutting Except as related to the removal of diseased or damaged trees and vegetation that obstructs, destabilizes or renders unsafe the Easement Area to persons or natural habitat.
 All cutting, removal, mowing, harming or destruction of any trees and vegetation in the Easement Area is prohibited.
- Per paragraph N. Disturbance of Natural Features Any change, disturbance, alteration or impairment of the natural features of the Easement Area or any intentional introduction of non-native plants, trees and/or animal species is prohibited.

As the landowner of the property subject to this conservation easement, it is your responsibility to ensure all easement requirements and restrictions are adhered to. If you do not cease and desist performing or allowing



these activities in the conservation easement area, legal action may be instituted to enjoin ongoing or future violations and to seek recovery of damages incurred as a result of these violations.

On 01/05/2022 a contractor for the NC Division of Mitigation Services, Baker Engineering, sent an email to us acknowledging the timber encroachment and proposed an outline of remedial activities. These remedial actions are based on the conversations Baker held with Matt Kearse of Milliken Forestry Co working for American Timberland II, LLC. We understand a resolution in principle has been discussed and encourage a consensual remediation by all parties. We further support the leadership of this effort by our contractor representative, Scott King, with Baker Engineering. If Milliken Forestry Co agrees to work with Baker Engineering at a cost agreed by the two parties to remedy damages, we will consider this resolved. To be clear, you are the landowner and responsible for realizing the successful implementation of the outlined proposal below:

- Michael Baker International will develop a planting and remediation plan to
 ensure the impacted area is reforested consistent with the surrounding natural vegetation.
 Please see references cited at the end of this letter for more information on this topic. Baker Engineering
 will draft the plan which will be reviewed and approved by the DMS project manager.
- 2. The plants shall consist of 5 or 7 gallon specimens.
- 3. Michael Baker International will improve the marking along the boundary line to prevent any future similar occurrence. Spacing of the marking shall not exceed 100 ft and will adhere to the current standards of boundary marking for DMS.

I appreciate your cooperation in respecting the State's property rights enumerated in the conservation easement and the State's right to restrict agricultural activities within the easement area. Per conservation easement *Section IV. Enforcement and Remedies, paragraph A. Enforcement,* you have 90 days from the date of this letter to remedy this violation

You may contact me by email or phone if you have any questions regarding this letter or would like to discuss this matter in more detail.

Sincerely,

Melonie Allen

Melonie Allen Division of Mitigation Services NC Department of Environmental Quality 1652 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1652

Phone: 919- 368-9352 Melonie.Allen@ncdenr.gov

References:

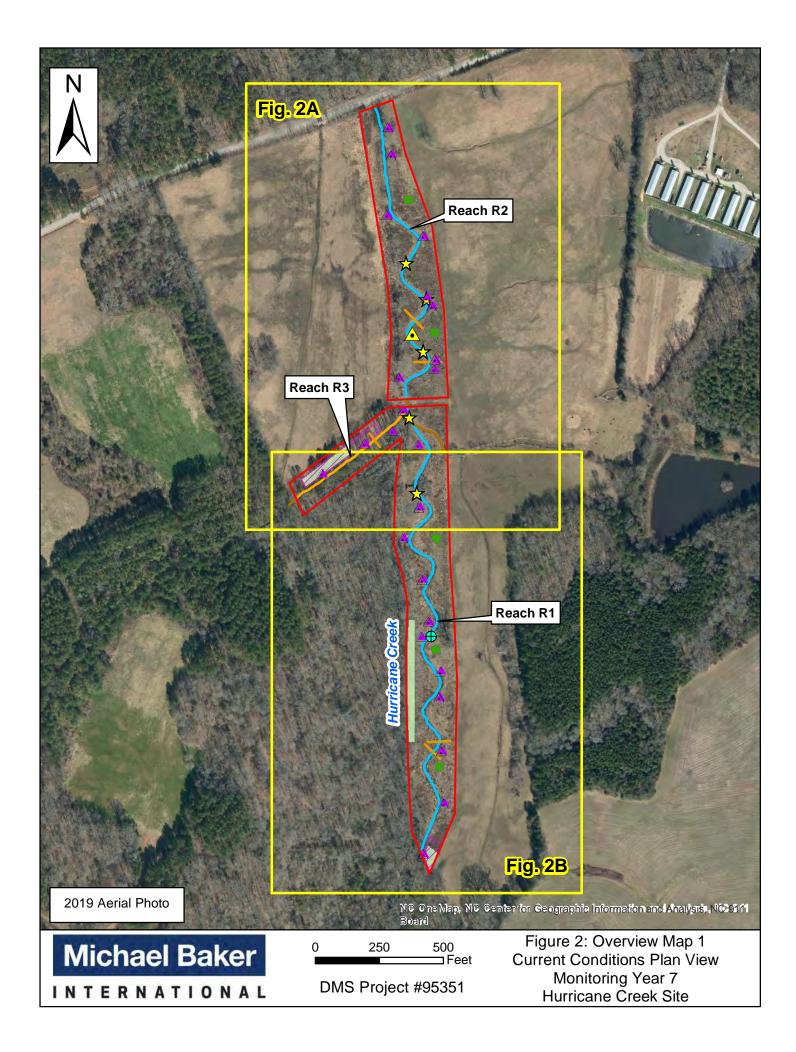
- Preventing Timber Trespass and Theft in North Carolina, NC State University Cooperative Extension https://content.ces.ncsu.edu/preventing-timber-trespass-and-theft
- NC State Board of Registration for Foresters http://www.ncbrf.org/index.htm
- N.C. Gen. Stat. 14-135N.C. Gen. Stat. 1-539.1

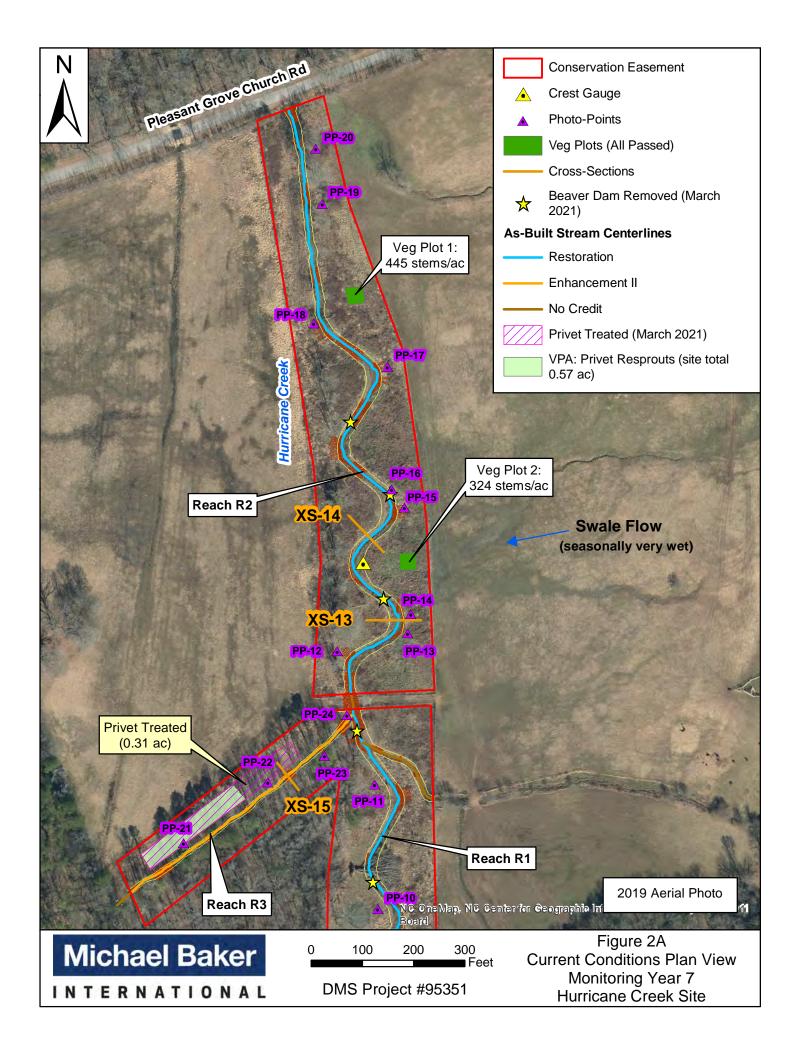
CC: Douglas Ansel, Assistant General Counsel, NCDEQ
Blane Rice, State Property Office, NCDOA
Marc Recktenwald, NC DMS
Jeffrey Horton, NC DMS
Scott King, Michael Baker International
Eddie Hatem, Resident

