

# Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project

## Year 4 Monitoring Report

### Mitchell County, North Carolina

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Prepared for: North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP)



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Contract Number: D06125-C, EEP Project Number: 92663

Project Construction: 2010

Data Collection Period: Fall 2014

Date Submitted: December, 2014

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## EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The Sink Hole Creek site was restored through a full delivery contract with the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP). This report presents Year 4 monitoring data, part of the five-year monitoring period. The goals for the restoration project were as follows:

- To create geomorphically stable conditions on the Sink Hole Creek project site;
- The reduction of sediment and nutrient loading through restoration of riparian areas and stream banks and the exclusion of livestock from the streams corridors;
- To improve and restore hydrologic connections between the creek and floodplain;
- The restoration and preservation of headwater tributaries to the North Toe River, French Broad River Basin; and
- To improve aquatic and terrestrial habitat along the project corridor.

To accomplish these goals, the following objectives were implemented:

- Restoration of incised, eroding, and channelized streams by creating stable channels that have access to its floodplain;
- Improvement of water quality by establishing buffers for nutrient removal from runoff and by stabilizing streambanks to reduce bank erosion;
- Improvement of in-stream habitat by providing a more diverse bedform with riffles and pools, creating deeper pools, developing areas that increase oxygenation, providing woody debris for habitat, and reducing bank erosion;
- Improvement of terrestrial habitat by planting riparian areas with native vegetation and protection of these areas with a permanent conservation easement and fencing, so that the riparian area will increase storm water runoff filtering capacity, improve bank stability, provide shading to decrease water temperature and improve wildlife habitat.

A total of eight vegetation monitoring plots, 100 square meters (m<sup>2</sup>) in size, were surveyed to estimate the survival of woody vegetation planted on-site. Year 4 monitoring of vegetation plots indicates a range of 243 to 607 stems per acre survives, with an average survival rate of 465 stems per acre. The data shows that most plots (75%) meet the interim stem survival criteria for Year 3 (320 stems per acre) and that the majority of plots (87.5%) are on track to meet the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5.

The design implemented at the Sink Hole Creek mitigation project site involved both Priority Level I and II approaches. The resulting design should ultimately yield primarily a B-type channel for Sink Hole Creek and Reach 2 of UT1. Unnamed tributaries 2 and 3 should become stable A and B-type channels. Restoration work was completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Sink Hole Creek. Longitudinal profile and cross-section data indicate that the project streams have remained stable since baseline monitoring data were collected in the fall of 2010. Although stable, there are sections of UT2-Reach 1 and UT3 where the stream goes subsurface. Stream flow was found to go subsurface for 216 linear feet (LF) at three locations on UT2 Reach 1 and subsurface for 348 (LF) at 10 different locations on UT3. However, as A-type streams, this is not an unusual circumstance. Additionally, as the photo logs included in this report show, herbaceous cover at the project site is dense, and in conjunction with other erosion control measures like matting, is promoting bank stability on-site, while planted woody vegetation becomes more established. Based on geomorphic data presented in Appendix B, this site is currently on track to meet the success criteria specified in the Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Plan.

Summary information and data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver impacts or encroachment, and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in the tables and figures in the report appendices. Besides subsurface flow in isolated segments on UT2 and UT3, the only other notable project concerns observed during Year 4 monitoring was the temporary encroachment of cattle at the lower end of UT2, the high water table flooding the floodplain on



Sinkhole Reach 2 and three areas of invasive species encroachment. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly Restoration Plan) documents available on EEP's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from EEP upon request.

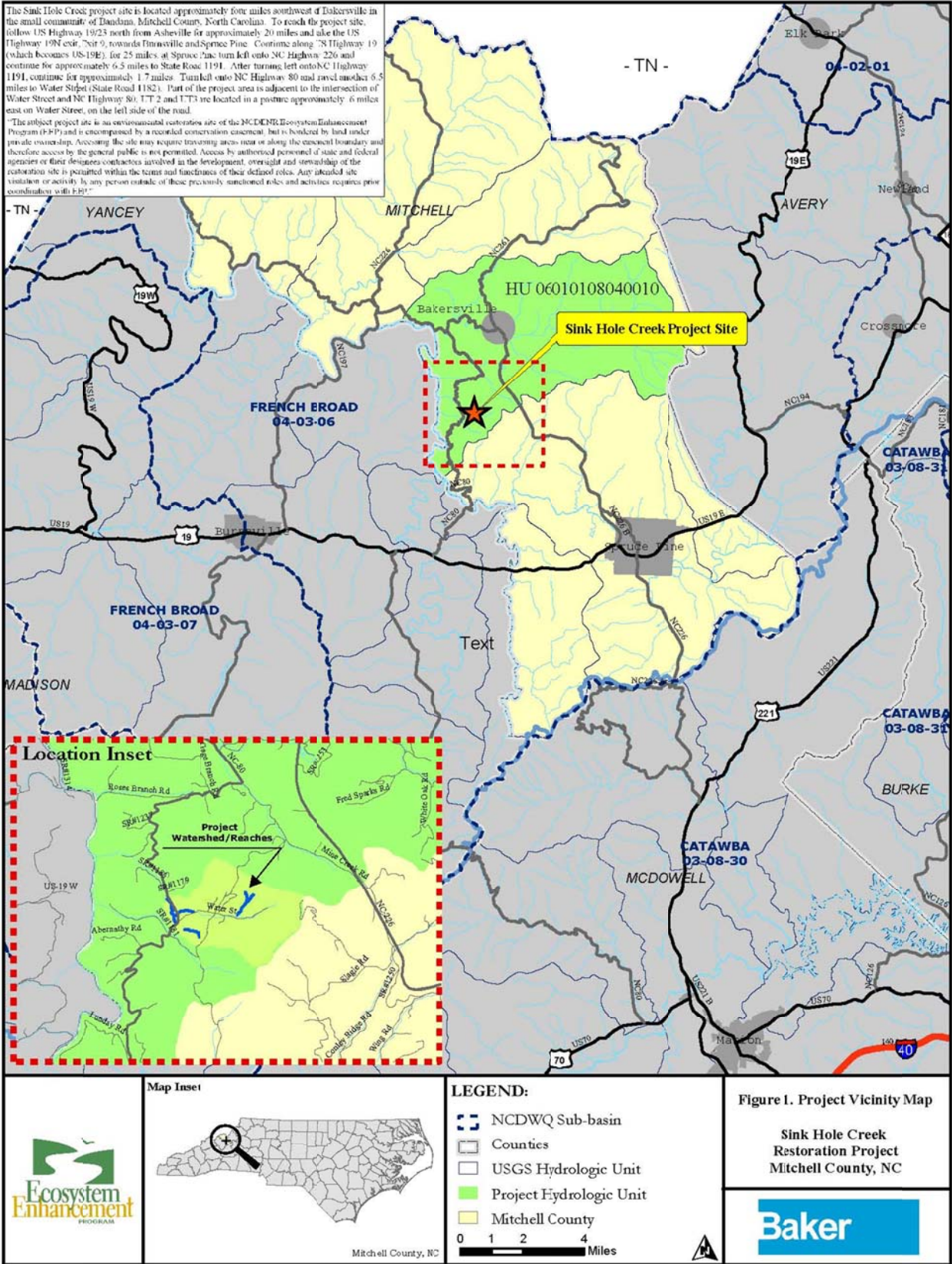
## 1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

