

**ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION SITE
FULL DELIVERY PROJECT
WARREN COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA**

EEP Project No. 16-D06045

FINAL Monitoring Report #3 (Year 2010)



Prepared for:



**NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources
Ecosystem Enhancement Program
2728 Capital Boulevard, Suite 1H 103
Raleigh, NC 27604**

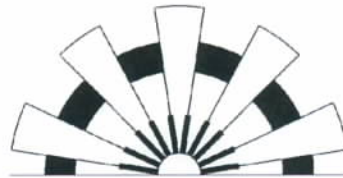
August 2010

Prepared by:



128 Raleigh Street
Holly Springs, NC 27540

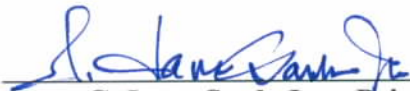
Under Contract With:



Sungate Design Group, P.A.

915 Jones Franklin Road
Raleigh, NC 27606

Contact Information:


G. Lane Sauls Jr. – Principal

(919) 557-0929

lanesauls@ecologicalengineering.net

SECTION III. TABLE OF CONTENTS

	<u>Page</u>
SECTION I. TITLE PAGE	
SECTION II. SIGNATURE PAGE	
SECTION III. TABLE OF CONTENTS.....	1
SECTION IV. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	3
Vegetation Monitoring.....	3
Stream Restoration Monitoring.....	3
SECTION V. PROJECT BACKGROUND.....	5
A. Location and Setting	5
B. Mitigation Structure and Objectives	5
C. Project History and Background.....	6
D. Monitoring Plan View Drawings	9
SECTION VI. PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS.....	13
A. Vegetation Assessment	13
1. Soil Data	13
2. Vegetative Problem Areas	13
3. Vegetative Problems Areas Plan View	14
4. Stem Counts.....	19
B. Stream Assessment	21
1. Procedural Items	21
2. Hydrologic Criteria	22
3. Bank Stability Assessment.....	22
4. Stream Problem Areas	24
5. Fixed Station Photographs	25
6. Visual Stability Assessment.....	25
7. Stream Qualitative Measures	26
SECTION VII. METHODOLOGY SECTION.....	36
TABLES	
Exhibit Table I. Project Structure Table.....	6
Exhibit Table II. Project Activity and Reporting History.....	6
Exhibit Table III. Project Contact Table.....	7
Exhibit Table IV. Project Background Table.....	8
Exhibit Table V. Preliminary Soil Data.....	13
Exhibit Table VI. Vegetative Problem Areas.....	14
Exhibit Table VII. Planted Stem Counts for Each Species Arranged by Plot	20
Exhibit Table VIII. Verification of Bankfull Events	22
Exhibit Table IX. BEHI and Sediment Export Estimates	23
Exhibit Table X. Stream Problem Areas.....	24
Exhibit Table XI. Categorical Stream Feature Visual Stability Assessment	25
Exhibit Table XII. Baseline Morphology and Hydraulic Summary	27
Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary	30

FIGURES

Figure 1. Project Site Vicinity Map

APPENDIX A VEGETATION RAW DATA

1. Vegetation Raw Data
2. Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photograph Summary

APPENDIX B. RAINFALL DATA SUMMARY

APPENDIX C. GEOMORPHIC RAW DATA

1. Stream Visual Assessment Table
2. Monitoring Photograph Summary
3. Cross Section Plots and Raw Data Tables
4. Longitudinal Plots and Raw Data Tables
5. Pebble Count Plots and Raw Data Tables

SECTION IV. EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

Sungate Design Group, PA (Sungate) entered into a design/build (full delivery) contract with the NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP) on June 21, 2006 to provide 5,000 Stream Mitigation Units (SMUs) in the Roanoke River Basin. The Ellington Branch Stream Restoration Site, hereinafter referred to as the “Project Site,” was selected to meet these overall obligations (Figure 1). Ecological Engineering, LLP (Ecological Engineering) is under contract with Sungate to perform the remaining monitoring requirements.

The Project Site is situated in Warren County, North Carolina and includes a portion of Ellington Branch and one of its unnamed tributaries. Ellington Branch is a second order, perennial stream originating approximately one-half mile upstream (south) of the project area. The unnamed tributary (UT) is a first order, perennial stream that unites with Ellington Branch from the west. The project was identified by Sungate in 2005 and selected for full delivery restoration by EEP based its location, attributes, existing condition and overall likelihood for success.

Vegetation Monitoring

Vegetation monitoring for Year 3 was performed by determining density and survival of planted species, and individuals resulting from natural regeneration. Thirteen individual plot locations were randomly established during the as-built surveys. Each vegetation plot covers 100m² and is shaped in the form of a 10m x 10m square.

Vegetation success criteria for the stream riparian areas are based on a minimum survival of 320 stems per acre of planted species through Year 3 and 260 stems per acre at the end of Year 5. Volunteer woody vegetation, although present in most cases, was not included in the survivability calculations. Based on the Year 1 surveys, all plots exhibited surviving planted and transplanted species in excess of 597 planted stems per acre. Year 2 results were slightly lower with the least number of surviving species calculated at a minimum number of approximately 526 planted stems per acre. Year 3 results were slightly less than Year 2, with a minimum stem per acre count of 405 individuals. Volunteer tree and shrub species were observed throughout the riparian area.

Based on the 2010 monitoring results, the Project Site met and exceeded the established success criteria for vegetation based on the survival of the planted species for Year 3 monitoring.

Stream Restoration Monitoring

Stream restoration success criteria for the two restored stream reaches were met during the Year 3 monitoring assessment. No significant changes to the dimension, pattern, profile or bed material were observed. Location surveys of the constructed features were conducted to verify the performance of both channels. Total station surveys were performed to compare the six previously determined stream longitudinal profiles and the 23 permanent stream cross-sections with as-built, Year 1 and Year 2 monitoring data. A modified Wolman pebble count and assessment of the constructed features was also undertaken as part of Year 3 monitoring efforts.

Based on the interpreted data, both Ellington Branch and its UT are stable. All of the structures are functioning as designed and bank erosion is non-existent. Drought conditions during 2008 and 2009 however, continue to be factor effecting sediment transport at the Project Site. Ellington Branch was dry for the first half of 2008 while the UT maintained only a trickle of water. The same scenario occurred during the early summer months of 2009, particularly June and July. As a result, wetland and streamside vegetation has thrived within the bankfull channel areas. Ecological Engineering will continue to closely monitor the effects of vegetation with regard to sediment transport.

Based on cross-section surveys, longitudinal profile surveys and visual observations, channel dimensions and profiles have adjusted, primarily during the bankfull events. These adjustments are more obvious through data interpretations rather than visual observations. Morphological features along Ellington Branch and its UT appear intact. Several shifts are obvious based on the channel profiles and it is anticipated that these are the result of channel equilibrium processes during and immediately after the channel forming flow events occurred. This is obvious since the prolonged drought conditions' effect on the Project Site during the Year 1 and partial Year 2 monitoring periods.

In 2008, one bankfull event was recorded on September 5 and 6, 2008. It was associated with a two-day, tropical storm event that provided more than five inches of rainfall. During 2009, two bankfull events were recorded. These events were a result of normal storms with above average precipitation amounts. The periods were January 6 through 9 and March 1 through March 2. As per the USACE Draft Stream Mitigation Guidelines (2003), the project has successfully met the hydrology requirement of at least two bankfull events occurring in separate years within the monitoring period. Hydrology assessments continued during the fall and winter of Year 2 and spring/summer periods of Year 3. The Project Site experienced three more bankfull events during this timeframe. The event in November 2009 created Floodflows well above and outside the bankfull stage. These events are critical to the channel forming processes associated with each channel. Hydrological monitoring will continue throughout the monitoring period.

Bank stability assessments were conducted as part of Year 3 monitoring requirements. Based on the existing conditions and the data collected, restoration activities have lowered sediment export rates by approximately 98.5 percent on Ellington Branch and approximately 99 percent on its UT.

SECTION V. PROJECT BACKGROUND

A. Location and Setting

The Project Site is situated approximately four miles south of the Virginia/North Carolina state line in Warren County, North Carolina (Figure 1). SR 1200 (Drewry Road) is approximately 0.3 miles west of the project area, while SR 1221 (Culpepper Road) is approximately 0.2 miles to the east. It can be accessed by using the following directions from Exit 223 along Interstate 85:

- turn left (north) onto SR 1237 (Manson Road), travel approximately 2.5 miles;
- turn right (north) onto Drewry Road, travel approximately 3.0 miles; and
- turn right (east) onto Fleming Farm Road and proceed approximately ¼-mile past homestead and through gate.

Two streams, Ellington Branch and one of its unnamed tributaries, constitute the project. Ellington Branch is oriented in a south to north direction while its UT enters from the west. Both streams meet the NC Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) perennial stream classification requirements.

B. Mitigation Structure and Objectives

Prior to restoration, Ellington Branch and its UT were severely degraded due to existing land uses and non-restricted cattle access. The existing stream banks on both channels were eroded and overall channel morphology was significantly altered. A total of 4,904 linear feet of existing stream channel was surveyed within the project area, specifically 4,051 linear feet along Ellington Branch and 853 linear feet along its UT.

The goals and objectives of the project were to ultimately create a continuous wooded stream corridor by restoring and re-vegetating the largest reach of disturbed channel and buffer along Ellington Branch. This in turn, would also improve the overall function and habitat associated with the stream channel and riparian areas. The restoration plan included restoration (dimension, pattern and profile parameters) of Ellington Branch and its UT, as well as the establishment and restoration of an active riparian buffer complex. In addition, the goals and objectives were also to restore the primary stream and buffer functions and values associated with nutrient removal and transformation, sediment reduction and retention, flood-flow attenuation, and wildlife (both aquatic and terrestrial) habitat. The Project Site provided an excellent opportunity to restore and preserve a substantial riparian zone on lands that were currently being utilized for pasture and cattle grazing.

Ellington Branch and its UT were restored with methodology consistent with the C stream type. According to Rosgen (1996), this stream type is a slightly entrenched, meandering, gravel dominated, riffle/pool channel with a well developed floodplain. C stream types have gentle gradients less than two percent, display a high width/depth ratio and exhibit sinuosities greater than 1.2. The riffle/pool sequence averages five to seven bankfull widths in length. Its associated stream banks are generally composed of unconsolidated, heterogeneous, non-cohesive, alluvial materials that are finer than the gravel-dominated bed material. Sediment supplies are generally moderate to high. This stream type is characterized by the presence of point bars and other depositional features (Rosgen, 1996). It was favored versus the E stream type since shear in the near bank region is greatly reduced, especially for newly constructed channels. Once the vegetation becomes established, the width/depth ratio may naturally reduce to the characteristic of an E stream type, which is a hydraulically efficient channel form that maintains a high sediment transport capacity.

According to as-built surveys completed during January 2008, a total of 5,063 linear feet of Ellington Branch and its UT were restored using natural channel design methods consistent with Priority Level II stream restoration protocols. This included 3,735 linear feet along Ellington Branch and 1,328 linear feet along its UT. Exhibit Table I denotes the achievements of the project.

Exhibit Table I. Project Structure Table Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)					
Project Segment or Reach ID	Mitigation Type	Approach	Linear Footage	Stationing	Comment
Reach I – Ellington Br.	R	P2	1,934	10+00 to 29+34.0	Above Confluence with UT
Reach II – Ellington Br.	R	P2	1,801	29+34.0 to 47+35.0	Below Confluence with UT
Reach III – UT	R	P2	1,328	10+00 to 23+27.8	Entire Reach

R = Restoration
P2 = Priority Level II

Ecological benefits gained with the restoration of Ellington Branch and its UT include reduced nutrient loading, reduced sediment loading, improved habitat diversity (both terrestrial and aquatic) and improved water quality. By restricting cattle access and implementing riparian buffers along Ellington Branch and its UT, the project will reduce the overall amount of pollution (physical and chemical) leaving the Site and concentrating in the waters downstream. Restoration of the stream channels will ultimately increase foraging and spawning habitat for fish, and other species requiring flowing water. The project will provide an ecological uplift for the entire basin.

C. Project History and Background

The project is undergoing its third formal year of monitoring. Reporting and milestone history for the Project Site is provided in Exhibit Table II. Exhibit Table III provides contact information for all individuals responsible for implementation while relevant background information is provided in Exhibit Table IV.

Exhibit Table II. Project Activity and Reporting History Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)			
Activity or Report	Scheduled Completion	Data Collection Complete	Actual Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan	January 2007	November 2006	January 2007
Final Design (90%)	February 2007		February 2007
Construction	June 2007		May 2007
Temporary S&E Mix Applied	June 2007		May 2007
Permanent Seed Mix Applied	June 2007		May 2007
Bare Root Seedling Installation	December 2007		November 2007
Mitigation Plan/ As-Built (Year 0 Monitoring- baseline)	March 2008	January 2008	February 2008
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2008	October 2008	December 2008
Year 2 Monitoring	August 2009	August 2009	August 2009
Year 3 Monitoring	August 2010	July 2010	July 2010
Year 4 Monitoring	August 2011		
Year 5 Monitoring	August 2012		

Exhibit Table III. Project Contact Table
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

Designer	Ms. Jenny S. Fleming, PE 128 Raleigh Street Holly Springs, NC 27540 (919) 557-0929
Ecological Engineering, LLP (current) Sungate Design Group, P.A. (previous)	
Construction Contractor	Mr. Robert Lucas P.O. Box 14987 Greensboro, NC 27415 (336) 375-1989
Shamrock Environmental Corporation	
Planting Contractor	Mr. David Winstead 536 Jackson Road Nashville, NC 27856 (252) 462-0305
Winstead's Reforestation	
Seeding Contractor	Mr. Robert Lucas P.O. Box 14987 Greensboro, NC 27415 (336) 375-1989
Shamrock Environmental Corporation	
Seed Mix Source	Mellow Marsh Farm, Inc. 1312 Woody Store Road Siler City, NC 27344 (919) 742-1200
Nursery Stock Suppliers	ArborGen (International Paper) SC Supertree Nursery 5594 Highway 38 South Blenheim, SC 29516 (843) 528-3203 Mellow Marsh Farm, Inc. 1312 Woody Store Road Siler City, NC 27344 (919) 742-1200
Monitoring Performer	Ecological Engineering, LLP 128 Raleigh Street Holly Springs, NC 27540 (919) 557-0929
Stream Monitoring POC	G. Lane Sauls Jr.
Vegetation Monitoring POC	G. Lane Sauls Jr.

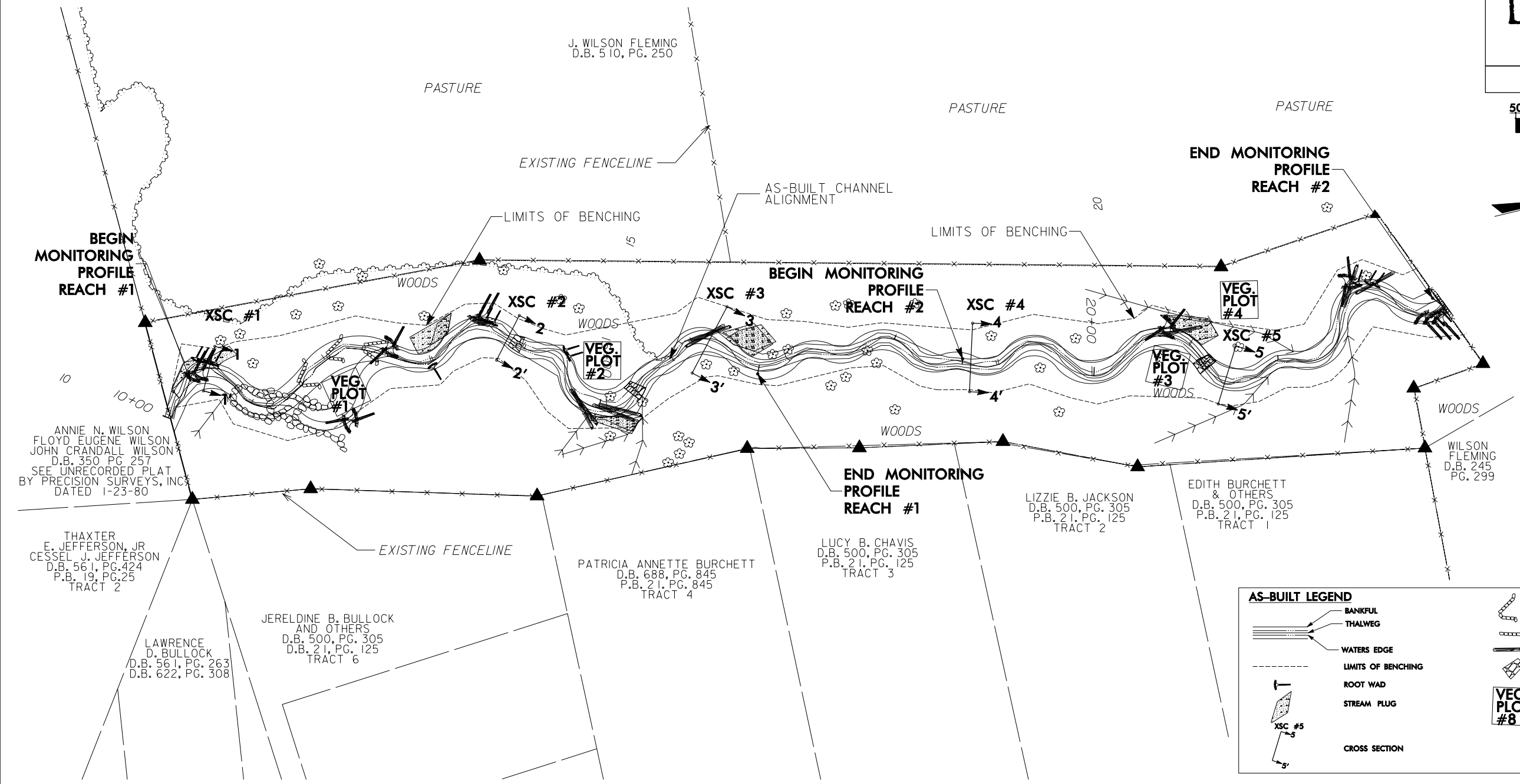
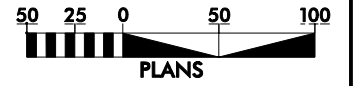
Exhibit Table IV. Project Background Table Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)	
Project County	Warren County
Drainage Area	1.1 sq. miles - Ellington Branch 0.1 sq. miles – Unnamed Tributary
Impervious Cover Estimate	Less than 5%
Stream Order	2 - Ellington Branch 1 – Unnamed Tributary
Physiographic Region	Piedmont
Ecoregion (Griffith and Omernik)	Northern Outer Piedmont
Rosgen Classification of As-built	C5 - Ellington Branch C5 – Unnamed Tributary
Cowardin Classification	RSB
Dominant Soil Types	Wedowee Sandy Loam
Reference Site ID	N/A
USGS HUC for Project and Reference	03010106
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project and Reference	03-02-07
Any Portion of any project segment 303d listed?	No
Any portion of any project segment upstream of a 303d listed segment.	Yes
Reason for 303d listing or stressor	Low DO, Sedimentation & Nutrients
Percent of project easement fenced	100%

The following pages depict the Monitoring Plan View drawings for Ellington Branch and its UT.

PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	1
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	1/2/08

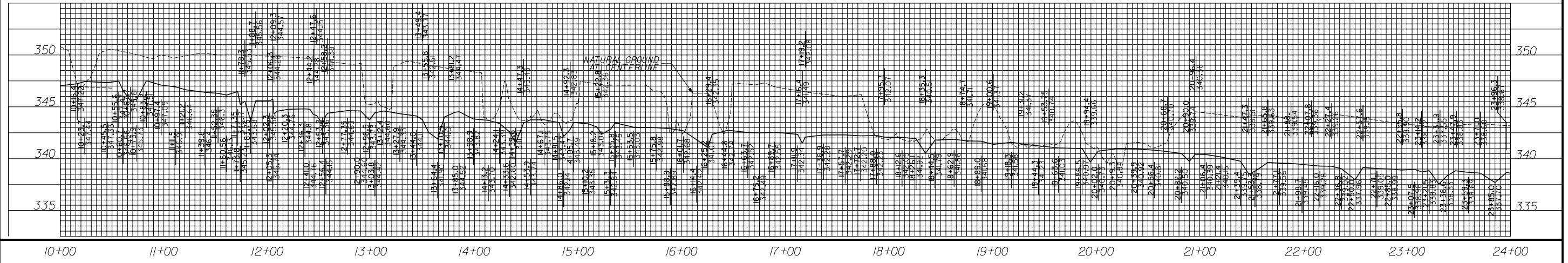



SHEET NAME
MONITORING PLAN VIEW

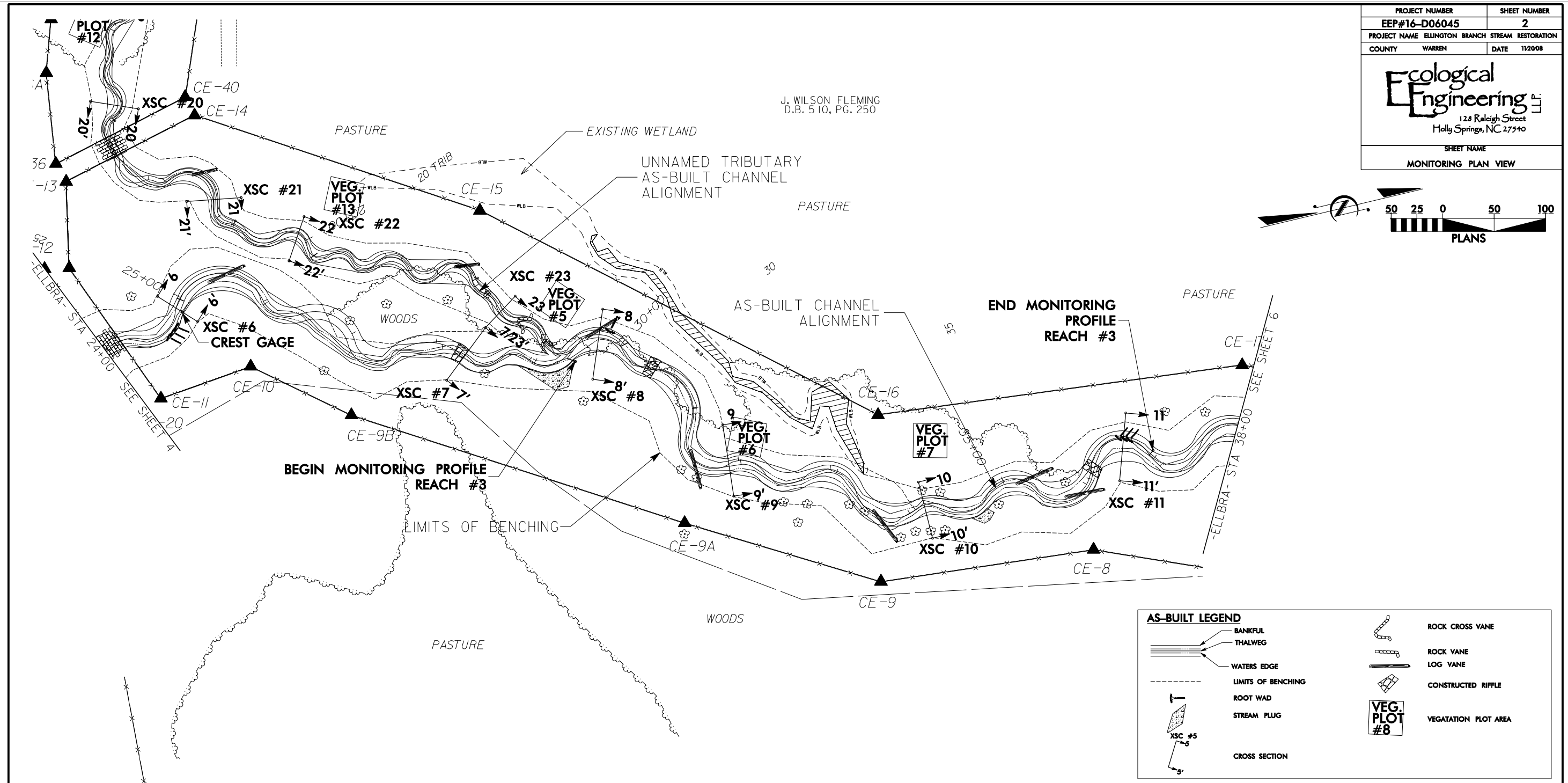
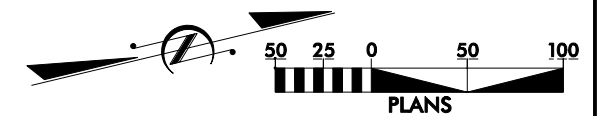


AS-BUILT LEGEND

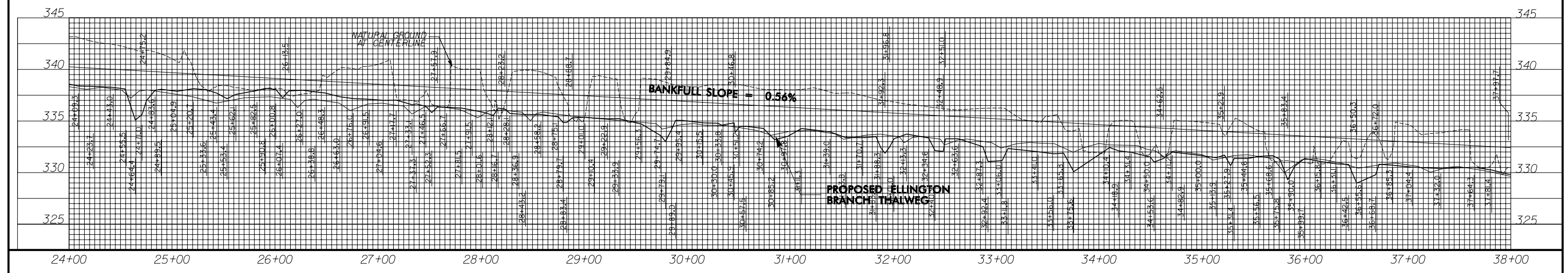
	BANKFUL		ROCK CROSS VANE
	THALWEG		ROCK VANE
	WATERS EDGE		LOG VANE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING		CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	ROOT WAD		STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION		VEGETATION PLOT AREA




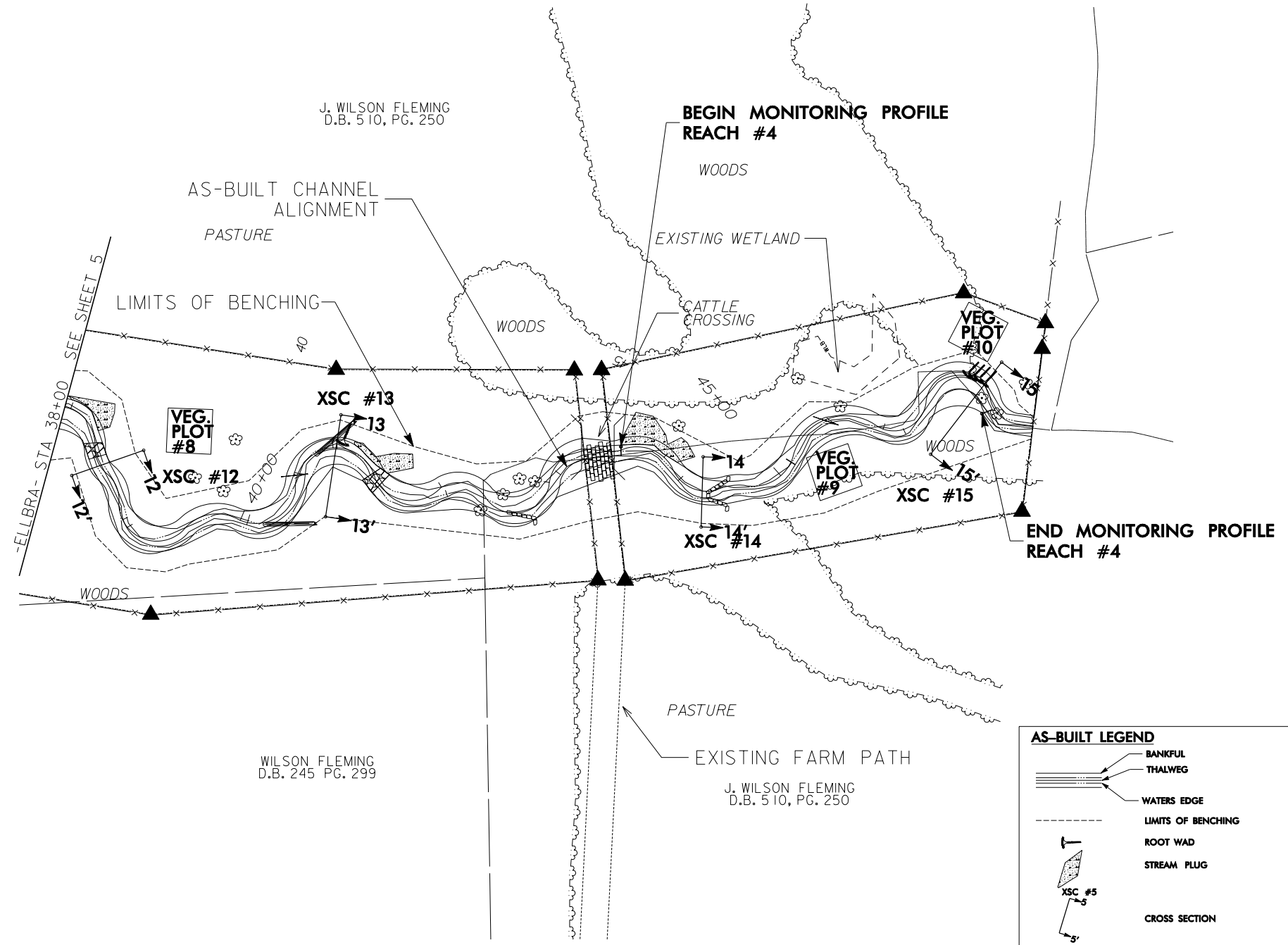
PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	2
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	11/2008
 Ecological Engineering 128 Raleigh Street Holly Springs, NC 27540	
SHEET NAME	
MONITORING PLAN VIEW	



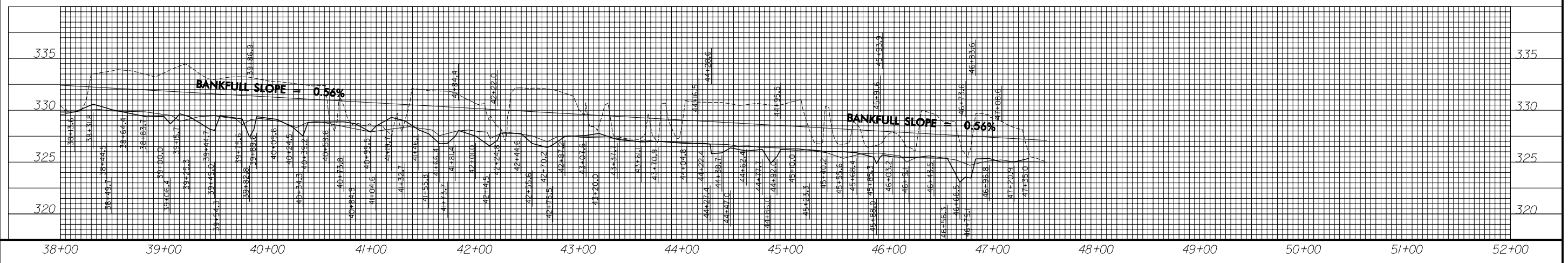
AS-BUILT LEGEND	
	BANKFULL THALWEG
	WATERS EDGE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING
	ROOT WAD
	STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION
	ROCK CROSS VANE
	ROCK VANE
	LOG VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	VEGETATION PLOT AREA



PROJECT NUMBER	EEL#16-D06045	SHEET NUMBER	3
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION	COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	11-20-08		
 Ecological Engineering 128 Raleigh Street Holly Springs, NC 27540			
SHEET NAME			
MONITORING PLAN VIEW			



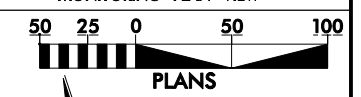
AS-BUILT LEGEND			
	BANKFUL		ROCK CROSS VANE
	THALWEG		ROCK VANE
	WATERS EDGE		LOG VANE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING		CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	ROOT WAD		VEGETATION PLOT AREA
	STREAM PLUG		
	CROSS SECTION		



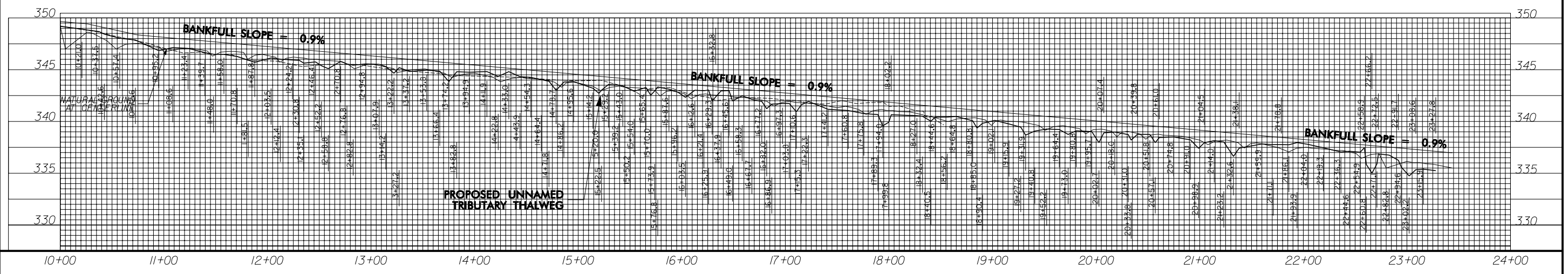
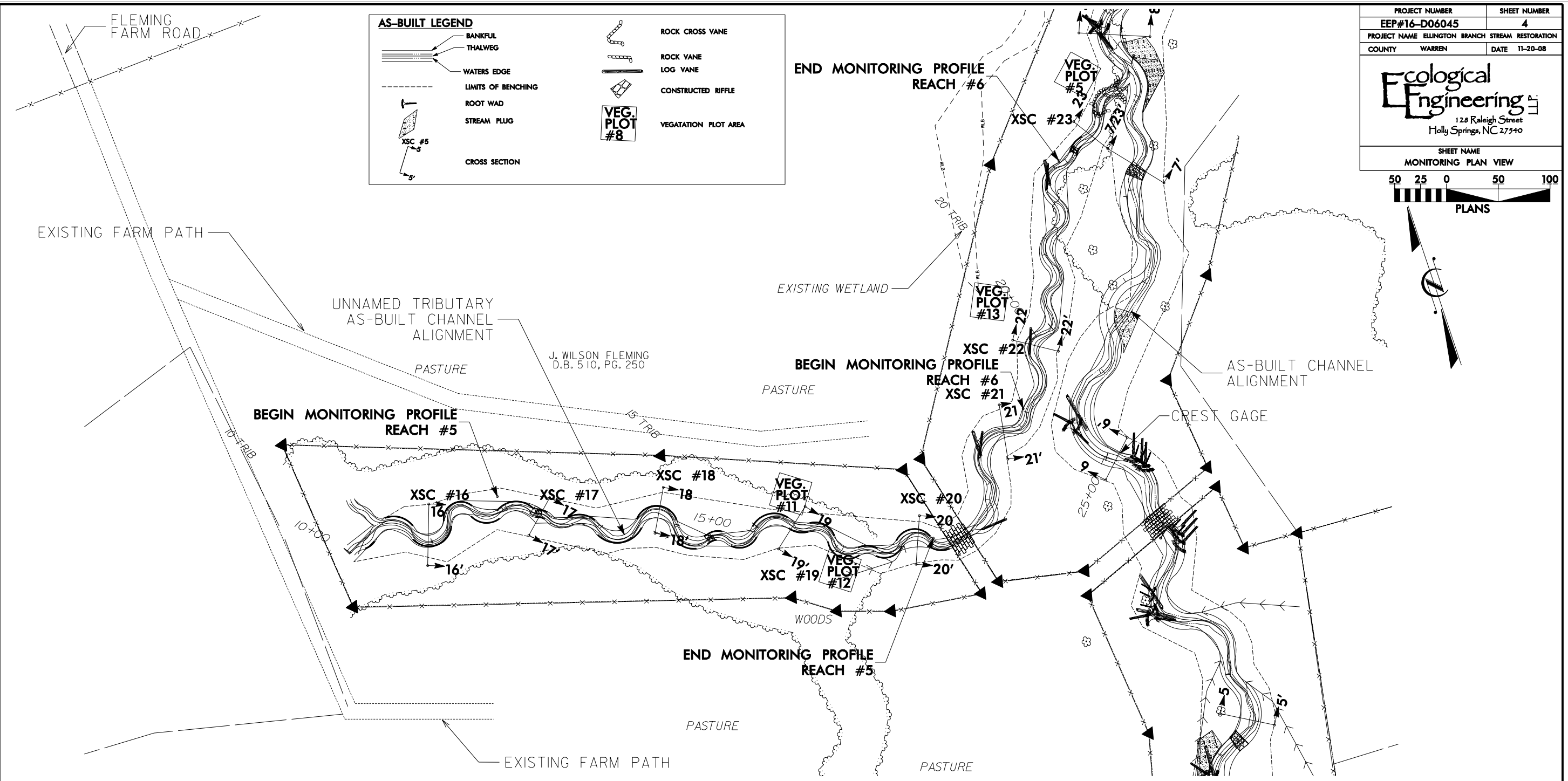
PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	4
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	11-20-08

Ecological Engineering	
128 Raleigh Street	
Holly Springs, NC 27540	

SHEET NAME	
MONITORING PLAN VIEW	



AS-BUILT LEGEND	
	BANKFUL
	THALWEG
	WATERS EDGE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING
	ROOT WAD
	STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION
	ROCK CROSS VANE
	ROCK VANE
	LOG VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	VEG. PLOT #8
	VEGETATION PLOT AREA



SECTION VI. PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS

A. Vegetation Assessment

1. Soil Data

Based on available mapping for Warren County (NRCS, 2006), Wedowee soils underlie the entire easement area associated with the Project Site. These soils range in slope from five to 25 percent, depending on their position in the landscape. The Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS) is currently in the process of remapping the county and this data was assembled based on mapping provided by the County Soil Scientist. This mapping is not yet available in a published format.

Wedowee soils are classified by the NRCS as clayey, kaolinitic, thermic Typic hapludults. These soils are deep, well drained, moderately permeable soils that formed in residuum from weathered acid crystalline rock of the Piedmont plateau. They occur on narrow sides of ridges with slopes ranging from 8 to 40 percent (Hicks, 1980). The typical pedon, taken approximately eight miles south of the project in Vance County, exhibits an O, Ap, Bt and C horizon. The O horizon varies up to nearly 2 inches in depth and consists primarily of organic material. The Ap horizon is approximately 7 inches in depth and consists of brown, sandy loam. The clayey Bt horizon is 10 to 24 inches in thickness. It is colored yellowish red and is made up of sandy clay. A B3 horizon exists, which is similar in color to the Bt horizon. Its texture is sandy clay loam, clay loam or loam. The C horizon is yellowish red, reddish yellow, pale brown or red saprolite that crushes to sandy loam or sandy clay loam (Hicks, 1980). Exhibit Table V depicts preliminary soil data.

Exhibit Table V. Preliminary Soil Data					
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)					
Series	Max Depth (in.)	% Clay on Surface	K	T	OM %
Wedowee sandy loam	72	0	0.24	2	0.5-1.5

2. Vegetative Problem Areas

Vegetative problem areas are defined as those areas either lacking vegetation or containing exotic vegetation and are generally categorized within the following categories: Bare Bank, Bare Bench, Bare Floodplain or Invasive Population. Based on the monitoring site assessment, no significant vegetation problem areas currently exist within the Project Site. There are however, isolated occurrences of invasive species. The occurrences consist mainly of scattered individuals, including fescue (*Festuca* sp.), Japanese grass (*Microstegium virmineum*), cattail (*Typha latifolia*) and Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*). These areas are shown on the drawing entitled Problem Areas Plan View. Exhibit Table VI summarizes the observations for 2010. No other features or issues were identified during the surveys.

