

# ANNUAL REPORT FOR 2002



**DOWD DAIRY FARM MITIGATION SITE  
BLADEN COUNTY  
PROJECT NO. 8.1241802  
TIP NO. R-2204WM**



Prepared By:  
Office of Natural Environment & Roadside Environmental Unit  
North Carolina Department of Transportation  
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## **DOWD DAIRY FARM MITIGATION SITE 2002 REPORT – EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

The following report summarizes the monitoring activities that have occurred in the past year at the Dowd Dairy Farm Mitigation Site. Phase 1 of this site was constructed in 1998, and Phase 2 was completed in 2000. Although monitoring for the site began in 1999, the Monitoring activities in 2002 represent the second year of official monitoring period following completion of the entire site. The site must demonstrate hydrologic and vegetation success for a minimum of 5 years or until the project is deemed successful.

The site contains 36 groundwater monitoring gauges, 2 rain gauges, and 38 vegetation plots.

Rainfall data has been acquired from an onsite rain gauge. Also, monthly rainfall data recorded from a rain gauge maintained by the NC State Climate Office in Elizabethtown was used for the historical data.

Hydrologic monitoring indicated 29 gauges met jurisdictional hydrologic success of at least 12.5% during the growing season; conversely, only 6 gauges met hydrology less than 5% of the growing season.

All vegetation monitoring plots indicated an average tree density of 505 trees per acres, well above the 320 trees per acre requirement.

Based on the monitoring results from the 2002 growing season, NCDOT recommends that monitoring continue.

## **1.0 INTRODUCTION**

### **1.1 Project Description**

The Dowd Dairy Farm Wetland Mitigation Site is located 7 miles north of Elizabethtown and 2 miles east of White Oak in Bladen County (Figure 1). It is bounded by SR 1324 (Dowd Dairy Farm Road) to the north, SR 1332 (Oak Grove Church Road) to the west, and dense forest to the south and east. The site represents a Coastal Plain interstream divide converted for agricultural use. The site receives drainage from elevated sandy terraces and discharges into Ellis Creek and Panther Branch, tributaries of the Cape Fear River.

The site encompasses approximately 658 acres and is designed as a mitigation site for the Cape Fear River Basin.

### **1.2 Purpose**

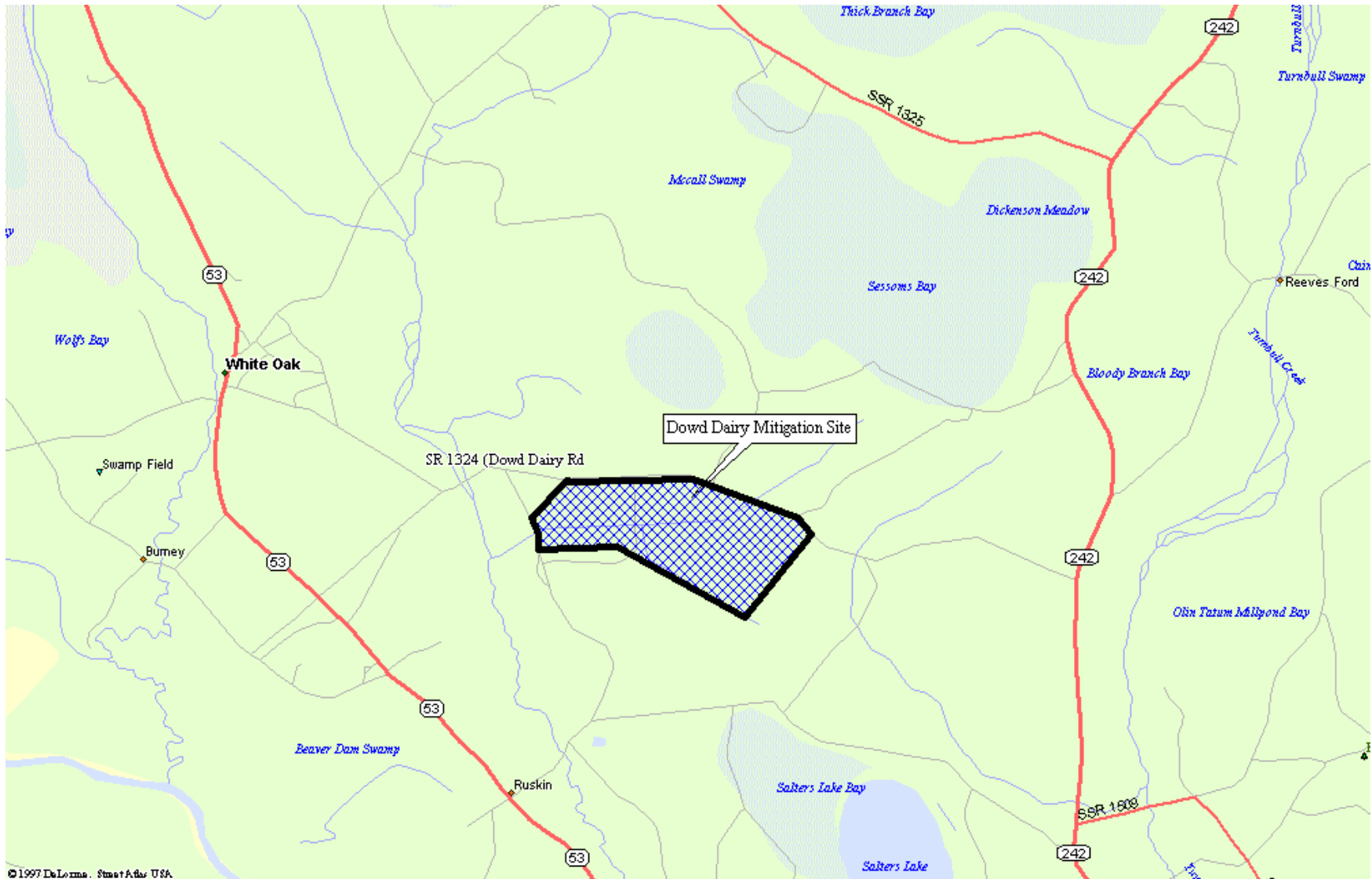
In order to demonstrate successful mitigation, hydrologic and vegetative monitoring must be conducted for a minimum of five years or until success criteria are fulfilled. Success criteria are based on federal guidelines for wetland mitigation. These guidelines stipulate criteria for both hydrologic conditions and vegetation survival. The following report details the results of hydrologic and vegetative monitoring during 2002 at the Dowd Dairy Farm Mitigation Site.

Activities in 2002 reflect the second year of monitoring following the construction of Phase 2 at the site. Included in this report are analyses of both hydrologic and vegetative monitoring results as well as local climate conditions throughout the growing season.

### 1.3 Project History

Summer 1998	Construction – Phase 1
Spring 1999	Tree Planting – Phase 1
February – April 1999	Installation of Monitoring Gauges
March – November 1999	Hydrologic monitoring (Year 1)
Sept 1999	Construction Begins – Phase 2
November 1999	Vegetation Monitoring (Year 1)
March – November 2000	Hydrologic Monitoring (Year 2)
June 2000	Construction Completed – Phase 2
November 2000	Vegetation Monitoring (Year 2)
February 2001	Tree Planting – Phase 2
March – November 2001	Hydrologic Monitoring (Restart Year 1)
October 2001	Vegetation Monitoring (Restart Year 1)
August 2002	Vegetation Monitoring (2 yr.)
March – November 2002	Hydrologic Monitoring (2 yr.)

Phase 1 construction consisted of clearing, grubbing, ripping, filling lateral ditches, and adding ditch plugs. Phase 2 construction consisted of filling in the central canal. Completion of the site was delayed to June 2000 due to the saturated conditions from the hurricane activity in the fall of 1999.



**FIGURE 1: SITE LOCATION MAP**

## 1.4 Debit Ledger

Because of its size, Dowd Dairy Farm will provide mitigation for several highway projects. Table 1 shows the projects that this site is providing mitigation for through November 2002.

**Table 1**  
**Dowd Dairy Debit Ledger**

	Headwater Swamp (Riverine)	Nonriverine Swamp Forest	Nonriverine Wet Hardwood Forest	Wetland/ Upland Restoration	Nonriverine Atlantic White Cedar	Total
Acres at Start	13	198	357	20	70	658
TIP Project Debits						
R-2204A	0	17	0	0	0	17
R-2238AA	0.6	5.8	2.5	0	0	8.9
R-2562AA/AB	5.8	0	16.4	0	0	22.2
B-3412	0	1.18	0	0	0	1.18
B-3413	0	1.17	0	0	0	1.17
B-3409	0.8	0	0	0	0	0.8
Remaining Acres	5.8	172.85	338.1	20	70	606.75

## 1.5 Permit Requirements

As shown on the ledger, the Dowd Dairy Mitigation Site has been debited to compensate for impacts to TIP Project numbers R-2204A (USACE Action ID number 199602560), R-2562 AA/BB (USACE Action ID number 199304806), R-2238 AA (USACE Action ID Number 199302820), B-3412 (USACE Action ID Number 200200729), B-3413 (USACE Action ID Number 200200716) and B-3409 (USACE Action ID Number 200201004).

The permits for project R-2562AA/AB and R-2238AA stated that grading on the restoration site should be completed no later than August 1, 2000, and all planting should be completed by March 1, 2001. All grading and planting have been completed.

The permit for projects R-2204A stated that the annual monitoring reports should describe the overall success of the entire mitigation site and any recommended remedial actions that may become necessary. This report summarizes the findings for 2002.



The permits for projects B-3409, B-3412 and B-3413 contained no special conditions pertaining to the success criteria of the site that must be met in order for the site to be deemed successful.

## **2.0 HYDROLOGY**

### **2.1 Success Criteria**

In accordance with federal guidelines for wetland mitigation, the success criteria for hydrology states that the area must be inundated or saturated (within 12" of the surface) by surface or ground water for at least 12.5% of the growing season. Areas inundated less than 5% of the growing season are always classified as non-wetlands. Areas inundated between 5% - 12.5% of the growing season can be classified as wetlands depending upon other factors, such as the presence of hydrophytic vegetation and hydric soils.

The growing season in Bladen County begins March 16 and ends November 14. The dates correspond to a 50% probability that temperatures will drop to 28° F or lower after March 16 and before November 14.<sup>1</sup> The growing season is 243 days; therefore the optimum duration for wetland hydrology is 31 days. Also, local climate must represent average conditions for the area.

### **2.2 Hydrologic Description**

Historically, wetlands on the tract were created by a combination of radial groundwater and surface water flow from adjacent terraces as well as precipitation and vertical groundwater fluctuations maintained within the site. After an extensive study of the site's hydrology, it was concluded that blocking and filling the drainage ditches within the site would elevate the groundwater to a level that would saturate the soil stratum within the required twelve inches. It was predicted that this, in addition to surface water and runoff would be sufficient to restore wetland hydrology.

Thirty-one groundwater monitoring gauges, and two rain gauges were installed in 1999 (Figure 3). Five additional gauges were installed in transects along the main channel in 2001 to examine potential drainage effects of the large remaining canal. The rain gauges and groundwater monitoring gauges recorded daily readings of rainfall and depth to groundwater, respectively.

Appendix A contains a plot of the groundwater depth for each monitoring gauge. Data determined to be erroneous was omitted; therefore, some gaps appear in the plots. Daily rainfall is included on each graph as bars recorded by rain

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<sup>1</sup> Natural Resources Conversation Service, Soil Survey of Bladen County, North Carolina, p. 123.

gauges located on the site. It must be noted that several gauges continued to be problematic throughout the growing season and were eventually replaced.

# DOWD DAIRY FARM MITIGATION SITE

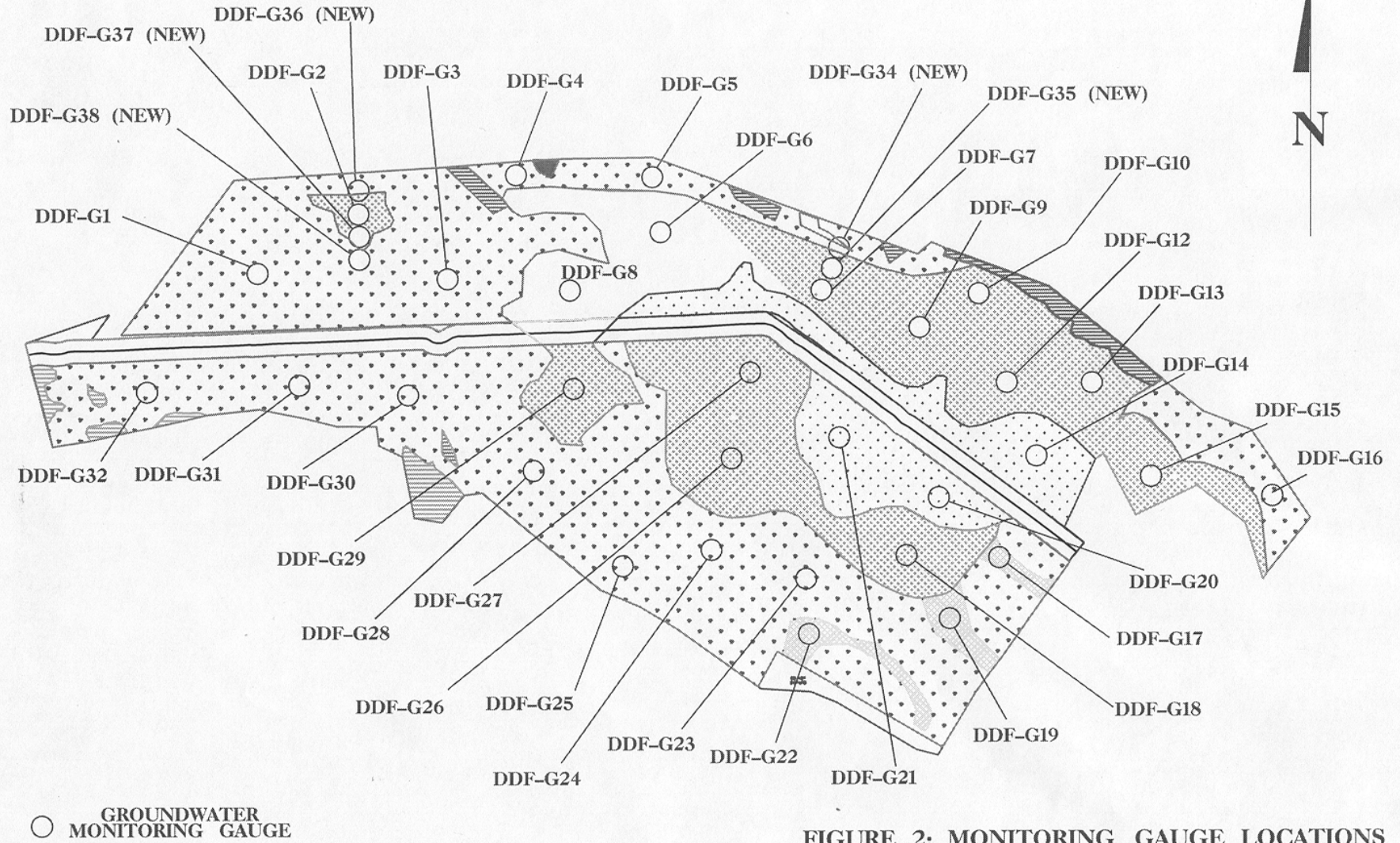


FIGURE 2: MONITORING GAUGE LOCATIONS

Rev. 12/11/01

## **2.3 Results of Hydrologic Monitoring**

### *2.3.1 Site Data*

The maximum number of consecutive days that the groundwater was within twelve inches of the surface was determined for each groundwater gauge. This number was converted into a percentage of the 243-day growing season. Table 2 presents the hydrologic monitoring results for 2002.

Figure 3 represents a graphical representation of the hydrologic results. Gauges highlighted in blue indicate wetland hydrology for more than 12.5% of the growing season. Gauges highlighted in red show hydrology between 8% and 12.5% of the season, while those in green indicate hydrology between 5% and 8% of the season. Gauges highlighted in black indicate no wetland hydrology (less than 5% of the growing season).

Appendix A contains a plot of the groundwater depth for each monitoring gauge. The maximum number of consecutive days that the groundwater is within 12 inches of the surface is noted on each graph.

**Table 2**  
**2002 HYDROLOGIC MONITORING RESULTS –**  
**(MARCH 16 – NOVEMBER 14)**

<b>Monitoring Gauge</b>	<b>&lt; 5% (&lt;12 dy)</b>	<b>5 - 8% (12-19 dy)</b>	<b>8 – 12.5% (20-30 dy)</b>	<b>&gt; 12.5% (&gt;31 dy)</b>	<b>Actual %</b>	<b>Dates Meeting Success</b>
DDF-G1				✓	16	3/16-4/23
DDF-G2	✓				2.5	
DDF-G3	✓				2.1	
DDF-G4	✓				1.6	
DDF-G5				✓	15.2	3/16-4/21
DDF-G6*				✓	25.0	3/16-5/15
DDF-G7*				✓	15.6	3/16-4/22
DDF-G8*				✓	16.1	3/16-4/23
DDF-G9*				✓	15.6	3/16-4/22
DDF-G10				✓	18.5	3/16-4/29
DDF-G12				✓	15.2	3/16-4/21
DDF-G13	✓				.4	
DDF-G14				✓	14.8	3/16-4/20
DDF-G15				✓	18.5	3/16-4/29 8/26-10/7 10/11-11/14
DDF-G16				✓	18.5	3/16-4/29
DDF-G17*				✓	26.8	3/16-5/19
DDF-G18*				✓	19.8	3/16-5/2
DDF-G19				✓	15.6	3/16-4/22
DDF-G20*				✓	25.5	3/16-5/16
DDF-G21*				✓	19.8	3/16-5/2
DDF-G22				✓	13.6	3/16-4/17
DDF-G23*				✓	17.7	3/16-4/27
DDF-G24*				✓	16.1	3/16-4/23
DDF-G25*				✓	15.6	3/16-4/22
DDF-G26*				✓	25.5	3/16-5/16
DDF-G27*				✓	19.8	3/16-5/2
DDF-G28				✓	16.9	3/16-4/25
DDF-G29				✓	28.4	3/16-5/23
DDF-G30				✓	25.5	3/16-5/16
DDF-G31				✓	16.1	3/16-4/23
DDF-G32				✓	16.5	3/16-4/24
DDF-G34	✓				3.3	
DDF-G35*				✓	14.4	3/16-4/19
DDF-G36	✓				0	
DDF-G37			✓		11.9	3/16-4/13
DDF-G38*				✓	18.5	3/16-4/29

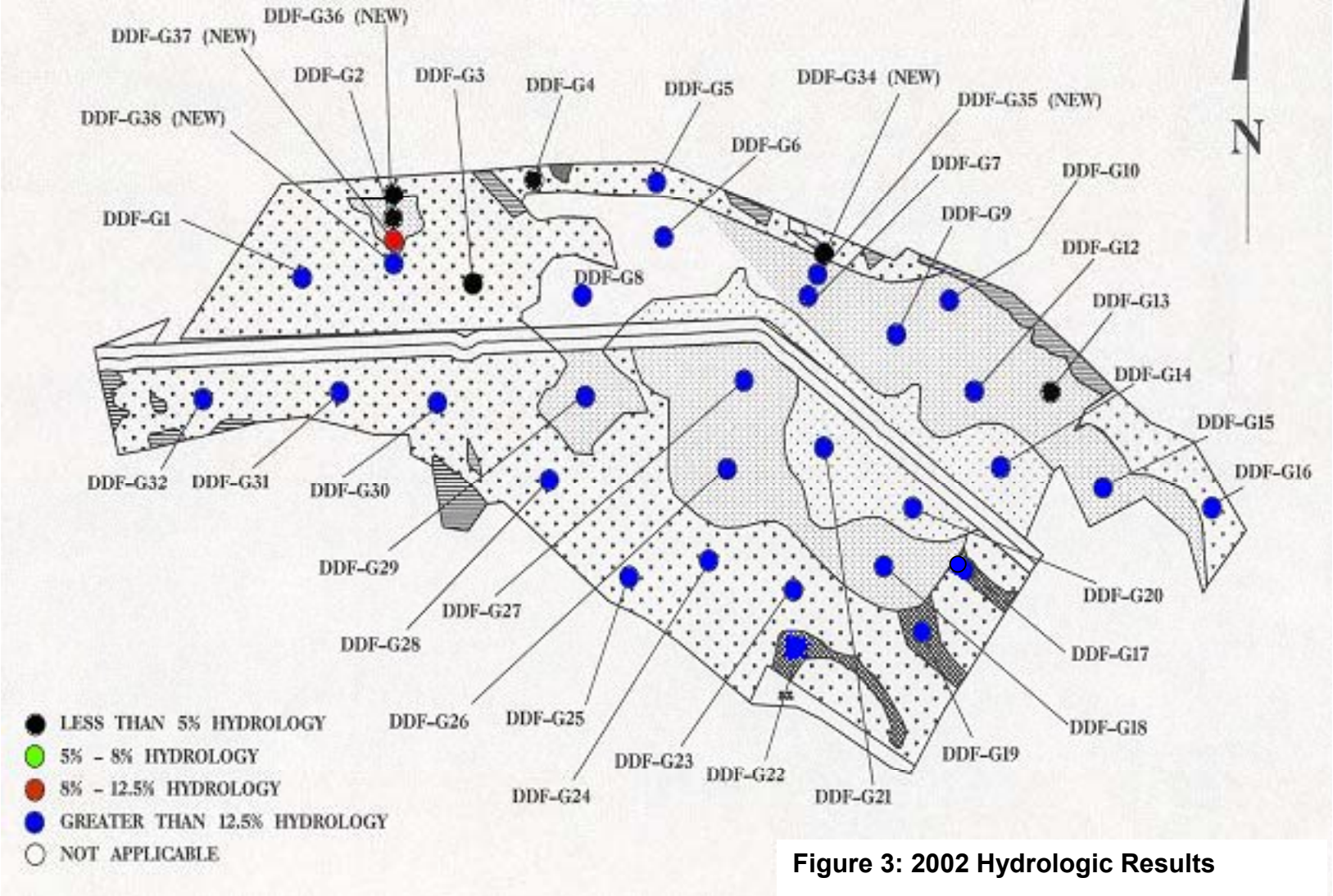
\*Gauge malfunctions at the beginning of the growing season. These gauges experienced data loss, but appeared to be inundated or saturated for more than 12 inches.

