

Meredell Farm Monitoring Report

FINAL

Year 5 of 5 (2012)

Randolph County, North Carolina

USGS HUC: 03030003

Project ID No. 247

Contract No. D09081S



Prepared for:



NCDENR-Ecosystem Enhancement Program

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Raleigh, North Carolina 27699-1652

Submitted November 2012

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Executive Summary

Project Background

The Meredell Farm Stream Restoration project falls within USGS hydrologic unit **03030003**. The project lies within a rural setting that includes agricultural, forested, and low-density residential areas. The project is located on Meredell Farm, a small farm operation that includes dairy and row crop production. Prior to restoration work, the project stream had been historically destabilized through channelization and hoof-shear.

Baker Engineering designed the restoration plans and restoration was completed in 2008. Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. (KHA) began the stream and riparian monitoring for Meredell Farms in 2008 and most recently completed Year 5 stream and riparian monitoring in October 2012.

The goal of the project is to restore and improve the stream channel and riparian buffer form and function on-site through the following objectives:

- Restore 3,865 LF of channel dimension, pattern and profile.
- Enhance 4,704 LF of channel dimension, and/or profile.
- Preserve 5,136 LF of stream channel and riparian buffer.
- Improve floodplain functionality by matching floodplain elevation with bankfull stage.
- Establish native stream bank and floodplain vegetation in the permanent conservation easement.
- Improve the water quality in the Upper Cape Fear River watershed by fencing cattle out of the stream and reducing bank erosion.

KHA performed stream and riparian monitoring in the fall of 2012 for this Year 5 Monitoring Report, and is discussed in greater detail below.

Vegetation Assessment

Year 5 vegetation monitoring included visual assessment of the riparian zone and buffer mitigation areas to update the Current Conditions Plan View (CCPV) and CVS assessment of twelve (12) vegetation plots (Veg Plots). KHA observed areas of concern that based on visual assessment did not appear to be meeting riparian zone success criteria of 260 stems per acre after 5 years. These observed conditions are reflected in the CCPV figures (**Figures 2-7**) within this report and briefly discussed below.

- The conservation easement area surrounding stream reaches UT1, UT2, M1, and UT5 continue to have large areas that lack significant counts of visible planted woody stems. It was visually observed that the vegetation established within the buffer and outside of the bankfull bench area primarily consists of grasses and herbaceous species. Good vegetation growth was primary observed within the bankfull bench area for each of these reaches.
- The lower M1 area (downstream of the stream crossing) continues to have a significant invasive species population consisting of Tree of Heaven, Chinese Privet, and Cattails.

UT3, UT4, and UT5 also had instances of Tree of Heaven, Chinese Privet, and Cattails throughout the reaches.

- The site continues to be free of encroachments to the vegetation.

Detailed collected data from the CVS assessment of the twelve Veg Plots can be found in **Appendix C** of this report. Table ES-1 below provides a summary of Veg Plot performance against vegetation success criteria.

Table ES-1: Vegetation Plot Success Summary

Vegetation Success Criteria	Criteria (Stems/Acre)	Total Number of Veg Plots Meeting Success Criteria	Veg Plot ID
Riparian Zone	260	3	2, 4, 12
Buffer Mitigation	320	2	4, 12
Total Veg Plot Average Stem Density	192		

Three (3) of the twelve (12) Veg Plots exceeded the riparian zone success criteria of 260 stems/acre after 5 years, and two (2) of the twelve (12) Veg Plots exceeded the buffer mitigation success criteria of 320 stems/acre after 5 years. The total average planted stem density for all twelve Veg Plots is 192 stems/acre for Year 5 Monitoring.

Stream Assessment

Year 5 stream channel monitoring included visual assessment of the stream channel and in-stream structures to update the Current Conditions Plan View (CCPV), and collection of geomorphic cross-section and profile dat. Visual observations of the stream channel conditions were conducted to determine if the project is establishing toward the stream success criteria outlined in the approved Restoration Plan (2004). These goals are outlined below:

Stream Success Criteria:

- Cross-Sections
 - “There should be little or no change in as-built cross-sections from year to year. If changes do take place, they should be evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a more unstable condition (e.g. down-cutting, erosion) or are minor changes that represent an increase in stability (e.g. settling, vegetative changes, deposition along the banks, decrease in width/depth ratio and/or cross-sectional area)”.
- Longitudinal Profile
 - “The longitudinal profile data should show that the bedform features are remaining stable, and are not aggrading or degrading. The pools should remain deep with flat water surface slopes and the riffles should remain steep and shallow”.

The visual assessment and geomorphic data collection completed for the site indicated that approximately 95% of the project reaches were performing within established success criteria ranges. The remaining 5% were exhibiting impacts such as beaver dam impoundments, headcuts, and stream structure instabilities. The observed stream channel conditions are reflected in the CCPV figures (**Figures 2-7**) within this report and briefly discussed below.

- UT2 contained a section of braided stream flow between Stations 20+800 to 20+900.
- There is a sediment plume present in the lower portion of UT3b from station 21+25 – 23+00.
- Three in-stream structures (UT1 and M1) had flow going between the header rocks, but no further instability was observed as a result of the conditions.
- Two log structures on UT3b and UT5 were in fair condition or failing condition due to the lack of water in the channel, which is causing the structures to rot. The rotting structure has water flowing behind and under the structures.
- Five instances of headcut were recorded on UT4 and UT5.
- There was a small area of concentrated overland runoff through the buffer on UT3a near Station 10+50 that was causing erosion to the stream bank.
- The lower portion of M1 (STA 31+600 – 32+200) downstream of the crossing has been impacted by beaver activity. Refer to photographs SP3 through SP6 contained in Appendix B, herein. Four (4) beaver dams have been established in the channel ranging from 2-5 feet in height, and a significant portion of the established bank vegetation has been removed in the adjacent area.

Geomorphic monitoring included collection of ten (10) cross sections and four (4) longitudinal profile segments. Channel profile stability assessment includes the entire restored length of the project. Refer to **Appendix D** contained herein for detailed results of the cross-section and longitudinal profile data collection.

Site Hydrology

KHA is tasked with collecting hydrologic bankfull indicators during monitoring field visits to the site. These indicators include collection of visually observed wracklines at, or above, the bankfull elevation and recordation of the crest gauge height located at Station 30+700 on reach M1. The following hydrologic bankfull indicators were collected during Year 5 monitoring field visits.

- Wracklines were noted above the bankfull bench and within the floodplain during the initial site assessment field visit conducted on March 26, 2012. At the time the wracklines appeared to have occurred recently, indicating a bankfull event had occurred. Refer to photograph SP2 within **Appendix B** of this report.
- A crest gauge reading of 1.17 feet was recorded during the annual monitoring field visit conducted on October 18, 2012. The baseline bankfull design maximum depth range for reach M1 is 1.0 feet (min) to 1.3 feet (max); therefore, the crest gauge reading indicates that a bankfull event had occurred recently onsite. Refer to photograph SP1 within **Appendix B** of this report.

Methodology

The following methods were utilized during the Year 5 monitoring for data collection and post-processing.

- The CVS Level 2 methodology was utilized for the vegetation plot data collection.
- Geomorphic topographic data collections were performed in the field using total station, survey grade GPS, or equivalent such that each survey point has three-dimensional coordinates, and is georeferenced (NAD83-State Plane Feet – FIPS3200).
- Longitudinal stationing was developed using the as-built survey thalweg as a baseline.
- The particle size distribution protocol used was the Modified-Wolman pebble count.

Conclusion

Summary information/data related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures contained in appendices within this report. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Reports (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly the Restoration Plan) documents available on EEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.

References

Rosgen, David L. 1996. Applied River Morphology, Second Edition., Wildland Hydrology, Pagosa Springs, Colorado.

Lee, Michael T., Peet, Robert K., Roberts, Steven D., Wentworth, Thomas R. 2006. CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, All Levels of Sampling, Version 4.0.,

Environmental Laboratory. 1987. Corps of Engineers Wetlands Delineation Manual. Technical Report Y-87-1. United States Army Engineer Waterways Experiment Station, Vicksburg, Mississippi. LeGrand, H.E. and S.P. Hall.

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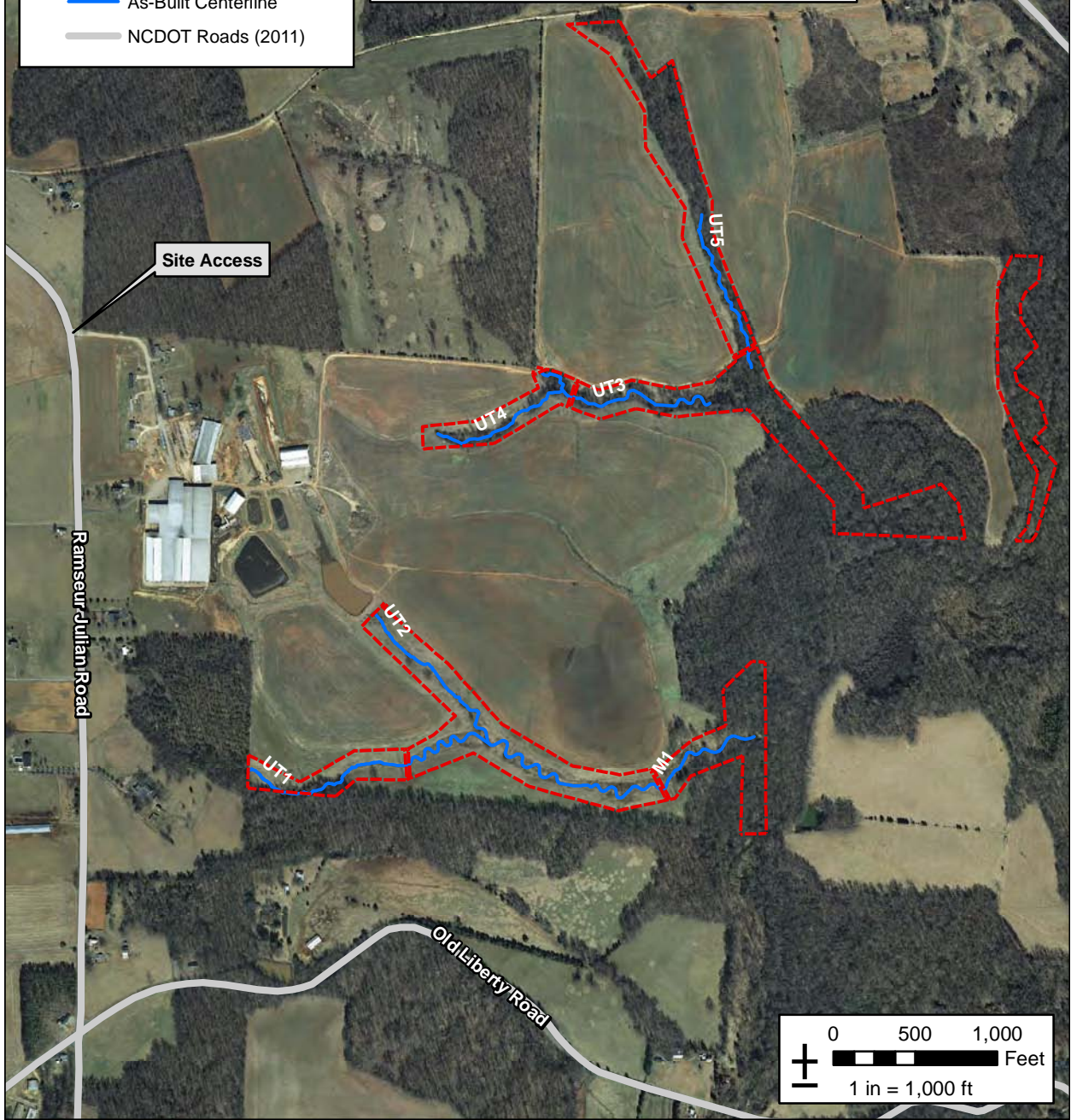
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APPENDIX A
PROJECT VICINITY MAP AND
BACKGROUND TABLES

LEGENDS AND SYMBOLS

- - - Easement Boundary
- As-Built Centerline
- NCDOT Roads (2011)

Directions to the site: Take US-64 West towards Asheboro. Turn right onto US-421 North. Take the Old Liberty Rd exit, turn left. Turn right on Ramseur Julian Rd, the site will be on the left in 0.8 miles.



Title		Project Vicinity Map		
Prepared For: 	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina		
	Date	Project Number	Figure	
	11/13/12	247	1	

**Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

Mitigation Credits									
	Stream		Riparian Wetland		Non-riparian Wetland		Buffer	Nitrogen Nutrient Offset	Phosphorous Nutrient Offset
Type	R	RE	R	RE	R	RE			
Totals	5785.5	5134					570000		
Project Components									
Project Component -or- Reach ID	Stationing/Location			Existing Footage/Acreage		Approach (PI, PII etc.)	Restoration -or- Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio
Ut 1a	10+00 – 21+00			1050			EII	1100	2.5:1
Ut 1b	21+00 – 28+80			571			R	780	1:1
Ut 2a	10+00 – 18+00			800			EI	800	1.5:1
Ut 2b	18+00 – 20+94			206			R	294	1:1
M1	10+00 - 32+54			2103		III	R	2254	1:1
Ut 3a	10+00 – 16+50			400			EII	650	2.5:1
Ut 3b	16+50 - 20+79			836			R	429	1:1
Ut 4	10+00 – 19+13			913			EII	913	2.5:1
Ut 5	10+00 – 20+75			1075			EII	1075	2.5:1
M2	NA			1398			P	1398	5:1
Sandy Creek 1	NA			1033			P	1033	5:1
Sandy Creek 2	NA			801			P	801	5:1
Sandy Creek 3	NA			1902			P	1902	5:1
Component Summation									
Restoration Level	Stream (linear feet)	Riparian Wetland (acres)		Non-riparian Wetland (acres)	Buffer (square feet)	Upland (acres)			
		Riverine	Non-Riverine						
Restoration	3757				322,000				
Enhancement					496,000				
Enhancement I	800								
Enhancement II	3738								
Creation									
Preservation	5134								
Preservation									
BMP Elements									
Element	Location	Purpose/Function			Notes				
BMP Elements									
BR = Bioretention Cell; SF = Sand Filter; SW = Stormwater Wetland; WDP = Wet Detention Pond; DDP = Dry Detention Pond; FS = Filter Strip; S = Grassed Swale; LS = Level Spreader; NI = Natural Infiltration Area; FB = Forested Buffer									

**Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

Elapsed Time Since Grading Complete: 4 yrs 7 months
Elapsed Time Since Planting Complete: 4 yrs 6 Months
Number of Reporting Years¹: 5

Activity or Deliverable	Data Collection Complete	Completion or Delivery
Restoration Plan		Sept-04
Final Design – Construction Plans		Mar-06
Construction	NA	Mar-08
Containerized, bare root and B&B plantings	NA	Apr-08
As-built Mapping	Nov-07	Apr-08
Mitigation Plan (Year 0 Monitoring - baseline)*		
Year 1 Monitoring	Nov-08	Jun-09
Year 2 Monitoring	Sep-09	Jun-10
Year 3 Monitoring	Oct-10	Mar-11
Year 4 Monitoring	Oct-11	Jan-12
Year 5 Monitoring	Oct-12	Feb-13

*As-built plan view survey performed by Level Cross Surveying, PLLC. (No As-built monitoring data was collected or reported).

Bolded items are examples of those items that are not standard, but may come up and should be included

Non-bolded items represent events that are standard components over the course of a typical project.

The above are obviously not the extent of potential relevant project activities, but are just provided as example as part of this exhibit.

If planting and morphology are on split monitoring schedules that should be made clear in the table

¹ = Equals the number of reports or data points produced excluding the baseline

**Table 3. Project Contacts Table
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

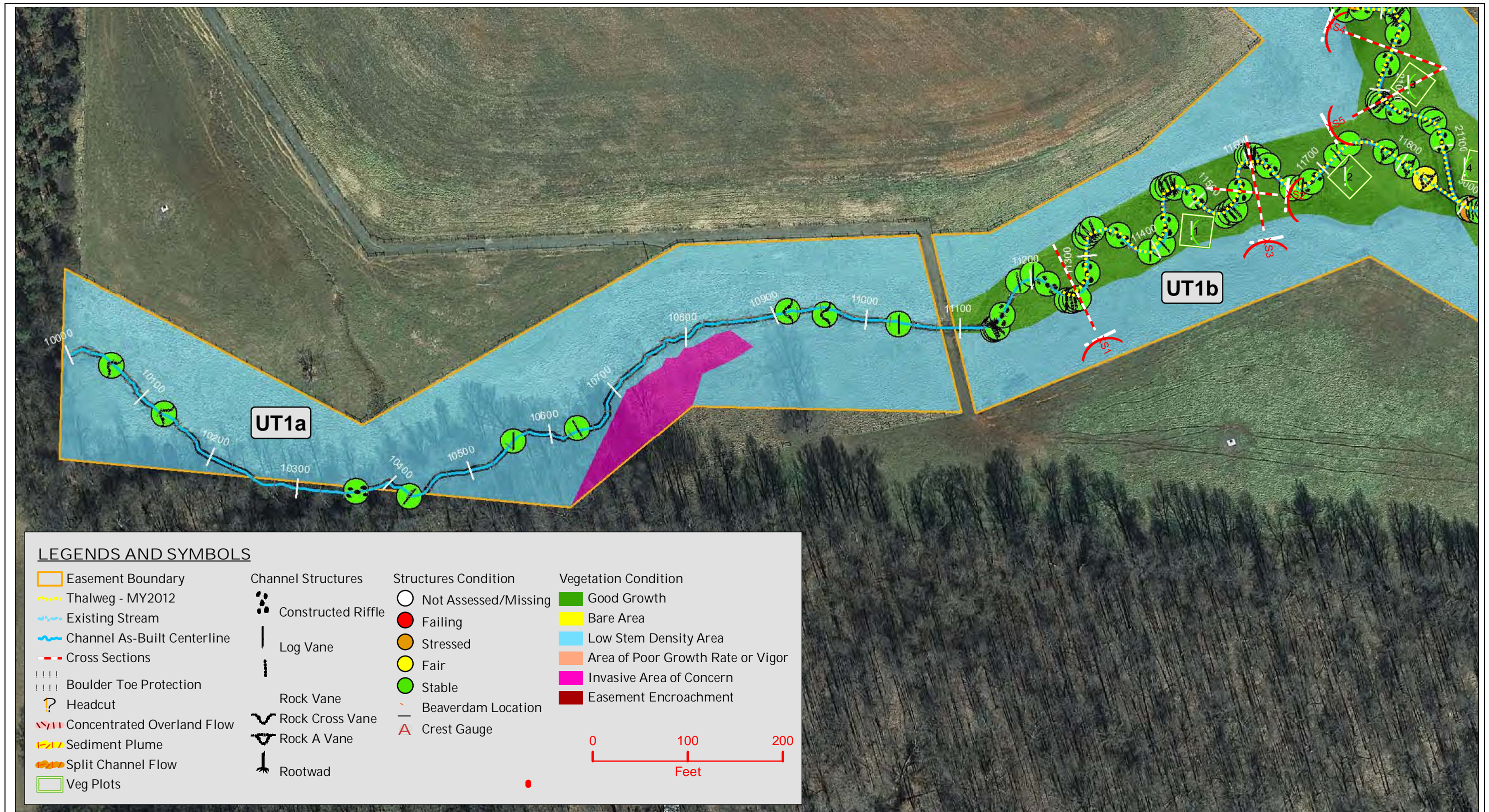
Designer	Buck Engineering, PC 8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511
Primary project design POC	Kevin Tweedy, P.E. (919) 463-5488
Construction Contractor	RiverWorks, Inc. 8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511
Construction contractor POC	(919) 459-9001
Survey Contractor	
Survey contractor POC	
Planting Contractor	
Planting contractor POC	
Seeding Contractor	
Contractor point of contact	
Seed Mix Sources	
Nursery Stock Suppliers	
Monitoring Performers	Kimley-Horn and Associates, Inc. 3001 Westen Parkway, Cary, NC 27513
Stream Monitoring POC	Daren Pait, P.E., CFM
Vegetation Monitoring POC	Daren Pait, P.E., CFM
Wetland Monitoring POC	Daren Pait, P.E., CFM

