MYO MONITORING REPORT

PHANTOM MILL

Alamance County, North Carolina Cape Fear River Basin Cataloging Unit 03030002

DMS Project No. 100057
Full Delivery Contract No. 7526
DMS RFP No. 16-007330
USACE Action ID No. SAW-2018-01166
DWR Project No. 18-0796

Data Collection: June 2021-January 2022 Submission: July 2022



Prepared for:

NORTH CAROLINA DEPARTMENT OF ENVIRONMENTAL QUALITY
DIVISION OF MITIGATION SERVICES
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Kimberly Isenhour Mitigation Project Manager, Regulatory Division U.S. Army Corps of Engineers

Subject: Phantom Mill Mitigation Site - request to count replacement tree species towards site success criteria

DMS Project ID No. 100057 Full Delivery Contract No. 7526

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Mrs. Isenhour,

Restoration Systems, LLC (RS), Sponsor of the Phantom Mill Mitigation Site (Site), is requesting a modification of the Site's Mitigation Plan to include planted tree/shrub species that were not included in the Site's approved Mitigation Plan. A lack of availability from nurseries of approved Mitigation Plan tree/shrub species required RS to adjust the number of stems planted for some approved species and include five additional species not included in the approved Mitigation Plan. Table A below is a list of tree/shrub species detailed in the approved Mitigation Plan that were not planted at the Site.

Table A. Non-planted Species Specified in the Mitigation Plan

Species (Mitigation Plan)	Wetland Indicator Status	Mit. Plan Stems
Tag Alder (Alnus serrulata)	OBL	400
Ironwood (Carpinus caroliniana)	FAC	300
Sugarberry (Celtis laevigata)	FACW	1,000
Sweet Pepperbush (Clethra alnifolia)	FAC	25
White Ash (Fraxinus americana)	FACU	100
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)	FACW	25
Possumhaw (Viburmum nudum)	OBL	25
	TOTAL	1,875

Species summarized in Table A, as with others in the approved Mitigation Plan, were selected based on Reference Forest Ecosystem (RFE) data, on-site observations, and community descriptions from Classification of the Natural Communities of North Carolina (Schafale and Weakley 1990 and 2012) — Piedmont Alluvial and Dry-Mesic Oak-Hickory Forests.

To replace the 1,875 stems detailed in Table A, 2,300 were supplemented by five species not included in the approved Mitigation Plan: hackberry, red mulberry, overcup oak, Shumard oak, and southern arrowwood. RS selected these species based on their availability and that they were observed in nearby forest communities. The additional 12,000 stems needed to complete the targeted planting density were comprised of Mitigation Plan approved species. Table B summarizes planted species and their individual quantity.



Table B. As-Built Planted Species and Stems

Replacement Species & Final Planting Numbers (As-built)	Wetland Indicator Status	Mit. Plan Stems	Planted Stems	Percentage of Total
Hackberry (Celtis occidentalis) *	FACU		500	3.50%
Red mulberry (Morus rubra) *	FACU	-	350	2.45%
Overcup oak (Quercus lyrata) *	OBL	1	600	4.20%
Shumard oak (Quercus shumardii) *	FAC	-	750	5.24%
Southern arrowwood (Viburnum dentatum) *	FAC	1	100	0.70%
River birch (Betula nigra)	FACW	1,400	1,000	6.99%
Buttonbush (Cephalanthus occidentalis)	OBL	25	300	2.10%
Eastern redbud (Cercis canadensis)	FACU	100	750	5.24%
Silky dogwood (Cornus amomum)	FACW	2,000	2,000	13.99%
Persimmon (<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>)	FAC	200	500	3.50%
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	FACW	1,000	700	4.90%
Tulip poplar (Liriodendron tulipifera)	FACU	600	1,000	6.99%
Black gum (Nyssa sylvatica)	FAC	300	500	3.50%
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)	FACW	2,600	1,500	10.49%
White oak (Quercus alba)	FACU	500	650	4.55%
Water oak (Quercus nigra)	FAC	1,500	1,250	8.74%
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	FAC	1,400	1,250	8.74%
Red oak (Quercus rubra)	FACU	100	600	4.20%
	TOTALS	11,725	14,300	100%

^{*}Replacement species not included in the approved Mitigation Plan

RS included all planted species in the data collection for the MYO Monitoring Report. Table 8 within the MYO Monitoring Report, the DMS vegetation tool, requires providers to select from five options regarding the species status for inclusion in meeting performance standards, "Performance Standard Approval" column:

- 1. Approved Mit Plan
- 2. Approved Post Mit Plan
- 3. Proposed
- 4. Not Approved Not Invasive or Exotic
- 5. Not Approved Invasive or Exotic

The five additional species detailed in Table B are included in the MY 0 Report as "Proposed" species for inclusion in meeting performance standards – Vegetation Plot Data Table from Vegetation Data Entry Tool, MY 0 Report Table 8, Appendix B. If the IRT concurs that these species may be included to count toward the Site's performance standards, RS will update the four species as "Approved Post Mit Plan" in the MY1 (2022) report.

Please let me know if you have any questions or if I can provide any additional information.

Sincerely,

Raymond Holz Operations Manager Restoration Systems, LLC

Faymel H.

Restoration Systems, LLC 1101 Haynes St. Suite 211 Raleigh, North Carolina Ph: (919) 755-9490 Fx: (919) 755-9492

RESTORATION SYSTEMS ILLC

Response to IRT Comments - MY 0, Baseline Report

Phantom Mill Mitigation Site – Alamance County
DMS Project No. 100057
Full Delivery Contract No. 7526
DMS RFP No. 16-007330
USACE Action ID No. SAW-2018-01166
DWR Project No. 18-0796

Comments Received (Black Text) & Responses (Blue Text)

Kim Isenhour, USACE:

1. During monitoring, please make visual observations of the large tree on the bank on Cane Creek STA 0+35. I'd like to know how tree survival is affected after construction.

Response: The tree will be visually observed throughout the monitoring period.

2. In future monitoring reports, please note any issues that arise on UT-2 and UT-3 where rock riffles and log cross vanes were not installed per Colonial Pipeline regulations.

Response: Reaches crossing the colonial pipeline easement will be monitored closely during the monitoring period.

3. Please confirm that the shallow wetland marsh treatment area that was constructed in the floodplain was not constructed in a jurisdictional wetland. I'm unclear where it's located. I'd like to see this area during the site visit. The IRT has had concerns with the amount of rip rap armoring of constructed outfalls.

Response: During construction, it was determined that the marsh treatment areas were not necessary, so no marsh treatment areas were constructed. The UT1 channel was turned and dissipates into a large, restored wetland area. And the swale on the adjacent upstream property was turned into the channel prior to entering the easement. The as-built plan sheets have been updated to show that the marsh treatment areas were not constructed.

4. It would be helpful to show the location of the pipeline, and any other utilities on Figure 1. Response: The pipeline easement will be added to Figure 1. No other utilities exist onsite.

5. Table 5: What is the total acreage of invasives on site? Was this not listed on Table 5 because it was below the mapping threshold?

Response: Invasive species occurrences observed onsite were sporadic and below the mapping threshold; however, spot treatment of privet and multiflora rose has occurred since as-built measurements. Treatment areas will be depicted on Figure 1 in the MY1 report.

6. Concur with DWR's comment #6 and EPA's comment #1.

Response: See response to DWR comment #6.

7. While I appreciate the diversity in the seed mixes, please note the wetland indicator status for each species. For example, I believe Indiangrass is UPL, but it's listed in the wetland seed mix.

Response: RS applied several long-term seed mixes to this site. The lower elevation areas including the streamside zones and wetland areas received a wetland specific mix. The entire site (except preservation areas) received a general mix of regionally appropriate native and naturalized species. This mix includes species likely to thrive on the upland margins of the site, some of which have a FACU or UPL indicator status. The mix is intended to provide early soil stabilization, facilitate tree establishment and survival, and support diverse wildlife including pollinators. In our experience it is more effective to broadly apply a diverse seed mix than to restrict species to narrowly delineated zones, and the planting on this site followed that philosophy. Additionally, wetland indicator status will be added to the seed mix table in the MY1 monitoring document.

- 8. Do you plan to add additional stems to vegetation plot 8, since it's currently not meeting interim success criteria? Is this an old road bed?
 - We plan on making a plan to replant plot 8 and other areas of the Site after we review Y1 vegetation data in the fall of 2022.
- 9. Concur with DWR's comment #5. Please capture the wetland enhancement areas in random veg plots throughout monitoring.
 - Response: Vegetation in wetland enhancement areas will be captured with random vegetation plots throughout the monitoring period.

Erin Davis, NCDWR:

- 1. DWR appreciated and agrees with DMS' site visit comments on invasives treatment and easement boundary markers.
 - The marsh treatment area was not constructed. It was deemed unnecessary based on field conditions after rerouting the existing ditch outside of the easement into Cane Creek.
- 2. Please pay particular attention to stream areas where structures were omitted for any instability or downcutting during monitoring. DWR is concerned with the three structures removed from the meander bend transition point from restoration to preservation on Cane Creek, particularly if any bank grading could've affected the root zone of trees left along the bank. A photo point would be helpful at this location.
 - Response: Areas where structures were omitted will be monitored closely for instability and downcutting. A photo point of the omitted log vanes on Cane Creek at the transition from restoration to preservation will be included during monitoring.
- 3. What was the stream condition along UT1 that initially warranted the proposed structure installation? DWR understands that this is a non-credit reach, but what is the risk of stream instability and/or potential sediment source to the downstream wetland if the current stream condition is not addressed through an alternative treatment or structure?
 - Response: UT 1 is not a stream, and there is no risk of stream instability. During design, a structure was proposed based on the slope of the feature; however, during construction it was determined that the slope did not require a structure and there was no risk of incision along UT 1. The feature is a swale that drains into a large swath of reestablished wetland which will naturally treat pollutants and sediment entering the site. This area will be monitored for excessive sediment deposition, but this is not expected to be an issue.
- 4. DWR appreciated all of the photos, including planting and drone footage. Could a photo of the BMP please be included in the MY1 report?
 - Response: The BMPs were not constructed. See response to USACE comment #3.
- 5. As noted in the report, many of the permanent veg plots have shifted compared to locations in the approved final mitigation plan monitoring plan figure. DWR questions whether the new locations provide representative coverage to demonstrate performance standard success for all proposed credit areas. DWR requires either veg plot 11 or 12 and veg plot 3 or 5 be relocated to at least partially overlap a nearby wetland enhancement credit area. DWR would prefer that veg plots 2 and 4 be located completely within wetland reestablishment areas. Response: Vegetation in wetland enhancement/reestablishment areas will be captured with random vegetation plots throughout the monitoring period.
- 6. DWR is very concerned that six species appear to have been planted that were not on the approved mitigation plan plant list (Viburnum dentatum, Quercus shumardii, Q. rubra, Q. lyrate, Morus rubra, Celtis occidentalis). These changes were not mentioned in the MYO report. Please provide wetland indicator statuses for all planted species requiring IRT approval and identify which planting zone each species was installed in. DWR would like to review this information before approving species to be able to count toward vegetative performance success.
 - The species were included in the planting list based on nursery availability and observation in nearby forest

communities. RS has proposed a modification to the mitigation plan where the additional species are proposed for inclusion to meet performance standards. The additional species counted in MYO monitoring have been marked as "Proposed" and appear as "Post Mitigation Plan Species" in the vegetation plot data table. See revised MYO vegetation table and the proposed modification to the mitigation plan.

Todd Bowers, USEPA:

1. Overall, the Site looks good, appears to be performing as intended, and is on track to meet stream, vegetation and wetland hydrology success criteria.

Response: Noted

- 2. Table 6a/Page 34 and 97: Recommend adding the wetland indicator status here and updating the table to show deviations from proposed planting plan in final mitigation plan.
 - Response: Wetland indicator status will be added to the planting table in the MY1 document. Deviations from the proposed planting plan are described in detail in the proposed modification to the mitigation plan.
- Modifications made during construction and red line deviations in site plans noted with no issues.
 Response: Noted
- 4. While overall, vegetation stem counts are performing as expected, several plots have dominant species (>50%) and/or less than 4 species. Recommend keeping a close eye on the areas with these plots (fixed plots 3, 8, 9, 11 and 12).

Response: Species diversity will be closely monitored throughout the monitoring period.

5. Overall, I am very satisfied with the report and the work that RS has completed at the site. Having not been able to visit this location, I really appreciated the detailed ground-level wetland, vegetation and stream feature photos to illustrate the grading, planting and features implemented.

Response: Noted, thank you.

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Response to DMS Comments

DMS Project ID No. 100092 Full Delivery Contract No. 7526 USACE Action ID No. SAW-2018-01166 RFP No. 16-007571

Comments Received (Black Text) & Responses (Blue Text)

Report Document:

- 1. Cover Page: Please update the cover page to "Phantom Mill" so the project name matches the DMS accounting system (CRM) and the project's Credit Ledger. Please update the project name report wide as necessary.
 - The project name was updated to "Phantom Mill" throughout the report.
- 2. General: Please update the DMS Project No. throughout the report to 100057. The DMS project number was updated throughout the document.
- 3. Table 1 Project Credits: The summation of 3,632.152 should be 3,632.153 when applying the Project Segment Credits listed in Table 1. Please update this to be consistent with the significant figures calculated by CRM. The stream credit summation was updated in Table 1 and in the document.
- 4. Section 2 As-Built Condition: Due to the number of log vanes that were not constructed, please add an interpretative description for the expected channel response following the omission of the structures.

 The list of construction modifications was updated based on a recent field verification, and a description was added in Section 2 explaining that no negative effects are expected from the omission of the structures.
- 5. Section 2 As-Built Condition: Please note and discuss any monitoring device location changes from the IRT approved mitigation plan.
 - A description was added to Section 2 explaining that deviations in monitoring device locations were made based on field conditions and that the locations are representative of site conditions.
- 6. Section 3 Project Monitoring: The Ordinary High-Water Mark Success Criteria specified in Section 1.2 must be reported in the Project Monitoring and Assessment Sections.
 - All streams are maintaining an ordinary high-water mark. This statement was added to Section 4.1.
- 7. Appendix A Visual Assessment Data: In accordance with agency requests, please add photographs showing the upstream and downstream views of each crossing/utility area in all future monitoring reports (MY1-MY7). These photos will be included in future monitoring reports.
- 8. Appendix F Other Data: Thank you for including the pre-construction benthic sampling and habitat assessment results in the MYO report.

 You are welcome.
- 9. Appendix G Plan Sheets: This appendix should be titled "Record Drawing Plan Sheets". The title of Appendix G was changed.

DMS conducted a field visit on June 22, 2022. The following comments/observations are a result of that visit:

- 10. Invasive Treatment: Areas of multiflora rose, privet, tree of heaven and other invasives were noted within the conservation easement in the forested portions of UT2 and Cane Creek. Please treat the existing invasives within the entire conservation easement at first opportunity and notify DMS upon completion. Document successful completion of these efforts in the final MYO report.
 - Invasive treatment at the Site will begin in the fall of 2022. Following conversations with DMS PM Kelly Phillips, RS is providing the following invasive species treatment schedule, including treatments on Site to

date. RS will provide documentation of treatments within the annual monitoring reports.

Monitoring Year / Calendar Year	Spring Treatment Schedule	Fall Treatment Schedule
Pre-Construction		Q3 2020 – fescue treatment,
The construction		sitewide
Pre-Construction		April 2021 – American thistle
FTE-CONSTRUCTION		treatment, sitewide.
		Late Q3/Q4: Species focus -
MY 1 (2022)		multiflora rose, privet, tree of
		heaven
MY 2 (2023)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD
MY 3 (2024)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD
MY 4 (2025)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD
MY 5 (2026)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD
MY 6 (2027)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD
MY 7 (2028)	Spring – targeted species TBD	Fall – targeted species TBD

11. Conservation Easement Boundary Marking: Conservation easement signs were absent at multiple T-post corner witness markers in the field areas. Please add signs to each witness post at an easement corner. Conservation easement signs were generally placed on trees near corner monuments in forested areas but were frequently located excessively far from the ground monuments. In cases where trees of 3" dbh or greater are not immediately positioned at the ground monuments please add witness posts. In-line marking should be frequent enough to be useful when walking the boundary. In-line markers can deviate from the easement line up to 3' outside the easement. Use DMS standard practices If painting trees along the conservation easement boundary. Please. upgrade the conservation easement boundary marking in accordance with DMS specifications, notify DMS upon completion of the marking upgrades and document in the final MY0 report.

The boundary has been marked per the RFP protocol with rebar and numbered caps, witness posts, and standard DMS signs at all corners. Additional signs were added at primary entry points and as needed between corners during the week of July 24, 2022. Boundary markers will be maintained throughout monitoring to ensure easement integrity and to allow easy recognition of boundaries at closeout. DMS Project Manager Kelly Phillips visited the Site during the marking, July 28, 2022, and confirmed the completion of the requested work.

Digital Deliverable:

Digital Tables:

- 12. Please revise the title of the last two cross sections in the morphology table, the titles for these two cross sections appear to be incorrect in the digital submission and the report. The titles for these graphs have been corrected in the geomorphology separate submission.
 - The cross-sections are labelled correctly. Cross-sections 1 and 2 are on UT-4 and are listed last in the morphology table.
- 13. Verify that the Overbank Events Table, Annual Precipitation Table, Wetland Gauge Summary Table, Groundwater and Precipitation Data and Surface water gauge data can be deleted from this submission; they appear to be templates.
 - Yes, these are DMS templates that will be used for MY 1-7. They have been deleted from this submittal.
- 14. The vegetation data submitted is missing data and summary for the 3 random plots. The random plot data has been included in this submittal.

Spatial Data:

- 15. Please include trail camera monitoring station and soil temperature probe location file(s).

 The trail cameras are placed at locations along each reach based on field conditions. They are regularly moved during site visits when vegetation, etc. blocks their view. Therefore, there is no shapefile for their location. The soil temperature logger is attached to the rain gauge. That shapefile is included with this submittal.
- Submit the location file for all required photo points.
 A photo point shapefile was created and included in this submittal.
- 17. Revise the structure file to include type of structure.

 The structure shapefile has been revised to include structure type.
- 18. Submit spatial file with mobile vegetation plot locations.

 A shapefile with the random plot locations is included in this submittal.
- 19. Verify that the wetland enhancement acreage in the file submitted, there is a discrepancy of .035 acres between the acreage reported in the asset table and the spatial data.
 The channel banks on UT-2 were extended into wetland enhancement areas during as-built. These areas total

0.035 acres and were removed from wetland enhancement area calculations during as-built. The as-built wetland enhancement acreage in Table 1 has been updated accordingly. As credit is calculated from the detailed planning phase, wetland credits remain unchanged. See photo below for an explanation of the discrepancy. Blue is the mitigation plan wetland enhancement shapefile (with narrower channel banks), and yellow is the as-built wetlands.



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APPENDICES

Appendix A. Visual Assessment Data

Figure 1. Current Conditions Plan View

Table 4A-D. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table

Table 5. Vegetation Condition Assessment Table

Vegetation Plot Photographs

Site Photo Log

Appendix B. Vegetation Plot Data

Table 6A. Planted Bare-Root Woody Vegetation

Table 6B. Permanent Seed Mix

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Counts and Densities

Table 8. Vegetation Plot Data Table from Vegetation Data Entry Tool

Appendix C. Stream Geomorphology Data

Cross-Sections with Annual Overlays

Longitudinal Profile

Table 9A-D. Baseline Stream Data Summary Tables

Table 10A-B. Cross-Section Morphology Monitoring Summary

Appendix D. Hydrologic Data

Groundwater Gauge Soil Profiles

Appendix E. Project Timeline and Contact Info

Table 11. Project Timeline

Table 12. Project Contacts

Appendix F. Other Data

Preconstruction Benthic Results

Preconstruction Benthic Habitat Assessment Data Forms

Appendix G. Record Drawing Plan Sheets

1 PROJECT SUMMARY

Restoration Systems, LLC has established the North Carolina Division of Mitigation Services (NCDMS) Phantom Mill (Site). The Site is on two contiguous parcels along the warm water Cane Creek and unnamed tributaries to Cane Creek in the Carolina Slate Belt Ecoregion of North Carolina. Located in the Cape Fear River Basin, cataloging unit 03030002, the Site is in the Targeted Local Watershed (TLW) 03030002050050 and North Carolina Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) subbasin number 03-06-04. The Site is not located in a Local Watershed Plan (LWP), Regional Watershed Plan (RWP), or Targeted Resource Area (TRA). Site watersheds range from approximately 0.08 of a square mile (50 acres) on UT4 to 4.37 square miles (2,795 acres) at the Site's outfall.