Fescue was initially observed during the winter months of 2009 and early spring months of 2010 along several fence lines separating the Project Site from the adjacent pasture areas. Its establishment is the likely result of wind and down-slope dispersal from the adjacent pastures. Ecological Engineering conducted spot-treatments with herbicide during March 2010. Although the treatments were successful at the time, site investigations using July revealed that fescue was still present in those areas. Spot treatments will again be conducted during the dormancy season to reduce the spread of fescue. It is anticipated that the overall growth and establishment of fescue will be diminished once there is ample shade within the easement area.

Japanese grass is present along the upstream portion of the UT, specifically in the vicinities of Cross Section #16 (Station Number 11+00). It has become established within the area either as a result from wind dispersal, bird

dispersal or via soil disturbance. Additional shading will help to minimize the spread of this species. This area has not increased in size and will continue to be monitored throughout the remainder of the monitoring period. Spot treatment with herbicide will be performed as necessary.

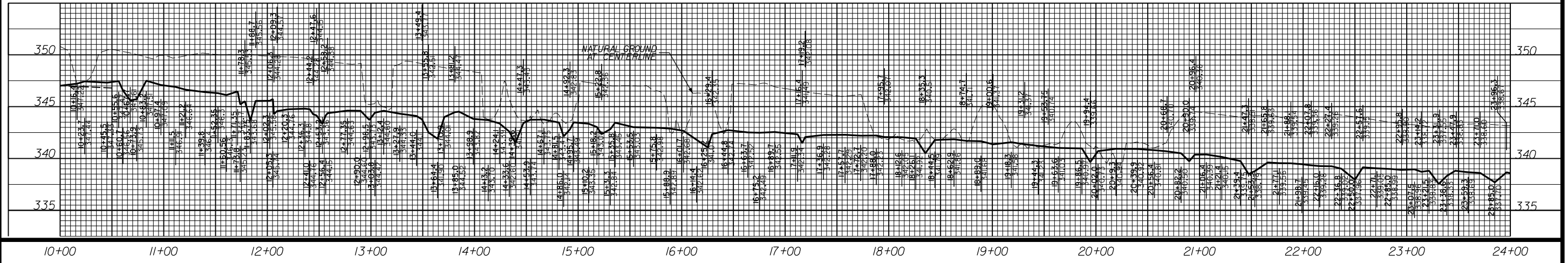
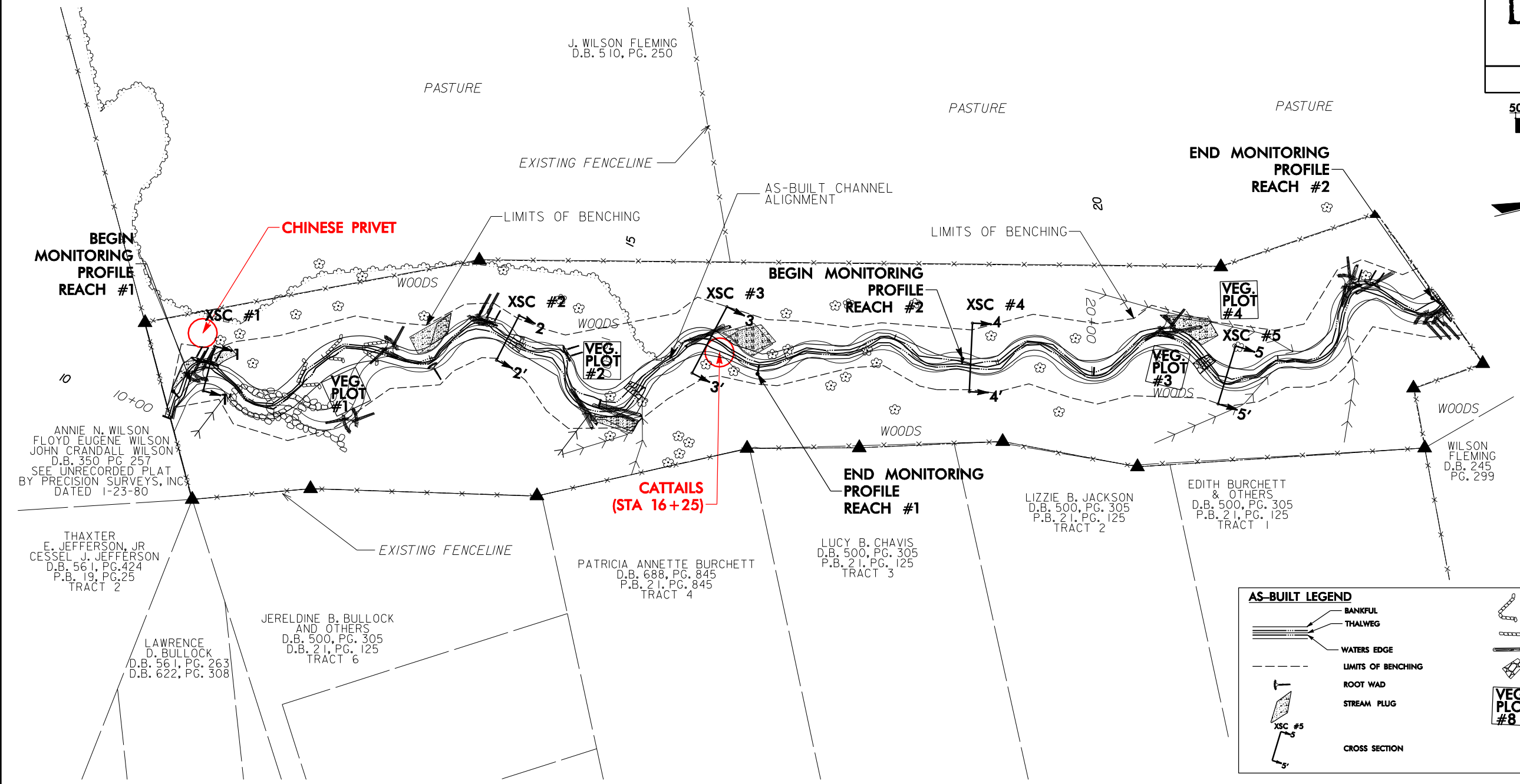
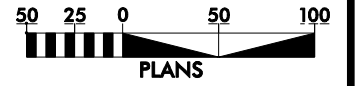
Cattails were observed in eight separate locales within the Project Site, specifically Station Numbers 16+25, 30+00, 31+75, 36+50, 44+25 and 46+25 along Ellington Branch and Station Numbers 16+00 and 20+00 along the UT. The occurrences were all scattered and individual counts were minimal. It is apparent that the establishment of cattails is a result of wind and/or bird dispersal. No other cattails were observed on the property. Low water levels and limited floodflows during 2008 and 2009 have allowed this species to become established. These areas will continue to be closely monitored throughout the 2010 growing season. Spot treatments with an aquatic herbicide will be performed during late 2010, as necessary.

Chinese privet was observed in limited numbers throughout the project area. A notable increase in individuals was noted between the 2008 and 2009 growing seasons. The majority of the individuals were spot treated during late April 2009. This treatment including lopping each stem and painting it with a concentrated systemic herbicide. Ecological Engineering will continue to monitor this species and will continue to perform spot treatments with herbicide as necessary.


Exhibit Table VI. Vegetative Problem Areas Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)			
Feature/Issue	Station #/ Range	Probable Cause	Photo #
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Floodplain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	See Problem Area Plan View Drawing	Fescue: Surrounding seed sources	47, 48 & 49
	See Problem Area Plan View Drawing	Microstegium: upstream and surrounding seed sources	32
	See Problem Area Plan View Drawing	Cattails: Surrounding seed sources	17, 18, 21, 22, 27, 28, 50, 51 & 52
	See Problem Area Plan View Drawing	Chinese Privet: Upstream and surrounding seed sources	50

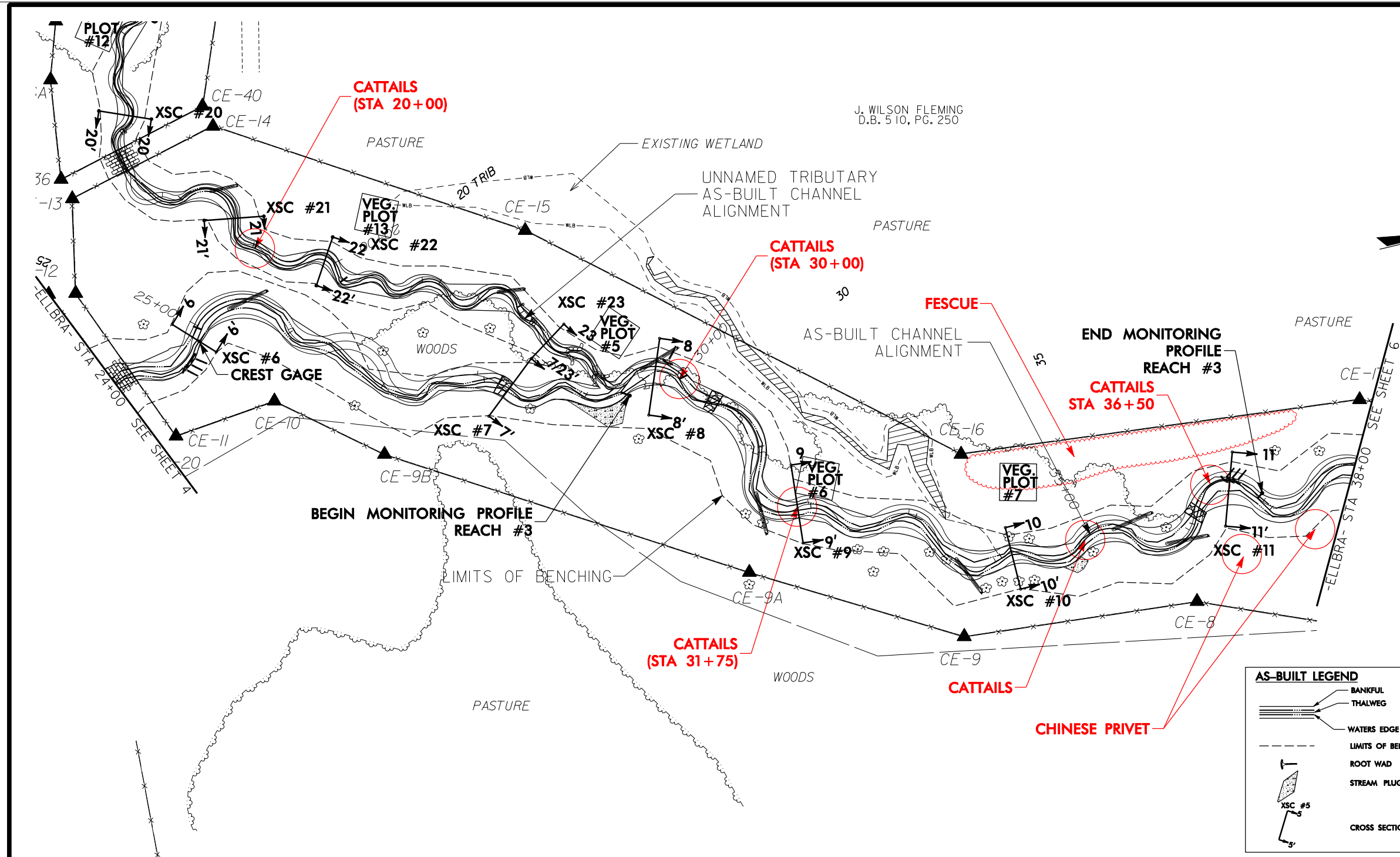
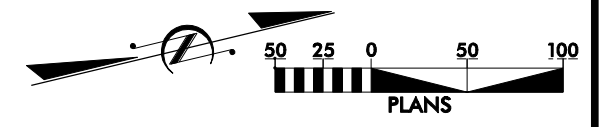
3. Vegetative Problem Areas Plan View

The following plan view drawings depict the locations of the potential vegetative problem areas at the Project Site.

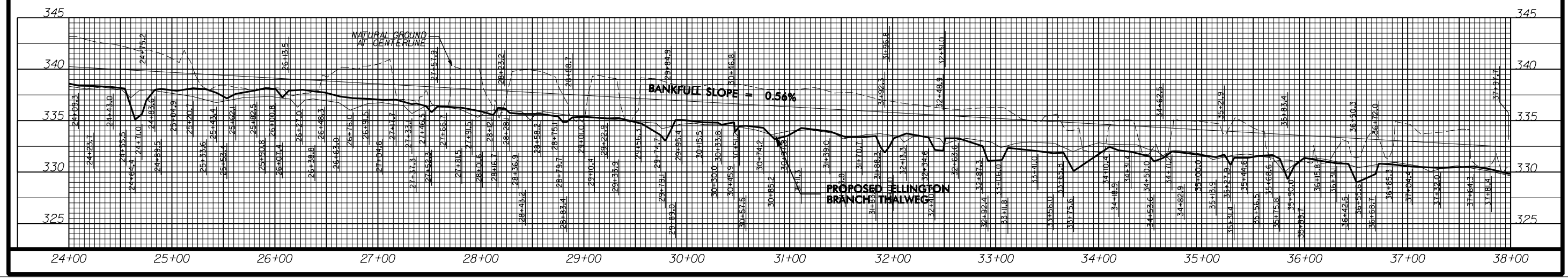


PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	2
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	6/28/10

	
128 Raleigh Street Holly Springs, NC 27540	
SHEET NAME	
PROBLEM AREAS PLAN VIEW	



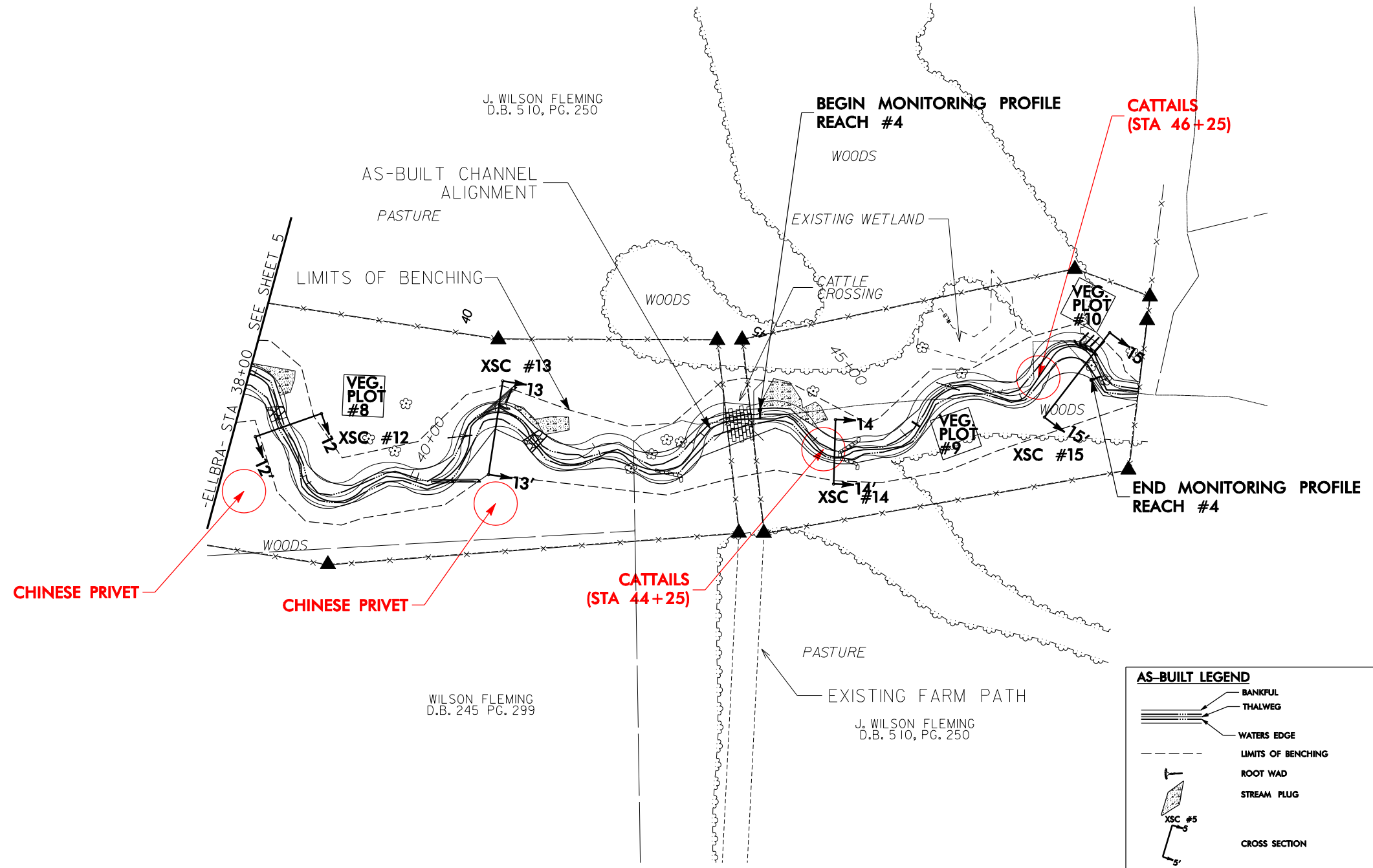
AS-BUILT LEGEND	
	BANKFUL THALWEG
	WATERS EDGE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING
	ROOT WAD
	STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION
	ROCK CROSS VANE
	ROCK VANE
	LOG VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	VEGETATION PLOT AREA



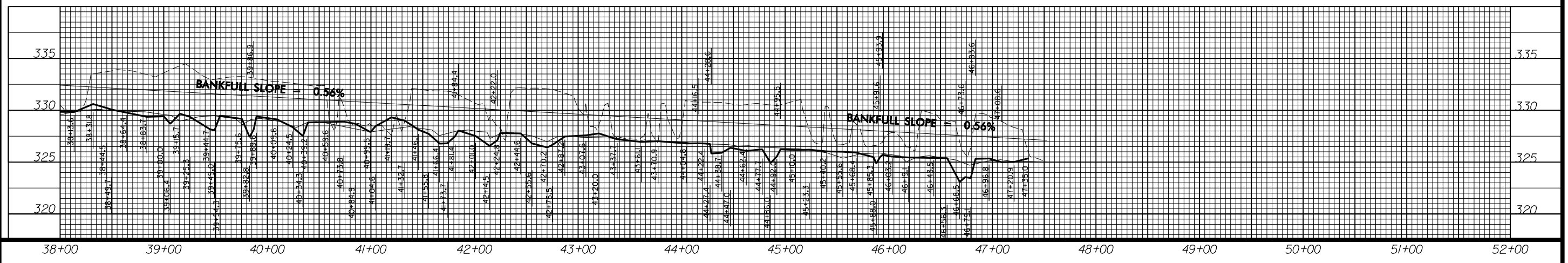
PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	3
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	6/28/10

Ecological Engineering
128 Raleigh Street
Holly Springs, NC 27540

SHEET NAME
PROBLEM AREAS PLAN VIEW



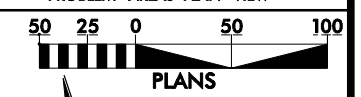
AS-BUILT LEGEND	
	BANKFUL
	THALWEG
	WATERS EDGE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING
	ROOT WAD
	STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION
	ROCK CROSS VANE
	ROCK VANE
	LOG VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	VEGETATION PLOT AREA



