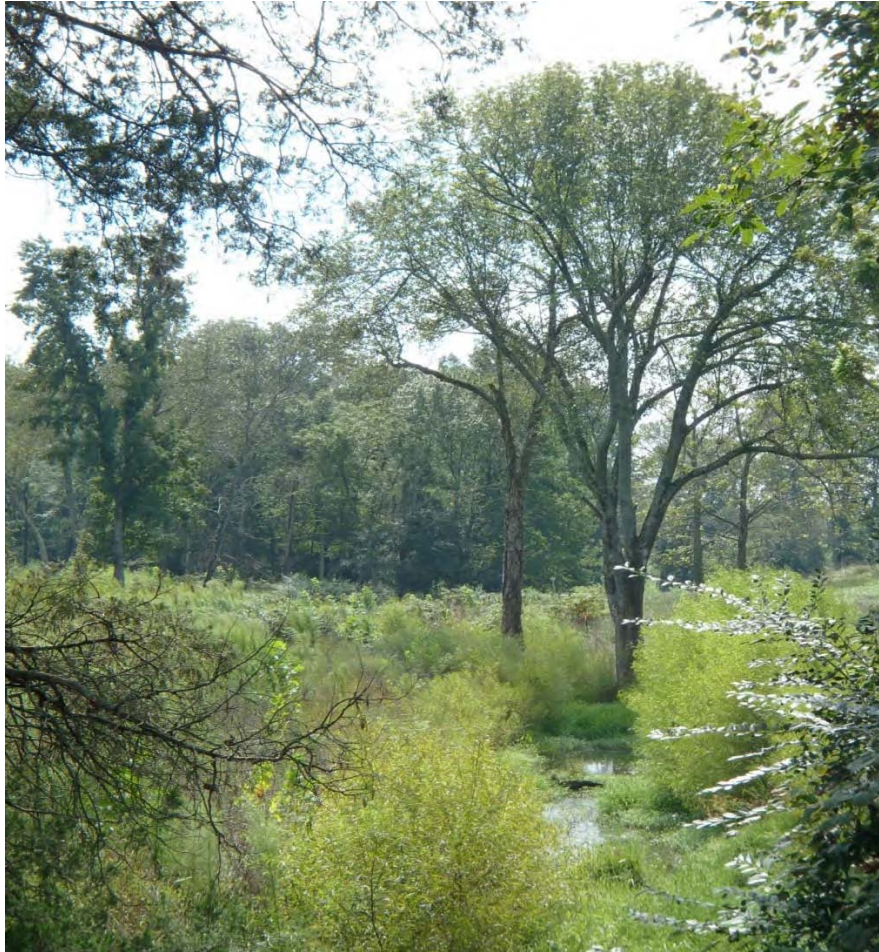


**FINAL**  
**ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT**  
**YEAR 1 (2012)**  
**GREENBRIER CREEK STREAM/WETLAND/BUFFER RESTORTION SITE**  
**ALAMANCE AND CHATHAM COUNTIES, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**(EEP Project No. 671, Contract No. 004801)**  
**Construction Completed January 2011**

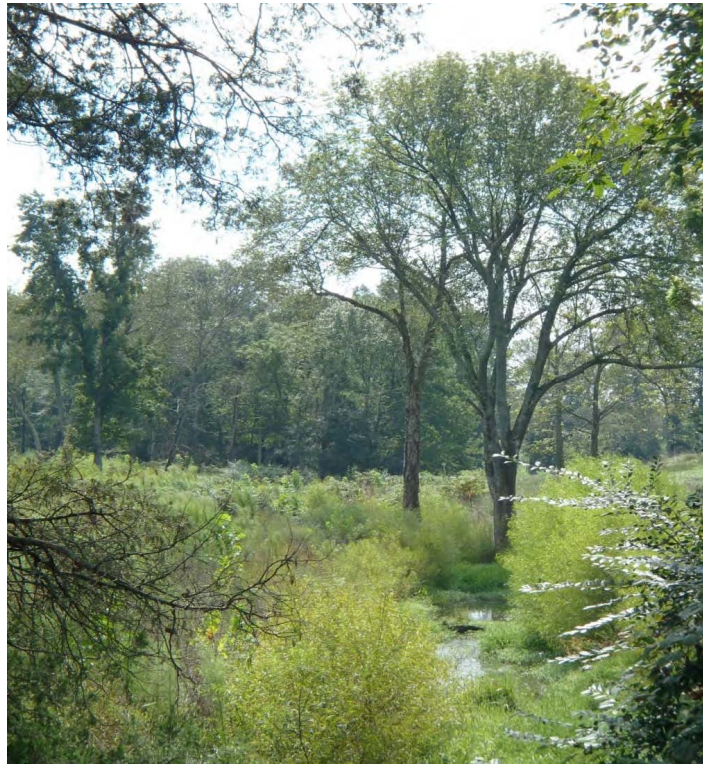


Submitted to:  
North Carolina Department of Environment and Natural Resources  
Ecosystem Enhancement Program  
Raleigh, North Carolina



February 2013

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Prepared by:  
Axiom Environmental, Inc.  
218 Snow Avenue  
Raleigh, North Carolina 27603



February 2013

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## 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Greenbrier Site Stream Restoration Site (Site) is situated within the United States Geological Society (USGS) hydrologic unit **03030003** and is in a portion of the North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) Priority Sub-basin 03-06-12. The site is located approximately eight miles north of Siler City at the crossing of Staley-Snow Camp/Pleasant Hill Church Road over Greenbrier Creek. The Site is encompassed within a 50.48 acre easement located in three parcels, individually owned by Jerrold Murchison (32.94 acres), Charles Cheek (0.52 acres), and Larry Matthews (17.02 acres). Primary land uses were active row crop production on the Murchison parcel and active pasture on the Matthews/Cheek parcels. Project streams, Greenbrier Creek and an Unnamed Tributary (UT) to Greenbrier Creek, became impaired from poor land management, stream dredging, upstream disturbances, and human impacts. This report (compiled based on North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (EEP)'s *Procedural Guidance and Content Requirements for EEP Monitoring Reports* Version 1.4 dated 11/7/11) summarizes data for Year 1 (2012) annual monitoring.

The project goals are to:

- Improve water quality by reducing nutrient loading from a livestock operation in a water supply watershed.
- Reduce the high level of sediment loading to the stream from steep, eroding banks.
- Improve both aquatic and terrestrial riparian buffer habitat.

These goals will be accomplished through the implementation of the following objectives:

- Preservation and protection of important wetlands and stream channel reaches upstream of the Matthews property.
- Improvement of water quality (reduction of nutrient and sediment inputs) by creating a vegetated riparian buffer filter strip between the stream and livestock operations currently on the property.
- Reduction of high sediment loads in the stream through stabilization of eroding channel banks.
- Improvement of deteriorated aquatic habitat by reduction of nutrient and sediment loads in the streams, providing more variable stream channel geometry and creating more opportunities for carbon inputs from the trees in the restored buffer zone.
- Improvement of terrestrial habitat through restoration of diverse native woody vegetation in the riparian buffer zone and control of invasive Chinese privet (*Ligustrum sinense*).

During Year 1 (2012) monitoring twelve (12) vegetation plots were installed and sampled. Ten (10) of the twelve (12) plots met or exceeded the success criteria of 320 stems/acre (minimum stem count after 1 year). The two plots below success criteria include plots 5 and 6, which had 243 and 283 stems per acre, respectively. Plots 5 and 6 are adjacent to the unnamed tributary, which is characterized by dense fescue that may be outcompeting bare root seedlings. Supplemental planting at the Site occurred on February 13 and 14, 2012, in response to the contractor's vegetation warranty assessment (Appendix F). During this effort, 1952 bare root and 1 gallon trees were planted at the Site. Supplemental planting appears to have resulted in vegetative success across the majority of the Site.

Vegetative problem areas were noted above along the main Greenbrier Creek channel near the bridge (upstream of the confluence with the UT [Figure 2, Appendix A]). Prior to construction, Chinese privet was prevalent within the easement. All Chinese privet was removed and/or treated during construction activities, including the preservation reach. Chinese privet continues to occur sporadically throughout the Site; however, upstream of the bridge, the Chinese privet is particularly dense and may require further chemical control.



A visual assessment and geomorphic survey were completed for the Site, and indicated that the project reaches were performing within established success criteria ranges as shown below. No significant bank erosion was recorded. In addition, no aggradation or degradation of the bed was noted. Due to contracting issues, no baseline data was collected for this project. Although there are no baseline cross-sections to compare with Year 1 (2012) measurements, the channel exhibits no signs of sloughing or erosion, and 2012 cross sections should serve as an adequate baseline for the remaining monitoring period.

Stream Success Criteria (from approved Restoration Plan 2008):

- Success is defined as the documentation of no substantial aggradation or degradation of the channel or banks.
- Downcutting, deposition, bank erosion and an increase in sands or finer substrate material must be documented for assessment by the regulatory agencies.
- Comparison of the existing conditions BEHI values with the BEHI values computed after vegetation is established will indicate bank stabilization trajectories.
- A minimum of two bankfull events must occur in separate years within the five-year monitoring.

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in tables and figures within this report's appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly the Restoration Plan) documents available on EEPs website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.

## 2.0 METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Vegetation Assessment

Twelve vegetation plots were established and marked after construction with four-foot metal U-bar post demarking the corners with a ten foot, three-quarter inch PVC at the origin. The plots are 10 meters square and are located randomly within the Site. These plots were surveyed in September for the Year 1 (2012) monitoring season using the *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2* (Lee et al. 2008) (<http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm>); results are included in Appendix C. The taxonomic standard for vegetation used for this document was *Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and Surrounding Areas* (Weakley 2007).

### 2.2 Stream Assessment

Annual stream monitoring was conducted in September 2012. Fourteen permanent cross-sections, eight riffle and six pool, were established and will be used to evaluate stream dimension; locations are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B). Cross-sections are permanently monumented with 4-foot metal garden posts at each end point. Cross-sections will be surveyed to provide a detailed measurement of the stream and banks including points on the adjacent floodplain, top of bank, bankfull, breaks in slope, edge of water, and thalweg. Data will be used to calculate width-depth ratios, entrenchment ratios, and bank height ratios for each cross-section. In addition, photographs will be taken and pebble counts will be conducted at each permanent cross-section location annually.

Two monitoring reaches were established (the unnamed tributary and Greenbrier Creek) and will be used to evaluate longitudinal profile; locations are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B). Longitudinal profile measurements will include average water surface slopes and facet slopes and pool-to-pool spacing.

Measurement of channel pattern (belt-width, meander length, and radius of curvature) was proposed for Year 1 (2012); however, the design channel was developed at a sinuosity of 1.0, resulting in no measurable meander bends, belt widths, or radius of curvature. Two crest gauges were installed onsite; one on the unnamed tributary and one on Greenbrier Creek, upstream of the confluence. These will be used to document bankfull events throughout the monitoring period. Additionally, thirty one permanent photo points were established throughout the restoration reach (14 cross sections, 12 vegetation plots, and 5 fixed station photo). Photographs are included in the Appendices.

### 3.0 REFERENCES

- Lee, Michael T., R.K. Peet, S.D. Roberts, and T.R. Wentworth. 2008. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2. (online). Available: <http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm>.
- Weakley, Alan S. 2007. Flora of the Carolinas, Virginia, Georgia, and Surrounding Areas (online). Available: <http://www.herbarium.unc.edu/WeakleysFlora.pdf> [February 1, 2008]. University of North Carolina Herbarium, North Carolina Botanical Garden, University of North Carolina, Chapel Hill, North Carolina.
- Weather Underground. 2012. Station at Mount Vernon Springs, Siler City, North Carolina. (online). Available: [www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/WXDailyHistory.asp?ID=KNCSILER5](http://www.wunderground.com/weatherstation/WXDailyHistory.asp?ID=KNCSILER5) [February 15, 2012]. Weather Underground.

## APPENDIX A

### PROJECT VICINITY MAP AND BACKGROUND TABLES

Figure 1. Vicinity Map

Table 1. Project Restoration Components

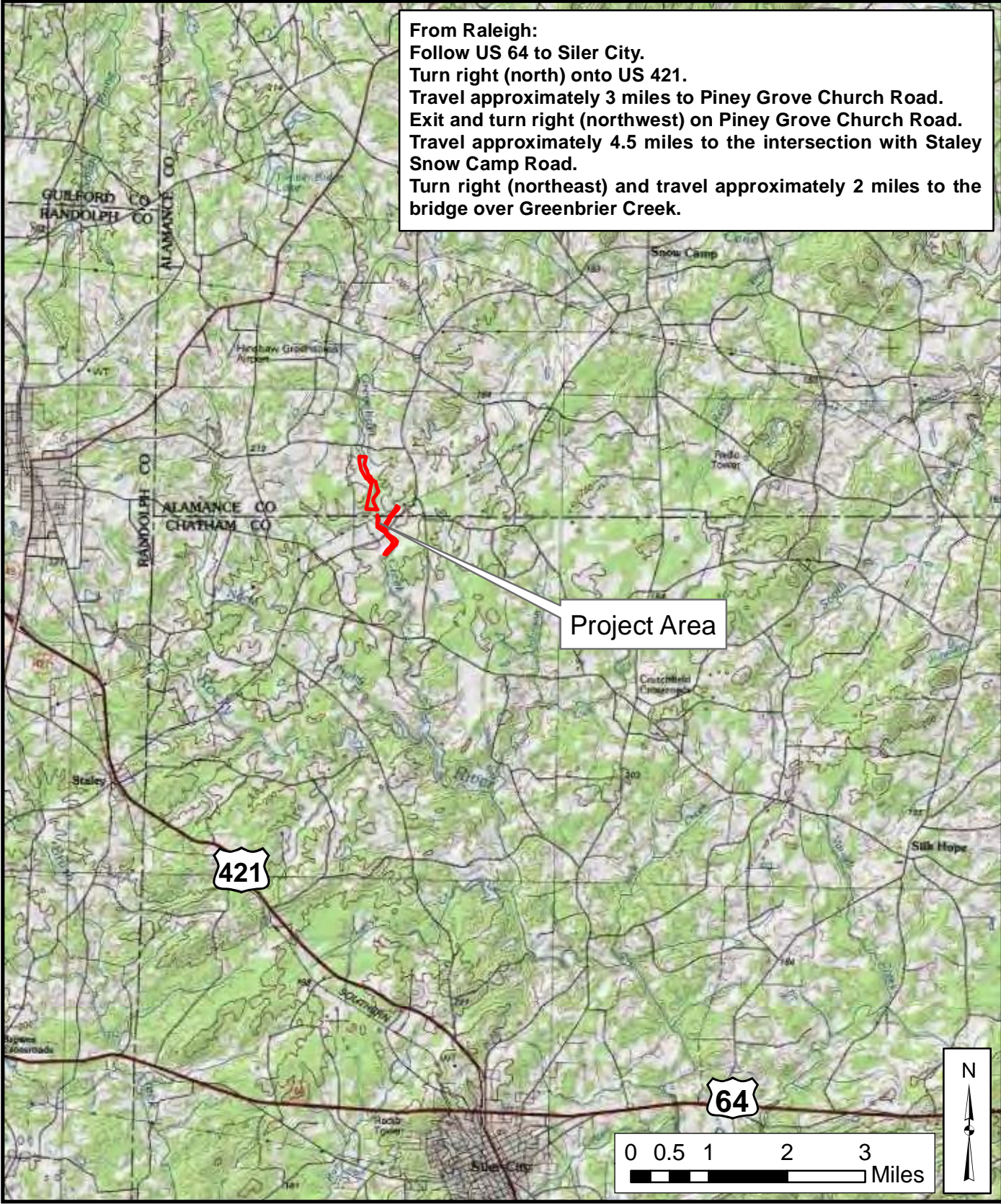
Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Table 4. Project Attributes Table



From Raleigh:  
 Follow US 64 to Siler City.  
 Turn right (north) onto US 421.  
 Travel approximately 3 miles to Piney Grove Church Road.  
 Exit and turn right (northwest) on Piney Grove Church Road.  
 Travel approximately 4.5 miles to the intersection with Staley Snow Camp Road.  
 Turn right (northeast) and travel approximately 2 miles to the bridge over Greenbrier Creek.