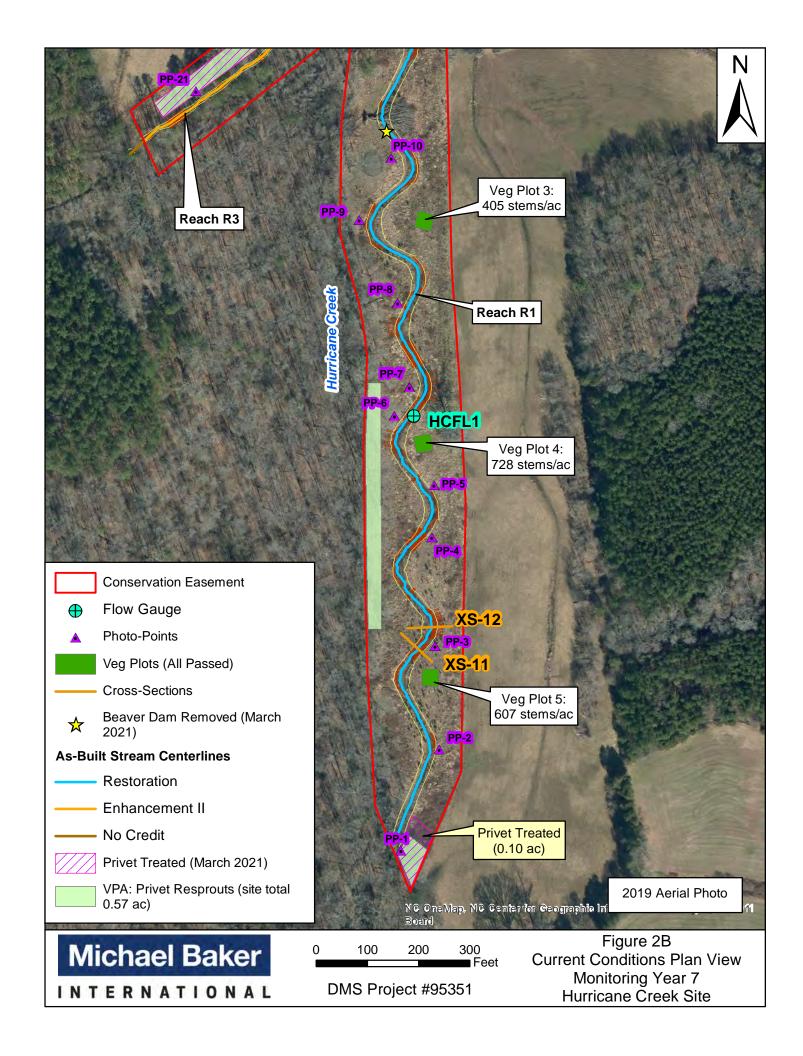


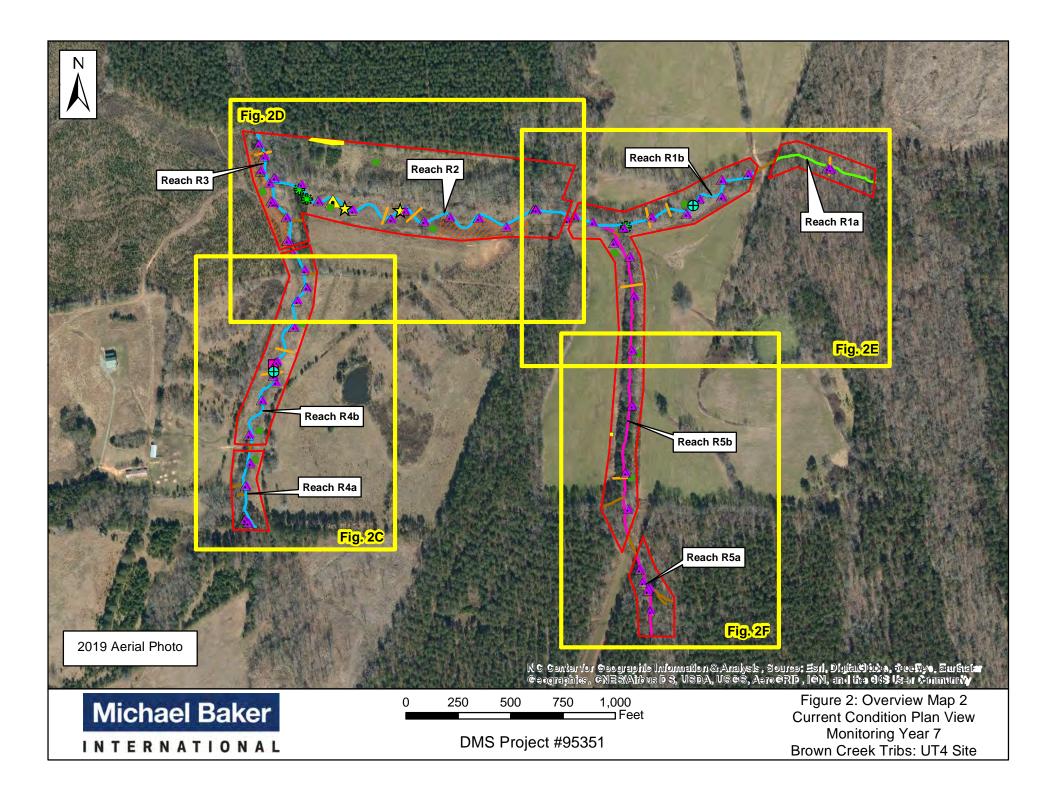
Appendix B

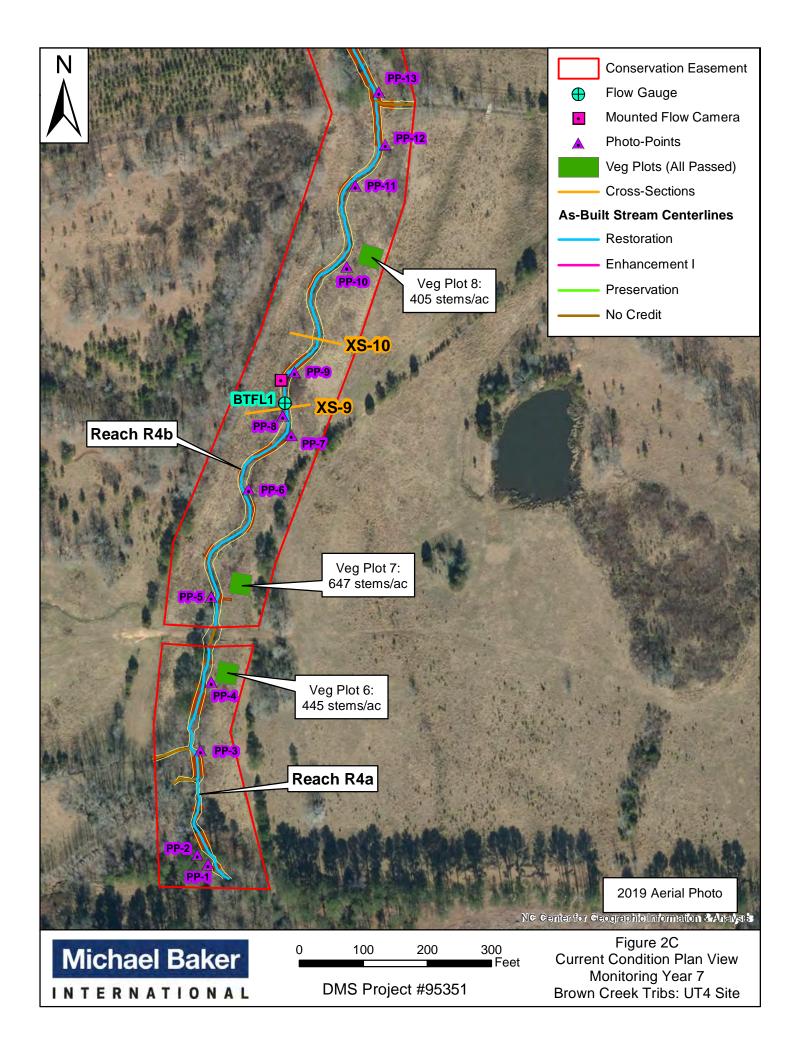
Visual Assessment Data

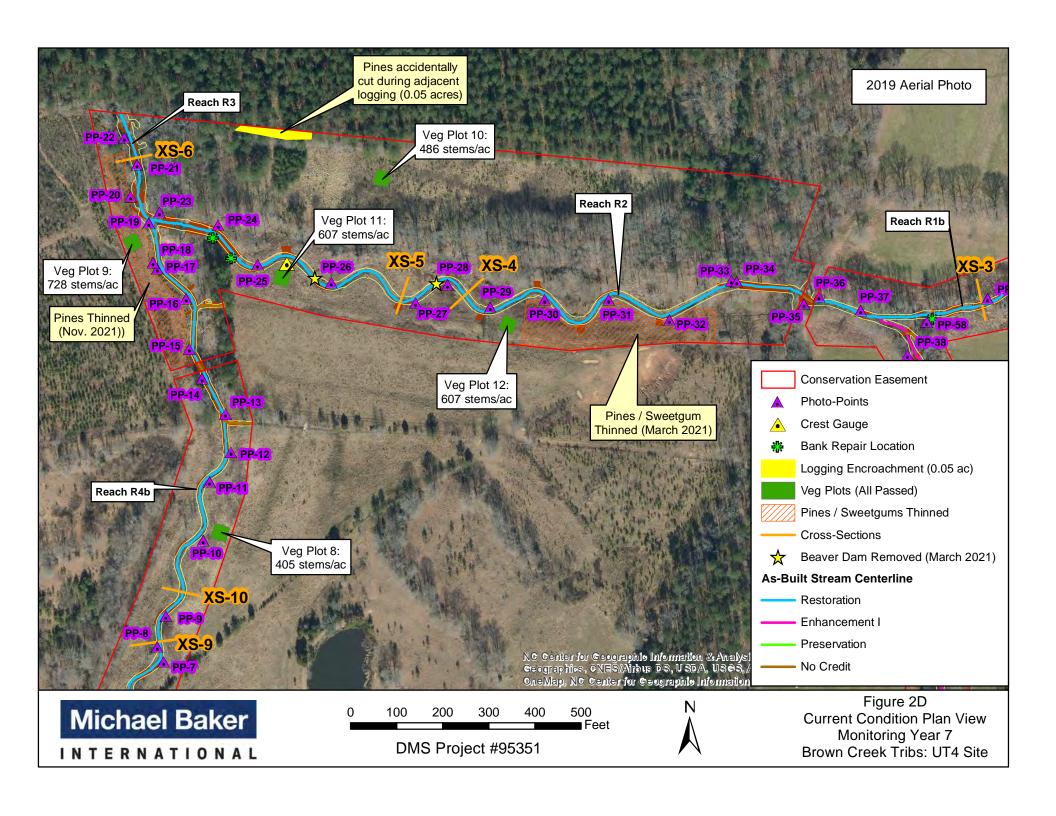


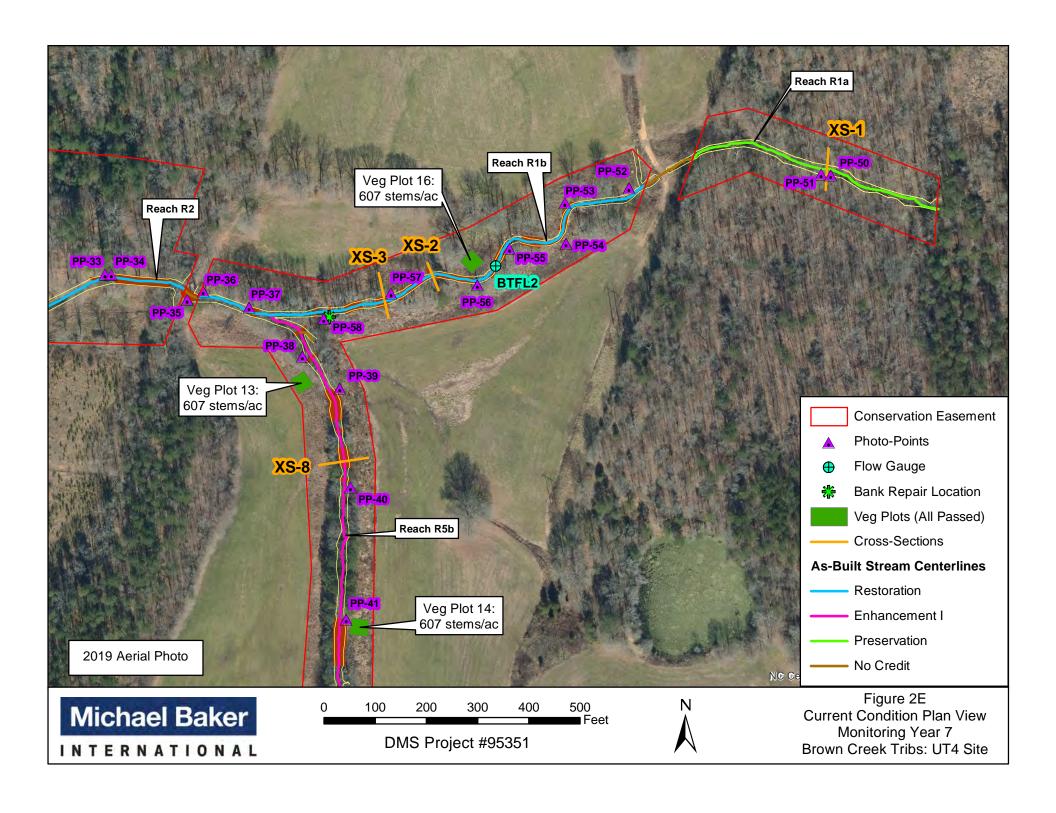












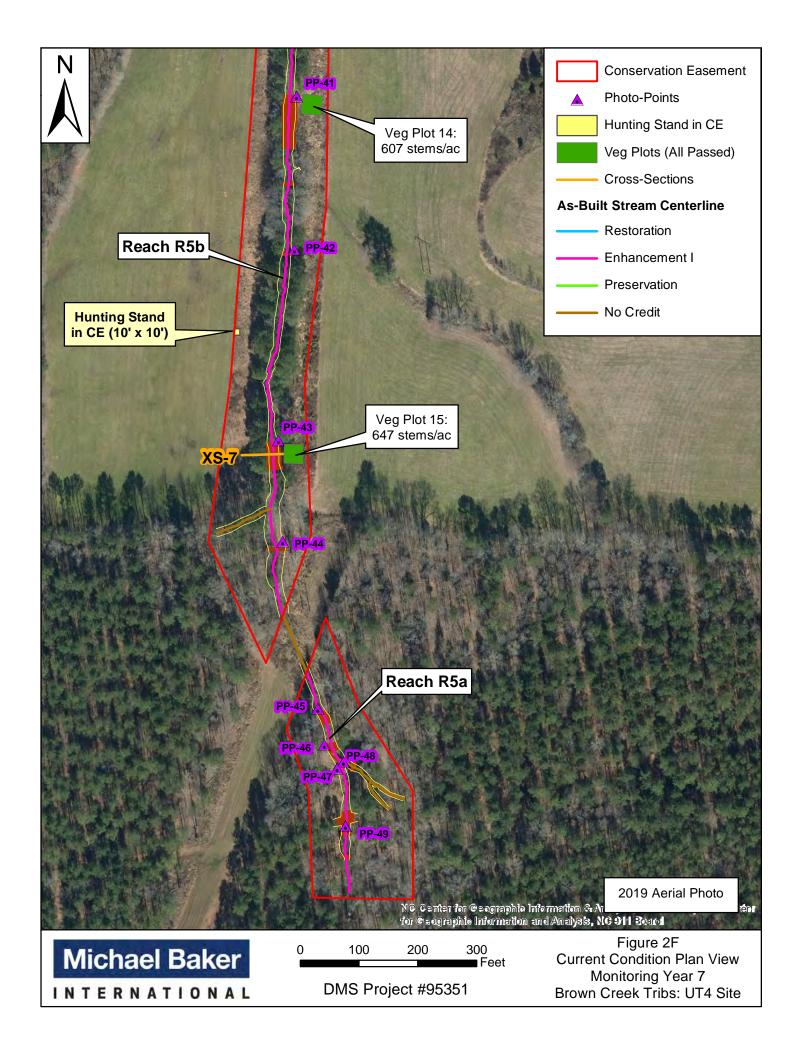


Table 5a. Visual Stream	Morphology Stability Asses	sment								
	Restoration Project: DMS									
Reach ID: HC-R1	y	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·								
Assessed Length (LF):	2,043									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	1. Vertical Stability	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition 3. Meander Pool Condition	Texture Substrate	15	15			100%			
1. Bed		1. Depth	14	14			100%			
	or strainer 1 our condition	2. Length	14	14			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	15	15			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	14	14			100%			
	,					•	•	•	1	•
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	37	37			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	13	13			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	18	18			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	37	37			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	27	27			100%			

	Morphology Stability Asses									
Brown Creek Tributaries	Restoration Project: DMS	Project ID No. 95351								
Reach ID: HC-R2										
Assessed Length (LF):	1,394									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	1. vertical Stability	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	10	10			100%			
1. Bed	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	9	9			100%			
	3. Meanuer 1 oor Condition	2. Length	9	9			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	10	10			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	9	9			100%			
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	•			,						
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	22	22			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	8	8			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	7	7			100%			
0	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	22	22			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	13	13			100%			

	Morphology Stability Asses									
	Restoration Project: DMS	Project ID No. 95351								
Reach ID: HC-R3										
Assessed Length (LF):	564									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.		Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	•	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	5	5			100%			
1. Bed	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	6	6			100%			
		2. Length	6	6 5			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	The law of the state of th	,	6			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	6	0			100%			
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	•									
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	7	7			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	7	7			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	7	7			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	7	7			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	3	3			100%			

T-11- 5- Vi1 C4	M									
	Morphology Stability Asses Restoration Project: DMS									
Reach ID: UT4-R1	Restoration Project; DMS	F10Ject 1D 130, 75551								
Assessed Length (LF):	1,376									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	1. Vertical Stability	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	9	9			100%			
1. Bed	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	10	10			100%			
	or recunder 1 our condition	2. Length	10	10			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	9	9			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	10	10			100%			
		Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	18	18			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	10	10			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	12	12			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	18	18			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	9	9			100%			

Reach ID: UT4-R2	<u> </u>									
Assessed Length (LF):	1,828									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.		for Stabilizing
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	15	15			100%			
1. Bed	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	16	16			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	2. Length	16	16			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	15	15			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	16	16			100%			
						•	1			
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	27	27			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	3	3			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	23	23			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	23	23			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing	23	23			100%			

Table 5a Visual Stream	Mambalagy Stability Asses	amont .								
Table 5a. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351										
Reach ID: UT4-R3	Restoration Project: DMS	F10Ject 1D No. 95551								
	250									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.		Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
1. Bed	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
		2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	3	3			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	4	4			100%			
		2. Length	4	4			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	3	3			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	4	4			100%			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineering Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	6	6			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	3	3			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	3	3			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	6	6			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	3	3			100%			

F										
	Morphology Stability Asses									
Reach ID: UT4-R4	Restoration Project: DMS	Project ID No. 95351								
	1.040									
Assessed Length (LF):	1,840	T	N 1 0 11				0/ 0/ 11			1.11 / 1.0/
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	for Stabilizing
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	1. vertical Stability	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
1. Bed	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	22	22			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	23	23			100%			
		2. Length	23	23			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	22	22			100%			
	ii That weg Tookton	Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	23	23			100%			
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	47	47			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	28	28			100%			
2 F	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	29	29			100%			
3. Engineering Structures 3	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	47	47			100%			

28

28

100%

Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow

Table 5a. Visual Stream	Morphology Stability Asses	ssment								
Brown Creek Tributaries	Restoration Project: DMS	Project ID No. 95351								
Reach ID: UT4-R5		-								
Assessed Length (LF):	1,973									
Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable (Performing as Intended)	Total Number per As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Veg.	Stabilizing	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Veg.
	1.Vertical Stability	1. Aggradation			0	0	100%			
	1. Vertical Stability	2. Degradation			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. Texture Substrate	6	6			100%			
1. Bed	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. Depth	5	5			100%			
		2. Length	5	5			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	6	6			100%			
		Thalweg centering at downstream of meander bend (Glide)	5	5			100%			
		T					1		•	
	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Banks slumping, caving or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
				Totals	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	10 111 11	D					1000/			
	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs	16	16			100%			
3. Engineering Structures	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill	15	15			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sill or arms	14	14			100%			
	3. Bank Position	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does not exceed 15%	16	16			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining - Max Pool Depth, Rootwads/logs providing some cover at low flow	10	10			100%			