The Sink Hole Creek mitigation site is located approximately four miles southwest of Bakersville, in Mitchell County, North Carolina (Figure 1 in Appendix A). The project site is situated in the French Broad River Basin, within North Carolina Division of Water Quality (NCDWQ) sub-basin 04-03-06 and United States Geologic Survey (USGS) hydrologic unit 06010108040010. The Sink Hole Creek mitigation project is located in a watershed that is predominantly forested, but also contains a small number of residences near Sink Hole Creek and its tributaries. A quarter of the drainage is in some form of pasture land or hay production. Sink Hole Creek and its tributaries have been impaired by historical and recent land management practices that include timber harvesting, pasture conversion, channelization, and livestock grazing. In addition, a historic mica mine is located 1,000 feet north of the intersection of NC Highway 80 and Water Street (SR 1182). Prior to restoration, stream channelization and channel dredging were evident through much of the project site. Over time, these practices have contributed excessive sediment and nutrient loading to Sink Hole Creek and ultimately to the North Toe River which is home to the endangered Appalachian elktoe mussel (*Alamidonta raveneliana*). A significant loss of woody streambank vegetation occurred during the development of the land for agricultural use. Livestock had open access to portions of Sink Hole Creek, the section of UT1 below NC Hwy. 80, UT2, and UT3. Past dredging activities had cut Sink Hole Creek off from its floodplain resulting in an incised channel; while in other sections, stream banks were trampled down, creating over widened channel conditions that contributed to additional sediment and nutrient loading. Land immediately surrounding the preservation reach of UT1 above Hwy. 80 is in forested cover.

The project involved restoration or enhancement of 4,703 LF along four (4) on-site streams: Sink Hole Creek and three (3) smaller unnamed tributaries (UT1, UT2 and UT3). In addition, 1,076 LF of the headwaters of UT 1 were preserved. Sink Hole Creek and UT1 are shown on the USGS topographic quadrangle for the site as being perennial and intermittent streams, respectively. Based on a field evaluation, Sink Hole Creek and the restoration reach of UT1, UT2 and UT3, all were determined to be perennial features using the NCDWQ stream assessment protocol.

### 1.1 Location and Setting

To reach the project site, follow US Highway 19/23 north from Asheville for approximately 20 miles and take US Highway 19N (Exit 9) towards Burnsville and Spruce Pine. Continue along US Highway 19 (which becomes US-19E), for 25 miles. At Spruce Pine, turn left onto NC Highway 226 and continue for approximately 6.5 miles to State Road 1191. Turn left onto 1191, continue for approximately 1.7 miles, turn left onto NC Highway 80 and travel another 6.5 miles to Water Street (State Road 1182). Part of the project area is adjacent to the intersection of Water Street and NC Highway 80; UT 2 and UT3 are located in a pasture approximately .6 miles east on Water Street, on the left side of the road (Figure 1).



## 1.2 Mitigation Structure and Objectives

Table 1 summarizes project data for each reach and restoration approach used. The design implemented at the Sink Hole Creek mitigation project site involved both Priority Level 1 and 2 approaches. The resulting design should ultimately yield primarily a B-type channel for Sink Hole Creek and Reach 2 of UT1. Unnamed tributaries 2 and 3 should become stable A and B-type channels. Restoration and enhancement work were completed in accordance with the approved design approach provided in the mitigation plan for Sink Hole Creek.

<b>Table 1. Project Mitigation Structure and Objectives Table</b>									
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663									
Project Segment or Reach ID	Existing Feet/ Acres	Mitigation Type	Approach	Target Stream Type	Footage or Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Mitigation Units	Stationing	Comment
Sink Hole Creek									
Reach 1	1,036 LF	R	PII	Cb/ Eb	1,019LF	1.0:1	1,019	0+13 to 11+23	Adjust pattern, improve dimension by removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via grade control and constructed riffles.
Reach 2	1,062 LF	R	PII		1,073LF	1.0:1	1,073	11+23 to 22+08	Pattern adjustment, removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via grade control and constructed riffles.
UT1									
Reach 1	1,076 LF	P			1,076 LF	5.0:1	215	-	Preservation reach-no adjustments made.
Reach 2	489 LF	R	PII	B	489 LF	1.0:1	489	0+13 to 5+14	Slight pattern adjustment, removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via grade control and constructed riffles.
UT 2									
Reach 1	579 LF	R	PI	Aa <sup>+</sup> / B	596 LF	1.0:1	596	0+22 to 6+30	Minor pattern adjustment, extensive improvements to dimension by removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via multiple grade control structures and constructed riffles.
Reach 2	879 LF	R	PI	B/A	882 LF	1.0:1	882	6+30 to 15+12	Adjust pattern, improve dimension by removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via grade control and constructed riffles.
UT 3									
Reach 1	586 LF	R	PI	Aa <sup>+</sup> / B	641 LF	1.0:1	641	0+00 to 6+41	Minor pattern adjustment, extensive improvements to dimension by removal of vertical banks and increased floodplain connectivity, and restore profile via multiple grade control structures and constructed riffles.
<b>Mitigation Unit Summations</b>									
Stream (SMU)	Riparian Wetland (WMU)		Nonriparian Wetland (WMU)		Total Wetland (WMU)		Buffer (BMU)	Comment	
4,918	NA		NA		NA				
Notes:									

Anthropogenic land use alteration, such as channelization of streams for agricultural purposes, in the Sink Hole Creek watershed, has resulted in various stream corridor impairments. Incision, bank destabilization, erosion, and other ongoing stream processes typical of streams adjusting to modification, were found along various reaches of Sink Hole Creek and the unnamed tributaries within the project area.

In accordance with the approved mitigation plan for the site, construction activities began in May 2010. Project activity on Sink Hole Creek and UT1-Reach 2, consisted of making adjustments to channel dimension, pattern, and profile. A Priority II Restoration approach was used on these stream reaches to restore floodplain connectivity. In addition, some sinuosity was incorporated based on the valley shape and the channel profile was stabilized by creating a step-pool morphology using grade control structures, including constructed riffles. The dimension was improved by eliminating the presence of vertical banks, improving floodplain connectivity by the removal of manmade levies, and correcting prior channelization by making slight adjustments to channel pattern where feasible.

A Priority I Restoration approach was implemented on UT2 and UT3 to raise the channel bed elevation, create a more stable profile, adjust channel alignment and to re-establish a riparian buffer to stabilize the streambanks. Both channels required extensive work as both had been essentially reduced to functioning as severely incised ditches with vertical, eroding banks and an unstable profile that had been cut off from the surrounding floodplain and had multiple headcuts.

Throughout the project, providing vertical stability was the most important project objective to achieve channel stability, water quality, and habitat goals. In-stream structures (constructed riffles, boulder steps, log vanes, and log rollers) were used to control streambed grade, reduce stresses on streambanks, and promote diversity of bedform and habitat. Reach-wide grade control was provided by the aforementioned in-stream structures and by bedrock where present. Structures were spaced at a distance that resulted in the downstream header protecting the upstream footer to create a redundancy that will ensure long term vertical stability.

Stream dimensions were adjusted to eliminate vertical banks and erosion resulting from excessive shear stress and a lack of floodplain relief. Streambanks were stabilized using a combination of erosion control matting, bare-root planting, transplants, and live staking. Transplants will provide living root mass quickly to increase streambank stability and create shaded holding areas for fish and aquatic biota. Native vegetation was planted across the site, and the entire mitigation site is protected through a permanent conservation easement.

### 1.3 Project History and Background

The chronology of the Sink Hole Creek mitigation project is presented in Table 2 while the contact information for designers, contractors and plant material suppliers is presented in Table 3. Relevant project background information is presented in Table 4. Total stream length across the project increased from approximately 5,707 LF to 5,779 LF (excluding easement breaks).