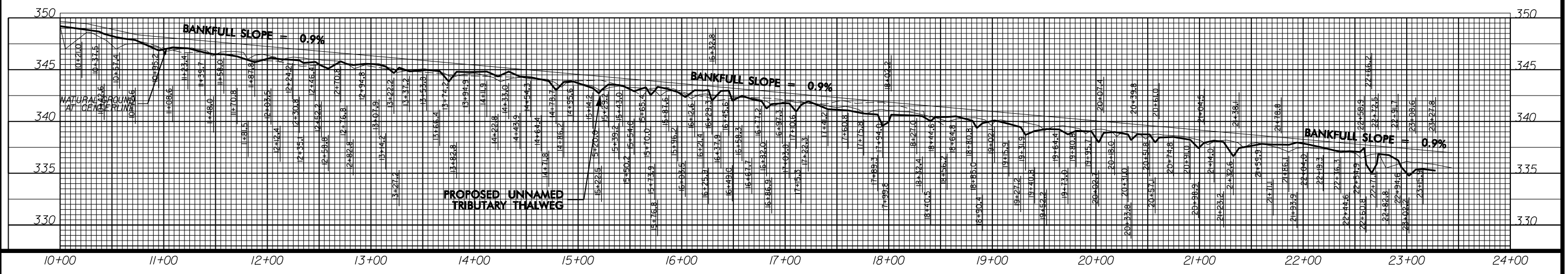
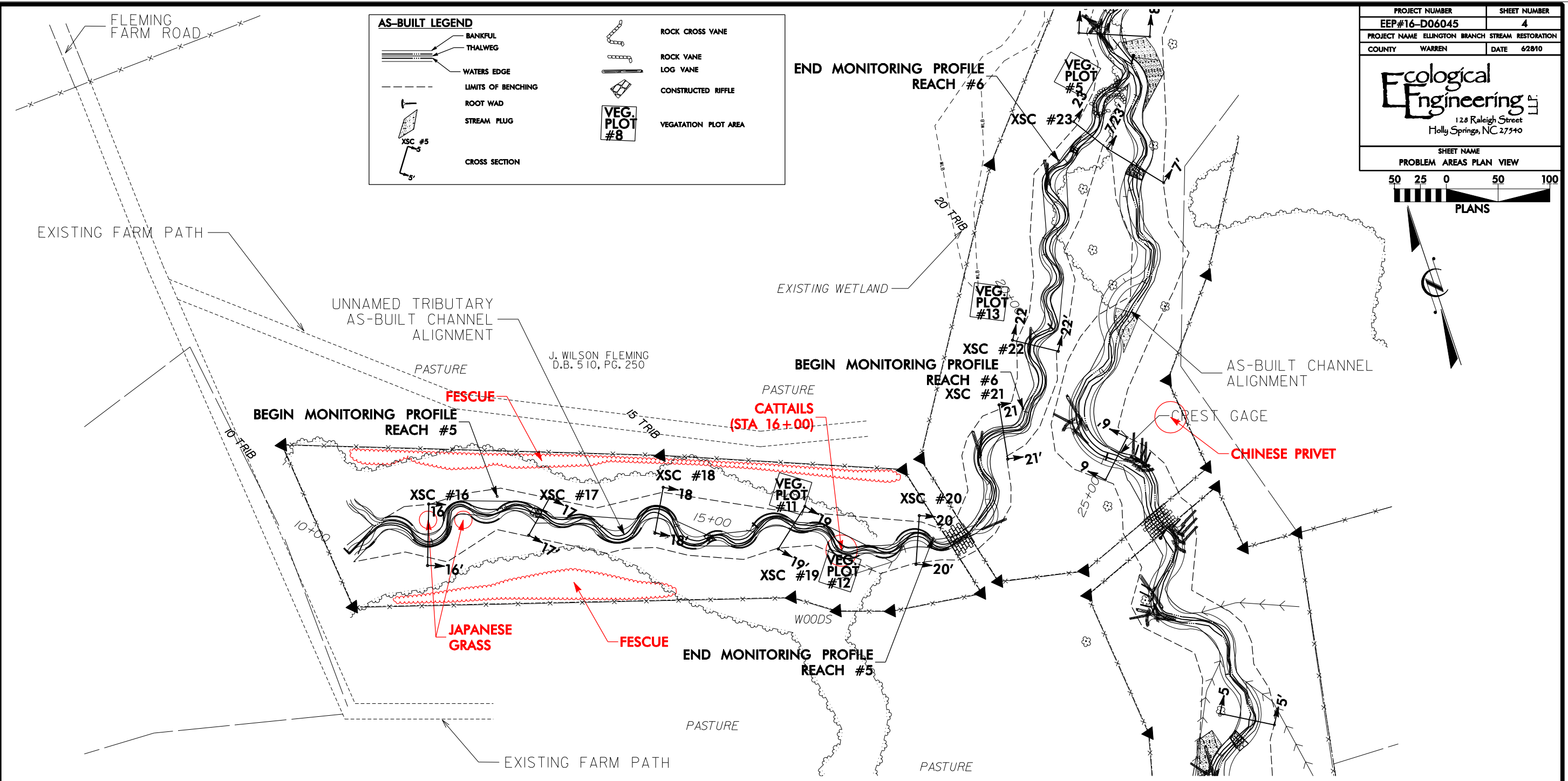
PROJECT NUMBER	SHEET NUMBER
EEP#16-D06045	4
PROJECT NAME	ELLINGTON BRANCH STREAM RESTORATION
COUNTY	WARREN
DATE	6/28/10

Ecological Engineering LLC
 128 Raleigh Street
 Holly Springs, NC 27540

SHEET NAME
PROBLEM AREAS PLAN VIEW



AS-BUILT LEGEND	
	BANKFULL
	THALWEG
	WATERS EDGE
	LIMITS OF BENCHING
	ROOT WAD
	STREAM PLUG
	CROSS SECTION
	ROCK CROSS VANE
	ROCK VANE
	LOG VANE
	CONSTRUCTED RIFFLE
	VEGETATION PLOT AREA



4. Stem Counts

Stem counts were conducted within 13 strategically placed 10 meter-square plots. The plots were located based on a representative sample of the entire area of disturbance. They are scattered throughout the project area in order to cover the majority of the habitat variations. The stem count procedure only applies to planted and transplanted woody vegetation. This vegetation is denoted by bio-degradable flagging, which is replaced every monitoring year.

According to initial planting counts, stem counts within each of the 13 plots ranged from approximately 1,053 to 1,215 individuals per acre. The high number planted was in anticipation of mortality via the continuing drought. Monitoring counts for each plot are presented in Exhibit Table VII. As expected, mortality rates were heavy in the spring and summer months of 2008. These rates have lowered significantly between Year 2 and Year 3 based on normal rainfall amounts and their establishment of individual root systems.

Based on the results of the 2010 vegetation assessment, survivability counts were lower in ten of the 13 plots although well above the requirements set forth for mitigation monitoring. Stem counts ranged from approximately 405 stems per acre in Vegetation Plots 1 and 4 to approximately 1,134 stems per acre in Vegetation Plots 7 and 8. A complete breakdown of this information is provided in Appendix A-1. Photographs of each plot are presented in Appendix A-2.

Exhibit Table VII. Planted Stem Counts For Each Species Arranged By Plot
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

Species	Plots													Initial Totals	Year 1 (2008) Totals	Year 2 (2009) Totals	Year 3 (2010) Totals	Year 4 (2011) Totals	Year 5 (2012) Totals	Survival %*
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13							
<i>Alnus serrulata</i>			1											1	1	1	1			100
<i>Asimina triloba</i>														14	0	0	0			0
<i>Betula nigra</i>	6	7	3	1					23	7	21	13		86	84	82	81			94
<i>Celtis laevigata</i>														11	0	0	0			0
<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	1							1						11	7	7	2			18
<i>Cornus florida</i>														6	0	0	0			0
<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>			1			5	3							24	15	9	5			21
<i>Fraxinus pennsylvanica</i>		2	3				15	23				9		59	56	53	52			88
<i>Nyssa sylvatica</i>														13	1	1	0			0
<i>Oxydendrum arboretum</i>			6				3		2					15	13	13	11			73
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	3	2	4	1			6	3		8				36	32	30	27			75
<i>Quercus alba</i>					5	1						1		11	7	7	7			64
<i>Quercus michauxii</i>		5	1	8	6	15					2		2	51	46	41	39			76
<i>Quercus phellos</i>		2			5		1	1			1	1	11	26	25	22	22			85
<i>Salix nigra</i>			1											1	1	1	1			100

B. Stream Assessment

1. Procedural Items

Morphological criteria, including dimension and profile were assessed using the recommended procedures in the USACE Draft Stream Mitigation Guidelines (2003) document.

Cross sections were established in the vicinity of every 20 bankfull widths along both Ellington Branch and its UT. This resulted in a total of 15 cross sections along Ellington Branch and eight cross sections along its UT. Average distances between each cross section were approximately 250 and 150 linear feet for Ellington Branch and its UT, respectively. The cross sections were concentrated to riffle or pool locations along each channel. The chart below serves as a legend for each cross section. More detailed information is provided throughout the remainder of the report.

Ellington Branch			UT to Ellington Branch		
Cross Section Number	Morphologic Parameter	Station Number	Cross Section Number	Morphologic Parameter	Station Number
1	Pool	10+67	16	Pool	10+95
2	Riffle	13+85	17	Riffle	12+35
3	Pool	16+25	18	Pool	13+75
4	Riffle	18+74	19	Riffle	15+39
5	Pool	21+47	20	Pool	16+82
6	Riffle	25+04	21	Riffle	18+64
7	Riffle	28+23	22	Pool	19+73
8	Pool	29+74	23	Riffle	22+36
9	Pool	31+88			
10	Riffle	34+10			
11	Pool	36+55			
12	Riffle	38+49			
13	Pool	40+99			
14	Riffle	44+22			
15	Pool	46+79			

Restoration activities at the Project Site exceeded 3,000 linear feet. According to USACE (2003), profile surveys are to be conducted on only 3,000 linear feet or 30% of the project total, whichever greater. Ecological Engineering established six total profile segments to be annually reviewed as part of this monitoring assessment. Two of the segments are situated along Ellington Branch upstream of its confluence with the UT, two are downstream and two are along the UT. Lengths vary from approximately 300 to 800 feet in length. A legend is provided for each profile segment in the chart below.

Segment	Length	Location
Profile Reach 1	655 feet	Ellington Branch Stations 10+20 to 16+75 (upstream of confluence with UT)
Profile Reach 2	534 feet	Ellington Branch Stations 18+62 to 23+96 (upstream of confluence with UT)
Profile Reach 3	752 feet	Ellington Branch Stations 29+33 to 36+85 (downstream of confluence with UT)
Profile Reach 4	347 feet	Ellington Branch Stations 43+49 to 46+96 (downstream of confluence with UT)
Profile Reach 5	494 feet	UT to Ellington Branch Stations 12+03 to 16+97
Profile Reach 6	291 feet	UT to Ellington Branch Stations 19+02 to 21+93

2. Hydrologic Criteria

Bankfull events during the monitoring period are being documented via a crest gage. In order to meet hydrologic success criteria, a minimum of two events must occur during the five-year monitoring period. In addition, the events must occur in separate monitoring years. A crest gage was installed along Ellington Branch at Cross Section #6 immediately after construction was completed in June 2007. The gage was visited monthly during the period leading up to the submittal this document. Based on our findings, one bankfull event has occurred to-date during 2010. Specific information regarding this and past events is depicted in Exhibit Table VIII. In addition, precipitation data from two nearby weather stations is presented in Appendix B.

Since bankfull events were recorded during both 2008 and 2009, the hydrologic requirements associated with mitigation have been fulfilled at the Project Site. Ecological Engineering will however, continue to monitor the hydrology throughout the subsequent monitoring years in order to provide a quantitative data comparison.

Exhibit Table VIII. Verification of Bankfull Events Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)					
Date of Data Collection	Date(s) of Occurrence	Method	Calculated Bankfull Elevation	Measured High Water Elevation	Photo # (if available)
9/9/08	9/5/08 – 9/6/08	Crest gage	13 inches	17 inches	Not available
1/8/09	1/6/09 – 1/9/09	Crest gage	13 inches	17 inches	Not available
3/11/09	3/1/09 – 3/2/09	Crest gage	13 inches	20 inches	Not available
9/22/09	9/7/09 - 9/8/09	Crest gage	13 inches	14 inches	Not available
11/20/09	11/11/09 - 11/14/09	Crest gage	13 inches	24 inches	Not available
3/19/10	2/5/10 - 2/6/10	Crest gage	13 inches	16 inches	Not available

3. Bank Stability Assessments

Bank Erosion Hazard Index (BEHI) and Near Bank Shear Stress (NBS) analyses were performed as part of the Year 3 monitoring assessment. The results were compared to pre-construction estimates. Based on this comparison, sediment exports rates at the Project Site have been significantly reduced as a result of restoration activities. These rates and estimates are based on the proportion of bank footage in the various hazard categories contributing or producing sediment export rates in tonnage per annum. The data comparison is provided in Table IX. The data will be evaluated again during the Year 5 monitoring assessment.

Based on the sediment export comparisons in Table IX, restoration activities have been successful to date at the Project Site. The full scale stream restoration (dimension, pattern and profile) have resulted in lowering sediment export rates by approximately 98.5 percent on Ellington Branch and approximately 99 percent on its UT. As a result, the project has met its intended goals, which include restoration of primary stream and buffer functions and values.

Exhibit Table IX. BEHI and Sediment Export Estimates															
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)															
Time Point	Segment/Reach*	LF*	Extreme		Very High		High		Moderate		Low		Very Low		Sediment Export
			ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	
Pre-const.	EB – u/s of conf.	1500					1500	37							44.9
Pre-const.	EB – u/s of conf.	2550			2550	63									682.8
Total for Ellington Branch															727.7
Pre-const.	UT of Ellington Branch	853	853	100											217.8
Total for the Unnamed Tributary of Ellington Branch															217.8
Time Point	Segment/Reach	LF	Extreme		Very High		High		Moderate		Low		Very Low		Sediment Export
			ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	
Year 3 (2010)	EB – d/s of conf.	1500					75	2			1425	35			3.48
Year 3 (2010)	EB – d/s of conf.	2550										63			5.92
Total for Ellington Branch															9.40
Year 3 (2010)	UT of Ellington Branch	853									853	100			1.98
Total for the Unnamed Tributary of Ellington Branch															1.98
Time Point	Segment/Reach	LF	Extreme		Very High		High		Moderate		Low		Very Low		Sediment Export
			ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	ft	%	
Year 5 (2012)	EB – u/s of conf.	1500													N/A
Year 5 (2012)	EB – d/s of conf.	2550													N/A
Total for Ellington Branch															N/A
Year 5 (2012)	UT of Ellington Branch	853													N/A
Total for the Unnamed Tributary of Ellington Branch															N/A

Key: Segment/Reach EB - u/s of conf. = Ellington Branch upstream of its confluence with the UT
EB - d/s of conf. = Ellington Branch downstream of its confluence with the UT
LF = linear feet

4. Stream Problem Areas

No significant changes to the dimension, pattern, profile or bed material along either channel were observed. Location surveys of the constructed features were conducted to verify the performance of the two stream channels. Both Ellington Branch and its UT are stable. All of the structures are functioning as designed and bank erosion is non-existent. Lack of flow and lack of ongoing scouring events during 2008 and 2009 have contributed to dense vegetation establishment within both stream channels and their adjacent streambanks. Currently, these conditions have contributed to the overall success of the project; however, they may actually become a future deterrent for sediment transport. Ecological Engineering will continue to monitor this situation.

Based on the cross-section surveys, longitudinal profile surveys and visual observations, the channel dimensions and profiles have remained stable. Minor adjustments were noted, mainly with regard to the longitudinal profiles. These adjustments are evident on the profiles referenced as part of Appendix C; however, overall morphology has remained consistent and features are easily distinguished. Exhibit Table X is provided for future problem area identification and descriptions, if necessary. No data is currently available for insertion into the table. More overall information regarding issues with either of the stream channels is presented in the following sections. The Table in Appendix C-1 provides information pertaining to the visual assessment. This information is also summarized in Section VI.B.6.

Exhibit Table X. Stream Problem Areas			
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)			
Feature Issue	Station Numbers	Suspected Cause	Photo Number
N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Evidence of beaver (*Castor canadensis*) was observed during June and July 2009 along the extreme lower portion of Ellington Branch. This evidence included a small dam in the vicinity of Station 47+20. Ecological Engineering and Sungate coordinated with Mr. Anthony Steed, US Department of Agriculture Wildlife Services, to remove the beavers from the project area. Mr. Steed was able to successfully remove the beavers in their entirety in early August 2009. No visual damage, other than the ponding of water was noted as a result of the dam, located immediately downstream of Reach Profile #4. No evidence of beaver was observed during the 2010 monitoring assessment.

During the winter months of 2009, the standpipe associated with the irrigation pond immediately upstream of the easement area associated with the UT became clogged with an unknown substance. As a result, excess water draining from the pond utilized the auxiliary or emergency spillway situated along the southeastern corner of the dam. In November 2009, the site received between four and five inches of rain during one storm event. The resulting flows were forced into and outside of the auxiliary spillway. The majority of these flows were scattered along and through the adjacent pasture, immediately south of the easement area. A portion of the flows however, did enter the easement area in the vicinity of Cross Section #16. While the side slopes remained stable, a scour hole was created adjacent to the channel in the vicinity of a natural spring. The result was an expanded hole approximately two feet deep. The property owner installed a new pipe into the existing dam during the month of April 2010. This pipe currently facilitates proper drainage from the pond. The expanded scour hole was closely inspected during the 2010 monitoring assessment. It is stable as well as its surrounding side slopes. No additional work or studies are warranted at the current time. Pictures of this area are provided in Appendix C-2.

5. Fixed Station Photographs

Photographic documentation was taken at each of the 23 cross sections. This documentation included views across the actual cross section and views facing downstream. The photographs are provided in Appendix C-2 in sequential order. In addition, annual photographic comparisons have been provided.

6. Visual Stability Assessment

Exhibit Table XI provides a semi-qualitative summary of results from the visual inspection conducted over each of the three reaches. It provides a simple performance percentage depicting the state of stability as a proportion of the total amount of the morphological feature category. Based on the overall results and comparison with the as-built surveys, morphological adjustments did occur along all six monitoring segments. These adjustment can be attributed to the “normal” precipitation amounts received over the fall and winter of 2009, as well as the spring and early summer of 2010. Vegetation along the channels was removed and/or displaced as a result of these flows. This resulted in much needed sediment transport and scour along areas of streambed. Morphological features were maintained for the most part, with the creation and/or transformation of several features. The streambed, streambanks and associated bankfull benches appeared stable throughout the entire reach of both streams. Visual evidences of instability were non-existent since the majority of both channels remain well vegetated. Based on the assessment and interpreted data along all three reaches, the project is stable.

Exhibit Table XI. Categorical Stream Feature Visual Stability Assessment						
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)						
Reach 1 – Ellington Branch Upstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary (Profile Reaches 1 and 2)						
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Pools	100%	95%	95%	95%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	99%	99%	99%		
Vanes	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Rootwads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Reach 2 – Ellington Branch Downstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary (Profile Reaches 3 and 4)						
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	96%	96%	95%		
Vanes	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Rootwads and Boulders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Reach 3 – Unnamed Tributary (Profile Reaches 5 and 6)						
Feature	Initial	MY-01	MY-02	MY-03	MY-04	MY-05
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	95%		
Pools	100%	90%	85%	90%		
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%		
Bed General	100%	97%	97%	98%		
Vanes						
Rootwads and Boulders						

7. Stream Qualitative Measures

Qualitative summary data including cross-sectional survey, longitudinal profile survey and pebble count information is provided in Exhibit Tables XII and XIII. The associated raw data and plots are provided in Appendices C-3, C-4 and C-5.

Bankfull differences were noted during this monitoring assessment. As previously discussed, a record drought during the spring and summer months of 2008 effected this and many surrounding areas. Ellington Branch and its UT did not have much opportunity for adjustment. Lack of normal channel flows allowed for an influx of wetland vegetation throughout both of these channels. The early months of 2009 witnessed more normal rain events and precipitation amounts. As a result, the two channels were able to continue the adjustment process, normally occurring during the first year after construction implementation. The summer of 2009 however, was dry with lower than average precipitation amounts occurring in this area. Nearby irrigation activities further depleted normal channel flows and current conditions appeared similar to those observed during 2008. The fall and winter months of 2009 and early months of 2010 have exhibited more normal rainfall events. A large bankfull event in November 2009 allowed for additional channel adjustment. The most recent visual assessment of the cross sections revealed little to no instability or scour, although survey data noted minor changes with the bankfull widths at several cross sections. These observations were most evident at Cross Sections 10 and 21. Cross Section 10 exhibited an increase in width of approximately two feet while the width at Cross Section 21 decreased nearly five feet. These changes can be attributed to differences in vegetation density, survey rod placement, lack of flow and normal channel adjustment processes. Bankfull elevations were based on visual observations, which differed from previous years. Bankfull areas however, have remained consistent.