**SITE LOCATION MAP**  
**GREENBRIER SITE**  
**EPP PROJECT NUMBER 671**  
**Alamance County, North Carolina**

Dwn. by:	KRJ
Date:	Jan 2013
Project:	12-004.09

FIGURE  
1



**Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits  
Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

Mitigation Credits							
Type	Stream			Riparian Wetland			Buffer
	Restoration	Restoration Equivalent		Restoration	Restoration Equivalent		
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2974</b>	<b>891</b>		<b>--</b>	<b>1.4 WMU</b>		<b>330,164</b>
Projects Components							
Project Component/ Reach ID	Station Range	Existing Linear Footage/ Acreage	Priority Approach	Restoration/ Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Linear Footage/ Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Comment
Greenbrier Mainstem Upstream of Bridge		659	PIII	R	670	1:1.5	
Greenbrier Mainstem Downstream of Bridge		1966	PIII	R	1945	1:1.5	
UT Upstream of Culvert		1180	PIII	R	1129	1:1.5	
UT Downstream of Culvert		749	PIII	R	717	1:1.5	
Greenbrier Mainstem		4455	Preservation	RE	4455	5:1	
Component Summation							
Restoration Level			Stream (linear footage)		Riparian Wetland (acres)		Buffer (square footage)
Restoration			--		--		330,164
Enhancement (Level I)			4461		--		--
Preservation			4455		6.93		
<b>Totals</b>			<b>8916</b>		6.93		--
<b>Mitigation Units</b>			<b>3865 SMUs</b>		<b>1.4 WMU</b>		--

**Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History  
Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

**Elapsed Time Since Grading Complete: 1 year 7 months**

**Elapsed Time Since Planting Complete: 1 year 7 months**

**Number of Reporting Years: 1**

<b>Activity or Deliverable</b>	<b>Data Collection Complete</b>	<b>Completion or Delivery</b>
Restoration Plan		October 2008
Final Design – Construction Plans		April 28, 2010
Construction		January 25, 2011
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area		February 1, 2011
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area		February 1, 2011
Containerized and bare root plantings for entire reach		February 8, 2011
As-built construction drawings		April 2011
Supplemental Planting of bare root and 1 gallon trees		February 14, 2012
Year 1 Monitoring (2012)	September 2012	February 2013
Year 2 Monitoring (2013)		
Year 3 Monitoring (2014)		
Year 4 Monitoring (2015)		

**Table 3. Project Contacts Table  
Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

<b>Designer</b>	Biohabitats, Inc. 8218 Creedmoor Road, Suite 200 Raleigh, NC 27613 Kevin Nunnery 919-518-0311
<b>Construction, Planting, and Seeding Contractor</b>	Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc. Mount Airy, NC Stephen James 919-921-1116
<b>Seed Mix Source</b>	Green Source Colfax, NC Rodney Montgomery
<b>As-Built Construction Drawings</b>	Biohabitats, Inc. 8218 Creedmoor Road, Suite 200 Raleigh, NC 27613 Kevin Nunnery 919-518-0311
<b>Years 1-5 Monitoring Performers</b>	Axiom Environmental, Inc. 218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, NC 27603 Grant Lewis 919-215-1693

**Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes  
Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

<b>Project Information</b>				
Project Name	Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site			
Project County	Alamance and Chatham			
Project Area (Acres)	50.48			
Project Coordinates (Lat/Long – NAD83)	-79.48 89 50N, 35.84 01 17E			
<b>Project Watershed Summary Information</b>				
Physiographic Region	Piedmont			
Ecoregion	Carolina Slate Belt			
Project River Basin	Cape Fear			
USGS 8-digit HUC	03030003			
USGS 14-digit HUC	03030003070010			
NCDWQ Subbasin	03-06-12			
Project Drainage Area (Sq. Mi.)	5.01			
Project Drainage Area Impervious Surface	<5%			
Watershed Type	Rural			
<b>Reach Summary Information</b>				
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Reach 1</b>	<b>Reach 2</b>	<b>Reach 3</b>	<b>Reach 4</b>
Restored/Enhanced Length (Linear Feet)	670	1945	1129	717
Drainage Area (Square Miles)	5.0	5.0	0.3	0.3
NCDWQ Index Number	17-43-5			
NCDWQ Classification	WS-III			
Valley Type/Morphological Description	VIII/C4			
Dominant Soil Series	Chewacla			
Drainage Class	Somewhat poorly drained			
Soil Hydric Status	Nonhydric, may contain hydric Wehadkee inclusions			
Slope	0.0017		0.0099	
FEMA Classification	AE floodplain		AE floodplain	
Native Vegetation Community	Hardwoods		Hardwoods	
Percent Composition of Exotic Invasives	~20		~20	
<b>Regulatory Considerations</b>				
<b>Regulation</b>	<b>Applicable</b>			
Waters of the U.S. –Sections 404 and 401	Yes-Received Appropriate Permits			
Endangered Species Act	No			
Historic Preservation Act	No			
CZMA/CAMA	No			
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Yes			
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No			

APPENDIX B  
VISUAL ASSESSMENT DATA

Figure 2. Current Conditions Plan View

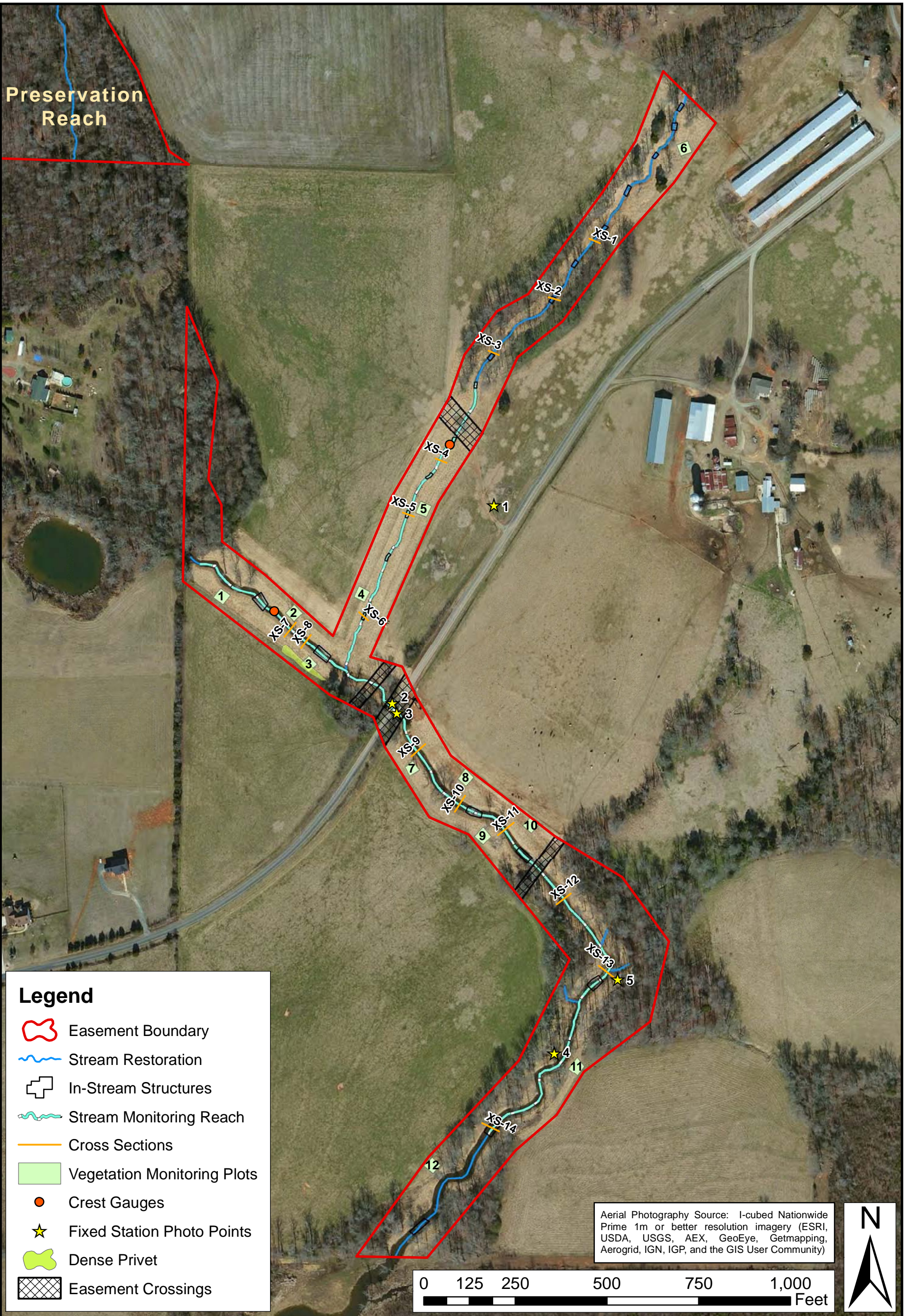
Site Fixed-Station Photographs

Vegetation Monitoring Plot Photographs

Tables 5a-5b. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment

Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment





MONITORING PLAN VIEW  
 GREENBRIER CREEK STREAM RESTORATION SITE  
 EEP PROJECT NUMBER 671  
 Alamance and Chatham Counties, North Carolina

Dwn. by:	KRJ
Date:	Jan. 2013
Project:	12-004.09

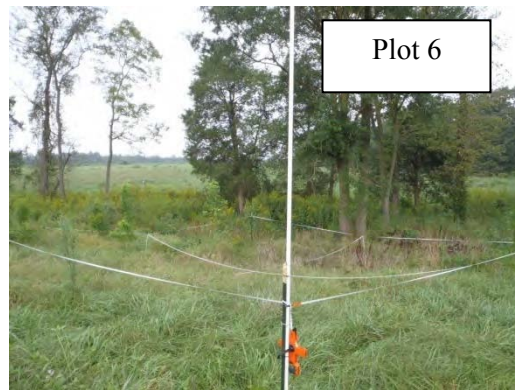
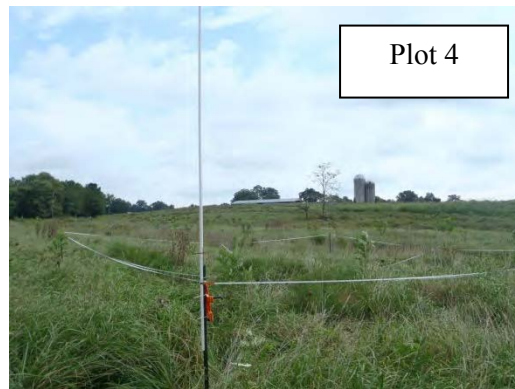
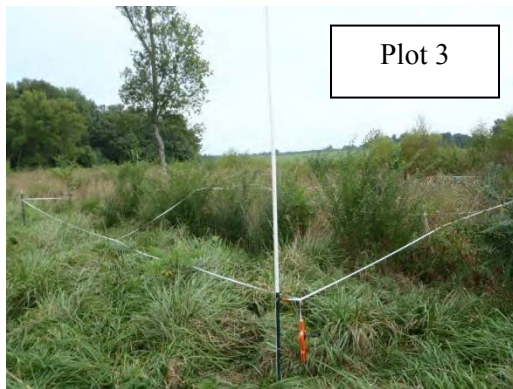
FIGURE  
**2**



**Greenbriar Creek  
Site Fixed-Station Photographs  
Taken September 2012**



**Greenbrier Creek  
Vegetation Monitoring Photographs  
Taken September 2012**





**Greenbrier Creek  
Vegetation Monitoring Photographs  
Taken September 2012  
(continued)**

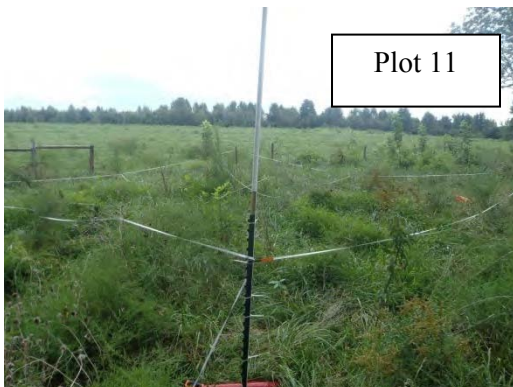
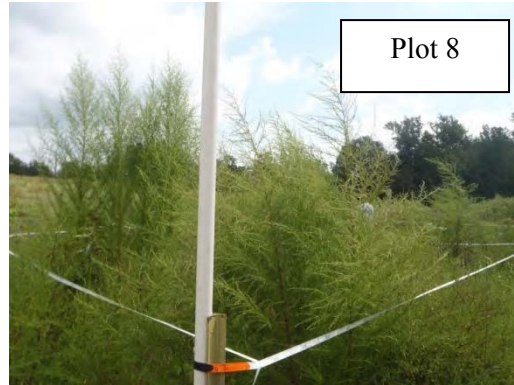




Table 5a  
 Reach ID  
 Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment  
 Greenbriar  
 2235

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	23	23			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	24	24			100%			
		2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	100	100			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	100	100			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	100	100			100%			
	<b>Totals</b>					0	0			
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	0	0			0%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			0%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			0%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	0	0			0%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	0	0			0%			

Table 5b  
Reach ID  
Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment  
Greenbriar UT1  
867

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	35	35			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	36	36			100%			
		2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	100	100			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	100	100			100%			
		2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)	100	100	100%					
	<b>Totals</b>									
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%			100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%			100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%			100%
<b>Totals</b>										
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	1	1			0%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	0	0			0%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	0	0			0%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	0	0			0%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	0	0			0%			

Greenbrier

**Table 6** **Vegetation Condition Assessment**

**Planted Acreage<sup>1</sup>** **16.5**

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of planted woody and herbaceous material on stream banks	0.1 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on visual observations and MY3 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
<b>Total</b>					0.00	0.0%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
<b>Cumulative Total</b>				0	0.00	0.0%

**Easement Acreage<sup>2</sup>** **50.48**

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern <sup>4</sup>	Microstegium, tall fescue, multiflora rose, Chinese privet, Chinese lespedeza	1000 SF	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas <sup>3</sup>	Microstegium encroachment	none	N/A	0	0.00	0.0%

<sup>1</sup> = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

<sup>2</sup> = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

<sup>3</sup> = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

<sup>4</sup> = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern species are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by EEP such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likely trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in *red italics* are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly early in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolizing invasives polygons, particularly for situations where the condition for an area is somewhere between isolated specimens and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the narrative section of the executive summary.