4. Habitat

Table 5b. Stream Problem Areas (SPAs)								
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351								
SPA#	Feature Issue	Reach ID, Station Number	Suspected Cause	Photo in Photo Log				
-	No Issues in Year 7	-	-	-				
Notes:								

Table 6a. Vegetation Conditions Asses Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration								
Planted Acreage:	33.5							
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold (acres)	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage		
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%		
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4 or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1	N/A 0		0.00	0.0%		
	0	0.00	0.0%					
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	oor Growth Rates or Vigor Areas with woody stems or a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year. 0.25 N/A		N/A	0	0.00	0.0%		
			Cumulative Total	0	0.00	0.0%		
Easement Acreage: 43.3								
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage		
4. Invasive Areas of Concern	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale)	1000 ft²	Green Polygons	3	0.57	1.3%		
5. Easement Encroachment Areas	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale)	none	Yellow polygons	2	0.050	0.12%		

on Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351	Table 6b. Vegetation Problem Areas (VPAs) Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351							
Station Number	Area	Suspected Cause						
Hurricane Creek: R1 Right bank (Station 10+00 to 10+50) & Left bank (Station 15+00 to 20+00), and R3 Left bank (Station 11+00 to 13+00)	Combined ~0.57 acres	Scattered resprouts						
/i	Station Number Hurricane Creek: R1 Right bank (Station 10+00 to 10+50) & Left bank	Station Number Area Hurricane Creek: R1 Right bank (Station 10+00 to 10+50) & Left bank Combined ~0.57 acres						



PP-1: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 10+00



PP-2: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 11+80



PP-3: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 14+50



PP-4: HC Reach 1, view upstream at Station 17+50



PP-5: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 18+00



PP-6: HC Reach 1, view upstream at Station 19+50



PP-7: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 19+75



PP-8: HC Reach 1, view upstream at Station 22+40



PP-9: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 24+00



PP-10: HC Reach 1, vernal pool at Station 26+25



PP-11: HC Reach 1, view downstream at Station 29+30



PP-12: HC Reach 2, view upstream at Station 31+40



PP-13: HC Reach 2, view upstream at Station 32+75



PP-14: HC Reach 2, view downstream at Station 33+00



PP-15: HC Reach 2, view upstream at Station 35+70



PP-16: HC Reach 2, view downstream at Station 36+00



PP-17: HC Reach 2, view downstream at Station 39+10



PP-18: HC Reach 2, view downstream at Station 40+75



PP-19: HC Reach 2, view upstream at Station 43+75



PP-20: HC Reach 2, view downstream at Station 44+25



PP-21: HC Reach 3, view upstream at Station 11+40



PP-22: HC Reach 3, view downstream at Station 14+00



PP-23: HC Reach 3, view downstream at Station 15+50



PP-24: HC Reach 3, view upstream at Station 15+90



HC-R2: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained HC-R2: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



after beaver dams removed in the spring.



HC-R2: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained HC-R2: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



after beaver dams removed in the spring.



HC-R2: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



after beaver dams removed in the spring.

MY7 Stream Station Photo-Points (Supplemental): Hurricane Creek Site (Taken 11/22/21)



after beaver dams removed in the spring.



HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



after beaver dams removed in the spring.



HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



HC-R1: Photo showing normal flow restored and maintained after beaver dams removed in the spring.



PP-1: Reach UT4-R4a – View upstream, Station 11+50



PP-2: Reach UT4-R4a – View downstream, Station 12+40



PP-3: Reach UT4-R4a – View upstream, Station 13+20



PP-4: Reach UT4-R4a – View upstream, Station 14+00



PP-5: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 14+75



PP-6: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 17+00



PP-7: Reach UT4-R4b – View upstream, Station 18+20



PP-8: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 18+90



PP-9: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 19+00



PP-10: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 21+00



PP-11: Reach UT4-R4b – View upstream at Station 22+50



PP-12: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 23+25



PP-13: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 24+00



PP-14: Reach UT4-R4b – View upstream, Station 25+00



PP-15: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 25+75



PP-16: Reach UT4-R4b – View upstream, Station 27+00



PP-17: Reach UT4-R4b – View upstream, Station 28+00



PP-18: Reach UT4-R4b – View downstream, Station 28+00



PP-19: Reach UT4-R3 – View downstream, Station 29+00



PP-20: Reach UT4-R3 – View downstream, Station 29+50



PP-21: Reach UT4-R3 – View downstream, Station 30+25



PP-22: Reach UT4-R3 – View downstream, Station 31+00



PP-23: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream at Station 37+50



PP-24: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 37+00



PP-25: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 35+50



PP-26: Reach UT4-R2 – View downstream, Station 33+50



PP-27: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 31+50



PP-28: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 30+50



PP-29: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream at Station 29+00



PP-30: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 28+00



PP-31: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 26+00



PP-32: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 24+50



PP-33: Reach UT4-R2 – View downstream, Station 23+00



PP-34: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 23+00



PP-35: Reach UT4-R2 – View downstream, Station 20+40



PP-36: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 21+00



PP-37: Reach UT4-R2 – View upstream, Station 20+00



PP-38: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 29+00



PP-39: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 28+25



PP-40: Reach UT4-R5b – View downstream, Station 26+40



PP-41: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 23+50



PP-42: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 20+75



PP-43: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 17+50



PP-44: Reach UT4-R5b – View upstream, Station 15+50



PP-45: Reach UT4-R5a – View upstream, Station 12+75



PP-46: Reach UT4-R5a – View upstream, Station 12+00



PP-47: Reach UT4-R5a – Side tributary at Station 11+75



PP-48: Reach UT4-R5a – View upstream, Station 11+50



PP-49: Reach UT4-R5a – View upstream, Station 10+75



PP-50: Reach UT4-R1a – View upstream, Station 12+40



PP-51: Reach UT4-R1a – View downstream, Station 12+40



PP-52: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 11+25



PP-53: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 12+75



PP-54: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 13+25



PP-55: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 14+25



PP-56: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 15+25



PP-57: Reach UT4-R1b – View downstream, Station 17+50



PP-58: Reach UT4-R1b – View upstream, Station 19+00

Photographs for Historic Comparisons from As-Built to MY7: Hurricane Creek



Hurricane Creek R1, As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R1, MY7 (2021)



Hurricane Creek R1, As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R1, MY7 (2021)



Hurricane Creek R1, As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R1, MY7 (2021)

Photographs for Historic Comparisons from As-Built to MY7: Hurricane Creek



Hurricane Creek R1, vernal pool at As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R1, vernal pool at MY7 (2021)



Hurricane Creek R2, As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R2, MY7 (2021)



Hurricane Creek R2, As-Built (2015)



Hurricane Creek R2, MY7 (2021)

Photographs for Historic Comparisons from As-Built to MY7: Hurricane Creek



Hurricane Creek R2, As-Built (2015)

Hurricane Creek R2, MY7 (2021)





Hurricane Creek R3, As-Built (2015)

Hurricane Creek R3, MY7 (2021)





Hurricane Creek R3, As-Built (2015)

Hurricane Creek R3, MY7 (2021)



UT4-R1, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R1, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R1, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R1, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R2, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R1, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R2, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R1, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R2, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R1, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R3, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R3, MY7 (2021)



UT4-R4, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R4, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R5, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R5, MY7 (2021)





UT4-R5, As-Built (2015)

UT4-R5, MY7 (2021)



Vegetation Plot 5 – HC-R1 Vegetation Plot 6 – UT4-R4



MY7 Vegetation Plot Photographs



Vegetation Plot 15 – UT4-R5

Vegetation Plot 16 – UT4-R1



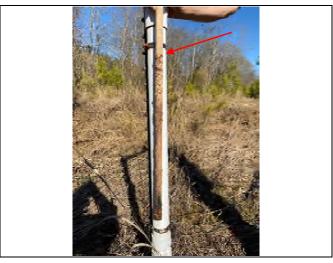
Reach UT4-R1b: Evidence of overbank event (photo from 3/8/21)



Reach UT4-R2: Evidence of overbank event (photo from 3/8/21)



Reach UT4-R4b: Evidence of overbank event (photo from 3/8/21)



Crest Gauge Reach UT4-R2: Overbank event of 1.75' (photo from 3/8/21)



Crest Gauge Reach UT4-R2: Close up of gauge reading (photo from 3/8/21)



Crest Gauge Reach HC-R1: Overbank event of 1.65' (photo from 7/22/21)



Crest Gauge Reach HC-R1: Close-up of gauge reading of 1.65' (photo from 7/22/21)



Flow Gauge in upper Reach HC-R1 (photo 11/23/21)



Flow Gauge in Reach UT4-R4b (photo 3/8/21) with flow camera attached at the top



Flow Gauge in Reach UT4-R2 (photo 11/23/21)



Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo



Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

MY7 Monitoring Gauge Photographs



WINCSCAPIS (1) 46°F BCT UT4 22 JAN 2021 10:00 am

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo





Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo





Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

MY7 Monitoring Gauge Photographs



WNGSCAPES (1) 57°F BCT UT4 07 MAR 2021 10:00 am

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo





Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo





Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo

Reach UT4-R4: Flow Camera Photo (flow gauge indicates that channel is no longer flowing, though water remains in channel)

Brown Creek Tributaries: MY7 Additional Project Photographs



UT4-R2, SPA #1 Bank Repair (Left bank stabilized with matting, Sept. 2021)



UT4-R2, SPA#1 Bank Repair (Right bank stabilized with matting, Sept.2021)



UT4-R2, SPA #1 Bank Repair (Right bank stabilized with matting, Close-up, Sept.2021)



UT4-R2, Additional Bank Repair near SPA #1 (Stabilized with matting, Sept.2021)



UT4-R2, SPA #2 Bank Repair (Stabilized with matting, Sept.2021)



UT4-R1b, SPA #3 Bank Repair (Scour filled-in with soil, matting and rock/logs installed on top, Sept. 2021)

Brown Creek Tributaries: MY7 Additional Project Photographs



UT4-R1b, SPA #3 Bank Repair (scour filled-in with soil, matting and rock/logs installed on top, Sept. 2021)



SPA #1: UT4-R2 (Nov. 2021)



SPA #1: UT4-R2 (Nov. 2021)



SPA #1: UT4-R2 (Nov. 2021)



SPA #2: UT4-R2 (Nov. 2021)



SPA #3: UT4-R1b (Nov. 2021)



UT4-R2: Beaver dam removed (Mar. 2021)



UT4-R2: Beaver dam removed (Mar. 2021)



UT4-R2: Beaver dam removed (Mar. 2021)



HC-R1: Beaver dam removed in Mar. 2021 (photo from July 2021)



HC-R2: Beaver dam removed in Mar. 2021 (photo from July 2021)



HC-R2: Beaver dam removed in Mar. 2021 (photo from July 2021)



HC-R2: Beaver dam removed in Mar. 2021 (photo from July 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, BEFORE (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, BEFORE (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, BEFORE (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Pine/Sweetgum thinning, AFTER (Nov. 2021)



UT4: Accidental logging encroachment in July 2021 of about 12 mature pine trees in an 0.05-ac area

UT4: CE boundary line conflict of 20-ft at the greatest extent (photo Aug. 2021) (photo from Aug. 2021)





UT4: Outer row of mature pines cut along a narrow 100-ft long sliver (photo Aug. 2021)



UT4-R5: Deer-stand within the CE (photo Mar. 2021)



UT4-R5: Deer-stand removed in Jan. 2022 (red arrow indicates former location)



Encroachment area replanted with 20, 7-gal oaks in February 2022 (red line is CE boundary)



Encroachment area replanted with 20, 7-gal oaks in February 2022 (red line is CE boundary)



Encroachment area replanted with 20, 7-gal oaks in February 2022 (red line is CE boundary)

Appendix C

Vegetation Plot Data

Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Total/Planted Stem	Tract Mean
I lot ID	vegetation but vivar 1 m eshold vice.	Count*	Tract Wican
1	Y	445/648	
2	Y	324/688	
3	Y	405/607	
4	Y	728/931	
5	Y	607/769	
6	Y	445/809	
7	Y	647/728	
8	Y	405/688	557
9	Y	728/809	556
10	Y	486/890	
11	Y	607/728	
12	Y	607/769	
13	Y	607/607	
14	Y	607/809	
15	Y	647/809	

607/809

Note: *Total/Planted Stem Count reflects the changes in stem density based on the total current density of planted stems (Total), and the density of stems at the time of the As-Built Survey (Planted).

Y

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Table 8. CVS Vegetation Metadata

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351

Report Prepared By Andrew Powers
Date Prepared 09/27/2021 13:26

 database name
 MichaelBaker_2021_BrownCrkTribs_95351.mdb

 database location
 R:\128975\Monitoring\Veg Plots\Year 7_2021

computer name CARYLAPOWERS1 file size 45858816

DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT-----

MetadataDescription of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data.Proj, plantedEach project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.

Proj, total stems Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.

Plots List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).

 Vigor
 Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.

 Vigor by Spp
 Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.

Damage List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.

 Damage by Spp
 Damage values tallied by type for each species.

 Damage by Plot
 Damage values tallied by type for each plot.

Planted Stems by Plot and Spp A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.

ALL Stems by Plot and spp A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.