<b>Activity or Report</b>	<b>Data Collection Complete</b>	<b>Completion or Delivery</b>
Restoration Plan		May 2009
Final Design-90%		June 2009
Construction		August 2010
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area		May-July 2010
Permanent seed mix applied to project site		August 2010
Installed Fencing along left easement line of UT2 (all of R1)		August 2010

<b>Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History</b> Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663		
and UT3		
Containerized and B&B plantings set out		April 2011
Flood Event		July 2010
Installation of crest gauges		January 2011
Installed Fencing along right easement line of UT3 and UT2-R2		April 2011
Mitigation Plan / As-built (Year 0 Monitoring – baseline)	April 2011 (Vegetation Monitoring)  November-December 2010 (Geomorphic Monitoring)	May 2011 (last of plantings completed in April)
Year 1 Monitoring	November 2011	April 2012
Year 2 Monitoring	January 2013	March 2013
Installed Fencing along right bank of UT1 and left bank of Sink Hole upstream of confluence with UT1.		July 2012
Year 3 Monitoring	November 2013	February 2014
Year 4 Monitoring	November 2014	December 2014
Year 5 Monitoring		

<b>Table 3. Project Contacts Table</b> Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663	
<b>Designer</b>	
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806 <u>Contact:</u> Micky Clemmons, Tel. 828.350.1408 x2002
<b>Construction Contractor</b>	
River Works, Inc.	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511 <u>Contact:</u> Bill Wright, Tel. 919.818.6686
<b>Planting &amp; Seeding Contractor</b>	
River Works, Inc.	8000 Regency Parkway, Suite 200, Cary, NC 27511 <u>Contact:</u> George Morris, Tel. 919.818.6686
Seed Mix Sources	Green Resources
Nursery Stock Suppliers	Arborgen and Hillis Nursery
<b>Monitoring</b>	
Michael Baker Engineering, Inc.	797 Haywood Rd Suite 201, Asheville, NC 28806 <u>Contact:</u> Micky Clemmons, Tel. 828.350.1408 x2002

<b>Table 4. Project Background Table</b>	
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663	
Project County	Mitchell County, NC
Physiographic Region	Blue Ridge
Ecoregion	Blue Ridge Mountains-Southern Crystalline Ridges and Mountains
Project River Basin	French Broad
USGS HUC for Project	6010108040010
NCDWQ Sub-basin for Project	04-03-06
Within extent of EEP Watershed Plan?	In a TLW (French Broad River Basin Priorities Report-2009)
WRC Class	Cold Water
NCDWQ classification	Sink Hole-C; Tr , UT1-n/a UT2-n/a, UT3-n/a
% of Project Easement Fenced or Demarcated	100% (post-construction)
Beaver Activity Observed During Design Phase?	No
Drainage Area (Square Miles)	
Sink Hole Creek Reach 1	.72 mi <sup>2</sup>
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2	.84 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT1Reach 1	.07 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT1 Reach2	.09 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT2 Reach 1	.02 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT2 Reach 2	.08 mi <sup>2</sup>
UT3	.02 mi <sup>2</sup>
Stream Order	Sink Hole-2nd , UT1-1 <sup>st</sup> , UT2-zero order, UT3-zero order
Restored Length	
Sink Hole Creek Reach 1	1,019 LF
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2	1,073 LF
UT1Reach 1	1,076 LF
UT1Reach 2	489 LF
UT2 Reach 1	596 LF
UT2 Reach 2	885 LF
UT3	641 LF
Perennial or Intermittent	Perennial except Reach 1 of UT1 (intermittent)
Watershed Type	Rural (Predominantly Forested)
Watershed LULC Distribution (Percent area)	
Forest	66%
Shrub	0.4%
Pasture/Crops	28%
Developed Open Space	6%
Drainage Impervious Cover Estimate (%)	<10%
NCDWQ AU/Index #	7-2-56
303d Listed / Upstream of 303d Listed Segment	No/ No
Reasons for 303d Listing or Stressor	-



<b>Table 4. Project Background Table</b>	
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663	
Total Acreage of Easement	9.46
Total Vegetated Acreage w/in Easement	n/a (Easement vegetated with exception of stream channel)
Total Planted Acreage within the Easement	~9.46 Acres
Rosgen Classification (Pre-existing)	
Sink Hole Creek Reach 1	Eb/Cb
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2	G/Eb
UT1 Reach2	Cb/B
UT2 Reach 1	Aa <sup>+</sup>
UT2 Reach 2	A
UT3	A
Rosgen Classification of As-built	
Sink Hole Creek Reach 1	Cb,Eb
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2	Cb,Eb
UT1 Reach2	B
UT2 Reach 1	Aa+,B
UT2 Reach 2	A,B
UT3	Aa+,B
Valley Type	II
Valley Slope	.028-.03 (Sink Hole), .028 (UT1), .1-.055 (UT2), .1 (UT3)
Trout Waters Designation	Yes (Supporting Waters, Trib. to designated TW)
Species of Concern	No

## 1.4 Monitoring Plan View

The current conditions plan view (CCPV) depicts the monitoring features for the Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project. The plan set also provides call outs at locations where stream and vegetation problem areas are present. Figure 2 illustrates the project as it is delineated by reach.



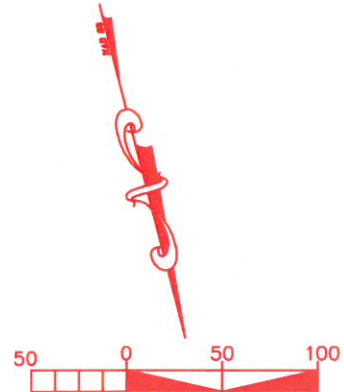
LEGEND	
	CE CONSERVATION EASEMENT
	DESIGNED CENTERLINE
	DESIGNED STREAM BANK
	FENCE
	CROSS SECTION
	PHOTO POINT

PROJECT CONDITION	
	VEG PLOT CRITERIA MET
	VEG PLOT CRITERIA UNMET
	STREAM PROBLEM AREAS
	VEGETATION PROBLEM AREAS



IMAGE SOURCE: NC STATEWIDE ORTHOIMAGERY, 2010

SINK HOLE CREEK  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW  
YEAR 4 MONITORING



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SINK HOLE CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT  
MITCHELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW



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EEP Project No.	92663
Baker Project No.	111084
Date:	12/31/2014
DESIGNED:	MDR
DRAWN:	MMC
APPROVED:	MMC
Monitoring Year:	4 of 5
Sheet:	1 of 4