1.1 Project Background, Components, and Structure

Located approximately 1 mile north of Pleasant Hill and 2 miles west of Snow Camp in southwest Alamance County, the Site encompasses 16.1 acres. Mitigation work within the Site included 1) stream restoration, 2) stream enhancement (Level II), 3) stream enhancement (Level II), 4) stream preservation, 5) wetland reestablishment, 6) wetland enhancement, and 7) vegetation planting. The Site is expected to provide 3632.153 warm water stream credits and 4.141 riparian wetland credits by closeout (Table 1, Page 2). A conservation easement was granted to the State of North Carolina and recorded at the Alamance County Register of Deeds on October 18, 2018.

Before construction, land use at the Site was characterized by disturbed forest and livestock pasture. Site design was completed in January 2020. Construction started on March 29, 2021 and ended within a final walkthrough on June 2, 2021. The Site was planted on December 22, 2021. Completed project activities, reporting history, completion dates, and project contacts are summarized in Tables 11-12 (Appendix E).

Additional activities that occurred at the Site included the following.

- Planting 12.5 acres of the Site with 14,300 stems (planted species are included in Table 6A [Appendix B]).
- Installing one shallow wetland marsh treatment area in the floodplain, with an outfall constructed of hydraulically stable rip rap
- Applying an herbaceous seed mix, with upland areas receiving pollinator friendly native and naturalized species including forbs and grasses. Streamside zones and wetlands, including the Marsh Treatment Wetland Areas, received a similarly designed mix with an additional component of FACW species (including *Elymus virginicus*, *Juncus effusus*, and Carex spp.).
- Fencing the entire conservation easement.

Table 1. Mitigation Site (ID-95017) Project Mitigation Quantities and Credits

	Original Mitigation Plan	As-Built	Original Mitigation	Original Restoration	Original Mitigation	
Project Segment	Ft/Ac	Ft/Ac	Category	Level	Ratio (X:1)	Credits
Stream						
Cane Creek-R	1917	1943	Warm	R	1.00000	1,917.000
Cane Creek-P	484	485	Warm	P	10.00000	48.400
UT 1	198	198	Warm	No Credit	NA	0.000
UT 2A-P	34	34	Warm	Р	10.00000	3.400
UT 2-EI	214	204	Warm	EI	1.50000	142.667
UT 2-EII	203	193	Warm	EII	2.00000	101.500
UT 2-EII	351	341	Warm	EII	2.50000	140.400
UT 2-P	151	159	Warm	Р	10.00000	15.100
UT 3-EI	121	120	Warm	El	1.50000	80.667
UT 3-R	806	806	Warm	R	1.00000	806.000
UT 4-EII	112	112	Warm	EII	2.50000	44.800
UT 4-R	261	263	Warm	R	1.00000	261.000
					Total:	3,560.934
Wetland						
Wetland Reestablish	3.727	3.727	R	REE	1.00000	3.727
Wetland Enhancement	0.828	0.794	E	E	2.00000	0.414
Wetland Preservation						
					Total:	4.141

Project Credits

	Stream			Riparian	Non-Rip	Coastal
Restoration Level	Warm	Cool	Cold	Wetland	Wetland	Marsh
Restoration	2,984.000			0.000	0.000	0.000
Re-establishment	0.000			3.727	0.000	0.000
Rehabilitation	0.000			0.000	0.000	0.000
Enhancement	0.000			0.414	0.000	0.000
Enhancement I	223.334	0.000	0.000			
Enhancement II	286.700	0.000	0.000			
Creation				0.000	0.000	0.000
Preservation	66.900	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Benthics 2%	71.219	0.000	0.000	0.000	0.000	
Totals	3,632.153	0.000	0.000	4.141	0.000	0.000

Total Stream Credit 3,632.153
Total Wetland Credit 4.141

Table 2. Summary: Goals, Performance, and Results

Targeted Functions	Goals	Objectives	Compatibility with Success Criteria		
(1) HYDROLOGY					
(2) Flood Flow (4) Wooded Riparian Buffer	Attenuate flood flow across the Site.	Construct a new channel at historic floodplain elevation to restore overbank flows and restore jurisdictional wetlands	 BHR not to exceed 1.2 Document four overbank events in separate monitoring years Livestock excluded from the easement Attain Wetland Hydrology Success Criteria Attain Vegetation Success Criteria Conservation Easement recorded 		
(4) Microtopography	 Minimize downstream flooding to the maximum extent possible. Connect streams to functioning wetland systems. 	 Plant woody riparian buffer Remove livestock Deep rip floodplain soils to reduce compaction and increase soil surface roughness Protect riparian buffers with a perpetual conservation easement 			
(3) Stream Stability			Cross-section measurements indicate a stable channel with an appropriate		
(4) Sediment Transport	Increase stream stability within the Site	 Construct channels with the proper pattern, dimension, and longitudinal profile 	substrateVisual documentation of stable channels and structures		
(4) Stream Geomorphology	so that channels are neither aggrading nor degrading.	 Remove livestock Construct stable channels with appropriate substrate Plant woody riparian buffer Stabilize stream banks 	 BHR not to exceed 1.2 ER of 2.2 or greater < 10% change in BHR and ER in any given year Livestock excluded from the easement Attain Vegetation Success Criteria 		
(1) WATER QUALITY					
(2) Streamside Area Vegetation		 Remove livestock and reduce agricultural land/inputs Install marsh treatment areas 			
(3) Upland Pollutant Filtration					
(2) Indicators of Stressors	Remove direct nutrient and pollutant	 Plant woody riparian buffer Restore/enhance jurisdictional wetlands adjacent to Site streams 	 Livestock excluded from the easement Attain Wetland Hydrology Success Criteria Attain Vegetation Success Criteria 		
(2) Aquatic Life Tolerance	inputs from the Site and reduce contributions to downstream waters.	 Provide surface roughness and reduce compaction through deep ripping/plowing. 			
Wetland Particulate Change		Restore overbank flooding by constructing channels at historic floodplain			
Wetland Physical Change		elevation.			
(1) HABITAT					
(2) In-stream Habitat					
(3) Substrate		Construct stable channels with appropriate substrate			
(3) In-Stream Habitat		 Plant woody riparian buffer to provide organic matter and shade Construct a new channel at historic floodplain elevation to restore overbank 	 Cross-section measurement indicate a stable channel with appropriate substrate 		
(2) Stream-side Habitat	Improve instream and streamside	flows	Visual documentation of stable channels and in-stream structures.		
(3) Stream-side Habitat	habitat.	 Plant woody riparian buffer Protect riparian buffers with a perpetual conservation easement 	 Attain Wetland Hydrology Success Criteria Attain Vegetation Success Criteria 		
(3) Thermoregulation		 Restore/enhance jurisdictional wetlands adjacent to Site streams Stabilize stream banks 	Conservation Easement recorded		
Wetland Physical Structure		Install in-stream structures			
Wetland Landscape Patch Structure					

Table 3. Project Attribute Table

	Proj	ect Info	rmation		
Project Name		Phantom Mill			
Project County		Alamance County, North Carolina			
Project Area (acres)				16.1	
Project Coordinates (latitude & latitude)			35.8	8924ºN, 79.4754ºW	
Planted Area (acres)				12.5	
1	Project Waters	hed Sur	mmary Informatio	on	
Physiographic Province				Piedmont	
Project River Basin				Cape Fear	
USGS HUC for Project (14-digit)			(03030002050050	
NCDWR Sub-basin for Project				03-06-04	
Project Drainage Area (acres)				2795	
Percentage of Project Drainage Area th Impervious	nat is			<5%	
CGIA Land Use Classification			Managed Herbac	eous Cover & Hardwo	od Swamps
			y Information		·
Parameters	Cane Cre		UT2	UT 3	UT4
Pre-Project Length (linear feet)	2333		967	1037	225
Post-Project Length (linear feet)	2499		955	969	374
Valley Classification & Confinement		Al	Alluvial, confined – moderately confined		
Drainage Area (acres)	2795		67	83	50
NCDWR Stream ID Score			34.5	32	34.5
Perennial, Intermittent, Ephemeral	Perennia	al	Perennial	Perennial/ Intermittent	Perennial
NCDWR Water Quality Classification			WS-\	/, NSW	
Existing Morphological Description (Rosgen 1996)	Eg5		Cg 3/4	F4	Eg4
Proposed Stream Classification (Rosgen 1996)	C/E 3/4		C/E 3/4	Cb 3/4	C/E 3/4
Existing Evolutionary Stage (Simon and Hupp 1986)	11/111		11/111	III/IV	11/111
Underlying Mapped Soils		Chewa	icla loam, Cullen o	clay loam, Riverview lo	am
Drainage Class	Somew	hat poo	rly drained, well-	drained, well-drained,	respectively
Hydric Soil Status	Nonhydric (m	nay con	tain hydric inclusi	ons), nonhydric, nonhy	ydric, respectively
Valley Slope	0.0035		0.0225	0.0320	0.0237
FEMA Classification	Lower reaches AE floodway		NA	NA	NA
Native Vegetation Community	Piedmont Alluvial Forest/Dry-Mesic Oak-Hickory Forest				
Watershed Land Use/Land Cover (Site)	43% forest,55% agricultural land, <2% low density residential/impervious surface				
Watershed Land Use/Land Cover	65% forest, 30% agricultural land, <5% low density residential/impervious				
(Cedarock Reference Channel)	surface				
Percent Composition of Exotic Invasive Vegetation			<	5%	

Table 3. Project Attribute Table (Continued)

Wetland Summary Information						
Parameters				Wetlands		
Wetland acreage			4.377 acre d	rained & 0.923 acre degraded		
Wetland Type				Riparian riverine		
Mapped Soil Series			Woi	sham and Wehadkee		
Drainage Class				Poorly drained		
Hydric Soil Status				Hydric		
Source of Hydrology			Ground	lwater, stream overbank		
Hydrologic Impairment		1	ncised streams,	compacted soils, livestock, ditches		
Native Vegetation Community		Piedmont/Low Mountain Alluvial Forest				
% Composition of Exotic Invasive Vegetatio	n	<5%				
Restoration Method		Hydrologic, vegetative, livestock				
Enhancement Method		Vegetative, livestock				
	Regul	latory Considerations				
Regulation	App	licable?	Resolved?	Supporting Documentation		
Waters of the United States-Section 401		Yes	Yes	JD Package (App D)		
Waters of the United States-Section 404		Yes	Yes	JD Package (App D)		
Endangered Species Act		Yes	Yes	CE Document (App E)		
Historic Preservation Act		Yes	Yes	CE Document (App E)		
Coastal Zone Management Act	Coastal Zone Management Act			NA		
FEMA Floodplain Compliance		Yes	No	In Process (App F)		
Essential Fisheries Habitat		No		NA		

1.2 Success Criteria

Monitoring and success criteria for stream restoration should relate to project goals and objectives identified from on-site NC SAM data collection. From a mitigation perspective, several goals and objectives are assumed to be functionally elevated by restoration activities without direct measurement. Other goals and objectives will be considered successful upon achieving success criteria. The following summarizes Site success criteria.

Success Criteria

Streams

- All streams must maintain an Ordinary High-Water Mark (OHWM), per RGL 05-05.
- A continuous surface flow must be documented each year for at least 30 consecutive days on the intermittent reach of UT3.
- Bank height ratio (BHR) cannot exceed 1.2 at any measured cross-section during the monitoring period.
- The entrenchment ratio (ER) must be no less than 2.2 at any measured riffle cross-section during the monitoring period.
- BHR and ER at any measure riffle cross-section should not change by more than 10% from baseline condition during the monitoring period.
- The stream project shall remain stable, and all other performance standards shall be met through four separate bankfull events, occurring in separate years, during the monitoring years 1-7.

Success Criteria (Continued)

Wetland Hydrology

• Saturation or inundation within the upper 12 inches of the soil surface for, at a minimum, 12 percent of the growing season during average climatic conditions

Vegetation

- Within planted portions of the site, a minimum of 320 stems per acre must be present at year 3; a minimum of 260 stems per acre must be present at year 4; and a minimum of 210 stems per acre must be present at year 7.
- Trees must average 7 feet in height at year 5, and 10 feet in height at year 7 in each plot.
- Planted and volunteer stems are counted, provided they are included in the approved planting list for the site; natural recruits not on the planting list may be considered by the IRT on a case-by-case basis.

2 AS-BUILT CONDITION (BASELINE)

Site construction started on March 29, 2021 and ended within a final walkthrough on June 2, 2021. The Site was planted on December 22, 2021. As-built and MYO data collection occurred between December 2021 and January 2022.

In general, no significant issues arose during the construction of the Site. A sealed half-size set of record drawings are provided in Appendix G, which includes the post-construction survey, alignments, structures, and monitoring features. These include redlines for any significant field adjustments made during construction that differ from the design plans. Where needed, adjustments were made during construction based on field evaluations and are listed below.

Modifications Made During Construction

Location	Deviation	Explanation
Cane Creek sta. 0+35	Log vane added	Extra protection required for large tree on bank
Cane Creek sta. 16+45	Log cross vane not constructed	Slope in field conditions did not require structure
Cane Creek sta. 16+95	Log cross vane not constructed	Slope in field conditions did not require structure
Cane Creek sta. 21+30	Log vane not constructed	Existing tree roots provide sufficient bank protection
Cane Creek sta. 21+40	Log vane not constructed	Existing tree roots provide sufficient bank protection
Cane Creek sta. 21+50	Log vane not constructed	Existing tree roots provide sufficient bank protection
UT-1 sta. 1+15	Log cross vane not constructed	UT-1 is not a stream, and grade control is not required
UT-2 sta. 4+05	Rock riffle not constructed	This activity was not allowed by Colonial Pipeline
UT-3 sta. 0+70	Log cross vane not constructed	This activity was not allowed by Colonial Pipeline
UT-3 sta. 1+50	Log cross vane not constructed	This activity was not allowed by Colonial Pipeline
UT-3 sta. 7+10	Log cross vane not constructed	Slope in field conditions did not require structure
UT-3 sta. 9+45	Log vane not constructed	Slope in field conditions did not require structure

Several grade control structures were omitted on a case-by-case basis based on field conditions or due to their proximity with the Colonial Pipeline easement. The field analyses that led to the decisions to omit each structure determined that no negative effects on the stream channel are expected from their omission.

Additionally, several monitoring devices (vegetation plots, cross-sections, and groundwater gauges) were relocated slightly from the locations depicted in the monitoring plan in the approved mitigation plan. The deviations were made based on field conditions and by using the best professional judgement of the monitoring contractor. The as-built locations of all monitoring devices are representative of current Site conditions.

Additional activities that occurred at the Site included the following.

- Planting 12.5 acres of the Site with 14,300 stems (planted species are included in Table 6A [Appendix B]).
- Installing one shallow wetland marsh treatment area in the floodplain, with an outfall constructed of hydraulically stable rip rap.
- Applying an herbaceous seed mix, with upland areas receiving pollinator-friendly native and naturalized species, including forbs and grasses. Streamside zones and wetlands, including the Marsh Treatment Wetland Areas, received a similarly designed mix with an additional component of FACW species (Table 6B, Appendix B).
- Fencing the entire conservation easement.

3 PROJECT MONITORING – METHODS

Monitoring will be conducted by Axiom Environmental, Inc. Annual monitoring reports of the data collected will be submitted to the NCDMS by Restoration Systems no later than December 1 of each monitoring year data is collected. The monitoring schedule is summarized in the following table.

Monitoring Schedule

Resource	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Year 6	Year 7
Streams							
Wetlands							
Vegetation							
Macroinvertebrates							
Visual Assessment							
Report Submittal							

3.1 Monitoring

The monitoring parameters are summarized in the following table.

Monitoring Summary

Stream Parameters								
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Stream Profile	Full longitudinal survey	As-built (unless otherwise required)	All restored stream channels	Graphic and tabular data.				
Stream Dimension	Cross-sections	Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	Total of 16 cross-sections on restored channels	Graphic and tabular data.				
Channel Stability	Visual Assessments	Yearly	All restored stream channels	Areas of concern will be depicted on a plan view figure with a written assessment and photograph of the area included in the report.				
	Additional Cross-sections	Yearly	Only if instability is documented during monitoring	Graphic and tabular data.				
Stream Hydrology	Continuous monitoring of surface water gauges and/or trail camera	Continuous recording through the monitoring period	3 surface water gauges on UT 2, 3, and 4	Surface water data for each monitoring period				
Double III French	Continuous monitoring of surface water gauges and/or trail camera	Continuous recording through the monitoring period	3 surface water gauges on UT 2, 3, and 4	Surface water data for each monitoring period				
Bankfull Events	Visual/Physical Evidence	Continuous through the monitoring period	1 trail camera on Cane Creek	Visual evidence, photo documentation, and/or rain data.				
Benthic Macroinvertebrates	"Qual 4" method described in Standard Operating Procedures for Collection and Analysis of Benthic Macroinvertebrates, Version 5.0 (NCDWR 2016)	Pre-construction, Years 3, 5, and 7 during the "index period" referenced in <i>Small Streams Biocriteria</i> Development (NCDWQ 2009)	2 stations (on Cane Creek upstream and Cane Creek downstream); however, the exact locations will be determined at the time pre-construction benthics are collected	Results* will be presented on a site-by-site basis and will include a list of taxa collected, an enumeration of <i>Ephemeroptera</i> , <i>Plecoptera</i> , and <i>Tricopetera</i> taxa as well as Biotic Index values.				
		Wetland	l Parameters					
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Wetland Restoration	Groundwater gauges	Years 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7 throughout the year, with the growing season defined as March 1-October 22	7 gauges spread throughout restored wetlands	Soil temperature at the beginning of each monitoring period to verify the start of the growing season, groundwater and rain data for each monitoring period				
		Vegetatio	n Parameters					
Parameter	Method	Schedule/Frequency	Number/Extent	Data Collected/Reported				
Vegetation establishment and vigor	Permanent vegetation plots 0.0247 acre (100 square meters) in size; CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Version 4.2 (Lee et al. 2008)	As-built, Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	12 plots spread across the Site	Species, height, planted vs. volunteer, stems/acre				
vigoi	Annual random vegetation plots, 0.0247 acre (100 square meters) in size	As-built, Years 1, 2, 3, 5, and 7	3 plots; randomly selected each year	Species and height				

^{*}Benthic Macroinvertebrate sampling data will not be tied to success criteria; however, the data may be used as a tool to observe positive gains to in-stream habitat

4 MONITORING YEAR 0 - DATA ASSESSMENT

Annual monitoring and site visits were conducted between December 2021 and January 2022 to assess the condition of the project. Stream, wetland, and vegetation criteria for the Site follow the approved success criteria presented in the Mitigation Plan and summarized in Section 1.3; monitoring methods are detailed in Section 3.0.

4.1 Stream Assessment

Morphological surveys for MY0 were conducted on December 9-10, 2021. All streams within the Site are stable, functioning as designed, and are maintaining an ordinary high-water mark. Refer to Appendix A for the Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Table and Stream Photographs. Refer to Appendix C for Stream Geomorphology Data. No stream areas of concern were identified during MY0.

4.2 Hydrology Assessment

7 groundwater monitoring gauges were installed throughout the Site's wetlands. Hydrologic data will be collected and reported during MY1 (2022).