**Table 4. Project Attribute Table
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

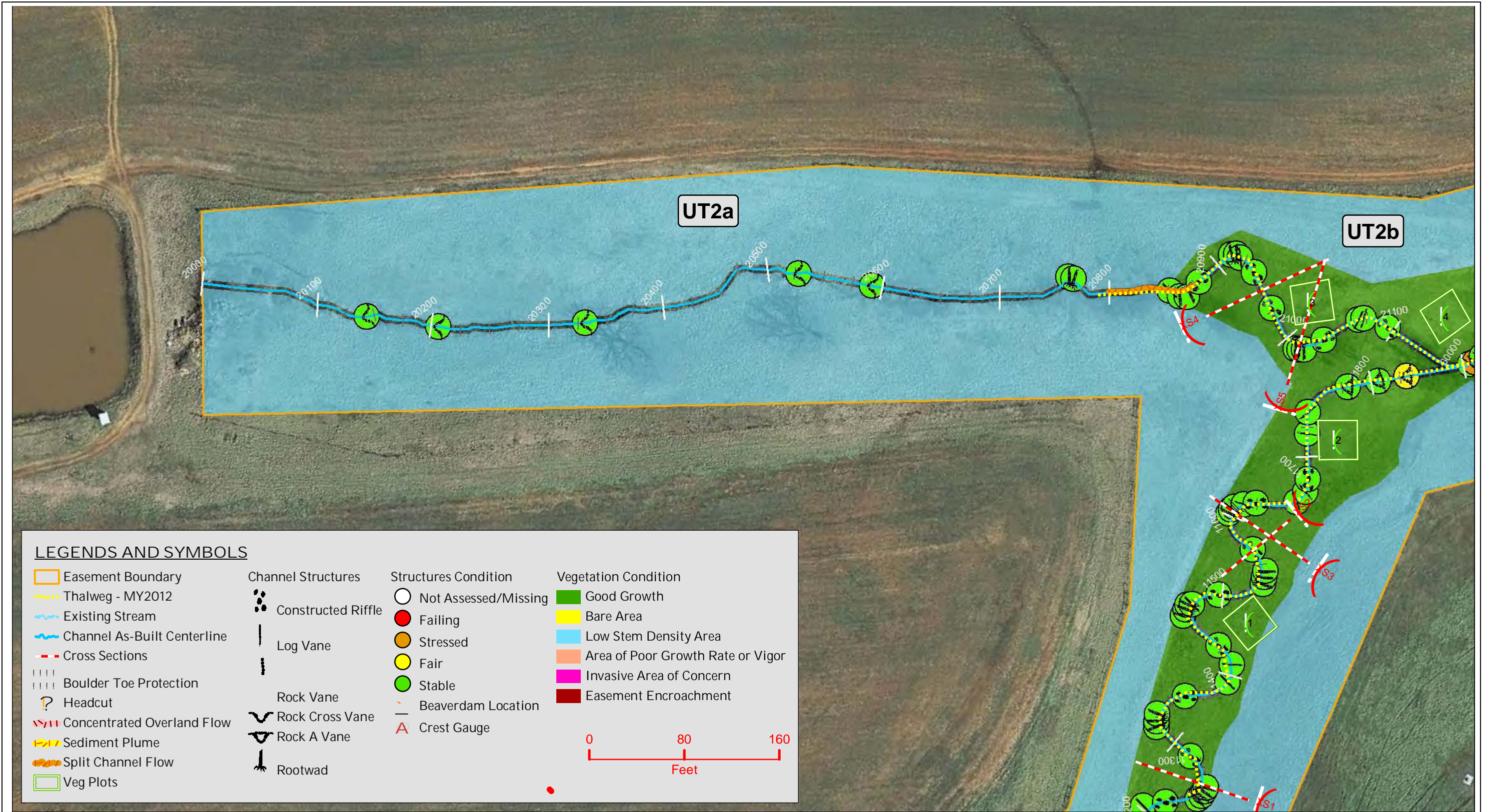
Project County	Randolph						
Physiographic Region	Piedmont						
Ecoregion	Carolina Slate Belt						
Project River Basin	Cape Fear						
USGS HUC for Project (14 digit)	03030003020010						
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project	03-06-09						
Within extent of EEP Watershed Plan?	no						
WRC Hab Class (Warm, Cool, Cold)	warm						
% of project easement fenced or demarcated	100						
Beaver activity observed during design phase?	No						
Restoration Component Attribute Table							
	M1	M2	UT1	UT2	UT3	UT4	UT5
Drainage area (acres)	168	265	64	67	148	56	59
Stream order	2	2	1	1	1	1	1
Restored length (feet)	2254	1398	1880	1095	1351	913	1075
Perennial or Intermittent	P	P	P	P	P	P	P
Watershed type (Rural, Urban, Developing etc.)	R	R	R	R	R	R	R
Watershed LULC Distribution (e.g.)							
Residential	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Ag-Row Crop	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Ag-Livestock	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Forested	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Etc.	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Watershed impervious cover (%)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
NCDWQ AU/Index number							
NCDWQ classification	WS-III	WS-III	WS-III	WS-III	WS-III	WS-III	WS-III
303d listed?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Upstream of a 303d listed segment?	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Reasons for 303d listing or stressor	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Total acreage of easement	49.8						
Total vegetated acreage within the easement	49.8						
Total planted acreage as part of the restoration	8.3	0	6.2	3	2.2	0	0
Rosgen classification of pre-existing	G4c	U	G4	B5-1/E5-1	B4c	G5	E5
Rosgen classification of As-built	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Valley type	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Valley slope	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Valley side slope range (e.g. 2-3.%)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Valley toe slope range (e.g. 2-3.%)	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Cowardin classification	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
Trout waters designation	No	No	No	No	No	No	No
Species of concern, endangered etc.? (Y/N)	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y	Y
Dominant soil series and characteristics							
Series	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Depth	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
Clay%	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
K	U	U	U	U	U	U	U
T	U	U	U	U	U	U	U


Use N/A for items that may not apply. Use "-" for items that are unavailable and "U" for items that are unknown

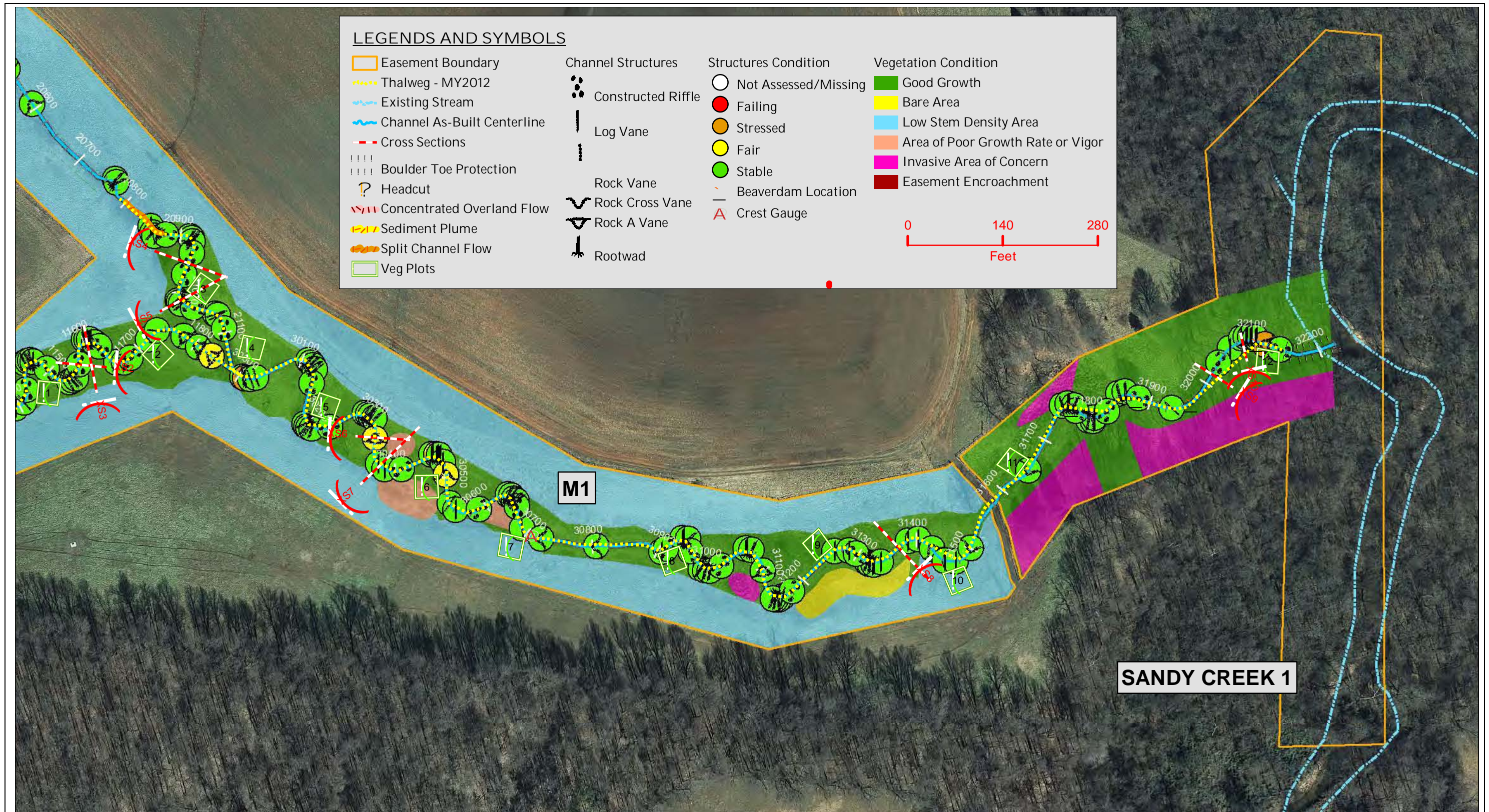
APPENDIX B
VISUAL ASSESSMENT DATA




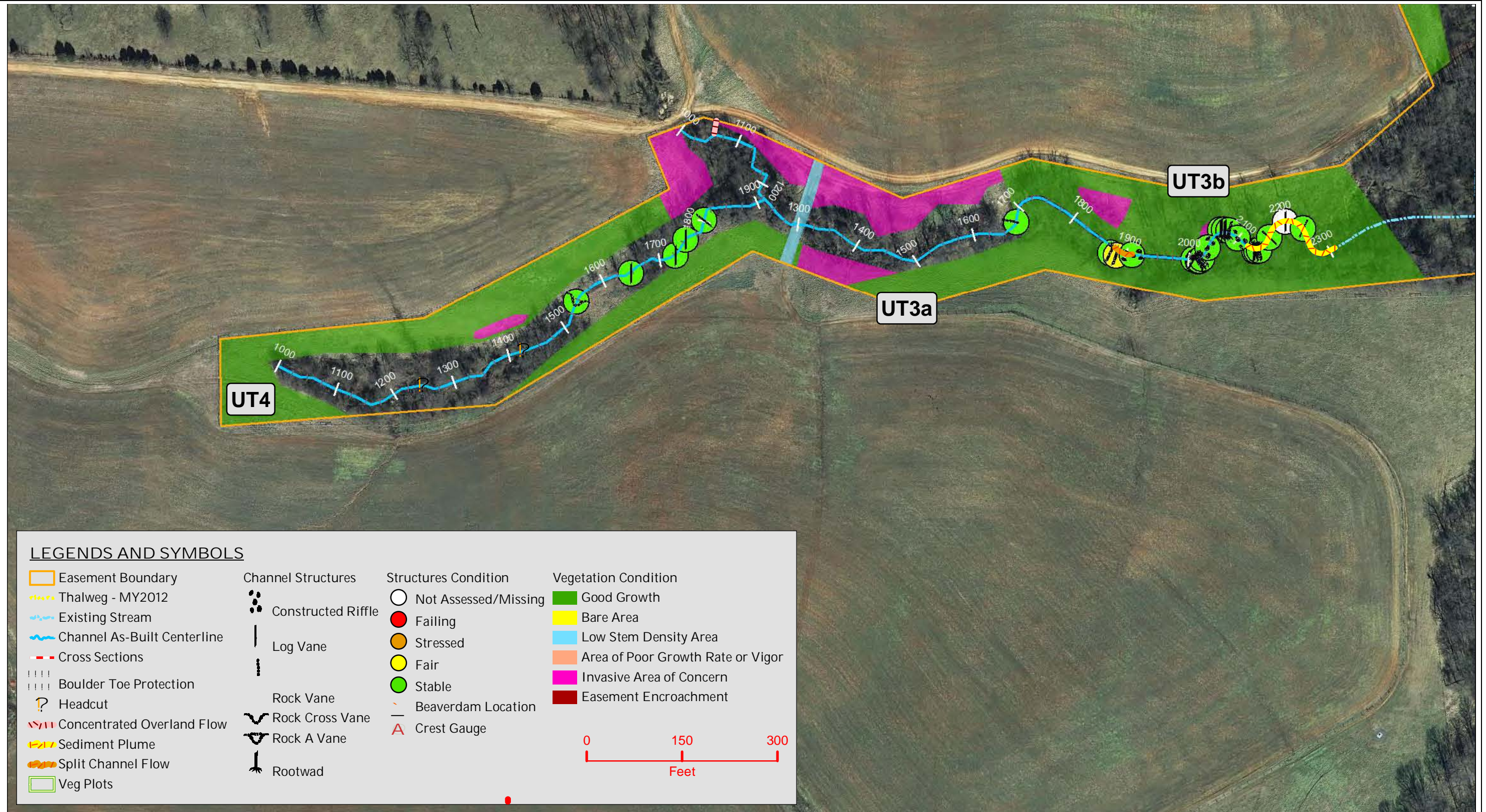
Title	Current Conditions Plan View UT1a and UT1b		
Prepared For:	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina	
	Date	Project Number	Figure
	11/15/12	247	2



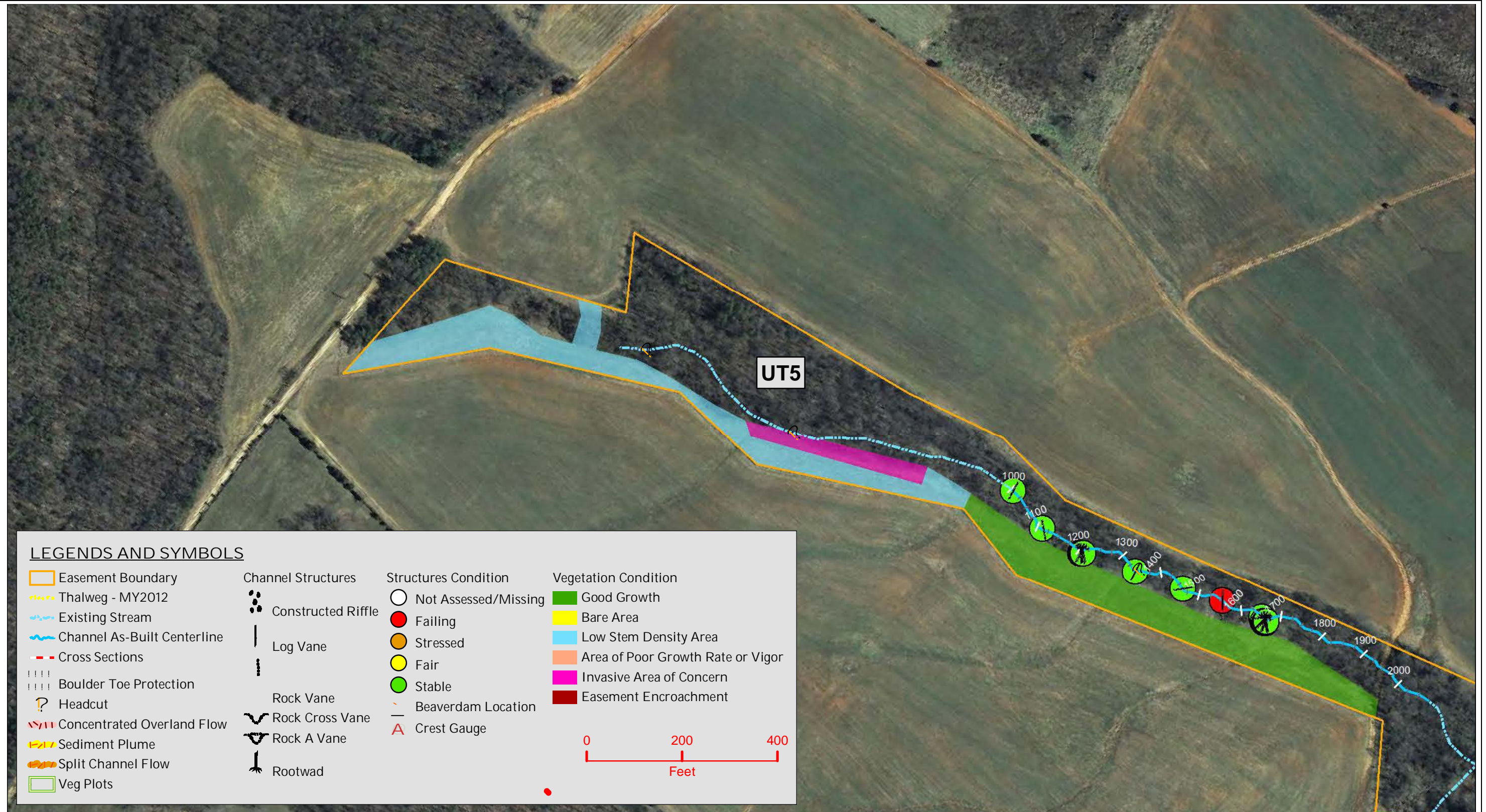
Title		Current Conditions Plan View UT2a and UT2b		
Prepared For:	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina		
		Date	Project Number	Figure
		11/15/12	247	3