In addition, differences in the longitudinal profiles were also noted along the monitored reaches. The most obvious was an approximately six-inch drop in elevation along Profile Reach 2 between Stations 22+50 and 23+60. The down cutting likely occurred during the bankfull events recorded between the Year 2 and Year 3 surveys and resulted from the removal of excess vegetation within active channel. The area has been under drought conditions since project implementation in 2008. Herbaceous and aquatic vegetation had become established throughout the active channel. Rain events during the winter of 2009 and spring of 2010 have been responsible for “flushing” some of this vegetation from within the active channel. It is likely under normal conditions that vegetation is restricted primarily to the adjacent banks and areas of slow moving water. The channel was stable along Reach 2 and based on the visual assessment, in-stream vegetation was limited which confirms this assumption. Ecological Engineering will continue to monitor this profile to ensure that it does not become unstable.

Exhibit Table XII. Baseline Morphology and Hydraulic Summary
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)
Reach 1 – Ellington Branch Upstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition			Project Reference Stream – UT Ellington			Project Reference Stream – Hawtree Creek			Design			As-Built		
	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.
Dimension															
BF Width (ft)	7.4	11.5	9.5	4.1	4.1	4.1	7.7	9.3	8.9			14.5	10.1	13.4	11.8
Floodprone Width (ft)	10.5	18.6	14.6	6.5	7.9	7.2	15.8	32.5	24.2			>50.0	33.0	50.0	42.0
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	10.2	10.2	10.2	2.5	2.6	2.6	9.7	9.8	9.8			18.3	7.0	12.1	10.0
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.9	1.4	1.1	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.1			1.3	0.6	1.0	0.9
BF Max. Depth (ft)	1.7	1.8	1.7	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.7			1.8	1.1	1.6	1.3
Width/Depth Ratio	5.4	12.9	8.6	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.1	10.3	8.1			11.2	11.6	20.2	13.9
Entrenchment Ratio	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8	3.7	2.7			>3.0	2.8	4.2	3.6
Wetted Perimeter (ft)			12.9			5.3			11.5			17.1	9.3	13.8	11.4
Hydraulic Radius (ft)			1.4			0.5			0.9			1.1	0.7	0.9	0.8
Pattern															
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	19.9	90.5	42.1			19.1	15.5	39.1	28.8	23.7	74.0	41.8	33.5	92.0	62.0
Radius of Curvature. (ft)	8.4	70.0	26.0	1.4	7.2	3.4	4.0	10.6	7.6	24.0	50.0	30.8	18.0	47.0	30.8
Meander Wavelength (ft)	21.3	87.8	41.3	2.5	10.4	5.1	10.2	23.2	15.2	68.7	164.2	104.5	74.0	150.0	102.5
Meander Width Ratio	2.1	9.5	4.4			4.7	1.8	4.4	3.3	1.6	5.1	2.9	2.8	7.8	5.3
Profile															
Riffle Length (ft)	5.3	45.8	25.5	1.6	12.2	6.3	3.1	10.6	6.1			10.0			10.0
Riffle Slope (ft)	0.007	0.049	0.022	0.009	0.088	0.035	0.011	0.018	0.014			0.015	0.012	0.039	0.028
Pool Length (ft)	11.6	85.7	25.4			3.9	4.9	27.9	15.0	13.0	45.0	26.4	13.1	39.1	23.6
Pool Spacing (ft)	33.4	823.7	111.3			22.6	20.9	56.3	34.6	34.0	125.0	60.1	36.8	119.1	81.7
Substrate															
d50 (mm)			1.2			1.8			0.3			1.2			0.2
d84 (mm)			10.2			10.2			10.9			10.2			0.8
Additional Reach Parameters															
Valley Length (ft)			1119			33			156			1586			1586
Channel Length (ft)			1560			50			258			1943			1934
Sinuosity			1.4			1.5			1.7			1.3			1.2
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)			0.004			0.013			0.007			0.006			0.006
BF Slope (ft/ft)			0.004			0.013			0.007			0.006			0.006
Rosgen Classification			G5			B4c			E5			C5			C5

Exhibit Table XII Continued. Baseline Morphology and Hydraulic Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)
Reach 2 – Ellington Branch Downstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition			Project Reference Stream – UT Ellington			Project Reference Stream – Hawtree Creek			Design			As-Built		
	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.
Dimension															
BF Width (ft)	9.2	11.9	10.6	4.1	4.1	4.1	7.7	9.3	8.9			15.5	11.6	16.6	14.9
Floodprone Width (ft)	27.7	193.0	110.3	6.5	7.9	7.2	15.8	32.5	24.2			>50.0	40.0	58.0	47.7
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	12.4	13.8	13.1	2.5	2.6	2.6	9.7	9.8	9.8			21.6	11.6	16.6	14.3
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.0	1.5	1.2	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.1			1.4	0.8	1.2	1.0
BF Max. Depth (ft)	2.1	2.2	2.2	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.7			2.0	1.6	1.9	1.7
Width/Depth Ratio	6.1	11.4	8.5	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.1	10.3	8.1			11.1	10.6	20.1	15.5
Entrenchment Ratio	2.3	20.8	10.4	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8	3.7	2.7			>3.2	2.7	3.9	3.2
Wetted Perimeter (ft)			16.64			5.3			11.5			18.3	13.0	15.5	14.6
Hydraulic Radius (ft)			1.3			0.5			0.9			1.2	0.8	1.1	0.93
Pattern															
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	22.5	64.0	37.5			19.1	15.5	39.1	28.8	20.7	71.1	47.3	51.0	122.0	75.8
Radius of Curvature. (ft)	7.7	67.6	23.3	1.4	7.2	3.4	4.0	10.6	7.6	24.0	47.8	30.1	22.0	66.0	33.4
Meander Wavelength (ft)	14.0	90.2	34.9	2.5	10.4	5.1	10.2	23.2	15.2	70.5	151.9	110.0	83.8	168.0	111.4
Meander Width Ratio	2.1	6.0	3.5			4.7	1.8	4.4	3.3	1.3	4.6	3.1	3.4	8.2	5.1
Profile															
Riffle Length (ft)	4.5	47.9	25.5	1.6	12.2	6.3	3.1	10.6	6.1			10.0	10.0	10.0	10.0
Riffle Slope (ft)	0.007	0.052	0.022	0.009	0.088	0.035	0.011	0.018	0.014			0.015	0.016	0.035	0.024
Pool Length (ft)	11.6	85.7	25.4			3.9	4.9	27.9	15.0	9.0	50.0	23.1	14.3	32.2	24.1
Pool Spacing (ft)	33.4	823.7	111.3			22.6	20.9	56.3	34.6	40.0	103.0	72.9	38.3	147.4	75.6
Substrate															
d50 (mm)			0.41			1.8			0.3			0.4			0.2
d84 (mm)			4.0			10.2			10.9			10.0			4.5
Additional Reach Parameters															
Valley Length (ft)			1846			33			156			1370			1370
Channel Length (ft)			2476			50			258			1810			1801
Sinuosity			1.3			1.5			1.7			1.3			1.3
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)			0.006			0.013			0.007			0.006			0.006
BF Slope (ft/ft)			0.006			0.013			0.007			0.006			0.006
Rosgen Classification			E5			B4c			E5			C5			C5

Exhibit Table XII. Baseline Morphology and Hydraulic Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)
Reach 3 – Unnamed Tributary to Ellington Branch

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition			Project Reference Stream – UT Ellington			Project Reference Stream – Hawtree Creek			Design			As-Built		
	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.	Min.	Max.	Med.
Dimension															
BF Width (ft)	8.3	14.5	11.4	4.1	4.1	4.1	7.7	9.3	8.9			8.0	6.9	9.3	7.7
Floodprone Width (ft)	15.8	34.0	24.9	6.5	7.9	7.2	15.8	32.5	24.2			>30.0	22.0	29.0	27.0
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	4.7	6.4	5.6	2.5	2.6	2.6	9.7	9.8	9.8			4.5	4.1	6.0	4.9
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.6	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	1.0	1.3	1.1			0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7
BF Max. Depth (ft)	0.7	1.1	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5	1.8	1.7			0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0
Width/Depth Ratio	14.7	32.9	23.8	6.5	6.7	6.6	6.1	10.3	8.1			13.3	10.5	14.4	11.8
Entrenchment Ratio	1.4	3.0	2.2	1.6	1.9	1.8	1.8	3.7	2.7			>3.7	2.9	3.8	3.5
Wetted Perimeter (ft)			12.4			5.3			11.5			9.2	6.5	8.4	7.6
Hydraulic Radius (ft)			0.5			0.5			0.9			0.5	0.4	0.6	0.53
Pattern															
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	19.8	67.0	40.0			19.1	15.5	39.1	28.8	11.4	42.5	23.3	36.7	60.0	47.7
Radius of Curvature (ft)	11.1	58.4	33.5	1.4	7.2	3.4	4.0	10.6	7.6	13.0	25.0	17.3	13.3	28.3	18.2
Meander Wavelength (ft)	23.7	87.0	44.1	2.5	10.4	5.1	10.2	23.2	15.2	29.7	97.8	61.7	44.0	95.0	56.0
Meander Width Ratio	1.7	5.9	3.5			4.7	1.8	4.4	3.3	1.4	5.3	2.9	4.8	7.8	6.2
Profile															
Riffle Length (ft)	13.8	58.0	27.4	1.6	12.2	6.3	3.1	10.6	6.1			5.0	5.0	5.0	5.0
Riffle Slope (ft)	0.005	0.029	0.019	0.009	0.088	0.035	0.011	0.018	0.014			0.02	0.012	0.039	0.025
Pool Length (ft)			17.2			3.9	4.9	27.9	15.0	10.0	21.0	14.0	9.2	36.0	15.7
Pool Spacing (ft)						22.6	20.9	56.3	34.6	27.0	89.0	51.0	19.7	86.3	44.2
Substrate															
d50 (mm)			0.4			1.8			0.3			0.4			0.3
d84 (mm)			11.8			10.2			10.9			11.8			0.6
Additional Reach Parameters															
Valley Length (ft)			702			33			156			1074			1074
Channel Length (ft)			854			50			258			1343			1328
Sinuosity			1.2			1.5			1.7			1.3			1.3
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)			0.008			0.013			0.007			0.009			0.008
BF Slope (ft/ft)			0.008			0.013			0.007			0.009			0.008
Rosgen Classification			C5			B4c			E5			C5			C5

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

	Cross Section 1 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 2 Riffle (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 3 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 4 Riffle (Ellington Branch)				
Dimension	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
BF Width (ft)	12.9	12.7	7.5			8.9	7.0	7.6			15.5	14.1	10.8			10.0	11.7	11.8		
Floodprone Width (ft)						33.0	30.8	34.6								50.0	52.1	51		
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	21.6	13.6	18.2			6.4	5.2	5.3			24.9	22.5	19.6			7.7	9.6	9.4		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.7	1.1	2.4			0.7	0.7	0.7			1.6	1.6	1.8			0.8	0.8	0.8		
BF Max. Depth (ft)	3.3	2.4	4.2			1.0	1.2	1.7			3.2	3.1	3.0			1.2	1.5	1.6		
Width/Depth Ratio						12.7	10.0	10.9								12.5	14.6	14.7		
Entrenchment Ratio						3.7	4.4	4.6								5.0	4.5	4.3		
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	15.8	15.0	12.6			9.3	7.5	8.7			16.9	15.6	12.6			10.4	12.1	12.4		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.4	0.9	1.4			0.7	0.7	0.6			1.5	1.4	1.6			0.7	0.8	0.8		
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.2	0.2	0.2			0.3	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.2	0.3		
d84 (mm)	0.3	0.3	0.3			3.6	0.8	1.0			1.2	3.0	1.0			0.7	0.6	0.7		
	Cross Section 5 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 6 Riffle (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 7 Riffle (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 8 Pool (Ellington Branch)				
Dimension	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
BF Width (ft)	22.2	22.1	17.1			11.6	11.5	11.8			13.4	13.2	14.4			16.6	18.1	17.7		
Floodprone Width (ft)						38.0	36.2	36.7			46.0	48.5	54.5							
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	18.0	18.7	19.5			11.0	11.5	10.8			12.6	11.1	13.8			19.3	22.1	23.5		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.8	1.1			0.9	0.9	0.9			0.9	0.8	1.0			1.2	1.2	1.3		
BF Max. Depth (ft)	2.3	2.4	2.9			1.4	1.3	1.5			1.5	1.5	1.9			2.5	2.7	2.8		
Width/Depth Ratio						12.9	12.8	13.0			14.9	16.5	15.2							
Entrenchment Ratio						3.3	3.1	3.1			3.4	3.7	3.8							
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	23.6	23.4	18.8			12.2	12.0	12.4			13.8	13.6	15.2			18.1	19.8	19.4		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.8	0.8	1.0			0.9	0.9	0.9			0.9	0.8	0.9			1.1	1.1	1.2		
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.2	0.1	0.1			0.1	0.2	0.1			2.6	3.5	2.6			0.2	0.1	0.2		
d84 (mm)	0.6	0.2	0.6			0.2	0.3	0.2			6.8	7.8	7.0			0.3	0.3	0.3		

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

Parameter	Cross Section 9 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 10 Riffle (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 11 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 12 Riffle (Ellington Branch)				
	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																				
BF Width (ft)	15.2	13.3	12.9			14.9	14.8	17.1			25.5	21.6	24.7			12.0	11.3	11.9		
Floodprone Width (ft)						45.0	>50	>50								58.0	>60	>60		
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	23.1	21.0	20.6			12.1	11.3	13.0			28.3	21.0	17.3			13.9	12.4	13.8		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.5	1.6	1.6			0.8	0.8	0.8			1.1	1.0	0.7			1.2	1.1	1.2		
BF Max. Depth (ft)	2.8	2.6	2.9			1.7	1.7	1.8			3.2	2.8	2.6			2.0	1.8	2.1		
Width/Depth Ratio						18.2	18.5	22.4								10.0	10.3	10.2		
Entrenchment Ratio						3.0	>3.4	>2.9								4.8	>4.8	>5.0		
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	16.6	14.6	14.3			15.5	15.6	17.7			27.8	24.2	26.5			13.0	11.9	12.7		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.4	1.4	1.4			0.8	0.7	0.7			1.0	0.9	0.7			1.1	1.0	1.1		
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.2	0.2	0.2			0.1	0.3	0.1			0.2	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2	0.4		
d84 (mm)	0.4	0.4	0.4			2.0	0.4	2.0			0.3	0.3	0.4			1.5	0.3	1.0		
Parameter	Cross Section 13 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 14 Riffle (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 15 Pool (Ellington Branch)					Cross Section 16 Pool (Unnamed Tributary)				
	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																				
BF Width (ft)	23.6	23.4	23.1			14.1	12.6	13.2			18.9	21.5	23.1			13.7	17.6	18.4		
Floodprone Width (ft)						40.0	39.0	39.4												
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	26.5	26.9	31.6			13.2	9.5	10.8			27.8	30.1	26.3			11.0	12.8	16.5		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.1	1.1	1.4			0.9	0.8	0.8			1.5	1.4	1.1			0.8	0.7	0.9		
BF Max. Depth (ft)	2.8	3.4	3.6			2.2	1.9	1.9			3.7	3.4	2.6			1.8	1.2	1.8		
Width/Depth Ratio						15.7	15.7	16.0												
Entrenchment Ratio						2.8	3.1	3.0												
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	24.6	25.7	26.1			15.2	13.8	14.1			20.8	23.0	24.3			14.6	17.9	19.2		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.1	1.0	1.2			0.9	0.7	0.8			1.3	1.3	1.1			0.8	0.7	0.9		
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.4	0.2	0.2			0.6	0.5	0.6			0.2	0.2	0.1			0.6	0.2	0.6		
d84 (mm)	1.1	0.5	0.4			1.9	0.8	2.0			0.3	0.2	0.2			1.8	0.3	1.8		

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

Parameter	Cross Section 17 Riffle (Unnamed Tributary)					Cross Section 18 Pool (Unnamed Tributary)					Cross Section 19 Riffle (Unnamed Tributary)					Cross Section 20 Pool (Unnamed Tributary)				
	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																				
BF Width (ft)	6.2	6.7	5.1			9.4	8.2	7.4			6.8	7.9	7.2			9.2	7.9	5.9		
Floodprone Width (ft)	22.0	19.9	15								29.0	27.5	28.3							
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	2.7	3.2	1.2			7.2	6.5	5.3			4.0	3.9	3.8			7.2	6.8	6.6		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.4	0.5	0.2			0.8	0.8	0.7			0.6	0.5	0.5			0.8	0.9	1.1		
BF Max. Depth (ft)	0.8	0.8	0.5			1.8	1.6	1.4			0.8	0.9	0.9			2.1	2.1	2.0		
Width/Depth Ratio	14.1	13.4	22.3								11.5	15.8	13.7							
Entrenchment Ratio	3.6	3.0	2.9								4.3	35	3.9							
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	6.5	7.3	5.2			10.8	9.7	8.5			7.1	8.2	7.5			10.6	9.5	7.7		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.4	0.4	0.2			0.7	0.7	0.6			0.6	0.5	0.5			0.7	0.7	0.9		
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.3	0.2	0.3			0.3	0.2	0.3			0.2	0.2	0.2			0.2	0.2	0.2		
d84 (mm)	0.6	0.3	0.6			0.5	0.3	0.4			0.4	0.3	0.4			0.4	0.4	0.4		
Parameter	Cross Section 21 Riffle (Unnamed Tributary)					Cross Section 22 Pool (Unnamed Tributary)					Cross Section 23 Riffle (Unnamed Tributary)									
	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5
Dimension																				
BF Width (ft)	7.9	11.9	6.0			14.5	15.6	14.7			8.0	9.4	9.3							
Floodprone Width (ft)	29.0	27.9	28.5								28.0	29.0	40							
BF Cross-Sect. Area (ft ²)	4.1	4.0	3.4			10.3	10.8	11.6			4.9	6.4	10.2							
BF Mean Depth (ft)	0.5	0.34	0.6			0.7	0.7	0.8			0.6	0.7	1.1							
BF Max. Depth (ft)	0.9	0.9	0.8			1.5	1.5	1.7			1.2	1.2	2.2							
Width/Depth Ratio	15.8	35.0	10.9								12.9	13.4	8.5							
Entrenchment Ratio	3.7	2.4	4.7								3.5	3.1	4.3							
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	8.3	12.1	6.4			14.9	16.1	15.3			8.4	9.8	10.7							
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.5	0.3	0.5			0.7	0.7	0.8			0.6	0.7	1.0							
Substrate																				
d50 (mm)	0.3	0.3	0.3			0.3	0.1	0.3			0.3	0.2	0.3							
d84 (mm)	1.5	0.4	1.5			0.6	0.2	0.6			0.4	0.4	0.4							

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)
Reach 1 – Ellington Branch Upstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary (Profile Reaches 1 and 2)

Parameter	MY 1 (2008)			MY 2 (2009)			MY 3 (2010)			MY 4 (2011)			MY 5 (2012)			MY + (2012)		
	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med
Pattern																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	33.5	92.0	62.0	33.0	91.0	66.3	34.0	91.0	61.0									
Radius of Curvature (ft)	18.0	47.0	30.8	19.0	45.3	29.3	18.0	47.0	31.8									
Meander Wavelength (ft)	74.0	150.0	102.5	76.0	152.0	110.7	75.0	147.0	114.5									
Meander Width Ratio	2.8	7.8	5.3	2.7	7.5	5.5	3.5	9.4	6.3									
Profile																		
Riffle Length (ft)	9.5	20.0	15.8	9.5	21.8	13.5	11.4	20.3	15.2									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.004	0.028	0.01	0.004	0.020	0.009	0.005	0.020	0.013									
Pool Length (ft)	11.0	67.1	23.2	12.8	57.0	24.1	15.0	50.0	29.3									
Pool Slope (ft/ft)	0.000	0.006	0.001	0.000	0.007	0.002	0.000	0.006	0.002									
Additional Reach Parameters																		
Valley Length (ft)		1586			1586			1586										
Channel Length (ft)		1934			1934			1934										
Sinuosity		1.22			1.22			1.22										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.007			0.007			0.007										
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.007			0.007			0.007										
Rosgen Classification		C5			C5			C5										

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary Continued

Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)