PROJECT SUMMARY-----

Project Code 95351
project Name Brown Creek Tributaries

Description

River Basin Yadkin-Pee Dee
length(ft) 3716
stream-to-edge width (ft) 50
area (sq m) 34519.28
Required Plots (calculated) 10
Sampled Plots 16

Table 9	a. CVS Stem Count of Plan	nted Stems by F	Plot and Species																				
	Creek Tributaries Restorat		•																				
210 111	/ /	cion i i ojecti 2.	/ /			7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7 / /
			, am	/	, d. Sr. g.	su:	/	15351 Q1 QQ	75351 01.000 HV POBITS	2535-01-00-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-10-	2351.01 CON 1000 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 1010 10	2335.01.000,	2551.00 CV Pear; >	0/01.01.01.000	25351.01.000	2351.01.000	25351.01.001.	25351.01.001.	2351.0, 14. Vehris	O. 00.3	2351.01.001.001.	O. 00.7	533.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.01.
	Species / Species	od log	we mound to	, or of the second	# DIG.	\$ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	Mot Stems	0,000	15832	Plot 6.	Alot o.	23.52	0101 OF OF	70/0	Plot 6	73351 1000	23.35	75.35.1	73351	Mot o.	100 S351	100 to 100	
	Alnus serrulata	Shrub Tree	hazel alder	5	4	1.25				1		2				1			1				
	Asimina triloba	Shrub Tree	pawpaw	2	2	1															1	1	l
	Betula nigra	Tree	river birch	35	13	2.69	4	2		3	2	1		4	5	3	2	1		3	2	3	
	Carpinus caroliniana	Shrub Tree	American hornbeam	5	4	1.25	1											2		1	1		
	Cornus amomum	Shrub	silky dogwood	1	1	1				1													
	Diospyros virginiana	Tree	common persimmon	15	9	1.67		1		3		2		1	3		1			1	2	1	
	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	Tree	green ash	49	15	3.27	3	3	6	1	3	4	5	2	5	2		6	2	2	2	3	
	Hamamelis virginiana	Shrub Tree	American witchhazel	6	3	2											2		2		2		
	Itea virginica	Shrub	Virginia sweetspire	1	1	1								1									
	Liriodendron tulipifera	Tree	tuliptree	3	3	1				1							1		1				
	Nyssa sylvatica	Tree	blackgum	13	7	1.86										1	4	1	1	2	2	2	
	Platanus occidentalis	Tree	American sycamore	29	14	2.07		1	1	2	2	1	6	2	1	2	2	4	3	1		1	
	Quercus alba	Tree	white oak	14	11	1.27	1		1		2	1	2		1	2		1	1	1	1		1
	Quercus lyrata	Tree	Overcup oak	2	2	1		1							1								1
	Quercus michauxii	Tree	swamp chestnut oak	15	8	1.88	1			1	1		3		1				4	3		1	l
	Quercus nigra	Tree	water oak	1	1	1			1														
	Quercus phellos	Tree	willow oak	8	7	1.14	1		1	2	1				1		1					1	l
	Viburnum dentatum	Shrub Tree	southern arrowwood	16	7	2.29				3	4					1	2			1	3	2	l
TOT: 0	18	18	18	220	18		11	8	10	18	15	11	16	10	18	12	15	15	15	15	16	15	

D (1 1)	G N								Ple	ots								
Botanical Name	Common Name	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	
Tree Species				•		•	•			•	•			•	•	•		
Betula nigra	river birch	4	2		3	2	1		4	5	3	2	1		3	2	3	
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	3	3	6	1	3	4	5	2	5	2		6	2	2	2	3	
Liriodendron tulipfera	tulip poplar				1							1		1				
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum										1	4	1	1	2	2	2	
Plantanus occidentalis	sycamore		1	1	2	2	1	6	2	1	2	2	4	3	1		1	
Quecus alba	white oak	1		1		2	1	2		1	2		1	1	1	1		
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak		1							1								
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	1			1	1		3		1				4	3		1	
Quercus nigra	water oak			1														
Quercus phellos	willow oak	1		1	2	1				1		1					1	
Shrub Species	·																	
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder				1		2				1			1				
Asimina triloba	paw paw															1	1	
Carpinus caroliniana	ironwood	1											2		1	1		
Cornus ammomum	silkly dogwood				1													
Diospyros virginiana	persimmon		1		3		2		1	3		1			1	2	1	
Hamamelis virginiana	witch hazel											2		2		2		
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire								1									
Viburnum dentatum	arrowwood viburnum				3	4					1	2			1	3	2	
Total Stems Per Plot Year	7 (September 2021)	11	8	10	18	15	11	16	10	18	12	15	15	15	15	16	15	
Total Stems/Acre Year 7 (September 2021)	445	324	405	728	607	445	647	405	728	486	607	607	607	607	647	607	556
Total Stems/Acre Year 5 (October 2019)	486	324	1012	1012	728	850	971	405	728	486	850	809	1012	607	567	1457	769
Total Stems/Acre Year 3*	(September 2017)	567	243	445	809	607	567	728	567	688	648	648	486	850	648	728	769	625
otal Stems/Acre Year 3* (September 2017) otal Stems/Acre Year 2 (November 2016)		486	364	405	850	688	567	202	486	647	769	647	607	607	688	728	728	592
Total Stems/Acre Year 1 (al Stems/Acre Year 2 (November 2016) al Stems/Acre Year 1 (November 2015)		567	607	931	728	769	405	688	809	850	728	769	607	769	809	769	716
Total Stame/ A are for Voc	r 0 As-Built (Baseline Data)	648	688	607	931	769	809	728	688	809	890	728	769	607	809	809	809	756

^{*}Note: Volunteer species data was first fully collected and reported here beginning in MY3 (2017), whereas the first two monitoring years only reported planted species data.

Table 9c. Yearly Density P	er Plot																												
DMS Project Code 95351.	Project Name: Brown Co	reek Tributaries																											
														Cı	ırrent Pl	ot Data	(MY7 20	21)											
			953	51-01-0	0001	95	351-01-0	002	95	351-01-0	003	95	351-01-0	0004	95	351-01-0	0005	953	51-01-0	0006	953	351-01-0	007	95	351-01-0	800	953	351-01-0	J009
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	P	٧	T	Р	٧	T	Р	٧	T	Р	٧	Т	P	٧	T	Р	٧	T	Р	٧	T	Р	٧	T	Р	v	T
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree					1	1																					Ī
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																											Ī
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub										1		1				2		2									1
Asimina triloba	pawpaw	Tree																											Ī
Baccharis	baccharis	Shrub								3	3																		Ī
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	4		4	2		2				3		3	2		2	1		1				4		4	5		5
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree	1		1																								Ī
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub										1		1															1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree		1	1	1		1				3		3		1	1	2	1	3				1		1	3		3
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	3	3	6	3	1	4	6		6	1		1	3	3	6	4	2	6	5	8	13	2	5	7	5		5
Hamamelis virginiana	American witchhazel	Tree																											1
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire	Shrub																						1		1			1
Lindera benzoin	northern spicebush	Shrub																											1
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree								6	6		4	1 4			6		1	1					1	1			1
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree										1		1															1
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree																											1
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	Tree								1	1											2	2					6	, 6
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree				1		1	1		1	2		2	2		2	1		1	6		6	2		2	1		1
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	Tree																											1
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	1		1				1		1				2		2	1		1	2		2				1		1
Quercus falcata	southern red oak	Tree											1	L 1															Ī
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree				1		1																			1		1
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree	1		1		1	1				1		1	1		1				3		3				1		1
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree							1		1																		1
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	1		1				1		1	2		2	1		1										1		1
Rhus copallinum	flameleaf sumac	shrub																	2	2		1	1					3	3
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree																	2	2									1
Ulmus alata	winged elm	Tree		1	1					4	4		6	5 6		9	9		2	2									1
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub										3		3	4		4												1
	•	Stem count	11	5	16	8	3	11	10	14	24	18	11	29	15	13	34	11	10	21	16	11	27	10	6	16	18	9	27
		Size (ares)		1			1			1			1	•		1			1			1			1			1	
		Size (ACRES)		0.02		1	0.02			0.02		1	0.02			0.02		Ī	0.02			0.02		1	0.02			0.02	
		Species count	6	3	8	5	3	7	5	4	9	10	3	13	7	3	10	6	6	10	4	3	6	5	2	6	8	2	10
		Stems per ACRE	445.2	202.3	647.5	323.7	121.4	445.2	404.7	566.6	971.2	728.4	445.2	1174	607	526.1	1376	445.2	404.7	849.8	647	445	1093	405	243	647.5	728	364	1093

Color Key	
Exceeds success requir	ements

Includes Volunteer species

P = Planted stems

V = Volunteer stems T = Total stems

											Cur	rent Plo	t Data (I	VIY7 20)21)															Anr	nual Me	ans						
			953	351-01	-0010	953	51-01-0	011	953	51-01-0	012	9535	51-01-00	13	9535	51-01-0	014	9535	51-01-00	15	9535	51-01-0	016	М	Y7 (202	1)	M	Y5 (201	9)	M	Y3 (2017	7)*	М	1Y2 (201	16)	M	IY1 (201	.5)
Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Р	V	Т	Р	٧	Т	Р	٧	Т	Р	٧	Т	P	٧	Т	Р	٧	Т	Р	٧	Т	Р	V	Т	Р	٧	T	Р	V	Т	Р	٧	Т	Р	٧	Т
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree														1	1								2	2												
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																	2	2		3	3		5	5								<u> </u>			<u> </u>	L
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub	1		1	L						1	1	1										5		5	5		5	5		5	5		5	6		
Asimina triloba	pawpaw	Tree																1		1	1		1	2		2	2		2	2		2	2		2	3		1
Baccharis	baccharis	Shrub																							3	3												ī
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	3		3	2		2	1		1				3		3	2		2	3		3	35		35	39	1	40	37		37	42		42	66		Е
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree							2		2				1		1	1		1				5		5	6		6	5		5	5		5	6		
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub																						1		1	1	1	2	1	$\overline{}$	1	1		1	1		$\overline{}$
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree			5 5	1	7	8							1	5	6	2		2	1		1	15	20	35	11	6	17	12	3	15	15		15	13	i	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	2		2	2			6	10	16	2	7	9	2	4	6	2		2	3	2	5	49	45	94	45	35	80	44	8	52	41		41	49		4
Hamamelis virginiana	American witchhazel	Tree				2		2				2		2				2		2				6		6	4		4	4	$\overline{}$	4	4	,	4	5		$\overline{}$
Itea virginica	Virginia sweetspire	Shrub																						1		1	1		1	2		2	2		2	1		
Lindera benzoin	northern spicebush	Shrub																												1		1	1		1	1		
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree			3 3	3	5	5								5	5								31	31					-							
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree				1		1				1		1										3		3	4		4	4	-	4	4		4	5		
Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	1		1	4		4	1		1	1		1	2		2	2		2	2		2	13		13	13		13	13	1	14	16	,	16	18		1
Pinus taeda	loblolly pine	Tree			9 9								1	1		4	4		4	4					27	27					-		\Box					
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	2		2	2	1	3	4		4	3		3	1		1				1		1	29		30	29		29	29	4	33	26	,	26	34		3
Populus deltoides	eastern cottonwood	Tree																				2	2		2	2					-		\Box					
Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	2		2	2			1		1	1	1	2	1		1	1		1				14	1	15	12		12	14	1	15	19		19	23		7
Quercus falcata	southern red oak	Tree																							1	1					-		\Box					
Quercus lyrata	overcup oak	Tree																						2		2	1		1		1	\Box						
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree										4		4	3		3				1		1	15	1	16	19		19	20	2	22	20		20	20		2
Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree																						1		1	1		1	1	1	1	1		1	1		
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree				1		1								3	3				1		1	8	3	11	10	6	16	11	,	11	11	1	11	13		1
Rhus copallinum	flameleaf sumac	shrub																	2	2					8	8					2	2						
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree														2	2		4	4					8	8					, 							
Ulmus alata	winged elm	Tree		1	0 10)	7	7		2	2		7	7		3	3		2	2		4	4		57	57		35	35		- 5	5	-	\vdash	1		-	$\overline{}$
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub	1	T	1	2		2							1	,	1	3		3	2		2	16	- 57	16	17	- 55	17	19		19	19		19	18	\Box	1
		Stem count	12	27	39	15	20	35	15	12	27	15	17	31	15	27	42	16	14	30	15	11	26	220	215	435	220	84	304	224	26	250	234	0	234	283	0	283
		Size (ares)		1		1	1			1		,	1			1			1		1	1			16			16			16		16	<u> </u>	İ	16		ĺ –
		Size (ACRES)		0.02	2	1	0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.40			0.40			0.40		0.40			0.40	\Box	
		Species count	7	4	11	8	4	10	6	2	7	8	5	10	9	8	15	9	5	14	9	4	12	18	16	28	18	6	19	18	8	20	18	0	18	18	0	18
		Stems per ACRE	486	1093	3 1578	607	809	1416	607	486	1093	607		1255	607	1093		647	567	121/		445	1052		544			212			65.8			0	592	716	0	716

^{*}Note: Volunteer species data was first fully collected and reported here beginning in MY3 (2017), whereas the first two monitoring years only reported planted species data.

Year 7 (27-Sept-2021) Vegetation Plot Summary Information

Plot #	Riparian Buffer Stems ¹	Stream/ Wetland Stems ²	Live Stakes	Invasives	Volunteers ³	Total ⁴	Unknown Growth Form
1	n/a	11	0	0	5	16	0
2	n/a	8	0	0	3	11	0
3	n/a	10	0	0	14	24	0
4	n/a	18	0	0	11	29	0
5	n/a	15	0	0	19	34	0
6	n/a	11	0	0	10	21	0
7	n/a	16	0	0	11	27	0
8	n/a	10	0	0	6	16	0
9	n/a	18	0	0	9	27	0
10	n/a	12	0	0	27	39	0
11	n/a	15	0	0	20	35	0
12	n/a	15	0	0	12	27	0
13	n/a	15	0	0	16	31	0
14	n/a	15	0	0	27	42	0
15	n/a	16	0	0	14	30	0
16	n/a	15	0	0	11	26	0

Wetland/Stream Vegetation Totals (per acre)

	Stream/ Wetland			Success Criteria
Plot #	Stems ²	Volunteers ³	Total⁴	Met?
1	445	202	647	Yes
2	324	121	445	Yes
3	405	567	971	Yes
4	728	445	1174	Yes
5	607	769	1376	Yes
6	445	405	850	Yes
7	647	445	1093	Yes
8	405	243	647	Yes
9	728	364	1093	Yes
10	486	1093	1578	Yes
11	607	809	1416	Yes
12	607	486	1093	Yes
13	607	647	1255	Yes
14	607	1093	1700	Yes
15	647	567	1214	Yes
16	607	445	1052	Yes
Project Avg	556	544	1100	Yes

Stem Class Characteristics

¹Buffer Stems Native planted hardwood trees. Does NOT include shrubs. No pines. No vines.

²Stream/ Wetland Stems Native planted woody stems. Includes shrubs, does NOT include live stakes. No vines

³Volunteers Native woody stems. Not planted. No vines.

⁴Total Planted + volunteer native woody stems. Includes live stakes. Excl. exotics. Excl. vines.