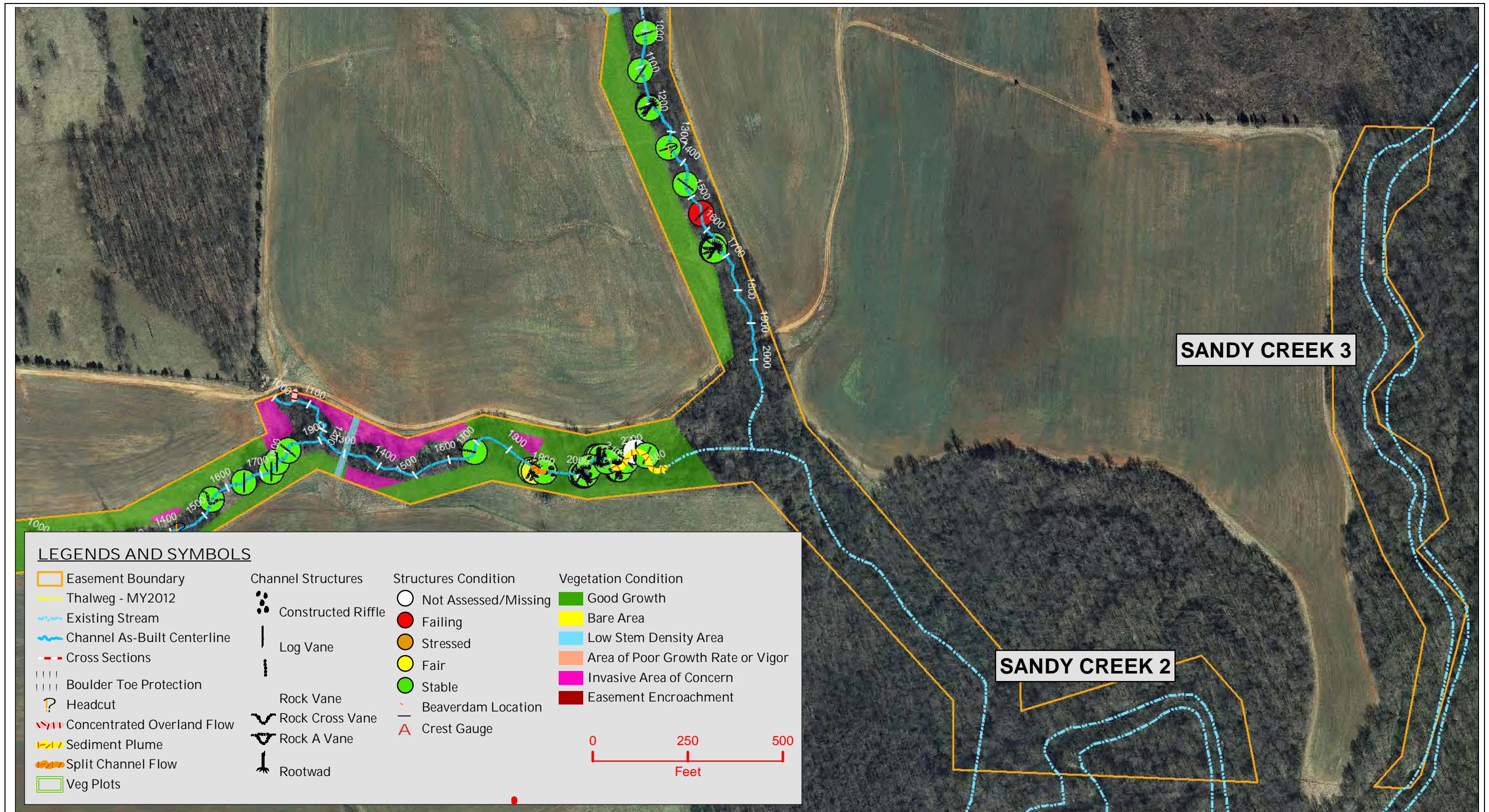
Title		Current Conditions Plan View M1 and SC1		
Prepared For:	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina		
		Date	Project Number	Figure
		11/15/12	247	4



Title		Current Conditions Plan View UT3a, UT3b, and UT4		
Prepared For: 	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina		
	Date	11/15/12	Project Number	247
			Figure	5



Title	Current Conditions Plan View UT5		
Prepared For: 	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina	
	Date	11/15/12	Project Number 247
			Figure 6




Title	Current Conditions Plan View SC2 and SC3		
Prepared For:	Project	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Monitoring Year 5 – 2012 Randolph County, North Carolina	
	Date	Project Number	Figure
	11/15/12	247	7

Table 5.1
 Reach ID
 Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
 UT1
 640

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	5	5			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth \geq 1.6)	5	5			100%			
		2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	5	5			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	5	5			100%			
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		5	5	100%						
Totals										
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does NOT include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
Totals										
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	25	25			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	25	25			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	24	25			96%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	25	25			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6. Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	25	25			100%			

Table 5.2
 Reach ID
 Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
 UT2
 350

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			1	23	93%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	5	5		100%				
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth \geq 1.6)	4	4		100%				
		2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	4	4		100%				
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	3	3		100%				
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		3	3	100%						
Totals										
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
Totals										
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	15	15			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	15	15			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	15	15			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	15	15			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6. Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	15	15			100%			

Table 5.3
 Reach ID
 Assessed Length

Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment
 M1
 3200

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			0	0	100%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting					100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	25	25			100%			
	3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth \geq 1.6)	23	23			100%			
		2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	23	23			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	26	26			100%			
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		26	26	100%						
Totals										
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
Totals										
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	48	48			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	48	48			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	45	48			94%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	48	48			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio \geq 1.6. Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	48	48			100%			

Table 6
Planted Acreage¹ **33.7**

Vegetation Condition Assessment

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Pattern and Color	10	13.52	40.1%
Total				10	13.52	40.1%
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%
Cumulative Total				10	13.52	40.1%

Easement Acreage² **55.6**

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern ⁴	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1000 SF	Pattern and Color	14	2.28	4.1%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas ³	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	none	Pattern and Color	0	0.00	0.0%

¹ = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

² = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

³ = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1,2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

⁴ = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern species are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by EEP such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likely trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in *red italics* are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly early in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolizing invasives polygons, particularly for situations where the condition for an area is somewhere between isolated specimens and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the narrative section of the executive summary.



SP1: Crest Gage reading = 1.17'
Taken: 10-18-2012



SP2: Bankfull indicator on UT1b (STA 22+25)
Taken: 3-26-2012



SP3: Beaver dam on lower M1 (STA 31+770)
Taken: 10-18-2012



SP4: Beaver dam on lower M1 (STA 31+880)
Taken: 10-18-2012



SP5: Beaver dam on lower M1 (STA 31+965)
Taken: 10-18-2012



SP6: Beaver dam on lower M1 (STA 32+105)
Taken: 10-18-2012

APPENDIX C
VEGETATION PLOT DATA

**Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

Vegetation Plot ID	MY1		MY2		MY3		MY4		MY5			
	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Reach Mean	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Reach Mean	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Reach Mean	Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?	Reach Mean	Stream Riparian Zone Vegetation Survival Threshold (260 stems/acre) Met?	Reach Mean	Buffer Mitigation Vegetation Survival Threshold (320 stems/acre) Met?	Reach Mean
247-01-0001	Y	100%	Y	50%	Y	50%	Y	100%	N	50%	N	0%
247-01-0002	Y		N		N		Y		Y			
247-01-0003	Y	100%	Y	100%	Y	100%	Y	100%	N	50%	N	50%
247-01-0004	Y		Y		Y		Y		Y			
247-01-0005	Y	50%	Y	50%	N	38%	N	38%	N	13%	N	13%
247-01-0006	N		N		N		N		N		N	
247-01-0007	N		N		N		N		N		N	
247-01-0008	Y		Y		Y		Y		Y		Y	
247-01-0009	N		N		N		N		N		N	
247-01-0010	N		N		N		N		N		N	
247-01-0011	Y		Y		Y		Y		Y		Y	
247-01-0012	Y		Y		Y		Y		Y		Y	

**Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

Report Prepared By	Jason Hartshorn
Date Prepared	2/7/2013 10:08
database name	Meredell cvs-eep-entrytool-v2.3.1.mdb
database location	K:\RAL_Environmental\011795 Meredell Farm Monitoring MDELL\MDELL VEGETATION
computer name	DD83305
file size	46075904

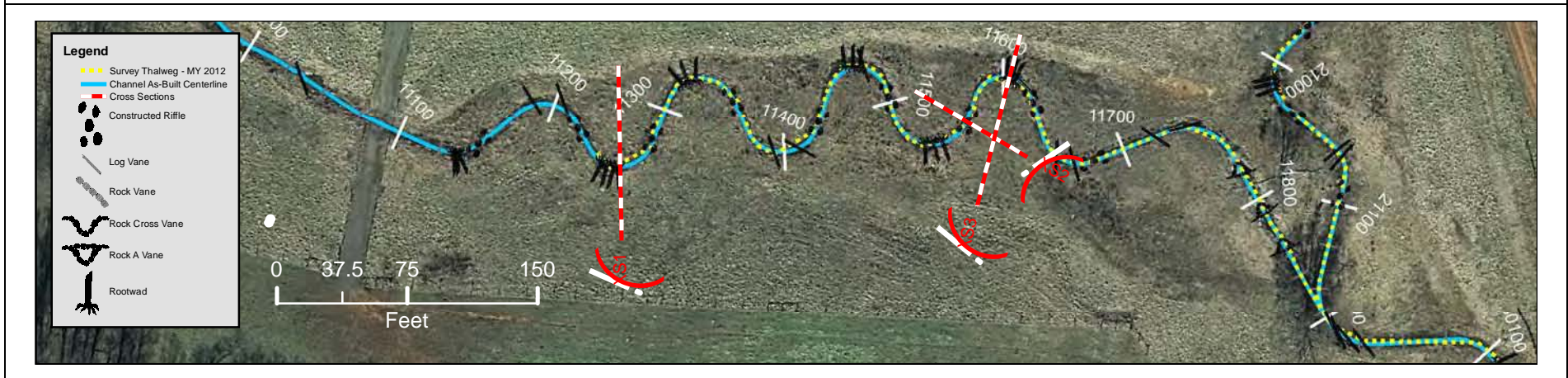
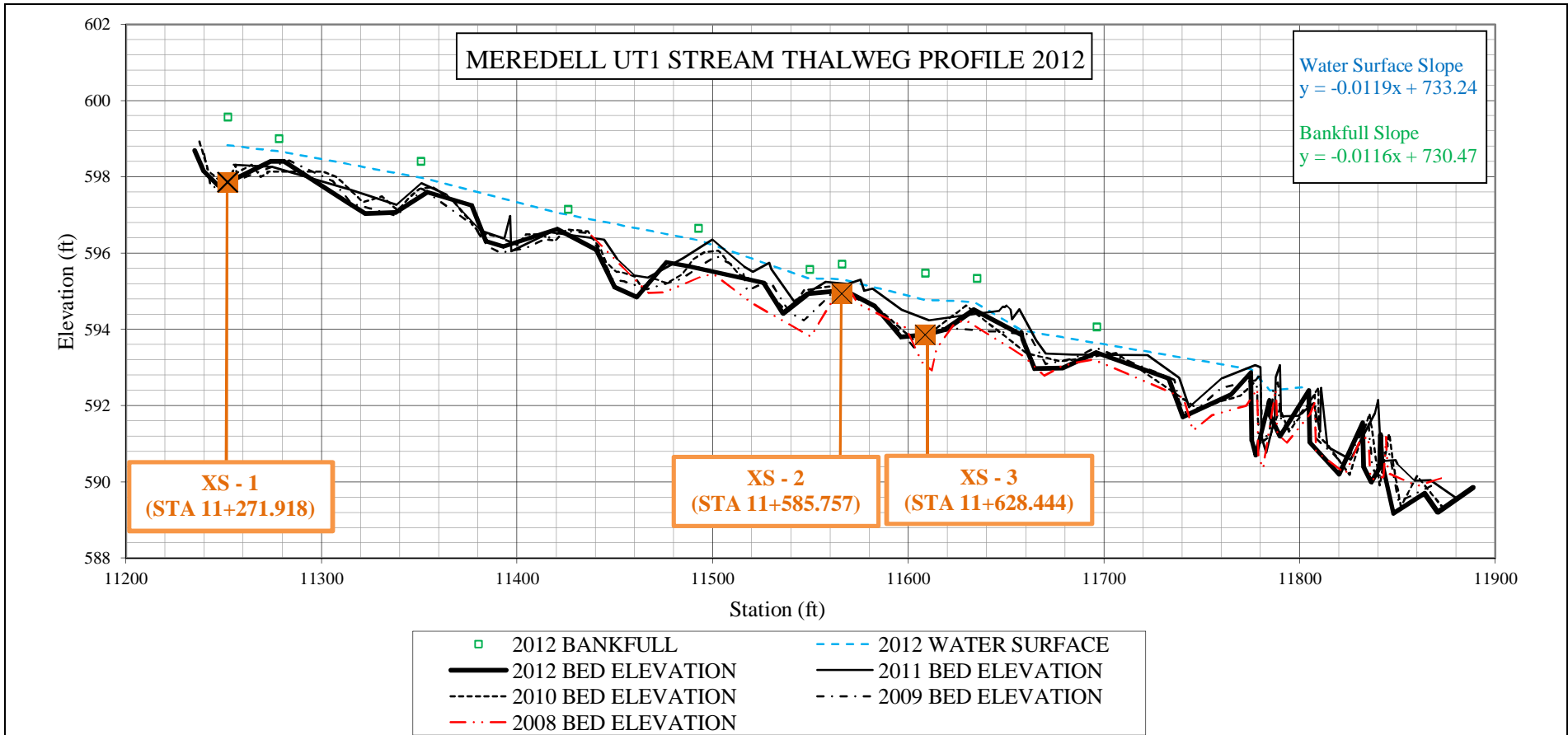
DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT-----

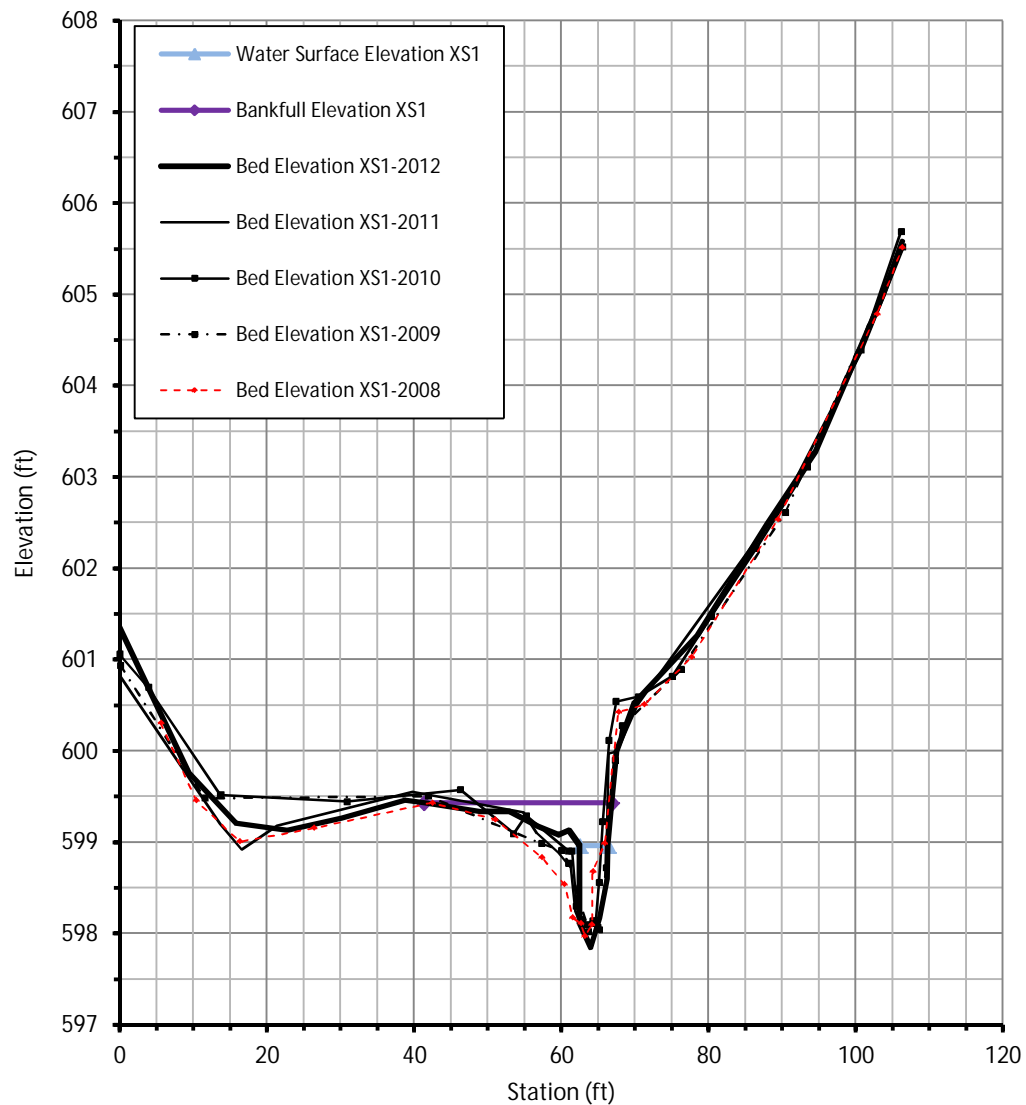
Metadata	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data.
Proj, planted	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.
Proj, total stems	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
Plots	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).
Vigor	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
Vigor by Spp	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
Damage	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.
Damage by Spp	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
Damage by Plot	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
Planted Stems by Plot and Spp	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.