Reach 2 – Ellington Branch Downstream of Confluence with Unnamed Tributary (Profile Reaches 3 and 4)

Parameter	MY 1 (2008)			MY 2 (2009)			MY 3 (2010)			MY 4 (2011)			MY 5 (2012)			MY + (2012)		
	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med
Pattern																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	51.0	122.0	75.8	51.0	128.0	85.8	52.3	123.5	86.1									
Radius of Curvature (ft)	22.0	66.0	33.4	22.7	66.0	33.0	22.6	66.0	30.7									
Meander Wavelength (ft)	83.8	168.0	111.4	80.0	135.0	100.2	81.9	160.0	101.9									
Meander Width Ratio	3.4	8.2	5.1	3.9	9.9	6.7	3.7	8.8	6.4									
Profile																		
Riffle Length (ft)	9.1	23.6	14.5	11.6	23.0	16.1	10.2	19.6	16.1									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.003	0.028	0.011	0.004	0.018	0.010	0.005	0.037	0.017									
Pool Length (ft)	11.1	53.3	27.3	12.7	53.1	32.1	13.2	45.5	30.3									
Pool Slope (ft/ft)	0.000	0.003	0.001	0.000	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.003	0.001									
Additional Reach Parameters																		
Valley Length (ft)		1370			1370			1370										
Channel Length (ft)		1801			1801			1801										
Sinuosity		1.31			1.31			1.31										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.006			0.006			0.006										
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.006			0.006			0.006										
Rosgen Classification		C5			C5			C5										

Exhibit Table XIII. Morphology and Hydraulic Monitoring Summary Continued
Ellington Branch Stream Restoration (Project No. 16-D06045)
Reach 3 – Unnamed Tributary to Ellington Branch (Profile Reaches 5 and 6)

Parameter	MY 1 (2008)			MY 2 (2009)			MY 3 (2010)			MY 4 (2011)			MY 5 (2012)			MY + (2012)		
	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med
Pattern																		
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	36.7	60.0	47.7	36.0	60.0	48.6	36	60	48.3									
Radius of Curvature (ft)	13.3	28.3	18.2	12.6	26.5	16.8	13.1	27.2	17.1									
Meander Wavelength (ft)	44.0	95.0	56.0	42.2	90.0	59.6	44.0	90.2	57.8									
Meander Width Ratio	4.8	7.8	6.2	4.5	7.5	6.1	5.9	9.8	7.9									
Profile																		
Riffle Length (ft)	4.4	13.6	10.7	7.4	14.5	10.3	6.8	20.6	12.3									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.005	0.036	0.019	0.005	0.012	0.008	0.005	0.034	0.021									
Pool Length (ft)	7.5	24.9	15.4	13.0	29.5	18.8	12.7	35.1	20.1									
Pool Slope (ft/ft)	0.000	0.004	0.001	0.000	0.006	0.002	0.000	0.006	0.002									
Additional Reach Parameters																		
Valley Length (ft)		1074			1074			1074										
Channel Length (ft)		1328			1328			1328										
Sinuosity		1.24			1.24			1.24										
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)		0.008			0.008			0.008										
BF Slope (ft/ft)		0.008			0.008			0.008										
Rosgen Classification		C5			C5			C5										

SECTION VII. Methodology Section

This document employs methodologies according to the post-construction monitoring plan and standard regulatory guidance and procedures documents, including Stream Mitigation Guidelines (USACE, 2003), Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual (USACE, 1987) and Applied River Morphology (Rosgen, D.L., 1996). No other specifications were utilized in this monitoring assessment. References are provided below.

Environmental Laboratory, 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. Technical Report Y-87-1. Department of the Army, Waterways Experiment Station, PO Box 631, Vicksburg, Mississippi 39180.

Hicks, Jesse L., 1980. Soil Survey of Vance County, North Carolina. United States Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service, in cooperation with the North Carolina Agricultural Research Service and the Vance County Board of Commissioners.

Lee, M.T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts and T.R. Wentworth, 2006. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation. Version 4.0. Available: <http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm>.

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), 2006. Office Map Review, Warrenton, NC.

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), 2000. Official Soil Series Description Query Facility. Available: <http://www.ortho.ftw.nrcs.usda.gov>.

Natural Resources Conservation Service (NRCS), 1998. Keys to Taxonomy, Eighth Edition. USDA. Available: <http://statlab.iastate.edu/soils/keytax/KeystoSoilTaxonomy1998.pdf>.

North Carolina Division of Land Resources (NCDLR), 1985. Geologic Map of North Carolina. Department of Natural Resources and Community Development.

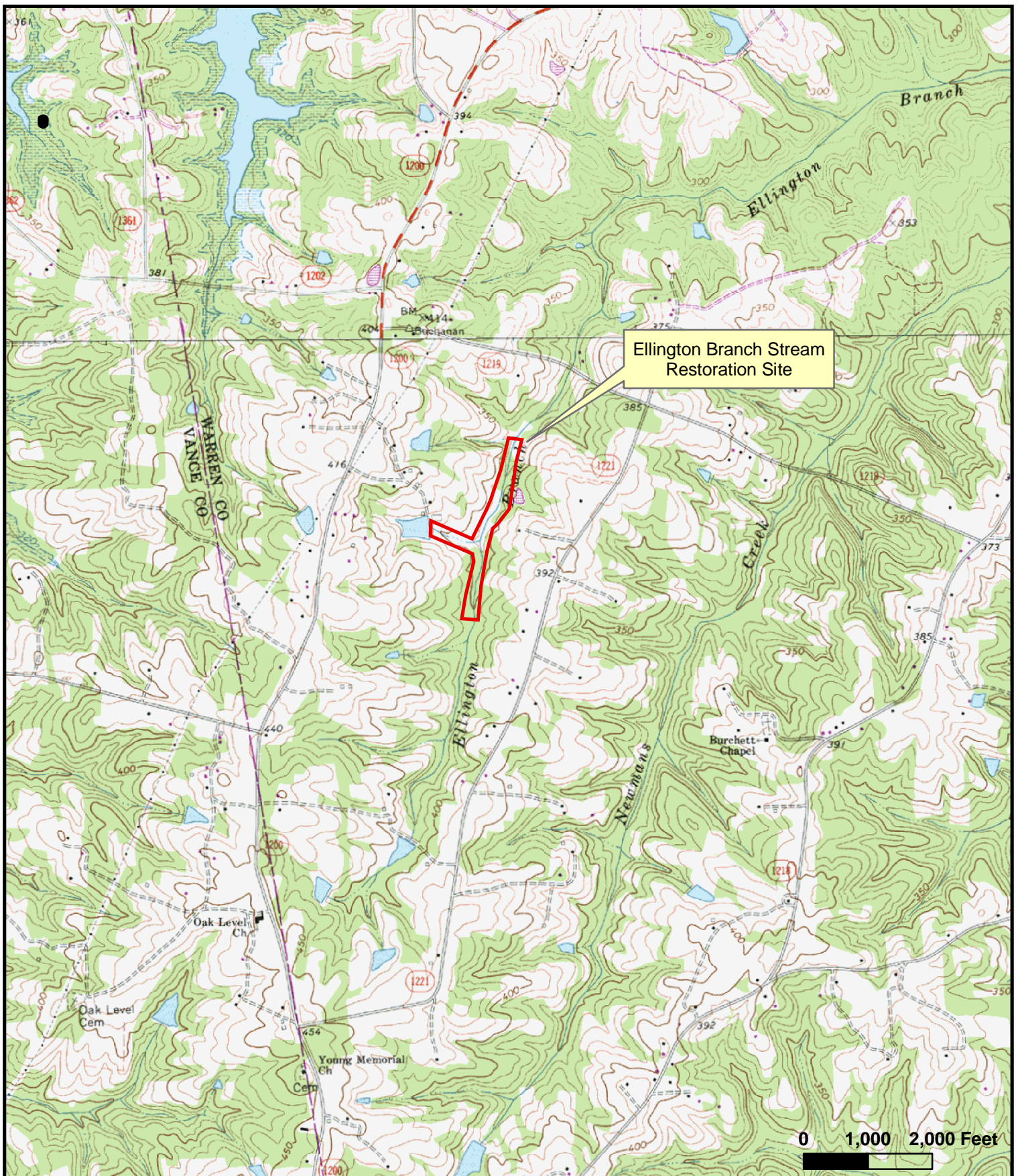
North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ), 2006. Surface Water Classifications. Available at: <http://h2o.enr.state.nc.us>

North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ), 2005. Identification Methods for the Origins of Intermittent and Perennial Streams, Version 3.1. North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources, Division of Environmental Management; Raleigh, NC.

North Carolina Geologic Survey (NCGS), 1991. Generalized Geologic Map of North Carolina. Division of Land Resources. Raleigh, NC.

Rosgen, David L., 1996. Applied River Morphology. Wildland Hydrology Books, Inc. Pagosa Springs, CO. 385 pp.

US Army Corps of Engineers (USACE), US Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA), NC Wildlife Resources Commission (NCWRC) and NC Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ), 2003. Draft Stream Mitigation Guidelines, April 2003.



Prepared By: **SUNGATE DESIGN GROUP, PA**
 915 Jones Franklin Road
 Raleigh, NC 27606
 (919)859-2243



Prepared For: **NCEP**
 2728 Capital Boulevard
 Suite 1H 103
 Raleigh, NC 27604



Ellington Branch Stream Restoration
EEP # 16-D06045
Vicinity Map
Warren County, NC
October 16, 2006
 Source: USGS Quadrangle Maps (John H Kerr Dam and Middleburg)

FIGURE
1

APPENDIX A-2: VEGETATION MONITORING PLOT PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY

Photograph Number
and Location

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo # VP-1
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #1



Photo # VP-2
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #2



Photo # VP-3
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #3



Photo # VP-4
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #4



Photo # VP-5
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #5



APPENDIX A-2: VEGETATION MONITORING PLOT PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

**Photograph Number
and Location**

**Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008**

**Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009**

**Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010**

Photo # VP-6
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #6



Photo # VP-7
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #7



Photo # VP-8
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #8



Photo # VP-9
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #9



Photo # VP-10
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #10



APPENDIX A-2: VEGETATION MONITORING PLOT PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photograph Number
and Location

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo # VP-11
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #11



Photo # VP-12
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #12



Photo # VP-13
Facing north at
Vegetation Plot #13






















APPENDIX C-1: STREAM VISUAL ASSESSMENT TABLE

Feature Category	Metric (per As-built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total Number per As-built	Total Number/feet in unstable state ¹	% Perform. in Stable Condition ²	Feature Perform. Mean or Total ³
A. Riffles	1. Present? ⁴	83	81	N/A	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	83	81	N/A	100	
	3. Facet grade appears stable	83	81	N/A	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	83	81	N/A	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	83	81	N/A	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?) ⁴	90	77	N/A	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Dmax:Dmean >1.6?)	82	77	N/A	100	
	3. Length Appropriate?	87	77	N/A	100	100%
C. Thalweg	1. Upstream of meander bend (run/inflection) centering? ⁵	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	2. Downstream of meander (glide/inflection) centering? ⁵	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	100%
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	97	97	N/A	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	97	97	N/A	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	97	97	N/A	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief? ⁶	97	97	N/A	100	100%
E. Bed General	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation – areas of increasing down-cutting or head-cutting?	N/A	N/A	N/A	100	100%
F. Vanes	1. Free of back or arm scour?	5	5	N/A	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	5	5	N/A	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	5	5	N/A	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures	5	5	N/A	100	100%
G. Rootwads/ Boulders	1. Free of scour?	24	24	N/A	100	
	2. Footing stable?	24	24	N/A	100	100%

Footnotes:

1. Metrics that are spatial estimates should be entered as:
The number of locales over the reach for which the failing condition is observed / followed by the total linear distance (feet) or area for which the failing or unstable condition is observed.
2. In the case of categorical metrics for which a feature count is involved, this is simply calculated as the number of functional features that are in a state of stability as a percentage of the total. In the case of those metrics based on footage or aerial extent, it is the amount in a state of failure or instability expressed as a proportion of the total amount of that feature. The resulting proportion is then subtracted from 1 and then multiplied by 100 to give a percentage that represents the proportion of that feature category in a state of apparent stability.
3. The mean of the metrics for a given feature category.
4. Was the feature actually present as compared to the As-built or has the feature been completely obscured (aggraded) or removed (degraded).
5. Is the thalweg centering up on the channel in between the meander bends?
6. Is the meander bend in a state of constriction?

APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY

Photo Number and Location	As-Built Photographs taken January 2008	Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs taken September 2008	Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs taken July 2009	Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs taken June 2010
Photo #1 Facing north (downstream) at Cross Section #1 along Ellington Branch				
Photo #2 Facing west across Cross Section #1 along Ellington Branch				
Photo #3 Facing north (downstream) at Cross Section #2 along Ellington Branch				
Photo #4 Facing west across Cross Section #2 along Ellington Branch				
Photo #5 Facing north (downstream) at Cross Section #3 along Ellington Branch	<i>No photograph available</i>			

APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #6
Facing west
across Cross
Section #3 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #7
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #4
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #8
Facing west
across Cross
Section #4 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #9
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #5
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #10
Facing west
across Cross
Section #5 along
Ellington Branch



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #11
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #6
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #12
Facing west
across Cross
Section #6 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #13
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #7
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #14
Facing west
across Cross
Section #7 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #15
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #8
along Ellington
Branch



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #16
Facing west
across Cross
Section #8 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #17
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section #9
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #18
Facing west
across Cross
Section #9 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #19
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#10 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #20
Facing west
across Cross
Section #10
along Ellington
Branch



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #21
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#11 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #22
Facing west
across Cross
Section #11
along Ellington
Branch



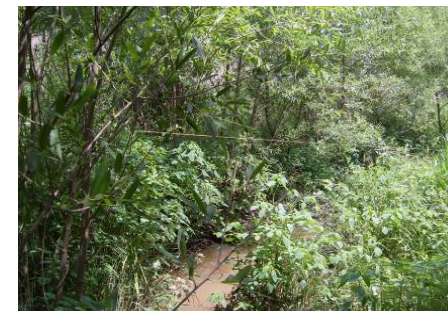
Photo #23
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#12 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #24
Facing north
across Cross
Section #12
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #25
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#13 along
Ellington Branch



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #26
Facing west
across Cross
Section #13
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #27
Facing north
(downstream)
at Cross Section
#14 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #28
Facing west
across Cross
Section #14
along Ellington
Branch



Photo #29
Facing north
(downstream)
at Cross Section
#15 along
Ellington Branch



Photo #30
Facing west
across Cross
Section #15
along Ellington
Branch



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #31
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#16 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #32
Facing north
across Cross
Section #16
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #33
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#17 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #34
Facing north
across Cross
Section #17
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #35
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#18 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #36
Facing north
across Cross
Section #18
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #37
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#19 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #38
Facing north
across Cross
Section #19
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #39
Facing east
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#20 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #40
Facing north
across Cross
Section #20
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #41
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#21 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #42
Facing west
across Cross
Section #21
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #43
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#22 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #44
Facing west
across Cross
Section #22
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED

Photo Number
and Location

As-Built Photographs taken January 2008

Year 2008 Monitoring Photographs
taken September 2008

Year 2009 Monitoring Photographs
taken July 2009

Year 2010 Monitoring Photographs
taken June 2010

Photo #45
Facing north
(downstream) at
Cross Section
#23 along the
Unnamed
Tributary



Photo #46
Facing west
across Cross
Section #23
along the
Unnamed
Tributary



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED - ADDITIONAL PHOTOS

**Photo Number and
Location**

2010 Monitoring Assessment - Taken June 2010

Photo #47. Facing east
(downstream) along the
northern edge of the
Unnamed Tributary at
fescue from the adjacent
pasture.



Photo #48. Facing west
(upstream) along the
Unnamed Tributary at
fescue from the adjacent
pasture.



Photo #49. Facing north at
fescue within and adjacent
to Vegetation Plot #7.



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED - ADDITIONAL PHOTOS

**Photo Number and
Location**

2010 Monitoring Assessment - Taken June 2010

Photo #50. Facing east
across Cross Section 11 at
cattails within the
streambed and privet
adjacent (north)
of the instrument.



Photo #51. Facing west
(upstream) along the
Unnamed Tributary at
cattails adjacent to
Vegetation Plot #12 along
the Unnamed Tributary.



Photo #52. Facing north
(downstream) at cattails in
the vicinity of Cross Section
#14 along Ellington Branch.



APPENDIX C-2: MONITORING PHOTOGRAPH SUMMARY CONTINUED - ADDITIONAL PHOTOS

**Photo Number and
Location**

2010 Monitoring Assessment - Taken June 2010

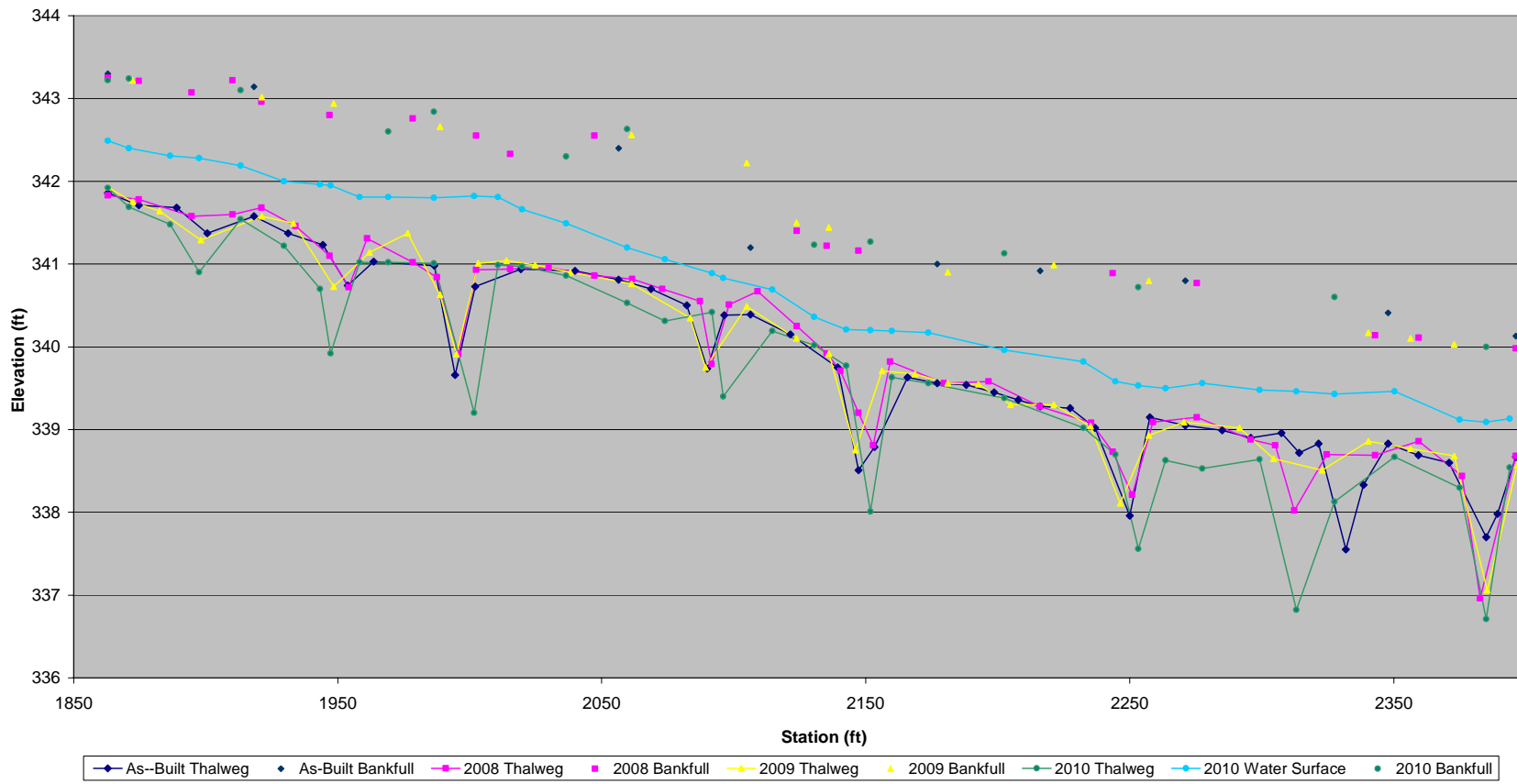
Photo #53. Facing south
across Cross Section #16
along the Unnamed
Tributary at the springhead
and enlarged scour area.