Color Key

Exceeds success requirements

Table 9e. S	tems Per P	lot Across	All Years															
Brown Cre	ek Tributa	ries Restor	ation Proje	ct: DMS P	roject ID N	lo. 95351												
		MY7-2021			MY5-2019			MY3-2017	'		MY2-2016			MY1-2015			MY0-2014	
	Planted	Total	Total	Planted	Total	Total	Planted	Total	Total	Planted	Total	Total	Planted	Total	Total	Planted	Total	Total
Plot	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac	Stems	Stems	Stems/Ac
1	11	16	647	10	12	486	10	14	567	12	12	486	16	16	647	16	16	648
2	8	11	445	7	8	324	5	6	243	9	9	364	14	14	567	17	17	688
3	10	24	971	10	25	1012	10	11	445	10	10	405	15	15	607	15	15	607
4	18	29	1174	19	25	1012	19	20	809	21	21	850	23	23	931	23	23	931
5	15	34	1376	14	18	728	17	18	728	17	17	688	18	18	728	19	19	769
6	11	21	850	12	21	850	12	14	567	14	14	567	19	19	769	20	20	809
7	16	27	1093	18	24	971	18	18	728	5	5	202	10	10	405	18	18	728
8	10	16	647	10	10	405	12	14	567	12	12	486	17	17	688	17	17	688
9	18	27	1093	18	18	728	16	17	688	16	16	647	20	20	809	20	20	809
10	12	39	1578	12	12	486	13	16	647	19	19	769	21	21	850	22	22	890
11	15	35	1416	15	21	850	16	16	647	16	16	647	18	18	728	18	18	728
12	15	27	1093	15	20	809	12	12	486	15	15	607	19	19	769	19	19	769
13	15	31	1255	15	25	1012	15	21	850	15	15	607	15	15	607	15	15	607
14	15	42	1700	15	15	607	16	16	647	17	17	688	19	19	769	20	20	809
15	16	30	1214	14	14	567	16	18	728	18	18	728	20	20	809	20	20	809
16	15	26	1052	16	36	1457	17	19	769	18	18	728	19	19	769	20	20	809

Note: Veg data was not collected in MY4 and MY6 in accordance with the Mitigation Plan monitoring schedule.

Appendix D

Stream Assessment Data

Figure 3. Cross-Sections with Annual Overlays

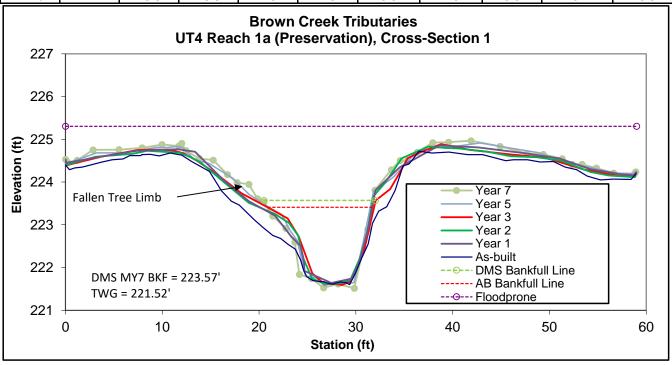
Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	E	13.6	10.8	1.3	1.9	8.6	1.0	5.5	223.41	223.54



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

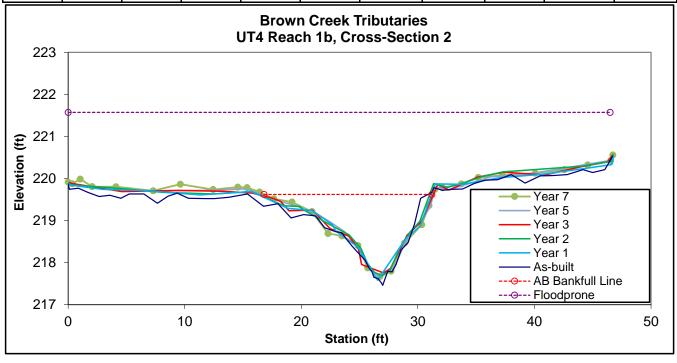




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		12.8	14.4	0.9	2.0	16.3			219.62	219.74

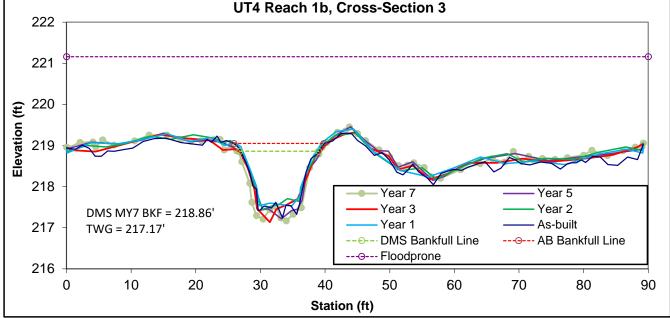


Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank



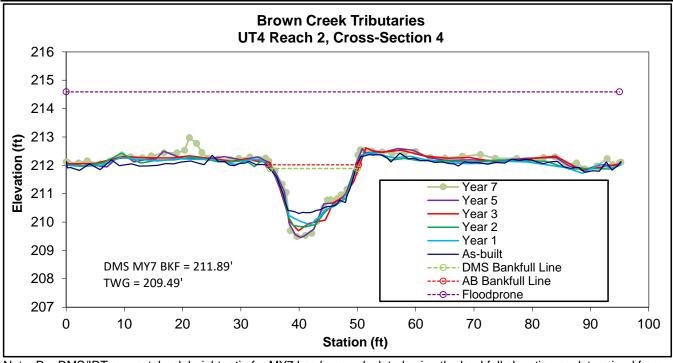
Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	С	21.0	14.6	1.4	2.5	10.2	1.1	6.5	212.02	212.15



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Max BKF

Looking at the Left Bank

10

20

30

Stream

BKF

BKF

Looking at the Right Bank

AB BKF

70

80

60

50

Fea	ture	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Po	ool		38.7	22.1	1.8	4.2	12.6			211.62	211.075
	217	·		ι			ributaries ss-Sectio				
	216										e
	215	; -			Year 7 Year 3			- Year 5 - Year 2			
æ	214				— Year 1			- As-built			
Elevation (ft)	213	; -			AB Ban	kfull Line		- Floodprone			
vati	212			•	Q						
Ele	211	-									
	210) -									
	209) =									
	208	; -									
	207	,	T	ı			T	ı	Г	ı	

40

Station (ft)

Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

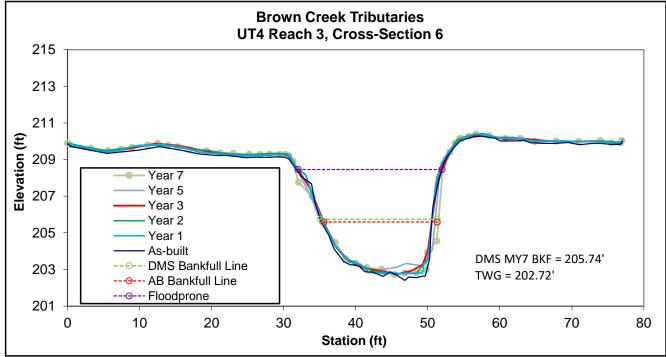




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

					Brown	Creek Ti	ributaries	 S			
	Riffle	G	34.4	16.1	2.1	2.9	7.6	2.1	1.3	205.59	209.19
l	Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
ı		Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	



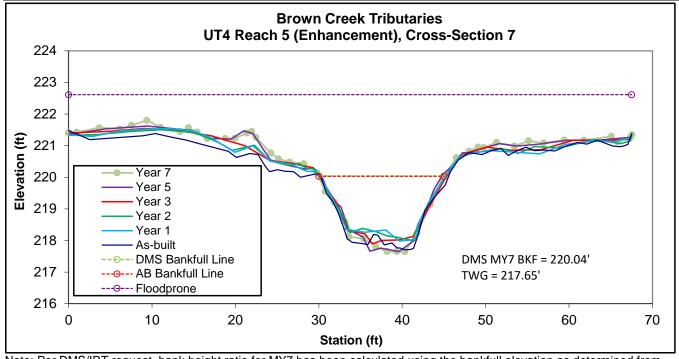
Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Е	23.8	15.0	1.6	2.4	9.5	1.0	4.5	220.03	220.15



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

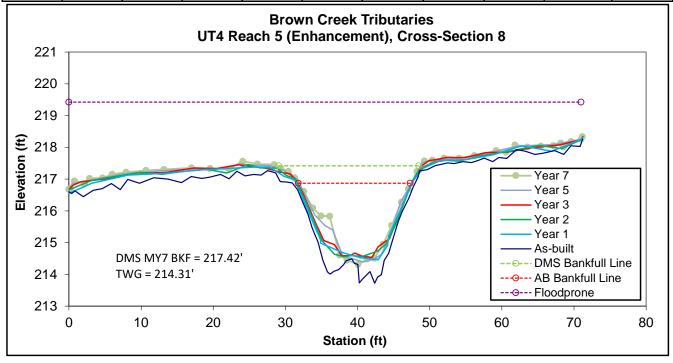




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	F	23.2	15.6	1.5	2.6	10.5	1.0	4.6	216.87	217.459



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021



Max BKF

Looking at the Left Bank

BKF

BKF

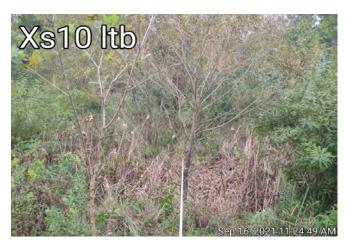
Stream

Looking at the Right Bank

AB BKF

Fea	ature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Ri	iffle	С	9.4	11.0	0.9	1.3	12.8	1.0	6.9	212.98	213.05
				ι			Tributarie oss-Secti				
	216										
	215214										-o
Elevation (ft)	213		00	00000		•	<u></u>		-		
Elev	212								Year Year Year Year Year Year	5 3 2	
	211	_	DMS MY7 B TWG = 211.		9'			-	—— As-bı ·-• DMS	uilt Bankfull Lind ankfull Line	e
	210		ı	T	-		T		T F1000	aprone	
		0	10	20	30	4	40	50	60	70	80
						Statio	n (ft)				

Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

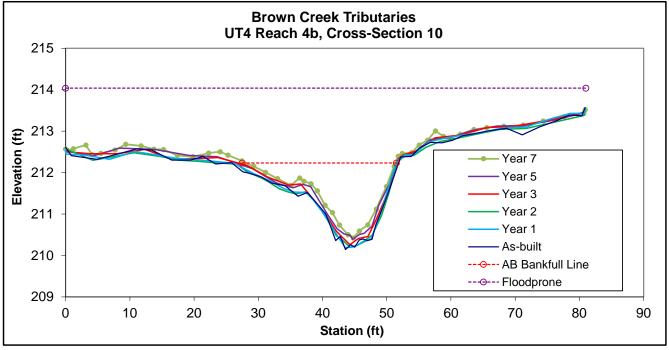




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		18.3	23.3	0.8	1.8	29.4			212.23	212.40



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

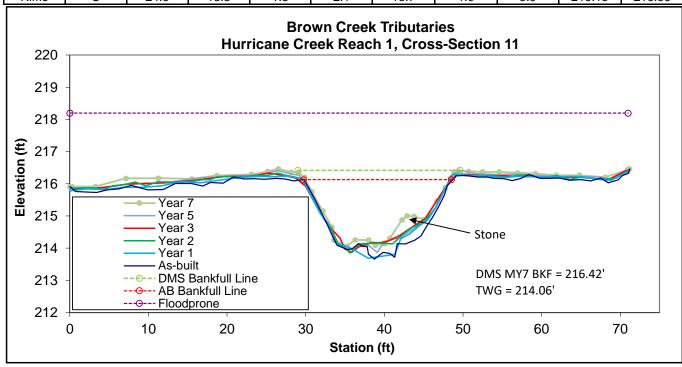




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	LTOB
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	Elev
Riffle	С	24.6	18.3	1.3	2.1	13.7	1.0	3.9	216.13	216.36



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021





Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

_	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		50.6	32	1.6	3.3	20.2			216.18	216.34
				Brown	Creek Tri	butaries				
			Hurricar	ne Creek	Reach 1,	Cross-Se	ection 12			
221										
220										
219	-									
218	_									
Elevation (ft) 217 216 215	-									
216 kg			-							
≘ 215	-							Year 7Year 5		
214	-			\sim				—— Year 3 —— Year 2		
213	-				1			— Year 1 — As-buil	t	
212	-						I	<mark>⊙</mark> AB Baı ⊙ Floodp	nkfull Line	
044										

Station (ft)

Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

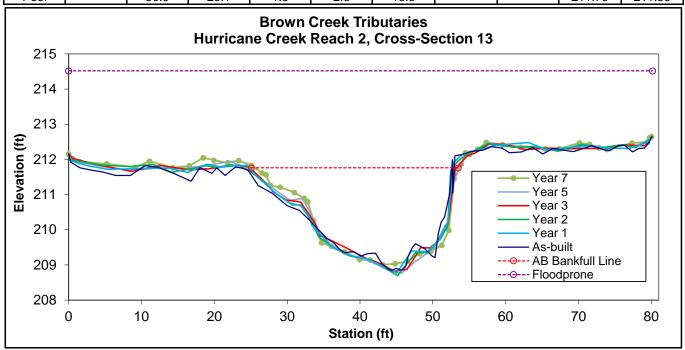




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

		Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
ı	Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
ſ	Pool		50.9	28 1	1.8	2.8	15.5			211 76	211.56



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021

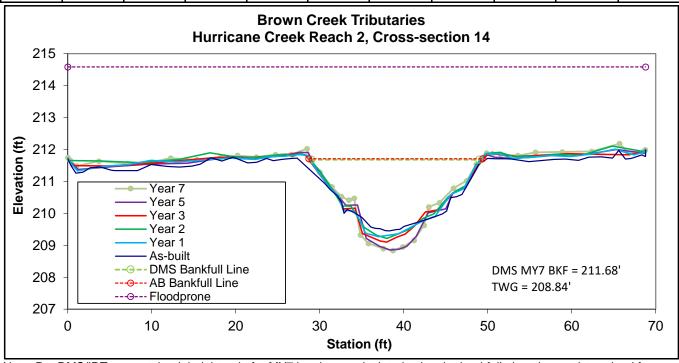




Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	С	32.3	20.4	1.6	2.9	12.9	1.1	3.4	211.71	211.89



Year 7 Data - Collected September 2021





Looking at the Left Bank

Looking at the Right Bank

	Stream		BKF	BKF	Max BKF				AB BKF	
Feature	Type	BKF Area	Width	Depth	Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	С	15.8	10.5	1.5	2.6	7.0	0.9	5.1	213.77	213.83

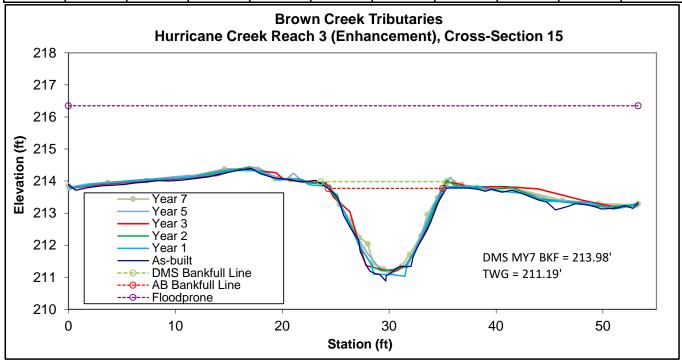


Figure 4.