PROJECT SUMMARY-----

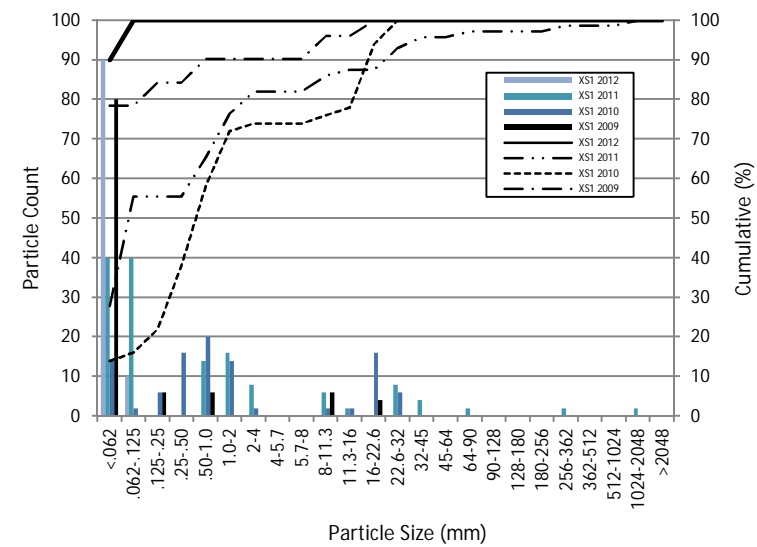
Project Code	247
project Name	Meredell Farm Stream Restoration
Description	stream restoation, enhancement, and preservation
River Basin	Cape Fear
length(ft)	9601
stream-to-edge width (ft)	100
area (sq m)	201,533
Required Plots (calculated)	12
Sampled Plots	12

APPENDIX D
STREAM SURVEY DATA



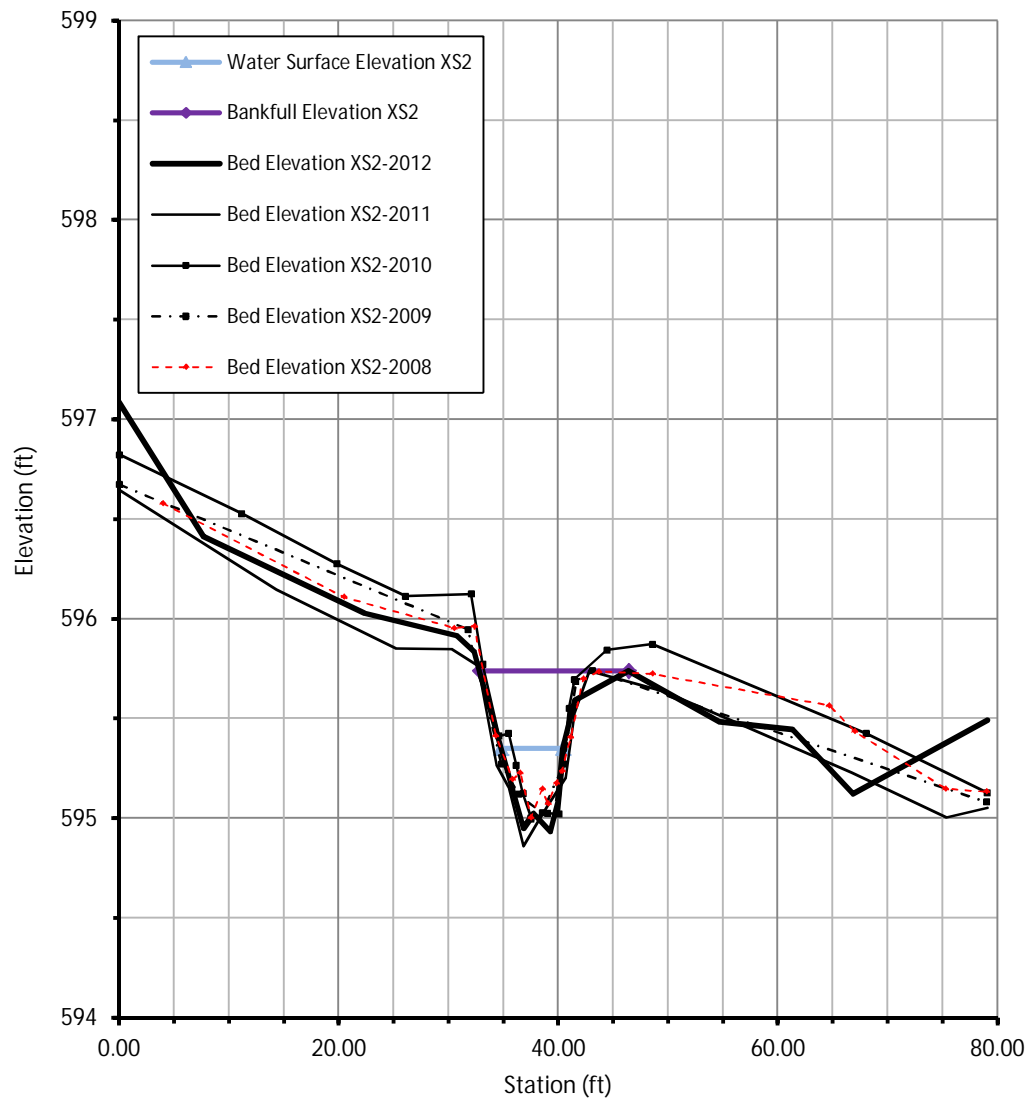


XS - 1 (STA 11+271.918)

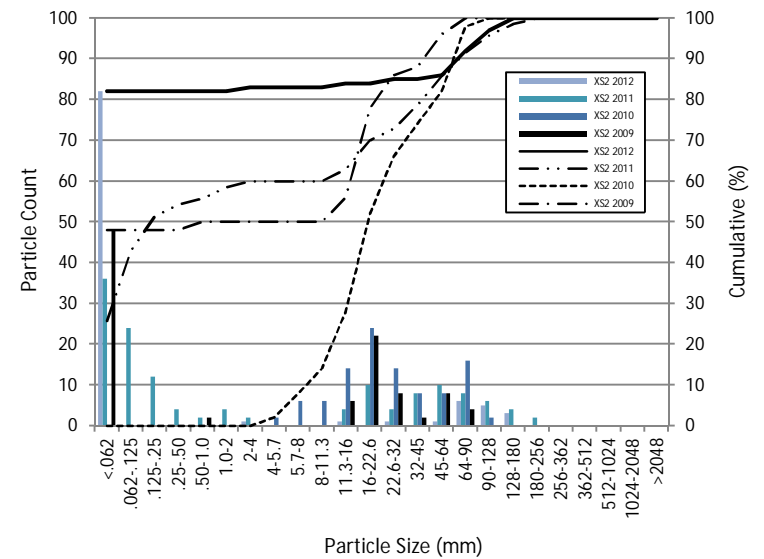


ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS1	2008	DESIGN	POOL	12.0	11.5	1.0
XS1	2008	MY1	POOL	24.0	11.4	0.5
XS1	2009	MY2	POOL	22.8	11.0	0.5
XS1	2010	MY3	POOL	17.2	8.1	0.5
XS1	2011	MY4	POOL	10.4	6.1	0.6
XS1	2012	MY5	POOL	25.5	8.37	0.33

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS1	2009	MY2	<0.062	0.25
XS1	2010	MY3	0.8	18.5
XS1	2011	MY4	0.11	9.63
XS1	2012	MY5	0.03	0.06

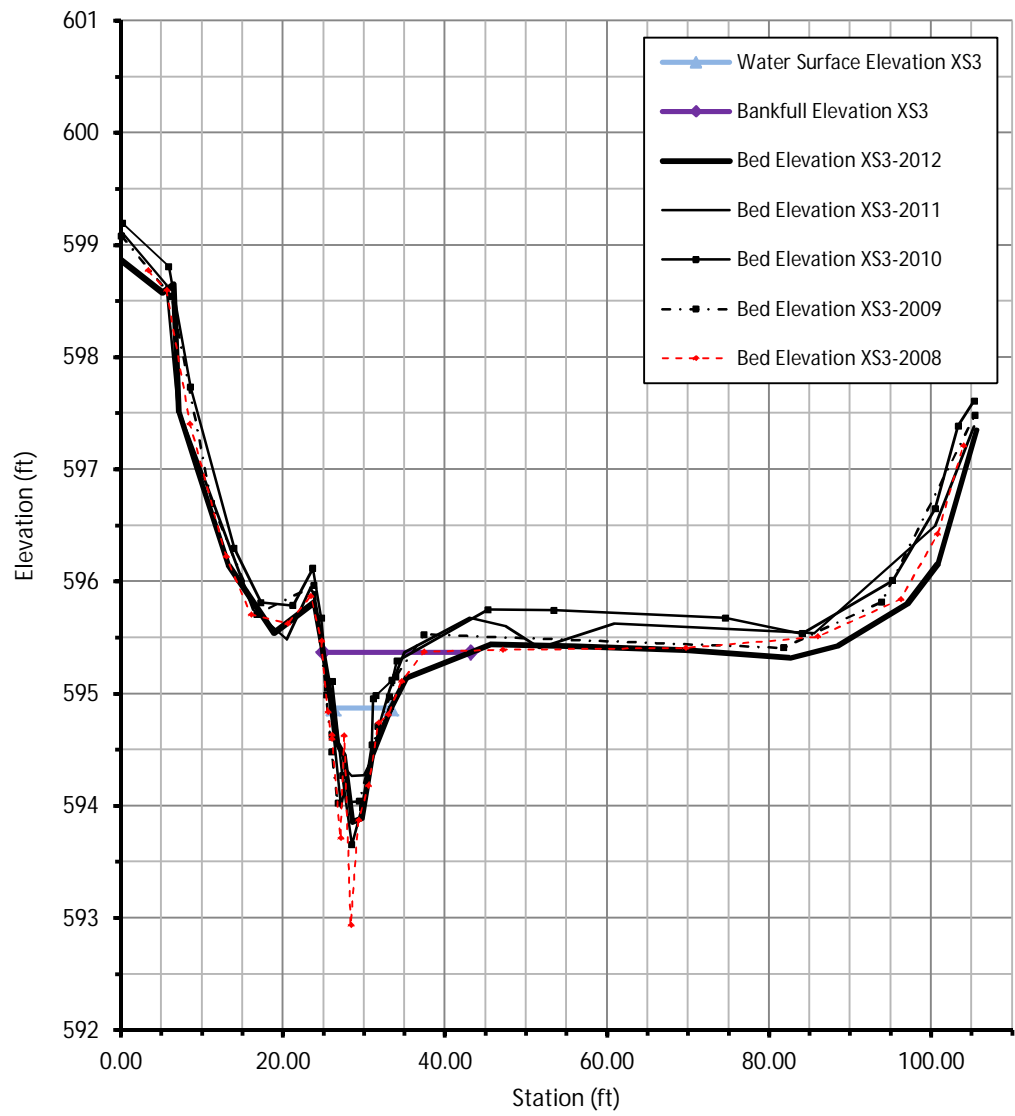


XS - 2 (STA 11+585.757)

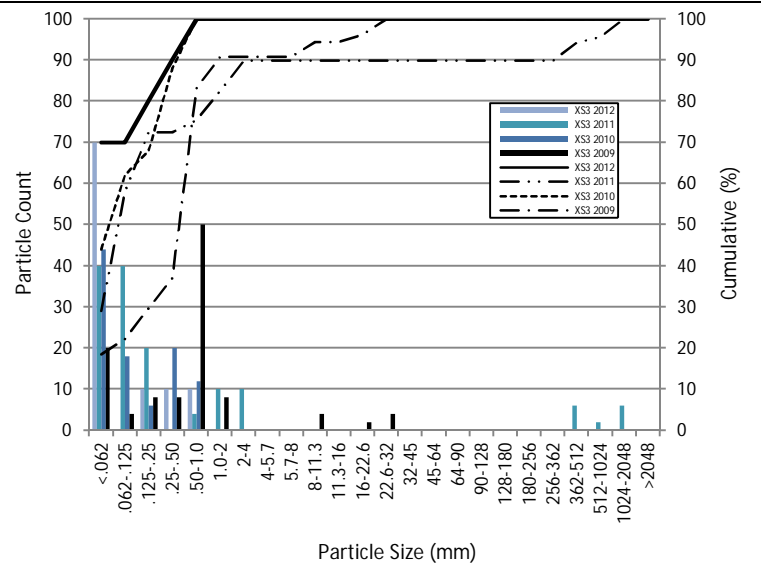


ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS2	2008	DESIGN	RIFFLE	7.3	4.5	0.6
XS2	2008	MY1	RIFFLE	10.6	4.2	0.4
XS2	2009	MY2	RIFFLE	11.7	4.3	0.4
XS2	2010	MY3	RIFFLE	9.5	4.0	0.4
XS2	2011	MY4	RIFFLE	10.1	5.1	0.5
XS2	2012	MY5	RIFFLE	13.6	4.84	0.36

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS2	2009	MY2	8	22.6
XS2	2010	MY3	22.05	67.3
XS2	2011	MY4	0.23	59.45
XS2	2012	MY5	0.04	16

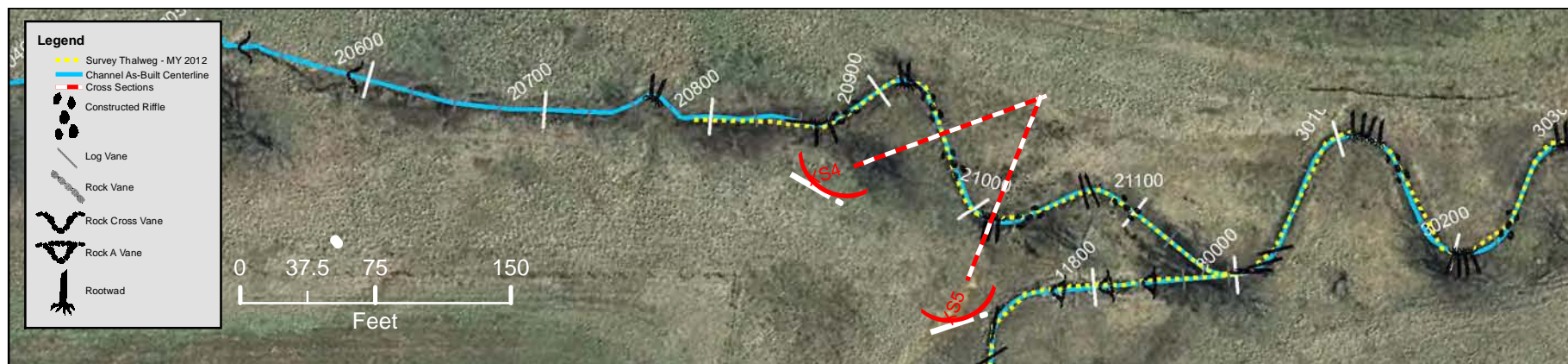
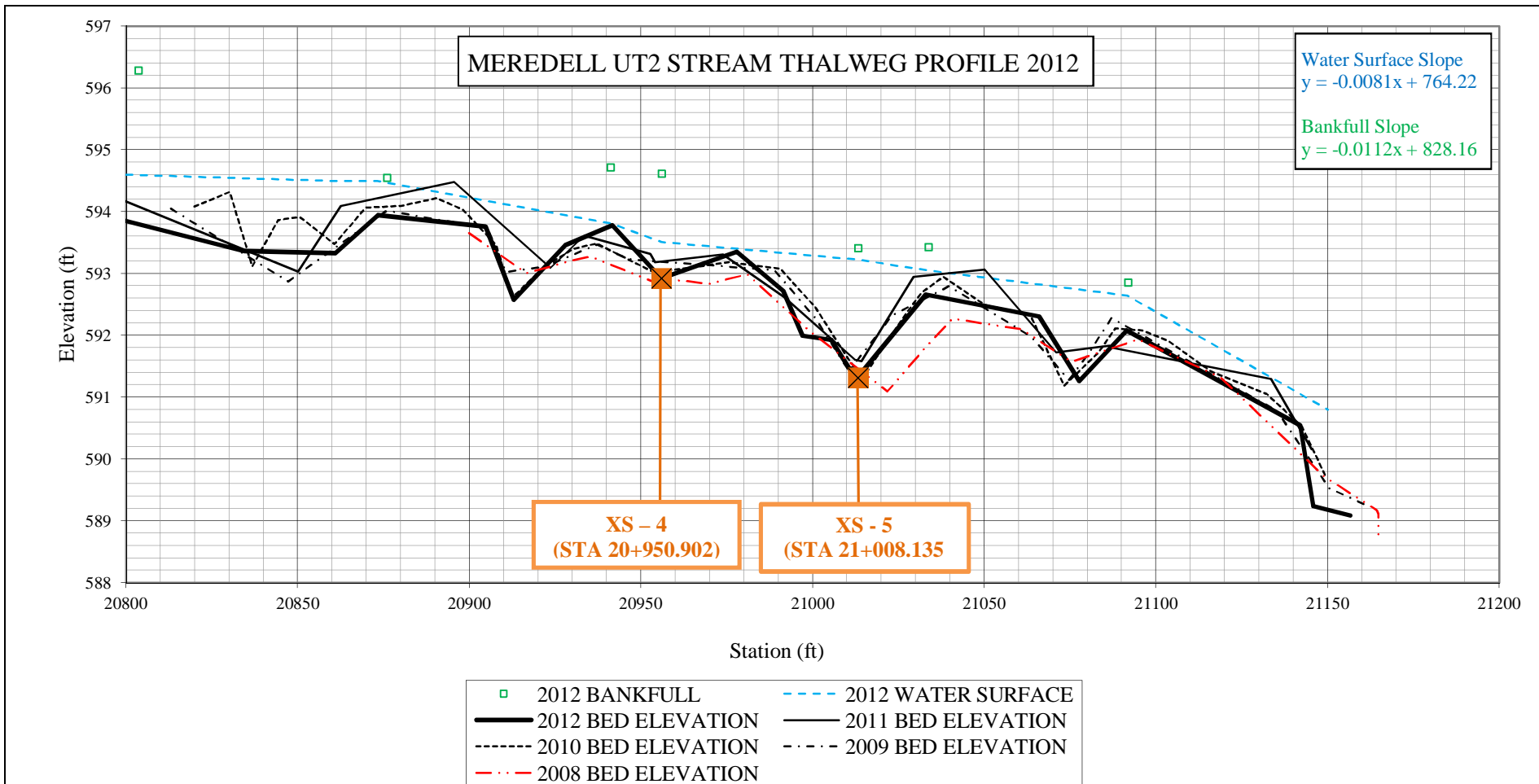