### ***Specific Gauge Problems:***

- DDF-G3 had gauge malfunctions throughout the growing season beginning March 21.
- DDF-G7 stopped recording data (April 6-April 18)
- DDF-G6 stopped recording data (May 16-July 11)
- DDF-G8 stopped recording data (March 25-April 18) (July 27-September 12)
- DDF-G9 had no data available (January-April 19) The gauge stopped recording data (May 26-June 11) and (August 8-August 26)
- DDF-G17 stopped recording data (March 28-June 12) and (September 18-October 30)
- DDF-G18 stopped reading data 3 times between (April-June)
- DDF-G20 stopped recording data (March 19-May 15) and (October 17-October 30)
- DDF-G21 stopped recording data (March 29-April 19)
- DDF-G23 stopped reading data 3 times between (January-July 13)
- DDF-G25 stopped reading data at the beginning of the growing season (March 27-April 19)
- DDF-G26 experienced gauge malfunction at the beginning of the growing season and did not record data (January-April 9) (April 26-May 15)
- DDF-G27 stopped recording data (March 27-April 19) (August 24-September 13)
- Gauges DDF-G34,G35, and G38 stopped recording data at the beginning of the growing season (March 24-April 19)
- DDF-G36 experienced gauge malfunction and stopped recording data (June 24-September 12)

During the growing season from March through November 2002, twenty-nine of the thirty-six gauges met jurisdictional hydrologic success of at least 12.5% during the growing season. One gauge showed saturation between 8 and 12.5% of the growing season, while only six gauges showed saturation less than 5% of the growing season. Of the gauges that did not meet the minimum of 5% hydrology, two of them (G2 and G4) are located in an area that was estimated to be dry in the mitigation plan report.

# DOWD DAIRY FARM MITIGATION SITE BLADEN COUNTY



**Figure 3: 2002 Hydrologic Results**

### 2.3.2 Climatic Data

Figure 4 represents an examination of the local climate in comparison with historical data in order to determine whether 2002 was “average” in terms of climate conditions. The two lines represent the 30<sup>th</sup> and 70<sup>th</sup> percentiles of monthly precipitation for Elizabethtown, NC. The bars are monthly rainfall totals for 2001 and 2002. The historical data was collected from the State Climate Office of North Carolina.

The months of March, May, June, August, and October were considered “average”. November 01, December 01, February, April, and September were considered below “normal”. January and July were above “normal” months. Overall the site experienced average rainfall in 2002

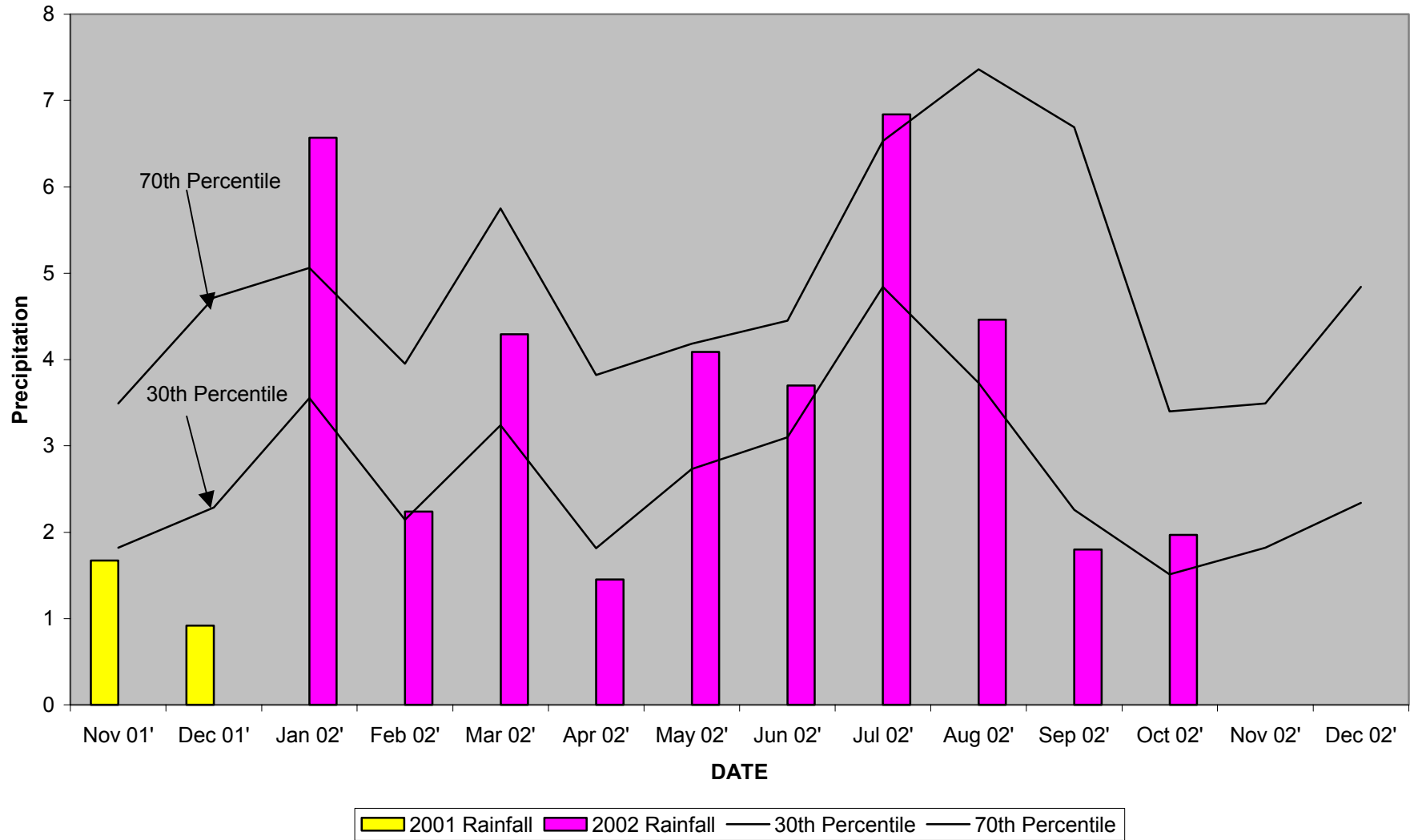
### 2.4 Conclusions

For the Year 2002, twenty-nine (29) of thirty-six (36) monitoring gauges indicated optimum hydrologic success of at least 12.5% from March through November, while only six (6) gauges met hydrology less than 5% of the growing season.



**FIGURE 4**

**Dowd Dairy 30-70 Percentile Graph 2002  
Elizabethtown , NC**



## 3.0 VEGETATION

### 3.1 Success Criteria

Success Criteria states that there must be a minimum of 320 trees per acre living for at least five consecutive years. A minimum of 5 character tree species must be present, with no more than 20% of any one species is also required with the exception of Atlantic White Cedar which may comprise up to 75% in swamp forest restoration. Loblolly Pine cannot comprise of more than 10% of the 320 trees per acre requirement

### 3.2 Description of Species

The following tree species were planted in the Wetland Planting Areas:

#### **Zone 1: Non-Riverine Wet Hardwood Forest (320.25 acres)**

*Quercus falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*, Cherrybark Oak  
*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*, Green Ash  
*Quercus laurifolia*, Laurel Oak  
*Quercus lyrata*, Overcup Oak  
*Quercus michauxii*, Swamp Chestnut Oak  
*Nyssa aquatica*, Water Tupelo  
*Quercus nigra*, Water Oak  
*Quercus phellos*, Willow Oak

#### **Zone 2: Pine/Oak Hickory (17.68 acres)**

*Juglans nigra*, Black Walnut  
*Nyssa sylvatica*, Blackgum  
*Pinus palustris*, Longleaf Pine  
*Quercus falcata*, Southern Red Oak  
*Quercus nigra*, Water Oak  
*Quercus alba*, White Oak  
*Quercus phellos*, Willow Oak  
*Liriodendron tulipifera*, Tulip Poplar  
*Quercus lyrata*, Overcup Oak  
*Quercus falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*, Cherrybark Oak

#### **Zone 3: Non-Riverine Swamp Forest (201.2 acres)**

*Chamaecyparis thyoides*, Atlantic White Cedar  
*Taxodium distichum*, Bald Cypress  
*Quercus falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*, Cherrybark Oak  
*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*, Green Ash  
*Quercus laurifolia*, Laurel Oak  
*Quercus lyrata*, Overcup Oak  
*Quercus nigra*, Water Oak

*Quercus phellos*, Willow Oak  
*Nyssa aquatica*, Water Tupelo

**Zone 4: Headwater (Slope) Swamp (12.05 acres)**

*Taxodium distichum*, Bald Cypress  
*Quercus falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*, Cherrybark Oak  
*Quercus laurifolia*, Laurel Oak  
*Quercus lyrata*, Overcup Oak  
*Quercus michauxii*, Swamp Chestnut Oak  
*Quercus nigra*, Water Oak  
*Quercus phellos*, Willow Oak  
*Liriodendron tulipifera*, Tulip Poplar

**Zone 5: Atlantic White Cedar Slope (67.76 acres)**

*Chamaecyparis thyoides*, Atlantic White Cedar  
*Taxodium distichum*, Bald Cypress  
*Pinus serotina*, Pond Pine  
*Quercus michauxii*, Swamp Chestnut Oak  
*Nyssa aquatica*, Water Tupelo  
*Quercus phellos*, Willow Oak  
*Liriodendron tulipifera*, Tulip Poplar  
*Quercus falcata* var. *pagodaefolia*, Cherrybark Oak  
*Fraxinus pennsylvanica*, Green Ash  
*Quercus laurifolia*, Laurel Oak  
*Quercus lyrata*, Overcup Oak

**3.3 Results of Vegetation Monitoring (2 yr.)**

Table 3 shows the results for the vegetation for the Year 2002.

**Table 3: 2002 Vegetation Monitoring Results**

<b>ZONE</b>	<b>Plot #</b>	<b>Swamp Chestnut Oak</b>	<b>Laurel Oak</b>	<b>Willow Oak</b>	<b>Cherrybark Oak</b>	<b>Water Tupelo</b>	<b>Water Oak</b>	<b>Green Ash</b>	<b>Overcup Oak</b>	<b>White Oak</b>	<b>Southern Red Oak</b>	<b>Longleaf Pine</b>	<b>Pond Pine</b>	<b>Blackgum</b>	<b>Black Walnut</b>	<b>Tulip Poplar</b>	<b>Baldcypress</b>	<b>Atlantic White Cedar</b>	<b>Total (2 year)</b>	<b>Total (at planting)</b>	<b>Density (Trees/Acre)</b>	
<b>1</b>	1			8	1			6	10										25	37	459	
	3	7	1	6		1			3										18	40	306	
	4	2	2	2		1		1	18										26	28	631	
	5		6	3		4	1	9	12										35	39	610	
	8	4	1	3	1	5		8											22	38	394	
	14	5	3	6	8														22	39	384	
	15	3	4	10	4	1													22	32	468	
	17	13	3	1	11														28	41	464	
	19	4	2	2		1			3										12	35	233	
	28	3		9		3		7	4										26	37	478	
	29	5	1	1				6	19										32	41	531	
	30		3	10				18	2										33	39	575	
	31	15			1	2		6	5										29	37	533	
	32	7		5		2		8	3										25	38	447	
	33		5		1		25	13											44	44	680	
	34	7	3	1		6		6	10										33	39	575	
																			<b>ZONE 1 AVERAGE</b>			<b>486</b>
<b>2</b>	2			1					21		1			1	1				25	25	680	
	12			4			1				9								14	26	366	
																			<b>ZONE 2 AVERAGE</b>			<b>523</b>



## Site Notes:

**Zone 1:** Other species noted: goldenrod, briars, red maple, broomsedge, pine, sweetgum, stinkweed, sicklepod, trumpet creeper, *Juncus* sp., *Aster* sp., switch grass, giant foxtail, fennel, sassafras, ragweed, *Baccharis halimifolia*, *Panicum* sp., woolgrass, and *Bidens* sp.

**Zone 2:** Other species noted: ragweed, *Aster* sp., *Juncus* sp., broomsedge, pine, goldenrod, *Panicum* sp., and cacti.

**Zone 3:** Other species noted: fennel, broomsedge, goldenrod, winged sumac, *Baccharis halimifolia*, cattail, stinkweed, *Juncus* sp., black willow, foxtail, sweetgum, briars, sassafras, ragweed, smartgrass, sicklepod, bahia, winged sumac, and aster. Planted green ash (10 ft. tall) noted outside of plot 9.

**Zone 4:** Other species noted: sweetgum, briars, fennel, red maple, broomsedge, *Aster* sp., and *Juncus* sp.

**Zone 5:** Other species noted: fennel, briars, sweetgum, red maple, bermuda grass, *Juncus* sp., cattail, *Aster* sp., winged sumac, and broomsedge.

## 3.4 Conclusions

Of the 658 acres of this site, approximately 619 acres involved tree planting. There were 38 test plots established throughout the planting areas, covering all plant communities. The 2002 vegetation monitoring of the planted areas revealed an average density of 505 trees per acre, which is well above the minimum requirement of 320 trees per acre. It should be noted that since this was a phased project the majority of the plots contain 4-year old trees.

Phase II construction was completed in 2000 and the remainder of the site was planted in Spring 2001. The upland area along the road was planted in March 2002.

NCDOT will continue vegetation monitoring at the Dowd Dairy Mitigation Site.

#### **4.0 OVERALL CONCLUSIONS/ RECOMMENDATIONS**

For the Year 2002, twenty-nine (29) of thirty-six (36) monitoring gauges indicated optimum hydrologic success of at least 12.5% from March through November, while six gauges indicated below 5%.

The second year of vegetation monitoring of the planted areas revealed an average density to be 505 trees per acre, which is well above the minimum requirement of 320 trees per acre, after 3 years.

NCDOT will continue to monitor both hydrology and site vegetation.