Pebble Count - Monitoring Year 7

Brown Creek Tribs Mitigation Project, DMS# 95351

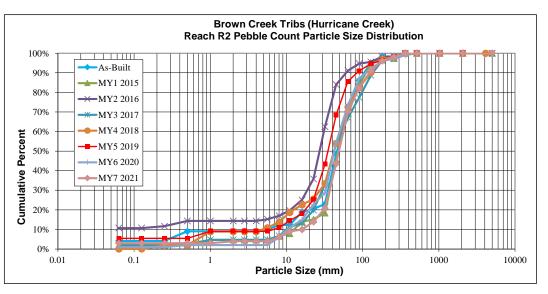
SITE OR PROJECT:	Brown Creek Tribs (Hurricane Creek)
REACH/LOCATION:	Reach R2 (Station 38+00)
FEATURE:	Rock Riffle
DATE:	15-Sep-21

				MY7 2021		Distribution
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum	Plot Size (mm)
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063	3	3%	3%	0.063
	Very Fine	.063125			3%	0.125
	Fine	.12525			3%	0.25
Sand	Medium	.2550			3%	0.50
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0			3%	1.0
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0	1	1%	4%	2.0
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8			4%	2.8
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0			4%	4.0
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6			4%	5.6
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0	2	2%	6%	8.0
Gravel	Medium	8.0 - 11.0	3	3%	9%	11.0
Gravei	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	1	1%	10%	16.0
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	4	4%	14%	22.6
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	7	7%	21%	32
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	23	23%	44%	45
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	27	27%	70%	64
	Small	64 - 90	12	12%	82%	90
Cobble	Small	90 - 128	9	9%	91%	128
Copple	Large	128 - 180	5	5%	96%	180
	Large	180 - 256	2	2%	98%	256
	Small	256 - 362	2	2%	100%	362
Boulder	Small	362 - 512			100%	512
Domaer	Medium	512 - 1024			100%	1024
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%	2048
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048		_	100%	5000
Total % o	of whole count		101	100%		

Largest particle=

256-362

	Summary	y Data	
	Channel m	aterials	
D16 =	13.0	D84 =	61.9
D35 =	27.3	D95 =	138.2
D50 =	35.1	D100 =	256 - 362



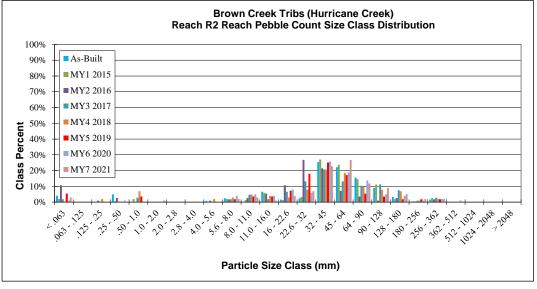


Figure 4.

Pebble Count - Monitoring Year 7

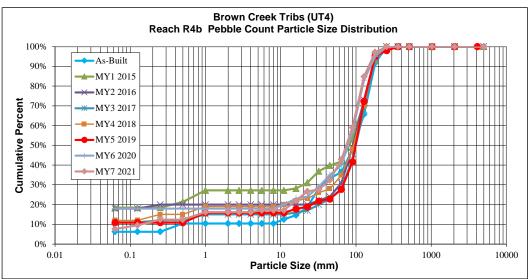
Brown Creek Tribs Mitigation Project, DMS# 95351

SITE OR PROJECT:	Brown Creek Tribs (UT4)
REACH/LOCATION:	Reach R4b (Station 19+25)
FEATURE:	Rock Riffle
DATE:	16-Sep-21

				MY7 2021		Distribution
MATERIAL	PARTICLE	SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum	Plot Size (mm)
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063	8	8%	8%	0.063
	Very Fine	.063125	2	2%	10%	0.125
	Fine	.12525	3	3%	12%	0.25
Sand	Medium	.2550			12%	0.50
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	4	4%	16%	1.0
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0			16%	2.0
	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8			16%	2.8
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0			16%	4.0
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6	1	1%	17%	5.6
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0			17%	8.0
Gravel	Medium	8.0 - 11.0			17%	11.0
Graver	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	5	5%	22%	16.0
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	5	5%	27%	22.6
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	1	1%	28%	32
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	5	5%	32%	45
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	11	10%	43%	64
	Small	64 - 90	17	16%	59%	90
Cobble	Small	90 - 128	27	26%	85%	128
Copple	Large	128 - 180	13	12%	97%	180
	Large	180 - 256	3	3%	100%	256
	Small	256 - 362			100%	362
Boulder	Small	362 - 512			100%	512
Doulder	Medium	512 - 1024			100%	1024
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048			100%	2048
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048			100%	5000
Total % o	of whole count		105	100%		

Largest particle= 180-256

	Summar	76.5 D95 =												
	Channel m	naterials												
D16 =	11.3	D84 =	152.6											
D35 =	76.5	D95 =	179.9											
D50 =	99.1	D100 =	180-256											



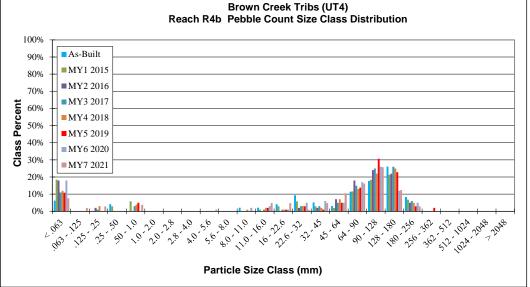


Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351

Hurricane Creek (Reach 1) Length 2,043 ft

Dovometon	USGS	D.	egional Cur	T-0			Pre-Existing	- C 1:4:1					Reference R	each(es) Da	ata ³				Dec	sign ⁴					As-l	:14		
Parameter	Gauge	K	egionai Cur	ve			Pre-Existing	g Condition				Ri	chland Cree	k (Moore C	ounty)		1		Des	sign					AS-I	Duiit		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		14.8	14.9					13.5			16.2			16.7				19.1						18.9				
Floodprone Width (ft)								106.0			50.0			53.0			45.0			79.0				71.2				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.8					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.5						1.6				
BF Max Depth (ft)								2.8			1.4			1.5				1.8						2.5				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		22.5	30.5					30.0			15.0			15.5				28.0						30.4				
Width/Depth Ratio								6.0			18.0			18.6				13.0						11.8				
Entrenchment Ratio								7.9			3.0			3.3				>2.2						3.8				
Bank Height Ratio								1.7			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)								0.6				45.0												0.9				
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	69			140				93.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			39.0			55.0				55.0				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.9				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			130.0			230.0				227.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.5				4.9				
Profile Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										48.0				
Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.012							0.0170						48.0				
Pool Length (ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0170						0.0102				
Pool Length (π) Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											27.2			N/P			90.0			120.0				122.0				
Pool to Pool Spacing (tt) Pool Max Depth (ft)											37.3 2.3			95.8 2.5			80.0	3.0		138.0				133.0 4.0				
Pool Wax Depth (it) Pool Volume (ft ³)																												
														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0	0.13 / 0.33 / 0	0.6 / 4.5 / 14.	l				6.0 / NP,/ 45	.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ² Additional Reach Parameters																												
Additional Reach Parameters Drainage Area (SM)								1.68						1.00						1.68						1.68		
Impervious cover estimate (%)								1.08						1.00						1.08						1.08		
Rosgen Classification								E						C4						E5/C5						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.9	3.9					1.2						N/D				3.9		E3/C3						CS		
BF Discharge (cfs)		87.4	129.5	194.3				129.5						N/P				110										
Valley Length		07.4	129.3	194.3				129.3						IN/F				110								1745.5		
, ,																												
Channel length (ft) ²								1896																		2043.0		
Sinuosity								1.07				0.0126		1.20				1.2						0.0020		1.2		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0023				0.0136						0.0120						0.0029				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0025				0.0133						0.0023						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric Biological or Other																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351

Hurricane Creek (Reach 2) Length 1,394 ft

Hurreant Creek (Reach 2) Bengui 1,574 tt	USGS												Reference R	leach(es) Da	nta ³													
Parameter	Gauge	R	egional Cur	ve			Pre-Existin	g Condition ¹				Rie	chland Cree	k (Moore Co	ounty)				Des	sign ⁴					As-b	uilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		14.8	14.9					16.0			16.2			16.7				20.1						22.5				
Floodprone Width (ft)								162.0			50.0			53.0			49.0			85.0				69.0				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.8					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.6						1.4				
BF Max Depth (ft)								3.5			1.4			1.5				2.0						2.3				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		22.5	30.5					34.6			15.0			15.5				31.0						31.6				
Width/Depth Ratio								7.4			18.0			18.6				13.0						16.1				
Entrenchment Ratio								10.1			3.0			3.3				>2.2						3.1				
Bank Height Ratio								1.3			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)								0.3				45.0												0.9				
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	74			150				100.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			40.0			60.0				55.0				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.4				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			140.0			250.0				230.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.5				4.4				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										54.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0170						0.0080				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			85.0			149.0				149.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				3.2						2.9				
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95							0.11 / 0.23 /	0.3 / 1.4 / 4.0)				6.0 / NP,/ 45	5.0 / 125.0 / N	NP									13.6	5 / 37.6 / 46.	2 / 86.0 / 127	.6	
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m²																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								2.16						1.00						2.16						2.16		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
Rosgen Classification								E						C4						E5/C5						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.9	3.9					4.4						N/P				4.2										
BF Discharge (cfs)		87.4	129.5	194.3				155.0						N/P				130										
Valley Length																										1159.0		
Channel length (ft) ²								1288																		1393.0		
Sinuosity								1.07						1.20				1.2								1.2		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0023				0.0136						0.0120						0.0029				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0025				0.0133						0.0023						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
Hurricane Creek (Reach 3) Length 564 ft

Hufficane Creek (Reach 3) Length 504 ft	USGS												Reference R	each(es) Da	ata ³													
Parameter	Gauge	Re	egional Curv	ve			Pre-Existing	g Condition ¹				Ri	chland Cree	k (Moore Co	ounty)		1		Des	sign ⁴					As-b	uilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		16.6	16.6					5.7			16.2			16.7				9.1						5.9				
Floodprone Width (ft)								9.1			50.0			53.0			21.0			36.0				10.0				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.4	1.9					1.0			0.9			0.9				0.8						0.8				
BF Max Depth (ft)								1.2			1.4			1.5				1.0						1.3				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		26.8	36.2					5.8			15.0			15.5				6.9						4.7				
Width/Depth Ratio								5.6			18.0			18.6				12.0						7.3				
Entrenchment Ratio								1.6			3.0			3.3			1.8	1.0		2.2				1.6				
Bank Height Ratio d50 (mm)						1.0		2.0			1.6	45.0		1.7				1.0						2.3				
Pattern						1.0						45.0																
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																												
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1														
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7														
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94														
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4														
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										79.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0050						0.0046				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			18.0			50.0				80.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				2.0										
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						((0.29/ 0.63 /	1.0/ 3.4 / 6.7)				6.0 / NP,/ 45	.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m² Additional Reach Parameters																												
Additional Reach Farameters Drainage Area (SM)								0.10						1.00						0.19						0.10		
Impervious cover estimate (%)								0.19						1.00						0.19						0.19		
Rosgen Classification								E						C4						B5c						B5c		
BF Velocity (fps)		3.0	4.4					4.5						N/P				3.2										
BF Discharge (cfs)		106.1	155.0	231.8				26.5						N/P				22										
Valley Length																										559.0		
Channel length (ft) ²								570																		564.0		
Sinuosity								1.02						1.20												1.01		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0078				0.0136						0.0160						0.0047				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.008				0.0133						0.0025						0.0047				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
UT4 (Reach 1) Length 1,376 ft

U14 (Reach 1) Length 1,5/6 ft	USGS		. 16					a 1					Reference R	Reach(es) Da	ata ³				_	. 4								
Parameter	Gauge	Re	egional Curv	e			Pre-Existin	g Condition ¹					chland Cree						Des	sign"					As-b	uilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		7.1	7.5		8.6			11.7			16.2			16.7				11.4						14.0				
Floodprone Width (ft)					12.7			15.6			50.0			53.0			26.0			46.0				89.2				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.9	1.1		0.9			1.3			0.9			0.9				0.9						1.0				
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.2			1.9			1.4			1.5				1.1						1.8				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		7.4	10.3		10.5			11.3			15.0			15.5				10.0						14.1				
Width/Depth Ratio					6.5			13.2			18.0			18.6				13						13.8				
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3			1.5			3.0			3.3				>2.2						6.4				
Bank Height Ratio					2.1			2.4			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)						2.1						45.0																
Pattern																	40.0			00.0				50.0				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)											1.1.2			26.1			40.0			80.0				60.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft) Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											14.3 5.5			26.1			23.0 2.0			34.0 3.0				40.0				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			5.7 94			70.0			90.0				2.9 146.0				
Meander Wavelength (11) Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			7.0				4.3				
Profile											1.3			2.4			5.5			7.0				4.3				
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										37.2				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0078						0.0153				
Pool Length (ft)											0.013			N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			39			80				78.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				2.4						2.2				
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.06 /	0.34 / 2.12	36.6 / 101.8	3 (R2)				6.0 / NP,/ 45	5.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m²																												
Additional Reach Parameters														4.00														
Drainage Area (SM)								0.34						1.00						0.34						0.34		
Impervious cover estimate (%) Rosgen Classification																				C5 /D5						C5		
Rosgen Classification BF Velocity (fps)		2.4	2.0		G 2.6			2.0						C4 N/D				2.7		C5/B5						CS		
BF Discharge (cfs)		2.4 25.2	3.9 40.9	63.0	3.6			3.9 41.0						N/P N/D				3.7										
Valley Length								41.0						N/P				37								784		
, ,																												
Channel length (ft) ²								1,417																		858		
Sinuosity								1.15				0.0126		1.20				1.11						0.0101		1.09		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136						0.0058						0.0101				
BF slope (ft/ft) Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0067						0.0113				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres) BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Channel Stability of Habitat Metric Biological or Other																												
Biological of Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
UT4 (Reach 2) Length 1,828 ft