LEGEND	
	CE CONSERVATION EASEMENT
	DESIGNED CENTERLINE
	DESIGNED STREAM BANK
	FENCE
	CROSS SECTION
	PHOTO POINT

PROJECT CONDITION	
	VEG PLOT CRITERIA MET
	VEG PLOT CRITERIA UNMET
	STREAM PROBLEM AREAS
	VEGETATION PROBLEM AREAS

MATCHLINE SHEET 1

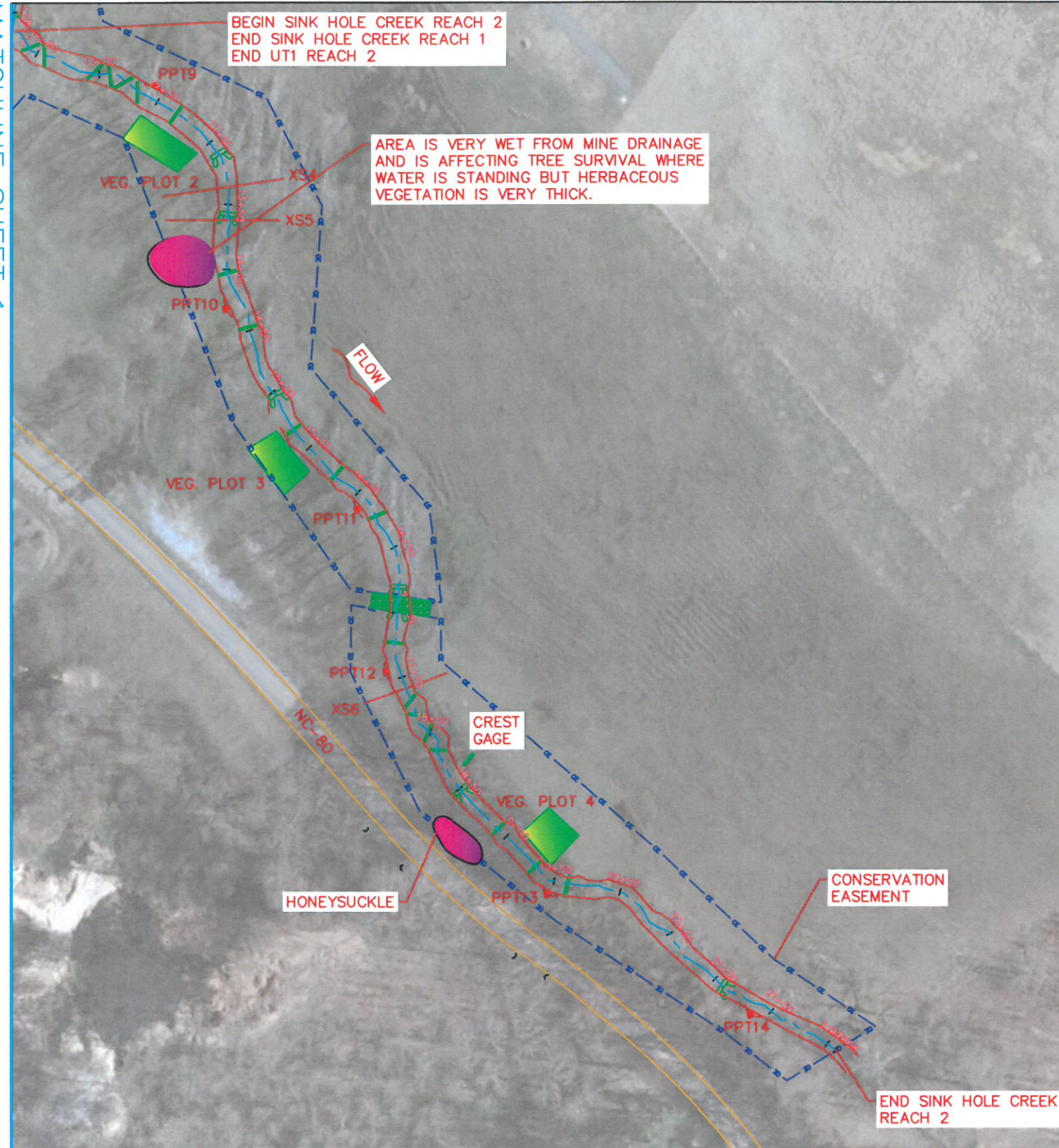
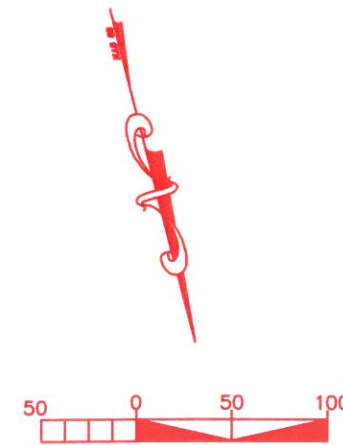


IMAGE SOURCE: NC STATEWIDE ORTHOMAGERY, 2010

SINK HOLE CREEK  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW  
YEAR 4 MONITORING



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SINK HOLE CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT  
MITCHELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW



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ECP Project No.	92663
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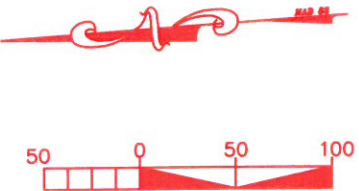


**LEGEND**

- CE — CE CONSERVATION EASEMENT
- — — — — DESIGNED CENTERLINE
- — — — — DESIGNED STREAM BANK
- — □ — □ FENCE
- — — — — CROSS SECTION
- 📷 PHOTO POINT

**PROJECT CONDITION**

- 🟢 VEG PLOT CRITERIA MET
- 🔴 VEG PLOT CRITERIA UNMET
- 🌊 STREAM PROBLEM AREAS
- 🟡 VEGETATION PROBLEM AREAS



UT2 and UT3  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW  
YEAR 4 MONITORING

IMAGE SOURCE: NC STATEWIDE ORTHOIMAGERY, 2010

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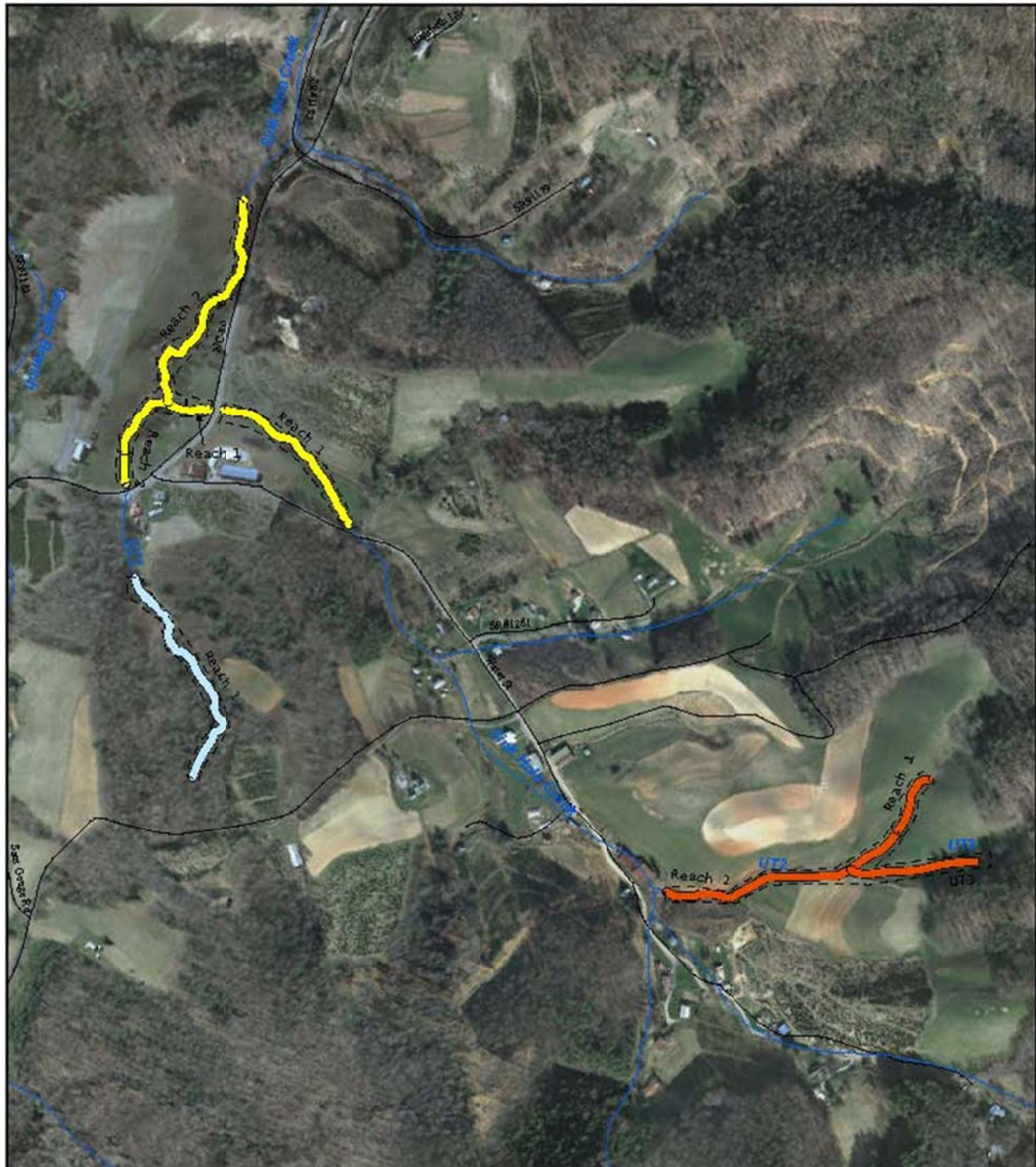
SINK HOLE CREEK RESTORATION PROJECT  
MITCHELL COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA  
CURRENT CONDITION  
PLAN VIEW