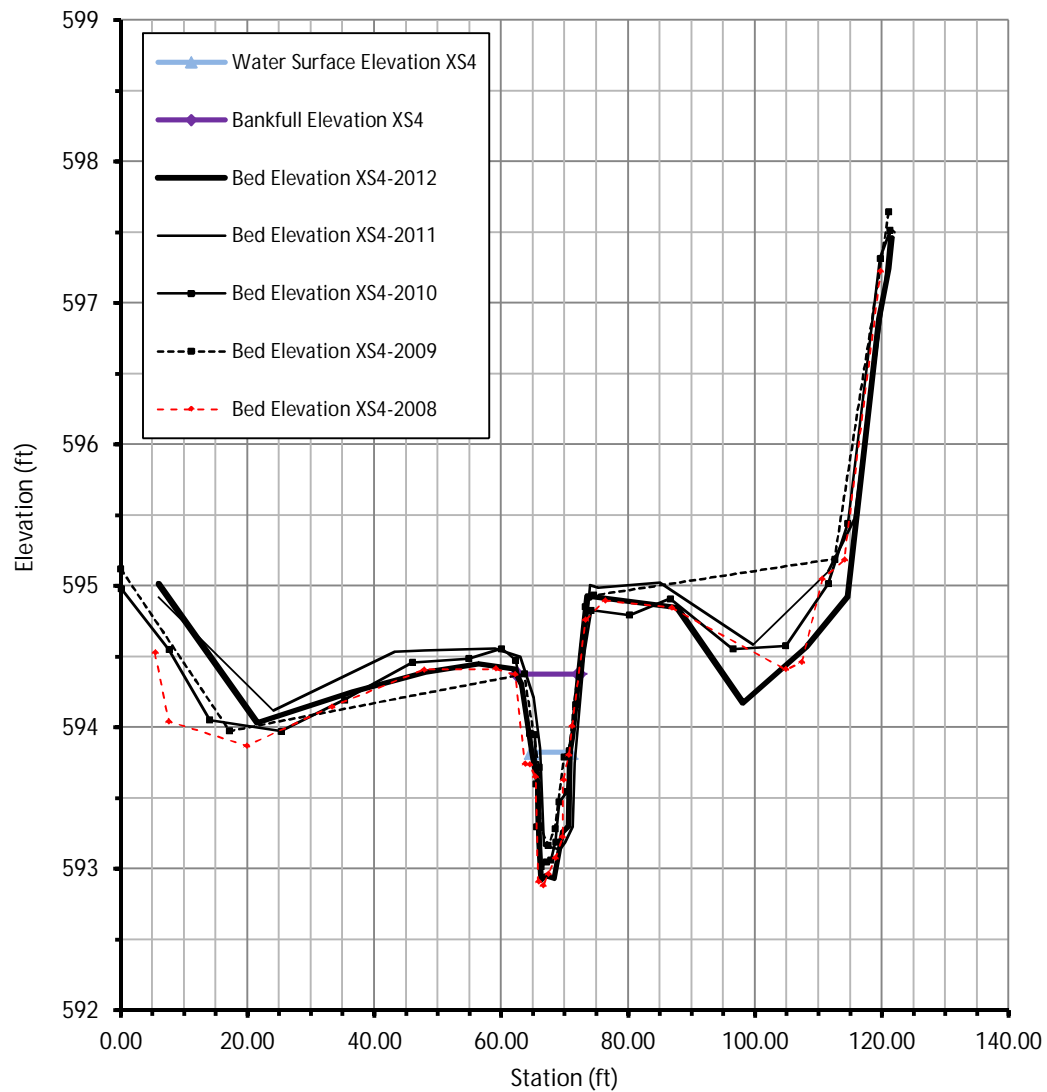
XS - 3 (STA 11+628.444)



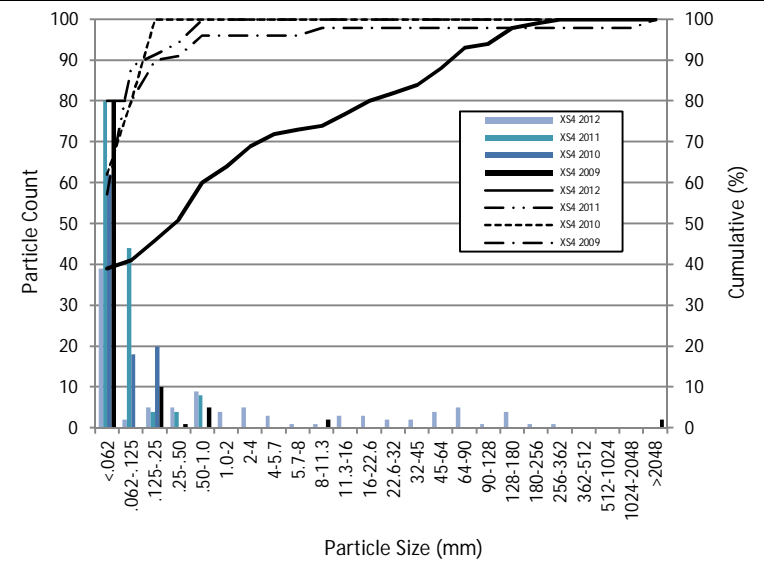
ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS3	2008	DESIGN	POOL	12.0	11.5	1.0
XS3	2008	MY1	POOL	12.5	10.1	0.8
XS3	2009	MY2	POOL	11.4	8.5	0.7
XS3	2010	MY3	POOL	11.4	7.3	0.6
XS3	2011	MY4	POOL	10.1	7.4	0.7
XS3	2012	MY5	POOL	18.3	9.19	0.5

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS3	2009	MY2	0.5	1.0
XS3	2010	MY3	0.08	0.45
XS3	2014	MY4	0.11	2.38
XS3	2012	MY5	0.04	0.35



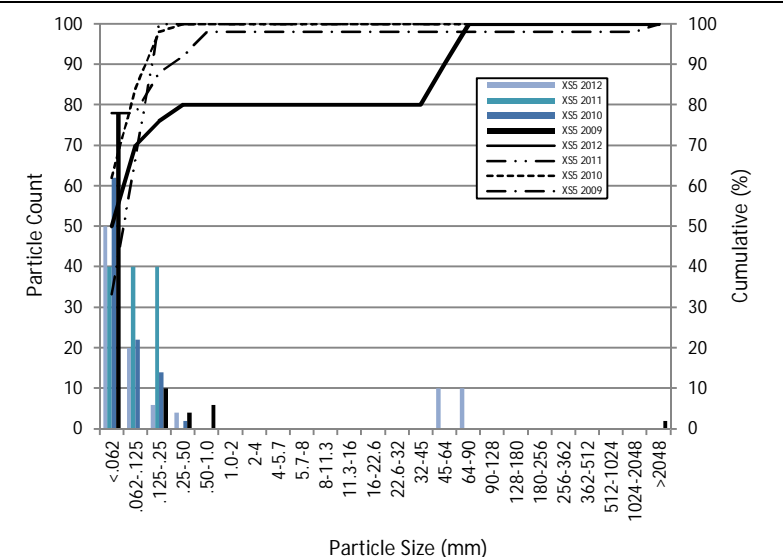
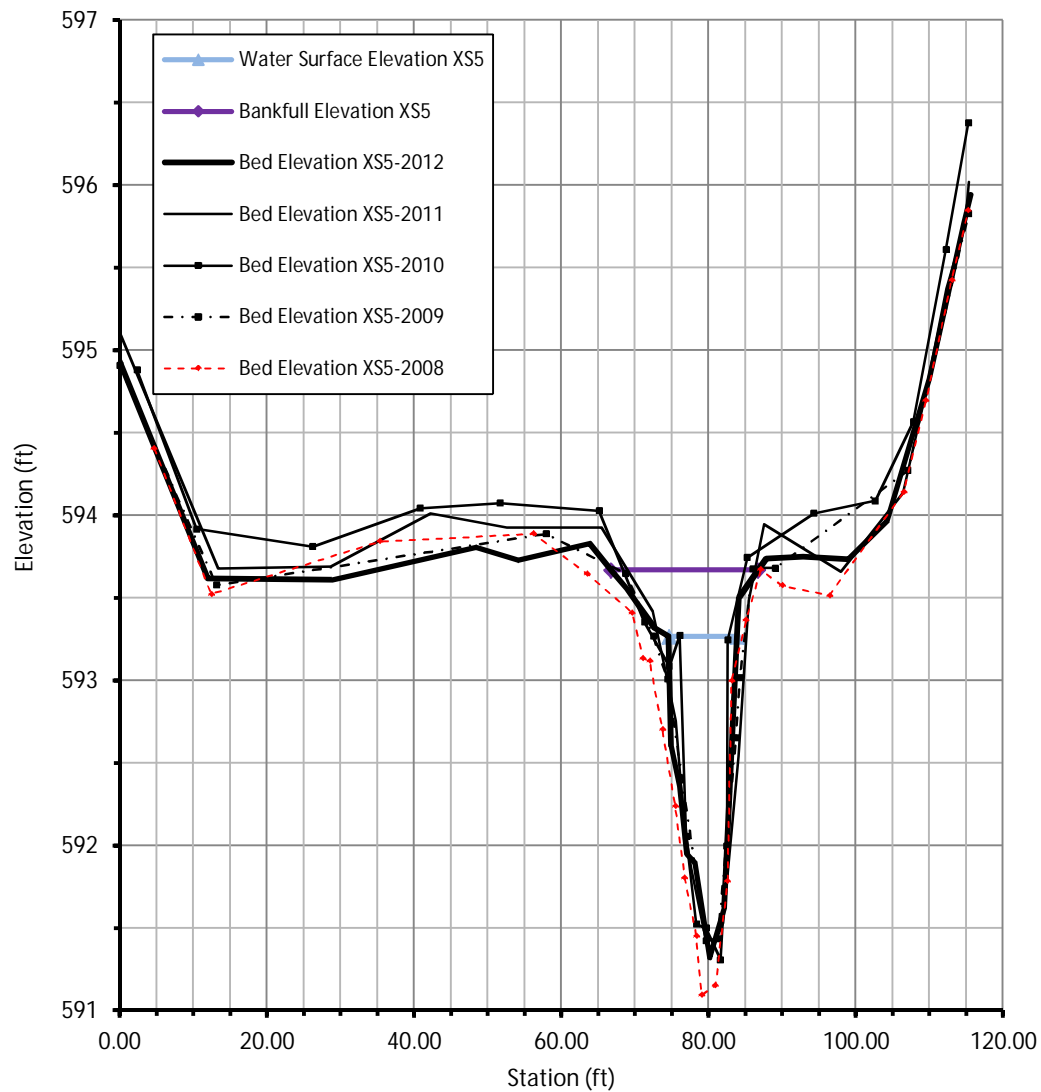


XS - 4 (STA 20+950.902)



ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS4	2008	DESIGN	RIFFLE	7.3	4.5	0.6
XS4	2008	MY1	RIFFLE	10.0	8.4	0.8
XS4	2009	MY2	RIFFLE	7.7	5.4	0.7
XS4	2010	MY3	RIFFLE	9.3	7.3	0.8
XS4	2011	MY4	RIFFLE	9.0	7.1	0.8
XS4	2012	MY5	RIFFLE	9.84	8.06	0.82

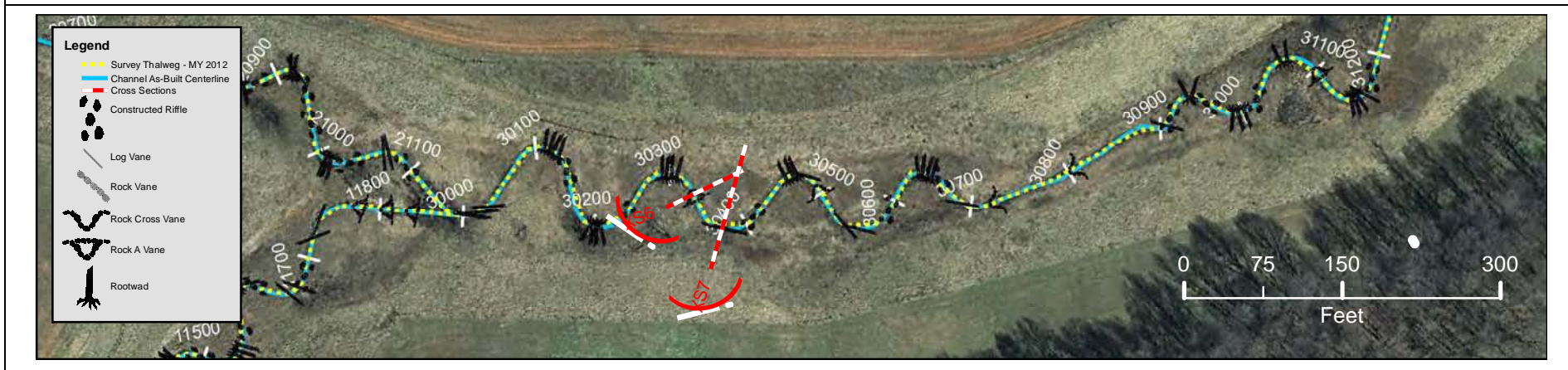
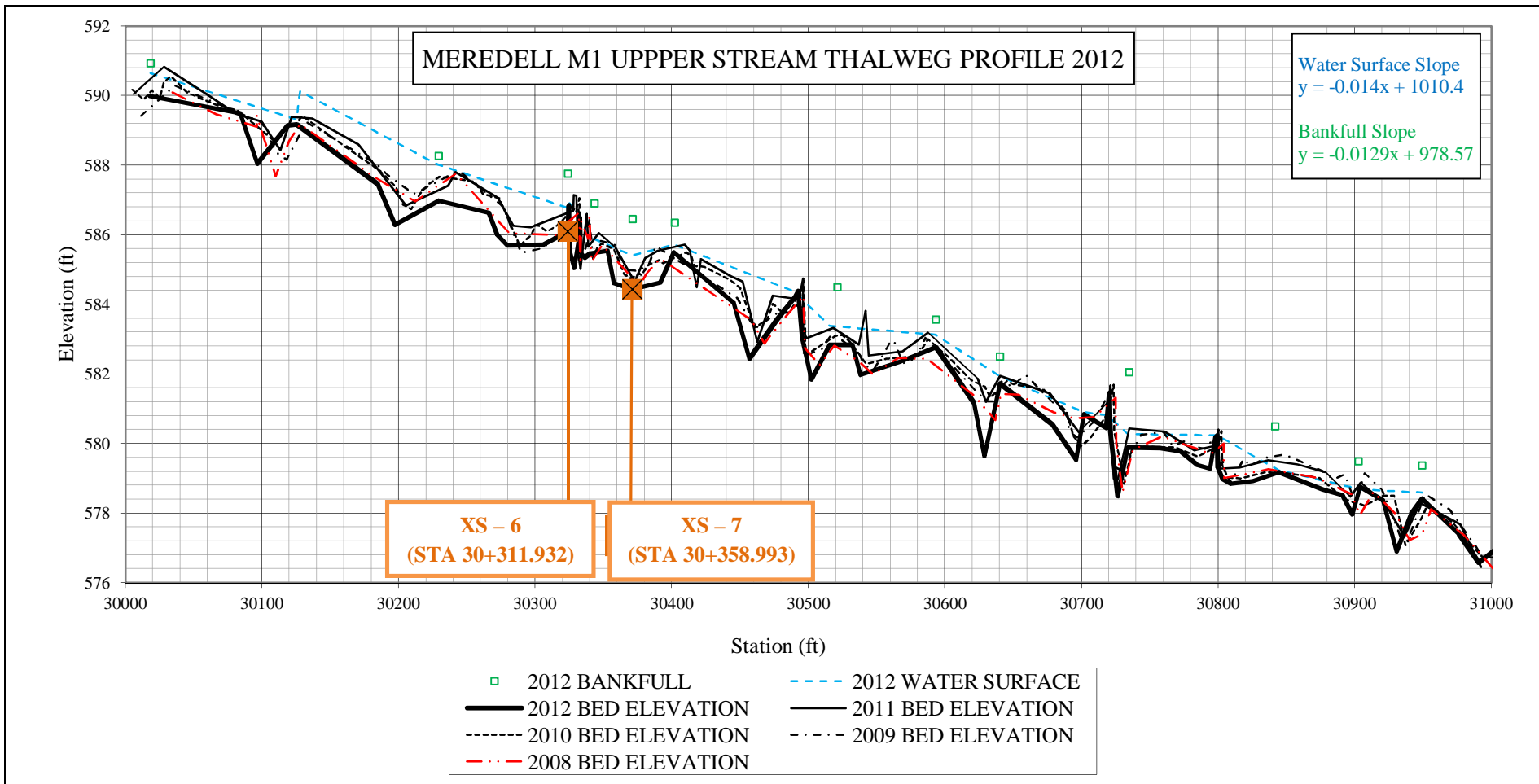
ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS4	2009	MY2	0.5	0.125
XS4	2010	MY3	0.08	0.15
XS4	2011	MY4	0.05	0.1158
XS4	2012	MY5	0.45	45