4.3 Vegetative Assessment

The MYO vegetative survey was completed on January 5, 2022. Vegetation monitoring resulted in a sitewide stem density average of 478 planted stems per acre, above the interim requirement of 320 stems per acre required at MY3. Eleven of the twelve fixed vegetation plots and all three of the random temporary plots met the interim success criteria. Please refer to Appendix A for Vegetation Plot Photographs, the Vegetation Condition Assessment Table, and Appendix B for Vegetation Plot Data. No vegetation areas of concern were identified during MYO.

4.4 Monitoring Year 0 Summary

Overall, the Site looks good, is performing as intended, and is on track to meet success criteria. All vegetation plots are on track to exceed the MY3 interim requirement of 320 planted stems per acre, and all streams within the Site are stable and are meeting project goals.

5 REFERENCES

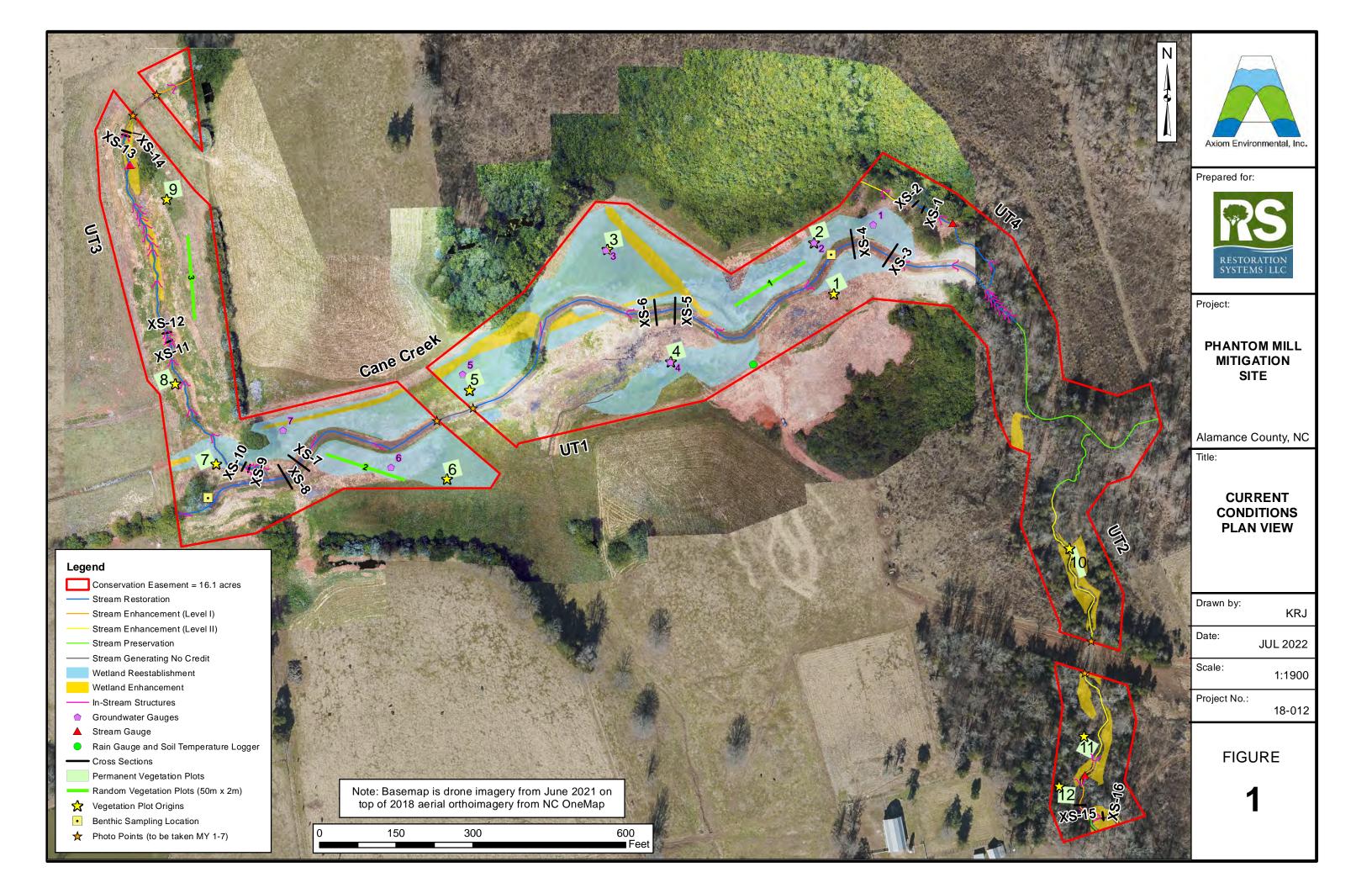
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Appendix A: Visual Assessment Data

Figure 1. Current Conditions Plan View Tables 4A-D. Stream Visual Stability Assessment Table 5. Visual Vegetation Assessment Vegetation Plot Photographs Site Photo Log



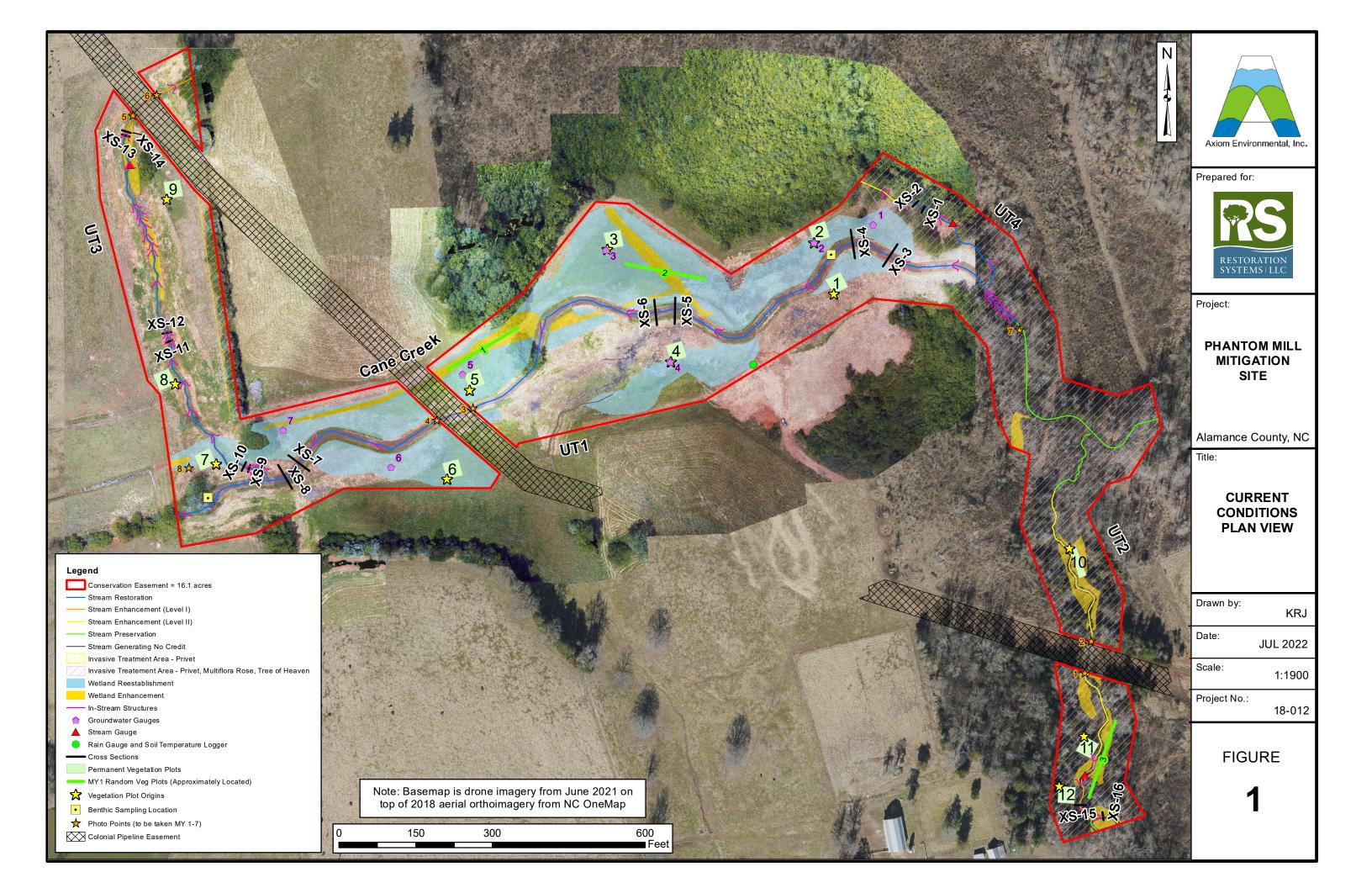


Table 4A. Visual Stream Stability Assessment

Reach Cane Creek

Assessed Stream Length 1943

Major	Channel Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended
Bank	Surface Scour/Bare Bank	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or surface scour			0	100%
	Toe Erosion	Bank toe eroding to the extent that bank failure appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	100%
	Bank Failure	Fluvial and geotechnical - rotational, slumping, calving, or collapse			0	100%
		Totals			0	100%
Structure	Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	10	10		100%
	Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document)	10	10		100%

Table 4B. Visual Stream Stability Assessment

Reach UT 2 Assessed Stream Length 738

Major	Channel Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended
Bank	Surface Scour/Bare Bank	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or surface scour			0	100%
	Toe Erosion	Bank toe eroding to the extent that bank failure appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	100%
	Bank Failure	Fluvial and geotechnical - rotational, slumping, calving, or collapse			0	100%
		Totals			0	100%
Structure	Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	4	4		100%
	Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document)	4	4		100%

Table 4C. Visual Stream Stability Assessment

Reach UT 3 Assessed Stream Length 926

Major	Channel Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended
Bank	Surface Scour/Bare Bank	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or surface scour			0	100%
	Toe Erosion	Bank toe eroding to the extent that bank failure appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	100%
	Bank Failure	Fluvial and geotechnical - rotational, slumping, calving, or collapse			0	100%
		Totals			0	100%
Structure	Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	16	16		100%
	Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document)	16	16		100%

Table 4D. Visual Stream Stability Assessment

Reach UT 4 Assessed Stream Length 374

Assessed Bank Length		748				
Majo	r Channel Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended
Bank	Surface Scour/Bare Bank	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or surface scour			0	100%
	Toe Erosion	Bank toe eroding to the extent that bank failure appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	100%
	Bank Failure	Fluvial and geotechnical - rotational, slumping, calving, or collapse			0	100%
		Totals			0	100%
Structure	Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	4	4		100%
	Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in DMS monitoring guidance document)	4	4		100%

Table 5. Visual Vegetation Assessment Planted acreage

12.5

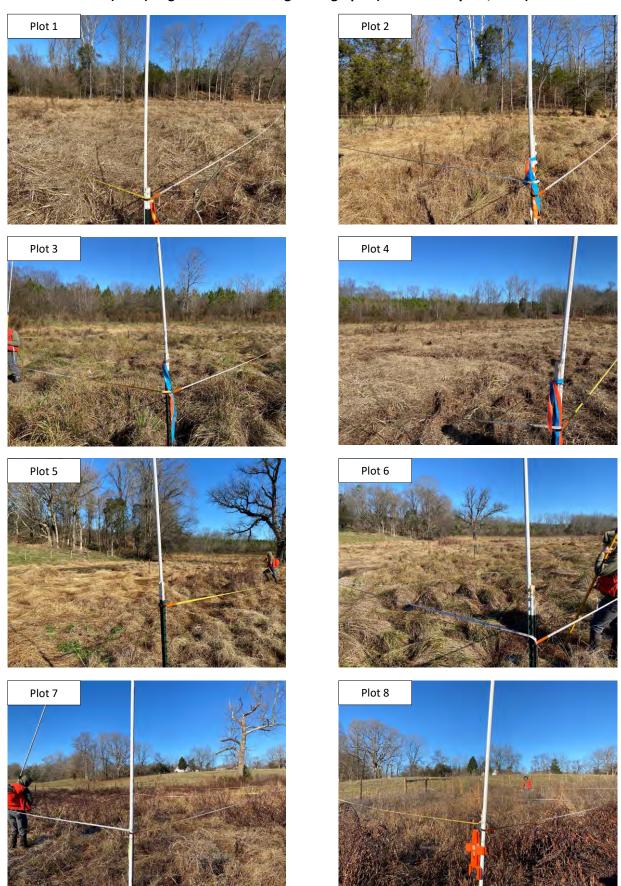
Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.10 acres	0.00	0.0%
Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on current MY stem count criteria.	0.10acres	0.00	0.0%
		Total	0.00	0.0%
Areas of Poor Growth Rates	Planted areas where average height is not meeting current MY Performance Standard.	0.10 acres	0.00	0.0%
Cumulative Total				0.0%

Easement Acreage

16.1

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
Invasive Areas of Concern	Invasives may occur outside of planted areas and within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the total easement acreage. Include species with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term or community structure for existing communities. Species included in summation above should be identified in report summary.	0.10 acres	0.00	0.0%
Easement Encroachment Areas	Encroachment may be point, line, or polygon. Encroachment to be mapped consists of any violation of restrictions specified in the conservation easement. Common encroachments are mowing, cattle access, vehicular access. Encroachment has no threshold value as will need to be addressed regardless of impact area.		0 Encroachments noted	

Phantom Mill Site MY0 (2022) Vegetation Monitoring Photographs (taken January 4-5, 2022)



Phantom Mill Site MY0 (2022) Vegetation Monitoring Photographs (taken January 4-5, 2022)











Bare-root planting - 12/22/2022



Bare-root planting - 12/22/2022



Bare-root planting - 12/22/2022



Bare-root planting - 12/22/2022



Veg Plot with bare-root saplings planted and flagged - 01/11/2022



Veg Plot with bare-root saplings planted and flagged - 01/11/2022



Veg Plot with bare-root saplings planted and flagged & groundwater gauge installed - 01/11/2022



Veg Plot with bare-root saplings planted and flagged - 01/11/2022



Veg Plot with bare-root saplings planted - 01/11/2022



Groundwater gauge installed - 01/11/2022



XS1 - 12/09/2021



XS2 - 12/09/2021



XS9 - 12/09/2021



XS16 - 12/09/2021

Appendix B: Vegetation Data

Table 6A. Planted Bare-Root Woody Vegetation

Table 6B. Permanent Seed Mix

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Counts and Densities

Table 8. Vegetation Plot Data Table from Vegetation Data Entry Tool

Table 6A. Planted Bare Root Woody Vegetation Phantom Mill

Species	Total
Acres	12.5
Betula nigra	1,000
Celtis occidentalis	500
Cephalanthus occidentalis	300
Cercis canadensis	750
Cornus ammomum	2,000
Diospyros virginiana	500
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	700
Liriodendron tulipifera	1,000
Morus rubra	350
Nyssa sylvatica	500
Platanus occidentalis	1,500
Quercus alba	650
Quercus lyrata	600
Quercus nigra	1,250
Quercus phellos	1,250
Quercus rubra	600
Quercus shumardii	750
Viburnum dentatum	100
TOTALS	14,300
Average Stems/Acre	1,144

Table 6B. Permanent Seed Mix Phantom Mill

Meadow Mix (50 lbs)							
Species*	%	Species*	%				
Common Yarrow (Achillea millefolium)	1	Boneset (Eupatorium perfoliatum)	0.5				
Redtop (Agrostis gigantea)	15	Perennial Gaillardia (Blanketflower) (Gaillardia perennial)	2				
Winter Bentgrass (Agrostis hyemalis)	5	Narrowleaf Sunflower (Helianthus angustifolius)	1				
Creeping Bentgrass (Agrostis stolonifera)	2	Oxeye Sunflower (Heliopsis helianthoides)	1				
Blue False Indigo (Baptisia australis)	2	Crimsoneyed Rosemallow (Delmarva Peninsula)	0.5				
Fox Sedge (Carex vulpinoidea)	1	Path Rush (Juncus tenuis)	0.5				
Partridge Pea (Chamaecrista fasciculata)	1	Roundhead Lespedeza (Lespedeza capitata)	0.5				
Sensitive Pea (Chamaecrista nictitans)	1	Marsh Blazing Star (Liatris spicata)	0.5				
Oxeye Daisy (Leucanthemum vulgare)	4.5	Wild Bergamot (Monarda fistulosa)	0.5				
Shasta Daisy (Leucanthemum superbum)	3	Deertongue (Dichanthelium clandestinum)	5				
Lanceleaf Coreopsis (Coreopsis lanceolata)	4	Redtop Panicgrass	0.5				
Plains Coreopsis (Coreopsis tinctoria)	4	Tall White Beardtongue (Penstemon digitalis)	1				
Cosmos (Cosmos bipinnatus)	1	Clasping Coneflower (Dracopis amplexicaulis)	1				
Rocket Larkspur (Consolida ajacis)	2	Blackeyed Susan (<i>Rudbeckia hirta</i>)	3				
Showy Ticktrefoil (Desmodium canadense)	1	Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)	5				
Purple Coneflower (Echinacea purpurea)	5	Wild Senna (Senna hebecarpa)	0.5				
Virginia Wildrye (Elymus virginicus)	5	Purpletop (<i>Tridens flavus</i>)	18				
Mistflower (Conoclinium coelestinum)	0.5	Blue Vervain (Verbena hastata)	1				
		Total	100%				
	Wetla	and Mix (30 lbs)					
Bur-marigold (Bidens aristosa)	13.33	Leathery Rush (Juncus coriaceus)	1.67				
Greenwhite Sedge (Carex albolutescens)	4.67	Soft Rush (Juncus effusus)	1.67				
Hop Sedge (Carex lupulina)	1.67	Path Rush (Juncus tenuis)	1.67				
Fox Sedge (Carex vulpinoidea)	0.67	Redtop Panicgrass (Panicum rigidulum)	22				
Partridge Pea (Chamaecrista fasciculata)	1.67	Switchgrass (Panicum virgatum)	3.33				
Large-flowered Tickseed (Coreopsis grandiflora)	1.67	Black eyed Susan (Rudbeckia hirta)	3				
Lance-leaved Coreopsis (Coreopsis lanceolata)	3.33	Little Bluestem (Schizachyrium scoparium)	5				
Plains Coreopsis (<i>Coreopsis tinctoria</i>)	1.67	Indiangrass (Sorghastrum nutans)	10				
Virginia Wildrye (<i>Elymus virginicus</i>)	10.33	Purpletop (Tridens flavus)	1.67				
Narrowleaf Sunflower (Helianthus angustifolius)	11	Total	100%				

Table 7. Planted Vegetation Totals

Phantom Mill

Plot #	Planted Stems/Acre	Success Criteria Met?
1	364	Yes
2	405	Yes
3	364	Yes
4	364	Yes
5	364	Yes
6	648	Yes
7	324	Yes
8	283	No
9	324	Yes
10	1093	Yes
11	850	Yes
12	526	Yes
T-1	486	Yes
T-2	405	Yes
T-3	364	Yes
Average Planted Stems/Acre	478	Yes

Table 8. Vegetation Plot Data Table from Vegetation Data Entry Tool

12.5
12/22/2021
NA
NA
1/5/2022
0.0247

	Scientific Name	Common Namo	Tree/S	Indicator	Veg P	ot 1 F	Veg P	Plot 2 F	Veg Pl	ot 3 F	Veg Pl	ot 4 F	Veg Pl	ot 5 F	Veg Plot 6 F		Veg P	lot 7 F
	Scientific Name	Common Name	hrub	Status	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total
	Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	FACW	1	1	2	2							2	2	1	1
	Betula Nigra																	
	Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	Tree	FACU					1	1	1	1						
	Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub	FACW									3	3				
	Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	FAC							1	1						
	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	FACW	1	1												
Species	Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	FACU									1	1	2	2		
Included in	Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	FAC	1	1					4	4					5	5
Approved	Other				2	2	1	1					3	3			1	1
Mitigation Plan	Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	FACW					1	1								
	Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	FACU														
	Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	FAC			1	1							4	4		
	Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree	FACW														
	Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	FAC											8	8		
	Quercus sp.				4	4	5	5	7	7	3	3	1	1			1	1
	Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Tree	FAC			1	1					1	1				
Sum	Performance Standard				9	9	10	10	9	9	9	9	9	9	16	16	8	8
	Current Year Sten	m Count				9		10		9		9		9		16		8
	Stems/Acre	e				364		405		364		364		364		648		324
Mitigation Plan Performance	Species Cou	nt				5		5		3		4		5		4		4
Standard –	Dominant Species Com	nposition (%)				44		50		78		44		33		50		62
Standard	Average Plot Hei	ght (ft.)				2		2		2		2		2		2		1
	% Invasive:	S				0		0		0		0		0		0		0
	Current Year Sten	n Count				9		10		9		9		9		16		8
Post Mitigation	Stems/Acre	e				364		405		364		364		364		648		324
Plan	Species Cou	nt				5		5		3		4		5		4		4
Performance	Dominant Species Com	nposition (%)				44		50		78		44		33		50		62
Standard	Average Plot Hei	ght (ft.)				2		2		2		2		2		2		1
	% Invasive:	S				0		0		0		0		0		0		0

^{1).} Bolded species are proposed for the current monitoring year, italicized species are not approved, and a regular font indicates that the species has been approved.