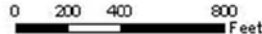


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Date:	12/31/2014
DESIGNED:	MDR
DRAWN:	MMC
APPROVED:	MMC
Monitoring Year:	4 of 5
Sheet:	4 of 4





	<b>LEGEND:</b>		*Date of aerial photography: 2010		<b>Figure 2 Restoration Summary Map</b>  Sink Hole Creek Restoration Project Mitchell County, NC
	Proposed Project Component — Preservation — Priority I Restoration — Priority II Restoration	Proposed Easement — Streams			

## 2.0 PROJECT CONDITION AND MONITORING RESULTS

The five-year monitoring plan for the Sink Hole Creek mitigation project includes criteria to evaluate the success of the vegetation and stream components of the project. The specific locations of vegetation plots, permanent cross-sections, reference photo stations and crest gauges are shown on the Year 4 CCPV submitted with this report.

### 2.1 Vegetation Assessment

#### 2.1.1 Vegetation

Successful restoration of the vegetation on a site is dependent upon hydrologic restoration, active planting of preferred canopy species, and volunteer regeneration of the native plant community. In order to determine if the criteria are achieved, eight (8) vegetation monitoring quadrants were installed across the restoration site. The size of individual quadrants vary from 100 square meters for tree species to 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. Level 1 CVS vegetation monitoring will occur in the fall prior to leaf fall, if possible. At the end of the first growing season, during baseline surveys, species composition, density, and survival were evaluated. Individual quadrant data provided during subsequent monitoring events will include diameter (>130cm), height, density, and coverage quantities. Individual trees will be marked to ensure that they can be found in succeeding monitoring years. Mortality will be determined from the difference between the previous year's living, planted trees and the current year's living, planted trees.

Photographs are used to visually document vegetation success in sample plots. Reference photos of tree and herbaceous condition within plots are taken at least once per year. Photos of the plots are included in Appendix A of this report.

The interim measure of vegetative success for the site is the survival of at least 320, 3-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of the Year 3 monitoring period. The final vegetative success criteria is the survival of 260, 5-year old, planted trees per acre at the end of the Year 5 monitoring period. If the measurement of vegetative density proves to be inadequate for assessing plant community health, additional plant community health indices may be considered.

Temporary seeding applied to streambanks beneath the erosion matting sprouted within two weeks of application and has provided excellent ground coverage. Live stakes and bare root trees planted are also flourishing and will increasingly contribute to streambank stability and shading of the stream. Bare-root trees were planted throughout the conservation easement with the exception of the preservation reach. A minimum 30-foot buffer was established along all restored stream reaches. In general, bare-root vegetation was planted at a target density of 680 stems per acre, in an 8-foot by 8-foot grid pattern. Planting of bare-root trees was completed in the winter of 2010-2011. Species planted are listed below.



<b>Table 5. Riparian Buffer Plantings per Acre*</b>				
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663				
Common Name	Scientific Name	% Planted by Species	Planting Totals	Wetness Tolerance
<b><u>Riparian Buffer Plantings</u></b>				
Trees Overstory				
Red Maple	<i>Acer rubrum</i>	2	100	FAC
River Birch	<i>Betula nigra</i>	2	100	FACW
Shagbark hickory	<i>Carya ovata</i>	4	200	FACU
Persimmon	<i>Diospyros virginiana</i>	4	200	FAC
Black walnut	<i>Juglans nigra</i>	2	100	FACU
Tulip Poplar	<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>	4	200	FAC
Sycamore	<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>	2	100	FACW-
Black cherry	<i>Prunus serotina</i>	4	200	FACU
White Oak	<i>Quercus alba</i>	6	300	FACU
Swamp chestnut oak	<i>Quercus michauxii</i>	2	100	FACW
Northern Red Oak	<i>Quercus rubra</i>	4	200	FACU
Trees Understory				
Tag Alder	<i>Alnus serrulata</i>	2	100	OBL
Pawpaw	<i>Asimina triloba</i>	4	200	FAC
Ironwood	<i>Carpinus caroliniana</i>	6	300	FAC
Redbud	<i>Cercis canadensis</i>	6	300	FACU
Flowering Dogwood	<i>Cornus florida</i>	8	400	FACU
Hazelnut	<i>Corylus americana</i>	1	50	FACU
Witch Hazel	<i>Hamamelis virginiana</i>	8	400	FACU
Shrubs				
Sweet shrub	<i>Calycanthus floridus</i>	6	300	FACU
Silky Dogwood	<i>Cornus amomum</i>	2	100	FACW
Winterberry	<i>Ilex verticillata</i>	1	50	FACW
Rhododendron	<i>Rhododendron maximum</i>	4	200	FAC-
Elderberry	<i>Sambucus canadensis</i>	4	200	FAC
Highbush Blueberry	<i>Vaccinium sp</i>	4	200	FACU
Possomhaw viburnum	<i>viburnum prunifolium</i>	4	200	FACU
<b><u>Riparian Livestake Plantings</u></b>				
Ninebark	<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>	10		FAC-
Elderberry	<i>Sambucus canadensis</i>	20		FACW-

<b>Table 5. Riparian Buffer Plantings per Acre*</b>				
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663				
Common Name	Scientific Name	% Planted by Species	Planting Totals	Wetness Tolerance
Black Willow	<i>Salix nigra</i>	10 or less		OBL
Silky Willow	<i>Salix sericea</i>	35		OBL
Silky Dogwood	<i>Cornus amomum</i>	25		FACW+
*Note: In previous mitigation reports (YRs 1-3) this table indicated those species that were requested to be planted; however, with this report we have corrected this table to indicate what was actually planted. Total numbers of livestakes was not recorded by the planter.				