UT4 (Reach 2) Length 1,828 ft					•																							
Parameter	USGS Gauge	Re	egional Curv	ve			Pre-Existin	g Condition ¹	ı				Reference R	. ,					De	sign ⁴					As-l	built		
	Guage			_																								
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		12.2	12.4					13.8			16.2			16.7				16.5						15.9				
Floodprone Width (ft)								36.6			50.0			53.0			38.0			66.0				95.2				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.6	1.2					1.7			0.9			0.9				1.3						1.2				
BF Max Depth (ft)								2.5			1.4			1.5				1.6						1.7				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		16.7	22.9					23.8			15.0			15.5				21.0						19.0				
Width/Depth Ratio								8.0			18.0			18.6				13						13.3				
Entrenchment Ratio								2.7			3.0			3.3				>2.2						6.0				
Bank Height Ratio								1.5			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)						2.1						45.0																
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	60.0			100.0				75.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			33.0			50.0				46.3				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				2.9				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			115.0			180.0				173.0				
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			3.5			6.0				10.9				
Profile																												
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P										51.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0040						0.0043				
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			32			65				105.0				
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				1.8						3.3				
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.06 /	0.34 / 2.12	/ 36.6 / 101.8	3 (R2)				6.0 / NP,/ 45	5.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								1.10						1.00						1.10						1.10		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
Rosgen Classification								F						C4						C5						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.6	4.0											N/P				3.8										
BF Discharge (cfs)		62.8	95.6	144.3				95.6						N/P				80.0										
Valley Length																										1590.34		
Channel length (ft) ²								1.673																		1827		
Sinuosity								1.15						1.20				1.19								1.15		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136		1.20				0.0034						0.0034		1.13		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (1/1t) BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0038				0.0136						0.0034						0.0034				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)								0.0007				0.0133						0.0003						0.0039				
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
UT4 (Reach 3) Length 250 ft

U14 (Reach 3) Length 250 ft	USGS	n	egional Curv				D E	a 11.1					Reference R	each(es) Da	nta ³					. 4						5		
Parameter	Gauge	Re	egional Curv	ve			Pre-Existin	g Condition ¹					chland Cree						Des	ign'					As-b	uilt		
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		14.1	14.2					13.1			16.2			16.7				19.8						15.4				
Floodprone Width (ft)								18.3			50.0			53.0			44.0			76.0				21.0				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.3	1.7					2.2			0.9			0.9				1.4						2.4				
BF Max Depth (ft)								3.2			1.4			1.5				1.7						3.2				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		21.0	28.5					28.7			15.0			15.5				28.0						36.8				
Width/Depth Ratio								6.0			18.0			18.6				13						6.4				
Entrenchment Ratio								1.4			3.0			3.3			1.8			2.2				1.4				
Bank Height Ratio								2.3			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.7				
d50 (mm)						0.48						45.0																
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	N/A			N/A								
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			N/A			N/A								
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0								
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			N/A			N/A								
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			N/A			N/A								
Profile Riffle Length (ft)														NI/D										20.0				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			N/P 0.0413				0.0130						0.0153				
Pool Length (ft)											0.015			0.0413 N/P				0.0130						0.0155				
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			45							50.0				
Pool to Pool Spacing (it) Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5			45	2.5		80				30.0				
Pool Volume (ft ³)																		3.3										
														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0.0	06 / 0.15 / 0.4	8 / 10.3 / 13	0.2				6.0 / NP,/ 45	.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m²																												
Additional Reach Parameters								1.50						1.00						1.50						1.50		
Drainage Area (SM)								1.52						1.00						1.52						1.52		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																				D.5								
Rosgen Classification BF Velocity (fps)		2.8	4.1					4.1						C4 N/D				2.7		B5c						G5c		
BF Velocity (fps) BF Discharge (cfs)		2.8 80.7	4.1	181.1				4.1						N/P				3.7										
Valley Length			120.5					120.5						N/P				103.0								237		
Channel length (ft) ²								244																		250		
Sinuosity								1.15						1.20				N/A								1.05		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136						0.0078						0.0056				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0080						0.0058				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

⁴ Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and on past project evaluations

Ultimately, a Rosgen "G" stream type was maintained for this reach due to its stable location with mature trees eastablished along its banks

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
UT4 (Reach 4) Length 1,840 ft

UT4 (Reach 4) Length 1,840 ft																												
Parameter	USGS	Re	gional Curv	ve			Pre-Existing	g Condition ¹					Reference F	each(es) Da	ata ³				De	sign ⁴					As-b	nilt		
T M. M. M. C. C.	Gauge		ground cur :				TTC Existing	s condition				Ri	chland Cree	k (Moore C	ounty)										120 0			
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		7.8	8.2					7.7			16.2			16.7				12.0						11.6				
Floodprone Width (ft)								10.9			50.0			53.0			28.0			48.0				75.9				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.9	1.1					1.6			0.9			0.9				0.9						0.8				
BF Max Depth (ft)								2.1			1.4			1.5				1.1						1.1				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		8.5	11.8					12			15.0			15.5				11.0						9.5				
Width/Depth Ratio								5.0			18.0			18.6				13						14.1				
Entrenchment Ratio								1.1			3.0			3.3				>2.2						6.5				
Bank Height Ratio								3.1			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)						1.50		5.1				45.0						1.0						0.3				
Pattern						1.50						45.0												0.5				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	40			70				55.0				
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			24.0			36.0				48.3				
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			2.0			3.0				4.2				
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			84.0			140.0				150.0				
Meander Wavelength (11) Meander Width Ratio											1.5						7.0			12.0				130.0				
											1.5			2.4			7.0			12.0				13.0				
Profile Picco I at (6)														NI/D														
Riffle Length (ft)														N/P														
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.013			0.0413				0.0100										
Pool Length (ft)														N/P														
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft)											37.3			95.8			42			82								
Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			2.5				2.2										
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						0	.13 / 0.43 / 1	.5 / 14.2 / 22.	6				6.0 / NP,/ 45	5.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP									11.	1 / 23.8 / 36.6	6 / 60.1 / 126	.3	
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								0.42						1.00						0.42						0.42		
Impervious cover estimate (%)																												
Rosgen Classification								G						C4						C5/B5c						C5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.5	3.9					3.9						N/P				3.6										
BF Discharge (cfs)		29.5	47.3	73.4				47.4						N/P				40.0										
Valley Length																										1657		
·								. = 0 =																				
Channel length (ft) ²								1,787						1.00												1840		
Sinusity								1.15						1.20				1.12								1.11		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0058				0.0136						0.0063						0.0054				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0067				0.0133						0.0069						0.0062				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

¹ Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 10. Baseline Stream Summary (continued)
Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: EEP Project ID No. 95351
UT4 (Reach 5) Length 1,973 ft

Parameter	USGS Gauge	R	Regional Cur	ve			Pre-Existing	g Condition ¹	I				Reference F				Design ⁴							As-l	ouilt			
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	n
BF Width (ft)		9.9	10.2		16.8			23.5			16.2			16.7				13.9						16.2				
Floodprone Width (ft)					33.6			94.3			50.0			53.0			32.0			55.0				69.4				
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.0	1.3		0.7			0.7			0.9			0.9				1.2						1.8				
BF Max Depth (ft)					1.3			2.4			1.4			1.5				1.5						2.7				
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)		12.3	16.9		11.2			15.4			15.0			15.5				16.0						28.4				
Width/Depth Ratio					25.2			36.0			18.0			18.6				12						9.3				
Entrenchment Ratio					2.0			4.0			3.0			3.3				>2.2						4.3				
Bank Height Ratio					1.0			1.7			1.6			1.7				1.0						1.0				
d50 (mm)						1.30						45.0																
Pattern																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																	N/A			N/A								
Radius of Curvature (ft)											14.3			26.1			N/A			N/A								
Rc / Bankfull width (ft/ft)											5.5			5.7			N/A			N/A								
Meander Wavelength (ft)											90			94			N/A			N/A								
Meander Width Ratio											1.5			2.4			N/A			N/A								
Profile P:stl L d (s)														N/P										46.0				
Riffle Length (ft) Riffle Slope (ft/ft)											0.012			N/P				0.0050						46.0				
											0.013			0.0413				0.0050						0.0086				
Pool Length (ft)											27.2			N/P			50							101.0				
Pool to Pool Spacing (ft) Pool Max Depth (ft)											2.3			95.8 2.5			50	2.4		90				101.0				
											2.3							2.4										
Pool Volume (ft ³)														N/P														
Substrate and Transport Parameters																												
Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																												
SC% / Sa% / G% / B% / Be%																												
² d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95						(0.30 / 0.70 /	1.3 / 5.5 / 8.4					6.0 / NP,/ 45	5.0 / 125.0 / 1	NP													
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f ²																												
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull (Rosgen Curve)																												
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m²																												
Additional Reach Parameters																												
Drainage Area (SM)								0.71						1.00						0.71						0.71		
Impervious cover estimate (%)								E.D																				
Rosgen Classification								E/Bc						C4				2.0		C5/E5						E5		
BF Velocity (fps)		2.9	4.5	1061				4.5						N/P				3.8										
BF Discharge (cfs)		44.4	69.2	106.1				69.3						N/P				60.0								1020		
Valley Length																										1838		
Channel length (ft) ²								1,921																		1916		
Sinuosity								1.08						1.20				N/A								1.04		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0033				0.0136						0.0033						0.0053				
BF slope (ft/ft)								0.0035				0.0133						0.0035						0.0061				
Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																												
BEHI VL% / L% / M% / H% / VH% / E%																												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																												
Biological or Other																												

Existing conditions survey data was compiled for each reach of Hurricane Creek and UT4 respectively

² Bulk samples taken for pre-existing condition and pebble counts taken for as-built and annual monitoring

Reference reach data for Richland Creek in Moore County from the NC DOT reference reach database was used in the design

Values were chosen based on previous sand-bed reference reach data and past project evaluations

Table 11. Cross-section Morphology Data

a										TITE 4 D	1 4 (1 40	2 T EV										
Stream Reach											each 1 (1,48	- 1										
			Cross-s	section X-1 (Riffle)						section X-2	(Pool)					Cross-se	ection X-3 (Riffle)			
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	
BF Width (ft)	14.9	11.6	11.6	11.0	10.5	10.8	-	15.4	14.9	14.7	15.1	14.8	14.4	-	14.0	13.2	14.2	15.9	15.8	16.1	-	
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	-	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	-	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.0	-	
Width/Depth Ratio	14.6	11.0	11.2	10.3	9.0	8.6	-	17.7	18.0	18.0	18.2	17.9	16.3	-	13.8	13.6	15.2	18.1	16.1	15.4	-	
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)	15.3	12.4	12.0	11.8	12.2	13.6	-	13.4	12.3	12.1	12.5	12.2	12.8	-	14.1	12.7	13.1	13.3	15.4	16.9	-	
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.9	-	2.2	2.0	1.9	1.9	1.9	2.0	-	1.8	1.5	1.6	1.8	1.8	1.9	-	
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	59	59	59	59	59	59	-	47	47	47	47	47	47	-	89	89	89	89	89	89	-	
Entrenchment Ratio	3.9	5.1	5.1	5.4	5.6	5.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	6.4	6.8	6.3	5.9	5.7	5.5	-	
*Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	17.0	13.8	13.7	12.0	11.7	12.2	-	17.2	16.6	16.4	15.9	15.5	15.2	-	16.0	15.1	16.0	16.6	16.6	17.2	-	
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.9	0.9	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	-	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	-	0.9	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	1.0	-	
d50 (mm)	-							-							-							
Stream Reach							UT4 Reach	2 (1,859 LF))								UT4 R	Reach 3 (250	LF)			
			Cross-s	section X-4 (Riffle)					Cross-	section X-5	(Pool)					Cross-se	ection X-6 (Riffle)			
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	
BF Width (ft)	15.9	15.3	15.3	16.0	14.7	14.6	-	22.4	22.4	22.7	24.4	22.2	22.1	-	15.4	15.1	15.0	15.0	15.8	16.1	-	
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.19	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	-	1.39	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.8	1.8	-	2.4	2.3	2.2	2.2	2.0	2.1	-	
Width/Depth Ratio	13.3	11.3	10.8	11.5	10.1	10.2	-	16.1	14.4	14.4	14.9	12.3	12.6	-	6.4	6.7	6.8	6.8	7.8	7.6	-	
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)	19.0	20.7	21.6	22.2	21.4	21.0	-	31.2	34.8	35.9	39.9	40.2	38.7	-	36.8	34.2	33.5	32.8	32.3	34.4	-	
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.7	2.1	2.2	2.3	2.6	2.5	-	3.4	3.7	3.8	3.8	4.1	4.2	-	3.2	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.6	2.9	-	
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	95	95	95	95	95	95	-	75	75	75	75	75	75	-	21	19	19	20	20	20	-	
Entrenchment Ratio	6.0	6.2	6.2	6.0	6.5	6.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	1.3	-	
*Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2.1	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.2	2.1	-	
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	18.3	18.0	18.1	17.0	16.1	16.2	-	25.2	25.5	25.9	27.4	22.5	26.1	-	18.5	17.9	19.5	17.1	17.9	18.5	-	
	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3		1.2	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.6	1.5	_	2.0	1.9	17	1.9	1.8	1.9	_	
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.0	1.1	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.3	-	1.2	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.0	1.5	-	2.0	1.9	1./	1.7	1.0	1.7	_	

^{*}Note: Per DMS/IRT request, bank height ratio has been calculated using the bankfull elevation as determined from the as-built bankfull area. All other values were calculated using the as-built bankfull elevation.