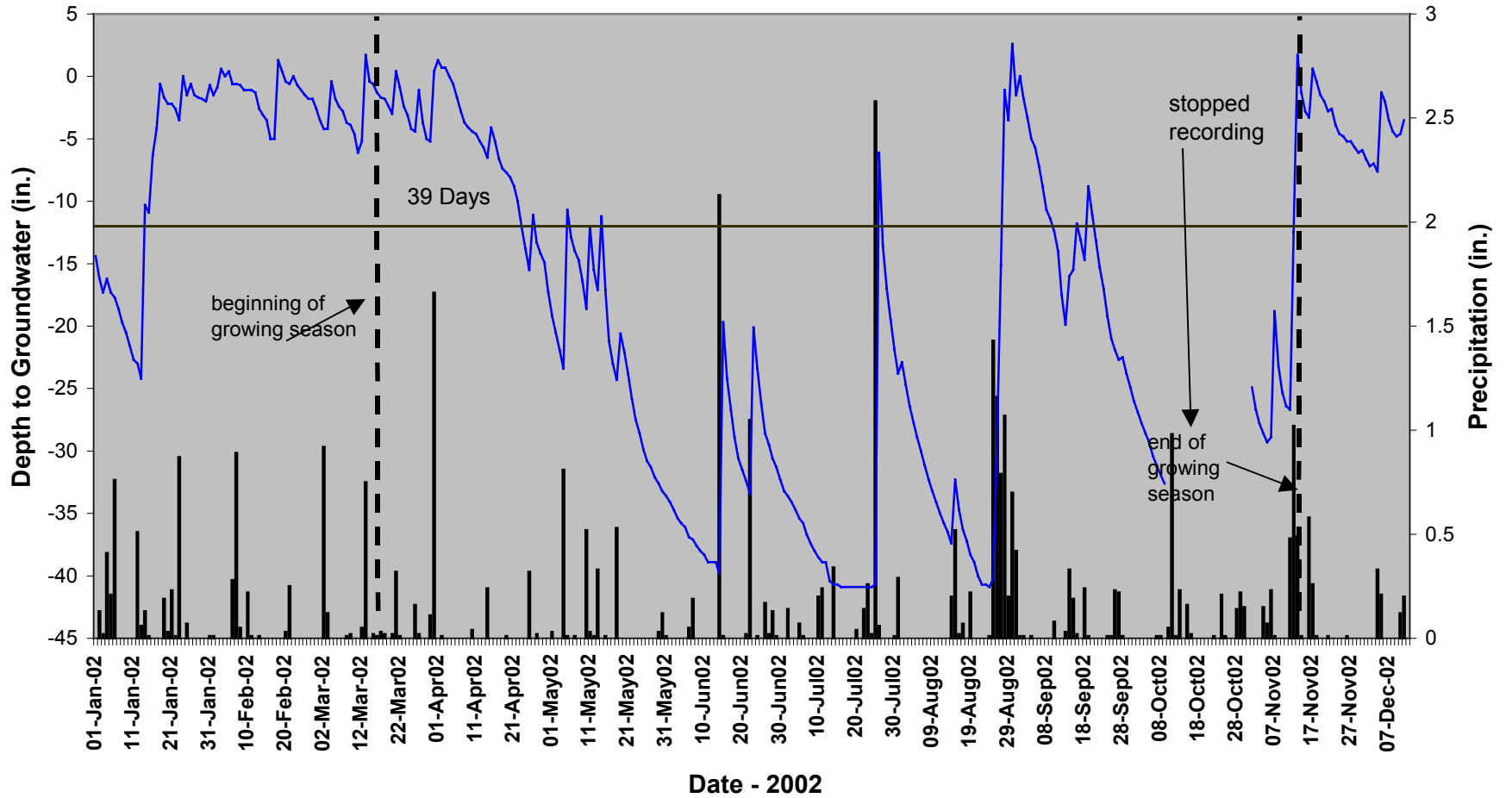
## **APPENDIX A**

### **DEPTH TO GROUNDWATER GRAPHS**

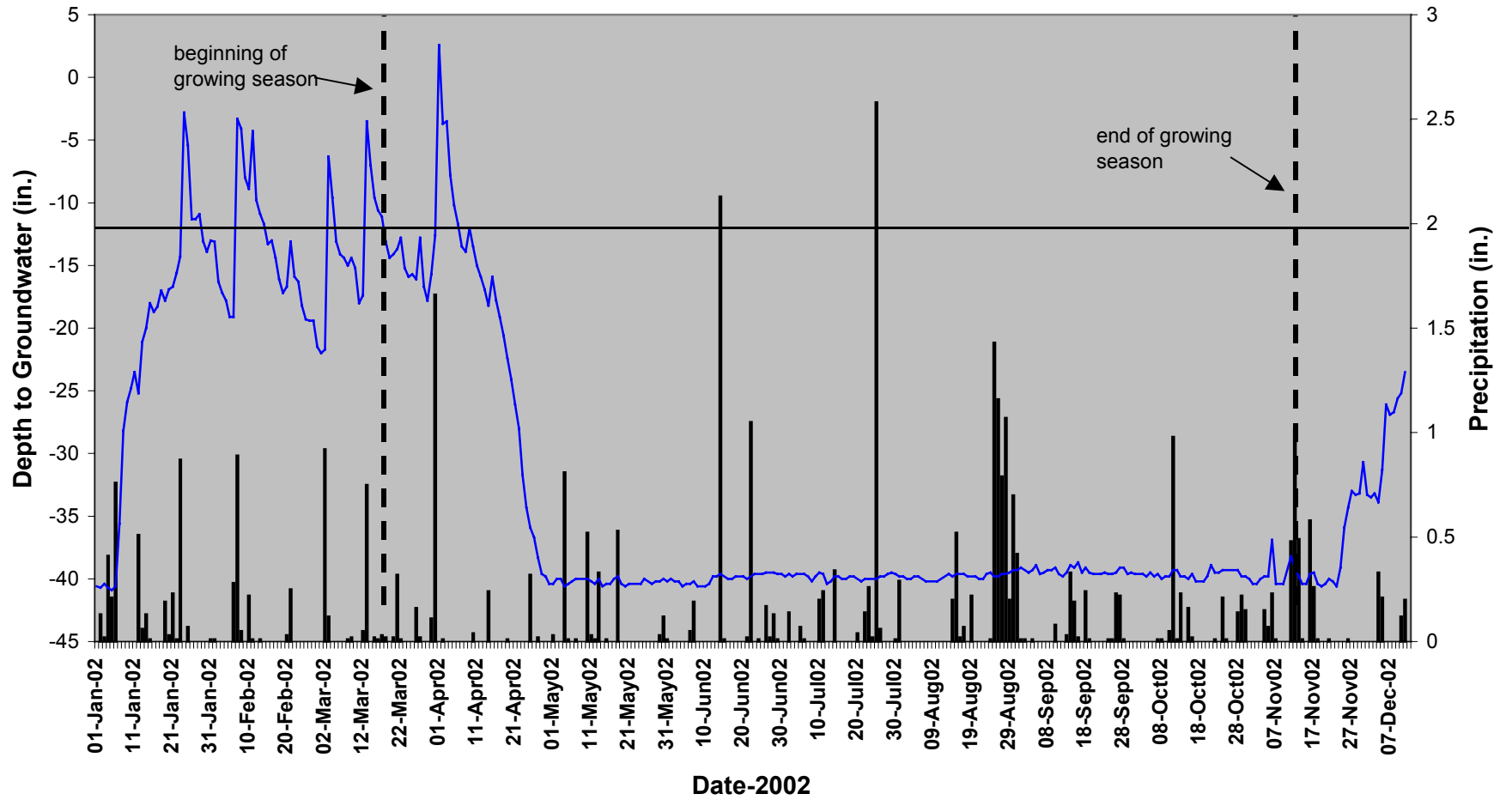


# Dowd Dairy First 20 Groundwater Graphs

## Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G1

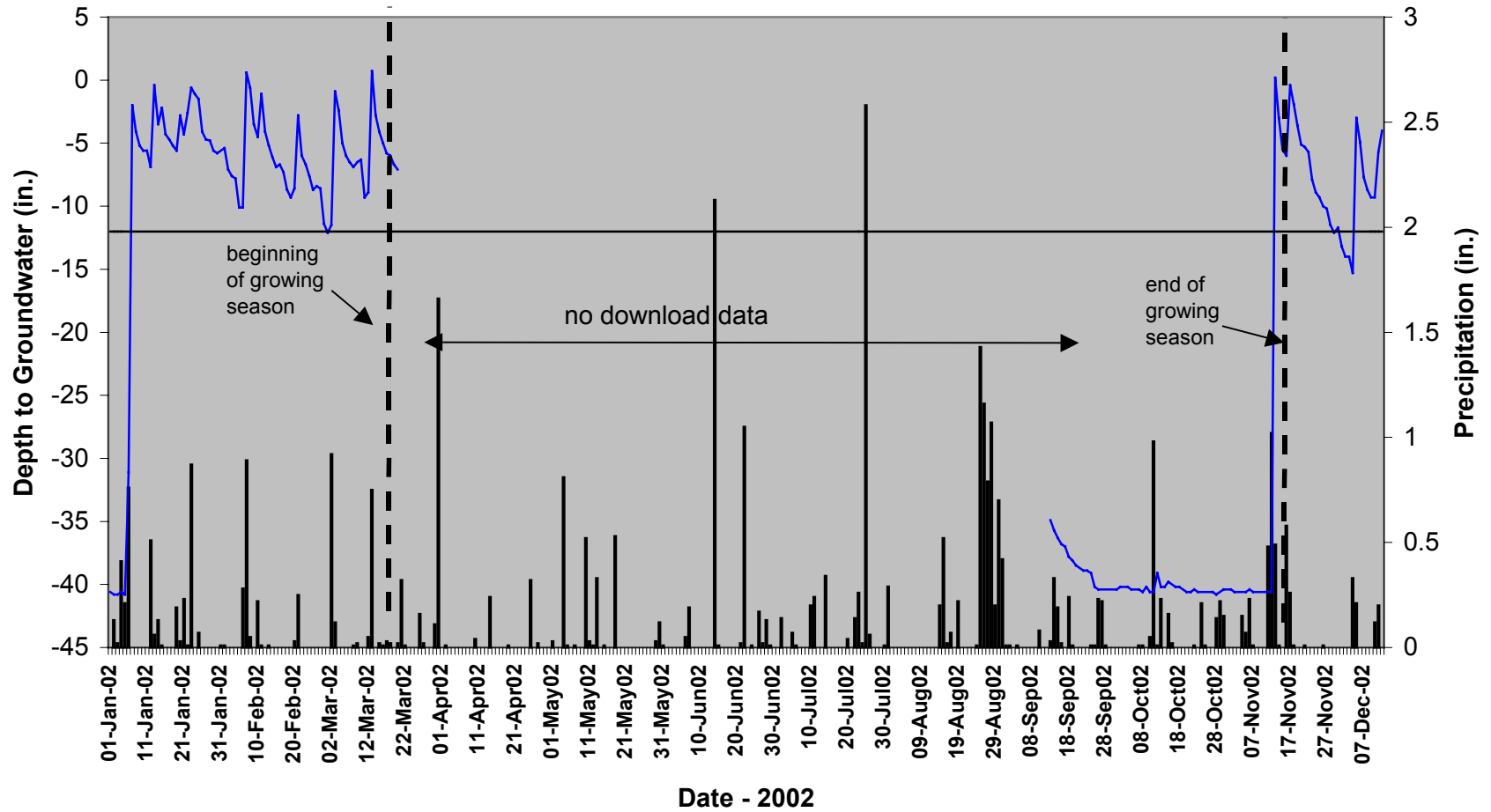


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G2

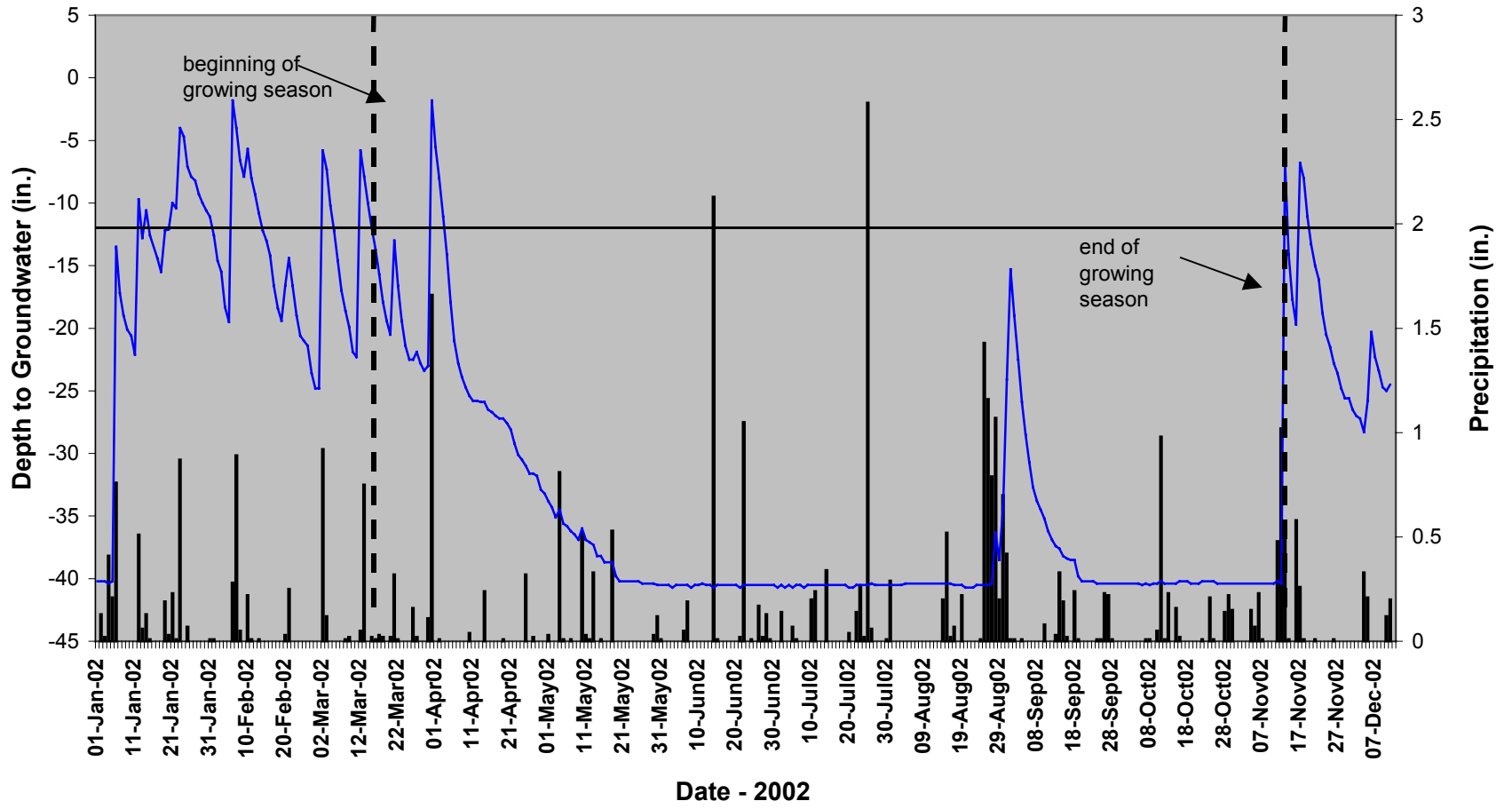


N38B86FD RG#33
  S316778
  DDF-G2
  Required Depth

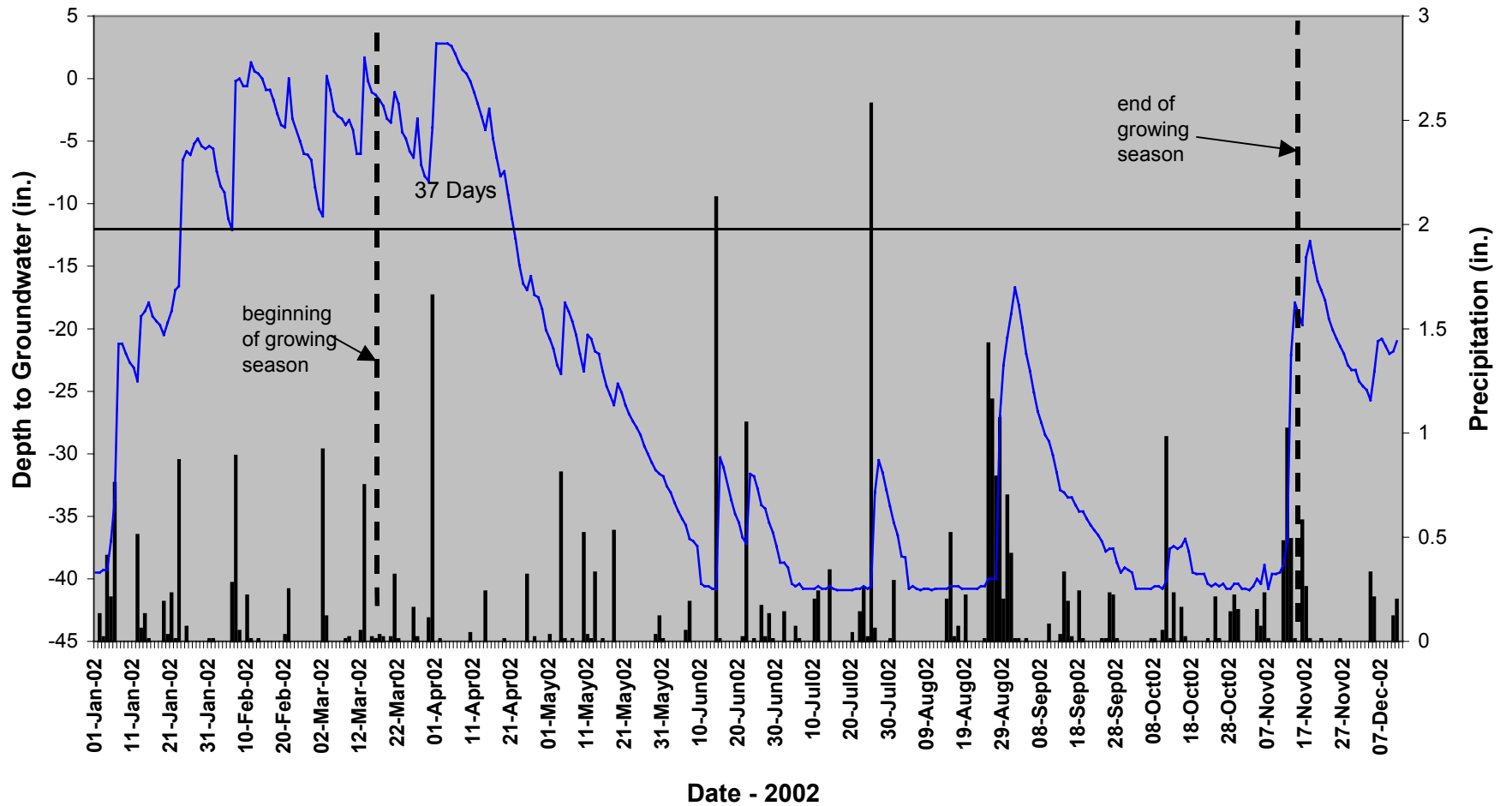
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G3



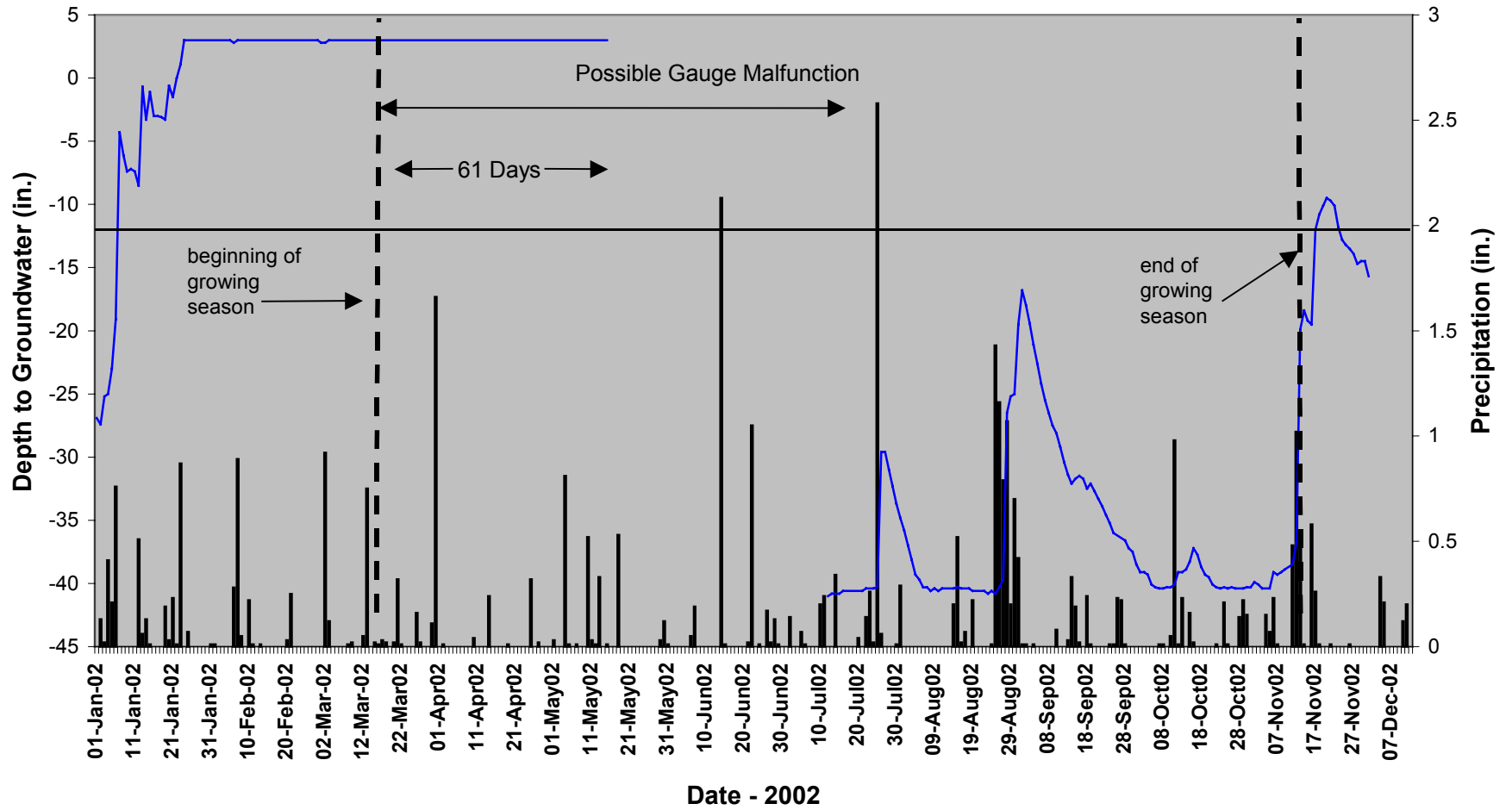
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G4



### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G5

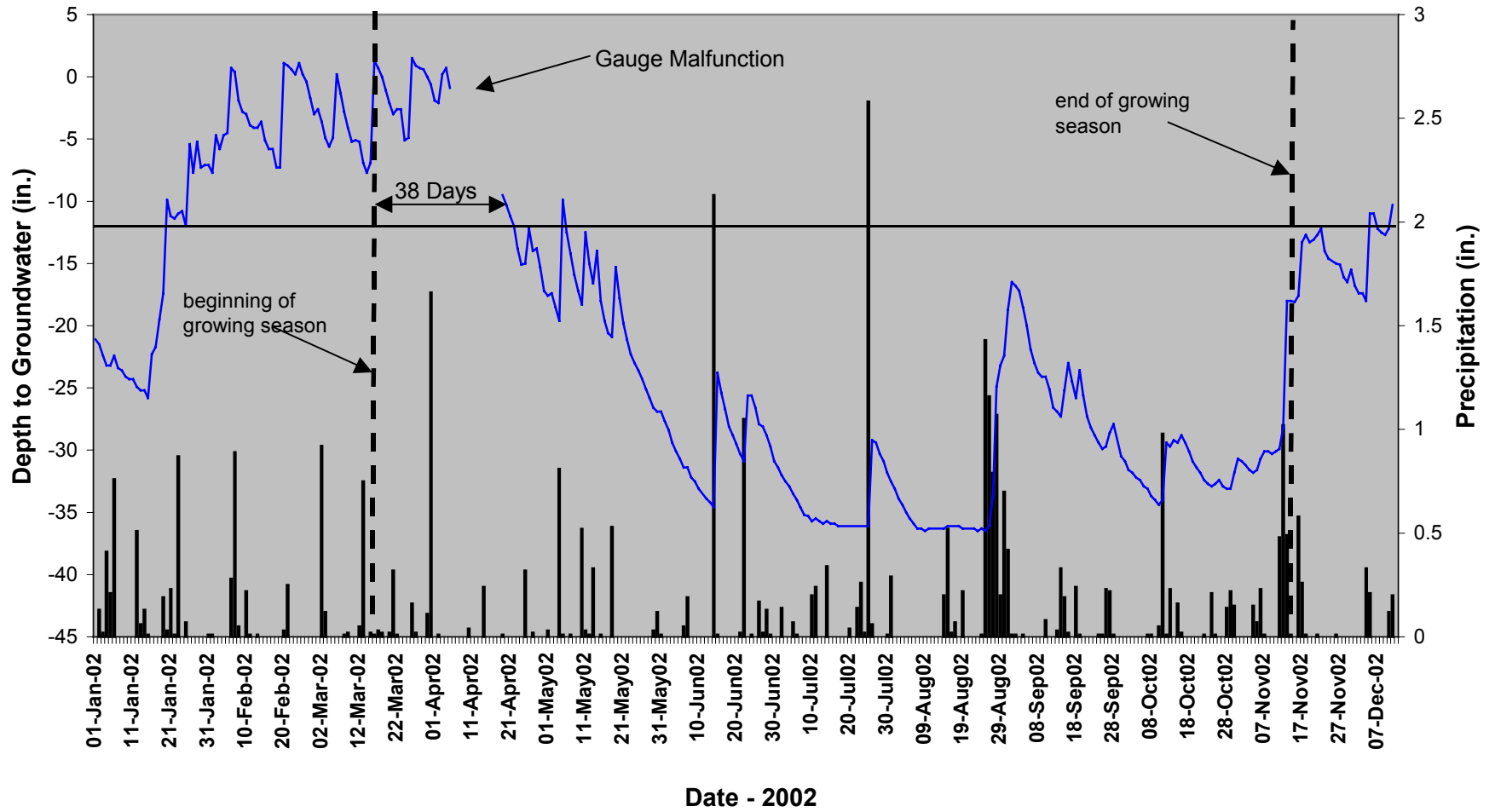


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G6



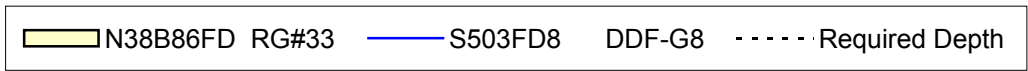
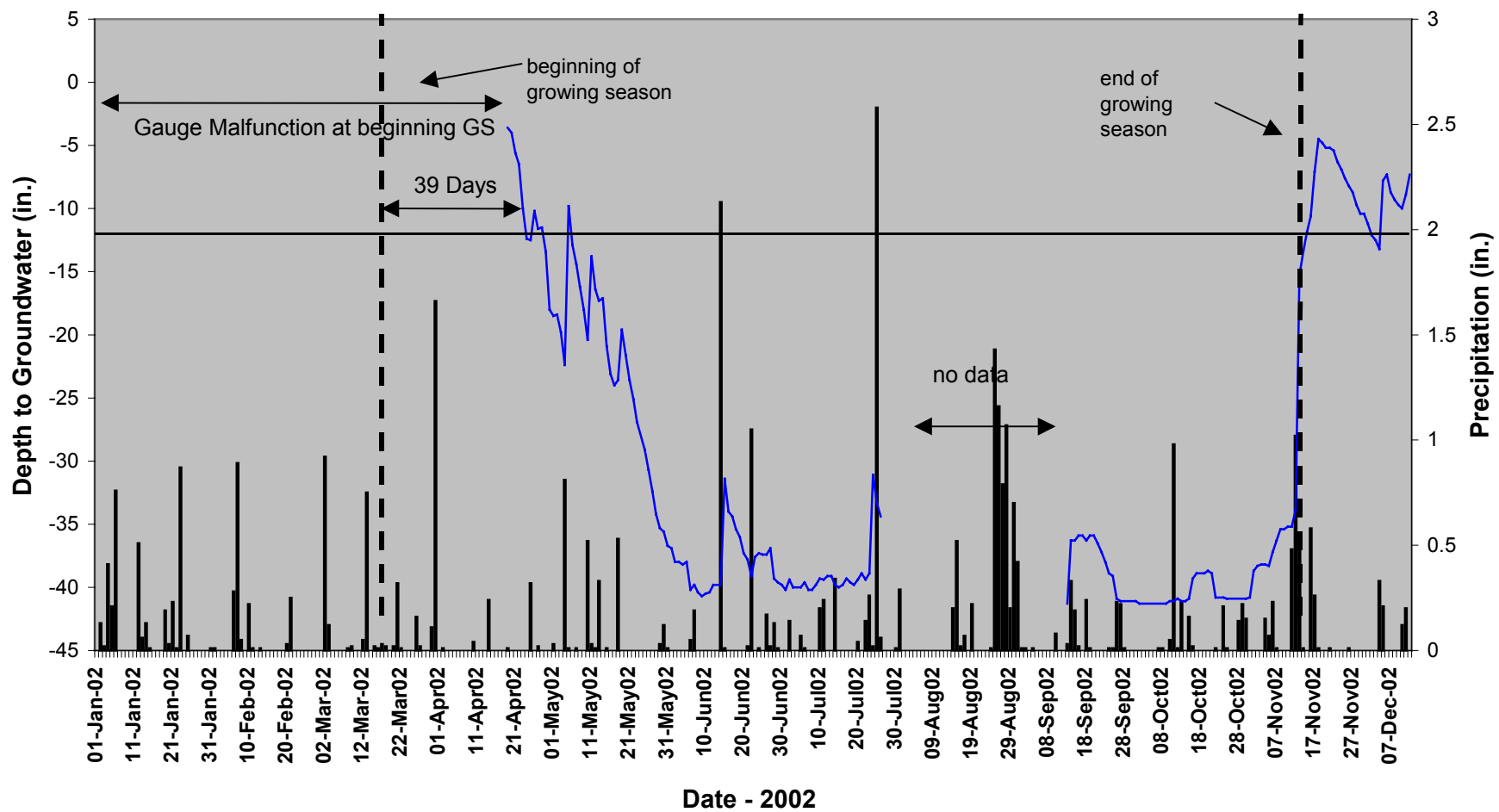
N38B86FD RG#33
  S50430E
  DDF-G6
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G7