^{2).} The "Species Included in Approved Mitigation Plan" section contains only those species that were included in the original approved mitigation plan. The "Post Mitigation Plan Species" section includes species that are being proposed through a mitigation plan addendum for the current monitoring year (bolded), species that have been approved in prior monitoring years through a mitigation plan addendum (regular font), and species that are not approved (italicized).

^{3).} The "Mitigation Plan Performance Standard" section is derived only from stems included in the original mitigation plan, whereas the "Post Mitigation Plan Performance Standard" includes data from mitigation plan approved, post mitigation plan approved, and proposed stems.

Table 8. Vegetation Plot Data Table from Vegetation Data Entry Tool (continued)

Planted Acreage	12.5
Date of Initial Plant	12/22/2021
Date(s) of Supplemental Plant(s)	NA
Date(s) Mowing	NA
Date of Current Survey	1/5/2022
Plot size (ACRES)	0.0247

	Calandifia Nama	Common Nome	Tree/S	Indicator	Veg P	lot 8 F	Veg Pl	ot 9 F	Veg Pl	ot 10 F	Veg Plo	t 11 F	Veg Pl	ot 12 F	Veg Plot 1 R	Veg Plot 2 R	Veg Plot 3 R
	Scientific Name	Common Name	hrub	Status	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Planted	Total	Total	Total	Total
	Betula nigra	river birch	Tree	FACW					5	5	2	2	2	2		2	1
	Betula Nigra						1	1									
	Cercis canadensis	eastern redbud	Tree	FACU													1
	Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub	FACW					5	5	3	3	1	1	2	3	2
	Diospyros virginiana	common persimmon	Tree	FAC													
	Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	FACW											3		
Species	Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree	FACU	1	1											
Included in	Nyssa sylvatica	blackgum	Tree	FAC	4	4	5	5			1	1					
Approved	Other						2	2	3	3	1	1					
Mitigation Plan	Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree	FACW	1	1			1	1	1	1	1	1		3	2
	Quercus alba	white oak	Tree	FACU					1	1							
	Quercus nigra	water oak	Tree	FAC					1	1							1
	Quercus pagoda	cherrybark oak	Tree	FACW									1	1			
	Quercus phellos	willow oak	Tree	FAC	1	1									3		
	Quercus sp.								10	10	13	13	8	8	4	2	2
	Viburnum dentatum	southern arrowwood	Tree	FAC					1	1							
Sum	Performance Standard				7	7	8	8	27	27	21	21	13	13	12	10	9
	Current Year Ster	n Count				7		8		27		21		13	12	10	9
Mitigation Plan	Stems/Acre	e				283		324		1093		850		526	486	405	364
Performance	Species Cou	nt				4		3		8		6		5	4	4	6
Standard	Dominant Species Con	nposition (%)				57		62		37		62		62	33	30	22
Staridard	Average Plot Hei	ght (ft.)				2		2		2		2		2	1	1	1
	% Invasive:	S				0		0		0		0		0	0	0	0
			1 1			_				0-	1			1 40	10		
	Current Year Ster					7		8		27		21		13	12	10	9
Post Mitigation	Stems/Acro		1			283		324		1093		850		526	486	405	364
Plan	Species Cou					4		3		8		6		5	4	4	6
Performance	Dominant Species Com					57		62		37		62		62	33	30	22
Standard	Average Plot Hei					2		2		2		2		2	1	1	1
	% Invasive:	S				0		0		0		0		0	0	0	0

^{1).} Bolded species are proposed for the current monitoring year, italicized species are not approved, and a regular font indicates that the species has been approved.

^{2).} The "Species Included in Approved Mitigation Plan" section contains only those species that were included in the original approved mitigation plan. The "Post Mitigation Plan Species" section includes species that are being proposed through a mitigation plan addendum for the current monitoring year (bolded), species that have been approved in prior monitoring years through a mitigation plan addendum (regular font), and species that are not approved (italicized).

^{3).} The "Mitigation Plan Performance Standard" section is derived only from stems included in the original mitigation plan, whereas the "Post Mitigation Plan Performance Standard" includes data from mitigation plan approved, post mitigation plan approved, and proposed stems.

Appendix C: Stream Geomorphology Data

Cross-Sections with Annual Overlays
Longitudinal Profile
Table 9A-D. Baseline Stream Data Summary Tables
Table 10A-B. Cross-Section Morphology Monitoring Summary

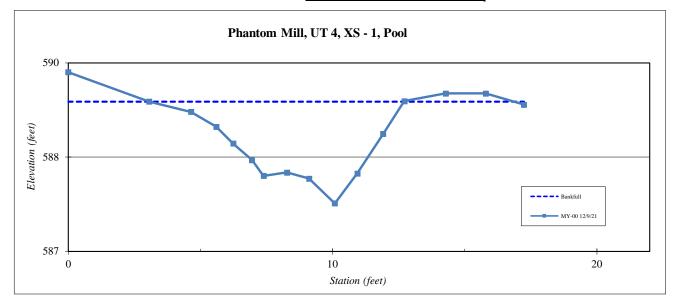
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 4, XS -1, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	589.5
3.1	589.1
4.6	589.0
5.6	588.8
6.2	588.6
7.0	588.4
7.4	588.2
8.3	588.2
9.1	588.1
10.1	587.8
10.9	588.2
11.9	588.7
12.7	589.2
14.3	589.3
15.8	589.3
17.2	589.1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	589.1
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	587.8
LTOB Elevation:	589.1
LTOB Max Depth:	1.4
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	6.2



Stream Type E/C 5	
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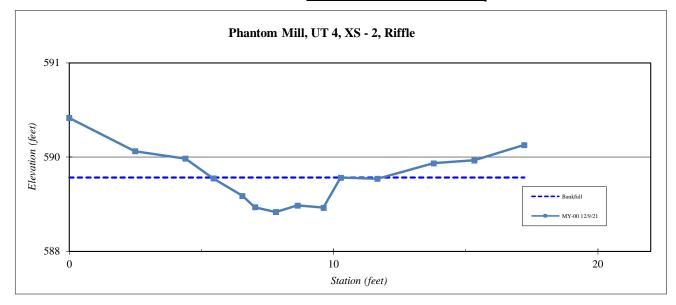


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 4, XS -2, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	590.2
	589.7
2.5	589.6
5.5	589.4
6.5	589.1
7.0	589.0
7.8	588.9
8.6	589.0
9.6	589.0
10.3	589.4
11.7	589.4
13.8	589.6
15.3	589.6
17.2	589.8

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	589.4
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	588.9
LTOB Elevation:	589.4
LTOB Max Depth:	0.5
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	1.5



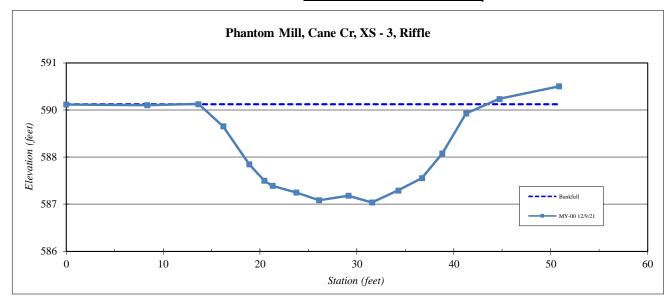


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS -3, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	589.8
8.4	589.8
13.6	589.8
16.2	589.2
18.9	588.2
20.4	587.8
21.3	587.6
23.7	587.5
26.1	587.3
29.1	587.4
31.6	587.2
34.3	587.5
36.7	587.8
38.8	588.5
41.3	589.6
44.7	590.0
50.9	590.3
	1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	589.8
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	587.2
LTOB Elevation:	589.8
LTOB Max Depth:	2.6
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	50.9



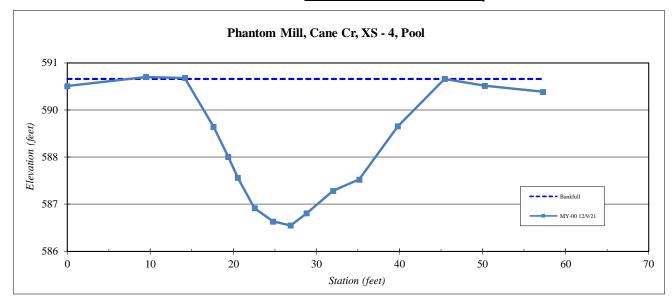


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS -4, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	590.5
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	586.6
LTOB Elevation:	590.5
LTOB Max Depth:	3.9
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	69.4



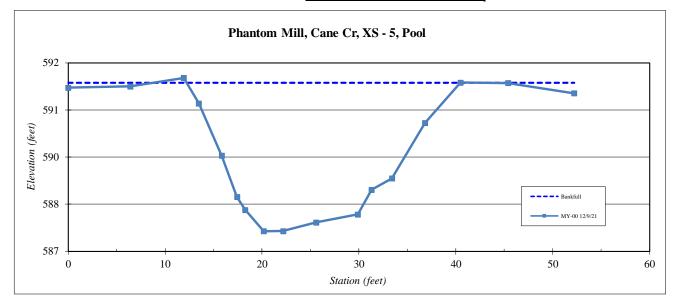


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS -5, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	591.5
6.4	591.5
11.9	591.8
13.5	591.1
15.8	589.7
17.4	588.6
18.3	588.3
20.2	587.7
22.2	587.7
25.6	587.9
29.9	588.1
31.3	588.8
33.4	589.1
36.8	590.6
40.5	591.6
45.4	591.6
52.2	591.4

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	591.6
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	587.7
LTOB Elevation:	591.6
LTOB Max Depth:	4.0
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	71.9





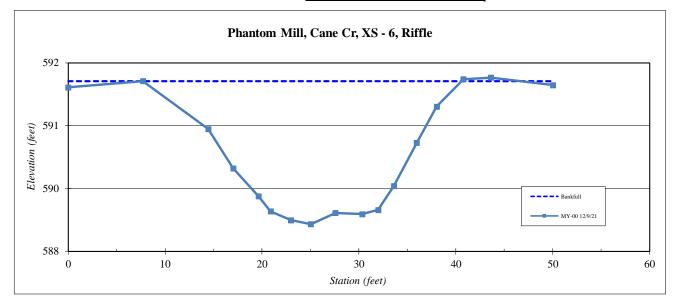
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS - 6, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	591.7
7.7	591.8
14.4	590.9
17.0	590.1
19.6	589.5
20.9	589.2
23.0	589.0
25.0	589.0
27.6	589.2
30.3	589.2
32.0	589.2
33.6	589.7
36.0	590.6
38.0	591.3
40.8	591.8
43.6	591.9
50.0	591.7

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	591.8
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	589.0
LTOB Elevation:	591.8
LTOB Max Depth:	2.9
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	55.2



Stream Type	E/C 5
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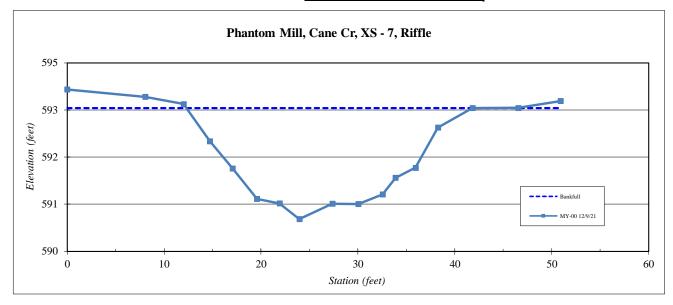
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS - 7, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	594.0
8.0	593.8
12.0	593.6
14.7	592.6
17.1	591.9
19.6	591.1
21.9	590.9
24.0	590.5
27.4	590.9
30.0	590.9
32.5	591.2
33.9	591.6
35.9	591.9
38.3	593.0
41.8	593.5
46.6	593.5
50.9	593.7

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	593.5
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	590.5
LTOB Elevation:	593.5
LTOB Max Depth:	3.0
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	52.4



Stream Type	E/C 5
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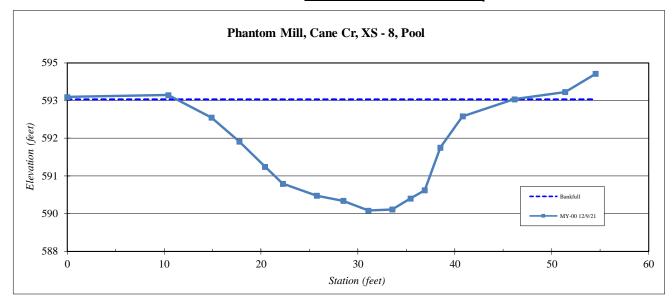
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	Cane Cr, XS - 8, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	593.5
10.4	593.6
14.9	592.9
17.8	592.1
20.4	591.2
22.2	590.7
25.8	590.3
28.5	590.1
31.1	589.8
33.5	589.8
35.4	590.2
36.9	590.4
38.5	591.9
40.8	592.9
46.2	593.5
51.4	593.7
54.5	594.3

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	593.5
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	589.8
LTOB Elevation:	593.5
LTOB Max Depth:	3.7
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	70.4



Stream Type E/C 5	
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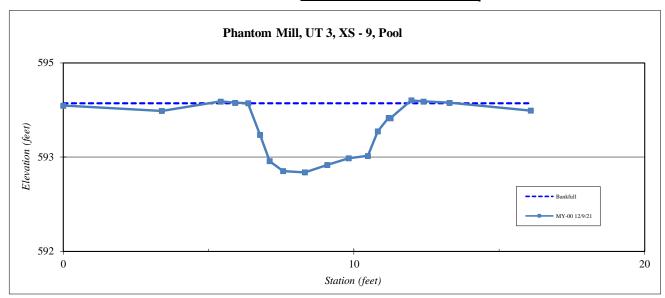


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 9, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	594.1
3.4	594.0
5.4	594.2
5.9	594.2
6.4	594.1
6.8	593.7
7.1	593.4
7.6	593.2
8.3	593.2
9.1	593.3
9.8	593.4
10.5	593.4
10.8	593.8
11.2	593.9
11.3	593.9
12.0	594.2
12.4	594.2
13.3	594.2
16.1	594.0

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	594.1
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	593.2
LTOB Elevation:	594.1
LTOB Max Depth:	0.9
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	3.4





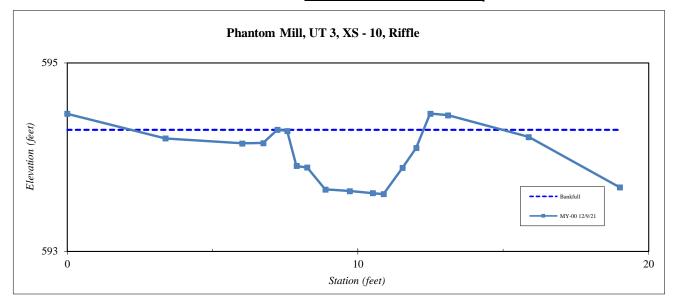
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 10, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	594.3
3.4	594.2
6.0	594.1
6.7	594.1
7.2	594.2
7.6	594.2
7.9	594.0
8.3	594.0
8.9	593.8
9.7	593.8
10.5	593.8
10.9	593.8
11.5	594.0
12.0	594.1
12.5	594.3
13.1	594.3
15.9	594.2
19.0	593.9
l	1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	594.2
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	593.8
LTOB Elevation:	594.2
LTOB Max Depth:	0.4
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	1.5



Stream Type F/C 5	Bircam Type	Stream Type	E/C 5
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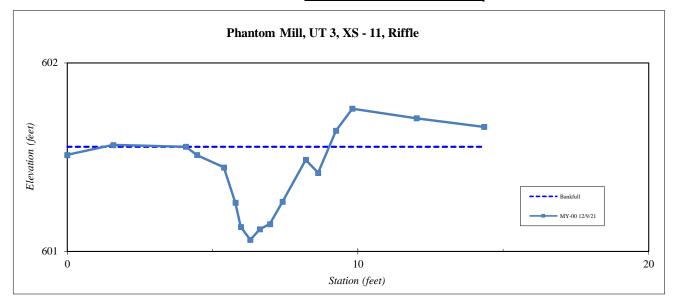


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 11, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	601.6
1.6	601.7
4.1	601.7
4.5	601.6
5.4	601.5
5.8	601.3
6.0	601.1
6.3	601.0
6.6	601.1
7.0	601.1
7.4	601.3
8.2	601.6
8.6	601.5
9.2	601.8
9.8	601.9
12.0	601.8
14.3	601.8

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	601.7
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	601.0
LTOB Elevation:	601.7
LTOB Max Depth:	0.6
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	1.3





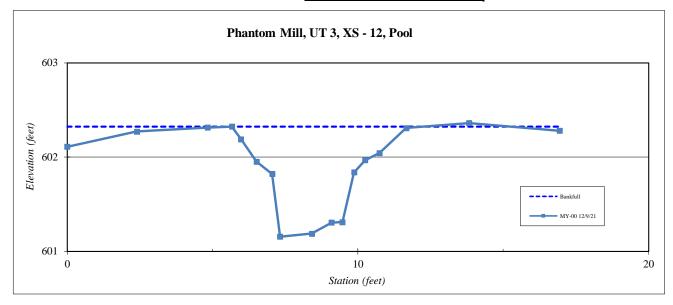
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 12, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	602.3
2.4	602.5
4.8	602.6
5.7	602.6
6.0	602.4
6.5	602.1
7.0	602.0
7.3	601.2
8.4	601.2
9.1	601.3
9.5	601.3
9.9	602.0
10.2	602.2
10.7	602.3
11.7	602.6
13.8	602.7
16.9	602.6

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	602.6
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	601.2
LTOB Elevation:	602.6
LTOB Max Depth:	1.5
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	4.7



Stream Type E/C 5	
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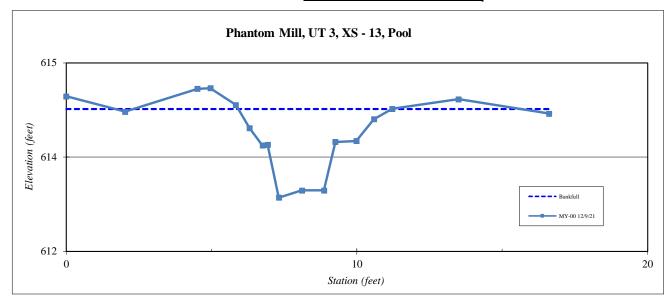


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 13, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	614.3
2.0	614.1
4.5	614.4
5.0	614.4
5.8	614.2
6.3	613.9
6.8	613.7
6.9	613.7
7.3	613.0
8.1	613.1
8.9	613.1
9.3	613.7
10.0	613.7
10.6	614.0
11.2	614.1
13.5	614.3
16.6	614.1