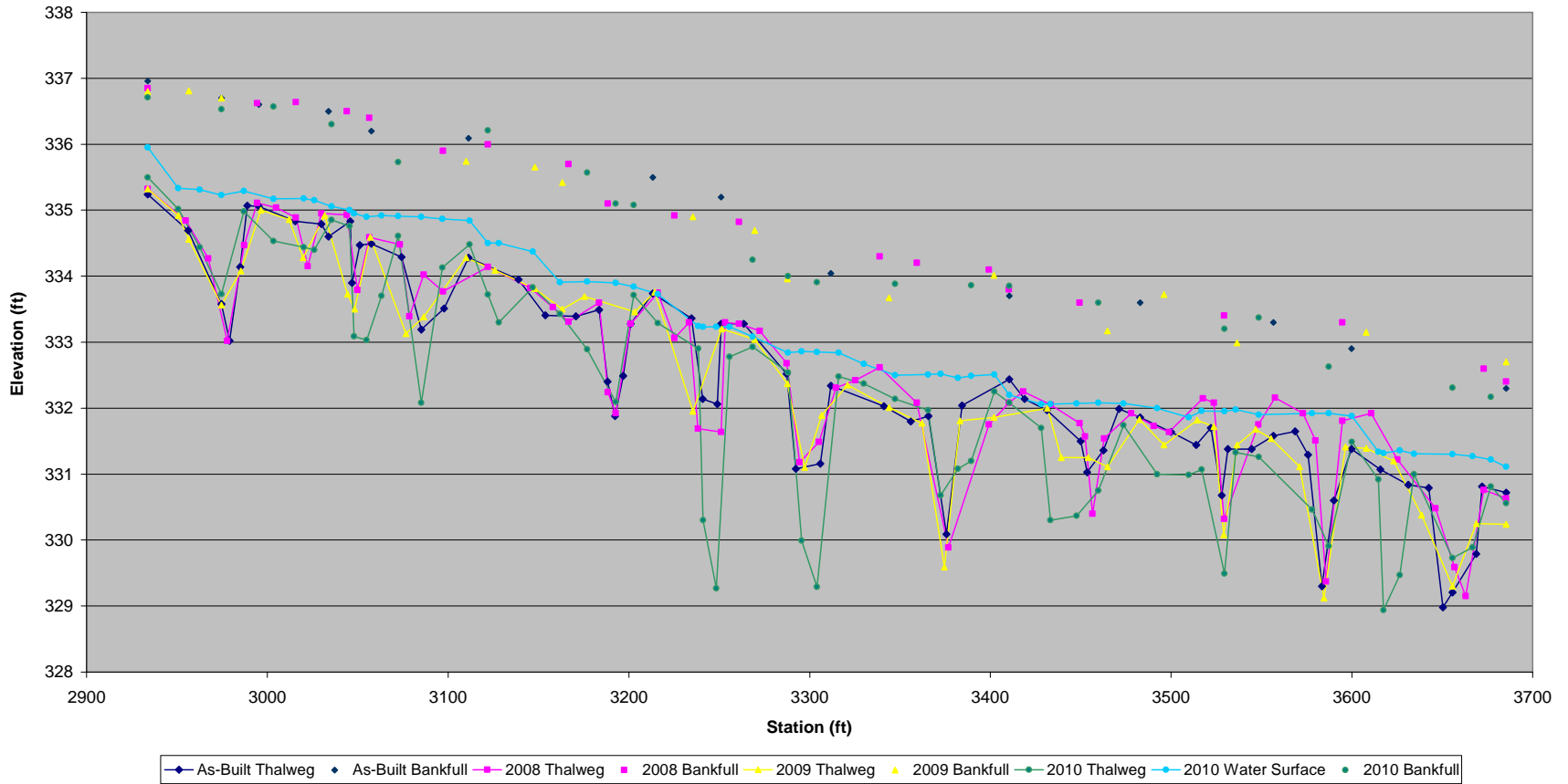
Photo #54. Facing southwest
at Cross Section #16 and the
subsequent springhead and
enlarged scour area.



Profile Reach 2
(EB Sta. 18+62.9 to 23+96.3)



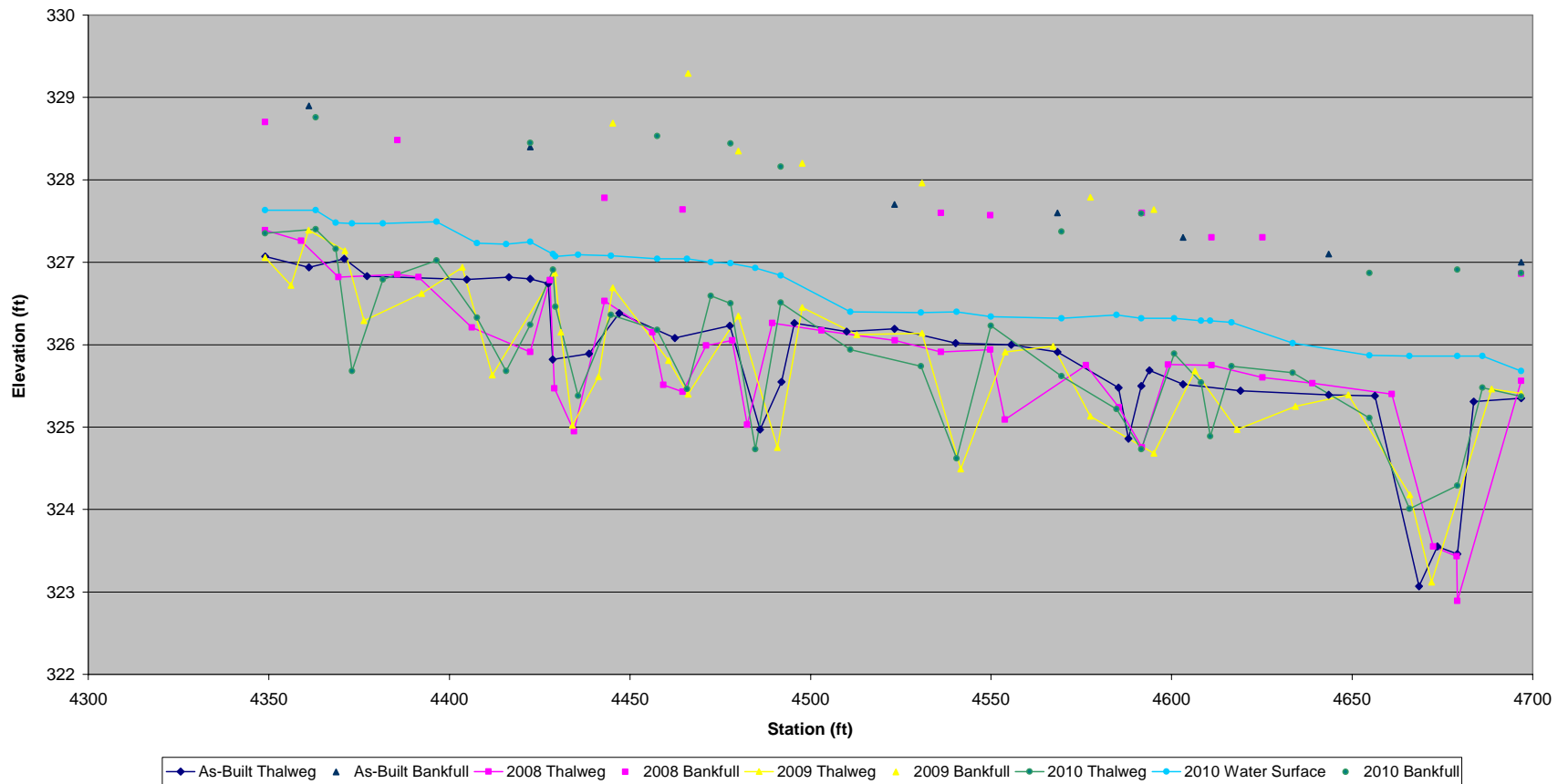
**Profile Reach 3
(EB Sta. 29+33.9 to 36+85.3)**



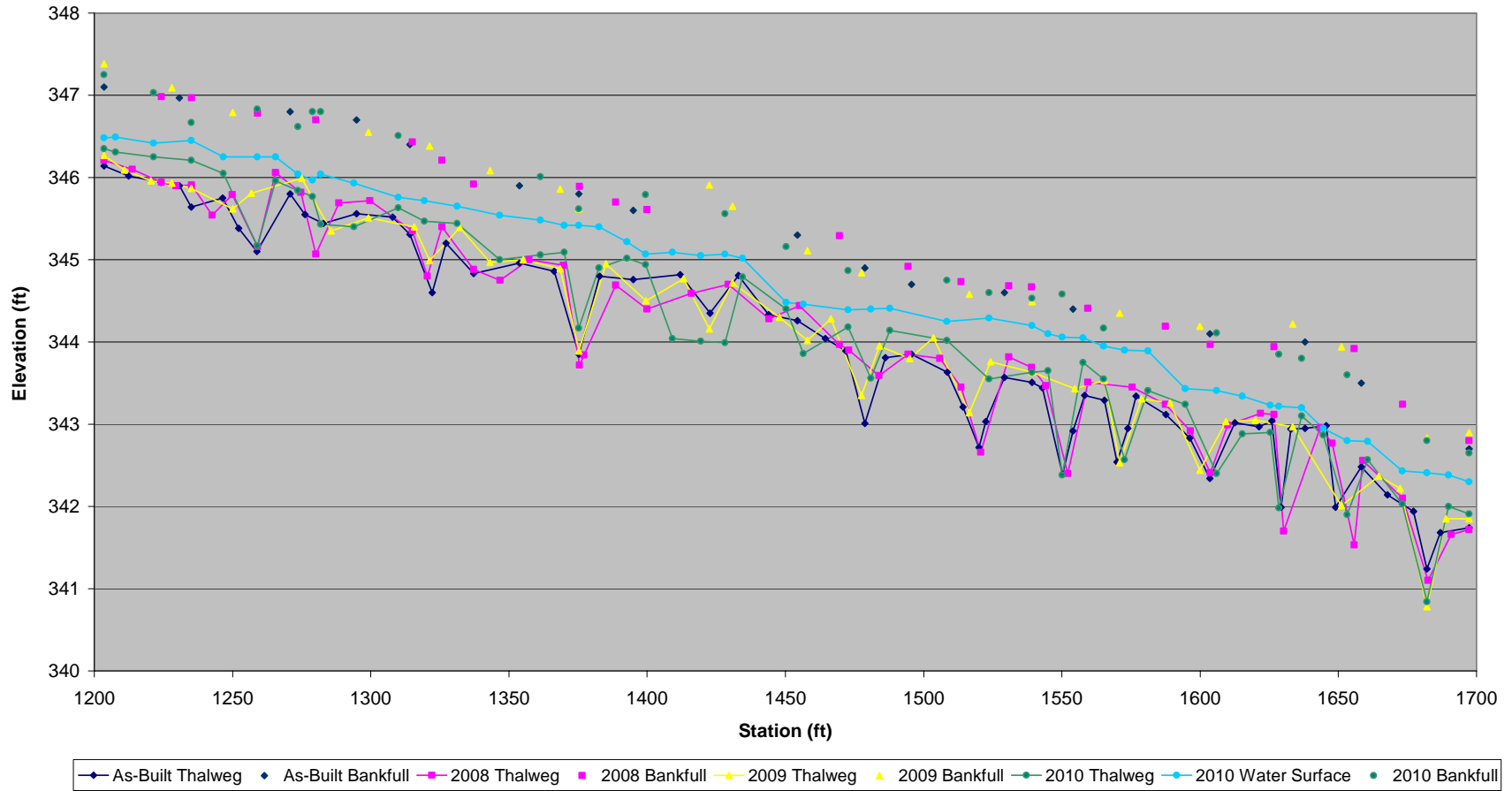
Profile Reach #3

As-Built					Year 1					Year 2					Year 3					Year 4					Year 5					
Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	Sta.	Elev	WS	Bankfull	Feature	
2933.9	335.24	335.4			2933.9	335.32	335.56			2933.90	335.32	335.57			2933.90	335.50	335.55			2933.90	335.50	335.55								
2956.3	334.69	335.3	336.96		2954.95	334.84	335.51			2950.81	334.92	335.49			2950.81	335.02	335.33			2950.67	335.02	335.33								
2974.7	333.58	335.3	336.7		2967.36	334.27	335.51			2956.53	334.56	335.46	336.81		2962.63	334.44	335.31			2962.63	334.44	335.31								
2979.1	333.02	335.3			2977.87	333.02	335.51			2974.70	333.56	335.45	336.70		2974.70	333.73	335.23	336.53			2974.70	333.73	335.23	336.53						
2984.9	334.14	335.3			2987.24	334.47	335.51			2985.30	334.08	335.49		MaxD	2987.09	334.98	335.29			2987.09	334.98	335.29								
2989	335.07	335.2			2994.35	335.11	335.45	336.62		2996.53	335.00	335.46			3003.47	334.53	335.17	336.57			3003.47	334.53	335.17	336.57						
2995.4	335.06	335.16	336.6		3005	335.04	335.45			3011.98	334.86	335.30			3020.19	334.44	335.18			3020.19	334.44	335.18								
3015.5	334.83	335.1			3015.81	334.89	335.44	336.64		3019.79	334.28	335.29		MaxD	3025.88	334.40	335.15			3025.88	334.40	335.15								
3030	334.79	335.1			3022.49	334.15	335.44			3031.85	334.92	336.31			3035.64	334.85	336.06	336.30			3035.64	334.85	336.06	336.30						
3033.8	334.6	335.1	336.5		3029.98	334.95	335.44			3044.34	333.73	335.04			3045.44	334.76	335.00			3045.44	334.76	335.00								
3045.9	334.83	335			3043.93	334.93	335.16	336.5		3048.29	333.50	335.03		MaxD	3048.03	333.09	334.95			3048.03	333.09	334.95								
3046.8	333.9	334.9			3049.94	333.79	335.1			3056.96	334.59	334.89			3054.96	333.03	334.90			3054.96	333.03	334.90								
3051.2	334.47	334.9			3056.42	334.59	334.97	336.4		3078.65	333.13	334.83			3063.19	333.70	334.92			3063.19	333.70	334.92								
3057.5	334.49	334.72	336.2		3073.33	334.48	334.83			3086.55	333.38	334.83			3072.35	334.61	334.91	335.73			3072.35	334.61	334.91	335.73						
3074.2	334.29	334.66			3078.65	333.39	334.8			3110.05	334.28	334.67	335.74		3085.19	332.08	334.90			3085.19	332.08	334.90								
3085.2	333.19	334.6			3086.45	334.02	334.8			3126.03	334.09	334.39			3096.90	334.13	334.87			3096.90	334.13	334.87								
3097.8	333.51	334.6			3097.14	333.77	334.76			3147.92	333.81	334.04	335.65		3111.87	334.48	334.84			3111.87	334.48	334.84								
3111.3	334.28	334.54	336.09		3122	334.14	334.48	336		3163.30	333.50	334.05	335.42		3121.98	333.72	334.50	336.21			3121.98	333.72	334.50	336.21						
3139	333.85	334.1			3145.57	333.82	334.17			3175.47	333.69	334.03			3128.01	333.30	334.50			3128.01	333.30	334.50								
3153.8	333.41	334.04			3158.04	333.53	334.1			3203.25	333.48	333.97			3146.87	333.83	334.37			3146.87	333.83	334.37								
3170.7	333.39	334.03			3166.57	333.31	334.12	335.7		3214.42	333.76	333.87			3161.92	333.43	333.91			3161.92	333.43	333.91								
3183.6	333.49	334.03			3183.54	333.6	334.1			3235.36	331.95	333.39	334.90	MaxD	3176.97	332.89	333.92	335.57			3176.97	332.89	333.92	335.57						
3188.3	332.4	334.03			3188.34	332.24	334.1	335.1		3251.47	333.20	333.38			3192.80	332.09	333.90	335.10			3192.80	332.09	333.90	335.10						
3192.3	331.88	334.03			3192.72	331.92	334.1			3269.62	333.04	333.31	334.69		3202.77	333.71	333.84	335.08			3202.77	333.71	333.84	335.08						
3196.8	332.49	334.03			3201.04	333.28	334.1			3287.68	332.57	332.76	333.96		3216.14	333.29	333.73			3216.14	333.29	333.73								
3201	333.28	334.03			3216.14	333.75	333.98			3297.30	331.10	332.72			3238.49	333.00	333.24			3238.49	333.00	333.24								
3213.3	333.74	334	335.5		3225.27	333.06	333.72	334.92		3306.68	331.89	332.68			3241.05	330.30	333.23			3241.05	330.30	333.23								
3234.6	333.36	333.53			3233.29	333.3	333.7			3321.05	332.35	332.63			3248.40	329.27	333.23			3248.40	329.27	333.23								
3240.9	332.14	333.52			3238.3	331.69	333.7			3343.99	332.01	332.38	333.67		3255.75	332.78	333.23			3255.75	332.78	333.23								
3248.9	332.06	333.52			3251.07	331.64	333.7			3362.10	331.77	332.34			3268.59	332.93	333.08	334.25			3268.59	332.93	333.08	334.25						
3251	333.28	333.52	335.2		3253.37	333.3	333.65			3374.53	329.89	332.27			3286.15	332.54	332.84	334.00			3286.15	332.54	332.84	334.00						
3263.6	333.28	333.45			3261.08	333.28	333.5	334.82		3383.19	331.81	332.48			3295.57	329.99	332.86			3295.57	329.99	332.86								
3287.3	332.52	332.63			3272.53	333.17	333.39			3401.95	331.86	332.47	334.01		3304.03	329.29	332.85	333.91			3304.03	329.29	332.85	333.91						
3292.4	331.08	332.63			3287.34	332.68	332.78			3431.45	332.00	332.26			3316.07	332.48	332.84			3316.07	332.48	332.84								
3306	331.16	332.62			3294.51	331.18	332.75			3439.16	331.25	332.27			3329.94	332.37	332.67			3329.94	332.37	332.67								
3311.8	332.34	332.62	334.04		3306.1	331.49	332.75			3454.15	331.25	332.24			3347.37	332.14	332.50	333.88			3347.37	332.14	332.50	333.88						
3341	332.03	332.56			3314.65	332.31	332.68			3484.73	331.11	332.25	333.17		3365.61	331.87	332.51			3365.61	331.87	332.51								
3356	331.9	332.56			3325.25	332.42	332.65			3492.46	331.83	332.20			3372.39	330.68	332.52			3372.39	330.68	332.52								
3365.8	331.88	332.54			3338.9	332.62	332.6	334.3		3495.97	331.44	332.15	333.72		3382.04	331.08	332.46			3382.04	331.08	332.46								
3375.6	330.09	332.54			3359.34	332.08	332.6	334.2		3514.52	331.82	332.03			3389.36	331.20	332.49	333.86			3389.36	331.20	332.49	333.86						
3384.3	332.04	332.54			3376.85	329.89	332.6			3523.71	331.72	331.95			3402.16	332.25	332.51			3402.16	332.25	332.51								
3410.4	332.44	332.54	333.7		3399.14	331.75	332.6	334.1		3529.18	330.08	331.92			3410.40	332.08	332.20	333.85			3410.40	332.08	332.20	333.85						
3418.9	332.14	332.45			3410.36	332.08	332.6	333.8		3536.36	331.44	331.96	332.99		3428.22	331.70	332.06			3428.22	331.70	332.06								
3431.4	331.97	332.3			3418.24	332.25	332.6			3546.73	331.68	331.96		MaxD	3433.12	330.30	332.06			3433.12	330.30	332.06								
3450	331.5	332.27			3433.37	332.05	332.4			3555.23	331.54	331.96			3447.70	330.37	332.07			3447.70	330.37	332.07								
3453.6	331.03	332.27			3449.44	331.77	332.37	333.6		3570.95	331.11	331.84			3459.76	330.75	332.08	333.60			3459.76	330.75	332.08	333.60						
3462.5	331.36	332.25			3452.44	331.57	332.37			3584.64	329.12	331.78		MaxD	3473.68	331.74	332.07			3473.68	331.74	332.07								
3471.2	331.99	332.25			3456.6	330.4	332.37			3596.33	331.41	331.80			3492.25	331.00	332.00			3492.25	331.00	332.00								
3482.9	331.86	332.02	333.6		3462.91	331.54	332.37			3607.95	331.39	331.62	333.15		3509.77	330.99	331.86		</											