APPENDIX C  
VEGETATION PLOT DATA

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

Table 9. Planted Stems by Plot and Species



**Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment  
Greenbrier Creek Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

Vegetation Plot ID	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Tract Mean
1*	Yes	83%
2*	Yes	
3*	Yes	
4*	Yes	
5*	No	
6	No	
7*	Yes	
8	Yes	
9*	Yes	
10	Yes	
11*	Yes	
12*	Yes	

\*These vegetation plots (Plots 1-5, 7, 9, and 11-12) are located entirely within riparian buffer credit areas and will be used to document stream mitigation as well as riparian buffer success. Remaining vegetation plots (Plots 6, 8, and 10) are located partially within the riparian buffer credit areas.

**Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata  
Greenbrier Creek Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

<b>Report Prepared By</b>	Corri Faquin
<b>Date Prepared</b>	9/17/2012 17:43
<b>database name</b>	Axiom-EEP-2012-A.mdb
<b>database location</b>	C:\Documents and Settings\pperkinson\Desktop
<b>computer name</b>	PHILLIP-LT
<b>file size</b>	56070144
<b>Metadata</b>	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data.
<b>Proj, planted</b>	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.
<b>Proj, total stems</b>	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year.
<b>Plots</b>	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).
<b>Vigor</b>	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
<b>Vigor by Spp</b>	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
<b>Damage</b>	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.
<b>Damage by Spp</b>	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
<b>Damage by Plot</b>	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
<b>Planted Stems by Plot and Spp</b>	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
<b>ALL Stems by Plot and spp</b>	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species.
<b>PROJECT SUMMARY</b>	
<b>Project Code</b>	671
<b>project Name</b>	Greenbriar Stream
<b>Description</b>	
<b>River Basin</b>	
<b>Required Plots (calculated)</b>	
<b>Sampled Plots</b>	12

**Table 9. Planted Stems by Plot and Species**  
Greenbrier Creek

Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Current Plot Data (MY1 2012)																							
			671-01-0001*			671-01-0002*			671-01-0003*			671-01-0004*			671-01-0005*			671-01-0006			671-01-0007*			671-01-0008		
			PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree	4	4	4	2	2	2										1	1	1				2	2	2
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree																								
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	Shrub																								1
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree																					2	2	2	
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree				1	1	1							1	1	1	1	1	1						
Carya	hickory	Tree													1	1	1									
Celtis occidentalis	common hackberry	Tree																			2	2	2	1	1	1
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	1	1	1																		1	1	1	
Fraxinus americana	white ash	Tree				1	1	1																		
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	3	3	3	5	5	5	13	13	16	5	5	5				1	1	1	4	4	4	3	3	3
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree						1			3						1			1						1
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree			3			4			1															
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree																			1	1	1			
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree				1	1	1																		
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	2	2	2				2	2	2				1	1	1									
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree							1	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	1	2	2	2			
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree							1	1	1															
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree															1									
Salix sericea	silky willow	Shrub										2	2	2												
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree				1	1	1				1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3				3	3	3
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub	1	1	1										1	1	1							1	1	1
<b>Stem count</b>			11	11	14	11	11	16	17	17	24	8	8	8	6	6	8	7	7	8	9	9	17	13	13	15
<b>size (ares)</b>			1			1			1			1			1			1			1			1		
<b>size (ACRES)</b>			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02		
<b>Species count</b>			5	5	6	6	6	8	4	4	6	3	3	3	6	6	8	5	5	6	4	4	5	7	7	9
<b>Stems per ACRE</b>			445.2	445.2	566.6	445.2	445.2	647.5	688	688	971.2	323.7	323.7	323.7	242.8	242.8	323.7	283.3	283.3	323.7	364.2	364.2	688	526.1	526.1	607

**Color for Density**

- Exceeds requirements by 10%
- Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%
- Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%
- Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

\*Plots are documenting stream mitigation as well as stream buffer mitigation.

Table 9. Planted Stems by Plot and Species (continued)

Greenbrier Creek

Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Current Plot Data (MY1 2012)												Annual Means		
			671-01-0009*			671-01-0010			671-01-0011*			671-01-0012*			MY1 (2012)		
			PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T
Acer negundo	boxelder	Tree	2	2	2	2	2	2				5	5	5	18	18	18
Acer rubrum	red maple	Tree												1			1
Baccharis halimifolia	eastern baccharis	Shrub															1
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree													2	2	2
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree													3	3	3
Carya	hickory	Tree													1	1	1
Celtis occidentalis	common hackberry	Tree													3	3	3
Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree				1	1	1	1	1	1				4	4	4
Fraxinus americana	white ash	Tree													1	1	1
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	3	3	3	7	7	7	10	10	10	11	11	11	65	65	68
Juglans nigra	black walnut	Tree			15												30
Liquidambar styraciflua	sweetgum	Tree												1			9
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree							3	3	3	1	1	1	5	5	5
Nyssa	tupelo	Tree													1	1	1
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree							2	2	2	1	1	1	8	8	8
Prunus serotina	black cherry	Tree	2	2	2				1	1	1				8	8	8
Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree													1	1	1
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree															1
Salix sericea	silky willow	Shrub													2	2	2
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree	1	1	1	1	1	1				1	1	1	12	12	12
Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Shrub	1	1	1										4	4	4
<b>Stem count</b>			9	9	24	11	11	11	17	17	17	19	19	21	138	138	183
<b>size (ares)</b>			1			1			1			1			12		
<b>size (ACRES)</b>			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.30		
<b>Species count</b>			5	5	6	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	5	7	16	16	21
<b>Stems per ACRE</b>			364.2	364.2	971.2	445.2	445.2	445.2	688	688	688	768.9	768.9	849.8	465.4	465.4	617.1

Color for Density

- Exceeds requirements by 10%
- Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%
- Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%
- Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

\*Plots are documenting stream mitigation as well as stream buffer mitigation.

APPENDIX D  
STREAM SURVEY DATA

Cross-section Plots

Longitudinal Profile Plots

Substrate Plots

Tables 10a-b. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Tables 11a-b. Monitoring Data







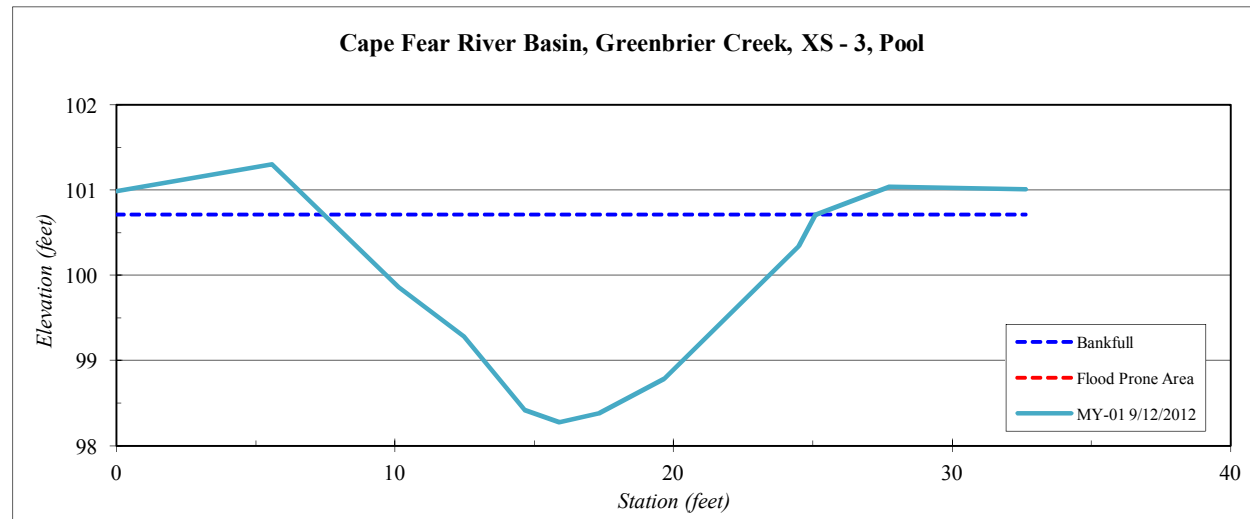
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 3, Pool
<b>Feature</b>	Pool
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
0.00	100.99
5.58	101.30
10.12	99.86
12.48	99.28
14.67	98.42
15.89	98.27
17.34	98.38
19.66	98.78
24.50	100.34
25.08	100.71
27.76	101.04
32.65	101.01

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	100.7
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	24.8
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	17.6
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	NA
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	NA
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	2.4
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.4
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	E
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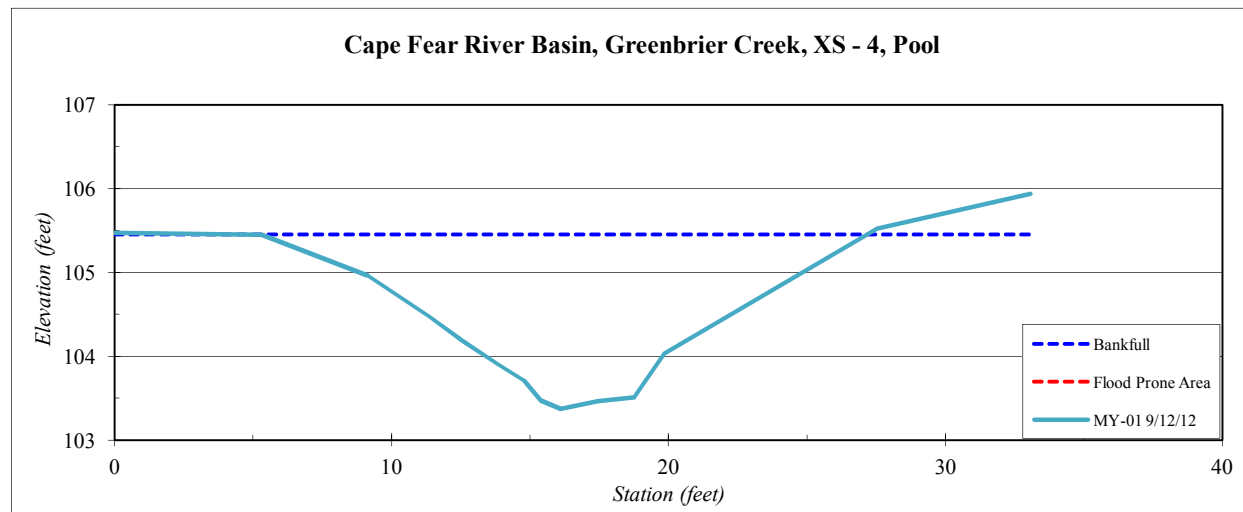
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 4, Pool
<b>Feature</b>	Pool
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
0.0	105.5
5.3	105.4
9.1	105.0
11.4	104.5
12.6	104.2
13.9	103.9
14.8	103.7
15.4	103.5
16.1	103.4
17.4	103.5
18.8	103.5
19.9	104.0
27.6	105.5
33.1	105.9

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	105.5
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	22.3
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	23.1
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	NA
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	NA
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	2.1
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.0
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	C/E
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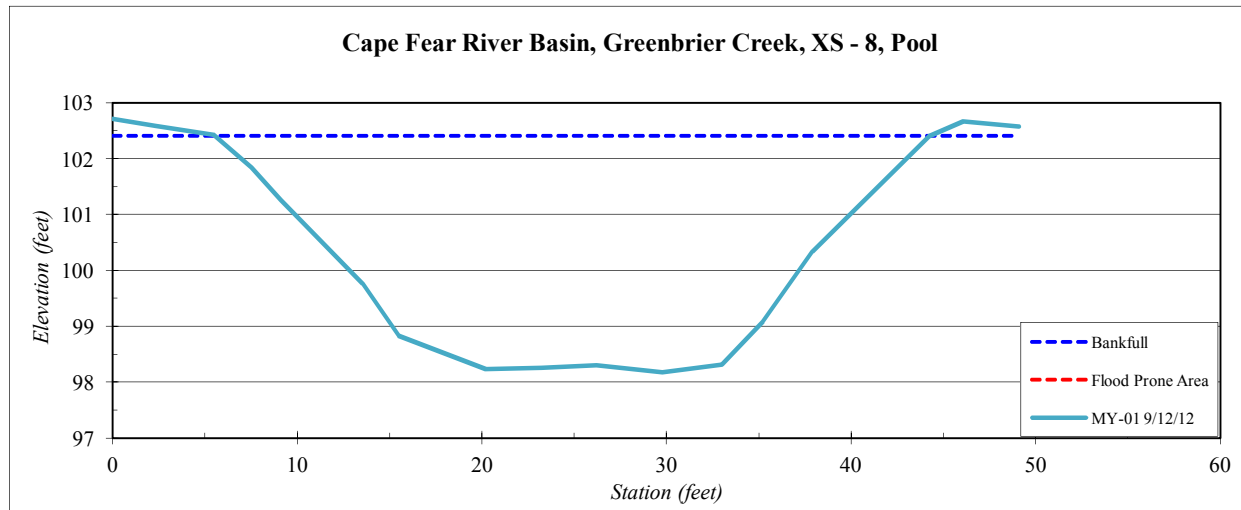
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 8, Pool
<b>Feature</b>	Pool
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan



Station	Elevation
0.0	102.7
2.3	102.6
5.5	102.4
7.5	101.8
9.1	101.3
13.5	99.8
15.5	98.8
20.2	98.2
23.2	98.3
26.2	98.3
29.8	98.2
33.0	98.3
35.2	99.1
37.9	100.3
44.2	102.4
46.1	102.7
49.1	102.6

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	102.4
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	109.8
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	38.7
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	NA
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	NA
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	4.2
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	2.8
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0

<b>Stream Type</b>	C/E
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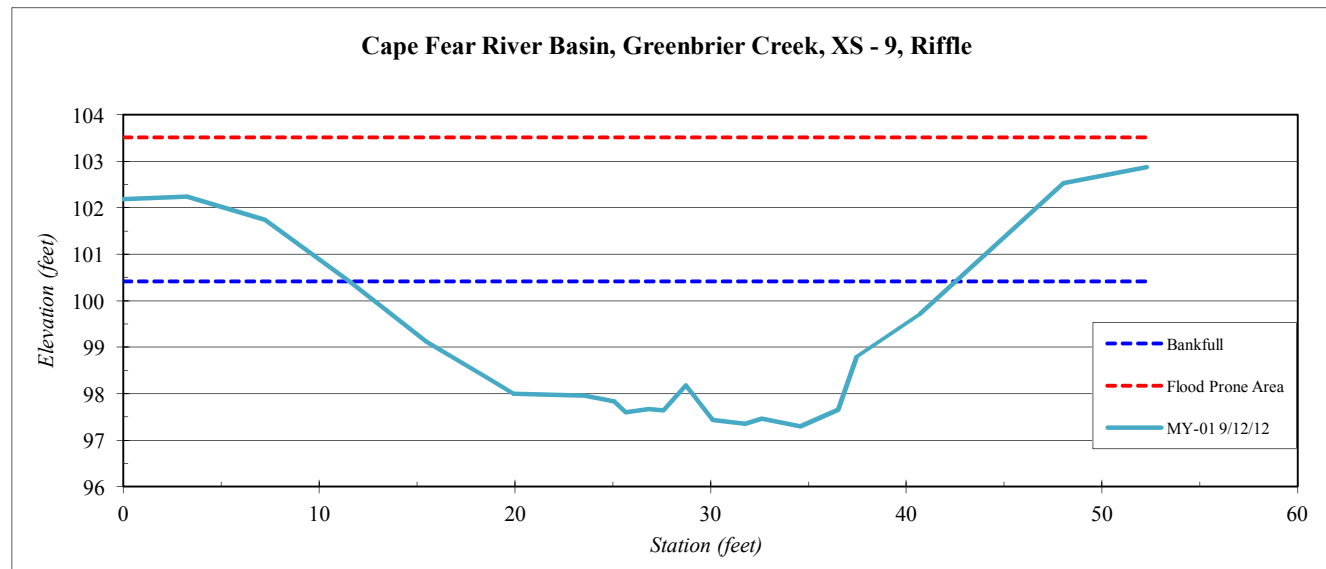
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 9, Riffle
<b>Feature</b>	Riffle
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan



Station	Elevation
0.00	102.19
3.26	102.24
7.23	101.74
11.55	100.41
15.47	99.11
18.49	98.36
19.90	98.00
23.55	97.97
25.08	97.83
25.66	97.60
26.83	97.67
27.59	97.64
28.73	98.18
30.12	97.43
31.76	97.36
32.6	97.46
34.6	97.31
36.5	97.66
37.5	98.80
40.7	99.71
48.0	102.52
52.3	102.88

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	100.4
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	62.3
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	31.0
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	103.5
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	100.0
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	3.1
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	2.0
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	15.4
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	3.2
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.4

<b>Stream Type</b>	E
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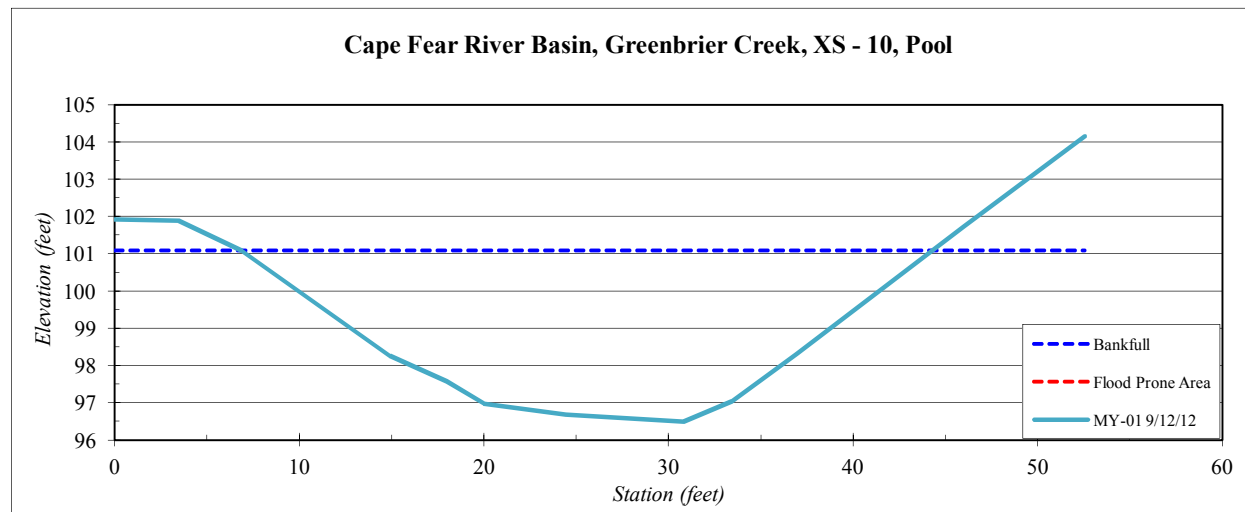
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 10, Pool
<b>Feature</b>	Pool
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan



Station	Elevation
0.0	101.9
3.4	101.9
6.9	101.1
14.9	98.3
18.0	97.6
20.0	97.0
24.4	96.7
30.8	96.5
33.5	97.0
37.0	98.3
46.0	101.7
52.6	104.1

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	101.1
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	109.7
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	37.4
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	NA
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	NA
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	4.6
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	2.9
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0

Stream Type C/E







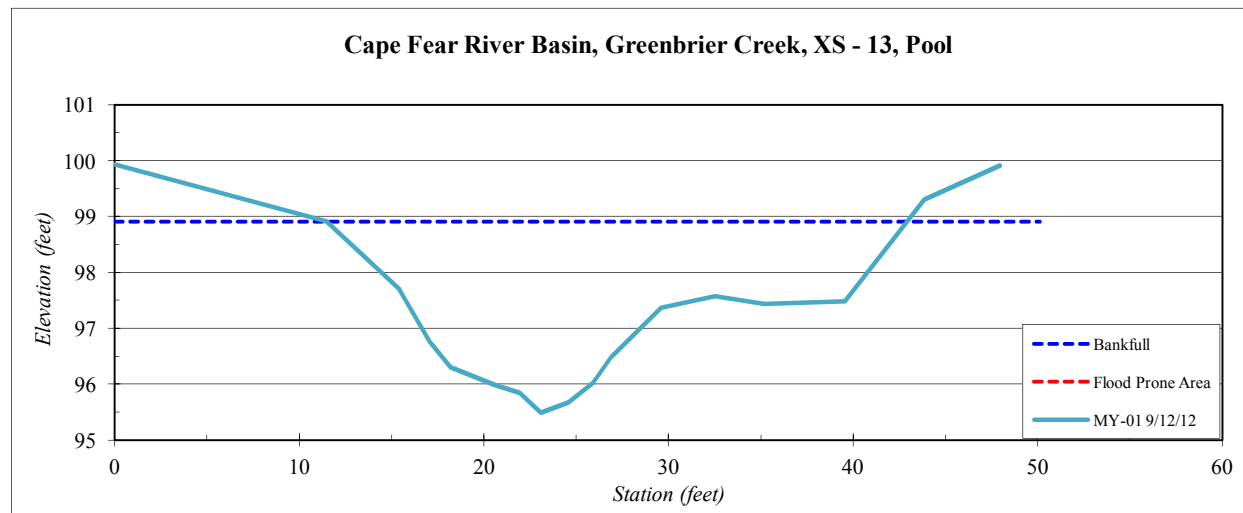
<b>River Basin:</b>	Cape Fear
<b>Watershed:</b>	Greenbrier Creek
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 13, Pool
<b>Feature</b>	Pool
<b>Date:</b>	9/12/2012
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
0.0	99.9
11.5	98.9
15.4	97.7
17.1	96.7
18.2	96.3
20.6	96.0
22.0	95.8
23.1	95.5
24.6	95.7
25.9	96.0
27.0	96.5
29.6	97.4
32.5	97.6
35.2	97.4
39.6	97.5
43.9	99.3
47.9	99.9
50.1	100.0

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	98.9
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	56.0
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	31.5
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	NA
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	NA
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	3.4
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.8
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	NA
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	C/E
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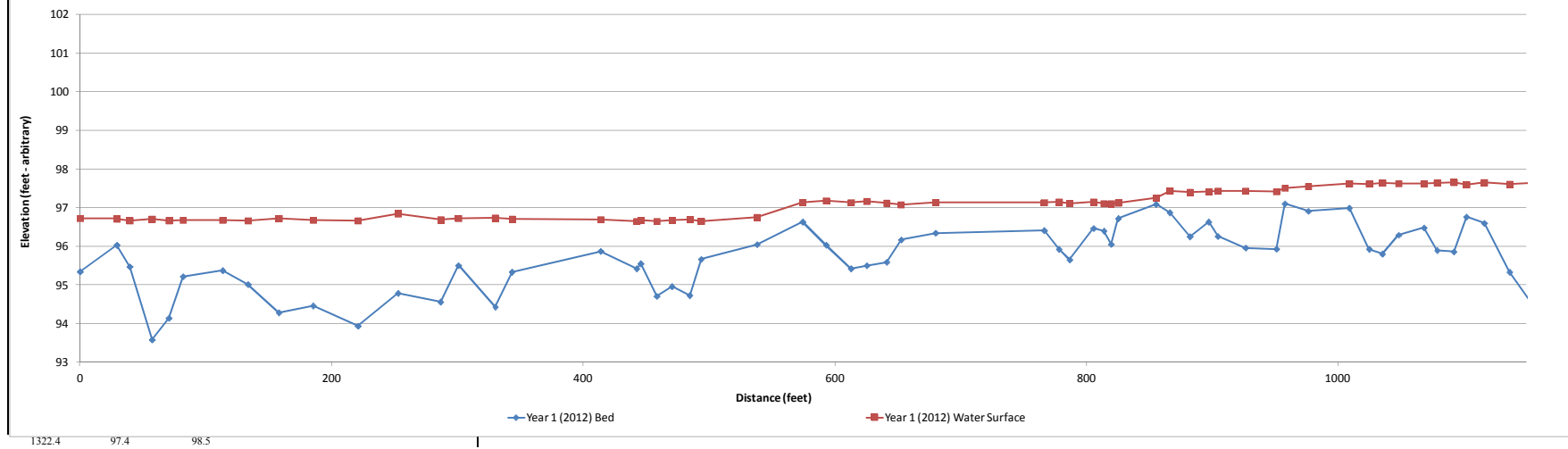




<b>Project Name</b> Greenbrier - Year 1 (2012) Profile											
<b>Reach</b> Main Reach (00+00 - 10+00)											
<b>Feature</b> Profile											
<b>Date</b> 9/12/12											
<b>Crew</b> Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan											
2012 Year 1 Monitoring /Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring /Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring /Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring /Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
0.0	95.3	96.7									
29.2	96.0	96.7									
39.5	95.5	96.7									
57.2	93.6	96.7									
70.6	94.1	96.7									
81.8	95.2	96.7									
113.4	95.4	96.7									
133.5	95.0	96.7									
158.1	94.3	96.7									
185.3	94.5	96.7									
220.9	93.9	96.7									
252.8	94.8	96.8									
286.5	94.6	96.7									
300.7	95.5	96.7									
330.0	94.4	96.7									
343.4	95.3	96.7									
413.8	95.9	96.7									
442.5	95.4	96.6									
445.7	95.5	96.7									
458.4	94.7	96.6									
470.5	95.0	96.7									
484.7	94.7	96.7									
493.7	95.7	96.7									
538.1	96.0	96.7									
574.4	96.6	97.1									
593.1	96.0	97.2									
612.9	95.4	97.1									

Avg. Water Surface Slope	2012	2013	2014	2015
Riffle Length	0.0017			
Avg. Riffle Slope	29			
Pool Length	0.0050			
Avg. Pool Slope	18			
	0.0000			

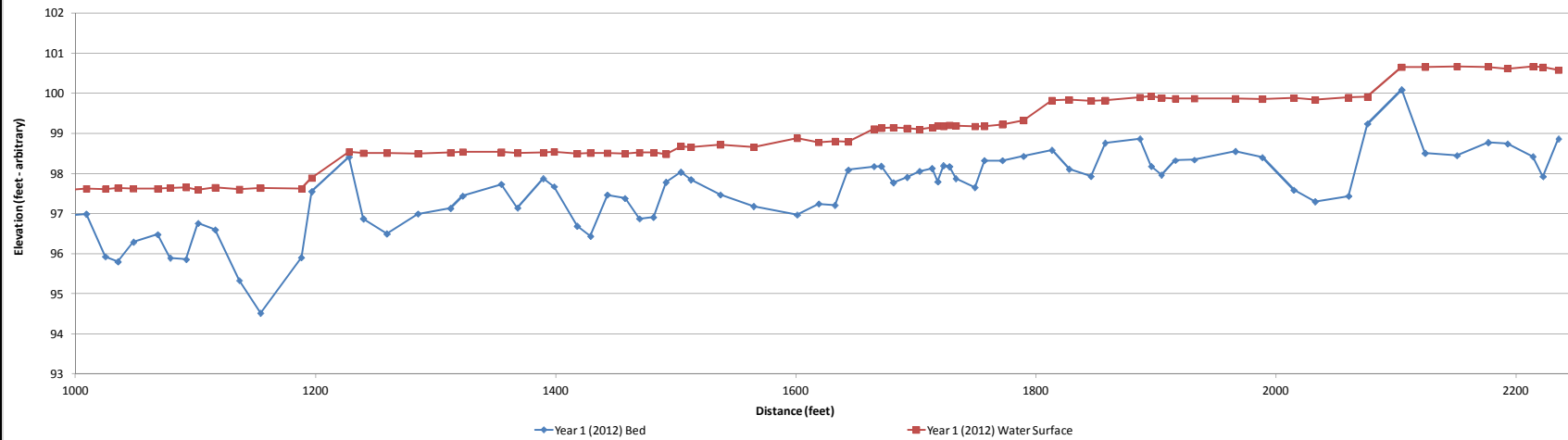
Greenbrier Year 1 (2012) Profile - Reach 00+00 to 10+00



<b>Project Name</b>	Greenbrier - Year 1 (2012) Profile										
<b>Reach</b>	Main Reach (10+00 - 22+50)										
<b>Feature</b>	Profile										
<b>Date</b>	9/12/12										
<b>Crew</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan										
2012 Year 1 Monitoring /Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring /Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring /Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring /Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation
0.0	95.3	96.7									
29.2	96.0	96.7									
39.5	95.5	96.7									
57.2	93.6	96.7									
70.6	94.1	96.7									
81.8	95.2	96.7									
113.4	95.4	96.7									
133.5	95.0	96.7									
158.1	94.3	96.7									
185.3	94.5	96.7									
220.9	93.9	96.7									
252.8	94.8	96.8									
286.5	94.6	96.7									
300.7	95.5	96.7									
330.0	94.4	96.7									
343.4	95.3	96.7									
413.8	95.9	96.7									
442.5	95.4	96.6									
445.7	95.5	96.7									
458.4	94.7	96.6									
470.5	95.0	96.7									
484.7	94.7	96.7									
493.7	95.7	96.7									
538.1	96.0	96.7									
574.4	96.6	97.1									
593.1	96.0	97.2									
612.9	95.4	97.1									

Avg. Water Surface Slope	2012	2013	2014	2015
Riffle Length	0.0017			
Avg. Riffle Slope	29			
Pool Length	0.0050			
Avg. Pool Slope	18			
	0.0000			