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	614.1
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	613.0
LTOB Elevation:	614.1
LTOB Max Depth:	1.2
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	3.2



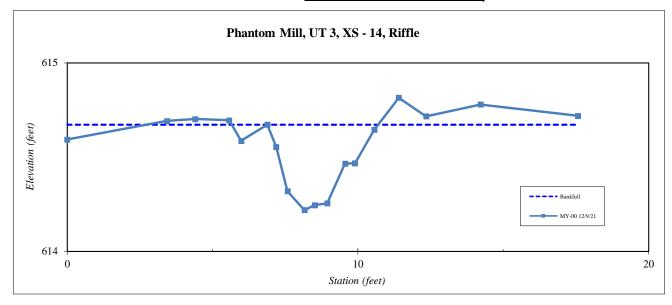


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 3, XS - 14, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	614.2
3.4	614.4
4.4	614.4
5.6	614.4
6.0	614.2
6.9	614.3
7.2	614.2
7.6	613.9
8.2	613.8
8.5	613.8
8.9	613.8
9.6	614.1
9.9	614.1
10.6	614.3
11.4	614.5
12.3	614.4
14.2	614.5
17.6	614.4

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	614.3
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	613.8
LTOB Elevation:	614.3
LTOB Max Depth:	0.6
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	1.3



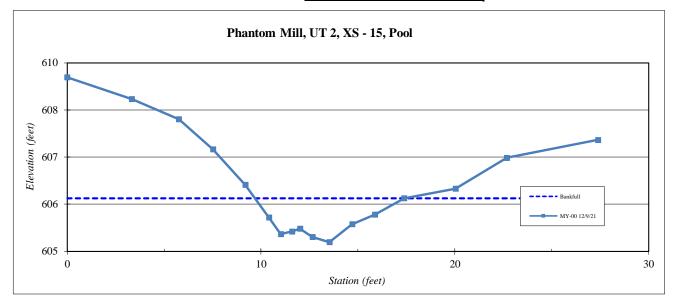


G*4	DI A ACII
Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 2, XS - 15, Pool
Feature	Pool
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	609.3
3.3	608.8
5.8	608.2
7.5	607.4
9.2	606.5
10.4	605.6
11.0	605.2
11.6	605.2
12.0	605.3
12.7	605.1
13.5	605.0
14.7	605.4
15.9	605.7
17.4	606.1
20.0	606.4
22.7	607.2
27.4	607.7

SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	606.1
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	605.0
LTOB Elevation:	606.1
LTOB Max Depth:	1.2
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	5.1



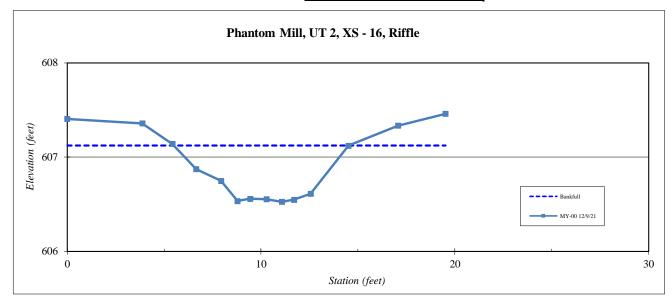


Site	Phantom Mill
Watershed:	Cape Fear River Basin, 03030002
XS ID	UT 2, XS - 16, Riffle
Feature	Riffle
Date:	12/9/2021
Field Crew:	Perkinson, D. Lewis

Station	Elevation
0.0	607.7
3.9	607.7
5.4	607.4
6.7	607.1
7.9	606.9
8.8	606.6
9.4	606.7
10.3	606.7
11.1	606.6
11.7	606.7
12.6	606.7
14.5	607.4
17.1	607.6
19.5	607.8

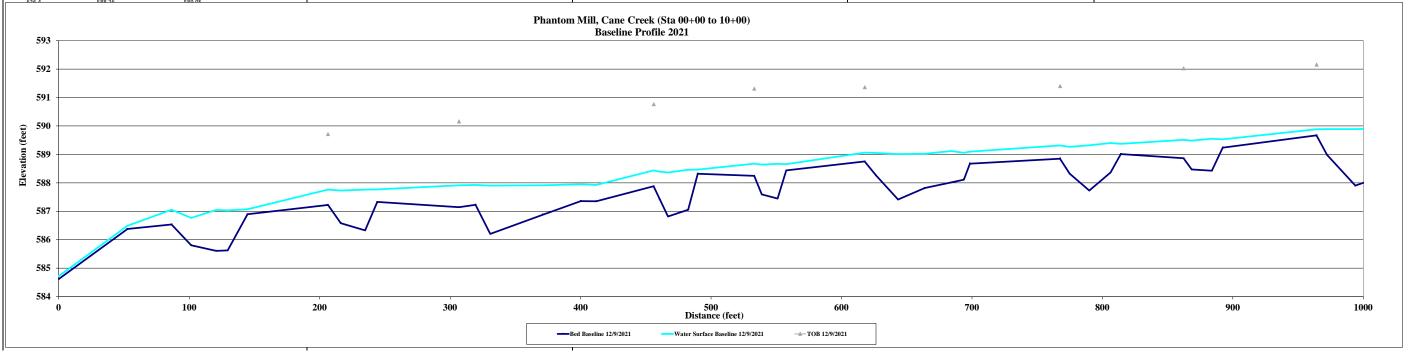
SUMMARY DATA	
Bankfull Elevation:	607.4
Bank Hieght Ratio:	1.0
Thalweg Elevation:	606.6
LTOB Elevation:	607.4
LTOB Max Depth:	0.7
LTOB Cross Sectional Area:	4.5





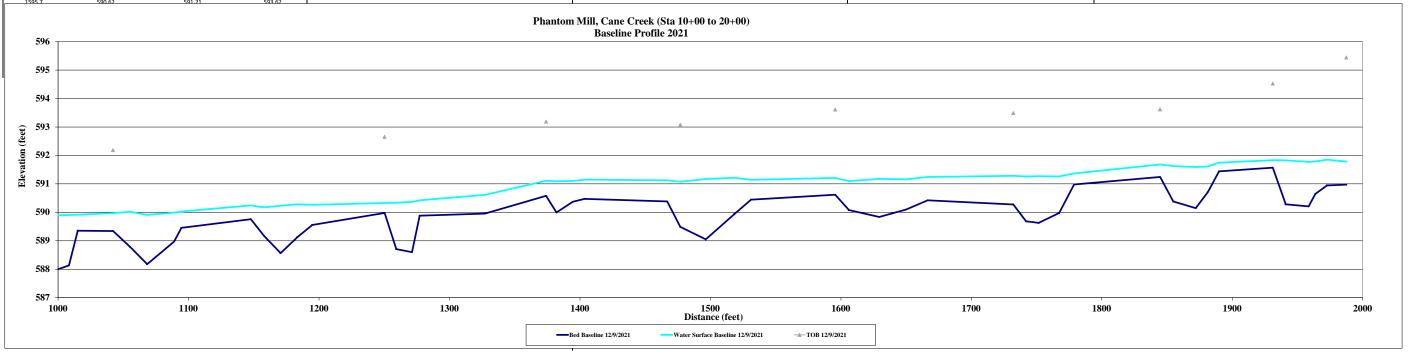
Phantom Mill - Baseline (2021) Profile Cane Creek (Sta 00+00 to 10+00) Profile 12/9/21 Perkinson

CIEW	I CIKIIISOII														
		2021													
	Baseli	ne Survey			As	needed			As	needed				s needed	
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB
0.0	584.62	584.72													
52.7	586.38	586.49													
86.4	586.54	587.05													
101.5	585.81	586.77													
120.6	585.61	587.05													
129.5	585.62	587.03													
144.6	586.89	587.07													
206.3	587.22	587.77	589.71												
216.1	586.58	587.73													
234.8	586.33	587.76													
244.1	587.33	587.77													
306.8	587.14	587.92	590.15												
319.5	587.23	587.93													
330.8	586.21	587.90													
371.0	586.88	587.91													
400.1	587.36	587.95													
412.0	587.35	587.92													
456.0	587.88	588.44	590.76												
460.5	587.44	588.39													
467.0	586.82	588.37													
482.5	587.05	588.46													
489.8	588.32	588.47													
533.1	588.25	588.68	591.31												
538.9	587.59	588.64													
551.0	587.45	588.67													
557.7	588.44	588.66													
617.8	588.75	589.06	591.36												
626.4	500.76	580.05													



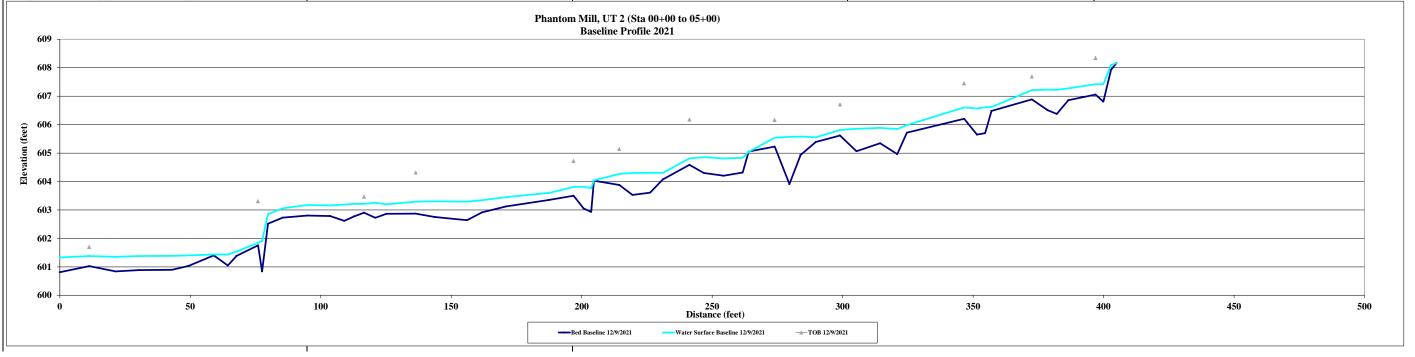
Phantom Mill - Baseline (2021) Profile Cane Creek (Sta 10+00 to 20+00) Profile 12/9/21 Perkinson

Clew	I CIKIIISOII														
		2021													
	Baselin	ine Survey	Ì	1	As	s needed			As	needed			As	s needed	
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB
993.9	587.90	589.89													
1008.3	588.13	589.91	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1015.0	589.36	589.92	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1042.1	589.35	589.98	592.19	<u>l</u>											
1055.2	588.78	590.02	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1068.3	588.18	589.91	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1088.8	588.97	589.99	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1094.6	589.46	590.03	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1147.7	589.76	590.24	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1157.8	589.18	590.18	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1170.6	588.57	590.23	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1183.4	589.13	590.28	İ	1								1			
1194.8	589.56	590.27	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1250.3	589.98	590.33	592.66	1											
1259.2	588.71	590.34	İ	1								1			
1271.2	588.60	590.37	Ì	<u>l</u>											
1277.2	589.88	590.43	İ	1								1			
1327.2	589.96	590.62	İ	1								1			
1374.1	590.58	591.11	593.19	1								1			
1382.0	590.00	591.10	İ	1								1			
1394.5	590.37	591.11	İ	1								1			
1403.6	590.47	591.15	İ	1								1			
1466.9	590.39	591.13	İ	1								1			
1477.0	589.49	591.08	593.08	1								1			
1496.4	589.05	591.17	İ	1								1			
1518.3	589.94	591.22	İ	1								1			
1531.1	590.45	591.14	İ	1								1			
1595.7	590.62	591.21	593.62	1				L							



Phantom Mill - Baseline (2021) Profile UT 2 (Sta 00+00 to 05+00) Profile 12/9/21 Perkinson

		2021											4.		
Station	Bed Elevation	ine Survey Water Elevation	тов	Station	Bed Elevation	s needed Water Elevation	тов	Station	Bed Elevation	As needed Water Elevation	тов	Station	As Bed Elevation	s needed Water Elevation	тов
			10в	Station	Bed Elevation	water Elevation	108	Station	Bed Elevation	water Elevation	108	Station	Bed Elevation	water Elevation	106
0.0	600.81	601.33	504.70												
11.3 21.3	601.03 600.84	601.38 601.35	601.70												
30.2	600.89	601.38													
43.0	600.89	601.39													
49.3	601.03	601.40													
59.0	601.40	601.44													
64.3	601.05	601.44													
67.7	601.39	601.54													
75.9	601.76	601.85	603.31												
77.5	600.84	601.91	003.31												
79.8	602.52	602.85													
85.4	602.73	603.06													
94.8	602.80	603.18													
103.5	602.79	603.16													
109.0	602.62	603.19													
112.7	602.77	603.21													
116.6	602.90	603.21	603.47												
120.9	602.73	603.25													
125.2	602.87	603.20													
136.4	602.87	603.29	604.32												
143.7	602.76	603.30													
156.0	602.64	603.29													
161.8	602.92	603.35													
171.0	603.13	603.45													
187.6	603.36	603.60													
196.9	603.50	603.81	604.72												



 Project Name
 Phantom Mill - Baseline (2021) Profile

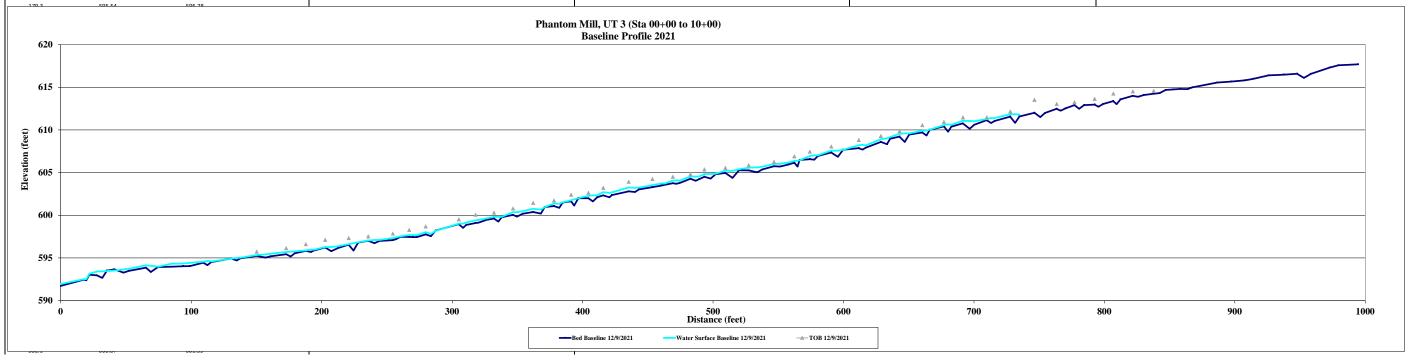
 Reach
 UT 3 (Sta 00+00 to 10+00)

 Feature
 Profile

 Date
 12/9/21

 Crew
 Perkinson

		2021 ne Survey				needed				s needed				s needed	
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	тов	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	тов	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	тов	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	тов
0.0	591.72	591.94													
17.6	592.46	592.51													
19.5	592.38	592.51													
21.9	593.04	593.15													
27.6	592.97	593.41													
31.8	592.66	593.43													
35.2	593.51	593.47													
41.0	593.66	593.52													
48.0	593.28	593.65													
52.1	593.48	593.74													
65.2	593.86	594.14													
69.0	593.35	594.09													
74.5	593.94	593.98													
85.1	593.97	594.33													
93.7	594.03	594.35													
99.0	594.05	594.43													
109.2	594.44	594.55													
112.4	594.16	594.64													
115.4	594.52	594.60													
130.7	594.92	594.91													
134.9	594.71	595.00													
137.5	594.94	595.03													
150.2	595.24	595.34	595.73												
156.9	595.04	595.42													
160.8	595.19	595.50													
172.7	595.43	595.69	596.14												
176.2	595.17	595.73													



Phantom Mill - Baseline (2021) Profile UT 4 (Sta 00+00 to 04+00) Profile 12/9/21 Perkinson

		2021 ne Survey			As	needed			As	needed			As	s needed	
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOB	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	TOE
0.0	586.35	586.57	587.90												
19.9	586.32	586.74													
28.5	586.41	586.90	587.40												
31.8	586.33	586.87													
38.1	586.19	586.90													
43.4	585.87	586.91													
45.1	585.96	586.89		1											
48.9	586.58	586.90													
61.7	586.45	586.89	587.29												
63.2	586.24	586.90													
70.1	586.33	586.87													
73.0	586.43	586.90													
84.8	586.58	586.99													
86.8	586.44	586.97													
94.7	586.14	586.97													
100.6	586.40	586.99													
102.9	586.67	586.99													
116.2	586.91	587.31	587.79												
119.9	587.00	587.35													
124.7	586.74	587.16													
131.0	586.86	587.33													
135.2	587.03	587.32													
154.1	587.55	587.81	587.93												
157.8	586.90	587.78													
163.1	586.86	587.78													
167.8	587.07	587.78													
170.0	587.49	587.79		1				1							

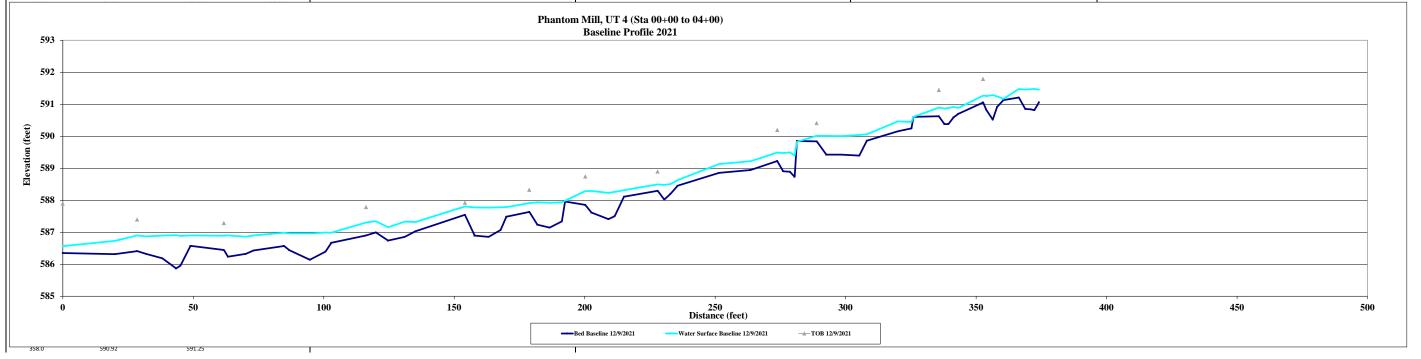


Table 9A		line Str m Mill -			mary					
Parameter	Pre-	Existing (Conditio	n (applica	aple)	Des	sign	Monit	toring Ba (MY0)	seline
Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	n	Min	Max	Min	Max	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	18.6	23		43.5		25.1	28.9	29.5	32.9	3
Floodprone Width (ft)	50	100		100		100	150	100	100	3
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.2	2.3		2.8		1.8	2.1	1.7	1.8	3
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	2	3.3		4.4		2.3	2.9	2.6	3.0	3
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft²)	52.3	52.3		52.3		52.3	52.3	50.9	55.3	3
Width/Depth Ratio	6.6	10		36.3		12	16	16.6	19.6	3
Entrenchment Ratio	1.6	4.3		5.4		3.7	5.5	3.0	3.4	3
Bank Height Ratio	1.1	1.4		2		1	1.2	1.0	1.0	3
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull										
Rosgen Classification			Eg 5			E/C	3/4		E/C 4	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)			232.1			23	2.1		232.1	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.06			1.	15		1.15	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0033			0.0	003		0.0026	
Other										