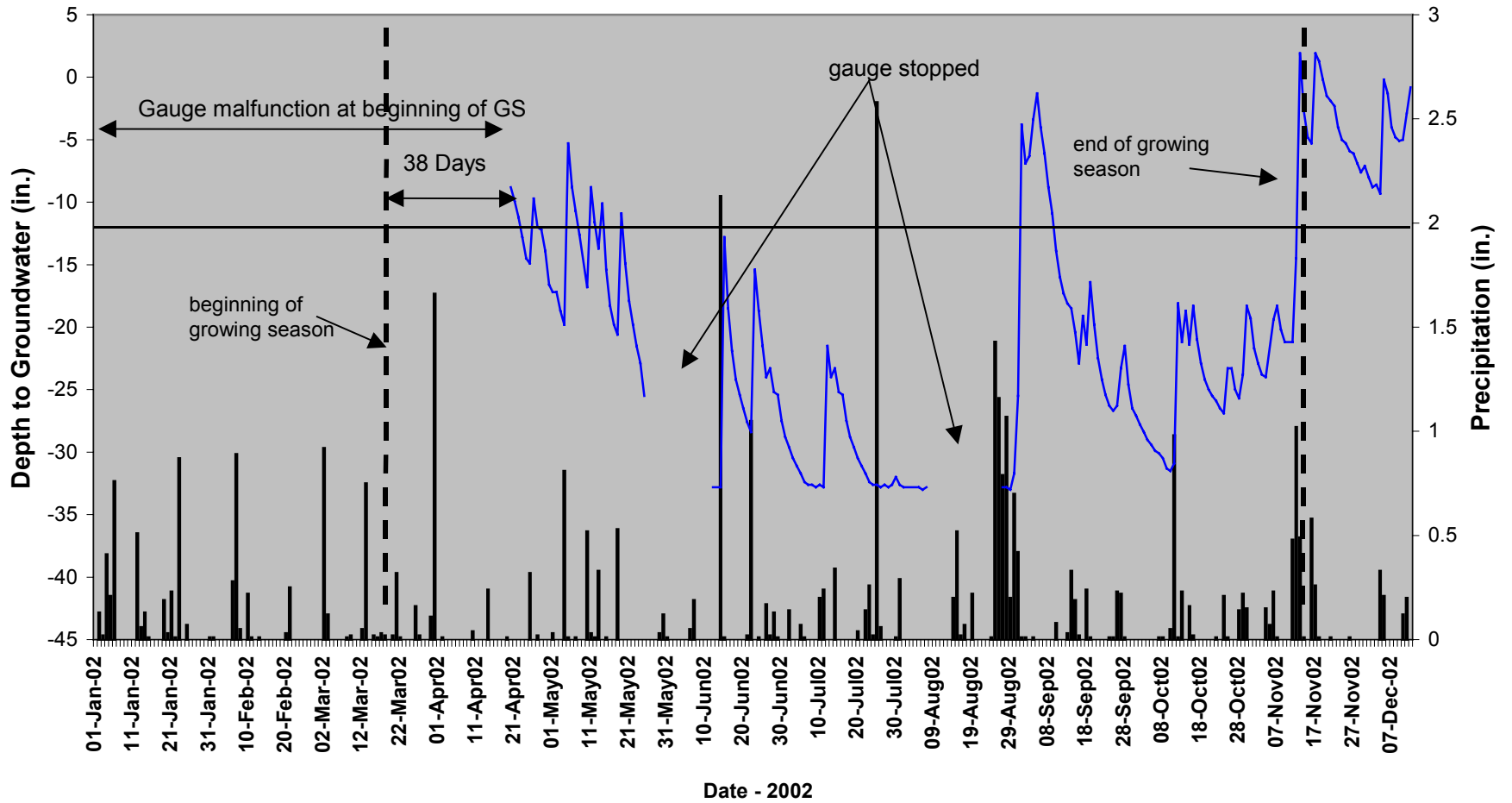
N38B86FD RG#33
  S497E51
  DDF-G7
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G8



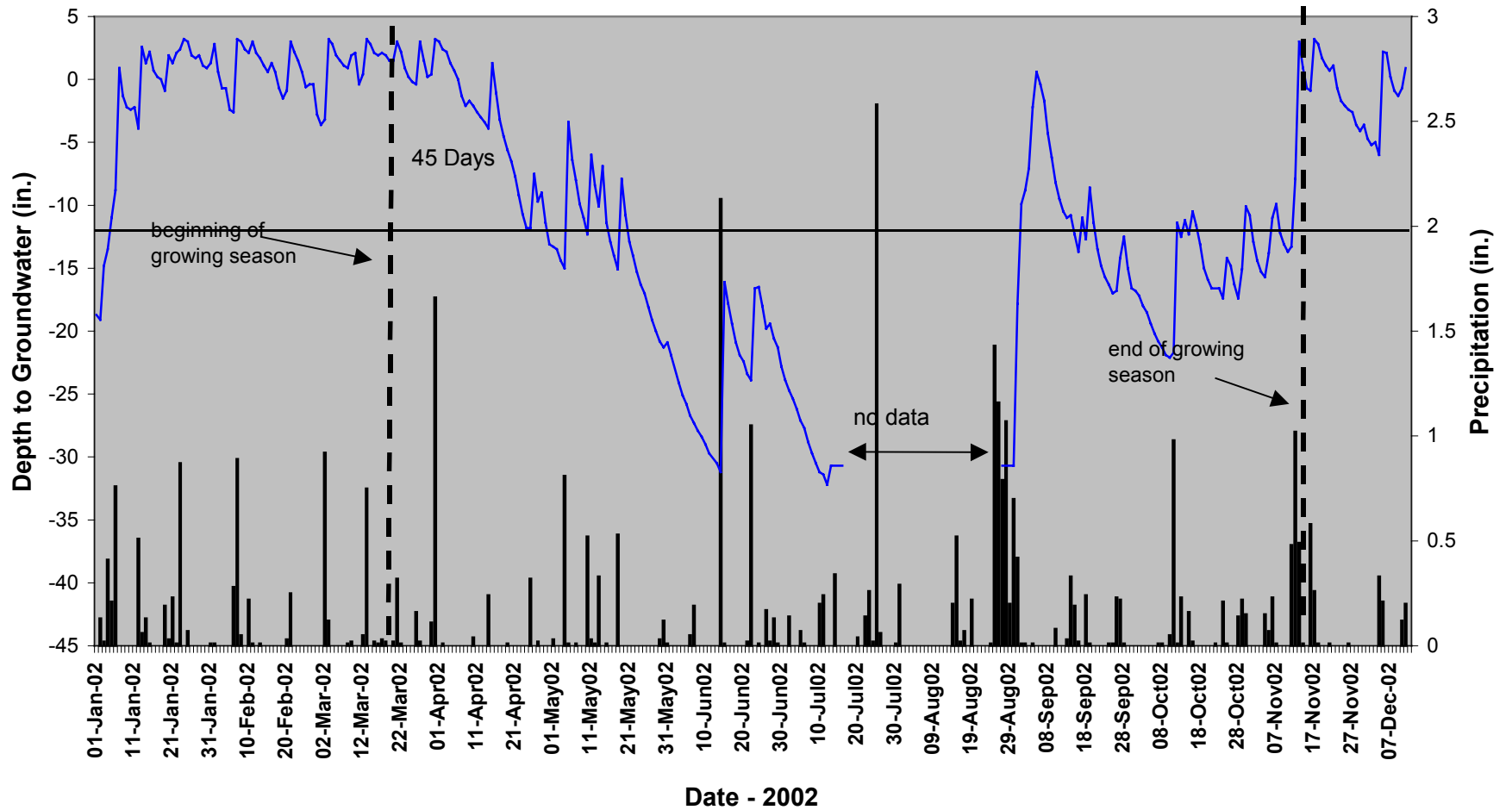


### Dowd Dairy Farm -Gauge G9



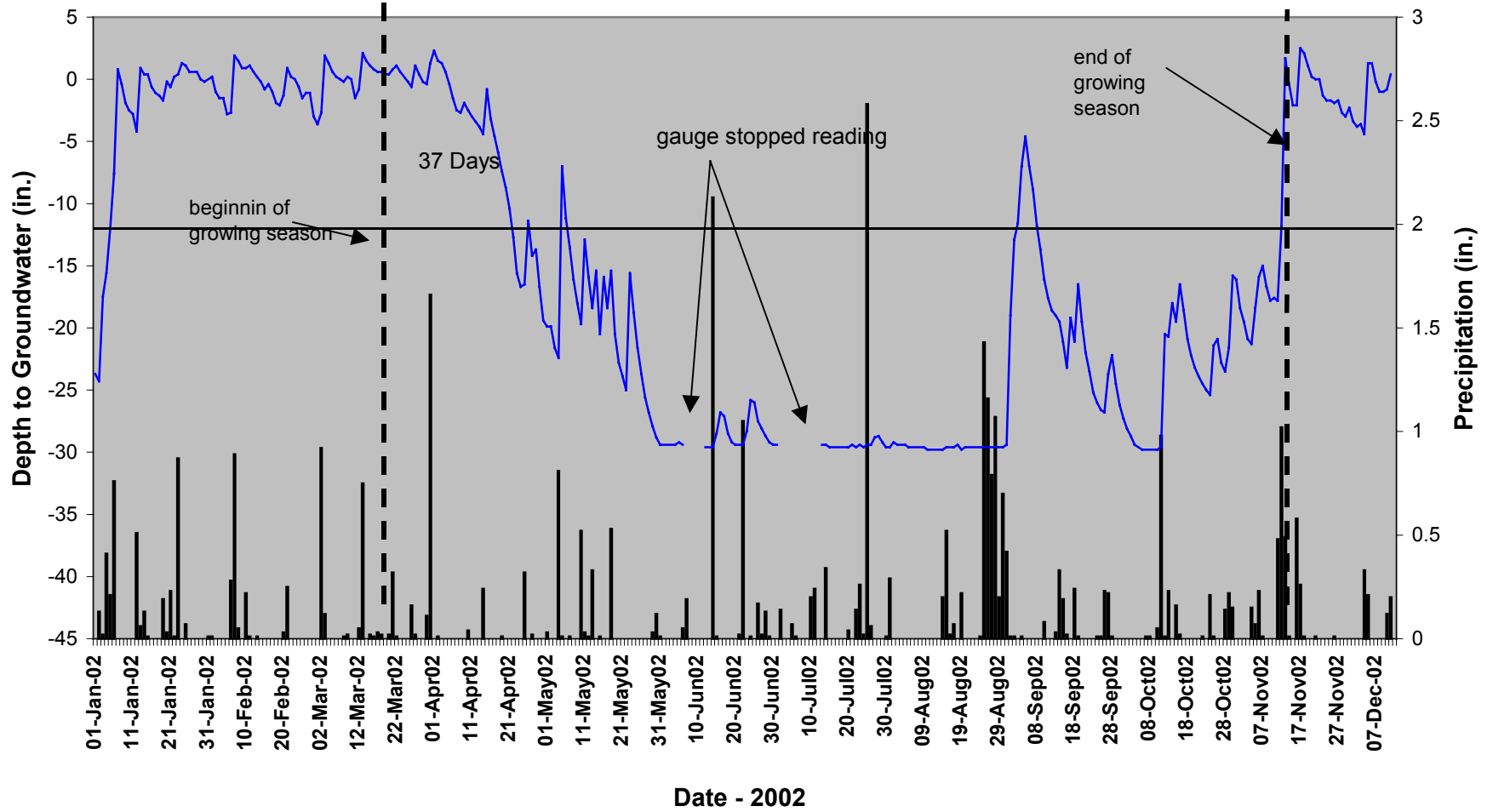
N38B86FD RG#33
  S503F7C
  DDF-G9
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G10



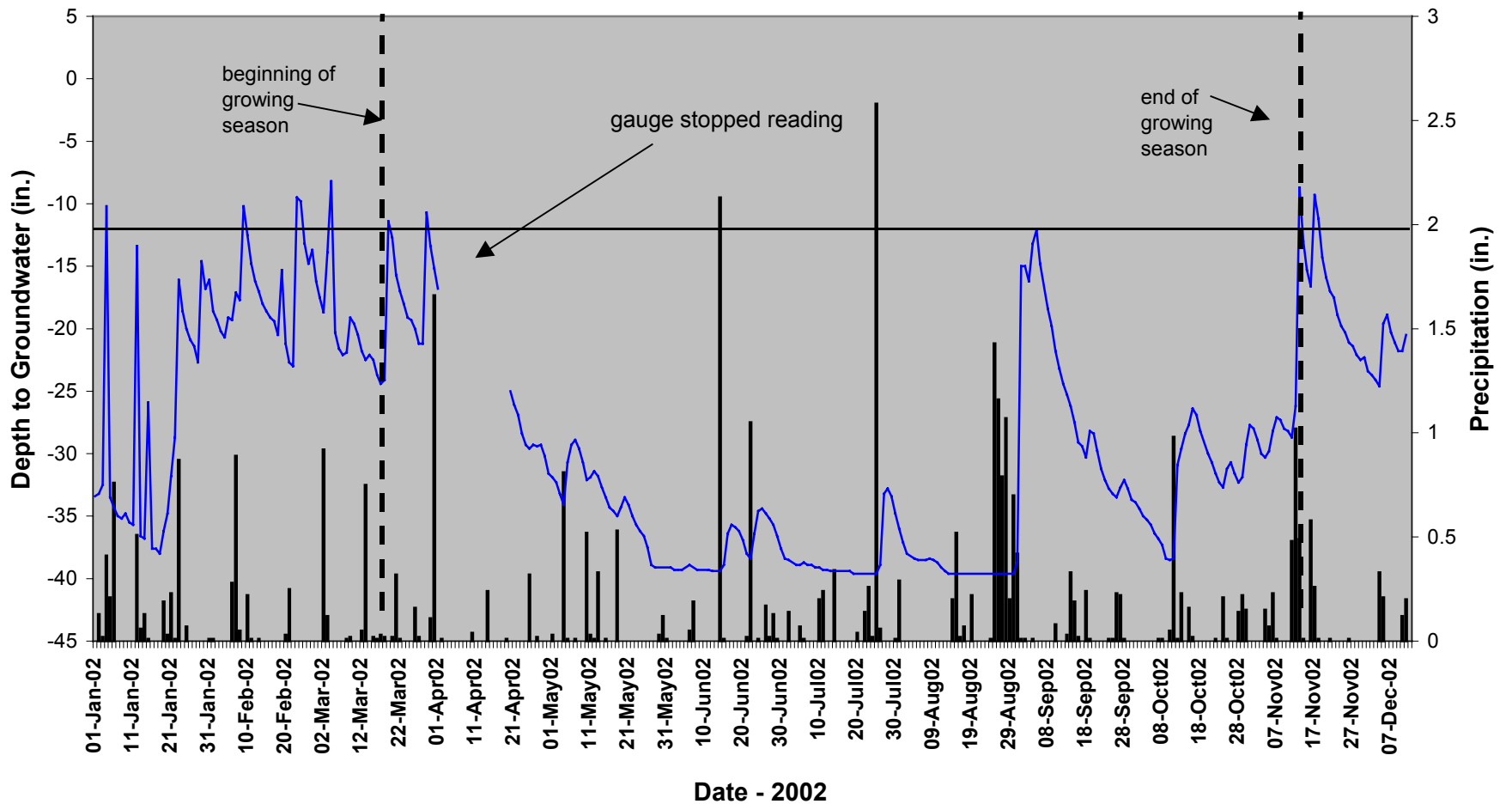
N38B86FD RG#33
  S31F964
  DDF-G10
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G12



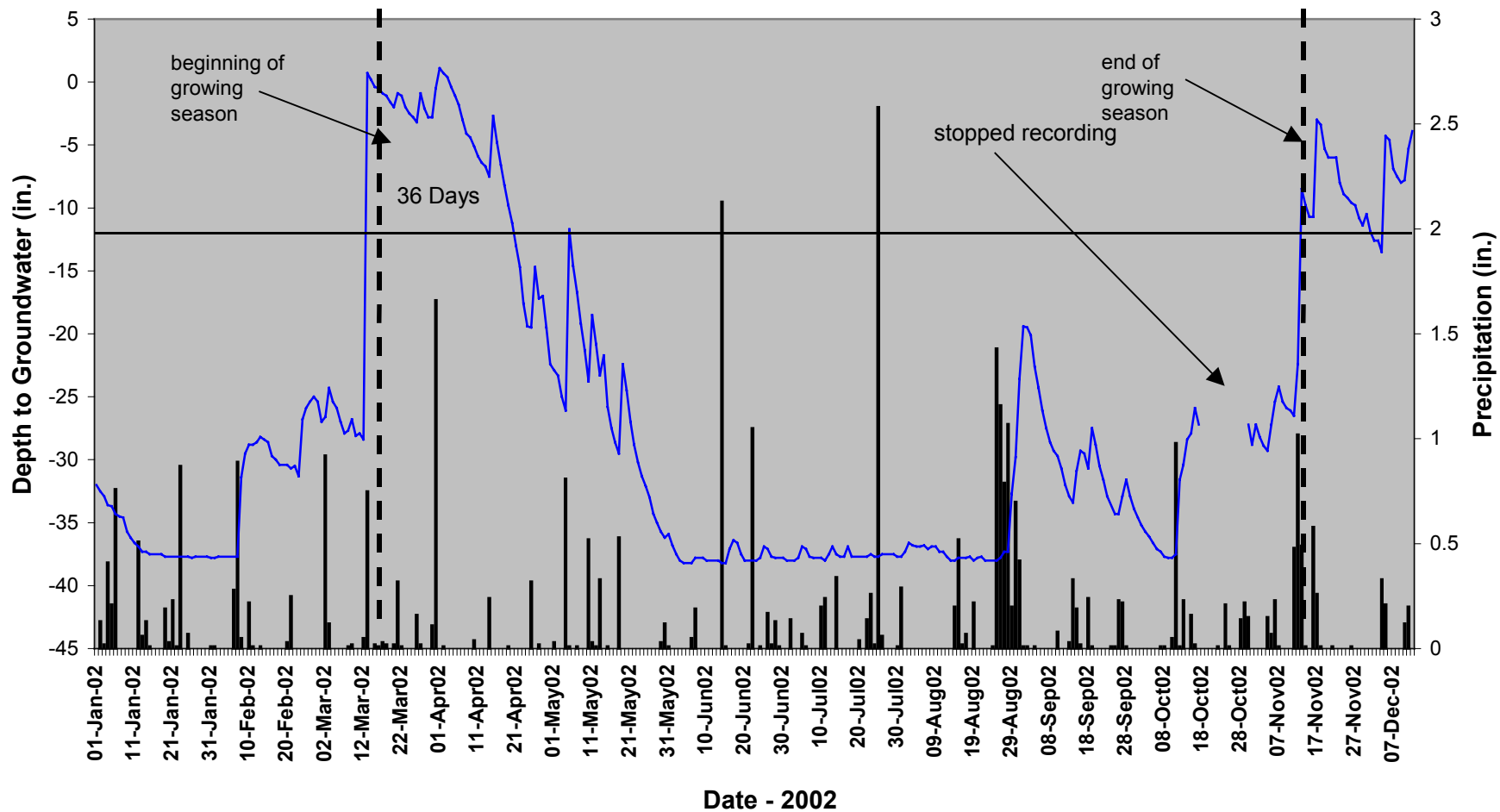
IN38B86FD RG#33    
  S4CDADE DDF-G12    
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G13



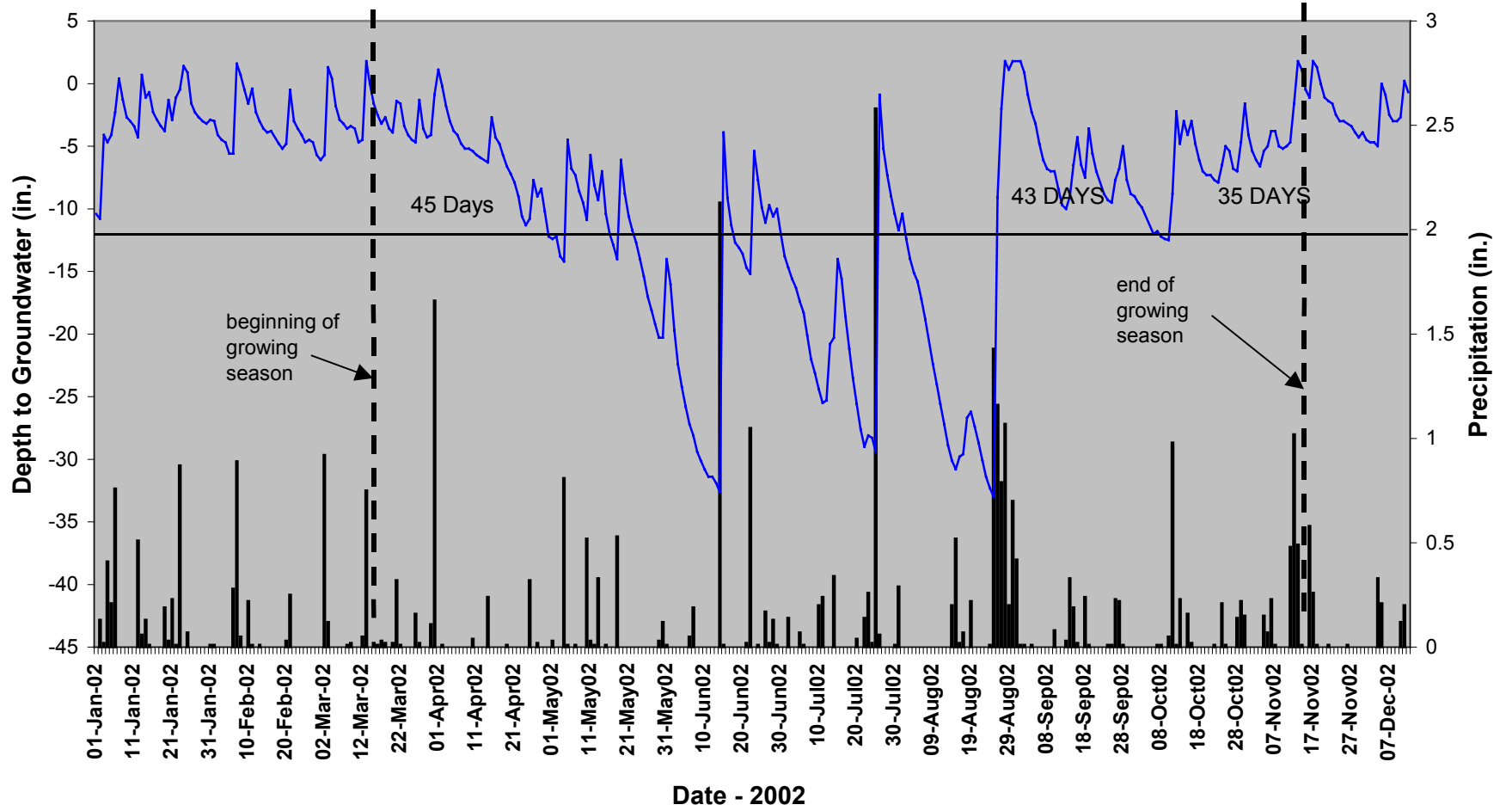
N38B86FD RG#33
  S317544
  DDF-G13
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G14