Greenbrier Year 1 (2012) Profile - Reach 10+00 to 22+50



1322.4      97.4      98.5

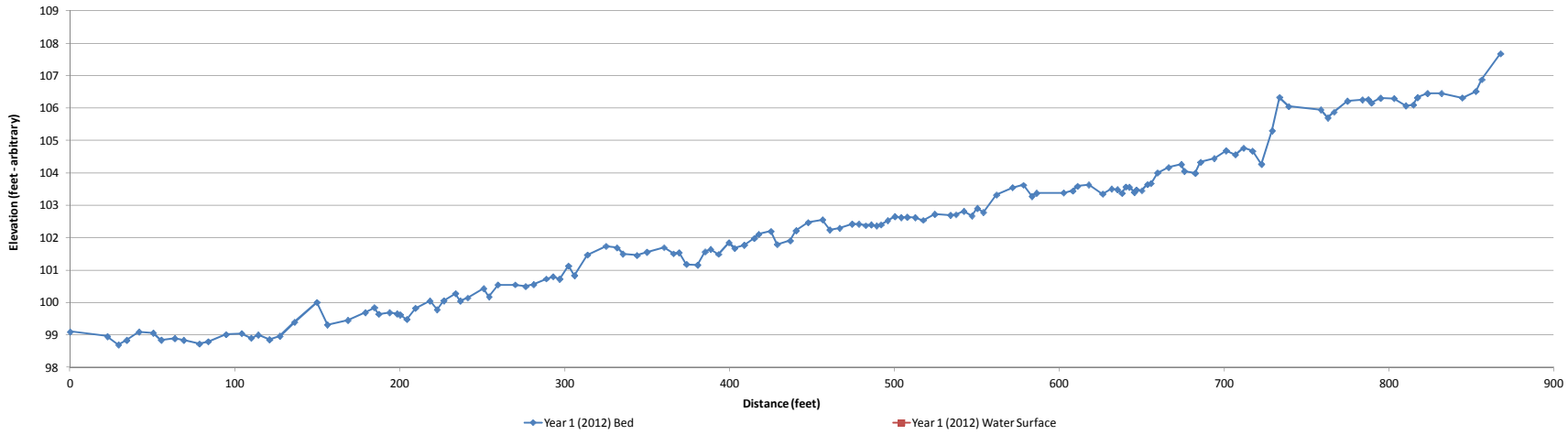


<b>Project Name</b>	Greenbrier - Year 1 (2012) Profile								
<b>Reach</b>	Unnamed Tributary (00+00 - 09+00)								
<b>Feature</b>	Profile								
<b>Date</b>	9/12/12								
<b>Crew</b>	Perkinson, Dean, Jernigan								
	<b>2012</b>		<b>2013</b>		<b>2014</b>		<b>2015</b>		
	<b>Year 1 Monitoring /Survey</b>		<b>Year 2 Monitoring /Survey</b>		<b>Year 3 Monitoring /Survey</b>		<b>Year 4 Monitoring /Survey</b>		
	<b>Station</b>	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	<b>Water Elevation</b>	<b>Station</b>	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	<b>Water Elevation</b>	<b>Station</b>	<b>Bed Elevation</b>	<b>Water Elevation</b>
	0.0	99.1							
	22.6	99.0							
	29.3	98.7							
	34.3	98.8							
	41.7	99.1							
	50.4	99.1							
	55.2	98.8							
	63.4	98.9							
	68.8	98.8							
	78.3	98.7							
	83.7	98.8							
	94.5	99.0							
	104.0	99.0							
	109.8	98.9							
	114.0	99.0							
	120.8	98.9							
	127.2	99.0							
	136.1	99.4							
	149.6	100.0							
	156.0	99.3							
	168.5	99.5							
	178.9	99.7							
	184.5	99.8							
	187.1	99.6							
	193.7	99.7							
	198.3	99.7							
	200.1	99.6							

<b>Avg. Water Surface Slope</b>	<b>2012*</b>	<b>2013</b>	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
<b>Riffle Length</b>	---			
<b>Avg. Riffle Slope</b>	---			
<b>Pool Length</b>	9			
<b>Avg. Pool Slope</b>	---			

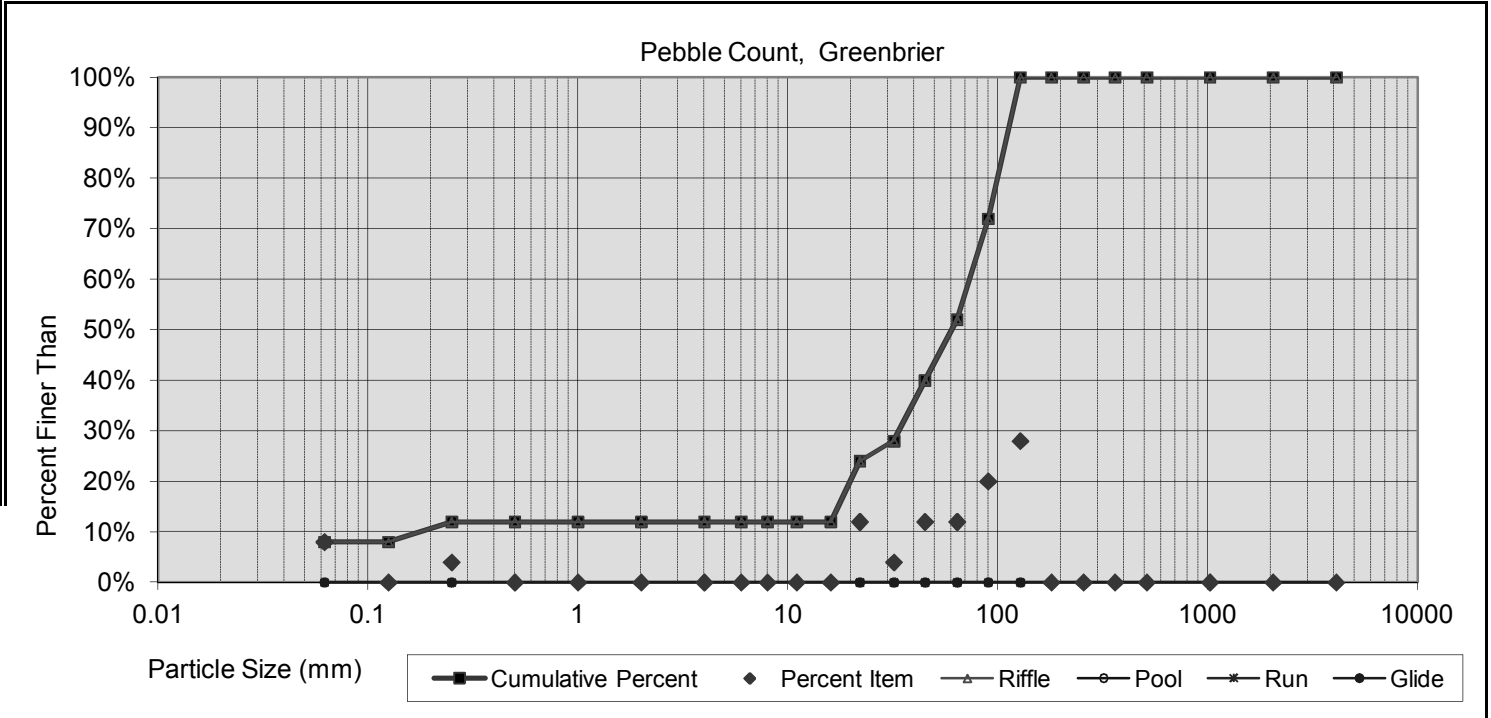
\* No water in channel during field measurements.

Greenbrier Year 1 (2012) Profile - Unnamed Tributary 00+00 to 09+00



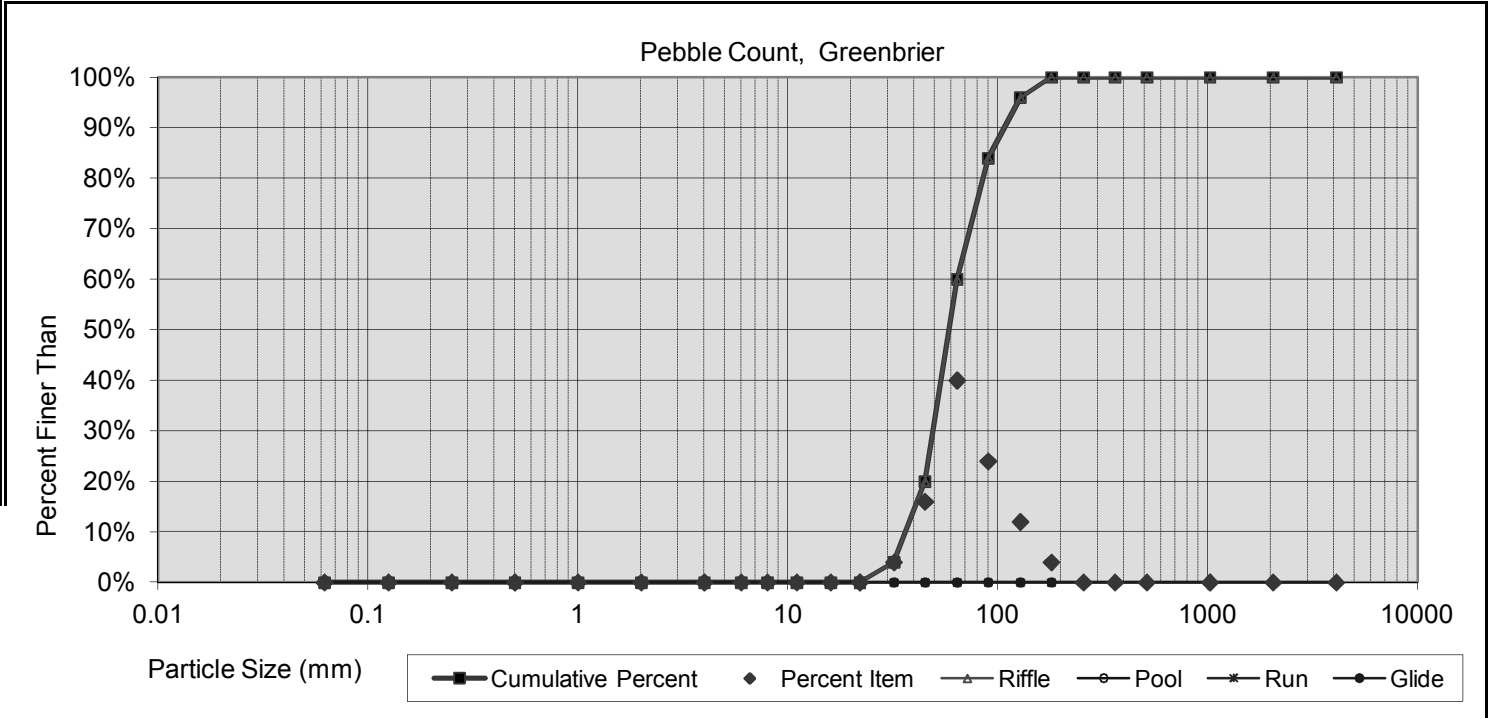
425.0 102.2

Pebble Count,	
Greenbrier	
---	
---	
Note:	<b>Cross Section 2</b>



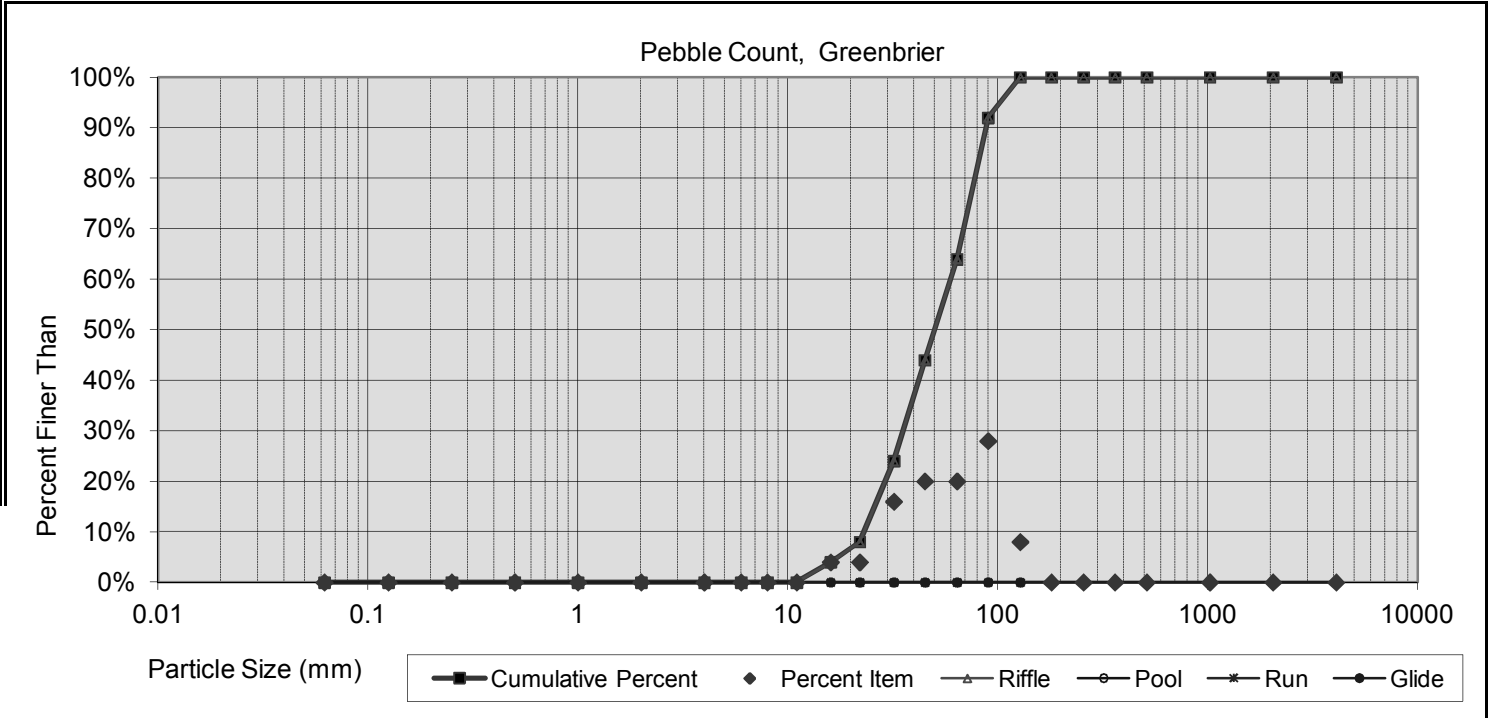
Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
17.792	39.04	60.4	105	120	8%	4%	40%	48%	0%	0%

	Pebble Count,
	Greenbrier
	---
	---
Note:	<b>Cross Section 5</b>



Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
41.323	51.35	58.6	90	124	0%	0%	60%	40%	0%	0%