Table 9B		eline Str intom N			nmary					
Parameter	Pre-	Existing (Conditio	n (applic	aple)	Des	sign	Monit	toring Ba (MY0)	seline
Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	n	Min	Max	Min	Max	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.8	11		17.2		7.2	8.3	9.0	9.0	1
Floodprone Width (ft)	20	50		100		30	90	50.0	50.0	1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.2	0.4		0.6		0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	1
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.4	0.8		1.2		0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.3	4.3		4.3		4.3	4.3	4.5	4.5	1
Width/Depth Ratio	13	27.5		86		12	16	18.0	18.0	1
Entrenchment Ratio	1.2	3.6		12.8		3.9	11.6	5.6	5.6	1
Bank Height Ratio	0.9	1.5		3.1		1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull										
Rosgen Classification			Cg 3/4			E/C	3/4		C 4	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)			16.2			16	5.2		16.2	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.2			1	.2		1.2	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0188			0.0	188		0.0169	
Other										

Table 9C		line Str ntom M			nmary					
Parameter	Pre-	Existing (Conditio	ո (applica	aple)	Des	sign	Monit	oring Ba	seline
Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	n	Min	Max	Min	Max	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	4.1	7.9		11.7		4.4	5.1	3.8	4.8	3
Floodprone Width (ft)	8	12		25		30	90	50.0	50.0	3
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.1	0.2		0.3		0.3	0.4	0.3	0.3	3
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.2	0.4		0.7		0.4	0.5	0.4	0.6	3
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	1.6	1.6		1.6		1.6	1.6	1.2	1.5	3
Width/Depth Ratio	10.3	39.5		117		12	16	11.2	15.6	3
Entrenchment Ratio	1.1	1.4		4.8		6.3	19	10.5	13.0	3
Bank Height Ratio	1.3	5		10		1	1.2	1.0	1.0	3
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull										
Rosgen Classification			F4			Cb	3/4		E/C 4	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)			18.9			18	3.9		18.9	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.01			1.	05		1.05	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0317			0.0	305		0.0263	
Other										

Table 9D		eline Str Intom N			nmary					
Parameter	Pre-	Existing (Conditio	n (applic	aple)	De	sign	Monit	oring Ba	seline
Riffle Only	Min	Mean	Med	Max	n	Min	Max	Min	Max	n
Bankfull Width (ft)	5	6.4		7.4		6.5	7.5	4.9	4.9	1
Floodprone Width (ft)	8	10		100		30	90	15.0	15.0	1
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.5	0.6		0.7		0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	1
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	0.6	0.9		1		0.6	0.8	0.5	0.5	1
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	3.5	3.5		3.5		3.5	3.5	1.5	1.5	1
Width/Depth Ratio	7.1	10.7		14.8		12	16	16.0	16.0	1
Entrenchment Ratio	1.1	1.8		20		4.3	12.9	3.1	3.1	1
Bank Height Ratio	1.1	1.8		3.2		1	1.2	1.0	1.0	1
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull										
Rosgen Classification			Eg 4			E/C	3/4		C 4	
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)			13.1			13	3.1		13.1	
Sinuosity (ft)			1.04			1.	15		1.15	
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)			0.0228			0.0	206		0.0135	
Other							•			

								Table 1	OA. N		_				ion Mo 5017)		٠.		ing Su	mmar	у														
		Cane Cr	1- 0	C	4: 2 /	/n:#1-\			C C	reek - C					501/)		reek - C		-4: F	(D==I)			6-	l. C	C	ction 6	/n:#i-\		1	C	C- C		ion 7 (R	:cc:_\	
	_ `	cane cr	eek - C	ross sec	tion 3 ((Kime)	1		cane c	eek - C	ross se	ction 4	(POOI)		-	Cane C	reek - C	ross se	ction 5	(POOI)		'	Lane Cr	eek - Ci	055 560	LLION 6	(Kime)			Cane	cr - cro	ss sect	on 7 (K	me)	
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	589.82							590.49							591.65	,						591.81							593.48						
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfulf Area	1.00							1.00							1.00							1.00							1.00						
Thalweg Elevation	587.20							586.59							587.69	9						588.95							590.53						
LTOB ² Elevation	589.82							590.49							591.6	5						591.81							593.48						
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	2.62							3.90							3.96							2.85							2.95						
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	50.9							69.4							71.9							55.2							52.4						
		Cane Cr	reek - C	ross Se	ction 8	(Pool)																													
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY+																											
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	593.47																																		
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfuli Area	1.00																																		
Thalweg Elevation	589.77																																		
LTOB ² Elevation	593.47																																		
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	3.71																																		
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	70.4																																		
																						orkgroup													
																						channel of the channe		moving	forwa	rd. The	y are th	ne bank	height ra	tio usin	g a con	stant A	s-built b	ankfull	area
	-	1	-	-	-	-										,																			
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area		1	<u> </u>	1	1	1	<u> </u>															ears bank ft2. The B													
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfulf Area		1	<u> </u>	1	1	1	<u> </u>																												.en
Thalweg Elevation LTOB ² Elevation	-	1	<u> </u>	1-	1	1-	<u> </u>																												
LTOB ² Elevation		1	├	+		+	├																											used an	d
		1	├	+		+	-	cracked	ior ead	ıı year	as abov	e. Ine	umere	nce be	ween th	e LIOB 6	elevatio	ıı and ti	ie thalv	veg eiev	ation (same as ir	i rue BF	ık caicu	udtion)	wiii be	recrod	eu and t	паскей а	nove as	FIOR	нах аер	un.		
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)					1		elevation for MY1 and the thalweg elevation for MY1 in the numerator with the difference between the MY1 bankfull elevation and the MY1 thalweg elevation in the denominator. This same pro carried out in each successive year. 2 - LTOB Area and Max depth - These are based on the LTOB elevation for each years survey (The same elevation used for the LTOB in the BHR calculation). Area below the LTOB elevation will be tracked for each year as above. The difference between the LTOB elevation and the thalweg elevation (same as in the BHR calculation) will be recroded and tracked above as LTOB max depth.																												

Note: The smaller the channel the closer the survey measurements are to their limit of reliable detection, therefore inter-annual variation in morphological measurement (as a percentage) is by default magnified as channel size decereases. Some of the variability above is the result of this factor and some is due to the large amount of depositional sediments observed.

	Table 10B. Monitoring Data - Cross Section Morphology Monitoring Summary (Phantom Mill / DMS:95017) UT 2, 3, and 4																																		
		UT 2	- Cross	Section	n 15 (Pc	ol)			UT 2	- Cross	Sectio	n 16 (R	iffle)		T	U	3 - Cro	ss Secti	on 9 (Pc	ool)		UT 3 - Cross Section 10 (Riffle) UT 3 - Cross Section 11 (R					11 (Ri	ffle)							
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY	MY+	MYC) MY	MY2	МҮЗ	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	606.13							607.38							594.1	14						594.24							601.65						
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfulf Area	1.00							1.00							1.00)						1.00							1.00						
Thalweg Elevation	604.963							606.63							593.2	22						593.81							601.03						
LTOB ² Elevation	606.13							607.38							594.1	14						594.24							601.65						
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	1.17							0.75							0.92	2						0.43							0.62						
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	5.1							4.5							3.4							1.5							1.3						
	UT 3 - Cross Section 12 (Pool)			UT 3 - Cross Section 13 (Pool)				UT 3 - Cross Section 14 (Riffle)			UT 4 - Cross Section 1 (Pool)			UT 4 - Cross Section 2 (Riffle)																					
	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY	MY+	MYC	MY	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+	MY0	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY5	MY7	MY+
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area	602.61							614.14							614.3	34						589.15							589.39						
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfull Area	1.00							1.00							1.00)						1.00							1.00						
Thalweg Elevation	601.15							612.96							613.7	78						587.79							588.93						
LTOB ² Elevation	602.61							614.14							614.3	34						589.15							589.39						
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)	1.46							1.18							0.57	7						1.36							0.46						
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)	4.7							3.2							1.3							6.2							1.5						
							The above morphology parameters reflect the 2018 guidance that arose from the mitigation technical workgroup consisting of DMS, the IRT and industry mitigation providers/practitioners. The outcome resulted in the focus on three primary morphological parameters of interest for the purposes of tracking channel change moving forward. They are the bank height ratio using a constant As-built bankfull area and the cross sectional area and max depth based on each years low top of bank. These are calculated as follows:																												
Bankfull Elevation (ft) - Based on AB-Bankfull Area		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>																	ears bank													
Bank Height Ratio_Based on AB Bankfulf Area		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>																	ft2. The B MY1 bank													ıen
Thalweg Elevation		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			carried																			6						. ,		
LTOB ² Elevation	-	├	-	├	 	1			2 - LTOB Area and Max depth - These are based on the LTOB elevation for each years survey (The same elevation used for the LTOB in the BHR calculation). Area below the LTOB elevation will be used and tracked for each year as above. The difference between the LTOB elevation and the thalweg elevation (same as in the BHR calculation) will be recroded and tracked above as LTOB max depth.																										
LTOB ² Max Depth (ft)			-		₩			tracked	tor eac	h year	as abo	ve. Th	e differ	ence be	tween t	ne LTOB	elevatio	n and t	he thal	veg ele	vation (same as ir	the Bh	R calcu	ilation) i	will be	recrode	d and t	racked a	bove as	LIOB	nax dep	th.		
LTOB ² Cross Sectional Area (ft ²)																																			

Note: The smaller the channel the closer the survey measurements are to their limit of reliable detection, therefore inter-annual variation in morphological measurement (as a percentage) is by default magnified as channel size decereases. Some of the variability above is the result of this factor and some is due to the large amount of depositional sediments observed.

Appendix D: Hydrologic Data
Groundwater Gauge Soil Profiles

AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill	Notes: Wetland Restoration
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina	
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-01 (35.89823, -79.47427)	
Investigator:	DL/PP	

	Matrix		Mottling	g	
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-8	10yr 5/2	70	10yr 5/6	30	SiCL
8-14	2.5y 5/1	80	10yr 5/6	20	SiCL
14-25	10yr 5/2	85	10yr 5/6	15	SiCL
25+	10yr 5/2	90	10yr 5/6	20	CL

North	Carolina	Licensed	Soil	Scientist

Number:	1233	
Signature:	W Grant Leub	
Name/Print:	W. Grant Lewis	

AXIOM ENVIRONMENTAL, INC

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



Restoration

SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill	Notes: Wetland
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina	
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-2 (35.89313, -79.474466)	
Investigator:	DL/PP	

	Matrix		Mottlin		
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-8	10yr 5/2	75	10yr 5/6	25	CL
8-12	10yr 6/2	85	10yr 5/6	15	CL
12-25	10yr 6/2	70	10yr 5/6	20	-
-	-	-	3-5 BG	10	CL
25-33+	2.5y 6-2	90	10yr 5/6	10	SiCL

North Carolina Licensed Soil Scientist

Name/Print:

Number:	1233
Signature:	W Grant Leub

W. Grant Lewis

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-3 (35.893083, -79.476039)
Investigator:	DL/PP

Notes: Wetland Restoration Water table @6" some surface water in vicinity.

	Matrix		Mottling	g	
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-3	10yr 5/3	100	-	-	SiCL
5-8	10yr 5/2	95	10yr 4/6	5	SiCL
8-20+	10yr 5/2	60	10yr 4/6	10	CL

North Carolina Licensed Soil Scientist

Number:	1233
Signature:	W Grant Leub
Name/Print:	W. Grant Lewis

W. Grant Lewis

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill	Note site o
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina	profi
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-4 (35.892481, -79.475608	
Investigator:	PP/DL	

Notes: some disturbance from
site construction to upper soil
profile

	Matrix		Mottling	g	
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-30	10yr 5/3	85	10yr4/6	15	SiCL

North Carolina L	Licensed Soil Scientist	
Number:	1233	
Signature:	W Grant Leub	

W. Grant Lewis

Name/Print:

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-5 (35.892412, -79.477453)
Investigator:	PP/DL

Notes: wetland restoration, surface water, water table at 5"

	Matrix		Mottling	g	
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-3	10yr 5/3	100	-	-	SiCL
3-10	10yr 5/3	95	10yr 5/6	5	SiC
10-24	10yr 5/2	90	10yr 5/6	10	SiC
24+	10yr 6/2	85	10yr 5/6	15	SiC

North	Carolina	Licensed	Soil	Scientist

Number:	1233
Signature:	W Grant Leub
Name/Print:	W. Grant Lewis

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill	Notes:
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina	
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-6 (35.891909, -79.477453)	
Investigator:	PP/DL	

	Matrix		Mottling	g	
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-24	10yr 5/2	90	10yr 5/1	10	SiC
24+	10yr 5/2	50	10yr 5/6	40	SiC
-	-	-	10yr 6/1	10	

North Carolina Licensed Soil Scientist

Number:	1233
Signature:	W Grant Leub
Name/Print:	W. Grant Lewis

218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, North Carolina 27603 919-215-1693



SOIL BORING LOG

Project/Site:	Phantom Mill	Notes: Wetland restoration water table 6"
County, State:	Alamance, North Carolina	
Sampling Point/ Coordinates:	GW-7 (35.892106, -79.478171)	
Investigator:	DL/PP	

	Matrix		Mottling		
Depth (inches)	Color	%	Color	%	Texture
0-8	10yr 5/4	85	10yr 5/1	15	SiC
8-20	10yr 5/2	90	10yr 4/6	10	SiC
20-30+	10yr 4/2	90	10yr 4/6	10	SiC

North	Carolina	Licensed	Soil	Scientist

Number:	1233
Signature:	W Grant Leub
Name/Print:	W. Grant Lewis

Appendix E: Project Timeline and Contact Info

Table 11. Project Timeline Table 12. Project Contacts

Table 11. Project Timeline

	Data Collection	Task Completion or
Activity or Deliverable	Complete	Deliverable Submission
Project Instituted		19-Apr-18
Mitigation Plan Approved	7-Aug-19	Jan-20
Construction (Grading) Completed	NA	2-Jun-21
Planting Completed	NA	22-Dec-21
As-built Survey Completed	9-Dec-21	May-22
MY-0 Baseline Report	Dec-21	May-22
MY1+ Monitoring Reports		
Remediation Items (e.g. beaver removal, supplements, repairs etc.)		
Encroachment		

Table 12. Project Contacts

Phantom Mill Site/95017			
Provider	Restoration Systems, LLC		
	1101 Haynes Street, Suite 211		
	Raleigh, NC 27604		
Mitigation Provider POC	Worth Creech		
	919-755-9490		
Designer	Axiom Environmental, Inc.		
	218 Snow Ave		
	Raleigh, NC 27603		
Primary project design POC	Grant Lewis		
	919-215-1693		
Construction Contractor	Land Mechanics Designs, Inc.		
	126 Circle G Lane		
	Willow Spring, NC 27592		
	Charles Hill		
	919-639-6132		

Appendix F: Other Data

Preconstruction Benthic Results
Preconstruction Benthic Habitat Assessment Data Forms

PAI ID NO			52706	52707
STATION			Phantom	Phantom
			US	DS
DATE			7/1/2019	7/1/2019
SPECIES	T.V.	F.F.G.		
MOLLUSCA				
Bivalvia				
Veneroida				
Sphaeriidae		FC		
Sphaerium simile	7.2	FC		8
ARTHROPODA				
Arachnoidea				
Acariformes				
Hygrobatidae				
Atractides sp.			2	
Insecta				
Ephemeroptera				
Caenidae		CG		
Caenis latipennie	6.8	CG	14	
Heptageniidae		SC		
Maccaffertium sp.		SC		1
Odonata				
Coenagrionidae		Р		
Enallagma sp.	8.5	Р	1	
Gomphidae		Р		1
Agrigomphus sp.	5,9	Р	3	1
Hemiptera				
Corixidae		PI	2	
Megaloptera				
Corydalidae		Р		
Corydalus cornutus	5.2	Р		1
Sialidae		Р		
Sialis sp.	7	Р		1
Trichoptera				
Hydropsychidae		FC		
Cheumatopsyche sp.	6.6	FC		3
Hydropsyche sp.		FC		3
Coleoptera				
Gyrinidae		P		
Dineutus sp.	5	P	1	
Gyrinus sp.	5.8	P	1	
Hydrophilidae		P		
Tropisternus sp.	9.3	Р	1	
Diptera		_		
Ceratopogonidae		Р		1

PAI ID NO			52706	52707
STATION			Phantom	Phantom
			US	DS
DATE			7/1/2019	7/1/2019
SPECIES	T.V.	F.F.G.		
Chironomidae				
Cryptochironomus sp.	6.4	Р		6
Glyptotendipes sp.	8.6	FC	1	
Paracladopelma undine	4.5		1	1
Tanytarsus sp.	6.6	FC	2	
Tribelos jucundum	5.7	CG	6	4
Tvetenia sp.		CG		1
TOTAL NO. OF ORGANISMS			35	32
TOTAL NO. OF TAXA			12	13
EPT TAXA			1	3
NC BIOTIC INDEX Assigned Values			6.57	6.27

Biological Assessment Unit, DWQ

Phanton_US

Habitat Assessment Field Data Sheet Mountain/ Piedmont Streams

Directions for use: The observer is to survey a minimum of 100 meters with 200 meters preferred of stream, preferably in an

TOTAL SCORE 5

upstream direction starting above the bridge pool and the road right-of-way. The segment which is assessed should represent average stream conditions. To perform a proper habitat evaluation the observer needs to get into the stream. To complete the form, select the description which best fits the observed habitats and then circle the score. If the observed habitat falls in between two descriptions, select an intermediate score. A final habitat score is determined by adding the results from the different metrics.
Stream Give Creek - DS Location/road: (Marke Exhiss (Road Name) County Alamawie
Date 19070 CC#03030002 Basin Cane Fear Subbasin 03-06-04
Observer(s) 1.5 P.P. Type of Study: Fish Benthos Basinwide Special Study (Describe)
Latitude 35, 891922 Longitude 19.478 23 Ecoregion: MT P Slate Belt Triassic Basin
Water Quality: Temperature 0C DO mg/l Conductivity (corr.) µS/cm pH
Physical Characterization: Visible land use refers to immediate area that you can see from sampling location - include what you estimate driving thru the watershed in watershed land use.
Visible Land Use: %Forest %Residential 00 %Active Pasture % Active Crops %Fallow Fields %Commercial %Industrial %Other - Describe:
Watershed land use: Agriculture Urban Animal operations upstream
Width: (meters) Stream Channel (at top of bank) Stream Depth: (m) Avg , Max Large river >25m wide
Bank Height (from deepest part of riffle to top of bank-first flat surface you stand on): (m)
Bank Angle: 90° or 1 NA (Vertical is 90°, horizontal is 0°. Angles > 90° indicate slope is towards mid-channel. < 90°
indicate slope is away from channel. NA if bank is too low for bank angle to matter.) Channelized Ditch
Deeply incised-steep, straight banks DBoth banks undercut at bend Channel filled in with sediment
Recent overbank deposits Dar development Daried structures DExposed bedrock
□ Recent overbank deposits □ Excessive periphyton growth □ Heavy filamentous algae growth □ Green tinge □ Sewage smell
Manmade Stabilization: All Y: Likip-rap, cement, gabions Likip Sediment/grade-control structure Likip-rap levee
Flow conditions: Liftigh (Anormal Clow
Turbidity: Clear Slightly Turbid Turbid Tannic Milky Colored (from dyes) Good potential for Wetlands Restoration Project?? YES ONO Details 4 / 24 / 24 / 24 / 24 / 24 / 24 / 24 /
Channel Flow Status
Useful especially under abnormal or low flow conditions.
A. Water reaches base of both lower banks, minimal channel substrate exposed
B. Water fills >75% of available channel, or <25% of channel substrate is exposed
C. Water fills 25-75% of available channel, many logs/snags exposed
D. Root mats out of water E. Very little water in channel, mostly present as standing pools
Weather Conditions: (10 4) 1 (10) Photos: DN TY Digital D35mm
Remarks: 1890 ct & gream