### 2.1.2 Soil Data

<b>Table 6. Preliminary Soil Data</b>					
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-NCEEP Project #92663					
Dominant Soil Series and Characteristics	Bandana/ Dillsboro/Saunook-Thunder/Dellwood-Reddies				
	Depth (in.)	% Clay	K Factor	T Factor	% OM
Sink Hole Creek Reach 1	>80"	10-20	.15	4	4-10%
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2	>80"	10-20	.15	4	4-10%
UT1Reach 1	~87"	27-35	.1	5	4-10%
UT1 Reach2	>80"	10-20	.15	4	4-8%
UT2 Reach 1	>80"	7-20/ 15-28	.05/.02	5	4-10%/ 6-14%
UT2 Reach 2	>80"	5-15/ 5-18	.05	3	4-8%
UT3	>80"	7-20/ 15-28	.05/.02	5	4-10%/ 6-14%

### 2.1.3 Vegetative Problem Areas

There are three areas within the conservation easement where invasive species have encroached. One area on Sink Hole Creek Reach 1 near vegetation plot 6 and another on the same reach just below the lower crossing on the left bank area, the third area is on Sink Hole Creek Reach 2 near vegetation plot 4. Honeysuckle has been identified and will be treated in spring 2015. Multi flora rose is present in mass at one spot and there are individual plants scattered along the fence. These invasives will also be treated in spring 2015. Additionally, there was an area of concern around Veg. Plot 1 where reed canary grass was very thick and may be limiting tree survival and growth. Lastly, on Sink Hole mainstem in the area of station 14+00 the high water table and flow from the old mine opening has inundated the floodplain and may be limiting tree survival and growth. A similar issue exists on UT2-Reach 2 on the left bank in the area of station 10+75 to 11+50. Ground water is coming to the surface in this area causing wet conditions that are reducing tree survival and growth and affecting the growth of other plants. All of these identified problem areas are shown on the Year 4 CCPV.

### 2.1.4 Stem Counts

The mitigation plan for the Sink Hole Creek Site specifies that the number of quadrants required will be based on the species/area curve method, as described in NCEEP monitoring guidance documents. The size of individual quadrants is 100 square meters for woody tree species, and 1 square meter for herbaceous vegetation. A total of eight vegetation plots, each 10 by 10 meters or 5 by 20 meters in size, were established across the restored site.

#### **2.1.4.1.1 Results**

Table 7 in Appendix A presents information on the stem counts for each of the vegetation monitoring plots. Data from the Year 4 monitoring event showed a range of 243-607 planted stems per acre, with approximately 85.8% of the stems showing no signs of damage. The average density of planted bare root stems, based on data collected from the eight monitoring plots during Year 4 monitoring, is 464.5 stems per acre which indicates that the Site is meeting the minimum success interim criteria of 320 trees per acre by the end of Year 3 and the final success criteria of 260 trees per acre by the end of Year 5. The only plot that falls below the 260 trees per acre is veg. plot 1 which is impacted by thick stands of reed canary grass. The locations of the vegetation plots are shown on the CCPV.

As shown in Table 8 (Appendix A), there are three small areas where invasive species have been identified, a couple of areas where the high water table has caused a very wet floodplain, and an area where thick herbaceous growth is limiting tree survival. Although the density of herbaceous cover varies across the site, conditions observed on-site during the Year 4 monitoring survey found ground cover in the easement area to be extensive and certainly sufficient for aiding in site stabilization and in some location is very thick. Declines in various tree and shrub species over the years of monitoring is likely due to natural causes including being outcompeted by dense herbaceous cover or the herbaceous vegetation provides cover for rodents that chew and girdle trees. Survival rates of planted woody stems in the vegetation plots indicate that plantings across the easement area are of sufficient density to meet regulatory requirements, as well as the site stabilization and habitat enhancement goals originally set forth in the mitigation plan. Multiple small stems were observed in the project area. As these stems continue to grow and planted vegetation continues to flourish, the site should have no difficulty in meeting the final success criteria. A photo log of the vegetation plots is provided in Appendix A.

## **2.2 Stream Assessment**

### **2.2.1 Morphologic Parameters and Channel Stability**

Geomorphic monitoring of restored stream reaches is being conducted over a five year period to evaluate the effectiveness of the restoration practices installed. Monitored stream parameters include channel dimension (cross-sections), profile (longitudinal survey), pattern (to a lesser degree for reasons noted below), bed composition, bank stability, bankfull flows, and stability of reference sites documented by photographs. Crest gauges, as well as high flow marks (wrack lines, laid over vegetation, etc.) will be used to document the occurrence of bankfull events. The methods used and any related success criteria are described below for each parameter. To monitor stream success criteria, fifteen permanent cross-sections, four longitudinal profile sections and two crest gauges were installed. Detailed channel morphology was surveyed with a total station and survey data is georeferenced.

#### **2.2.1.1 Dimension**

Fifteen permanent cross-sections were installed to help evaluate the success of the mitigation project. Permanent cross-sections were established throughout the project site as follows: six cross-sections were located on Sink Hole Creek, two cross-sections were located on both UT1 and UT3 and five cross-sections were located on UT2. Cross-sections selected for monitoring were located in representative riffle and pool reaches and each cross-section was marked on both banks with permanent pins to establish the exact transect used. A common benchmark is used for cross-sections and consistently referenced to facilitate comparison of year-to-year data. The cross-sectional surveys include points measured at breaks in slope, including top of bank, bankfull, inner berm, edge of water, and thalweg, if these features are present. Riffle cross-sections are classified using the Rosgen Stream Classification System.

There should be little change in the as-built cross-sections. If changes do take place, they will be evaluated to determine if they represent a movement toward a more unstable condition (e.g., down-cutting or erosion) or a movement toward increased stability (e.g., settling, vegetative changes, deposition along the banks, or decrease in width/depth ratio).

#### **2.2.1.1.1 Results**

As-built cross-section monitoring data for stream stability was collected in November and December, 2010. The fifteen permanent cross-sections along the restored channels were re-surveyed in November and December 2014 to document stream dimension for Monitoring Year 4. Cross-sectional data is presented in Appendix B and the location of cross-sections is shown on the CCPV submitted with this report.

The cross-sections show that there has been little to no adjustment in stream dimension across the project reaches since construction. What adjustment has occurred has primarily been observed in riffle cross-sections that are exhibiting signs of narrowing or pools that have gotten slightly deeper. Based on field observation, this narrowing of riffles can be attributed to herbaceous vegetation that has become well established. High stream flows over the last two years has caused pools to deepen as an adjustment to higher energy dissipation. At this time, cross-sectional measurements do not indicate any streambank or channel stability issues.

#### **2.2.1.2 Pattern and Longitudinal Profile**

Longitudinal profiles for Year 4 were surveyed during November and December 2014; profiles of the various project reaches are provided in Appendix B. A longitudinal profile was conducted for the entire project length on Sink Hole Creek, UT2, UT3 and Reach 2 of UT1. Longitudinal profiles are replicated annually during the five year monitoring period.

Measurements taken along longitudinal profiles include thalweg, water surface, and the top of low bank. The pools should remain relatively deep with flat water surface slopes, and the riffles should remain steeper and shallower than the pools. Bed form observations should be consistent with those observed for channels of the design stream type. Profile data collected reflect stable channel bedform and a diverse range of riffle and pool complexes.

All measurements were taken at the head of each feature (e.g., riffle, run, pool, glide) and the maximum pool depth. Elevations of grade control structures were also included in the longitudinal profiles surveyed. Surveys were tied to a permanent benchmark. Although pattern adjustments were made in each reach for channel alignment considerations such as following the low point of the valley, pattern adjustments were not made with the intent to increase sinuosity. Sink Hole Creek and its tributaries are A and B-type streams primarily characterized by step-pool sequences. Consequently, pattern information is not provided in Appendix B as these parameters are generally associated with meandering, riffle-pool type channels. However, as the site is monitored, reaches will be evaluated for significant changes in pattern. Any changes that occur which warrants repair will be discussed in future monitoring reports.

#### **2.2.1.2.1 Results**

The longitudinal profiles show that the bed features are also stable across the project site. As noted in the Stream Reach Morphology Data Tables in Appendix B (Tables 13 and 14), riffle and pool characteristics do not appear to have changed much and are acceptable when compared to reference reach and design data provided for each of the project reaches. Given the location of these project reaches in the valley and the spacing of structures in these streams, it is expected that the profiles will display little change over the course of the monitoring period.