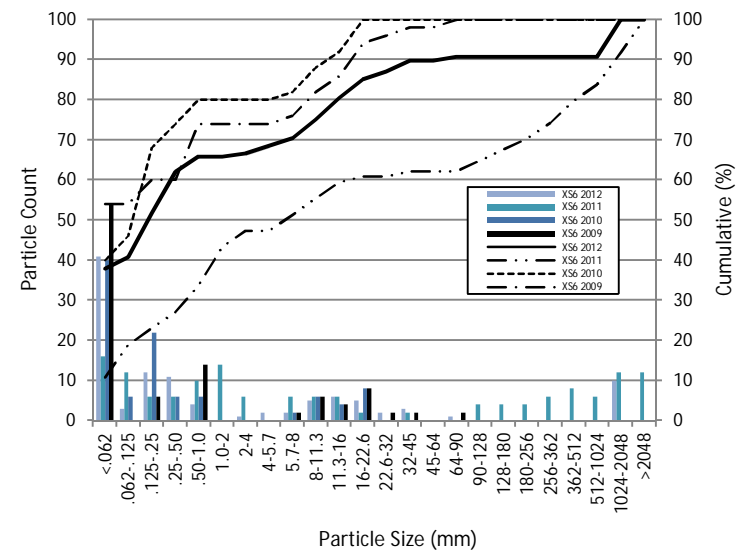
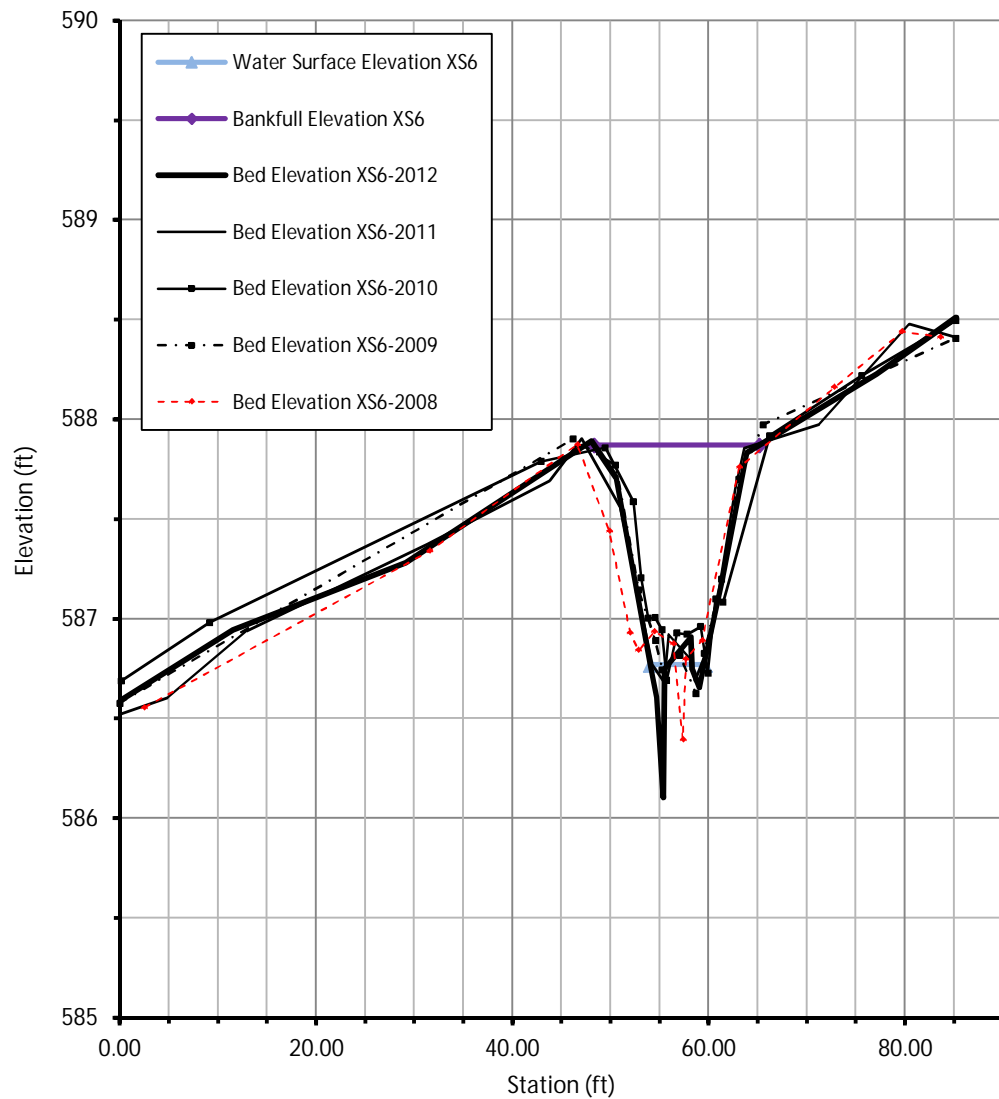


XS - 5 (STA 21+008.135)

ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS5	2008	DESIGN	POOL	12.0	11.5	1.0
XS5	2008	MY1	POOL	24.2	22.8	0.9
XS5	2009	MY2	POOL	17.9	18.2	1.0
XS5	2010	MY3	POOL	16.5	15.9	1.0
XS5	2011	MY4	POOL	17.3	19.0	1.1
XS5	2012	MY5	POOL	20.0	17.7	0.89

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS5	2009	MY2	<0.062	0.125
XS5	2010	MY3	<0.062	0.125
XS5	2011	MY3	0.09	0.19
XS5	2012	MY5	0.06	52.6

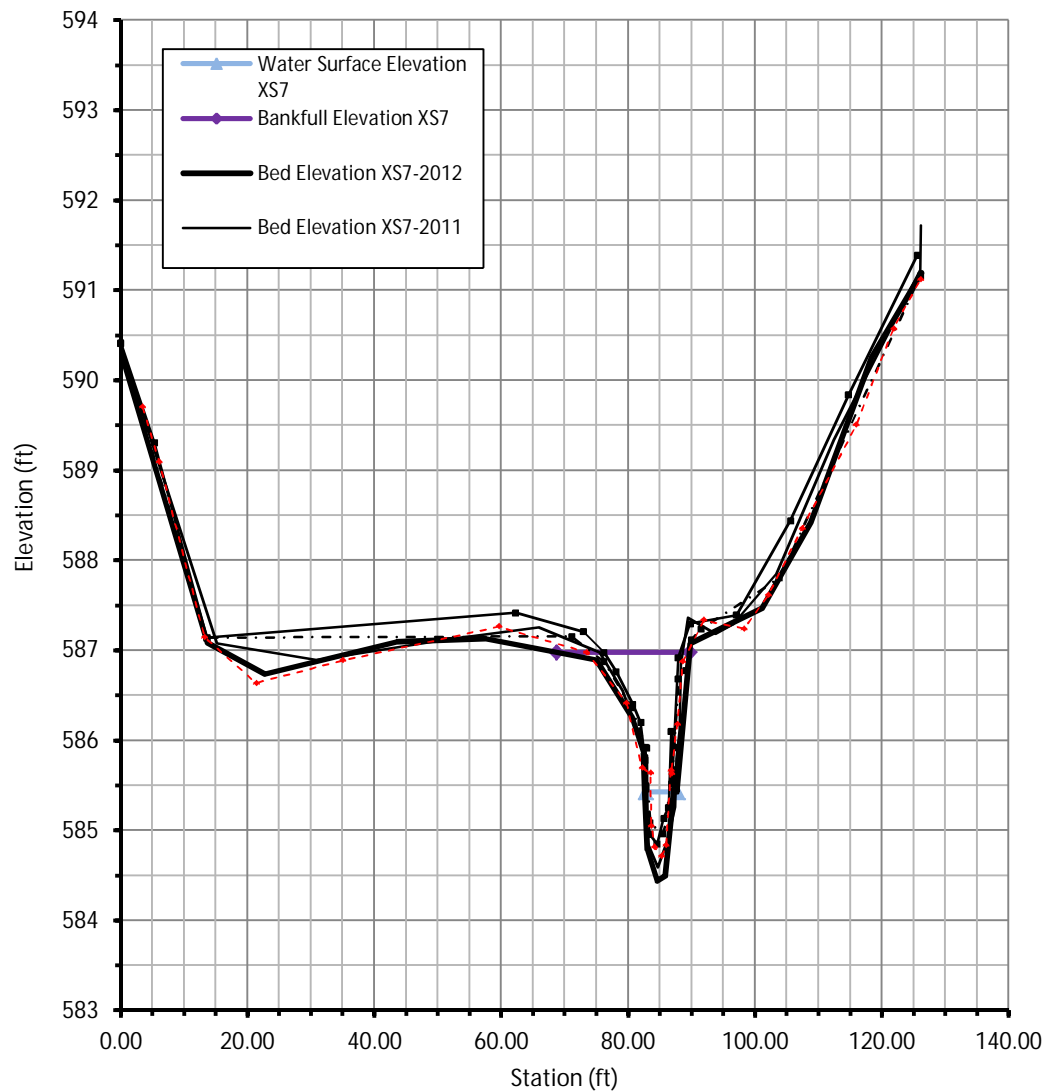




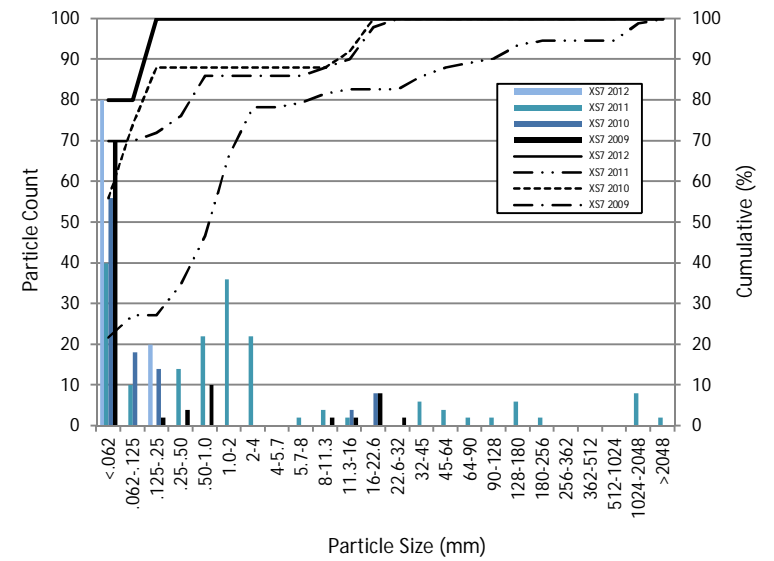
XS - 6 (STA 30+311.932)

ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS6	2008	DESIGN	RIFFLE	10.2	8.0	0.8
XS6	2008	MY1	RIFFLE	19.1	11.9	0.6
XS6	2009	MY2	RIFFLE	17.7	10.7	0.6
XS6	2010	MY3	RIFFLE	16.4	10.3	0.6
XS6	2011	MY4	RIFFLE	16.3	10.6	0.7
XS6	2012	MY5	RIFFLE	16.9	11.3	0.67

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS6	2009	MY2	<0.062	11.3
XS6	2010	MY3	0.15	9.1
XS6	2011	MY4	7.23	1,051.78
XS6	2012	MY5	0.23	20.9

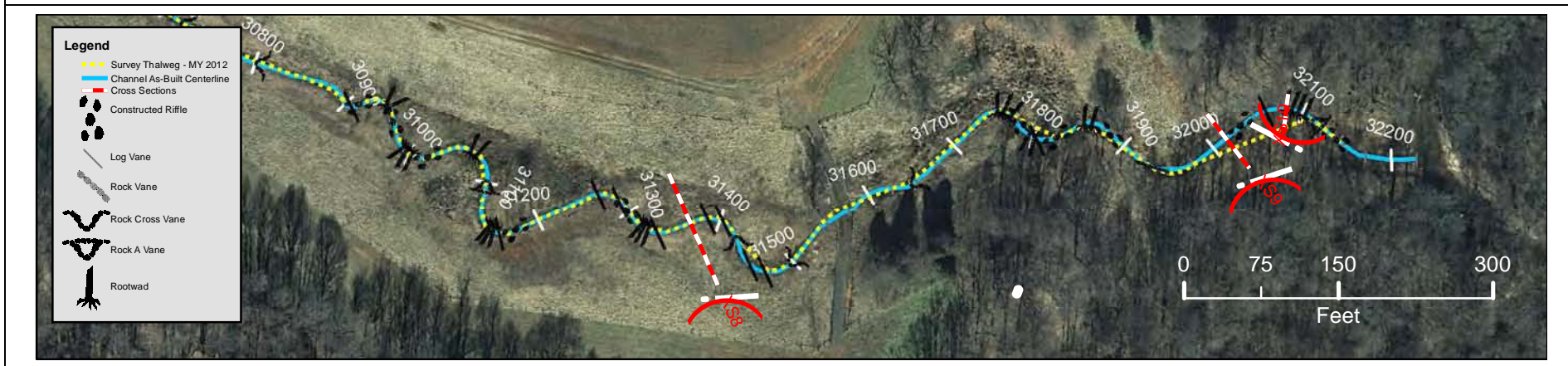
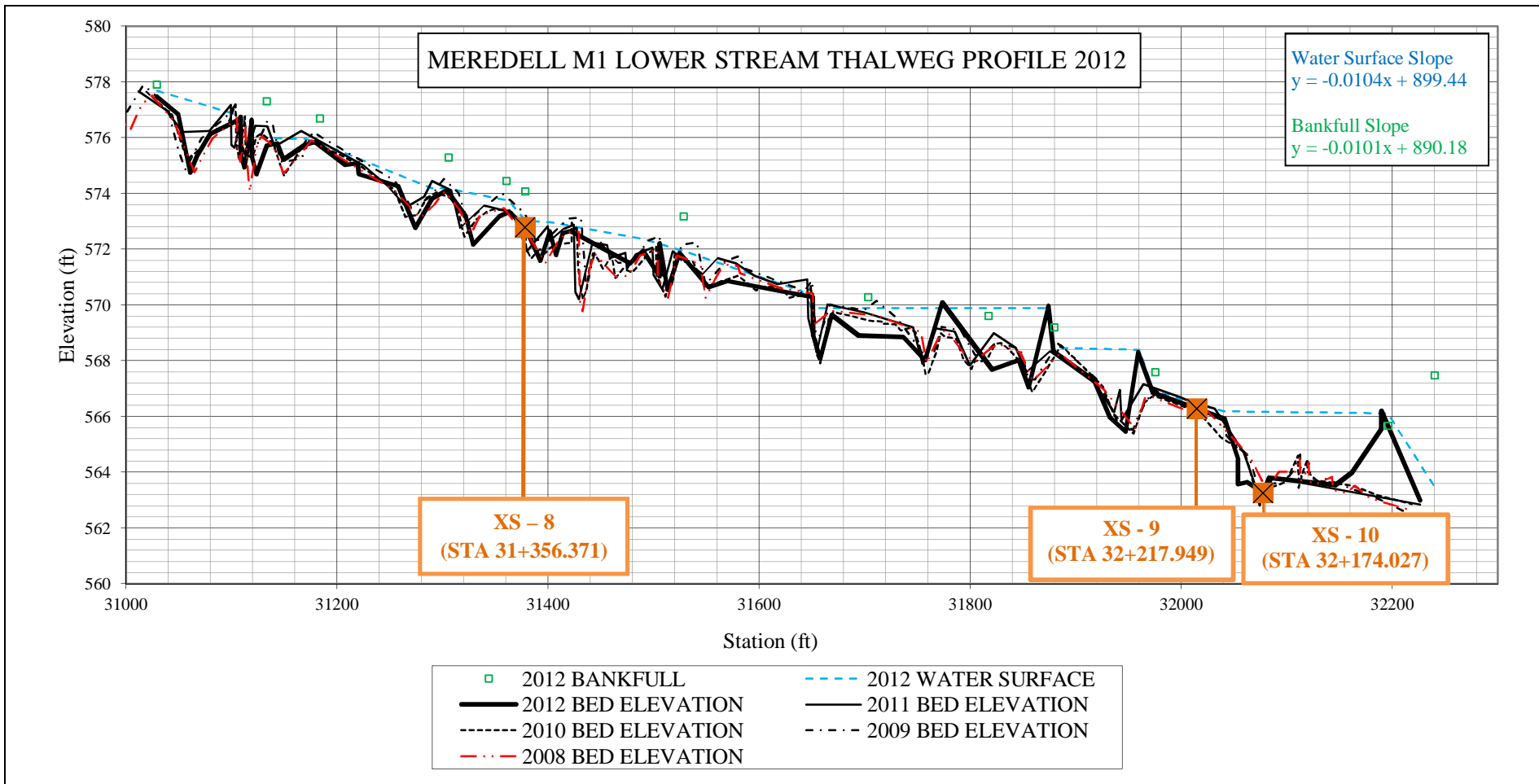


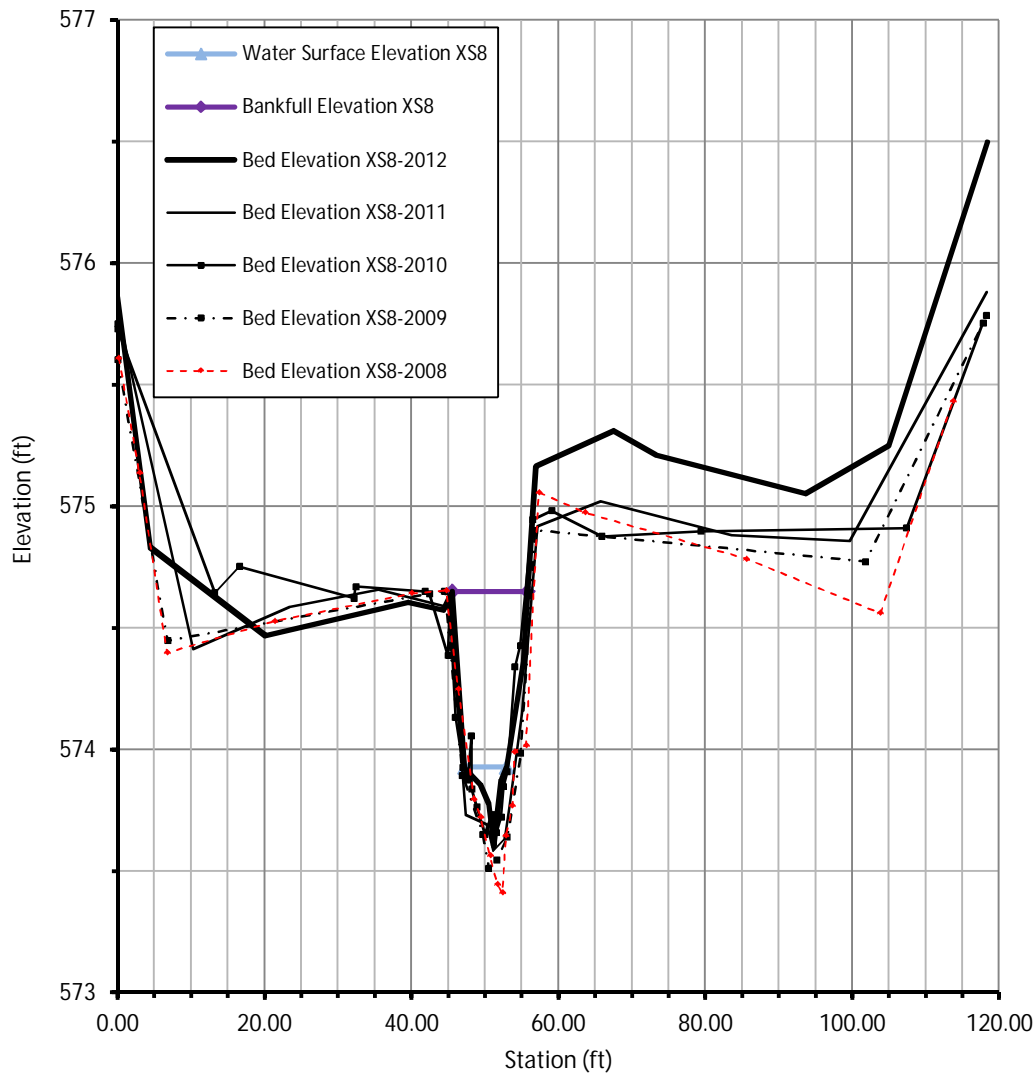
XS - 7 (STA 30+358.993)