Table 11 continued. Cross-section Morphology Data

Brown Creek Tributaries Restoration Project: DMS Project ID No. 95351

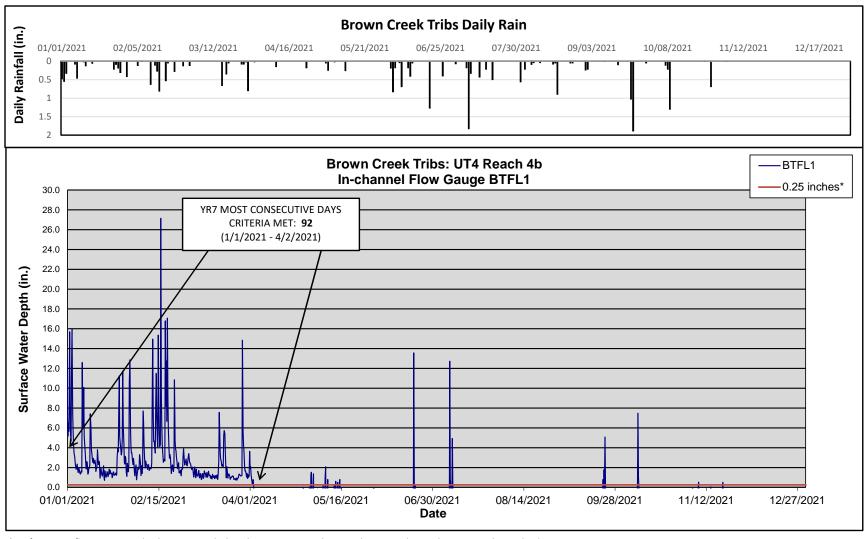
Stream Reach		UT4 Reach 5 (2,022 LF) Cross-section X-7 (Riffle) Cross-section X-8 (Riffle)											UT4 Reach 4 (1,892 LF) Cross-section X-9 (Riffle) Cross-section X-10 (Pool)															
			Cross-	section X-7 ((Riffle)					Cross-s	ection X-8 (Riffle)					Cross-se	ection X-9 (Riffle)					Cross-se	ection X-10	(Pool)		
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
BF Width (ft)	15.9	15.5	15.2	15.3	14.5	15.0	-	17.0	16.0	15.8	15.9	15.6	15.6	-	11.6	11.6	12.3	12.0	11.3	11.0	-	25.9	25.7	27.6	24.7	25.3	23.3	-
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.6	1.4	1.3	1.4	1.6	1.6	-	1.9	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.5	1.5	-	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.9	-	1.0	1.0	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	-
Width/Depth Ratio	10.1	11.0	11.4	10.9	9.3	9.5	-	8.8	9.6	9.6	10.0	1.0	10.5	-	14.1	13.8	15.7	14.6	14.3	12.8	-	27.1	27.1	30.5	27.4	30.7	29.4	-
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)	25.0	21.8	20.3	21.6	22.8	23.8	-	32.8	26.5	26.0	25.1	24.1	23.2	-	9.6	9.7	9.7	9.9	9.2	9.4	-	24.8	24.4	25.0	22.2	20.9	18.3	-
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.4	-	3.2	1.7	2.3	2.3	2.5	2.6	-	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.3	-	2.1	2.0	2.0	2.0	1.8	1.8	-
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	68	68	68	68	68	68	-	71	71	71	71	71	71	-	76	76	76	76	76	76	-	81	81	81	81	81	81	-
Entrenchment Ratio	4.3	4.4	4.4	4.4	4.6	4.5	-	4.2	4.5	4.5	4.5	4.6	4.6	-	6.6	6.6	6.2	6.3	6.7	6.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
*Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.0	1.0	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	19.0	18.3	17.9	16.2	15.7	16.2	-	20.9	19.3	19.1	16.9	16.7	16.8	-	13.2	13.3	13.9	12.4	11.8	11.5	-	27.9	27.6	29.4	25.2	25.8	23.6	-
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.3	1.2	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.5	-	1.6	1.4	1.4	1.5	1.4	1.4	-	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	-	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8	0.8	-
d50 (mm)	-							-							-							-						
Stream Reach						Hurrio	cane Creek	Reach 1 (2,0	43 LF)											Hurrica	ane Creek	Reach 2 (1,4	24 LF)					
			Cross-s	section X-11	,					Cross-s	ection X-12							ection X-13	. ,						ection X-14			
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
BF Width (ft)	18.9	18.7	18.5	19.9	18.9	18.3	-	34.3	32.7	37.3	33.2	33.3	32.0	-	29.0	28.0	28.8	28.5	29.2	28.1	-	22.5	20.5	20.5	20.9	20.6	20.4	-
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.6	1.6	1.5	1.3	1.5	1.3	-	1.8	1.9	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.6	-	1.8	1.9	1.8	1.8	1.8	1.8	-	1.4	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.6	1.6	-
Width/Depth Ratio	11.8	11.8	12.5	14.8	12.9	13.7	-	18.6	17.6	22.3	18.1	19.6	20.2	-	16.4	15.1	15.8	15.7	16.3	15.5	-	16.1	13.4	13.7	13.8	12.7	12.9	-
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)	30.4	29.8	27.3	26.6	27.6	24.6	-	63.2	60.6	62.5	60.8	56.5	50.6	-	51.5	52.0	52.7	51.5	52.3	50.9	-	31.6	31.3	30.6	31.7	33.4	32.3	-
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.5	2.4	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.1	-	4.1	4.0	3.9	3.8	3.5	3.3	-	2.9	3.0	3.1	2.9	3.0	2.8	-	2.3	2.4	2.5	2.6	2.9	2.9	-
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	71	71	71	71	71	71	-	80	80	80	80	80	80	-	80	80	80	80	80	80	-	69	69	69	69	70	70	-
Entrenchment Ratio	3.8	3.8	3.9	3.6	3.8	3.9	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	3.1	3.4	3.4	3.3	3.3	3.4	-
*Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.0	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.1	-
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	22.1	21.9	21.5	20.6	19.7	19.3	-	38.0	36.4	40.7	36.7	34.9	33.7	-	32.6	31.7	32.5	29.8	30.4	29.7	-	25.3	23.5	23.5	21.9	21.8	21.8	-
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.4	1.4	1.3	1.3	1.4	1.3	-	1.7	1.7	1.5	1.7	1.6	1.5	-	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.7	1.7	1.7	-	1.2	1.3	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.5	-
d50 (mm)	-							-							-							-						
Stream Reach		1	Hurricane (Creek Reach	3 (600 LF))																						
			Cross-s	section X-15	(Riffle)																							
Dimension and substrate	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+																					
BF Width (ft)	11.1	10.7	10.7	10.8	12.2	10.5	-																					
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.7	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.4	1.5	-																					
Width/Depth Ratio	6.7	6.5	6.7	6.8	9.0	7.0	-																					
BF Cross-sectional Area (ft²)	18.2	17.6	17.1	17.1	16.6	15.8	-																					
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.9	2.7	2.6	2.6	2.6	2.6	-																					
Width of Floodprone Area (ft)	53	53	53	53	53	53	-																					
Entrenchment Ratio	4.8	5.0	5.0	5.0	4.4	5.1	-																					
*Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.0	0.9	-																					
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	14.4	14.0	13.9	12.2	13.7	12.0	-																					
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.3	1.3	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.3	-																					
d50 (mm)	-																											

^{*}Note: Per DMS/IRT request, bank height ratio has been calculated using the bankfull elevation as determined from the as-built bankfull area. All other values were calculated using the as-built bankfull elevation.

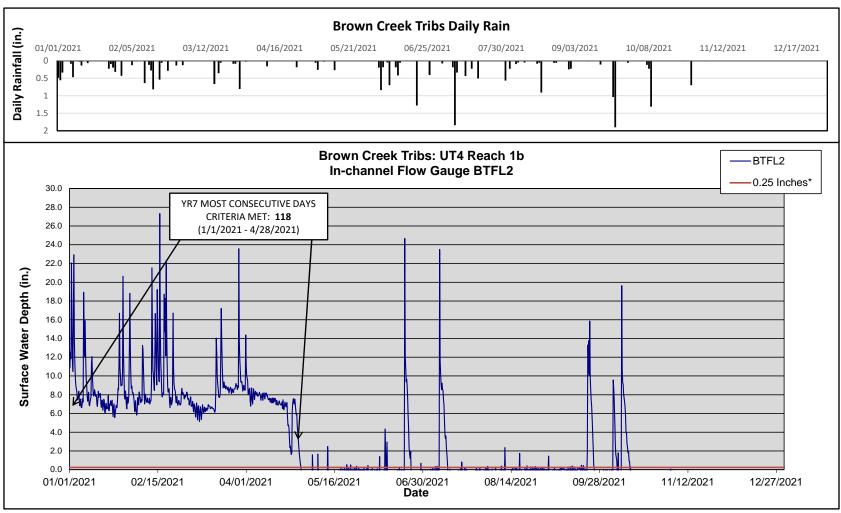
Appendix E

Hydrologic Data

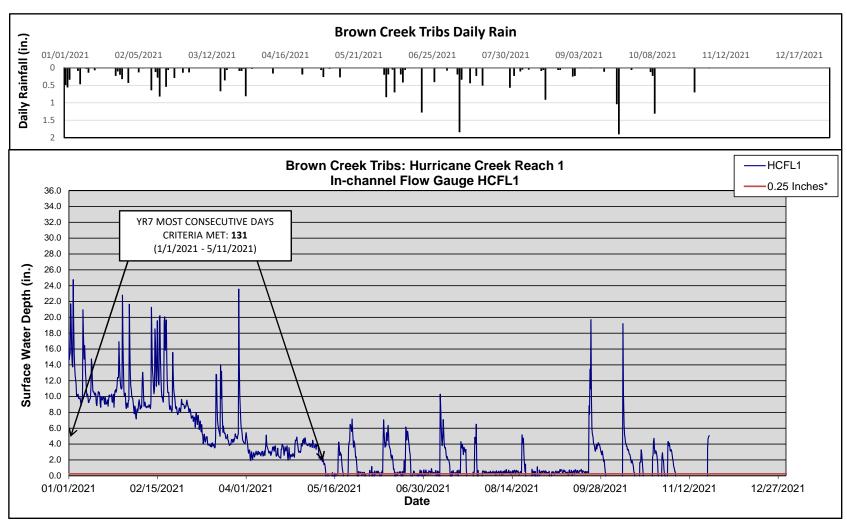
Figure 5. Flow Gauge Graphs



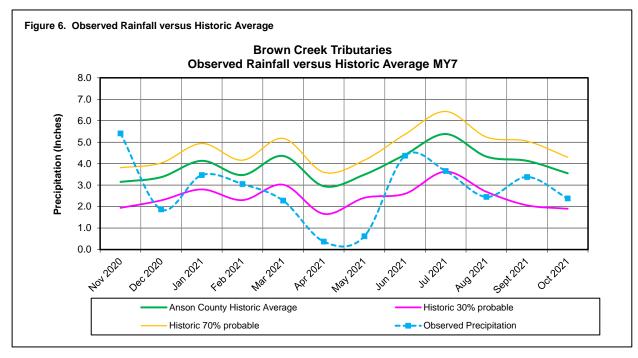
^{*} Surface water flow is estimated to have occurred when the pressure transducer reading is equal to or above 0.25 inches in depth.



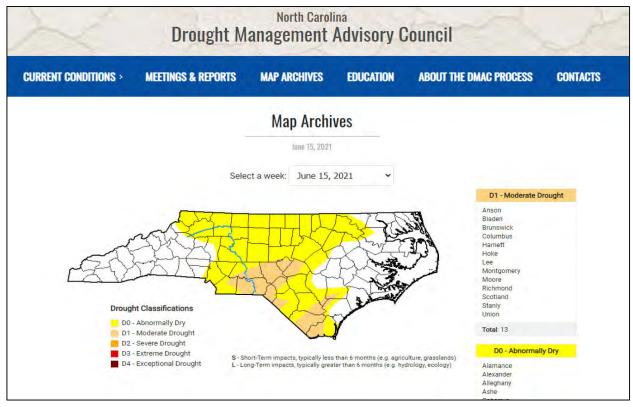
^{*} Surface water flow is estimated to have occurred when the pressure transducer reading is equal to or above 0.25 inches in depth.



^{*} Surface water flow is estimated to have occurred when the pressure transducer reading is equal to or above 0.25 inches in depth.



Note: Historic average annual rainfall for Anson County is 46.74", while a total of 33.31" was recorded over the previous 12 months.



Note: Beginning in April, Anson County experienced various levels of drought conditions throughout MY7, culminating in a D1-Moderate Drought in June (www.ncdrought.org).

Table 12. Flow (Gauge Succ	ess												
Brown Creek Tr	ributaries l	Restoration	Project: D	MS Projec	t ID No. 95	351								
Elass Cassas ID	ive Days M	eeting Crite	Cumulative Days Meeting Criteria ²											
Flow Gauge ID	Year 1 (2015)	Year 2 (2016)	Year 3 (2017)	Year 4 (2018)	Year 5 (2019)	Year 6 (2020)	Year 7 (2021)	Year 1 (2015)	Year 2 (2016)	Year 3 (2017)	Year 4 (2018)	Year 5 (2019)	Year 6 (2020)	Year 7 (2021)
	UT4 Flow Gauges (Installed July 17, 2015)													
BTFL ¹	37	77	58	94	50	93	92	37	77	152	185	129	119	106
$BTFL^2$	92	106	34	63	121	131	118	92	106	113	135	180	195	143
	Hurricane Creek Flow Gauge (Installed July 19, 2016)													_
HCFL1 ³	N/A	12	64	113	116	93	131	N/A	12	154	186	156	214	228

Notes:

¹Indicates the single greatest number of consecutive days within the monitoring year where flow was measured.

²Indicates the total number of days within the monitoring year where flow was measured.

³The Hurricane Creek Flow Gauge (HCFL1) was installed in Reach HC-R1 on July 19, 2016 to document in-channel stream flow.

Table 12 Varificat	ion of Bankfull Events			1
	ion of Banktun Events utaries Restoration Project: I	OMS Project ID No. 9	5351	
Date of Data	Estimated Occurrence of	Method of Data	Crest Gauge Reading	Crest Gauge Reading
Collection	Bankfull Event	Collection	(Hurricane Creek-R2)	(UT4-R2)
20112011	Duminum Divino	MY1 (2015)	(11011100110 010011 112)	(61:112)
10/29/2015	10/03/2015	Crest Gauge	0.94'	
11/04/2015	10/03/2015	Crest Gauge		0.83'
		MY2 (2016)	•	
02/17/2016	02/03/2016	Crest Gauge	1.05'	
07/19/2016	06/29/2016	Crest Gauge	0.19'	0.28'
11/03/2016	10/08/2016	Crest Gauge	1.1'	0.97'
		MY3 (2017)		
09/19/2017	07/18/2017	Crest Gauge	0.33'	
		MY4 (2018)		
06/05/2018	06/02/2018	Crest Gauge		0.50'
10/03/2018	09/17/2018	Crest Gauge	0.67'	
10/15/2018	09/17/2018	Crest Gauge		2.26'
10/15/2018	10/11/2018	Crest Gauge		0.68'
		MY5 (2019)		
04/11/2019	03/21/2019	Crest Gauge		1.09'
04/12/2019	03/03/2019	Crest Gauge	1.72'	
08/08/2019	05/12/2019	Crest Gauge	0.60'	
10/16/2019	08/03/2019	Crest Gauge		0.58'
		MY6 (2020)		
02/24/2020	02/07/2020	Crest Gauge		0.47'
04/16/2020	03/25/2020	Crest Gauge	0.65'	
08/12/2020	05/21/2020	Crest Gauge		1.86'
11/10/2020	10/12/2020	Crest Gauge	1.98'	
		MY7 (2021)		
03/08/2021	02/15/2021*	Crest Gauge		1.75'
07/22/2021	03/28/2021*	Crest Gauge	1.65'	

^{*} See flow gauge graphs in Appendix E for corresponding flow depth spikes on these dates.