The Year 4 longitudinal profiles for UT2 and UT3 also do not appear to have changed much since the previous monitoring year. Adjustments that have occurred have been minor in nature, and

have not resulted in a loss of structures. Both herbaceous and woody vegetation have grown in well on these tributaries, including the steeper reaches of UT2 Reach 1 and UT3. Closely spaced grade control structures have also helped maintain the overall profile desired. No notable channel profile adjustments or bank erosion were observed.

Although no areas of instability were noted in the project area during Year 4 monitoring, there are intermittent spaces on UT2 and UT3 where flow was subsurface. This is not completely unexpected given that stable Aa+ to B-type streams tend to have short sections where flow periodically goes subsurface. Unnamed tributary 2 and UT3 are both Aa+ to B-type channels as they drain toward Sink Hole Creek. The stationing at which the stream goes subsurface is provided in Table 10 in Appendix B and is shown on profiles. While we believe this to be a short-term, episodic type occurrence we will monitor these sections with subsurface flow to determine if corrective action is necessary.

### **2.2.1.3 Substrate and Sediment Transport**

Bed material analysis consisted of pebble counts being taken in the same constructed riffle each year during annual geomorphic surveys of the project site. These samples, combined with evidence provided by changes in cross-sectional and profile data will reveal changes in sediment gradation that occur over time as the stream adjusts to upstream sediment loads. Significant changes in sediment gradation will be evaluated with respect to stream stability and watershed changes.

#### **2.2.1.3.1 Results**

For this project, a pebble count was collected on Reaches 1 and 2 of Sink Hole Creek. As noted in pebble count exhibits in Appendix B, the pebble count for Reach 1 of Sink Hole indicates a less coarse bedload for the larger substrate components; however, the opposite was seen for the pebble count taken in Reach 2. Along Reach 2 the bed material continued to coarsen over what was seen in previous years. Visual observations of Sink Hole Creek and its tributaries and a review of pebble count data collected did not yield any signs that sediment transport functions have been hampered by the mitigation project; specifically, no significant areas of aggradation or degradation within the project area were observed during the Year 4 monitoring survey. In fact, the pebble count data indicates that there is coarsening of the stream bed which is an indication that the stream is moving fines through the system and larger pebbles are making up a greater percentage of the bed material.

## **2.2.2 Hydrology**

### **2.2.2.1 Streams**

The occurrence of bankfull events within the monitoring period is being documented by the use of crest gauges and photographs. Crest gauges were installed on the floodplain to measure flows at or above the bankfull elevation. One crest gauge was placed near the confluence of UT2 and UT3, while another gauge was set up near the end of the project area on Reach 2 of Sink Hole Creek. The crest gauges will record the highest watermark between site visits and will be checked at each site visit to determine if a bankfull event has occurred. Photographs will be used to document the occurrence of debris lines and sediment deposition on the floodplain during monitoring site visits.

Two bankfull flow events must be documented on each crest gauge within the 5-year monitoring period. The two bankfull events must occur in separate years; otherwise, the stream monitoring will continue until two bankfull events have been documented in separate years.

#### **2.2.2.1.1 Results**

During the Year 4 monitoring period, the site was found to have had at least one bankfull event based on crest gauge readings obtained on UT2 and Reach 2 of Sink Hole Creek. Information on these events is provided in Table 9 of Appendix B. At this point multiple bankfull events have been documented at both crest gauges and this success criteria has been met.

### **2.2.3 Photographic Documentation of Site**

Photographs will be used to document restoration success visually. Reference stations were photographed during the as-built survey; this will be repeated for at least five years following construction. Reference photos are taken once a year, from a height of approximately five to six feet. Permanent markers will ensure that the same locations (and view directions) are utilized during each monitoring period. Selected site photographs are shown in Appendix B.

#### **2.2.3.1 Lateral Reference Photos**

Reference photo transects were taken of the right and left banks at each permanent cross-section. A survey tape was captured in most photographs which represents the cross-section line located perpendicular to the channel flow. The water line was located in the lower edge of the frame in order to document bank and riparian conditions. Photographers will make an effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

#### **2.2.3.2 Structure Photos**

Photographs of primary grade control structures (i.e. vanes and weirs), along the restored streams are included within the photographs taken at reference photo stations. Photographers will make every effort to consistently maintain the same area in each photo over time.

Lateral and structure photographs are used to evaluate channel aggradation or degradation, bank erosion, success of riparian vegetation, structure function and stability, and a subjective judgment of the effectiveness of erosion control measure. Lateral photos should not indicate excessive erosion or degradation of the banks. A series of photos over time should indicate successive maturation of riparian vegetation and consistent structure function.

Photographs of the restoration project were taken in November 2014. The photographs illustrate stable conditions across the project site. Vegetative growth along the streambanks and riparian buffers has become dense and improved since construction was completed in 2010. Structures are functioning as designed.

### **2.2.4 Stream Stability Assessment**

In-stream structures installed within the restored streams included constructed riffles, log drops, log sequences, and boulder steps. The Year 4 visual observations of these structures indicate that little or no changes have occurred since the baseline survey was performed; structures are functioning as designed and are holding their elevation and grade. In the area of subsurface flow the structures are functioning properly however flow is so minimal that it drops below the surface just to resurface downstream. UT2 and UT3 are headwater tributaries that receive minimal flow relative to channel size from two springs at the upstream limit of the project reaches. Structures that appear to be piping at the time of our survey should correct naturally over time as substrate moves through the channel and are not a concern at this time. There were also two boulder steps on Sink Hole Creek Reach 2 that had the side boulders move into the pool as a result of the high flows as reported in 2013; however, these are stable and functioning properly and we do not believe they are an issue.

Frequent spacing of log drops, log sequences and boulder drops have greatly enhanced bedform diversity as well as promoting more stable A and B-type channels. The Categorical Stream

Feature Visual Stability Assessment and Visual Morphological Stability Assessment tables in Appendix B (Tables 11 and 12), summarize the condition of project structures.

Quantitative reference reach and design data used to determine the restoration approach, as built data, as well as Year 4 monitoring data are summarized in Tables 13 and 14 of Appendix B.

## **2.3 Areas of Concern**

At this time, no areas of concern were noted in the project reaches. The linear feet and locations of subsurface flow observed in Monitoring Year 4 have changed in comparison to other Monitoring Years; at this time, no actions are proposed. The steeper tributaries where flow tends to be intermittent in certain segments will continue to be monitored.

As noted in the Executive Summary, a section of fence along UT2, Reach 2 was broken and had allowed cattle to access the easement. The area of disturbance is roughly concentrated around the last 150 to 200 feet of UT2 before it exits the project area. The landowner indicated a number of times that he would repair this fence; however, this was finally accomplished in December of 2014. We will monitor this area to ensure that cattle are now excluded and if there are further problems we will add barbed wire to the fence.

## **3.0 REFERENCES**

Leopold, L.B., M. Wolman, and J. Miller, 1964. "Fluvial Processes in Geomorphology." W.H. Freeman, San Francisco, CA.