I. Channel Modification				Score
A: channel natural, frequent bends				5
B. channel natural, infrequent bends (channeli	4			
C. some channelization present	3			
D. more extensive channelization, >40% of st				
E. no bends, completely channelized or rip rap	oped or gable	oned, etc	MD1	
□ Evidence of dredging □ Evidence of desnagging=no large	ge woody de	oris in stream	ABanks of unitor	
Remarks Gream has new chamelies	/			Subtotal_O
II. Instream Habitat: Consider the percentage of the reach reach is rocks, 1 type is present, circle the score of 17. Defin begun to decay (not piles of leaves in pool areas). Mark as	nition: leafr Rare, Comm	packs consist of non, or Abundar	older leaves that a nt.	are packed together and have
Rocks Macrophytes Sticks and leafpack	sSnag	gs and logs	_Undercut bank	s or root mats
AMOUNT OF REACH FAVOI	RABLE FO	R COLONIZA	TION OR COV	ER
	>70%	40-70%	20-40%	<20%
	Score	Score	Score	Score
4 or 5 types present	20	16	12	8
3 types present	19	15	11	7
2 types present	18	(14) 13	10	6
1 type present	17	13	9	5
No types present	0			14
☐ No woody vegetation in riparian zone Remarks_				Subtotal
III. Bottom Substrate (silt, sand, detritus, gravel, cobble for embeddedness, and use rocks from all parts of riffle-loo A. substrate with good mix of gravel, cobble and 1. embeddedness <20% (very little sand, 2. embeddedness 20-40%	k for "mud l ad boulders usually only	behind large bo	y extracting rocks	Score 15
D. substrate homogeneous				_
1. substrate nearly all bedrock		***************************************		
2. substrate nearly all sand	**************	****************		
 substrate nearly all detritus substrate nearly all silt/ clay 			*******************	1 7
Remarks	***************	******************	*********************	
IV. Pool Variety Pools are areas of deeper than average associated with pools are always slow. Pools may take the large high gradient streams, or side eddies. A. Pools present				
1. Pools Frequent (>30% of 200m area surveyed)				5000
a. variety of pool sizes			***************************************	10
b. pools about the same size (indicates po				
2. Pools Infrequent (<30% of the 200m area surve		_		
a. variety of pool sizes				
b. pools about the same size	**************	***************************************		4
B. Pools absent		•••••	••••••••	0 🛠
				Subtotal U
☐ Pool bottom boulder-cobble=hard ☐ Bottom sandy-sink				over wader depth
Remarks MIWING CAUSE				76
0 (0)				Page Total 25

V. RITTLE HADITATS Definition: Riffle is area of reaeration-can be debris dam, or narrow channel area. Riffles Frequer		Infrequent
Scor		
A. well defined riffle and run, riffle as wide as stream and extends 2X width of stream 16 B. riffle as wide as stream but riffle length is not 2X stream width	12	
	7	
C. riffle not as wide as stream and riffle length is not 2X stream width	3	. 1
D. riffles absent	C1	ototal 14
Chainlet Stope. del ypical for alea. El Steep-last flow. El Low-like a coastal stream	Sul	notai
VI. Bank Stability and Vegetation FACE UPSTREAM	Left Bank	Rt. Bank
FACE OF STREAM	Score	Score
A. Banks stable	Beore	DOOLE
1. little evidence of erosion or bank failure(except outside of bends), little potential for erosion	on 7	7
B. Erosion areas present		•
1. diverse trees, shrubs, grass; plants healthy with good root systems	. 6	6
2. few trees or small trees and shrubs; vegetation appears generally healthy		
3. sparse mixed vegetation; plant types and conditions suggest poorer soil binding		5 3
4. mostly grasses, few if any trees and shrubs, high erosion and failure potential at high flow		O
5. little or no bank vegetation, mass erosion and bank failure evident		0 (/
,		Cotal /
Remarks		
VII. Light Penetration Canopy is defined as tree or vegetative cover directly above the stream's sursunlight when the sun is directly overhead. Note shading from mountains, but not use to score the		
		Score 100
A. Stream with good canopy with some breaks for light penetration		10
B. Stream with full canopy - breaks for light penetration absent		8
C. Stream with partial canopy - sunlight and shading are essentially equal		7
D. Stream with minimal canopy - full sun in all but a few areas		(G)
E. No canopy and no shading	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	(^U)
Remarks		Subtotal O
		-
VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width		D C 11 A 1 1
Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond		
in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly e	nter the strea	im, such as paths
down to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc.	r o. n1.	D4 D1-
FACE UPSTREAM	Lft. Bank	
Dominant vegetation: ☐ Trees ☐ Shrubs ☐ Grasses ☐ Weeds/old field ☐ Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks)	Score	Score
1. width > 18 meters	(3)	67
2. width 12-18 meters		(5)
3. width 6-12 meters	2	2
4. width < 6 meters.	2	2
B. Riparian zone not intact (breaks)	Z	2
1. breaks rare		
a. width > 18 meters	4	Λ
b. width 12-18 meters.	2	3
		-
	3	7
c. width 6-12 meters	2	2
c. width 6-12 metersd. width < 6 meters		1
c. width 6-12 metersd. width < 6 meters	2	1 3
c. width 6-12 meters	2 1 3	2 1 3 2
c. width 6-12 meters	2	2 1 3 2
c. width 6-12 meters	2 1 3 2	2 1 3 2 1
c. width 6-12 meters	2 1 3 2 1 0	2 1 3 2 1 0 1 0/O
c. width 6-12 meters	2 1 3 2 1 0	1 3 2 1 0 1 Total 10
c. width 6-12 meters	2 1 3 2 1 0	1 3 2 1 0 1 0 1 0 tal 2 6

3/06 Revision 6

Habitat Assessment Field Data Sheet Mountain/Piedmont Streams

Phumon-109

Biological Assessment Unit, DWQ

TOTAL SCORE 5 Directions for use: The observer is to survey a minimum of 100 meters with 200 meters preferred of stream, preferably in an upstream direction starting above the bridge pool and the road right-of-way. The segment which is assessed should represent average stream conditions. To perform a proper habitat evaluation the observer needs to get into the stream. To complete the form, select the description which best fits the observed habitats and then circle the score. If the observed habitat falls in between two descriptions, select an intermediate score. A final habitat score is determined by adding the results from the different metrics.

Stream Care Creek Location/road: Charle En Fi(Road Name ("County Alamque e
Date CC#0303000 \(\rightarrow \text{Basin Cyne Fear Subbasin 03-06-04} \)
Observer(s) Type of Study: Fish Benthos Basinwide Special Study (Describe)
Latitude 35-893186 Longitude 19,473736 Ecoregion: DMT DP Slate Belt Triassic Basin
Water Quality: Temperature0C DOmg/l Conductivity (corr.)µS/cm pH
Physical Characterization: Visible land use refers to immediate area that you can see from sampling location - include what you estimate driving thru the watershed in watershed land use.
Visible Land Use: 100 %Forest %Residential %Active Pasture % Active Crops %Fallow Fields %Commercial %Industrial %Other - Describe:
Watershed land use: DForest DAgriculture DUrban DAnimal operations upstream
Width: (meters) Stream S Channel (at top of bank) 7 Stream Depth: (m) Avg , 5 Max 1, 5 Width variable
Bank Angle:° or □ NA (Vertical is 90°, horizontal is 0°. Angles > 90° indicate slope is towards mid-channel, < 90° indicate slope is away from channel. NA if bank is too low for bank angle to matter.) □ Channelized Ditch
□ Deeply incised-steep, straight banks □ Both banks undercut at bend □ Channel filled in with sediment □ Recent overbank deposits □ Bar development □ Buried structures □ Exposed bedrock □ Excessive periphyton growth □ Heavy filamentous algae growth □ Green tinge □ Sewage smell Manmade Stabilization: □ Y: □ Rip-rap, cement, gabions □ Sediment/grade-control structure □ Berm/levee
Flow conditions:
Turbidity: □Clear □ Slightly Turbid □Tannic □Milky □Colored (from dyes) Good potential for Wetlands Restoration Project?? □ YES □NO Details
Channel Flow Status
Useful especially under abnormal or low flow conditions. A. Water reaches base of both lower banks, minimal channel substrate exposed
C. Water fills 25-75% of available channel, many logs/snags exposed
D. Root mats out of water
E. Very little water in channel, mostly present as standing pools
Weather Conditions: Clark Col Photos: ON OY Digital 35mm Remarks: 344 Jawn Stream 31 pas face
Remarks: Just Jour Stream It pasture

I. Channel Modification				Score
A: channel natural, frequent bends				
B. channel natural, infrequent bends (channel				
C. some channelization present				
D. more extensive channelization, >40% of st				
E. no bends, completely channelized or rip ra				
☐ Evidence of dredging ☐ Evidence of desnagging=no lar	ge woo	dy debris in stream	☐Banks of uni	
Remarks				Subtotal
W. Landau and W. Littaria. Commission of the com	.1. 41 4 !	e Community Comband	h	5-1 IS-700/ -5-1h
II. Instream Habitat: Consider the percentage of the reac reach is rocks, 1 type is present, circle the score of 17. Def				
begun to decay (not piles of leaves in pool areas). Mark as	Dara	Common on Abund	ant	at are packed together and have
Rocks Macrophytes Sticks and leafpace	ks	_Snags and logs	Undercut ba	nks or root mats
AMOUNT OF REACH FAVO	RABL	E FOR COLONIZ	ATION OR CO	OVER
	>70%		20-40%	<20%
	Score		Score	Score
4 or 5 types present	20	(16)	12	8
3 types present		15	11	7
2 types present		14	10	6
1 type present		13	9	5
No types present				1/
☐ No woody vegetation in riparian zone Remarks	_			Subtotal (6
III. Bottom Substrate (silt, sand, detritus, gravel, cobbl	e, boul	der) Look at entire	reach for substra	ate scoring, but only look at riffle
for embeddedness, and use rocks from all parts of riffle-loc			lty extracting roo	
A. substrate with good mix of gravel, cobble a				<u>Score</u>
1. embeddedness <20% (very little sand,				
2. embeddedness 20-40%				
3. embeddedness 40-80%				
4. embeddedness >80%			,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	3
B. substrate gravel and cobble				
1. embeddedness <20%				
2. embeddedness 20-40%				
3. embeddedness 40-80%				
4. embeddedness >80%		***************************************		2
C. substrate mostly gravel 1. embeddedness <50%				o.
2. embeddedness >50%	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	***************************************	*************************	4
D. substrate homogeneous				2
1. substrate nearly all bedrock				
2. substrate nearly all sand				
3. substrate nearly all detritus				
4. substrate nearly all silt/ clay	•••••			
Remarks				Subtotal / /
IV. Pool Variety Pools are areas of deeper than average				
associated with pools are always slow. Pools may take the	HOTHI O	or pocket water, sn	nam poors bemind	i bounders of obstructions, in
large high gradient streams, or side eddies.				Score
A. Pools present				Score
1. Pools Frequent (>30% of 200m area surveyed)				10
a. variety of pool sizes			***************************************	(8)
b. pools about the same size (indicates p 2. Pools Infrequent (<30% of the 200m area surve		rm8 m)		
				6
a. variety of pool sizesb. pools about the same size				
-				
B. Pools absent				Subtotal S
Pool bottom boulder-cobble=hard Bottom sandy-sin	k as vo	a walk Fl Silthotto	m [] Some non	
Remarks POD 5 9-P Gedingen / G. 1+ 4	Las yu	Walk in Sill bollo	ur 🗖 eome hoo	11 >
TOTAL MENTINE TITLE		7700	1	Page Total 4
				r #Po 10mi_f_

Definition: Riffle is area of reaeration-can be debris dam, or narrow channel area. Riffles Frequen Score		Infrequent
A. well defined riffle and run, riffle as wide as stream and extends 2X width of stream 16 B. riffle as wide as stream but riffle length is not 2X stream width	7	
D. riffles absent	Sul	ototal 7
VI. Bank Stability and Vegetation FACE UPSTREAM	eft Bank	Rt. Bank
	<u>Score</u>	Score
A. Banks stable 1. little evidence of erosion or bank failure(except outside of bends), little potential for erosio	n. 🕖	1
B. Erosion areas present 1. diverse trees, shrubs, grass; plants healthy with good root systems	6	6
2. few trees or small trees and shrubs; vegetation appears generally healthy		5
3. sparse mixed vegetation; plant types and conditions suggest poorer soil binding	. 3	3
4. mostly grasses, few if any trees and shrubs, high erosion and failure potential at high flow		2
5. little or no bank vegetation, mass erosion and bank failure evident		Total 4
Remarks		. [
VII. Light Penetration Canopy is defined as tree or vegetative cover directly above the stream's surfishing sunlight when the sun is directly overhead. Note shading from mountains, but not use to score this		y would block out
		Score
A. Stream with good canopy with some breaks for light penetration		8
B. Stream with full canopy - breaks for light penetration absent		7
		,
D Stream with minimal canopy - full sun in all but a few areas		2
D. Stream with minimal canopy - full sun in all but a few areas E. No canopy and no shading		2 0
	••••••	
E. No canopy and no shading Remarks		0 Subtotal <u>E</u>
E. No canopy and no shading Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond	floodplain	0 Subtotal <u>E</u> . Definition: A break
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc.	floodplain)	0 Subtotal <u>F</u> Definition: A break am, such as paths
E. No canopy and no shading	floodplain) ter the stre	0 Subtotal Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank
Remarks	floodplain)	0 Subtotal <u>F</u> Definition: A break am, such as paths
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks)	floodplain) ter the stre	0 Subtotal Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank
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Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks)	floodplain) ter the stre	Subtotal <u>E</u> Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters	floodplain) ter the stre	Subtotal <u>E</u> Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters	floodplain) ter the stre	Subtotal <u>E</u> Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score
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E. No canopy and no shading Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Gweeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters 2. width 12-18 meters 3. width 6-12 meters 4. width < 6 meters B. Riparian zone not intact (breaks) 1. breaks rare a. width > 18 meters	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 4 3 2
E. No canopy and no shading	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 3 2
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 4 3 2
E. No canopy and no shading	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 3 2
E. No canopy and no shading	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 3 2
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Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters. 2. width 12-18 meters. 3. width 6-12 meters. 4. width < 6 meters. B. Riparian zone not intact (breaks) 1. breaks rare a. width > 18 meters. b. width 12-18 meters. c. width 6-12 meters. d. width < 6 meters. 2. breaks common a. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. d. width < 6 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. d. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. b. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters. c. width > 18 meters.	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 3 2
Remarks VIII. Riparian Vegetative Zone Width Definition: Riparian zone for this form is area of natural vegetation adjacent to stream (can go beyond in the riparian zone is any place on the stream banks which allows sediment or pollutants to directly endown to stream, storm drains, uprooted trees, otter slides, etc. FACE UPSTREAM Dominant vegetation: A Trees Shrubs Grasses Weeds/old field Exotics (kudzu, etc) A. Riparian zone intact (no breaks) 1. width > 18 meters	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2 1 3 2	Subtotal E Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 57 3 2
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E. No canopy and no shading	floodplain) ter the stree Lft. Bank Score 5 4 3 2 1 3 2 1 0	Subtotal S Definition: A break am, such as paths Rt. Bank Score 5 4 3 2 1 3 2 1 Total Total