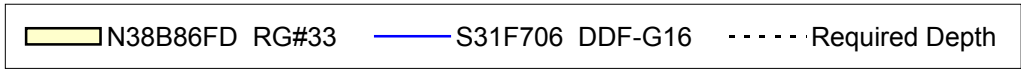
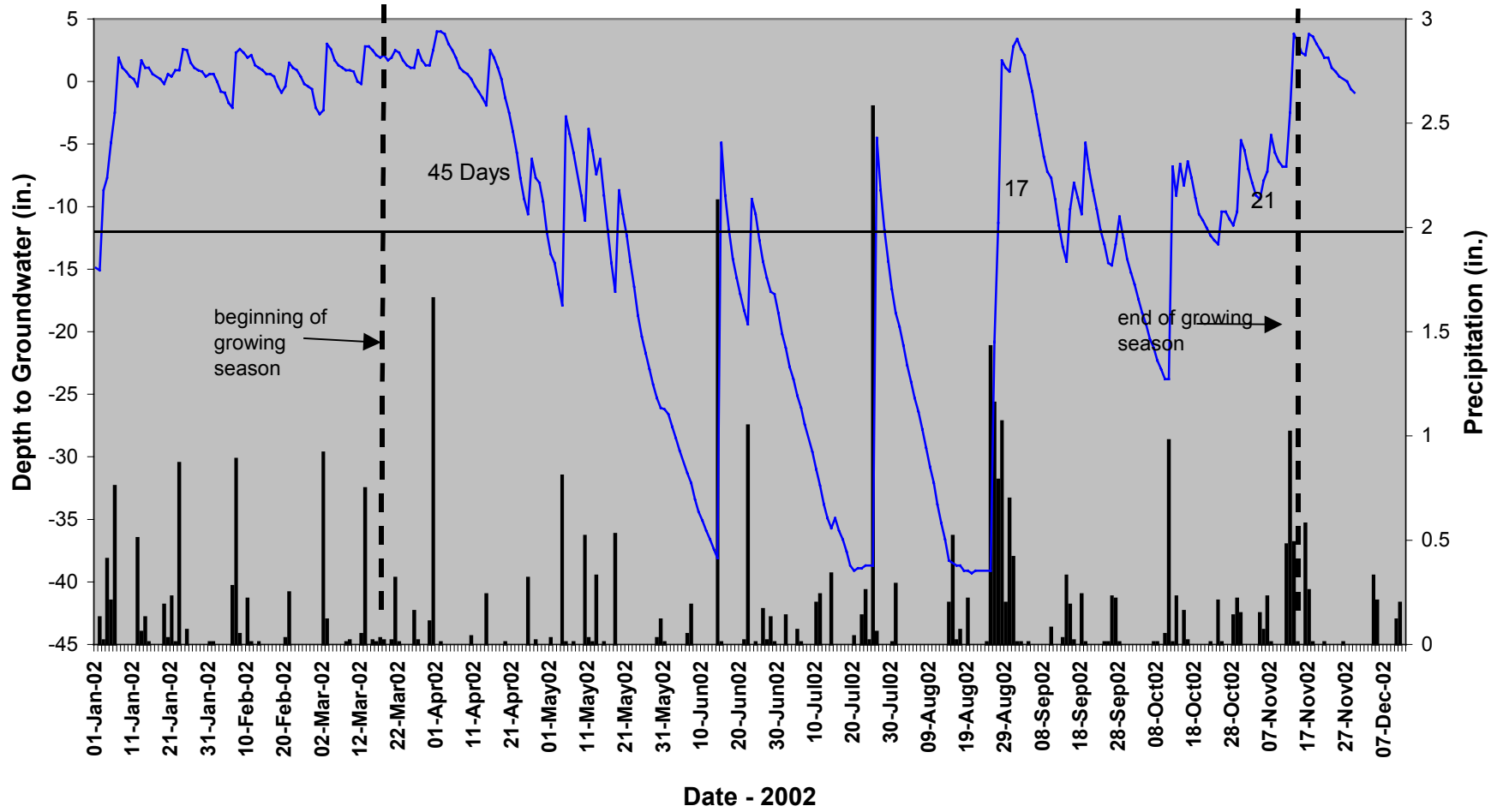
N38B86FD RG#33
  S317503 DDF-G14
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G15

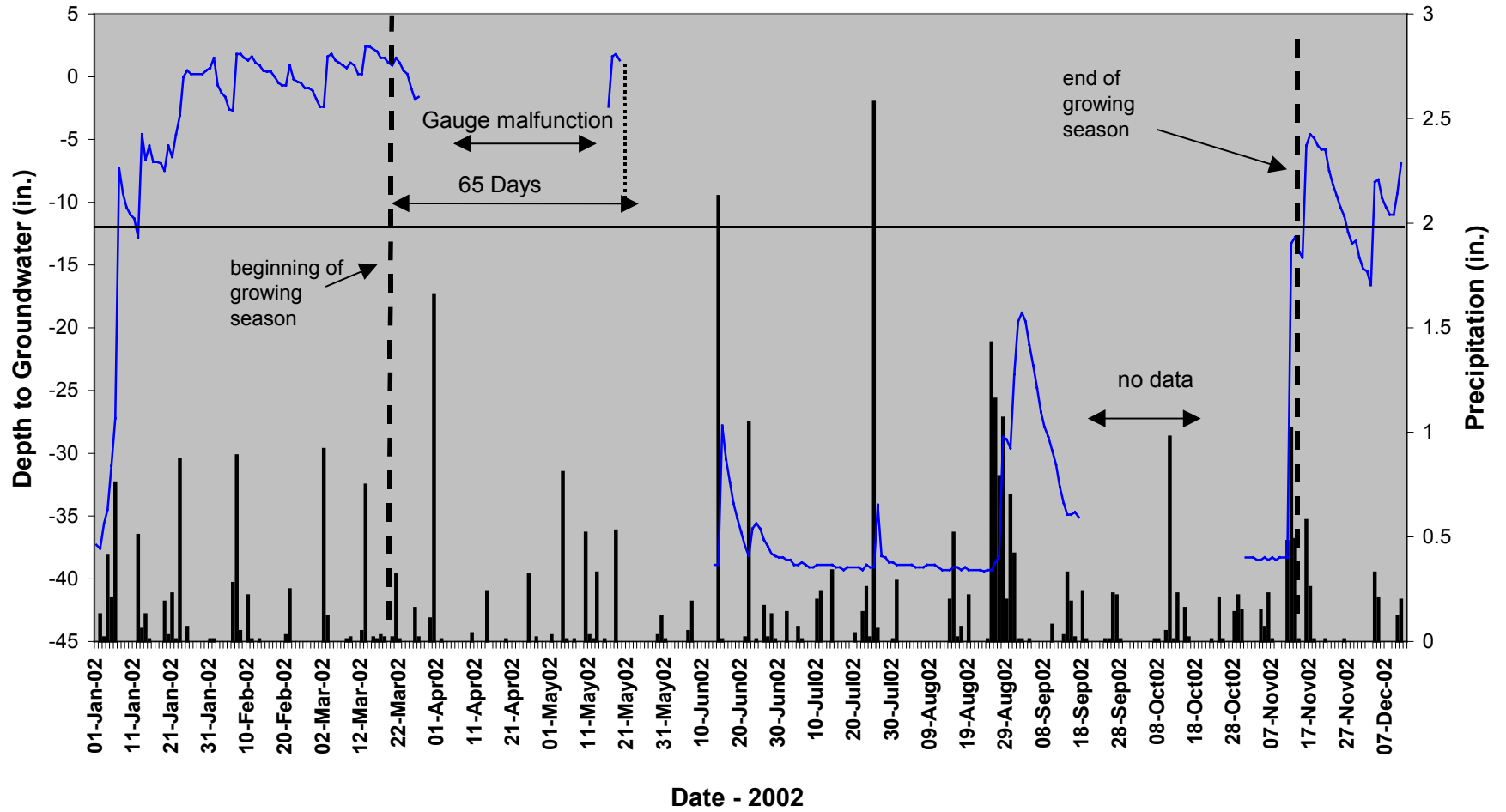


N38B86FD RG#33
  S31FA4C DDF-G15  
 Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G16



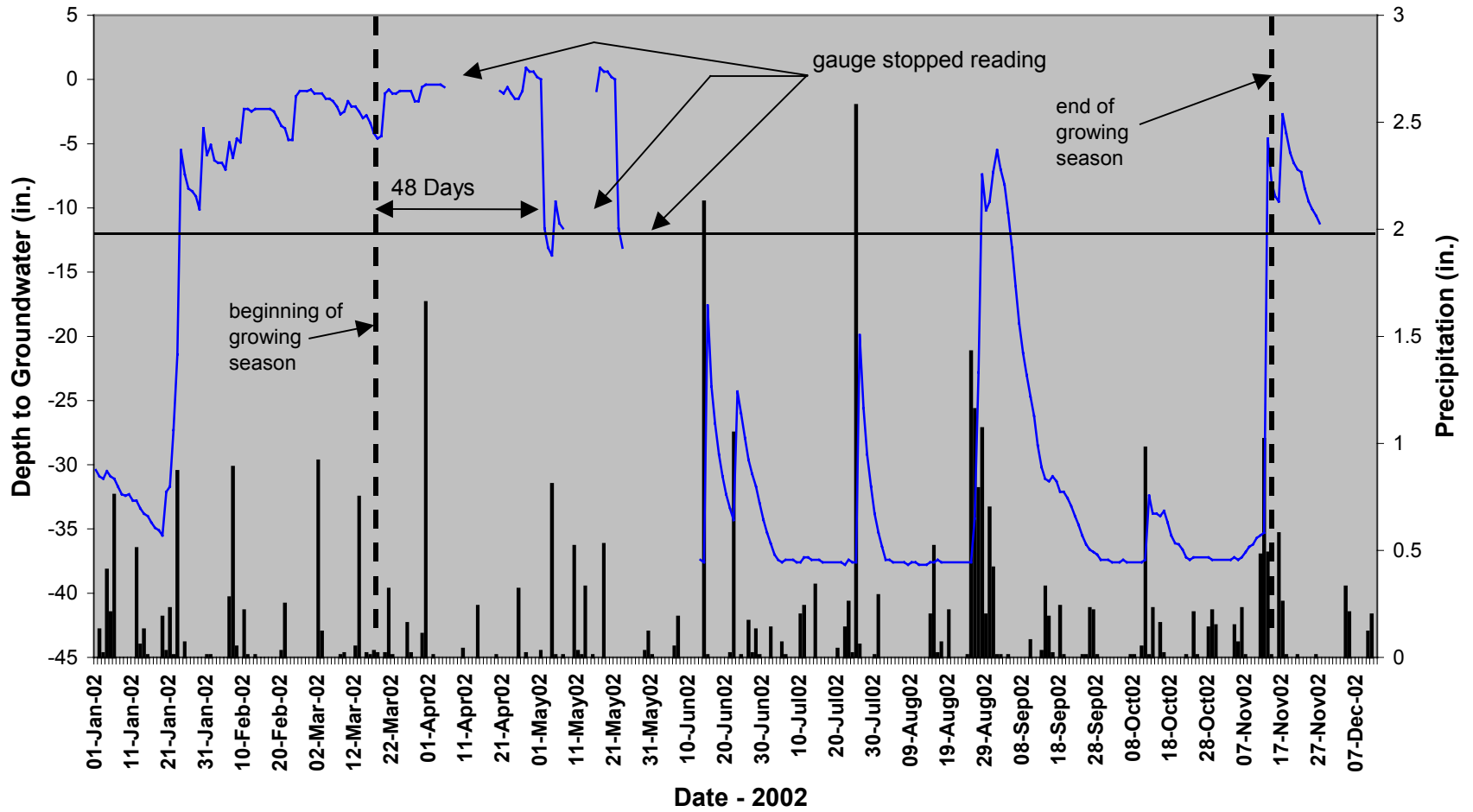
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G17



N38B86FD RG#33   
  S3166DE DDF-G17   
  Required Depth

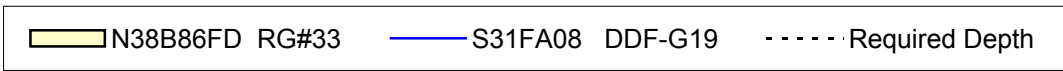
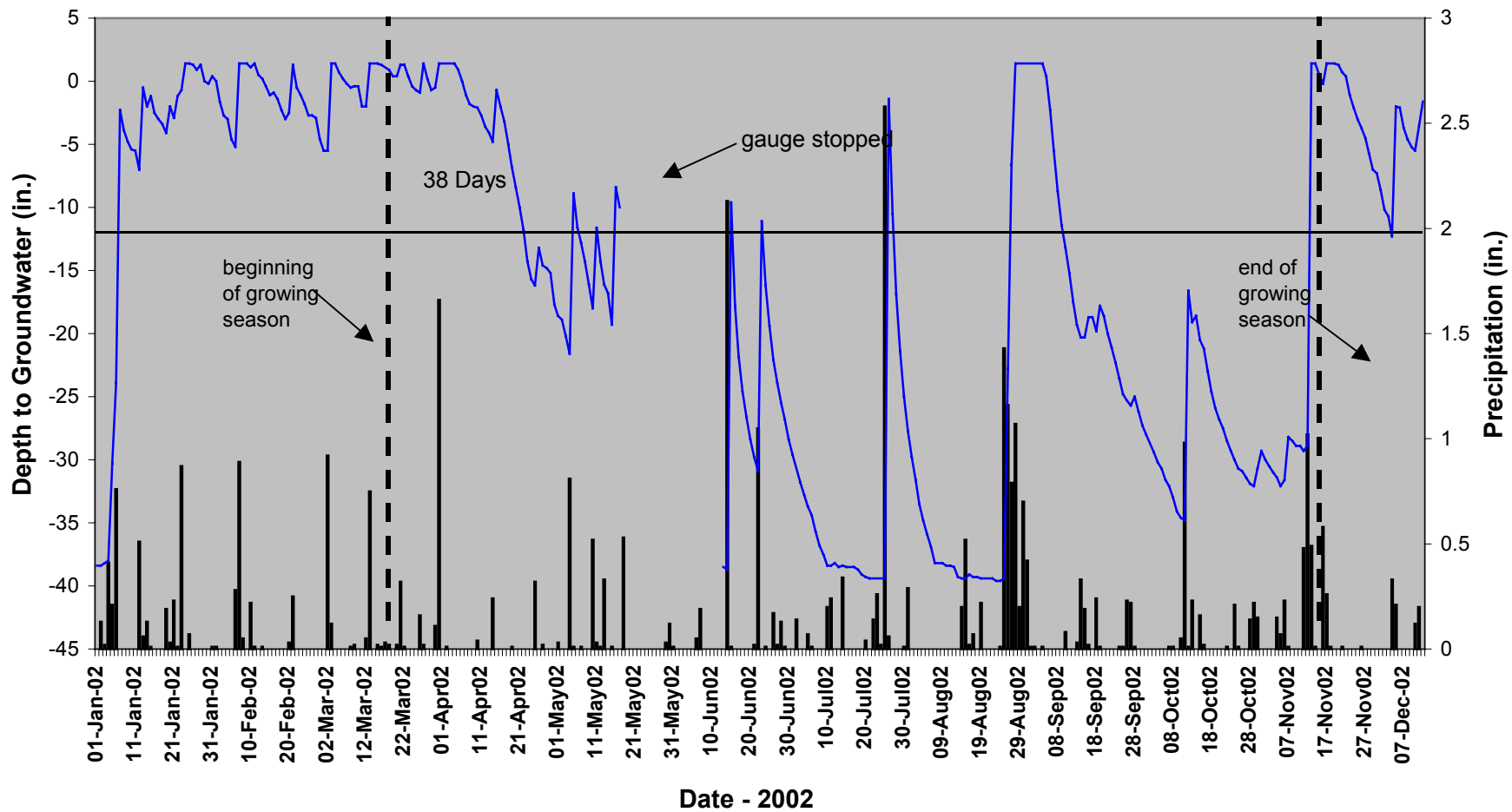


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G18

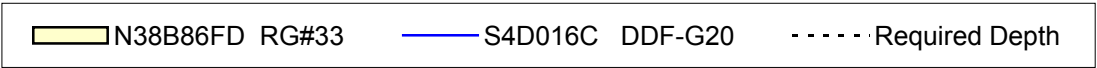
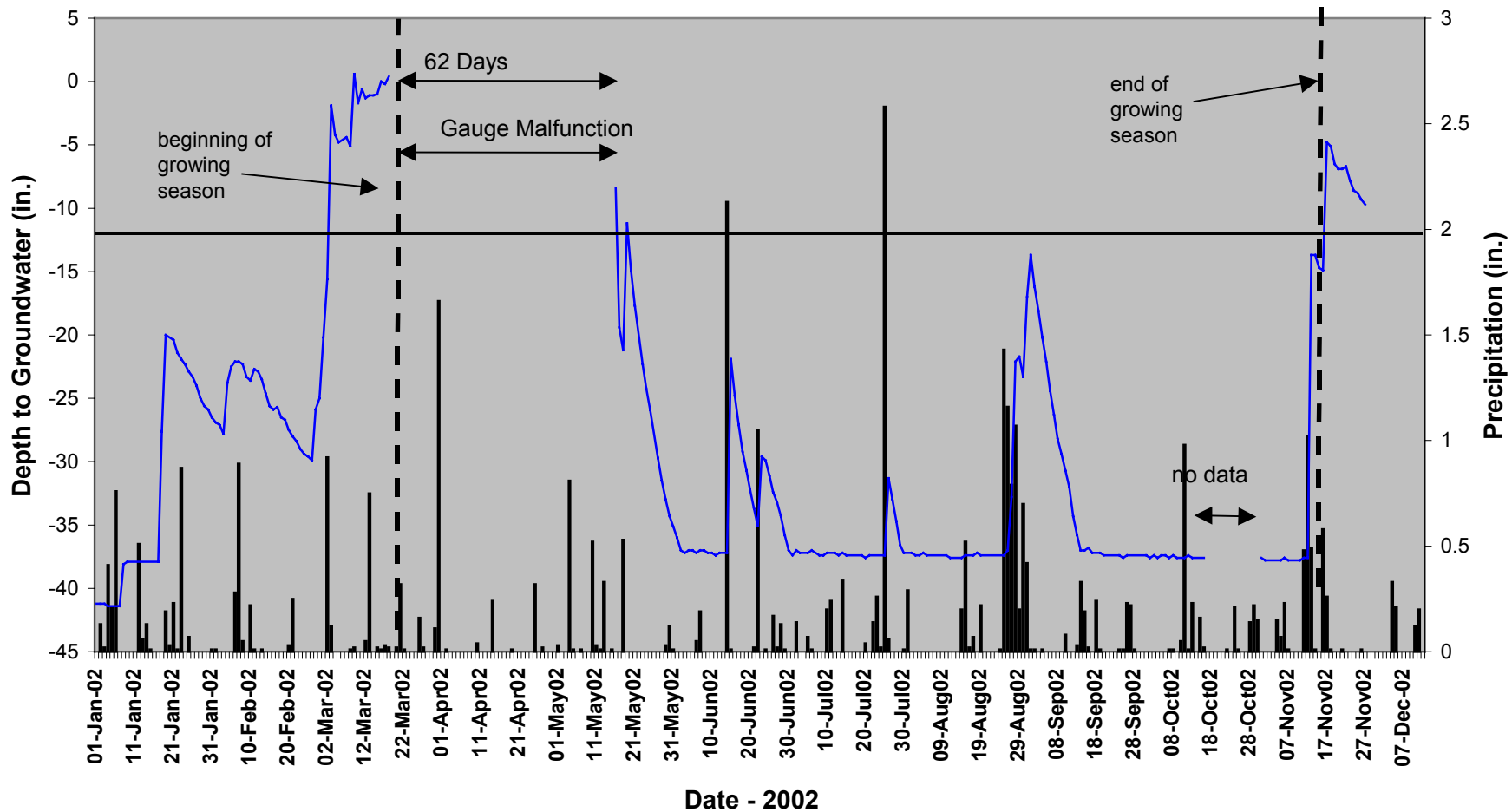