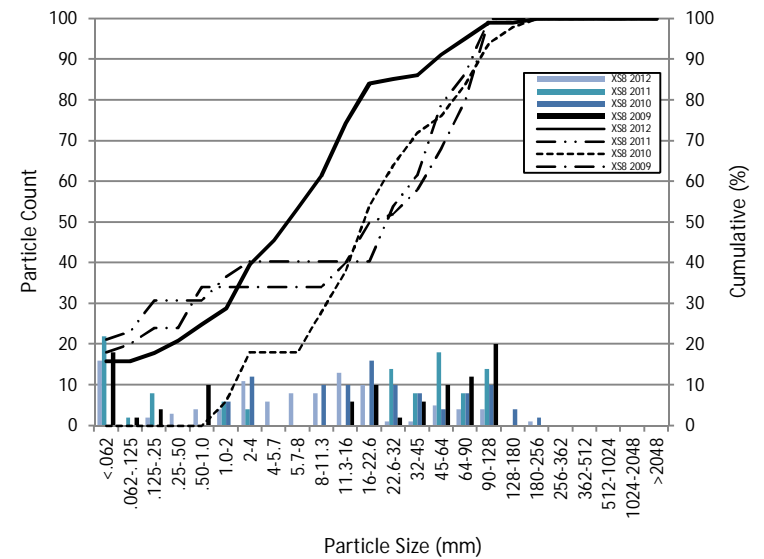
ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS7	2008	DESIGN	POOL	15.0	18.5	1.2
XS7	2008	MY1	POOL	15.9	13.9	0.9
XS7	2009	MY2	POOL	15.6	12.3	0.8
XS7	2010	MY3	POOL	12.0	11.5	1.0
XS7	2011	MY4	POOL	13.1	14.4	1.1
XS7	2012	MY5	POOL	21	17.1	0.82

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS7	2009	MY2	<0.062	0.5
XS7	2010	MY3	<0.062	0.2143
XS7	2011	MY4	1.17	37.54
XS7	2012	MY5	0.04	0.15



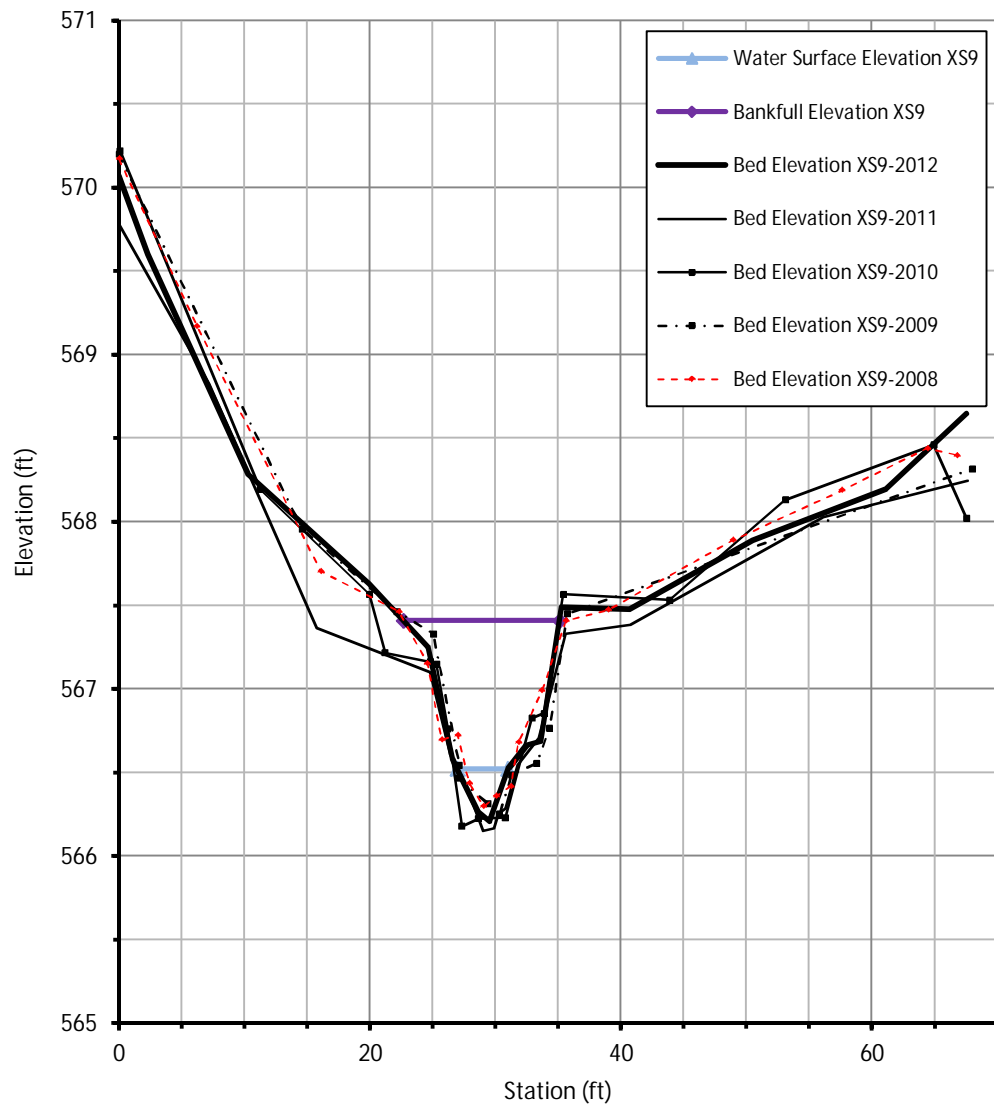


XS - 8 (STA 31+356.371)

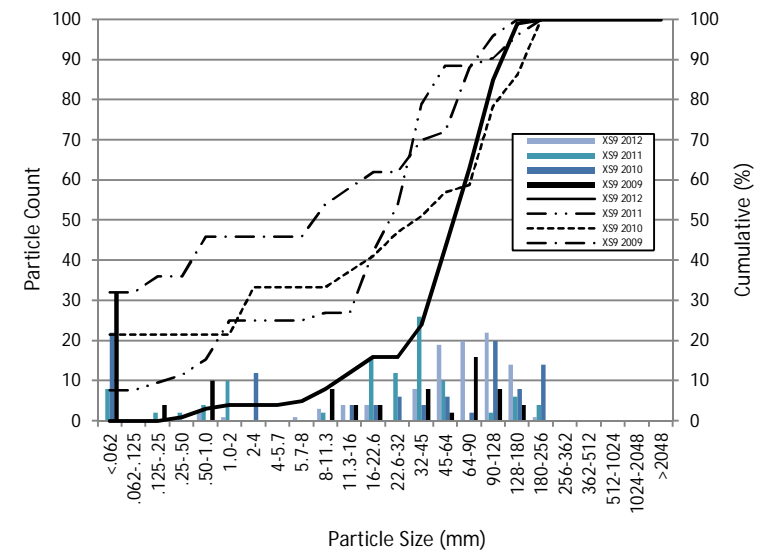


ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS8	2008	DESIGN	RIFFLE	10.2	8.0	0.8
XS8	2008	MY1	RIFFLE	11.9	8.7	0.7
XS8	2009	MY2	RIFFLE	11.7	9.0	0.8
XS8	2010	MY3	RIFFLE	13.9	7.9	0.6
XS8	2011	MY4	RIFFLE	20.9	8.8	0.4
XS8	2012	MY5	RIFFLE	10.3	6.54	0.64

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS8	2009	MY2	16	90
XS8	2010	MY3	20.95	90
XS8	2011	MY4	29.31	81.41
XS8	2012	MY5	6.99	22.49

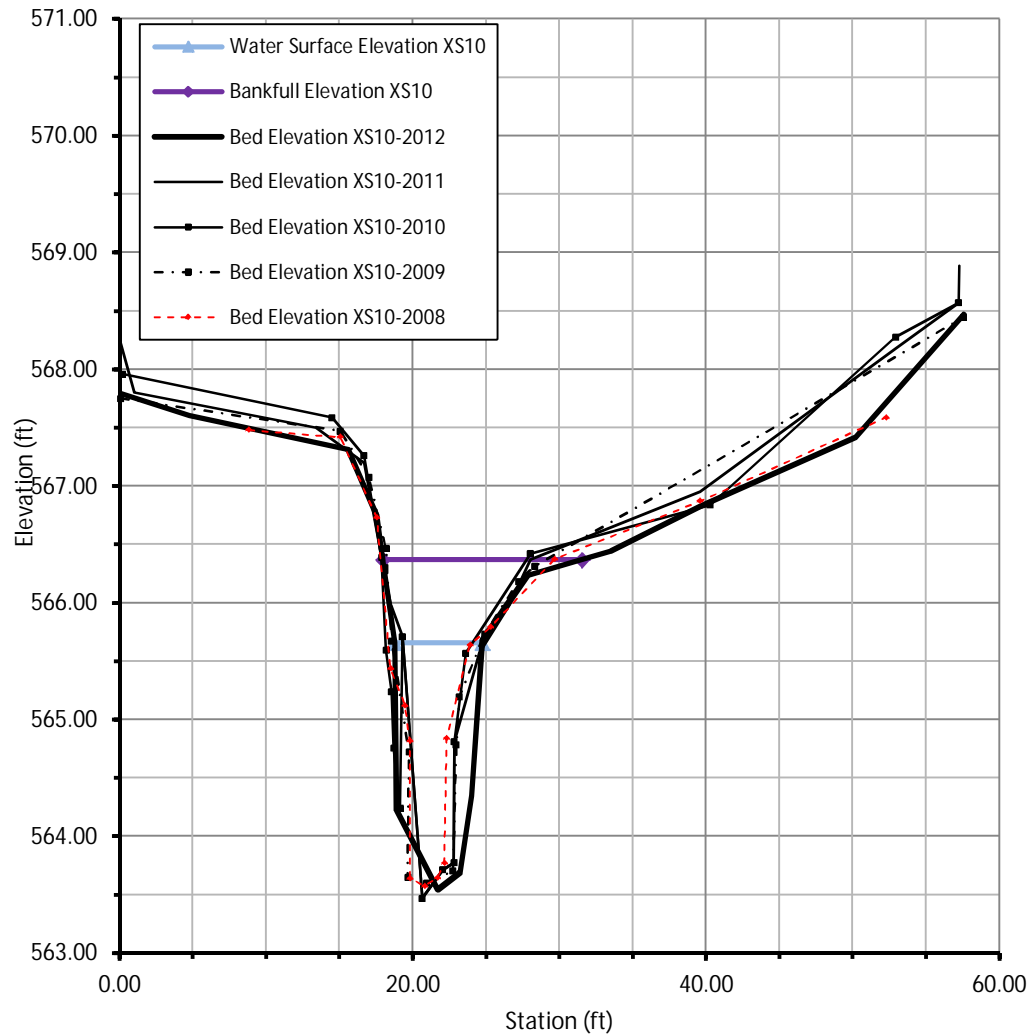


XS - 9 (STA 32+217.949)

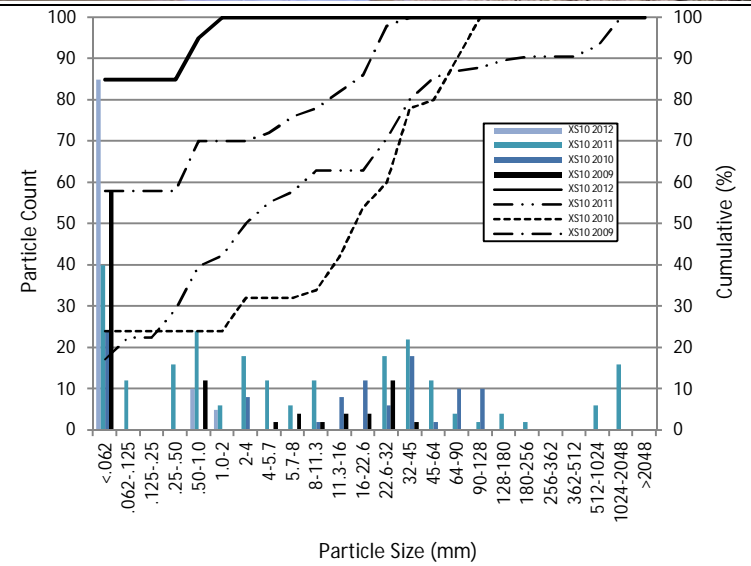


ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS9	2008	DESIGN	RIFFLE	10.2	8.0	0.8
XS9	2008	MY1	RIFFLE	12.9	7.9	0.6
XS9	2009	MY2	RIFFLE	13.1	9.3	0.7
XS9	2010	MY3	RIFFLE	14.5	9.3	0.6
XS9	2011	MY4	RIFFLE	14.1	6.9	0.5
XS9	2012	MY5	RIFFLE	12.4	8.33	0.67

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS9	2009	MY2	8	64
XS9	2010	MY3	41.75	164.94
XS9	2011	MY4	28.86	55.18
XS9	2012	MY5	73.1	255.99



XS - 10 (STA 32+174.027)



ID	YEAR	PHASE	FACET TYPE	Wbkf	Abkf	Dbkf
XS10	2008	DESIGN	POOL	15.0	18.5	1.2
XS10	2008	MY1	POOL	11.9	12.7	1.1
XS10	2009	MY2	POOL	11.0	13.2	1.2
XS10	2010	MY3	POOL	9.9	14.2	1.4
XS10	2011	MY4	POOL	10.1	12.4	1.2
XS10	2012	MY5	POOL	13.6	16	1.18

ID	YEAR	PHASE	d50 (mm)	d84 (mm)
XS10	2009	MY2	<0.062	16
XS10	2010	MY3	20.4	74.4
XS10	2011	MY4	4.0	59.08
XS10	2012	MY5	0.04	0.06

Table 10a.1 Baseline Stream Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT1b (780 feet)

Parameter	Gauge ²	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition							Reference Reach(es) Data					Design			Monitoring Baseline					
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only																									
Bankfull Width (ft)					4.1	8.0	6.4	14.7	4.0	6								7.3							
Floodprone Width (ft)					6.0	25.5	17.0	59.0	20.0	6															
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.1	6								0.6							
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.8	0.9	0.9	1.1	0.1	6						0.7	0.8	0.9							
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					2.6	4.6	3.8	8.3	2.2	6								4.5							
Width/Depth Ratio					5.7	14.0	11.8	26.2	7.4	6								12							
Entrenchment Ratio					1.3	3.3	2.5	6.9	2.3	6															
¹ Bank Height Ratio					1.1	3.0	3.4	4.6	1.5	6								1							
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)																									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					0.093			0.022									0.013	0.018	0.022						
Pool Length (ft)																									
Pool Max depth (ft)						2.4											1.2	1.5	1.8						
Pool Spacing (ft)					18			171									14.7	25.7	36.7						
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					10			140									26	42.5	59						
Radius of Curvature (ft)					13			45									15	18.5	22						
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					1.6			5.6									2	2.5	3						
Meander Wavelength (ft)					80			400									51	66	81						
Meander Width Ratio					10			50.2									7	9	11						
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft ²								0.81										0.26							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull								50										50							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																									
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification					G4, F4b, E4b C4b												C4								
Bankfull Velocity (fps)																									
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																									
Valley length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																									
Sinuosity (ft)					1.2												1.4								
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)					0.0258												0.011								
BF slope (ft/ft)																	0.0159								
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																									
Biological or Other																									

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

Table 10a.2 Baseline Stream Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT2b (294 feet)

Parameter	Gauge ²	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition							Reference Reach(es) Data					Design			Monitoring Baseline					
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only																									
Bankfull Width (ft)					4.9	6.6	6.8	8.1	1.3	4								7.3							
Floodprone Width (ft)					10.0	12.3	11.0	17.0	3.2	4															
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.4	0.6	0.5	0.8	0.2	4								0.6							
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.8	1.0	1.0	1.2	0.2	4						0.7	0.8	0.9							
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					2.4	3.7	3.1	6.2	1.8	4								4.5							
Width/Depth Ratio					9.8	12.8	11.6	18.4	3.9	4								12							
Entrenchment Ratio					1.6	1.9	1.9	2.3	0.3	4															
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.2	2.6	2.3	3.7	0.7	4								1							
Profile																									
Riffle Length (ft)																									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					0.009			0.225									0.016	0.021	0.027						
Pool Length (ft)																									
Pool Max depth (ft)						1											1.2	1.5	1.8						
Pool Spacing (ft)					30			67									14.7	25.7	36.7						
Pattern																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)						15											26	42.5	59						
Radius of Curvature (ft)					3			13									15	18.5	22						
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					0.4			1.9									2	2.5	3						
Meander Wavelength (ft)					60			95									51	66	81						
Meander Width Ratio					8.8			13.9									7	9	11						
Transport parameters																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft ²								0.565										0.439							
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull								sand										sand							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²								31.1										20.9							
Additional Reach Parameters																									
Rosgen Classification								B5, E5										C4							
Bankfull Velocity (fps)								2.9										3.1							
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)								13																	
Valley length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																									
Sinuosity (ft)								1.12										1.2							
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0321										0.0134							
BF slope (ft/ft)																		0.0166							
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																									
Biological or Other																									