Pebble Count,	
Greenbrier	
---	
---	
Note:	<b>Cross Section 6</b>

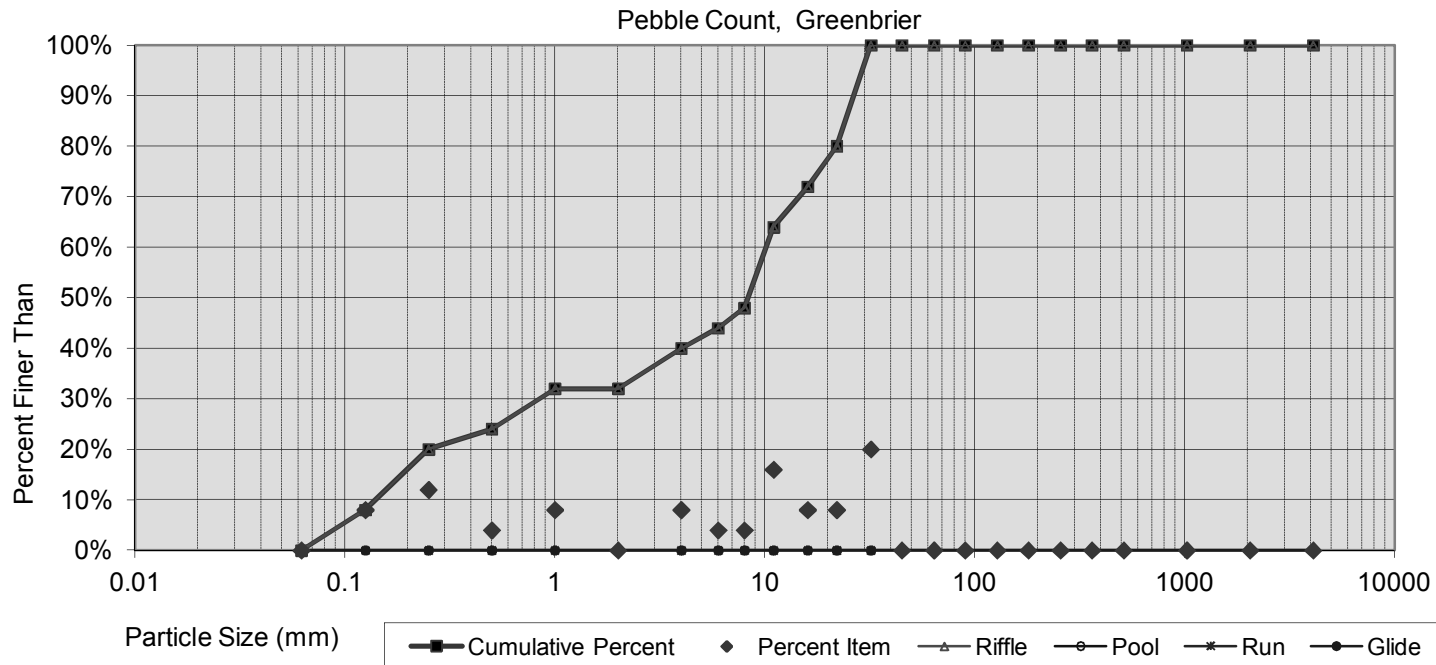


Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
26.533	38.60	50.0	82	103	0%	0%	64%	36%	0%	0%

Pebble Count,

Greenbrier

Note: **Cross Section 7**



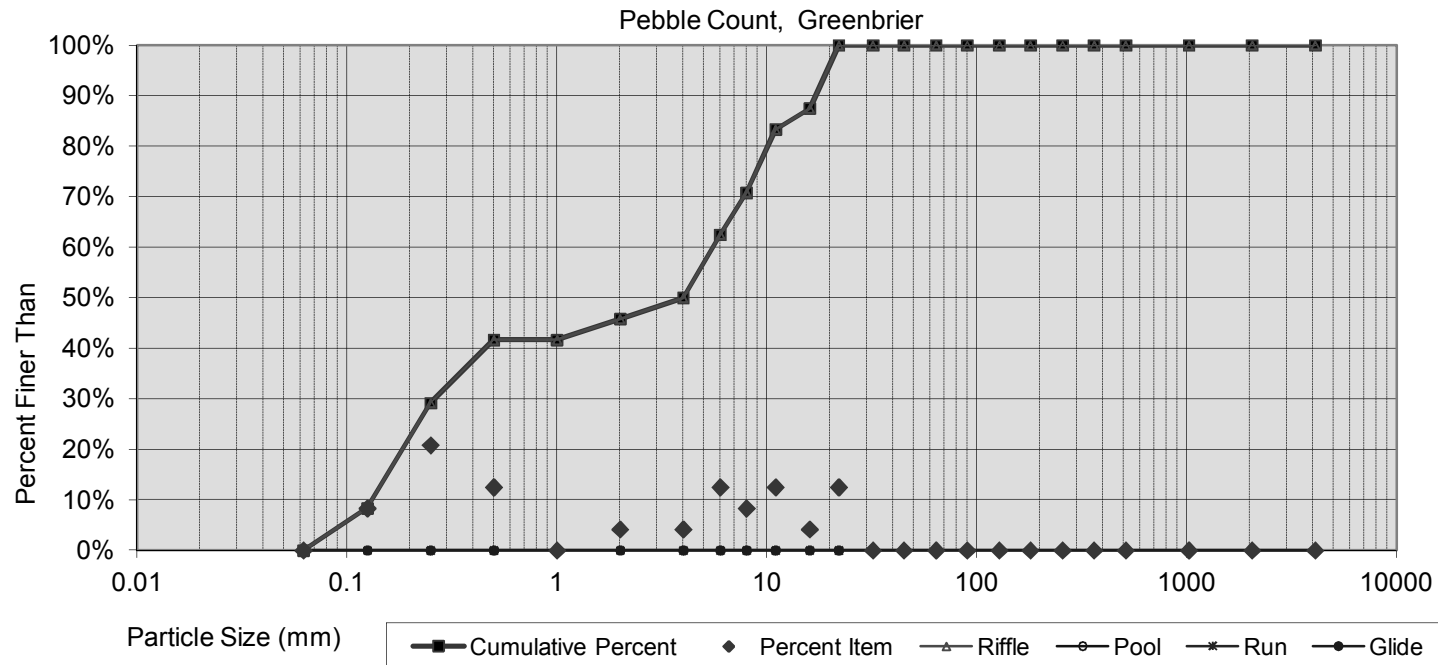
Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
0.198	2.59	8.3	24	29	0%	32%	68%	0%	0%	0%



Pebble Count,

Greenbrier

Note: **Cross Section 10**

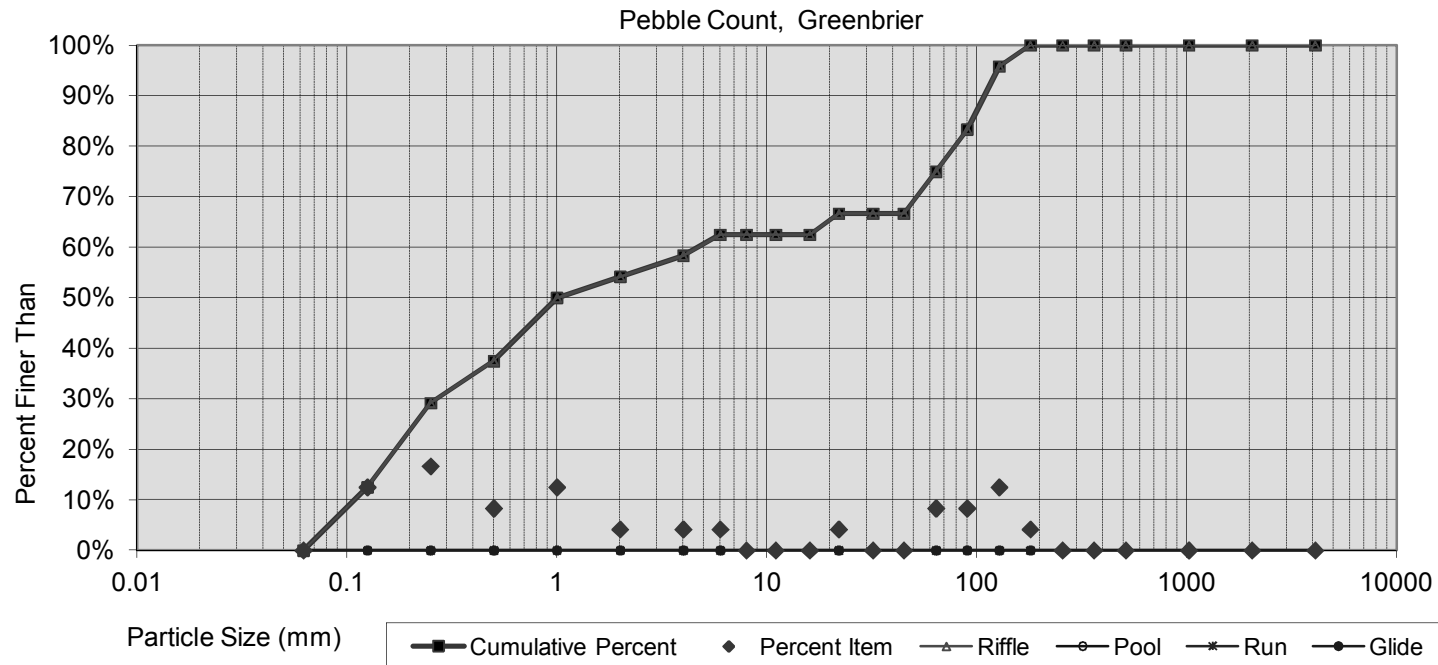


Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
0.161	0.35	4.0	12	19	0%	46%	54%	0%	0%	0%

Pebble Count,

Greenbrier

Note: **Cross Section 11**

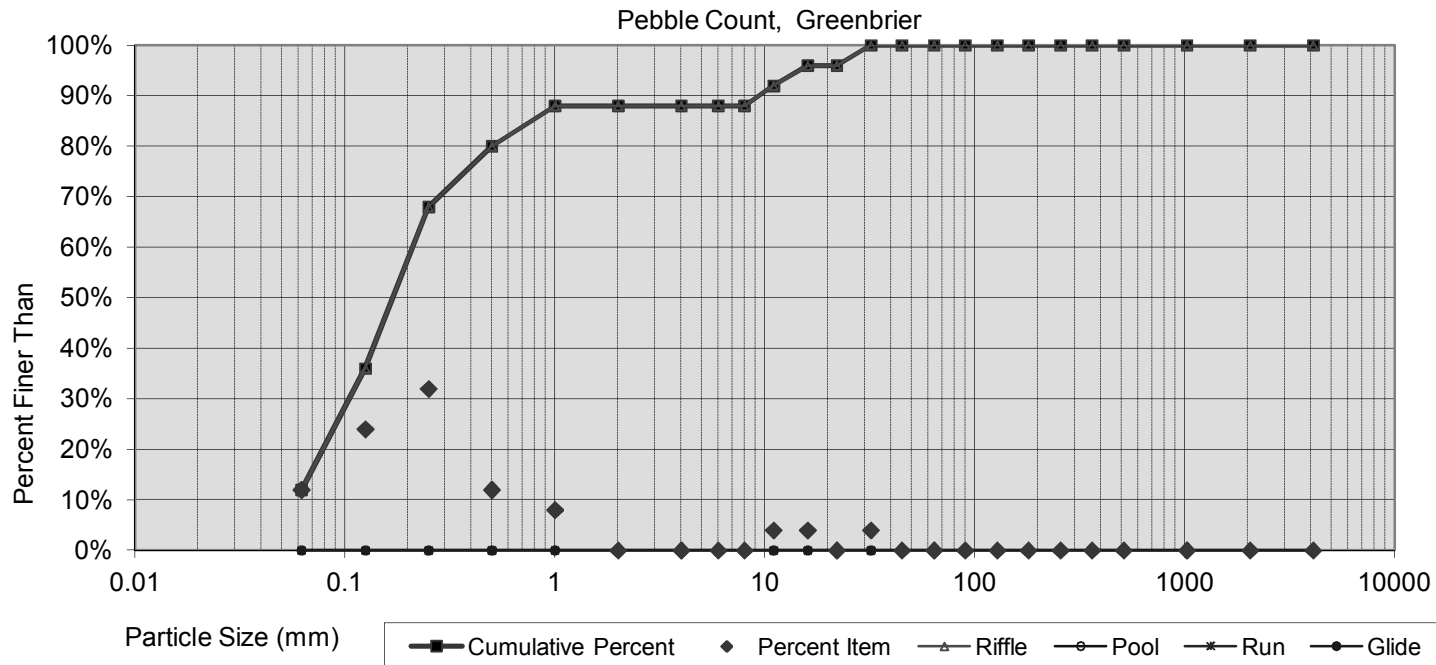


Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
0.145	0.41	1.0	92	125	0%	54%	21%	25%	0%	0%

Pebble Count,

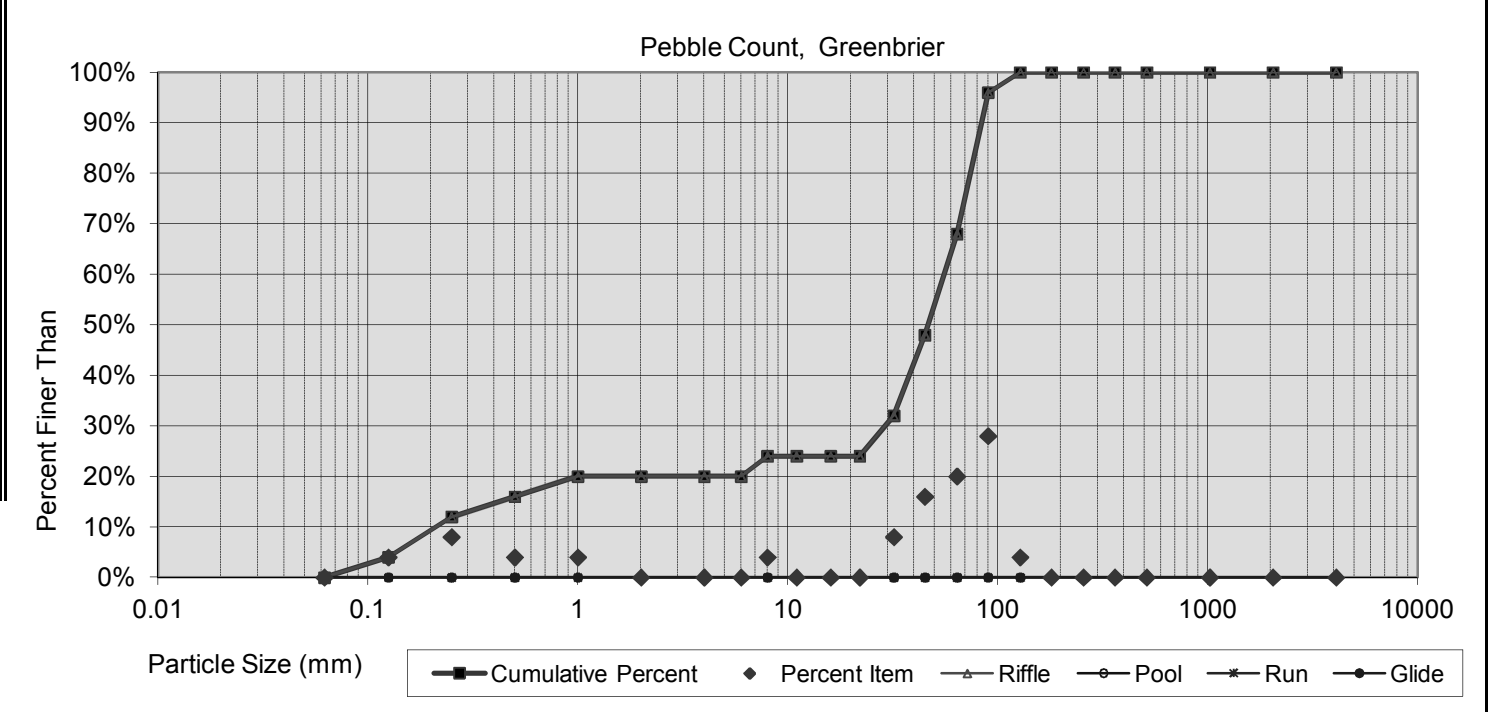
Greenbrier

Note: **Cross Section 12**



Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
0.070	0.12	0.2	1	15	12%	76%	12%	0%	0%	0%