N38B86FD RG#33
  S4CD90A DDF-G18
  Required Depth

### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G19

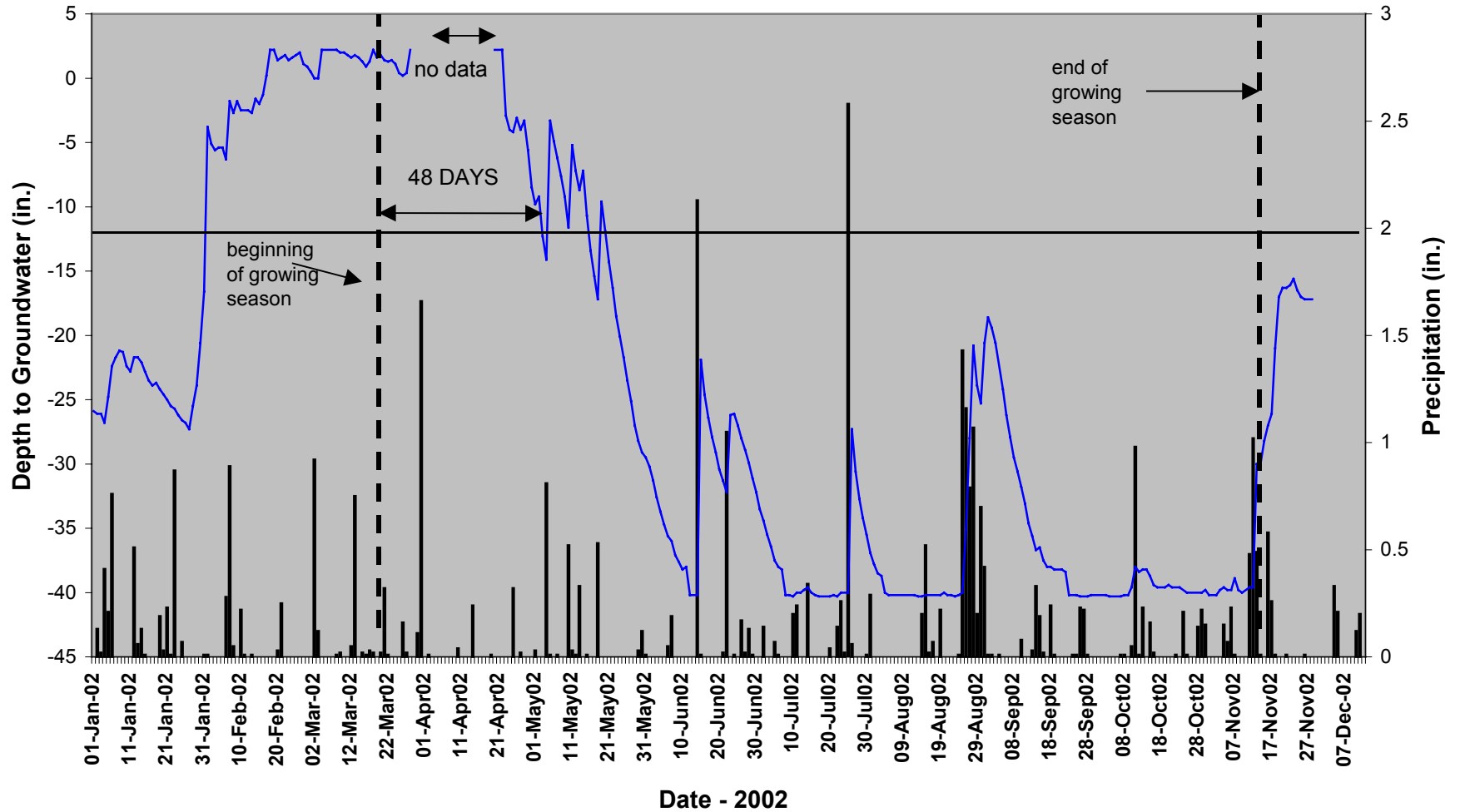


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G20

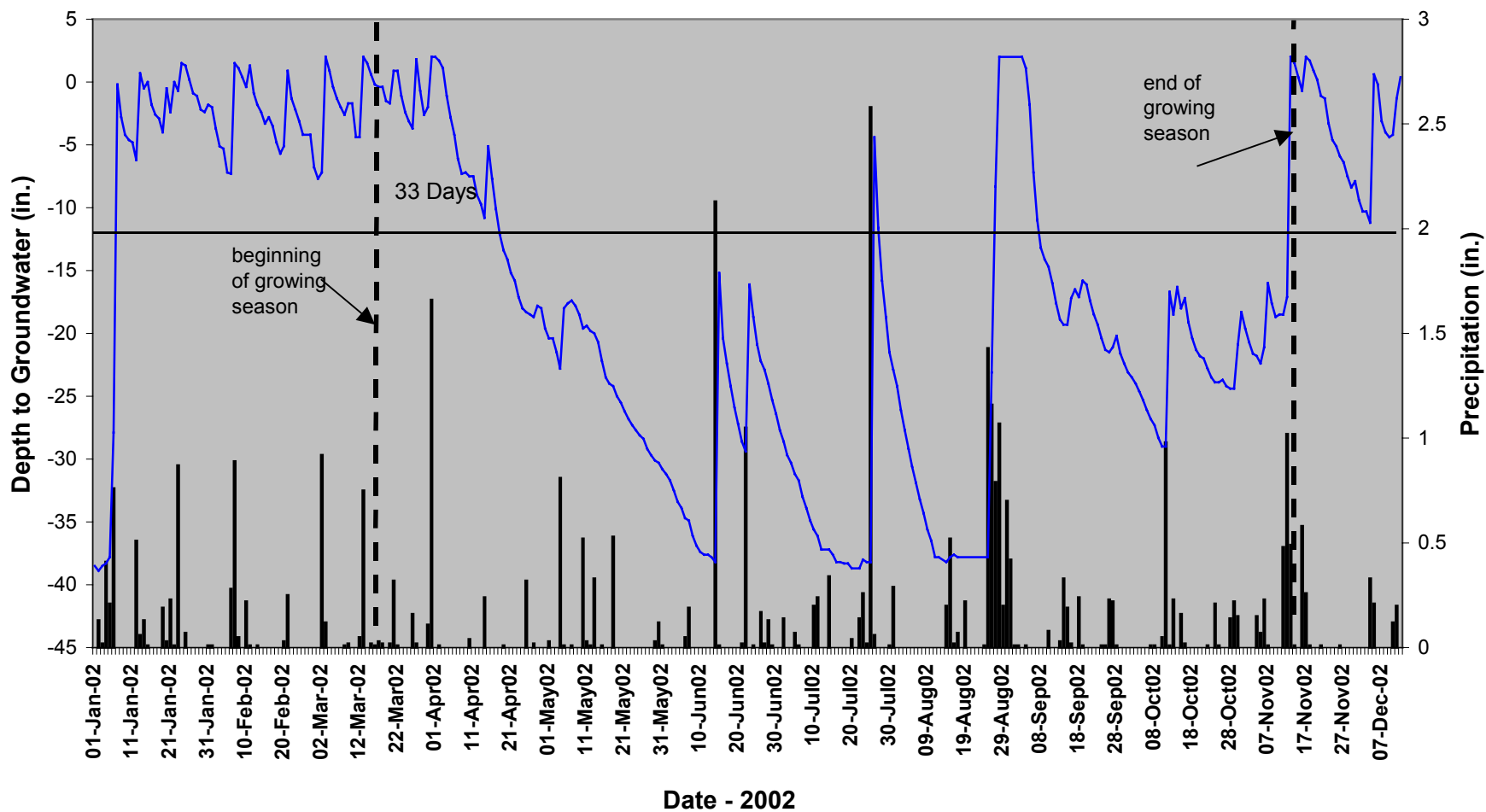


# Dowd Dairy Groundwater Graphs Gauges 21-38

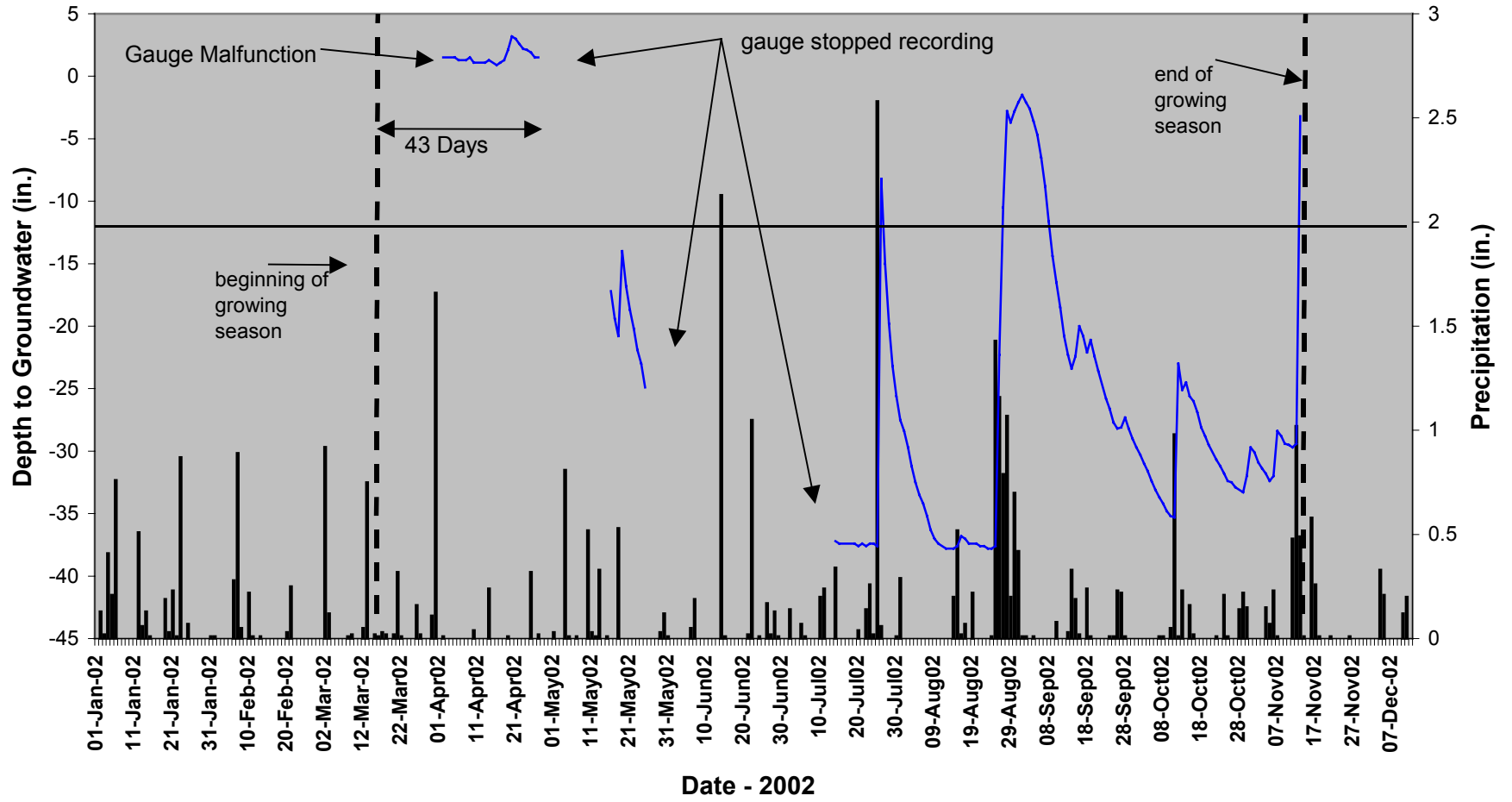
## Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G21



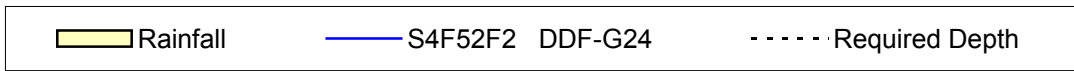
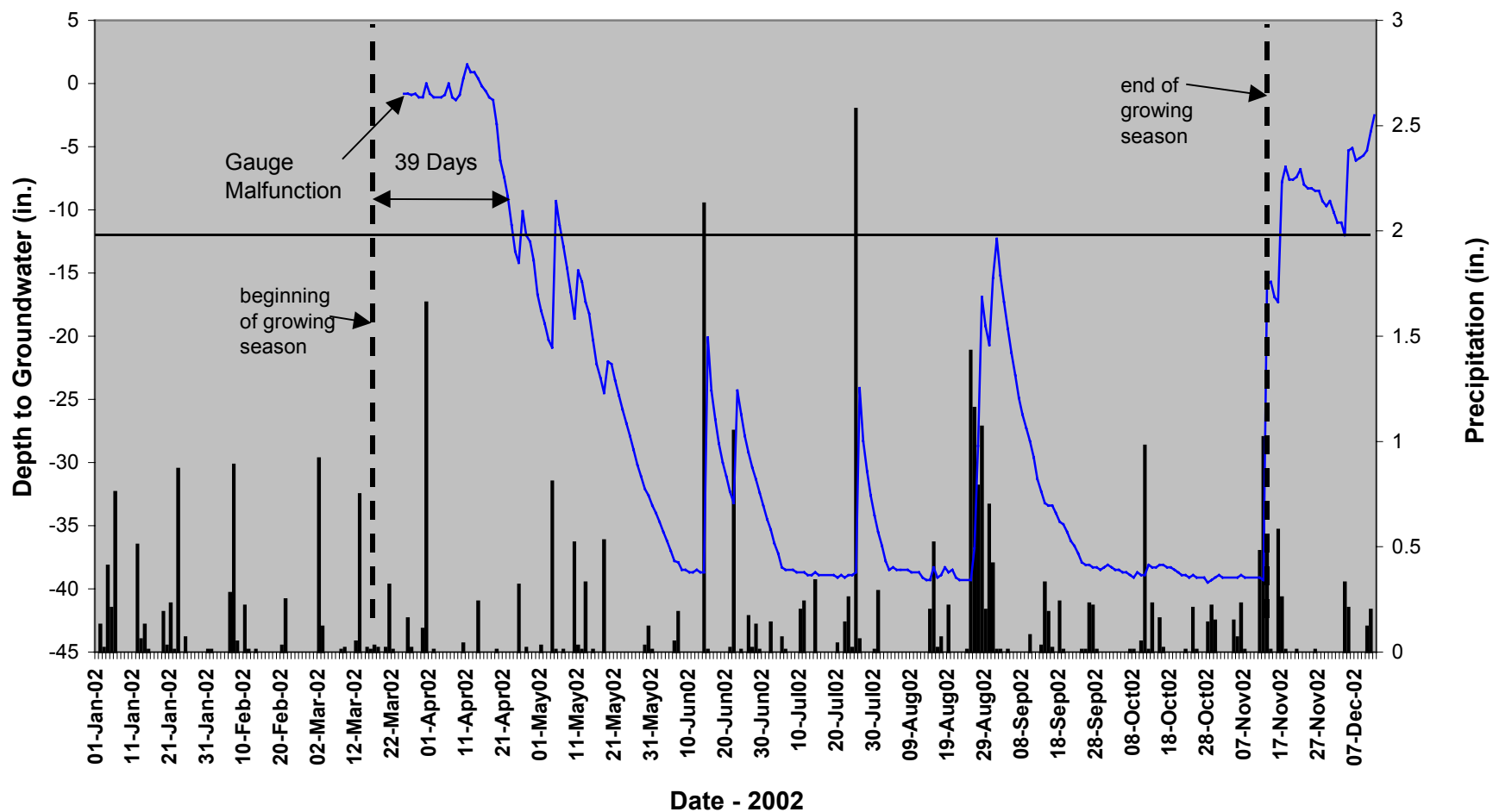
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G22



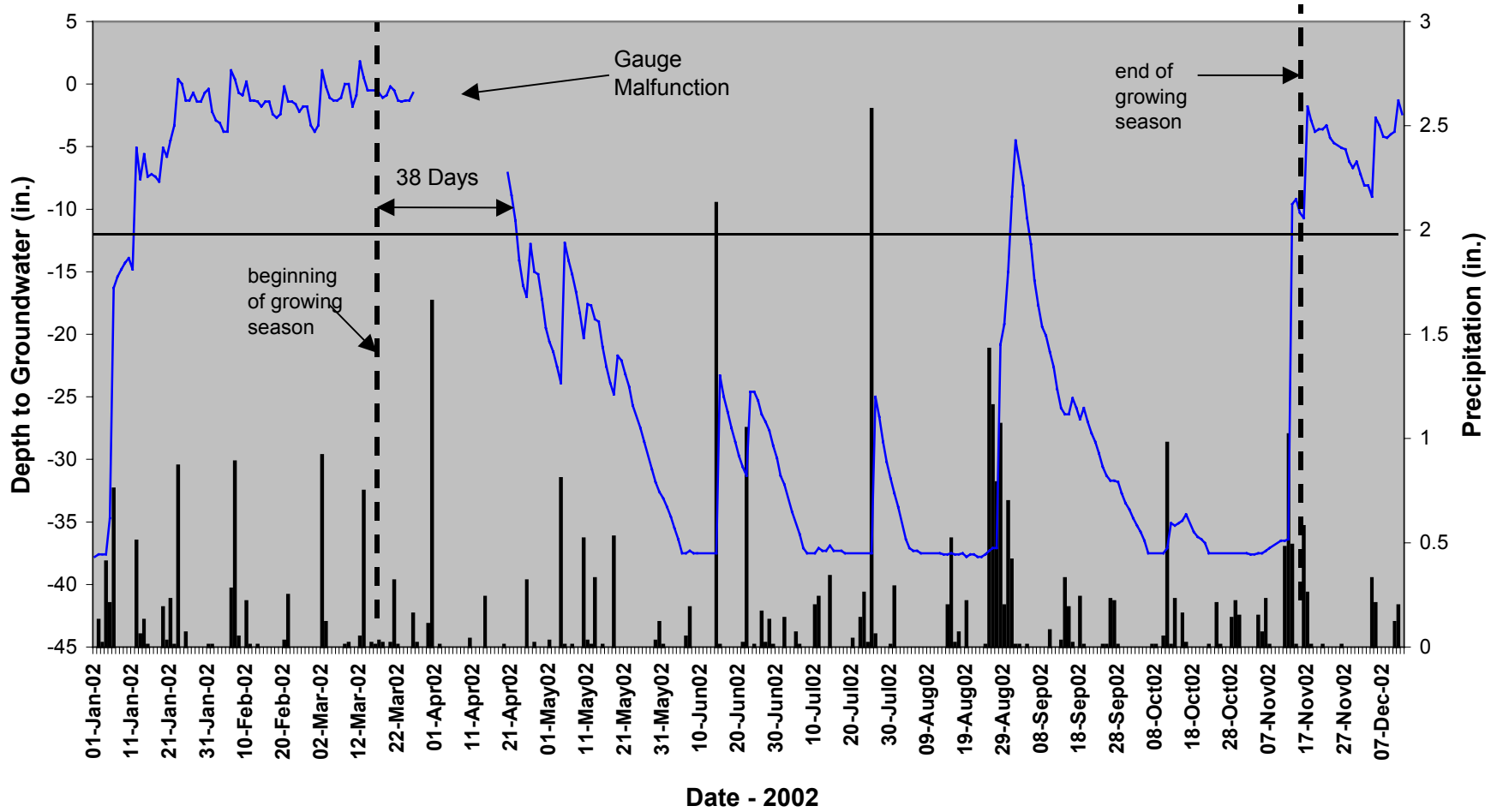
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G23



### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G24

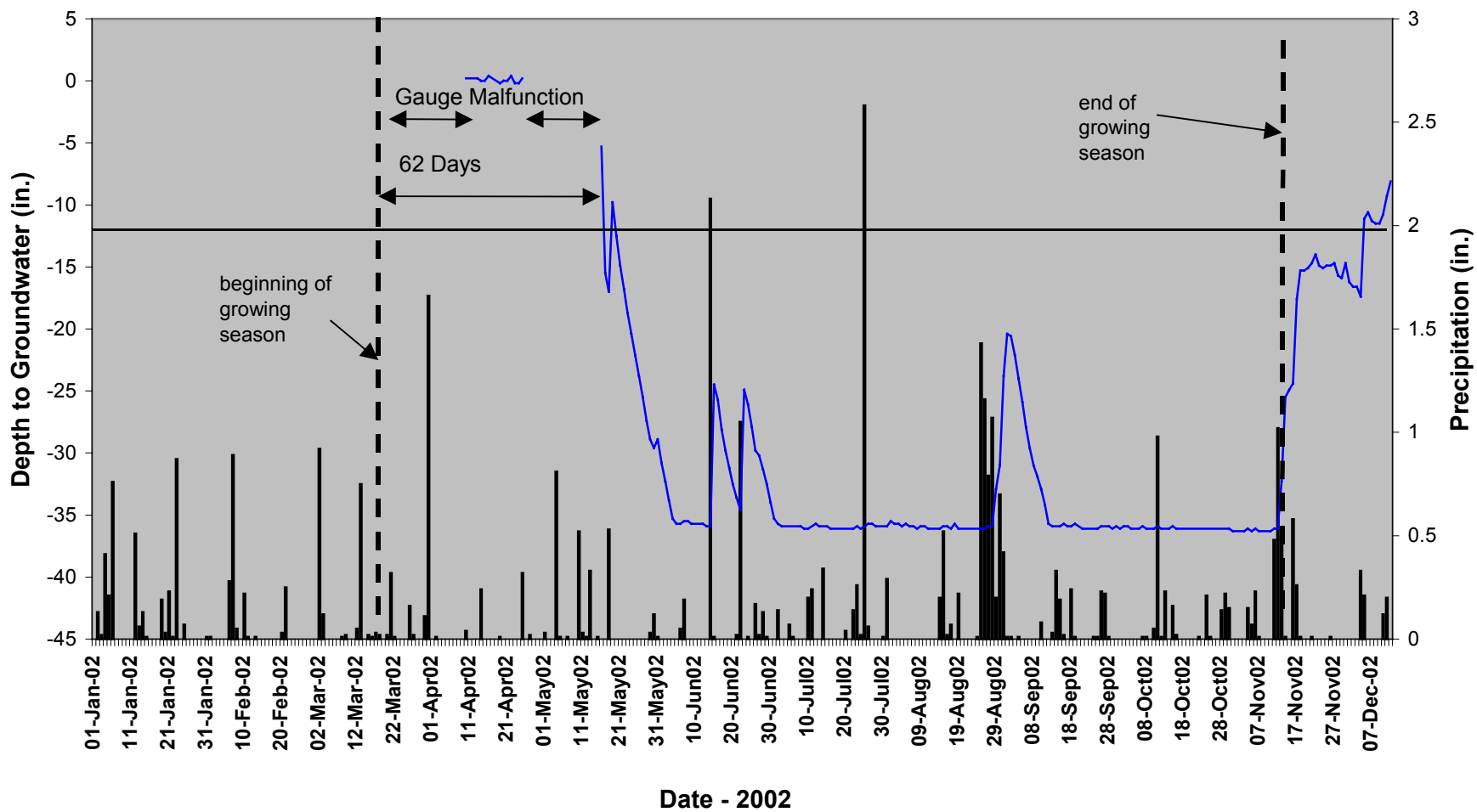


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G25

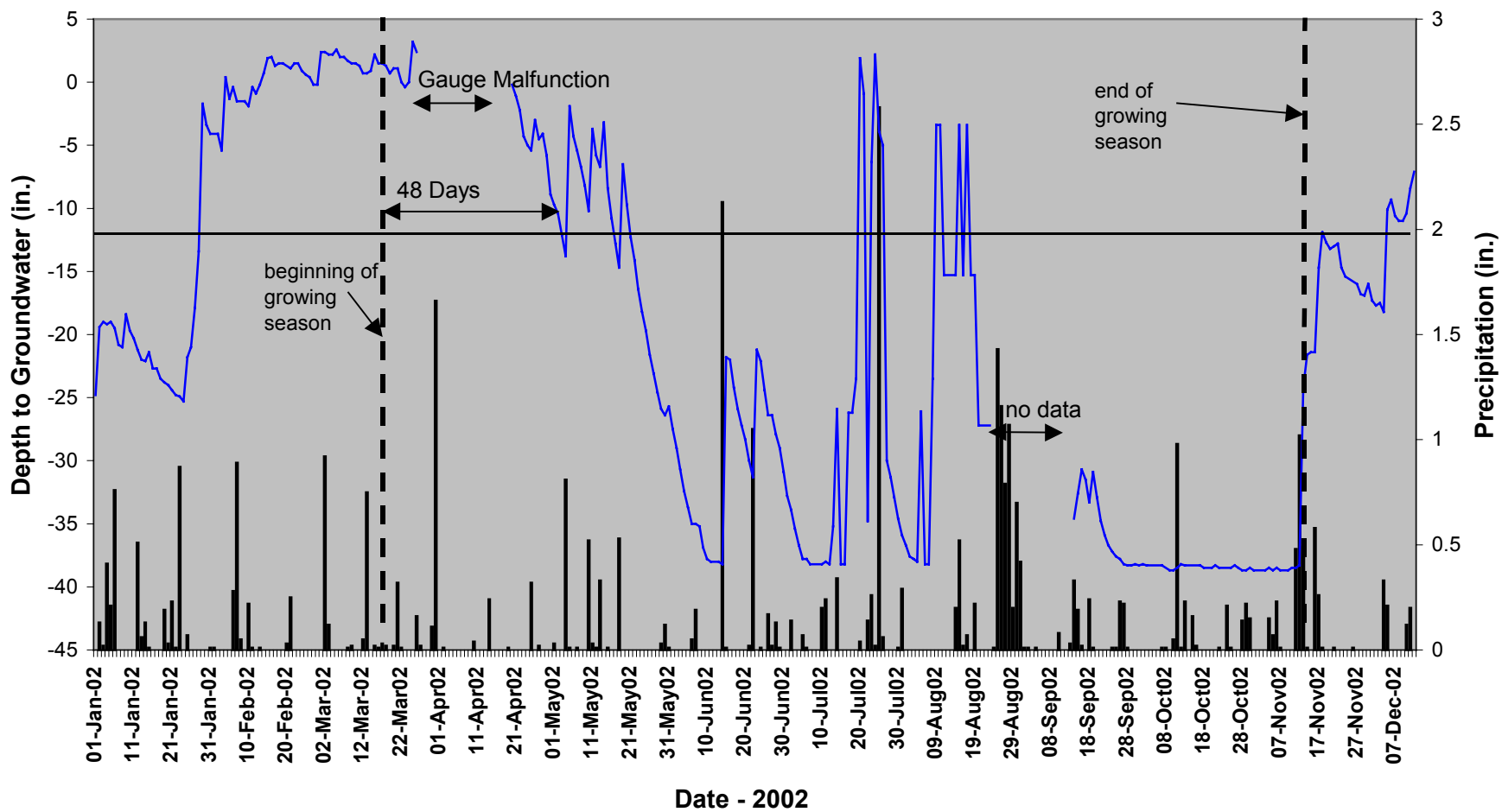




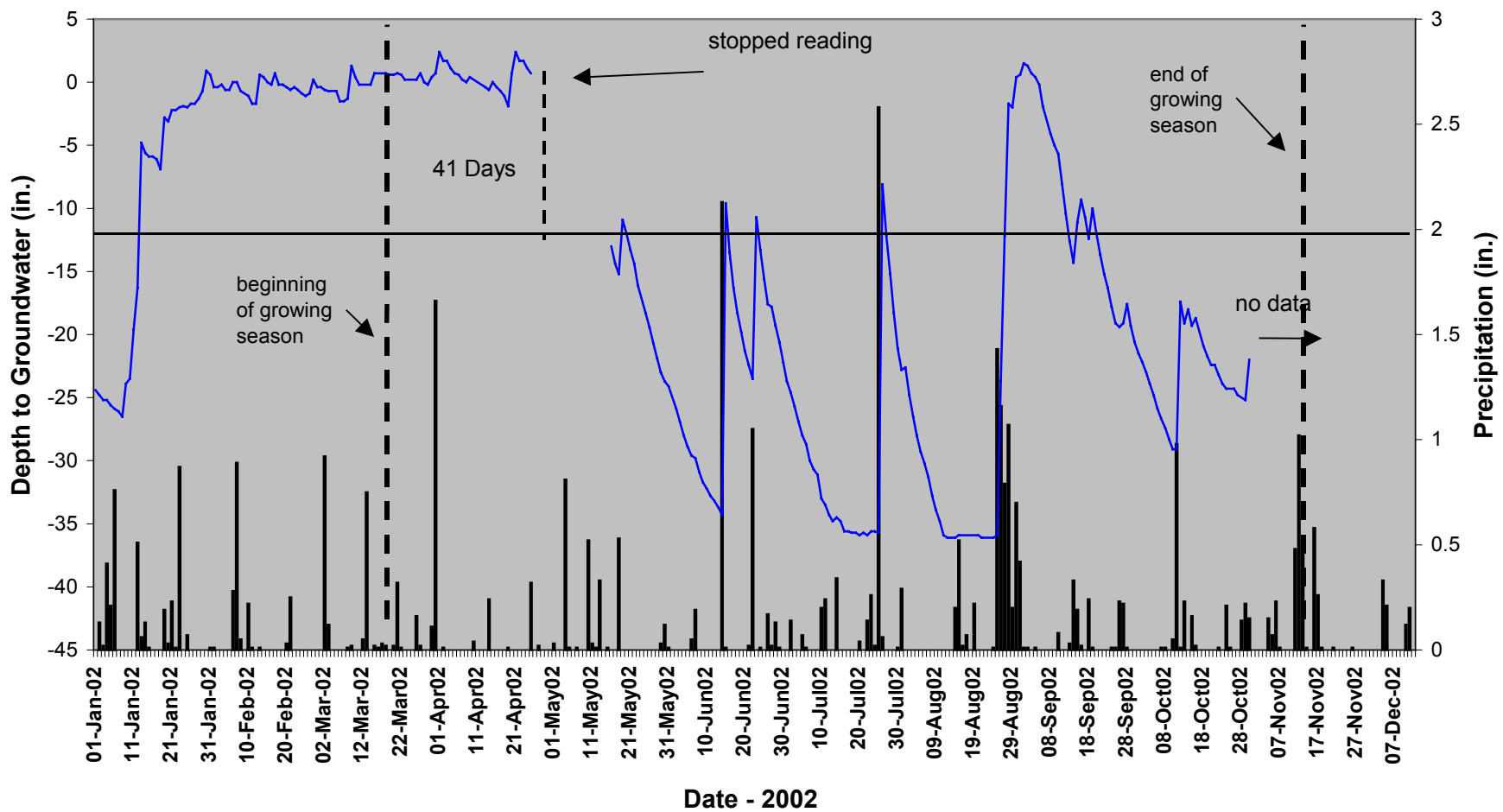
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G26



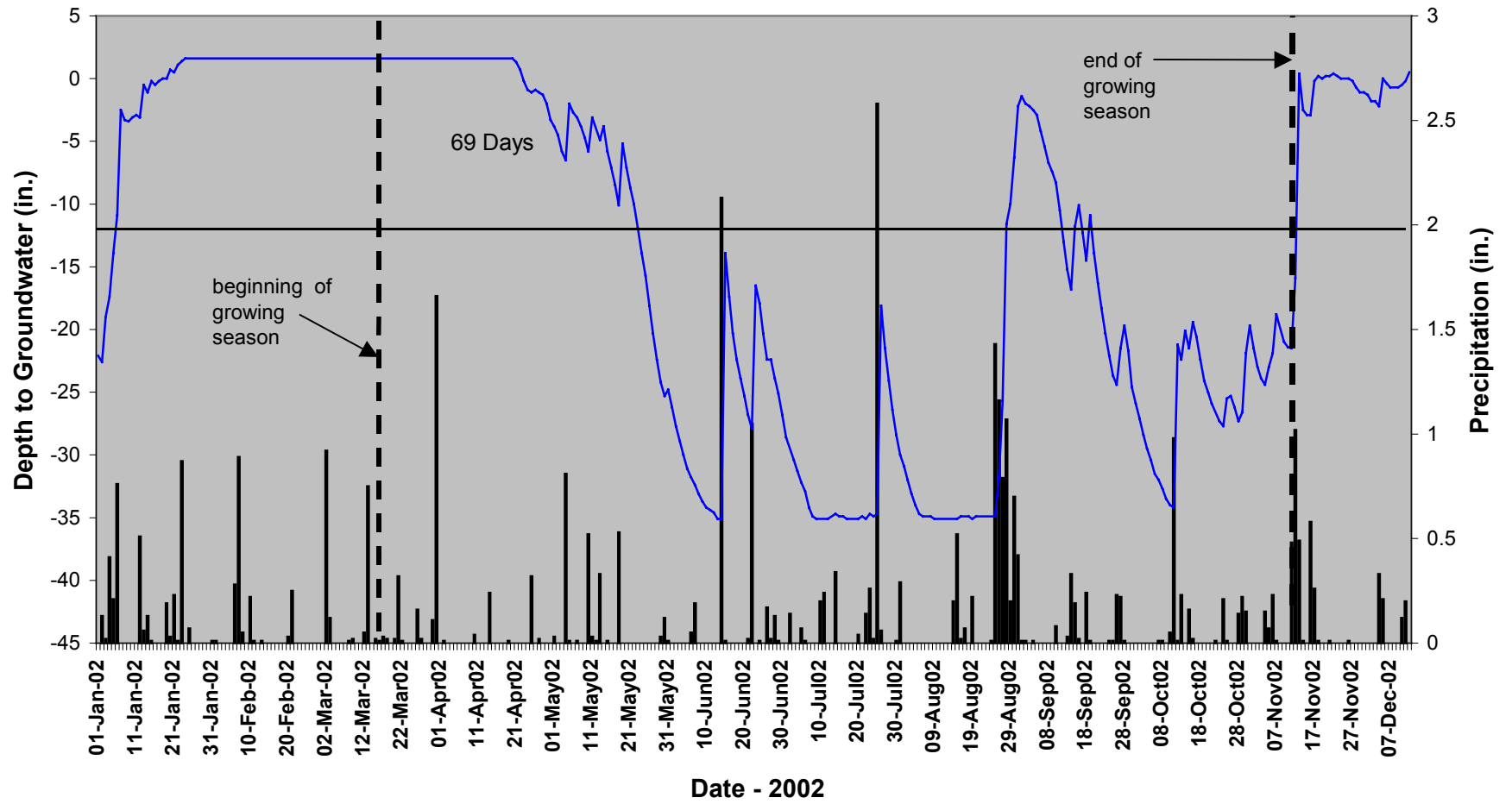
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G27



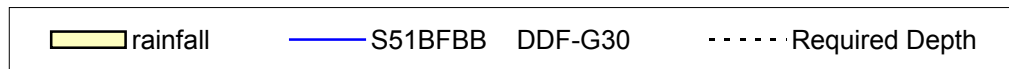
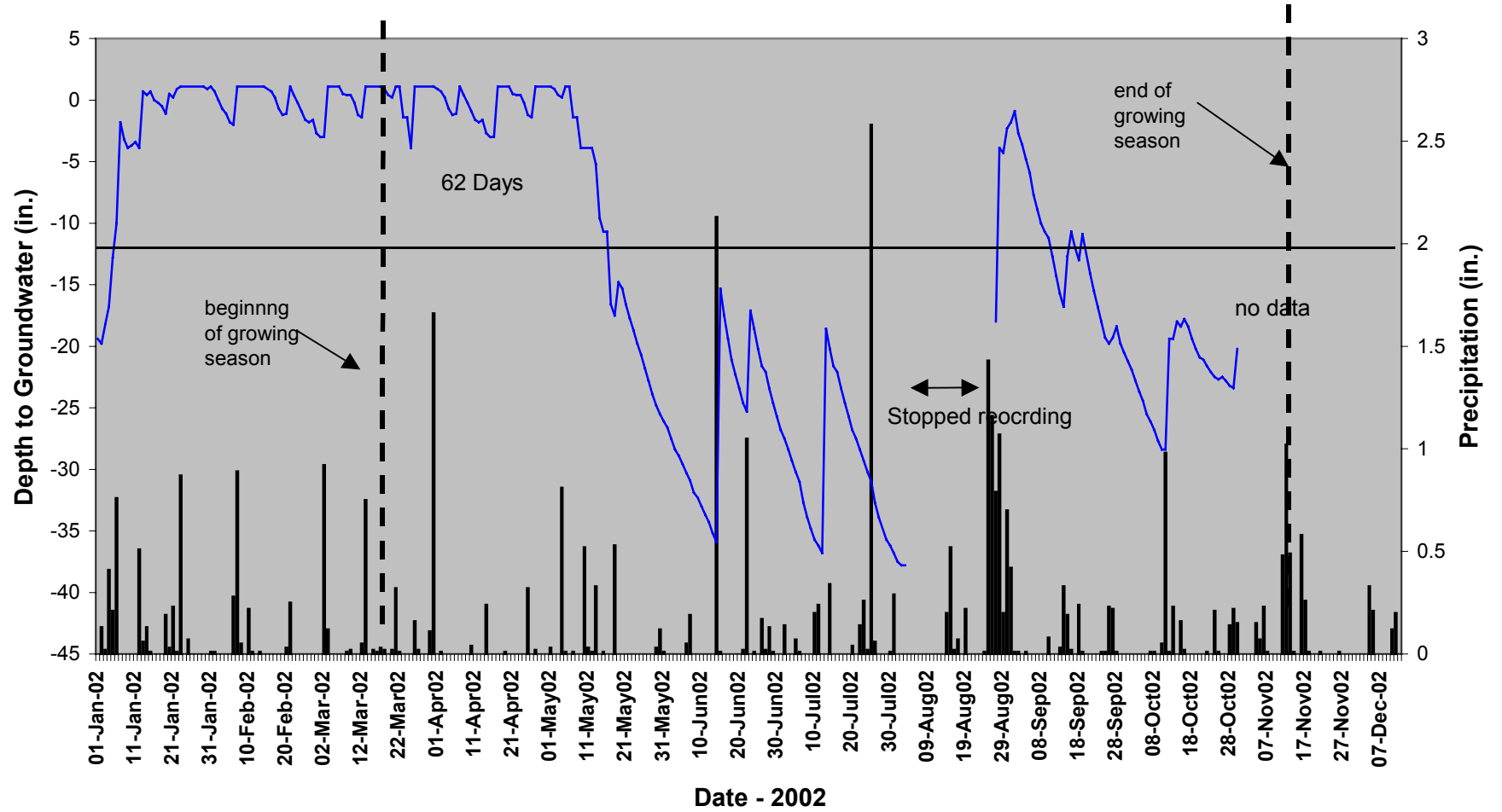
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G28



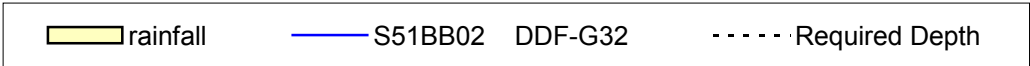
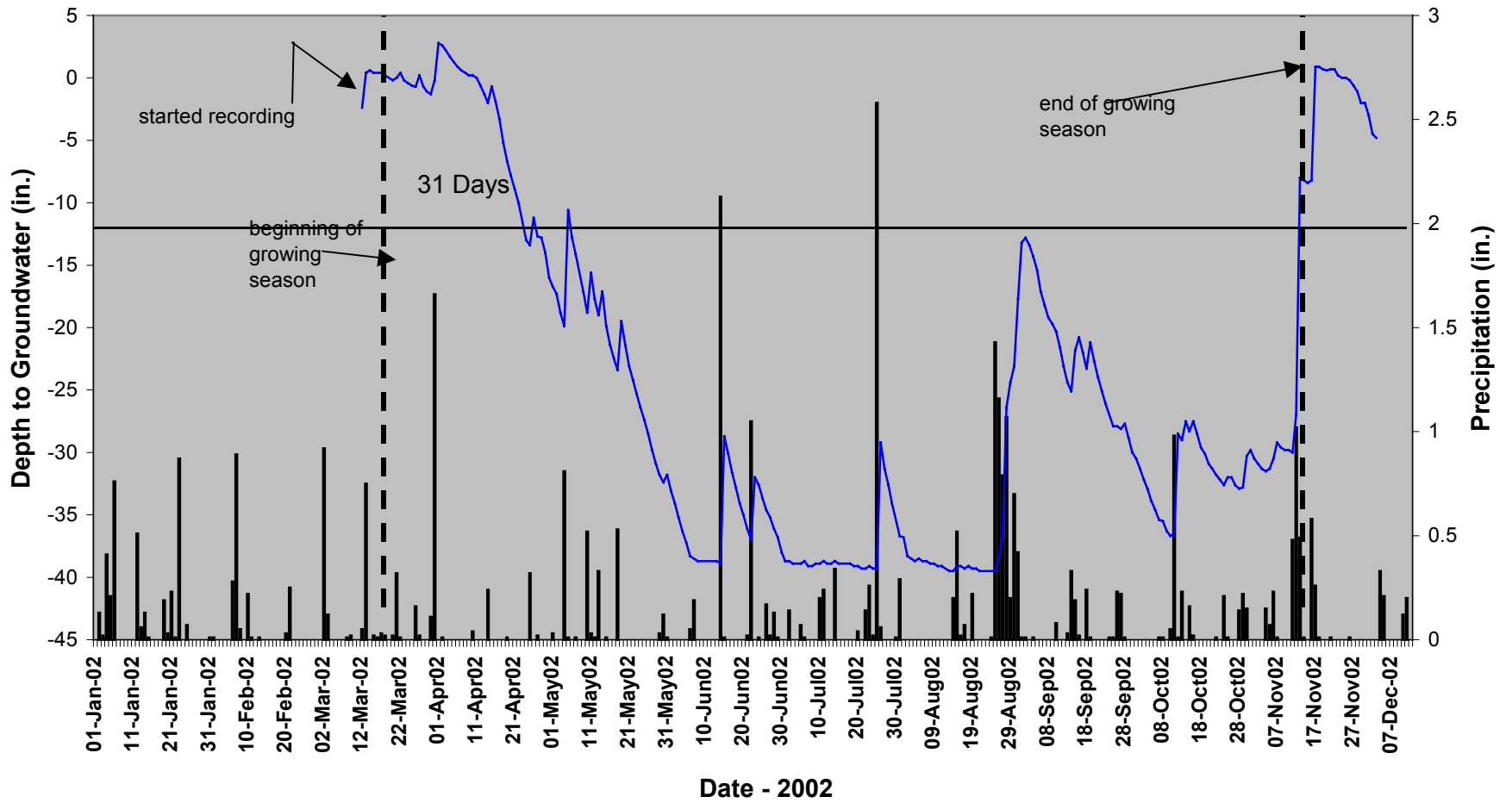
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G29