**Profile Reach 4
(EB Sta. 43+49 to 46+96.8)**



**Profile Reach 5
(UT Sta. 12+03.5 to 16+97.3)**



Profile Reach #5 (UT)

As-Built				Year 1				Year 2				Year 3				Year 4				Year 5																
Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature	Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature	Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature	Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature	Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature	Sta.	Elev	Bankfull	WS	Feature							
1203.5	346.14		346.31		1203.5	346.21		346.51		1203.50	346.27		346.43	347.38	1203.50	346.35		346.49		1203.50	346.35		346.49		1203.50	346.35		346.49		1203.50	346.35		346.49			
1212.4	346.02		346.27		1212.4	346.1		346.45		1212.83	346.09		346.33		1207.70	346.31		346.49		1207.70	346.31		346.49		1207.70	346.31		346.49		1207.70	346.31		346.49			
1224.2	345.94		346.27		1224.33	345.94	346.98	346.41		1220.46	345.96	346.29			1221.50	346.25	346.42	347.03		1221.50	346.25	346.42	347.03		1221.50	346.25	346.42	347.03		1221.50	346.25	346.42	347.03			
1230.8	345.9	346.97	346.27		1229.58	345.9		346.4		1228.10	345.93	346.24	347.09		1235.10	346.21	346.45	346.67	XS#17	1235.10	346.21	346.45	346.67		1235.10	346.21	346.45	346.67		1235.10	346.21	346.45	346.67			
1235.1	345.64		346.24		1235.25	345.91	346.97	346.39		1235.10	345.87	346.25		XS	1246.65	346.05	346.25		Pool	1246.65	346.05	346.25			1246.65	346.05	346.25		1246.65	346.05	346.25		1246.65	346.05	346.25	
1246.4	345.75		346.23		1242.66	345.54		346.39		1250.09	345.62	346.23	346.79		1258.90	345.17	346.25	346.83	MaxD	1258.90	345.17	346.25	346.83		1258.90	345.17	346.25	346.83		1258.90	345.17	346.25	346.83			
1252.2	345.38		346.23		1249.91	345.79		346.37		1256.84	345.81	346.22			1265.80	345.96	346.25			1265.80	345.96	346.25			1265.80	345.96	346.25		1265.80	345.96	346.25		1265.80	345.96	346.25	
1258.8	345.1		346.23		1259.07	345.16	346.78	346.37		1275.00	345.99	346.10			1273.69	345.84	346.04	346.82		1273.69	345.84	346.04	346.82		1273.69	345.84	346.04	346.82		1273.69	345.84	346.04	346.82			
1270.8	345.8	346.8	346.2		1265.57	346.06		346.32		1285.68	345.35	345.90			1278.89	345.77	345.97	346.80	Pool	1278.89	345.77	345.97	346.80		1278.89	345.77	345.97	346.80		1278.89	345.77	345.97	346.80			
1276.2	345.55		346		1274.7	345.82		346.13		1299.18	345.51	345.88	346.55		1281.89	345.43	346.04	346.80	MaxD	1281.89	345.43	346.04	346.80		1281.89	345.43	346.04	346.80		1281.89	345.43	346.04	346.80			
1282.8	345.44		345.9		1280.2	345.07	346.7	346.1		1315.70	345.40	345.68			1293.89	345.40	345.93			1293.89	345.40	345.93			1293.89	345.40	345.93		1293.89	345.40	345.93		1293.89	345.40	345.93	
1294.8	345.56	346.7	345.9		1288.45	345.69		346.08		1321.30	344.99	345.65	346.38	MaxD	1309.89	345.63	345.76	346.51		1309.89	345.63	345.76	346.51		1309.89	345.63	345.76	346.51		1309.89	345.63	345.76	346.51			
1307.9	345.52		345.5		1299.67	345.72		346.06		1332.27	345.39	345.57			1319.39	345.47	345.72			1319.39	345.47	345.72			1319.39	345.47	345.72		1319.39	345.47	345.72		1319.39	345.47	345.72	
1314.2	345.31	346.4	345.5		1315.04	345.35	346.43	345.71		1343.09	344.97	345.52	346.08		1331.29	345.44	345.65			1331.29	345.44	345.65			1331.29	345.44	345.65		1331.29	345.44	345.65		1331.29	345.44	345.65	
1322.2	344.6		345.5		1320.42	344.8		345.7		1355.18	345.00	345.52			1346.59	345.00	345.54			1346.59	345.00	345.54			1346.59	345.00	345.54		1346.59	345.00	345.54		1346.59	345.00	345.54	
1327.2	345.2		345.4		1325.8	345.4	346.21	345.68		1368.55	344.89	345.42	345.86		1361.29	345.06	345.48	346.01		1361.29	345.06	345.48	346.01		1361.29	345.06	345.48	346.01		1361.29	345.06	345.48	346.01			
1337.2	344.83		345.3		1337.19	344.88	345.92	345.62		1375.20	343.89	345.42	345.62	XS	1369.99	345.09	345.42			1369.99	345.09	345.42			1369.99	345.09	345.42		1369.99	345.09	345.42		1369.99	345.09	345.42	
1353.8	344.96	345.9	345.2		1346.81	344.75		345.59		1385.05	344.95	345.38			1375.20	344.17	345.42	345.62	XS#18	1375.20	344.17	345.42	345.62		1375.20	344.17	345.42	345.62		1375.20	344.17	345.42	345.62			
1366.4	344.86		345.2		1357.26	345		345.58		1399.60	344.50	345.24			1382.60	344.90	345.40			1382.60	344.90	345.40			1382.60	344.90	345.40		1382.60	344.90	345.40		1382.60	344.90	345.40	
1375.2	343.85	345.6	345.15		1369.73	344.93		345.48		1413.22	344.77	345.23			1392.60	345.02	345.22			1392.60	345.02	345.22			1392.60	345.02	345.22		1392.60	345.02	345.22		1392.60	345.02	345.22	
1382.8	344.8		345.15		1375.53	343.72	345.89	345.48		1422.41	344.16	345.15	345.91	MaxD	1399.40	344.94	345.07	345.79	Pool	1399.40	344.94	345.07	345.79		1399.40	344.94	345.07	345.79		1399.40	344.94	345.07	345.79			
1394.9	344.76	345.6	345.15		1377.17	343.84		345.48		1430.81	344.72	345.18	345.65		1409.15	344.04	345.09		MaxD	1409.15	344.04	345.09			1409.15	344.04	345.09		1409.15	344.04	345.09		1409.15	344.04	345.09	
1411.9	344.82		345.12		1388.56	344.69	345.7	345.4		1447.91	344.30	344.54			1419.35	344.01	345.05		MaxD	1419.35	344.01	345.05			1419.35	344.01	345.05		1419.35	344.01	345.05		1419.35	344.01	345.05	
1422.8	344.35		345.12		1400	344.4	345.61	345.36		1457.91	344.02	344.57	345.11		1428.15	343.99	345.07	345.56	MaxD	1428.15	343.99	345.07	345.56		1428.15	343.99	345.07	345.56		1428.15	343.99	345.07	345.56			
1433	344.81		345.11		1416.04	344.59		345.25		1466.41	344.28	344.56			1436.47	344.79	345.02			1436.47	344.79	345.02			1436.47	344.79	345.02		1436.47	344.79	345.02		1436.47	344.79	345.02	
1443.9	344.33		344.45		1429.37	344.7		345.2		1477.51	343.35	344.49	344.84	MaxD	1450.27	344.40	344.48	345.16		1450.27	344.40	344.48	345.16		1450.27	344.40	344.48	345.16		1450.27	344.40	344.48	345.16			
1454.3	344.26	345.3	344.43		1444.02	344.28		344.88		1484.01	343.95	344.44			1456.47	343.86	344.46		MaxD	1456.47	343.86	344.46			1456.47	343.86	344.46		1456.47	343.86	344.46		1456.47	343.86	344.46	
1464.4	344.04		344.2		1455.19	344.44		344.74		1494.99	343.80	344.46			1472.69	344.18	344.39	344.87	Pool	1472.69	344.18	344.39	344.87		1472.69	344.18	344.39	344.87		1472.69	344.18	344.39	344.87			
1471.8	343.89		344.1		1469.59	343.97	345.29	344.53		1503.59	344.05	344.37			1480.88	343.56	344.40			1480.88	343.56	344.40			1480.88	343.56	344.40		1480.88	343.56	344.40		1480.88	343.56	344.40	
1478.7	343.01	344.9	344.1		1472.95	343.9		344.46		1516.54	343.14	344.31	344.58		1487.78	344.14	344.41			1487.78	344.14	344.41			1487.78	344.14	344.41		1487.78	344.14	344.41		1487.78	344.14	344.41	
1486.2	343.81		344.1		1483.8	343.89		344.44		1524.14	343.76	344.37			1508.38	344.02	344.25	344.75	Pool	1508.38	344.02	344.25	344.75		1508.38	344.02	344.25	344.75		1508.38	344.02	344.25	344.75			
1495.6	343.85	344.7	344		1494.37	343.85	344.92	344.41		1539.20	343.63	344.06	344.49	XS	1523.69	343.55	344.29	344.60		1523.69	343.55	344.29	344.60		1523.69	343.55	344.29	344.60		1523.69	343.55	344.29	344.60			
1508.6	343.63		343.8		1505.88	343.8		344.28		1554.70	343.43	344.01			1539.20	343.63	344.20	344.53	XS#19	1539.20	343.63	344.20	344.53		1539.20	343.63	344.20	344.53		1539.20	343.63	344.20	344.53			
1514.2	343.21		343.8		1513.53	343.45	344.73	344.28		1565.35	343.53	343.88			1544.93	343.65	344.10			1544.93	343.65	344.10			1544.93	343.65	344.10		1544.93	343.65	344.10		1544.93	343.65	344.10	
1520	342.72		343.8		1520.71	342.66		344.25		1570.85	342.53	343.85	344.35	MaxD	1550.13	342.38	344.06	344.58	MaxD	1550.13	342.38	344.06	344.58		1550.13	342.38	344.06	344.58		1550.13	342.38	344.06	344.58			
1522.5	343.03		343.8		1530.78	343.82	344.68	344.16		1578.80	343.31	343.81			1557.63	343.75	344.05			1557.63	343.75	344.05			1557.63	343.75	344.05		1557.63	343.75	344.05		1557.63	343.75	344.05	
1529.2</																																				

Profile Reach 6
(UT Sta. 19+02.1 to 21+93.9)

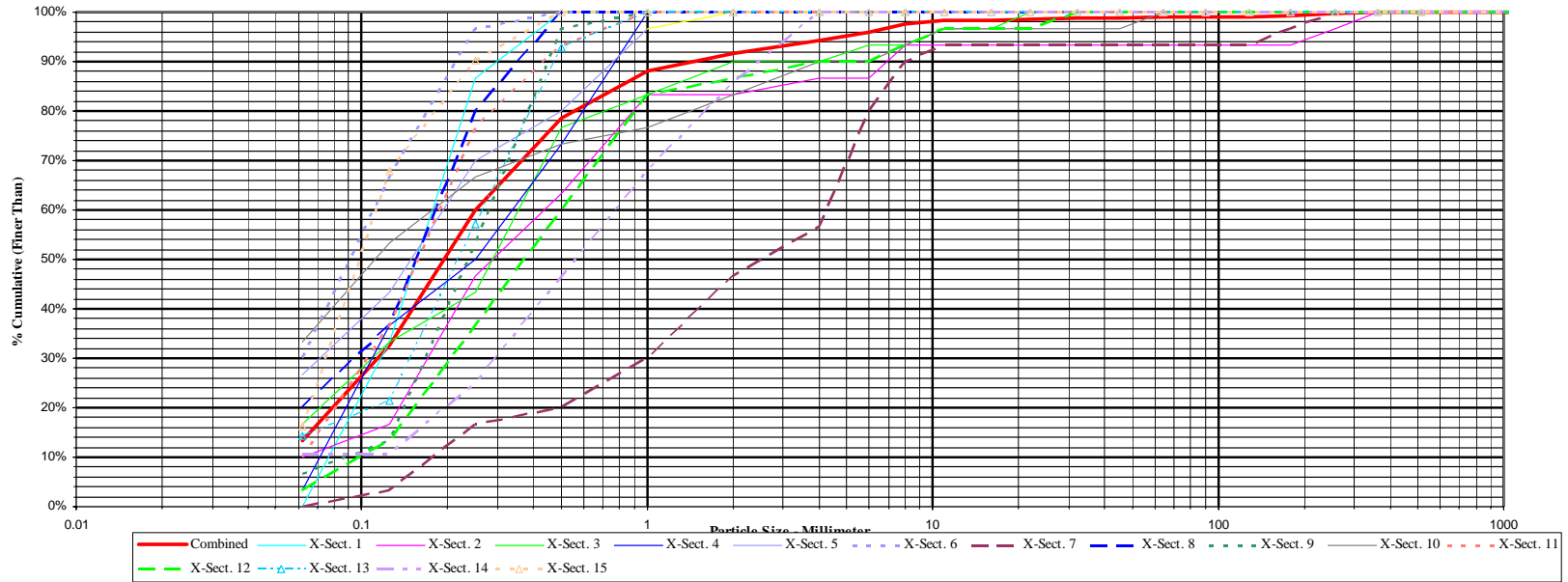


APPENDIX C-5: PEBBLE COUNT PLOTS AND RAW DATA TABLES – ELLINGTON BRANCH

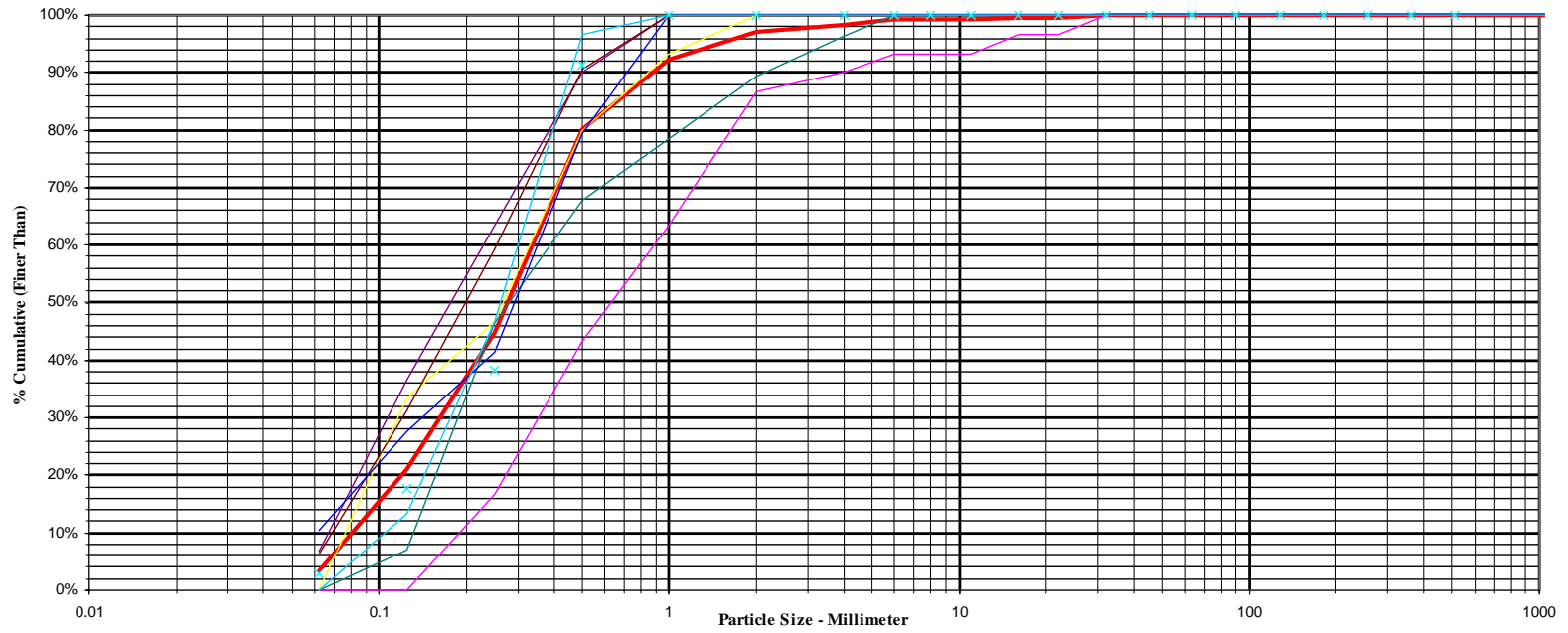
PEBBLE COUNT DATA - CUMMULATIVE SAMPLE																					
Site: Ellington Branch Stream Mitigation Site																Date: June-10					
Location: Warren County - North Carolina																Party: GLS					
				PARTICLE COUNTS																	
Inches	Particle	Millimeter	Group	EB XS1	EB XS2	EB XS3	EB XS4	EB XS5	EB XS 6	EB XS7	EB XS8	EB XS 9	EB XS10	EB XS11	EB XS12	EB XS13	EB XS14	EB XS 15	Total No.	Item %	% Cumulative
	Silt/Clay	< 0.062	Silt/Clay																		
.04 - .08	Very Fine	.062 - .125	S	9	4	2	4	4			5	7				2	8	3	48	10.7%	16.4%
	Fine	.125 - .25	A		8	6	1		10	1	11	10	3	5	7	2	4	6	74	16.4%	32.9%
	Medium	.25 - .50	N	15	8	7	12	9		2	4	2	2	10	7	10	6	14	108	24.0%	56.9%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	D		9	6	7		3	2	4		2		10	1	7	5	58	12.9%	69.8%
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0	S	6	1	1	3	4	4	5	5		2	5	2	4	2	5	40	8.9%	78.7%
.08 - .16	Very Fine	2.0 - 4.0				3		3	2	6	1				3		1		19	4.2%	82.9%
.16 - .22	Fine	4.0 - 5.7	G					1	1	3			4		4				13	2.9%	85.8%
.22 - .31	Fine	5.7 - 8.0	R			1		4	1	3	1		3		1	2	1		17	3.8%	89.6%
.31 - .44	Medium	8.0 - 11.3	A					2	3	5			12			4	2		28	6.2%	95.8%
.44 - .63	Medium	11.3 - 16.0	V			2							3		2				9	2.0%	97.8%
.63 - .89	Coarse	16.0 - 22.6	E					1		2			1			1	1		6	1.3%	99.1%
.89 - 1.26	Coarse	22.6 - 32.0	L																0	0.0%	99.1%
1.26 - 1.77	Very Coarse	32.0 - 45.0	S							1					2				3	0.7%	99.8%
1.77 - 2.5	Very Coarse	45.0 - 64.0																	1	0.2%	100.0%
2.5 - 3.5	Small	64 - 90	C																0	0.0%	100.0%
3.5 - 5.0	Small	90 - 128	O																0	0.0%	100.0%
5.0 - 7.1	Large	128 - 180	B																0	0.0%	100.0%
7.1 - 10.1	Large	180 - 256	L																0	0.0%	100.0%
10.1 - 14.3	Small	256 - 362	B																0	0.0%	100.0%
14.3 - 20	Small	362 - 512	L																0	0.0%	100.0%
20 - 40	Medium	512 - 1024	D																0	0.0%	100.0%
40 - 80	Lrg- Very Lrg	1024 - 2048	R																0	0.0%	100.0%
	Bedrock		BDRK																0	0.0%	100.0%
Totals				30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	30	450	100%	100%
Feature or Pebble Count Type				Pool	Riffle	Pool	Riffle	Pool	Riffle	Riffle	Pool	Pool	Riffle	Pool	Riffle	Pool	Riffle	Pool			

(i.e. Riffle, Pool, Pavement, Classification)

Year 3 (2010) Monitoring Cummulative Sample - Ellington Branch



Year 3 (2010) Monitoring Unnamed Tributary Cummulative Sample



— Combined — X-Sect. 16 — X-Sect. 17 × X-Sect. 18 — X-Sect. 19 — X-Sect. 20 — X-Sect. 21 — X-Sect. 22 — X-Sect. 23