	Pebble Count,
	Greenbrier
	---
	---
Note:	<b>Cross Section 14</b>



Size percent less than (mm)					Percent by substrate type					
D16	D35	D50	D84	D95	silt/clay	sand	gravel	cobble	boulder	bedrock
0.500	34.11	46.6	78	89	0%	20%	48%	32%	0%	0%







**Table 10a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections)**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Cross Section 1 - UT							Cross Section 2 - UT							Cross Section 3 - UT							Cross Section 4 - UT						
	Pool							Riffle							Pool							Pool						
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		15.7							14.5							17.6							23.1					
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		NA							100.0							NA							NA					
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.2							0.8							1.4							1.0					
BF Max Depth (ft)		2.3							1.2							2.4							2.1					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		19.6							12.0							24.8							22.3					
Width/Depth Ratio		NA							17.5							NA							NA					
Entrenchment Ratio		NA							6.9							NA							NA					
Bank Height Ratio		NA							1.0							NA							NA					
d50 (mm)		----							60.4							----							----					

**Table 10b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Baseline					MY-1 (UT)					MY-2					MY-3					MY-4					MY-5					
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	
BF Width (ft)						14.5		14.7	16.5																						
Floodprone Width (ft)								100																							
BF Mean Depth (ft)						0.7		0.8	0.9																						
BF Max Depth (ft)						1.2		1.3	1.5																						
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )						11.9		12.0	12.7																						
Width/Depth Ratio						16.3		18.1	23.6																						
Entrenchment Ratio						6.1		6.6	6.9																						
Bank Height Ratio								1.0																							
<b>Profile - Main Channel</b>																															
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30																					
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071																					
Pool length (ft)						8	33	17	172	37																					
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6																						
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56																					
<b>Profile - Unnamed Tributary (* No Water in Channel During Field Surveys)</b>																															
Riffle length (ft)						2	12	10	32	7																					
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*																					
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36																					
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4																						
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9																					
<b>Pattern</b>																															
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																															
Radius of Curvature (ft)																															
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																															
Meander Wavelength (ft)																															
Meander Width ratio																															
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																															
Rosgen Classification										C-Type																					
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)										868																					
Sinuosity										1.1																					
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)										----																					
BF slope (ft/ft)										----																					
Ri%/RU%/P%/G%/S%						36	17	32	15																						
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																															
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																															
% of Reach with Eroding Banks										0																					
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																															
Biological or Other																															

\* No Water in UT During Field Measurements.

**Table 10a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued)**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Cross Section 5 - UT							Cross Section 6 - UT							Cross Section 7 - Main Tributary						
	Riffle							Riffle							Riffle						
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		16.5							14.7							30.8					
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		100.0							100.0							100.0					
BF Mean Depth (ft)		0.7							0.9							2.3					
BF Max Depth (ft)		1.3							1.5							3.6					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		11.9							12.7							71.8					
Width/Depth Ratio		22.9							17.0							13.4					
Entrenchment Ratio		6.1							6.8							3.2					
Bank Height Ratio		1.0							1.0							1.0					
d50 (mm)		58.6							50.0							8.3					

**Table 10b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary (continued)**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Baseline					MY-1 (UT)					MY-2					MY-3					MY-4					MY-5				
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD
BF Width (ft)						14.5		14.7	16.5																					
Floodprone Width (ft)								100																						
BF Mean Depth (ft)						0.7		0.8	0.9																					
BF Max Depth (ft)						1.2		1.3	1.5																					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )						11.9		12.0	12.7																					
Width/Depth Ratio						16.3		18.1	23.6																					
Entrenchment Ratio						6.1		6.6	6.9																					
Bank Height Ratio								1.0																						
<b>Profile - Main Channel</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071																				
Pool length (ft)						8	33	17	172	37																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6																					
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56																				
<b>Profile - Unnamed Tributary (* No Water in Channel During Field Surveys)</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						2	12	10	32	7																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*																				
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4																					
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9																				
<b>Pattern</b>																														
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																														
Radius of Curvature (ft)																														
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																														
Meander Wavelength (ft)																														
Meander Width ratio																														
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																														
Rosgen Classification																														
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																														
Sinuosity																														
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																														
BF slope (ft/ft)																														
Ri%/RU%/P%/G%/S%						36	17	32	15																					
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																														
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																														
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																														
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																														
Biological or Other																														

\* No Water in UT During Field Measurements.

**Table 10a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued)**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Cross Section 8 - Main Channel							Cross Section 9 - Main Channel							Cross Section 10 - Main Channel							Cross Section 11 - Main Channel						
	Pool							Riffle							Pool							Riffle						
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		38.7							31.0							37.4							27.0					
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		NA							100.0							NA							100.0					
BF Mean Depth (ft)		2.8							2.0							2.9							2.1					
BF Max Depth (ft)		4.2							3.1							4.6							3.0					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		109.8							62.3							109.7							56.0					
Width/Depth Ratio		NA							15.4							NA							13.0					
Entrenchment Ratio		NA							3.2							NA							3.7					
Bank Height Ratio		NA							1.4							NA							1.7					
d50 (mm)		----							4.0							----							1.0					

**Table 10b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary (continued)**

**Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)**

Parameter	Baseline					MY-1 (Main Channel)					MY-2					MY-3					MY-4					MY-5				
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD
BF Width (ft)						27.0		31.0	37.1																					
Floodprone Width (ft)								100																						
BF Mean Depth (ft)						1.6		2.0	2.3																					
BF Max Depth (ft)						2.1		3.1	3.6																					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )						56.0		62.3	71.8																					
Width/Depth Ratio						12.9		15.5	22.9																					
Entrenchment Ratio						2.7		3.2	3.7																					
Bank Height Ratio						1.0		1.0	1.7																					
<b>Profile - Main Channel</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071																				
Pool length (ft)						8	33	17	172	37																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6																					
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56																				
<b>Profile - Unnamed Tributary (* No Water in Channel During Field Surveys)</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						2	12	10	32	7																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*																				
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4																					
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9																				
<b>Pattern</b>																														
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																														
Radius of Curvature (ft)																														
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																														
Meander Wavelength (ft)																														
Meander Width ratio																														
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																														
Rosgen Classification																														
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																														
Sinuosity																														
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																														
BF slope (ft/ft)																														
Ri%/RU%/P%/G%/S%						38	13	35	15																					
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																														
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																														
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																														
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																														
Biological or Other																														

\* No Water in UT During Field Measurements.

Table 10a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters - Cross Sections) (continued)

Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)

Parameter	Cross Section 12 - Main Channel							Cross Section 13 - Main Channel							Cross Section 14 - Main Channel						
	Riffle							Pool							Riffle						
Dimension	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY5+
BF Width (ft)		37.1							31.5							36.7					
Floodprone Width (ft) (approx)		100.0							NA							100.0					
BF Mean Depth (ft)		1.9							1.8							1.6					
BF Max Depth (ft)		3.1							3.4							2.1					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		71.8							56.0							57.3					
Width/Depth Ratio		19.2							NA							23.5					
Entrenchment Ratio		2.7							NA							2.7					
Bank Height Ratio		1.0							NA							1.0					
d50 (mm)		0.2														46.6					

Table 10b. Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary (continued)

Greenbrier Creek (EEP Project Number 671)

Parameter	Baseline					MY-1 (Main Channel)					MY-2					MY-3					MY-4					MY-5				
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD
BF Width (ft)						27.0		31.0	37.1																					
Floodprone Width (ft)								100																						
BF Mean Depth (ft)						1.6		2.0	2.3																					
BF Max Depth (ft)						2.1		3.1	3.6																					
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )						56.0		62.3	71.8																					
Width/Depth Ratio						12.9		15.5	22.9																					
Entrenchment Ratio						2.7		3.2	3.7																					
Bank Height Ratio						1.0		1.0	1.7																					
<b>Profile - Main Channel</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						5	38	29	114	30																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						0.0000	0.0049	0.0024	0.0263	0.0071																				
Pool length (ft)						8	33	17	172	37																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						3.4		4.2	4.6																					
Pool spacing (ft)						26	93	72	260	56																				
<b>Profile - Unnamed Tributary (* No Water in Channel During Field Surveys)</b>																														
Riffle length (ft)						2	12	10	32	7																				
Riffle slope (ft/ft)						NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*																				
Pool length (ft)						4	10	9	25	36																				
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.1		2.3	2.4																					
Pool spacing (ft)						8	23	22	42	9																				
<b>Pattern</b>																														
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																														
Radius of Curvature (ft)																														
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																														
Meander Wavelength (ft)																														
Meander Width ratio																														
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																														
Rosgen Classification																														
Channel Thalweg Length (ft)																														
Sinuosity																														
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																														
BF slope (ft/ft)																														
Ri%/RU%/P%/G%/S%						38	13	35	15																					
SC%/SA%/G%/C%/B%BE%																														
d16/d35/d50/d84/d95																														
% of Reach with Eroding Banks																														
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																														
Biological or Other																														

\* No Water in UT During Field Measurements.

APPENDIX E  
HYDROLOGY DATA

Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events

**Table 12: Verification of Bankfull Events**

**Greenbrier Stream Restoration Site (EEP Project Number 671)**

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo (if available)
9/21/2012	9/18/2012	Visual observations of overbank event including wrack lines and sediment deposition resulting from a 1.78 inch* rainfall event on September 18, 2012 that occurred after numerous rainfall events, within the 3 weeks prior, that totaled 2.34 inches*.	1-3

\* Reported at the Mount Vernon Springs, Siler City, NC weather station (Weather Underground 2012)





APPENDIX F. SUPPLEMENTAL PLANTING

EEP Warranty Letter  
Nursery Plant List-Supplemental Planting  
Contractor Completion Notification



November 8, 2011

Joanne Cheatham  
Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.  
PO Box 1905  
Mount Airy, NC 27030

Kitara A. Smith  
Great American Insurance Company  
580 Walnut Street  
Cincinnati, OH 45202

Re: Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration Site  
SCO # 0406210-02  
Vegetation Warranty Items

Dear Ms. Cheatham:

As stated in the November 8, 2011 letter addressed to you from Ed Hajnos, portions the Greenbrier Creek project site did not meet the vegetation warranty as stated in contract documents. As per SCO contract 0406210-02 Special Provision Section 6.0, bare roots were to be planted at 680 stems per acre, and containerized seedlings at 435 per acre, of those 80% minimum were to survive for one year from Project Acceptance. The warranty period began 2/28/2011 and will expire 2/28/2012.

Field data is summarized below and supplemental information about replant requirements is attached.

### **Vegetation assessment methodology**

Planted vegetation at the Greenbrier Creek site has been assessed once since February 2011 project planting; on September 28, 2011 by the Owner. Data collected during the sampling effort report higher plant mortality than contractually permissible. Warranty replant numbers are based on the data collected. Field methodology and data are described below.

### **September 28, 2011 sampling**

Fourteen (14) vegetation plots were established, each 1,076 sq ft (25m x 4m) in Zone 4 of the original planting plan. All planted bare root and shrubs present within the plot were counted towards the warranty criteria, including those that were top-dead but were re-sprouting at their base. Given 680 stems were planted per acre, 544 per acre were required to survive 1 year, or 13



per plot to meet the 100% warranty. Fourteen (14) sample plots did not meet the survival criteria (Vegetation Warranty Data Map attached).

#### Zone 4 Data Results

Plot	Living bare roots and shrubs	Required stems per plot	Warranty meet	Supplemental planting density/acre needed to meet warranty
1	4	13	No	364
2	6	13	No	283
3	6	13	No	283
4	2	13	No	445
5	10	13	No	121
6	3	13	No	405
7	10	13	No	121
8	1	13	No	486
9	1	13	No	486
10	12	13	No	40
11	4	13	No	364
12	3	13	No	405
13	3	13	No	405
14	4	13	No	364

Two vegetation plots were established, each 1,076 sq ft (25m x 4m) in Zone 5 of the original planting plan. All containerized seedlings present within the plot were counted towards the warranty criteria, including those that were top-dead but were re-sprouting at their base. Given 435 stems were planted per acre, 348 per acre were required to survive 1-year, or 9 per plot to meet the 100% warranty. Two (2) sample plots did not meet the survival criteria (Vegetation Warranty Data Map attached).

#### Zone 5 Data Results

Plot	Living bare roots and shrubs	Required stems per plot	Warranty meet	Supplemental planting density/acre needed to meet warranty
1	4	9	No	202
2	7	9	No	81

#### Supplemental planting

In general, some of plant survival in the Zone 4 and Zone 5 planting zones did not meet the warranty requirement. The table below outlines necessary replanting areas. Surviving stems were subtracted from the warranty criteria (544/acre for Zone 4 and 348 per acre for Zone 5) so that the "Total plants needed" column is the number of remaining stems needed get warranty criteria (544/348) stems per acre in areas with deficient vegetation. Planting densities were averaged into planting zones and are identified on the attached Supplemental Planting Map.



## Supplemental Planting Plan

Location (looking downstream)	Planting Zone	Average # stems/ac needed to meet warranty	Acres	Total plants needed
Zone 5 (Unnamed Tributary)	Zone 5	142	0.8	114
Unnamed Tributary (St 400+00 - 407+00) & mainstem (St 106+50 - 100+00)	Zone 4	418	3.0	1,254
Right, mainstem (St 200+00 - 205+50)	Zone 4	263	0.6	158
Left, mainstem (St 200+00 - 206+00)	Zone 4	310	0.7	217
Left, mainstem (St 212+50 - 214+00)	Zone 4	445	0.2	89
Right, mainstem (St 210+50 - 219+00)	Zone 4	121	1	121
<b>Total</b>			<b>6.3</b>	<b>1,952</b>

### **Instructions**

- The Supplemental Planting effort needs to be coordinated with EEP so we can arrange with the landowner to be on site.
- All replant materials must conform to the original project specification (dormant season planting, species composition, size, vigor, etc.)
- The Supplemental Planting effort must take place in the dormant season for Alamance County; (December 1 –April 1).
- No planting shall be done when the temperature is below 32° F, when the soil to be excavated for the plant hole is frozen, when the sides or bottom o the plant hole are frozen, or when the soil is too wet.





Although the warranty for this project doesn't expire until February 28, 2012, EEP does not intend to reassess the site again for additional warranty compliance. Plants installed during the warranty replant will not have a warranty place on them. Once Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc. complies with this replanting, a Satisfaction Letter will be awarded.

If you disagree with this finding or have any questions, please contact me directly.