Appendix G: Record Drawing Plan Sh	eets		

RECORD DRAWING

CONVENTIONAL PLAN SHEET SYMBOLS *S.U.E. = Subsurface Utility Engineering

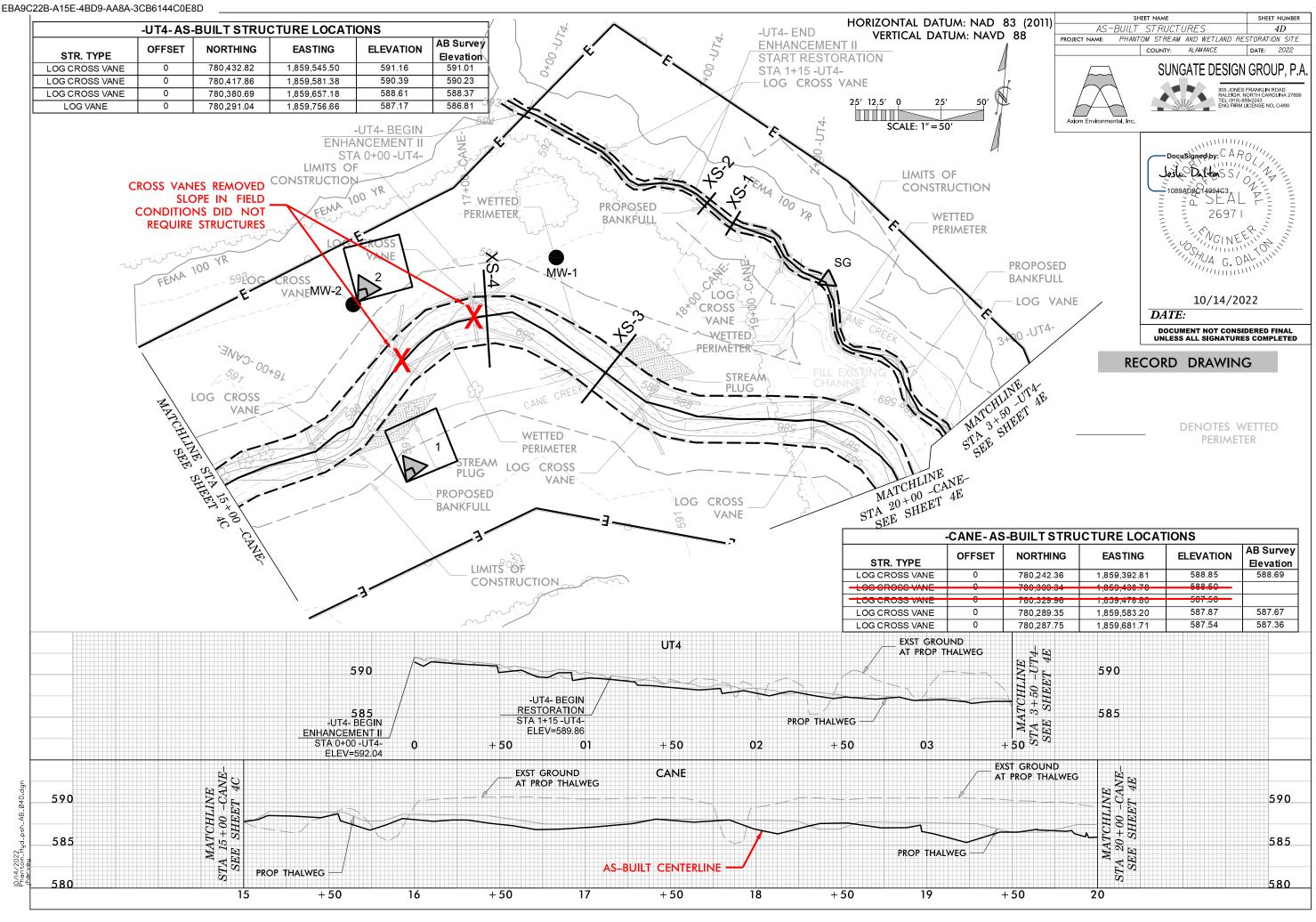
SHEET NAME

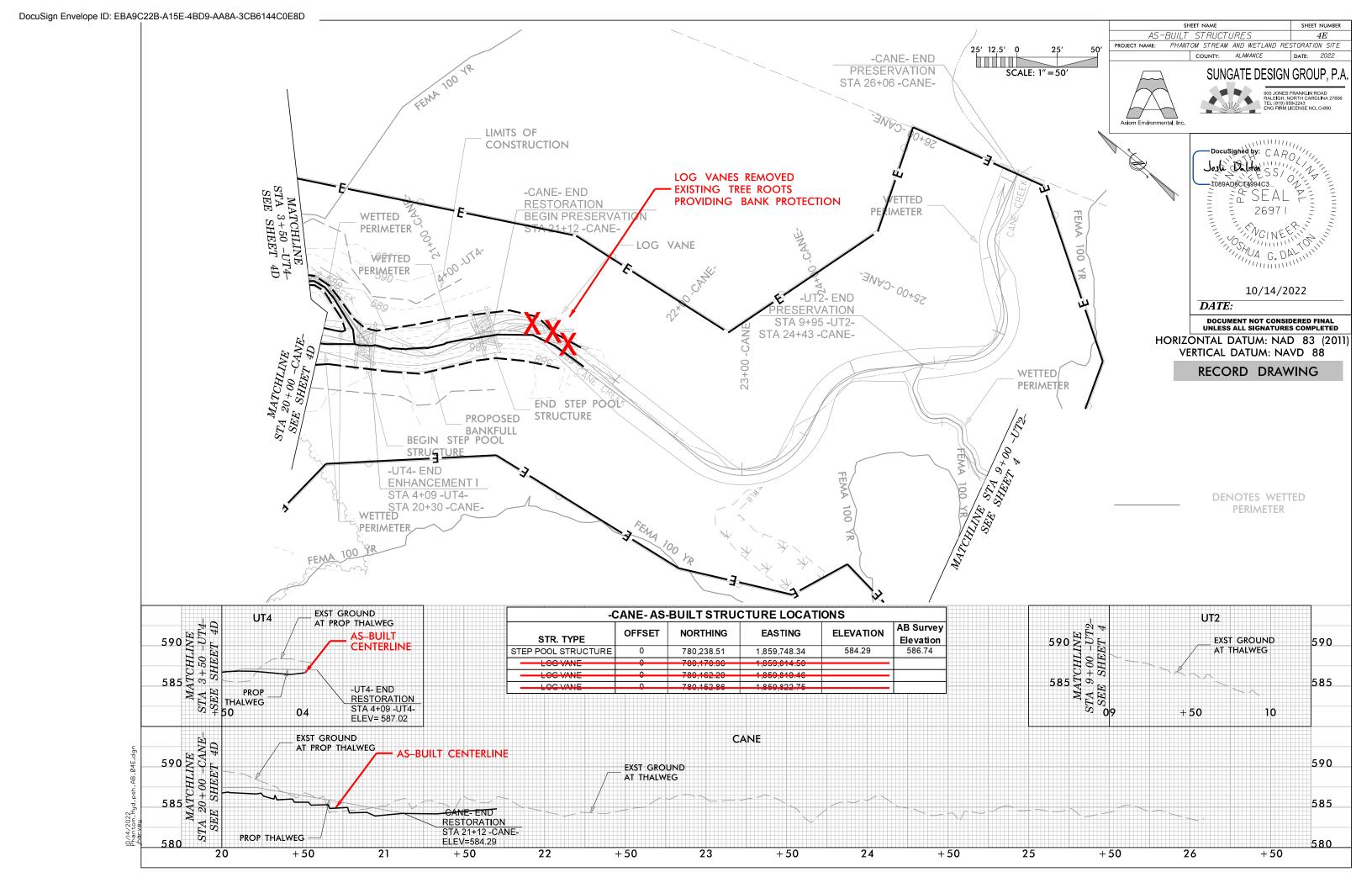
SYMBOLOGY

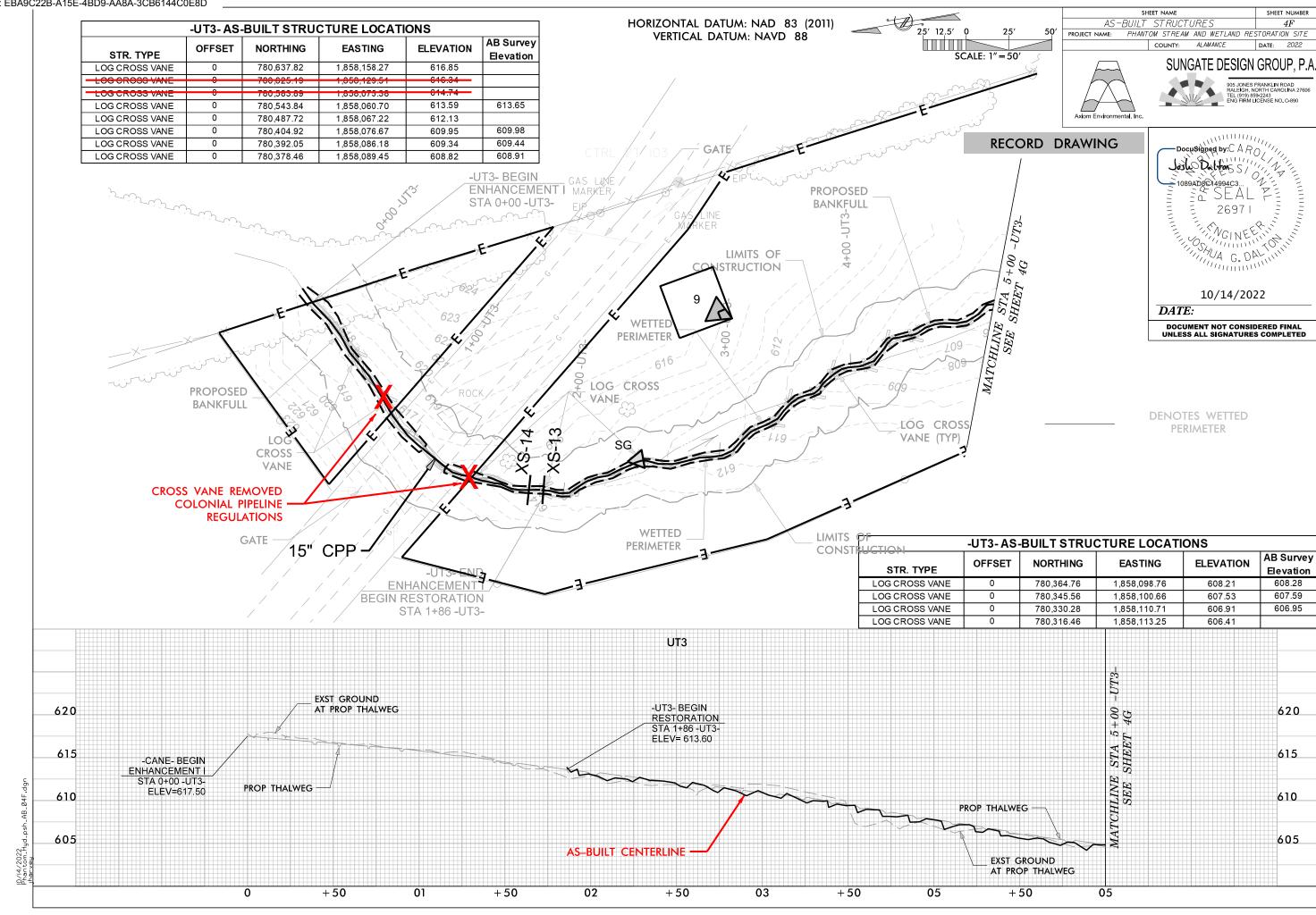
PROJECT NAME: PHANTOM STREAM AND WETLAND RESTORATION SITE COUNTY: ALAMANCE

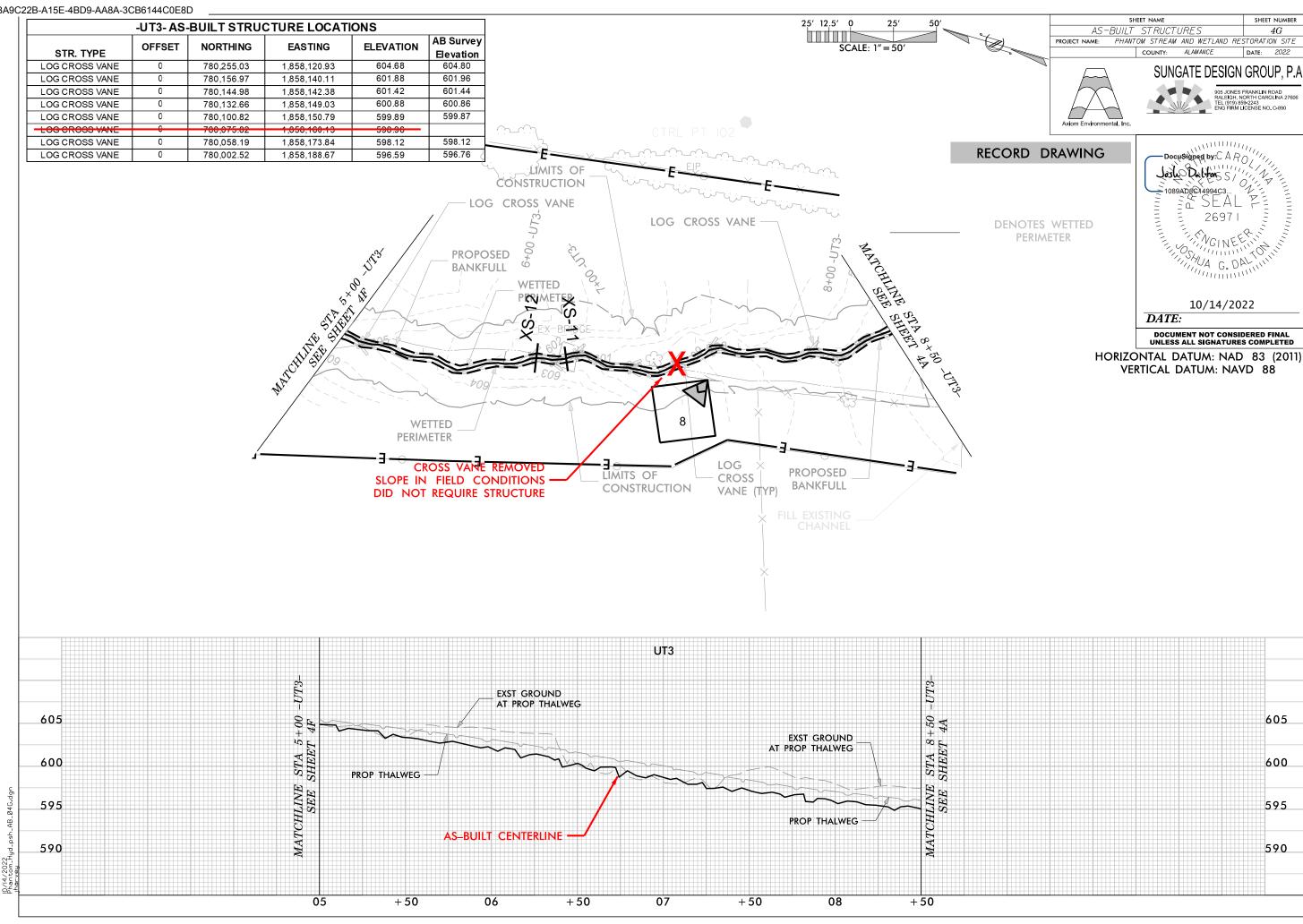
SHEET NUMBER

BOUNDARIES AND PROPERTY.	:	11010. 1101 10 3	cuit S.	io.L. = Subsurface Charles Engineering	* 6	SUNGAT	E DESIGN GROUP, P.A.
State Line		Exist Permanent Easment Pin and Cap	\Diamond	Pipe Culvert ——————	-====	CONON	DEGIGING FRANKLIN BOAR
County Line		New Permanent Easement Pin and Cap —	&	Footbridge ————————————————————————————————————	— >		POS JONES FRANKLIN ROAD RALEIGH, NORTH CAROLINA 27606 TEL (919) 859-2243 ENG FIRM LICENSE NO. C-890
Township Line		Vertical Benchmark	×	Drainage Box: Catch Basin, DI or JB	СВ	Axiom Environmental, Inc.	ENG FINW LICENSE NO. C-050
City Line		Existing Right of Way Marker	$\overline{\wedge}$	•		SS Forced Main Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	F55
Reservation Line		Existing Right of Way Line		Storm Sewer Manhole	—	to release main allo 200 2 (elela:)	
Property Line —		New Right of Way Line	$\frac{R}{W}$	Storm Sewer	s	MISCELLANEOUS:	
Existing Iron Pin	<u></u>	New Right of Way Line with Pin and Cap—				Utility Pole ————————————————————————————————————	
Computed Property Corner		,	W A	UTILITIES:		Utility Pole with Base ——————	<u> </u>
Property Monument	 ECM	New Right of Way Line with Concrete or Granite RW Marker	$ \stackrel{\bigcirc}{\bigcirc}$ $\stackrel{\bigcirc}{\bigcirc}$ $\stackrel{\bigcirc}{\bigcirc}$ $\stackrel{\bigcirc}{\bigcirc}$	POWER:	1	Utility Located Object ——————	· · · · · · ·
Parcel/Sequence Number ————————————————————————————————————		New Control of Access Line with		Existing Power Pole	— •	Utility Traffic Signal Box ——————	<u> </u>
Existing Fence Line		Concrete C/A Marker	(A)	Proposed Power Pole	—	Utility Unknown U/G Line LOS B (S.U.E.	*)
Proposed Fence Gate		Existing Control of Access	——— (<u>C</u>) ——	Existing Joint Use Pole	— →	U/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil —————	
Proposed Barbed Wire Fence		New Control of Access	<u> </u>	Proposed Joint Use Pole		Underground Storage Tank, Approx. Loc.	
Existing Wetland Boundary		Existing Easement Line	——Е——	Power Manhole —	— ®	A/G Tank; Water, Gas, Oil —————	
Proposed Wetland Boundary —		New Conservation Easement —————	——Е——	Power Line Tower	— ⊠	Geoenvironmental Boring ——————	— ❖
Existing Endangered Animal Boundary ——		New Temporary Drainage Easement ——	TDE	Power Transformer —	<u> </u>	U/G Test Hole LOS A (S.U.E.*)	•
Existing Endangered Plant Boundary		New Permanent Drainage Easement ——	PDE	U/G Power Cable Hand Hole	_	Abandoned According to Utility Records	AATUR
Existing Historic Property Boundary		New Permanent Drainage / Utility Easement	DUE	H-Frame Pole		End of Information ———————	E.O.I.
, , ,		New Permanent Utility Easement ————	PUE	U/G Power Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)			70000000000
BUILDINGS AND OTHER CUL	TURE:	New Temporary Utility Easement	TUE	U/G Power Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Riffle Rip Rap	£44,854,858,458,455 \$44,854,454,455,455
Gas Pump Vent or U/G Tank Cap ———	—	New Aerial Utility Easement	AUE	U/G Power Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	Р	Log Vane	
Sign —		,		TELEPHONE:		Log Cross Vane	
Well —		ROADS AND RELATED FEATUR	ES:	Fig. The Di	•	Log Cross vane	
Small Mine	— ×	Existing Edge of Pavement		Existing Telephone Pole —			
Foundation —		Existing Curb ————		WATER:		Step Pool Structure ————	
Area Outline		Proposed Slope Stakes Cut ————	<u>C</u>	Water Manhole	w		Begin End
Cemetery		Proposed Slope Stakes Fill —————		Water Meter		Stream Plug	
Building —		Proposed Curb Ramp	(CR)	Water Valve	_ &	Siledin Flog	
School —		Existing Metal Guardrail		Water Hydrant	ტ	Floodplain Interceptor —————	
Church		Proposed Guardrail ——————		U/G Water Line LOS B (S.U.E*)		Proposed Fence	
Dam —		Existing Cable Guiderail		U/G Water Line LOS C (S.U.E*)		·	
HYDROLOGY:		Proposed Cable Guiderail				Limits of Disturbance —	— LOD —
Stream or Body of Water —		Equality Symbol	\oplus	U/G Water Line LOS D (S.U.E*)		AS-BUILT:	
Hydro, Pool or Reservoir		Pavement Removal		Above Ground Water Line		Stream Centerline ————	
Jurisdictional Stream		VEGETATION:		GAS:		Stream Top of Bank —————	
Buffer Zone 1		Single Tree ————	↔	Gas Valve	—	Stream Gauge ————————————————————————————————————	
Buffer Zone 2		Single Shrub	ω A	Gas Meter —	—	Groundwater Gauge	# _
Flow Arrow		Hedge	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~	U/G Gas Line LOS B (S.U.E.*)		Groundwaler Gauge	— " —
Disappearing Stream —		Woods Line		U/G Gas Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Benthic & Water Quality Station ———	<u>_</u> 1
Spring —		Orchard		U/G Gas Line LOS D (S.U.E.*)	c	Origin Point on CVS Plots	
Wetland	=			Above Ground Gas Line		3	V
Proposed Lateral, Tail, Head Ditch ————	_ >>>>	Theyara	Vineyard	SANITARY SEWER:		CVS Plots	\\ \\ \
First Time of Figure 21.	← FLOW	EXISTING STRUCTURES:		Sanitary Sewer Manhole	— ⊕		#
RIGHT OF WAY & PROJECT O	CONTROL:	MAJOR:		Sanitary Sewer Cleanout —		Cross Section	XS-10R
Secondary Horiz and Vert Control Point	_	Bridge, Tunnel or Box Culvert ————	CONC	U/G Sanitary Sewer Line —	*		X3-1UK
Primary Horiz Control Point	Y .	Bridge Wing Wall, Head Wall and End Wall –) CONC WW (Above Ground Sanitary Sewer		Adjusted Stream Structure ————	_/ \
Primary Horiz and Vert Control Point	_ 📥	MINOR:		SS Forced Main Line LOS B (S.U.E.*) ——			_
Throng thong and ten control tolling	-	Head and End Wall	CONC HW	SS Forced Main Line LOS C (S.U.E.*)		Not Constructed ————	\times











RECORD DRAWING

DESIGN TABLE

Table 14. Planting Plan

Vegetation Association Area (acres)	Piedmont/Low Mountain Alluvial Forest*		Dry-Mesic Oak- Hickory Forest*		Marsh Treatment Wetland**		Stream-side Assemblage**		TOTAL 12.5
	#	% of	#	% of	#	% of	#	% of	
Species Tag alder (Alnus serrulata)	planted*	total 	planted*	total 	planted**	total 17	planted**	total 5	# planted 400
River birch (Betula nigra)	600	11					800	11	1400
Ironwood (Carpinus caroliniana)			300	21					300
Sugarberry (Celtis laevigata)	500	10					500	7	1000
Buttonbush (Cephalanthus occidentalis)					25	17			25
Red bud (Cercis canadensis)			100	7					100
Sweet pepperbush (Clethra alnifolia)					25	17			25
Silky dogwood (Cornus amomum)	500	10			25	17	1475	20	2000
Persimmon (Diospyros virginiana)			200	14					200
White ash (Fraxinus americana)			100	7					100
Green ash (Fraxinus pennsylvanica)	300	6					700	9	1000
Tulip poplar (<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>)	500	10	100	7					600
Sycamore (Platanus occidentalis)	1100	21					1500	20	2600
Black gum (Nyssa sylvatica)	100	2	200	14					300
White oak (Quercus alba)	250	5	250	17					500
Water oak (Quercus nigra)	700	13	100	7			700	9	1500
Red oak (Quercus rubra)			100	7					100
Willow oak (Quercus phellos)	700	13					700	9	1400
Black willow (Salix nigra)							750	10	750
Elderberry (Sambucus canadensis)					25	17			25
Possumhaw (Viburnum nudum)					25	17			25
TOTAL	5250	100	1450	100	150	100	7500	100	14,350

AS-BUILT TABLE

Table 6A. Planted Bare Root Woody Vegetation **Phantom Mill Site**

Species	Total
Acres	12.5
Betula nigra	1,000
Celtis occidentalis	500
Cephalanthus occidentalis	300
Cercis canadensis	750
Cornus ammomum	2,000
Diospyros virginiana	500
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	700
Liriodendron tulipifera	1,000
Morus rubra	350
Nyssa sylvatica	500
Platanus occidentalis	1,500
Quercus alba	650
Quercus lyrata	600
Quercus nigra	1,250
Quercus phellos	1,250
Quercus rubra	600
Quercus shumardii	750
Viburnum dentatum	100
TOTALS	14,300
Average Stems/Acre	1,144

^{*} Planted at a density of 680 stems/acre.

** Planted at a density of 2720 stems/acre.