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data. 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

Table 10a.3 Baseline Stream Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: M1 (3200 feet)

Parameter	Gauge ²	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition							Reference Reach(es) Data					Design			Monitoring Baseline						
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁵	n	
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only																										
Bankfull Width (ft)					4.6	6.4	6.7	7.6	1.3	4																
Floodprone Width (ft)					6.0	10.0	10.5	13.0	2.9	4																
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1	4																
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					1.2	1.3	1.4	1.4	0.1	4							1									
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					3.7	7.0	7.4	9.4	2.5	4																
Width/Depth Ratio					5.8	6.8	6.7	7.9	0.9	4																
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2	1.5	1.5	1.9	0.3	4																
¹ Bank Height Ratio					2.8	3.0	2.9	3.4	0.3	4																
Profile																										
Riffle Length (ft)																										
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																	0.016	0.021	0.026							
Pool Length (ft)																										
Pool Max depth (ft)																	1.7	2.1	2.5							
Pool Spacing (ft)																	20.3	35.55	50.8							
Pattern																										
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					20			30									36	58.5	81							
Radius of Curvature (ft)					16			25									20	25	30							
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					2.5			3.9									2	2.5	3							
Meander Wavelength (ft)					70			170									71	91.5	112							
Meander Width Ratio					11			26.6									7	9	11							
Transport parameters																										
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft ²								0.61																		
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull								52																		
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m ²																										
Additional Reach Parameters																										
Rosgen Classification								G4c																		
Bankfull Velocity (fps)																										
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)																										
Valley length (ft)																										
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																										
Sinuosity (ft)								1.08																		
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.013																		
BF slope (ft/ft)																										
³ Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																										
⁴ % of Reach with Eroding Banks																										
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																										
Biological or Other																										

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

**Table 10b.1 Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT1b (780 feet)**

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition					Reference Reach(es) Data					Design					As-built/Baseline				
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																				
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																				
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / d ⁹⁵ / d ¹⁰⁰ (mm)	0.8	11.2	38.4	63.2	50															
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																				
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																				

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

2 = Entrenchment Class - Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates

3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2.3 - These classes are loosely built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary. The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design survey), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 10b.2 Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT2b (294 feet)

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition					Reference Reach(es) Data					Design					As-built/Baseline				
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																				
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																				
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / d ⁹⁵ / d ¹⁰⁰ (mm)	0.035	0.05	0.13	0.22	0.5															
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																				
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																				

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

2 = Entrenchment Class - Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates

3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2.3 - These classes are loosely built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary. The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design survey), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

**Table 10b.3 Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: M1 (3200 feet)**

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition					Reference Reach(es) Data					Design					As-built/Baseline				
¹ Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																				
¹ SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																				
¹ d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / d ⁹⁵ / d ¹⁰⁰ (mm)	0.3	16.5	60.4	128	52															
² Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																				
³ Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																				

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

2 = Entrenchment Class - Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates

3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

Footnotes 2.3 - These classes are loosely built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary. The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design survey), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.

Table 11a.2 Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections)

Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT2b (294 feet)

Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Cross Section 4 [STA 20+950.902] (Riffle)							Cross Section 5 [STA 21+008.135] (Pool)																				
	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	594.38	594.38	594.38	594.38	594.38	594.38		593.67	593.67	593.67	593.67	593.67	593.67															
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.3	10.0	7.7	9.3	9.0	9.8		12.0	24.2	17.9	16.5	17.3	20.0															
Floodprone Width (ft)		116.0	80.8	115.4	110.1	110.9			115.7	115.3	113.9	115.3	115.6															
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8		1.0	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.9															
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.8	1.5	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.5		1.6	2.6	2.3	2.4	2.3	2.4															
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.5	8.4	5.4	7.3	7.1	8.1		11.5	22.8	18.2	15.9	19.0	17.7															
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	12.0	11.9	10.8	11.9	11.2	12.0		12.5	25.7	17.8	17.2	15.8	22.4															
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		11.6	10.6	12.4	12.3	11.3			4.8	6.4	6.9	6.7	5.8															
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.4			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1															
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)																												
d50 (mm)			0.5	0.08	0.05	0.45				<0.062	<0.062	0.09	0.06															

¹ = Widths and depths for monitoring resurvey will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

Table 11a.3 Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections)

Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: M1 (3200 feet)

	Cross Section 6 [STA 30+311.932] (Riffle)							Cross Section 7 [STA 30+358.993] (Pool)							Cross Section 8 [STA 31+356.371] (Riffle)							Cross Section 9 [STA 32+217.949] (Riffle)							Cross Section 10 [STA 32+174.027] (Pool)						
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation ¹	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Design	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used	587.87	587.87	587.87	587.87	587.87	587.87		586.98	586.98	586.98	586.98	586.98	586.98		574.65	574.65	574.65	574.65	574.65	574.65		567.41	567.41	567.41	567.41	567.41		566.37	566.37	566.37	566.37	566.37			
Bankfull Width (ft)	10.2	19.1	17.7	16.4	16.3	16.9		15.0	15.9	15.6	12.0	13.1	21.0		10.2	11.9	11.7	13.9	20.9	10.3		10.2	12.9	13.1	14.5	14.1	12.4	15.0	11.9	11.0	9.9	10.1	13.6		
Floodprone Width (ft)		83.6	83.6	83.6	85.0	85.2			108.6	105.9	103.9	108.0	111.2			118.3	118.3	103.1	114.7	109.1			56.3	57.4	58.8	57.2	58.8		52.3	57.5	57.3	57.3	57.6		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7		1.2	0.9	0.8	1.0	1.1	0.8		0.8	0.7	0.8	0.6	0.4	0.6		0.8	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.5	0.7	1.2	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.2	1.2		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.1	1.5	1.3	1.2	1.3	1.8		2.2	2.3	2.0	2.1	2.4	2.5		1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0	1.1	1.1		1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2	1.1	1.2	2.2	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	2.8		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	8.6	11.9	10.7	10.3	10.6	11.3		18.5	13.9	12.3	11.5	14.4	17.1		8.6	8.7	9.0	7.9	8.8	6.5		8.6	7.9	9.3	9.3	6.9	8.3	18.5	12.7	13.2	14.2	12.4	16.1		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio	12.0	30.3	29.5	26.5	25.1	25.2		12.2	18.3	19.8	12.7	12.1	25.6		12.0	16.3	15.2	24.3	49.8	16.1		12.0	21.2	18.5	22.7	28.9	18.6	12.2	11.2	9.1	6.9	8.3	11.5		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio	4.4	4.7	5.1	5.2	5.1			6.8	6.8	8.6	8.2	5.3			10.0	10.1	7.4	5.5	10.6			4.4	4.4	4.1	4.1	4.7		4.4	5.2	5.8	5.7	4.2			
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			1.1	1.1	1.2	1.1	1.0			1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.5			1.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.3			
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft ²)																																			
d50 (mm)			<0.062	0.15	7.23	0.23																													

¹ = Widths and depths for monitoring resurvey will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum used for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values. Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

**Exhibit Table 11b.1 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT1b (780 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline (Design)						MY-1						MY-2						MY-3						MY-4						MY-5												
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n							
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only																																											
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.3	10.43	12.0	12	N/A	3	10.57	15.71	12.54	24.02	N/A	3	11.4	15.32	11.7	22.82	N/A	3	9.5	12.69	11.4	17.22	N/A	3	10.1	10.2	10.1	10.4	N/A	3	13.57	19.1	18.25	25.5	N/A	3	13.57	19.1	18.25	25.5	N/A	3	
Floodprone Width (ft)							71.56	80.53	73.59	96.45	N/A	3	71.58	78.52	74.9	89.03	N/A	3	66.17	75.86	70.2	91.22	N/A	3	64.9	78.0	78.3	90.8	N/A	3	72.97	80.1	73.5	93.81	N/A	3	72.97	80.1	73.5	93.81	N/A	3	
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.867	1.0	1	N/A	3	0.39	0.553	0.5	0.8	N/A	3	0.36	0.527	0.5	0.74	N/A	3	0.42	0.51	0.5	0.64	N/A	3	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	N/A	3	0.3	0.4	0.36	0.5	N/A	3	0.3	0.4	0.36	0.5	N/A	3	
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.8	1.333	1.6	1.6	N/A	3	0.71	1.537	1.5	2.44	N/A	3	0.71	1.157	1.4	1.41	N/A	3	0.71	1.253	1.3	1.72	N/A	3	0.9	1.1	1.1	1.4	N/A	3	0.81	1.3	1.51	1.6	N/A	3	0.81	1.3	1.51	1.6	N/A	3	
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.5	9.167	11.5	11.5	N/A	3	4.17	8.533	10.1	11.36	N/A	3	4.28	7.903	8.5	10.97	N/A	3	4.02	6.457	7.3	8.07	N/A	3	5.1	6.2	6.1	7.4	N/A	3	4.84	7.5	8.4	9.19	N/A	3	4.84	7.5	8.4	9.19	N/A	3	
Width/Depth Ratio	12	12.33	12.5	12.5	N/A	3	15.68	31.3	27.1	51.11	N/A	3	15.41	31.84	32.6	47.54	N/A	3	17.73	25.66	22.6	36.64	N/A	3	13.9	17.1	17.6	19.8	N/A	3	36.5	50.5	37.69	77.4	N/A	3	36.5	50.5	37.69	77.4	N/A	3	
Entrenchment Ratio							3.06	5.84	6.8	7.69	N/A	3	3.28	5.73	6.1	7.81	N/A	3	4.08	6.363	7.0	8.04	N/A	3	6.3	7.7	7.8	9.0	N/A	3	2.88	4.5	5.14	5.38	N/A	3	2.88	4.5	5.14	5.38	N/A	3	
Bank Height Ratio							1	1	1	1	N/A	3	1	1.057	1.05	1.12	N/A	3	1.1	1.167	1.18	1.22	N/A	3	1.0	1.2	1.2	1.3	N/A	3	1.22	1.4	1.29	1.69	N/A	3	1.22	1.4	1.29	1.69	N/A	3	
Profile																																											
Riffle Length (ft)																										59.7	16.7		59.7			8.21	27.21		50.24			8.21	27.21		50.24		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																										0.0058	0.0247		0.0529			0.0015	0.0185		0.0384			0.0015	0.0185		0.0384		
Pool Length (ft)																										37.2	38.4		69.3			9	30.08		73.09			9	30.08		73.09		
Pool Max depth (ft)																										0.6	0.9		1.4			1.5	2.05		3.32			1.5	2.05		3.32		
Pool Spacing (ft)																										18.6	54.5		92.4			9	45.3		78.42			9	45.3		78.42		
Pattern																																											
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																											
Radius of Curvature (ft)																																											
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																																											
Meander Wavelength (ft)																																											
Meander Width Ratio																																											
Additional Reach Parameters																																											
Rosgen Classification																																											
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																																											
Sinuosity (ft)																																											
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)																																											
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² % of Reach with Eroding Banks																																											
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																											
Biological or Other																																											

Pattern data will not typically be collected unless visual data, dimensional data or profile data indicate significant shifts from baseline

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.
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 2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table
 3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave
 4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

**Exhibit Table 11b.2 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: UT2 (294 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline (Design)						MY-1						MY-2						MY-3						MY-4						MY-5								
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ¹	n			
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only																																							
Bankfull Width (ft)	7	9.5	9.5	12	N/A	2	10	17.09	17.1	24.18	N/A	2	7.65	12.79	12.8	17.93	N/A	2	9.3	12.92	12.9	16.54	N/A	2	9.0	13.1	13.1	17.3	N/A	2	9.8	14.905	14.91	19.97	N/A	2			
Floodprone Width (ft)							115.7	115.8	115.8	116	N/A	2	80.76	98.01	98.0	115.3	N/A	2	113.9	114.7	114.7	115.4	N/A	2	110.1	112.7	112.7	115.3	N/A	2	110.9	113.26	113.3	115.6	N/A	2			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.6	0.8	0.8	1	N/A	2	0.84	0.89	0.9	0.94	N/A	2	0.71	0.86	0.9	1.01	N/A	2	0.78	0.87	0.9	0.96	N/A	2	0.8	1.0	1.0	1.1	N/A	2	0.82	0.855	0.855	0.89	N/A	2			
¹ Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.8	1.2	1.2	1.6	N/A	2	1.5	2.04	2.0	2.58	N/A	2	1.21	1.735	1.7	2.26	N/A	2	1.36	1.86	1.9	2.36	N/A	2	1.2	1.8	1.8	2.3	N/A	2	1.46	1.905	1.905	2.35	N/A	2			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.5	8	8.0	11.5	N/A	2	8.42	15.59	15.6	22.75	N/A	2	5.4	11.79	11.8	18.18	N/A	2	7.29	11.59	11.6	15.88	N/A	2	7.1	13.1	13.1	19.0	N/A	2	8.1	12.885	12.89	17.71	N/A	2			
Width/Depth Ratio	12	12.25	12.3	12.5	N/A	2	11.9	18.81	18.8	25.72	N/A	2	10.77	14.26	14.3	17.75	N/A	2	11.92	14.58	14.6	17.23	N/A	2	11.2	13.5	13.5	15.8	N/A	2	12.0	17.22	17.22	22.44	N/A	2			
Entrenchment Ratio							4.77	8.185	8.2	11.6	N/A	2	6.43	8.49	8.5	10.55	N/A	2	6.89	9.65	9.7	12.41	N/A	2	6.7	9.5	9.5	12.3	N/A	2	5.8	8.53	8.53	11.27	N/A	2			
¹ Bank Height Ratio							1	1	1	1	N/A	2	1	1	1	1	N/A	2	1.03	1.08	1.08	1.13	N/A	2	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	N/A	2	1.07	1.225	1.225	1.38	N/A	2			
Profile																																							
Riffle Length (ft)																										20.8	35.3		46.8			14.33	28.97		51.5				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																										0.0059	0.0140		0.0310			0.0064	0.0219		0.0407				
Pool Length (ft)																																							
Pool Max depth (ft)																										1.2	1.6		2.2			1.67	2.15		3.12				
Pool Spacing (ft)																										57.9	75.0		96.1			36.4	60.18		114.62				
Pattern																																							
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																							
Radius of Curvature (ft)																																							
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																																							
Meander Wavelength (ft)																																							
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**Exhibit Table 11b.3 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247 - Reach: M1 (3200 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline (Design)					MY-1					MY-2					MY-3					MY-4					MY-5										
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD ⁴	n
Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only																																				
Bankfull Width (ft)	10.2	12.1	10.2	15.0	2.6	5	11.9	14.3	12.9	19.1	3.1	5	11.0	13.8	13.1	17.7	2.8	5	9.9	13.3	13.9	16.4	2.5	5	10.1	14.9	14.1	20.9	4.0	5	10.28	14.822	13.57	20.97	3.74	5
Floodprone Width (ft)							52.3	83.8	83.6	118.3	29.8	5	57.4	84.5	83.6	118.3	27.7	5	57.3	81.3	83.6	103.9	22.8	5	57.2	84.4	85.0	114.7	27.2	5	57.56	84.362	85.2	111.16	23.3	5
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.8	1.0	0.8	1.2	0.2	5	0.6	0.8	0.7	1.1	0.2	5	0.6	0.8	0.8	1.2	0.2	5	0.6	0.8	0.6	1.4	0.4	5	0.4	0.8	0.7	1.2	0.4	5	0.64	0.796	0.67	1.18	0.2	5
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	1.1	1.5	1.1	2.2	0.6	5	1.1	1.8	1.5	2.8	0.7	5	1.1	1.7	1.3	2.8	0.7	5	1.0	1.7	1.2	2.9	0.8	5	1.1	1.8	1.3	2.9	0.8	5	1.05	1.878	1.77	2.83	0.71	5
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	8.0	12.2	8.0	18.5	5.8	5	7.9	11.0	11.9	13.9	2.6	5	9.0	10.9	10.7	13.2	1.8	5	7.9	10.6	10.3	14.2	2.4	5	6.9	10.6	10.6	14.4	2.9	5	6.54	11.866	11.3	17.11	4.15	5
Width/Depth Ratio	12.0	12.1	12.0	12.2	0.1	5	11.2	19.4	18.3	30.3	7.0	5	9.1	18.4	18.5	29.5	7.4	5	6.9	18.6	22.7	26.5	8.4	5	8.3	24.8	25.1	49.8	16.4	5	11.5	19.37	18.57	25.57	5.39	5
Entrenchment Ratio							4.4	6.0	4.4	10.0	2.5	5	4.4	6.2	5.2	10.1	2.4	5	4.1	6.2	5.8	8.6	1.8	5	4.1	5.7	5.5	8.2	1.5	5	4.24	5.988	5.06	10.62	2.34	5
Bank Height Ratio							1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.0	5	1.0	1.1	1.0	1.2	0.1	5	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.1	0.1	5	1	1.184	1.06	1.49	0.19	5
Profile																																				
Riffle Length (ft)																									14.9	41.2		143.4			4.8	34.6		107.8		
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)																									0.0021	0.0190		0.0480			0.0000	0.0161		0.0382		
Pool Length (ft)																									8.4	34.4		70.0			9.72	34.86		107.84		
Pool Max depth (ft)																									0.6	1.3		2.5			1.1	2.7		4.0		
Pool Spacing (ft)																									8.8	64.7		124.7			10.7	68.8		270.6		
Pattern																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)																																				
Radius of Curvature (ft)																																				
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)																																				
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APPENDIX E
HYDROLOGIC DATA

**Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events
Meredell Farm Stream Restoration Site/247**

Date of Data Collection	Date of Occurrence	Method	Photo # (if available)
8/4/2010	N/A	*Crest Gage Reading: 1.96'	
10/20/2011	N/A	Crest Gage indicates BKF event	
3/26/2012	N/A	Wracklines indicate BKF event on UT1b	SP2
10/18/2012	N/A	*Crest Gage Reading: 1.17'	SP1

*Design bankfull depth range for reach M1 is 1.0' to 1.3'. Crest gage readings occurring at, above, or within this range are recorded as bankfull indicators