Sincerely,

  
**Kristie Corson**

NC Department of Environment and Natural Resources

Ecosystem Enhancement Program

Office (919) 715-1954

Cell (919) 218-1373

[kristie.corson@ncdenr.gov](mailto:kristie.corson@ncdenr.gov)

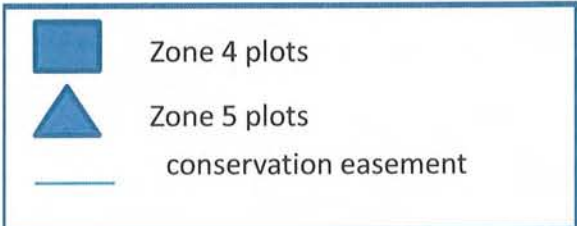
cc:

Ed Hajnos, EEP

Jeff Jurek, EEP

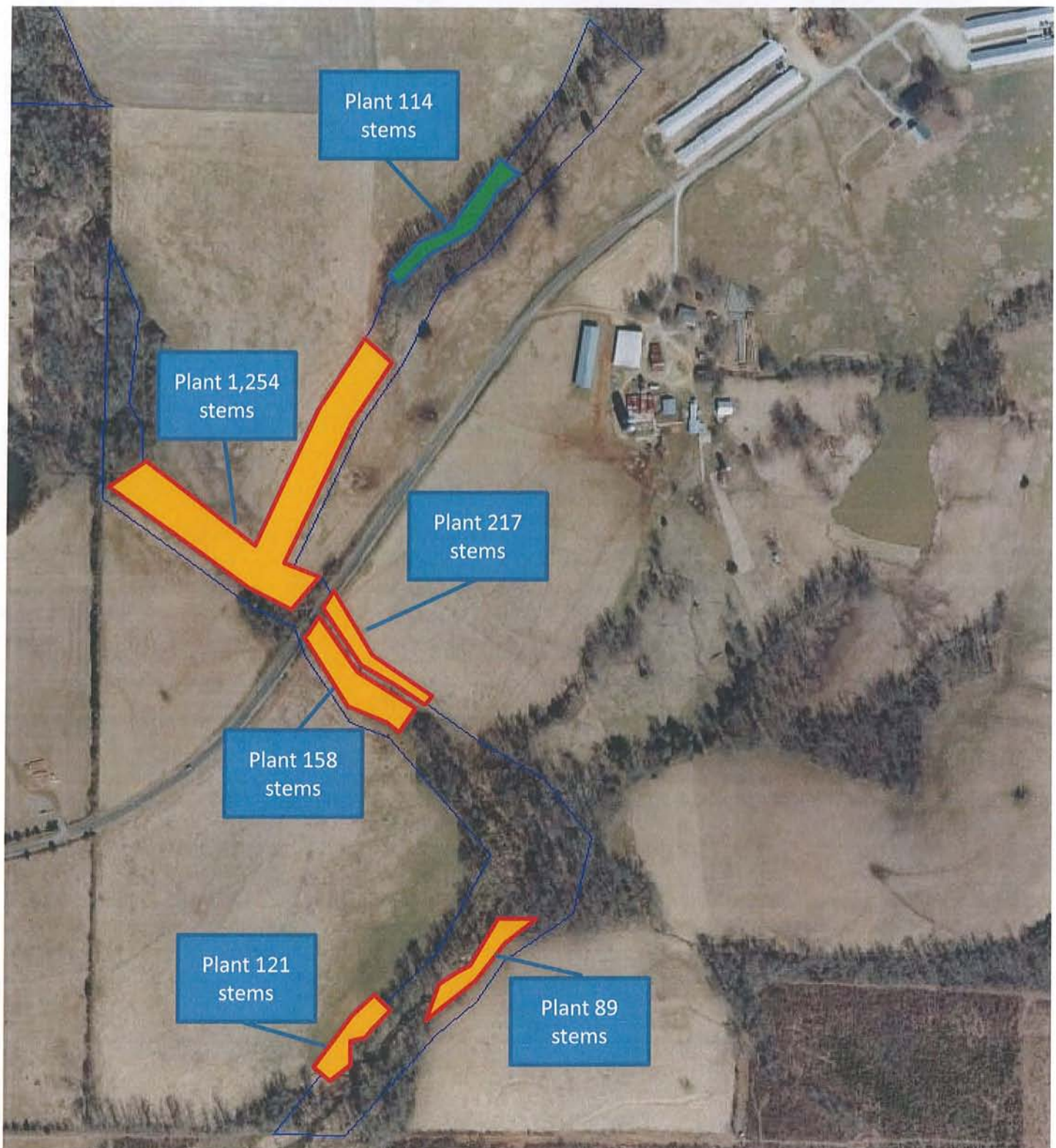
Jeff Schaffer, EEP

Attachments



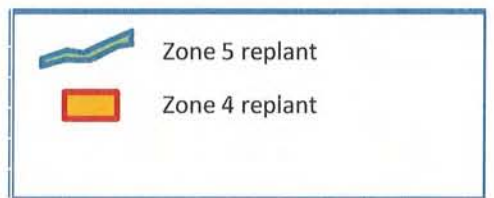
Greenbrier Creek Stream Restoration  
Alamance/Chatham Counties  
Vegetation Warranty Map





Location	Planting Zone	Acres	Total plants needed
Zone 5 (Unnamed Tributary)	Zone 5	0.8	114
Unnamed Tributary (St 400+00 - 407+00) & mainstem (St 106+50 - 100+00)	Zone 4	3	1254
Right, mainstem (St 200+00 - 205+50)	Zone 4	0.6	158
Left, mainstem (St 200+00 - 206+00)	Zone 4	0.7	217
Left, mainstem (St 212+50 - 214+00)	Zone 4	0.2	89
Right, mainstem (St 210+50 - 219+00)	Zone 4	1	121
<b>Total</b>		<b>6.3</b>	<b>1,952</b>

Greenbrier Creek  
Vegetation Warranty Map







Mellow Marsh Farm, Inc.  
Quality Wetland Plants and Seeds

Mellow Marsh Farm, Inc.

1312 Woody Store Road  
Siler City, NC 27344  
919.742.1200 ph  
919-742-1280 fax

**Invoice**

DATE	INVOICE #
------	-----------

2/13/2012	3205
-----------	------

4% surcharge for payment by credit card.

**BILL TO**

Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.  
P.O.Box 1905  
Mount Airy, NC 27030  
fax: 336-320-3854

**SHIP TO**

SHIP DATE	SHIP VIA	PROJECT	P.O. NUMBER	PAYMENT	TERMS	DUE DATE
2/13/2012	Customer	Greenbriar	Pending	check	Net 30	3/14/2012

QTY	ITEM CODE	DESCRIPTION	PRICE EACH	POT SIZE	AMOUNT
23	QURU G	Quercus rubra "Northern red oak"	5.00	gallon	115.00
23	NYSY G	Nyssa sylvatica "Black gum"	5.00	1 gallon	115.00
12	ACNE G	Acer negundo "Box elder"	5.00	gallon	60.00
3	ULAM G	Ulmus americana "American elm"	5.00	gallon	15.00
13	BENI G	Betula nigra "River birch"	5.00	1 gallon	65.00
20	QUPH G	Quercus phellos "Willow oak"	5.00	1 gallon	100.00
20	QUMI G	Quercus michauxii "Swamp chestnut oak"	5.00	1 gallon	100.00
368	FRPE BR...	Fraxinus pennsylvanica "Green Ash"	0.80	bare root	294.40
368	PLOC BR...	Platanus occidentalis "Sycamore"	0.80	bare root	294.40
368	NYSY BR...	Nyssa sylvatica "Black gum"	0.80	bare root	294.40
145	ACNE BR...	Acer negundo "Box elder"	0.80	bare root	116.00
368	ULAM BR...	Ulmus americana "American elm"	0.80	bare root	294.40
110	LIBE BR...	Lindera benzoin "Spicebush"	1.25	bare root	137.50
111	VIDE BR...	Viburnum dentatum "Arrow wood"	1.25	bare root	138.75

PO

<b>Total</b>	\$2,139.85
<b>Payments/Credits</b>	\$0.00
<b>Balance Due</b>	\$2,139.85

Contract Terms & Conditions: Full payment due before delivery unless otherwise noted. If you cannot receive your order at the scheduled time, the material will require special handling and a 25% restocking or holding fee may apply. Buyer agrees to pay amount shown in 'Balance Due' according to 'Terms'. Timely payment will not be contingent on buyer's receipt of payment from his/her customer. A deposit may be required to hold plant



# Carolina Environmental Contracting, Inc.

P. O. Box 1905  
Mount Airy, NC 27030  
Office (336) 320-3849  
Fax (336) 320-3854

*Certified WBE / DBE*

April 24, 2012

NCEEP

Attn: Mrs. Kristie Corson

Subject: Greenbriar Stream Restoration Project.  
SCO ID No.: 0406210002A

Dear Mrs. Corson,

This letter is to inform you that we were on site February 13, 2012 and February 14, 2012 to install the required plants to satisfy the requirements of the warranty for the project. CEC planted the desired plants per the drawing that was submitted to us by your office.

Sincerely,

Stephen D. James  
Estimator/Project Manager

Cc. Joanne Cheatham, CEC  
CEC Job File

APPENDIX G. NUTRIENT OFFSET INFORMATION

June 12, 2007 EEP Nutrient Offset Meeting Summary Letter  
NCDWQ Email Response



August 2, 2007

Rich Gannon  
North Carolina Division of Water Quality  
1617 Mail Service Center  
Raleigh NC 27699-1617

SUBJECT: June 12, 2007 EEP Nutrient Offset meeting summary

This correspondence is provided to summarize our June 12, 2007 meeting with you, Tom Reeder, Suzanne Klimek, Jim Stanfill and myself. The meeting was held in an attempt to clarify some issues related to EEP's use of riparian buffers to mitigate for Nitrogen and Phosphorus. It is important to come to a common understanding on these issues related to nutrient offset mitigation credit generation as we plan the implementation of mitigation projects. Below are the topics we discussed as they were presented in our May 14, 2007 letter to you. A summary of our discussions is below each topic in italics. We invite your input and response to ensure we have captured our discussions accurately.

1. Riparian Buffer N Reduction Efficiencies: With regard to the January 4, 2007 report detailing your discussions of  $\text{NO}_3 - \text{N}$  reduction, we would like to clarify whether the benefits of land use change and the benefit of periodic overbank flooding have been considered in the buffer efficiency calculations. We also want to discuss EEP's buffer widths and the efficiencies that should be used for buffers 100 feet or greater. A 50% efficiency was and is used in our calculations of buffer efficiency for our offset projects. Our projects typically have 200 foot buffer widths.  
*The underlying questions here were – Can EEP get more credit for buffers that are wider than 50 feet by using higher efficiency rates as shown in the NLEW paper? As a group we agreed to use an overall efficiency of 50% for riparian buffers used to offset nutrients regardless of width. Rich Gannon noted that although higher efficiencies were suggested in the “NLEW” paper for buffers wider than 50 feet, these numbers are not widely verified. It is therefore appropriate to use 50% to determine reductions. Jim Stanfill agreed noting that EEP buffers are often 200 feet wide and although using a higher efficiency would generate greater mitigation credit, the 50 % number had been used up to this point and EEP would continue to use that to calculate credits.*
2. Level Spreaders: The use of level spreaders on riparian buffers not subject to concentrated flow needs to be discussed. It is our understanding that guidance on level spreaders may only be meant to apply to those riparian buffers being used as “onsite” treatment BMPs by permittees. We assume the guidance does not apply to riparian buffer restoration as typically done by EEP, but would like to discuss and get clarification on that issue.  
*The standard is to provide diffuse flow through buffers. Because EEP would often need to actually clear portions of riparian buffers to install level spreaders, and also because EEP's buffers are often 200 feet wide, we do not think the use of level spreaders is necessary as long as diffuse flow is maintained. Tom Reeder and Rich Gannon agreed that level spreaders would not necessarily be needed on EEP buffers in rural areas where diffuse flow is not an issue.*

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3. Land Use Change: If EEP purchases agricultural land to do riparian buffer restoration we believe EEP should get credit for restoration of the entire buffer width. That is, the first 50 feet of buffer would not be excluded from our credit calculations. The argument for this is that while the act of EEP purchasing the property may have changed a property's land use and, therefore, made it subject to the buffer rules, the EEP is actually implementing an active riparian buffer restoration project on that land, not simply taking it out of agricultural use. Furthermore, if EEP does not purchase these lands, there will be no land use change.

*Tom and Rich agreed with this statement- EEP should get credit for the entire width restored.*

4. We also have some questions about the Jordan nutrient offset trading program, but staff are still reviewing the information that has been released.  
*EEP will need to provide comments on the Jordan rules to ensure the fees are set appropriately and the requirements (service area) are attainable. This area is likely to have higher implementation costs and less opportunity for lower cost buffers as nutrient offset mitigation. If EEP will accept payments in this area, we must be able to afford to implement projects.*
5. EEP's Nutrient Offset Accounting Methods: *Regarding EEP's nutrient offset requirements- Jim Stanfill discussed how we measure the total pounds for 30 years when we accept a nutrient offset payment and take on a requirement. Our projects are set up to offset a total numbers of pounds and, therefore, we may have "shorter" (less than 30 years) more intense projects. Rich and Tom were in agreement with our accounting methods.*
6. Riparian Buffer Mitigation Site location – clarification of intent of rules: *In the Randleman watershed (for Cape Fear 03), EEP staff have questioned where- upstream or downstream- in the watershed the mitigation should take place. Mitigation that EEP already has downstream of the reservoir can be used, but new pursuits should be upstream in order to protect the reservoir. Likewise, in Catawba, new projects should be downstream of Lake James to be used as mitigation credit. EEP staff also clarified that the rules do not have a time requirement for EEP to provide the mitigation, but that the program uses the same time requirements as the MOU. Tom and Rich were also agreeable to this.*
7. *Rich requested that EEP allow for transparencies in its program and asked for us to provide as much data as possible in our annual report and work on information to be included on EEP's Web site. EEP agreed and is working to set up a specific web page at the program's web site devoted to the Nutrient Offset Program.*

Thank you for taking the time to discuss these issues with us. If you need additional information or want to offer corrections or clarifications to the information presented herein, please contact Kelly Williams at (919) 716-1921 or [Kelly.williams@ncmail.net](mailto:Kelly.williams@ncmail.net).

Sincerely,

Kelly Williams  
In-Lieu Fee Program Coordinator

cc: Tom Reeder, NCDWQ  
Jim Stanfill, NCEEP  
Suzanne Klimek, NCEEP  
Marc Recktenwald, NCEEP  
Deborah Amaral, NCEEP

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## Williams, Kelly

---

**From:** Tom Reeder [tom.reeder@ncmail.net]  
**Sent:** Wednesday, August 08, 2007 1:14 PM  
**To:** Kelly Williams  
**Cc:** rich.gannon@ncmail.net; suzanne Klimeck  
**Subject:** Re: EEP Nutrient offset meeting summary

Kelly - I have read the letter and I have no problems with it. It seems to me to be an accurate record of what we discussed and agreed to. Thanks.

Kelly Williams wrote:

> Rich and Tom:  
> I sent a copy of a meeting summary for your review to you last week.  
> The letter is dated August 2, 2007. I have also attached it as a Word  
> document. In an attempt to clarify what topics we discussed on June  
> 12 when we got together in Tom's office to discuss nutrient offset and  
> buffers, I simply added our understanding of our discussions beneath  
> each topic as outlined in the letter sent to you prior to the meeting.  
> Once you have a chance to review the summary comments (they are in  
> /italics/ in the letter), I would like to hear back from you,  
> especially if you have suggested changes to our summary. Feel free to  
> either write back via email or add your comments or changes to the  
> attached document using track changes. There are EEP staff who have  
> requested a copy of the meeting summary, but I do not plan to get  
> those out until I hear back from you that you are satisfied with it.  
>  
> Thanks for you help.  
>  
> Kelly Williams  
> NCEEP