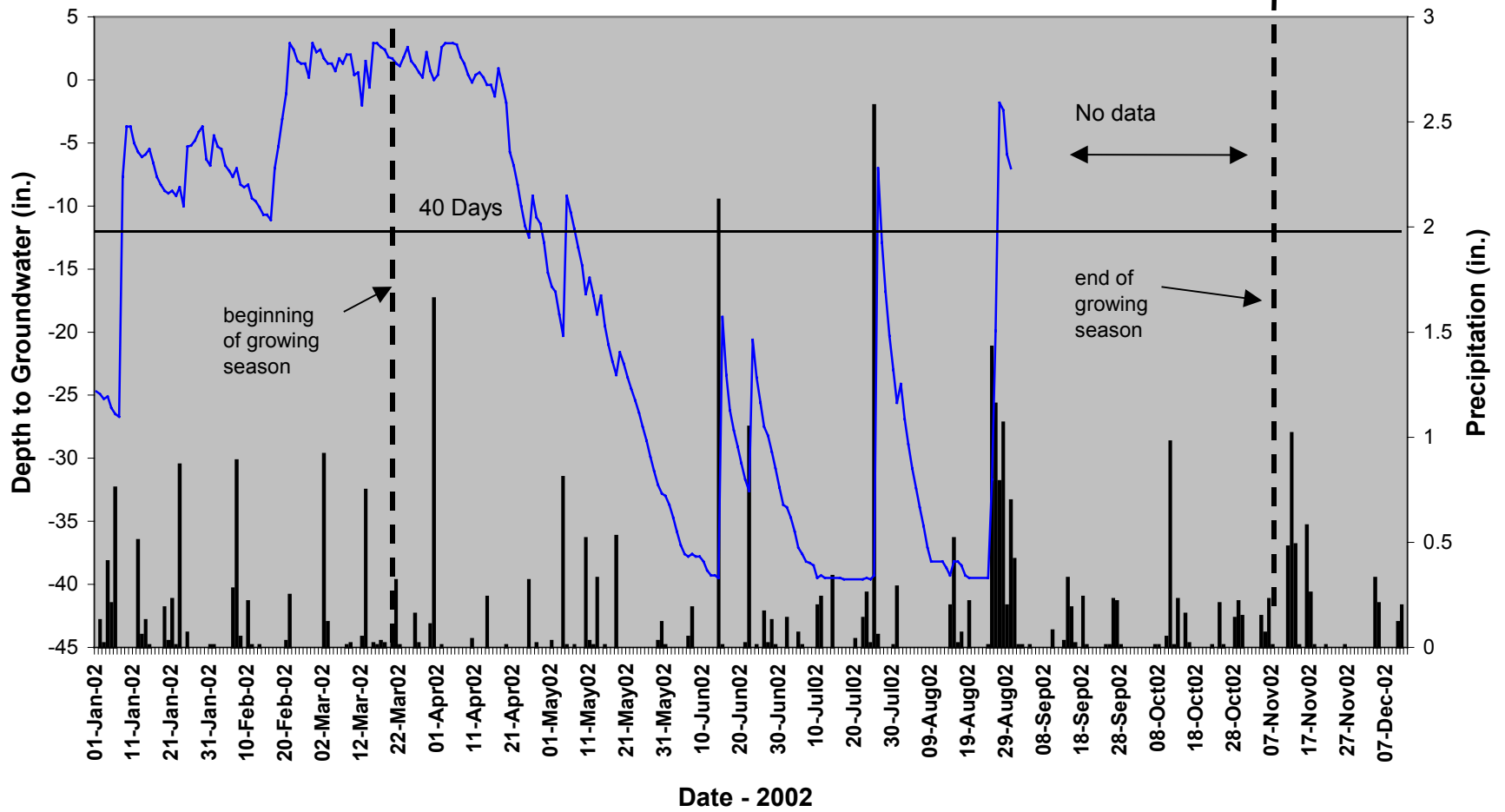
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G30



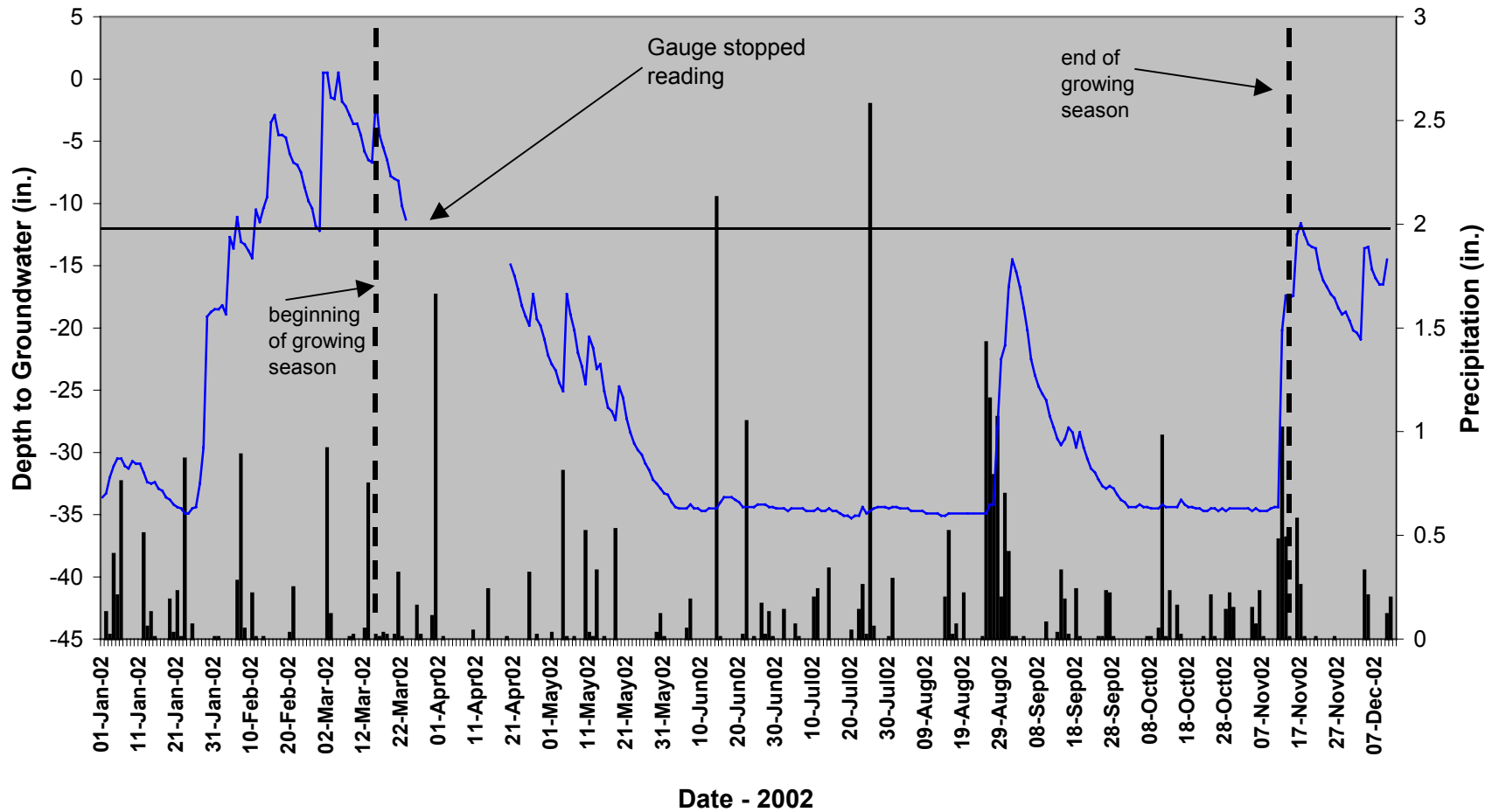
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G31



### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G32

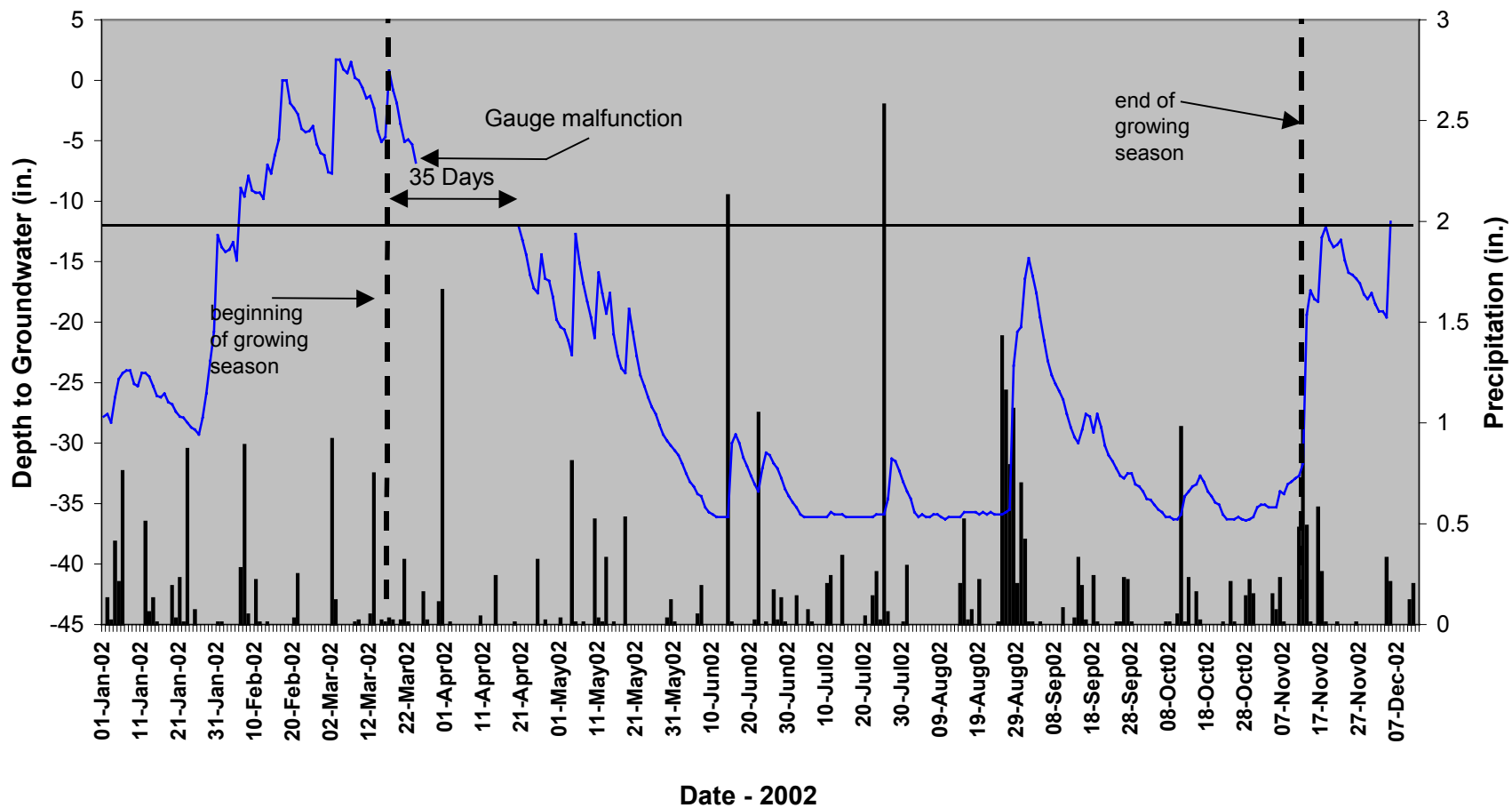


### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G34

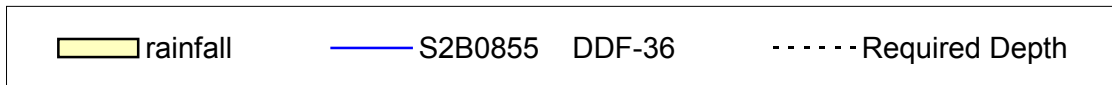
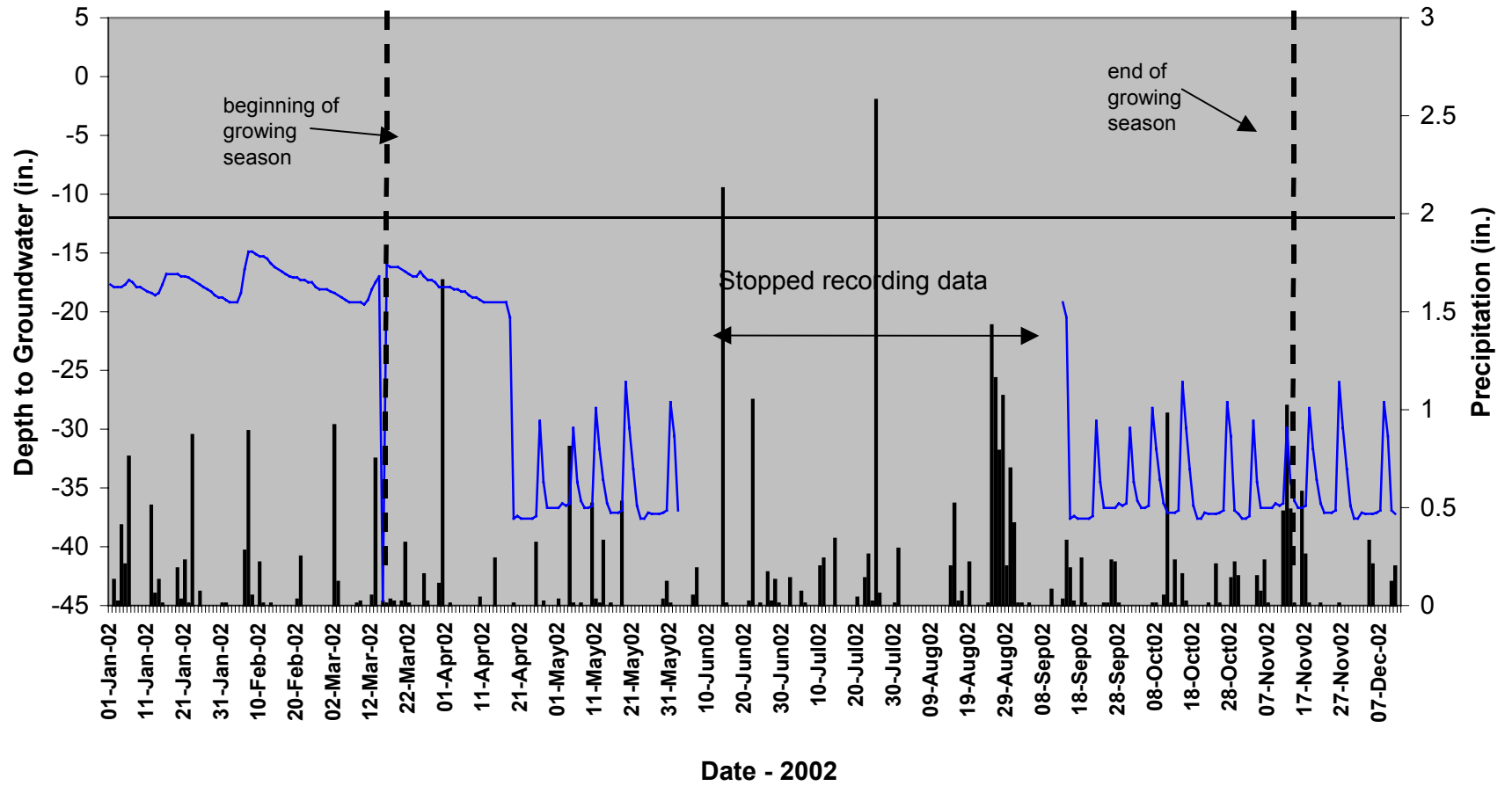




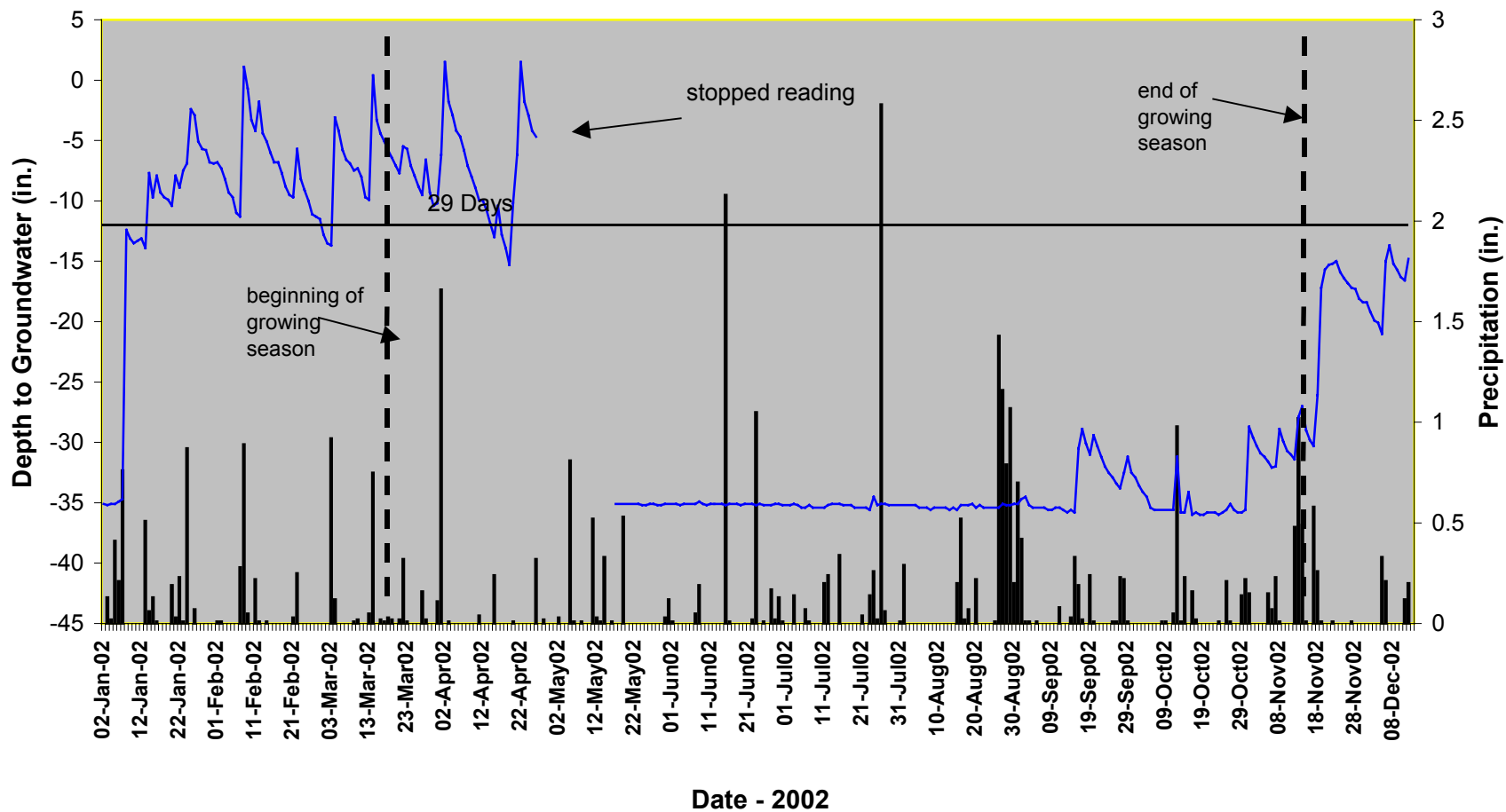
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G35



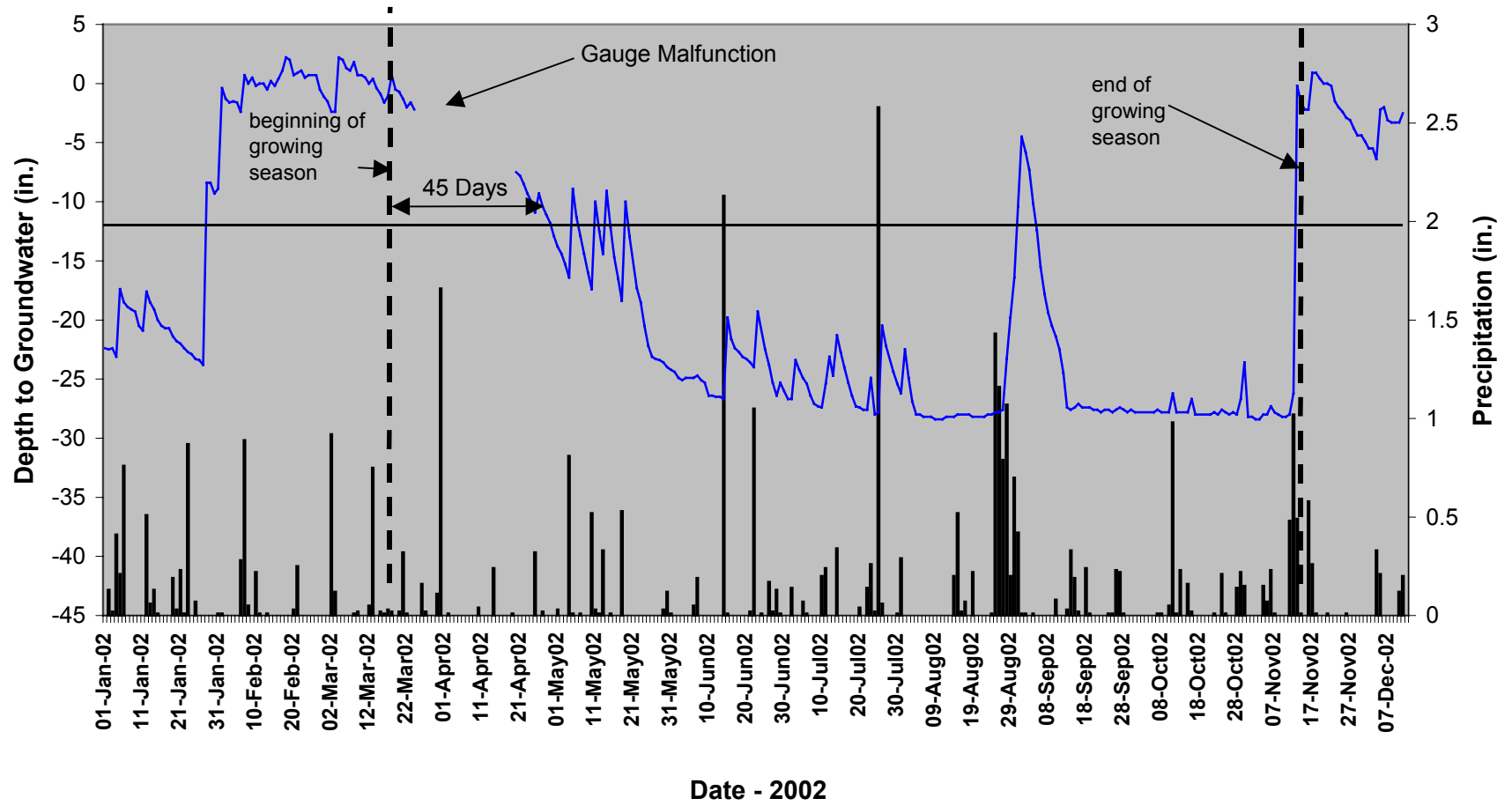
### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G36



### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G37



### Dowd Dairy Farm - Gauge G38



## **APPENDIX B**

### **SITE PHOTOS PHOTO AND VEGETATION PLOT LOCATIONS**

# DOWD DAIRY



Photo 1



Photo 2



Photo 3



Photo 4



# DOWD DAIRY



Photo 5



Photo 6



Photo 7



Photo 8



Photo 9



Photo 10

# DOWD DAIRY



Photo 11



Photo 12



Photo 13



Photo 14