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## **APPENDIX A**

### **VEGETATION RAW DATA**

- 1. VEGETATION SURVEY DATA TABLES**
- 2. VEGETATION MONITORING PLOT PHOTOS**

**Table 7. Stem Count Arranged by Plot - Year 4 (Species Survival Rates)**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project-#92663**

Tree Species	Plots								As-built Totals	MY 1 Totals	MY 2 Totals	MY 3 Totals	MY 4 Totals	MY 5 Totals	Survival %	Probable Cause	
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8									
<i>Acer rubrum</i>		1	1				1		4	7	5	5	3		75%		
<i>Acer saccharum</i>		1							1	1	1	1	1		100%		
<i>Asimina triloba</i>								1	0	5	5	5	1		20%		
<i>Betula alleghaniensis</i>	4								6	6	6	4	4		67%	Dense herbaceous cover	
<i>Betula lenta</i>		2	1	1				1	8	5	5	4	5		63%	Natural causes (animal)	
<i>Betula nigra</i>		2	4	4	2			2	32	19	19	16	14		44%	Natural causes (animal)	
<i>Carya alba</i>		1	1			1			12	5	7	5	3		25%	Natural causes	
<i>Cercis canadensis</i>				1			3		33	19	15	12	8		24%	Herbaceous cover; isolated ponding in pockets	
<i>Cornus florida</i>		1	1			1			1	3	3	2	3		100%		
<i>Liriodendron tulipifera</i>				1	3				10	8	7	5	4		40%	Natural causes	
<i>Platanus occidentalis</i>		1				1	3		8	7	7	7	7		88%		
<i>Quercus alba</i>									1	1	1	0	0		0%	Natural causes, few planted	
<i>Quercus muehlenbergii</i>		1							0	1	1	1	1		100%		
<i>Quercus rubra</i>	1			3	2	2	4	2	13	20	20	17	14		100%		
<i>Salix nigra</i>							1		0	1	1	1	1		100%		
<b>Shrub Species</b>																	
<i>Alnus serrulata</i>	1	4			2		2	1	3	6	10	11	9	13		100%	
<i>Cornus amomum</i>											0	0	0	1		100%	
<i>Itea virginica</i>										1					0%	Natural causes, few planted	
<i>Lindera benzoin</i>				1			1		0	5	5	4	2		100%		
<i>Physocarpus opulifolius</i>									1	1	1	0	0		0%	Natural causes, few planted	
<i>Vaccinium stamineum</i>						2			3	3	3	2	2		67%		
<i>Viburnum prunifolium</i>					1	2	1		7	5	5	3	4		57%	Natural causes (animal)	
<b>Stems/plot</b>	6	14	14	13	15	13	7	9								11	
<b>Stems/acre Year 4</b>	243	567	567	526	607	526	283	364								465	



**Table 8. Vegetation Problem Areas**  
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project: Project No. 92663

<b>Sink Hole Reach 1 (1,019 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	4+00 to 4+25 to 10+75	10+50 Honeysuckle on right flood plain. Multiflora rose growing in this area.	N/A
<b>Sink Hole Reach 2 (1,073 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other - standing groundwater & flow in buffer	13+00 to 14+50	High water table is causing flow from old mine opening to inundate the buffer in this area lowering tree survival and growth.	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	18+50 to 19+00	Honeysuckle on right flood plain near road.	N/A
<b>UT1 Reach 2 (489 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	1+50 to 3+00	Reed Canary Grass is so thick that it is affecting tree growth and survival.	N/A
<b>UT2 Reach 1 (596 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>UT2 Reach 2 (885 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other - groundwater flowing in buffer	10+75 to 11+50	Extreme wet conditions causing low tree survival and growth in this area.	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	6+75 to 6+90	Small area of bare flood plain likely caused by compacted soil.	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	N/A	N/A	N/A
<b>UT3 (641 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Other - deer horning/breaking trees	all along this reach	deer rut	N/A
Bare Bank	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Bench	N/A	N/A	N/A
Bare Flood Plain	N/A	N/A	N/A
Invasive/Exotic Populations	N/A	N/A	N/A

# Sink Hole Creek

## Photo Log – Vegetation Plot Photo Points (Year 4)

**Notes:** Photos for Elk Branch vegetation plots were taken November 11, 2014

1. Vegetation plots marked by t-posts at corners; herbaceous plot marked by stake within larger plot.
2. Planted vegetation flagged and tagged for future identification.



Photo 1: Veg. Plot 1



Photo 2: Veg Plot 1, Herbaceous Plot



Photo 3: Veg Plot 2



Photo 4: Veg Plot 2: Herbaceous Plot





Photo 5: Veg Plot 3



Photo 6: Veg Plot 3: Herbaceous Plot



Photo 7: Veg Plot 4



Photo 8: Veg Plot 4: Herbaceous Plot



Photo 9: Veg Plot 5



Photo 10: Veg Plot 5: Herbaceous Plot





Photo 11: Veg Plot 6



Photo 12: Veg Plot 6: Herbaceous Plot



Photo 13: Veg Plot 7



Photo 14: Veg Plot 7: Herbaceous Plot



Photo 15: Veg Plot 8



Photo 16: Veg Plot 8: Herbaceous Plot



## **APPENDIX B**

- 1. HYDROLOGICAL (BANKFULL) VERIFICATIONS (TABLE 9)**
- 2. STREAM PROBLEM AREAS (TABLE 10)**
- 3. CROSS-SECTION PLOTS WITH ANNUAL OVERLAYS**
- 4. LONGITUDINAL PROFILES WITH ANNUAL OVERLAYS**
- 5. CATEGORICAL STREAM FEATURE VISUAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 11)**
- 6. VISUAL MORPHOLOGICAL STABILITY ASSESSMENT (TABLE 12)**
- 7. STREAM REACH MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 13)**
- 8. CROSS-SECTION MORPHOLOGY AND HYDRAULIC DATA (TABLE 14)**
- 9. RIFFLE PEBBLE COUNT SIZE CLASS DISTRIBUTIONS**
- 10. STREAM REFERENCE STATION PHOTO LOGS**

<b>Table 9. Verification of Bankfull or Greater than Bankfull Events</b>				
Sink Hole Creek Restoration Project-#92663				
Date of Data Collection	Date of Event	Method of Data Collection	Gauge Watermark Height (inches)*	
			Sink Hole Cr. Reach 2	UT2 Reach 1
11/4/2011	Between 6/29/11 and 11/04/11	Gauge measurement.	1.97	-
11/4/2011	Between 6/29/11 and 11/04/11	Gauge measurement.	7.48	1.8
11/6/2012	Between 11/04/11 and 11/6/12	Gauge measurement	2.70, 8.25	-
12/19/2012	Between 11/04/11 and 12/19/12	Gauge measurement	-	1.44
11/15/2013	Between 11/16/12 and 11/15/13	Gauge measurement	1.5	.8, 1.9
11/10/2014	Between 11/15/13 and 11/10/14	Gauge measurement	13.75	5.25

\* height indicates the highest position of cork shavings on the dowel.

<b>Table 10. Stream Problem Areas</b>			
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project: Project No. 92663			
<b>UT2 Reach 1 (596 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Subsurface flow	0+53 to 1+50, 1+69 to 2+05, and 2+39 to 3+22	Channel is dry from flow going subsurface in ten areas. Subsurface flow occurs in mostly short sections, as is typical for high sloop channels. Steepness of channel (Aa+ stream type) likely a factor and flow through hyporheic zone is normal occurrence.	N/A
<b>UT3 (641 LF)</b>			
<b>Feature Issue</b>	<b>Station No.</b>	<b>Suspected Cause</b>	<b>Photo Number</b>
Subsurface flow	0+63 to 0+81, 0+96 to 0+98, 1+03 to 1+07, 1+10 to 1+15, 1+53 to 3+46, 3+58 to 3+92, 4+01 to 4+08, 4+26 to 4+66, 4+80 to 5+19, 5+27 to 5+33	Channel is dry from flow going subsurface in ten areas. Subsurface flow occurs in mostly short sections, as is typical for high sloop channels. Steepness of channel (Aa+ stream type) likely a factor and flow through hyporheic zone is normal occurrence.	N/A
Notes:			

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	Eb	23.3	13.5	1.73	3.36	7.82	1	4.9	2594.81	2594.82

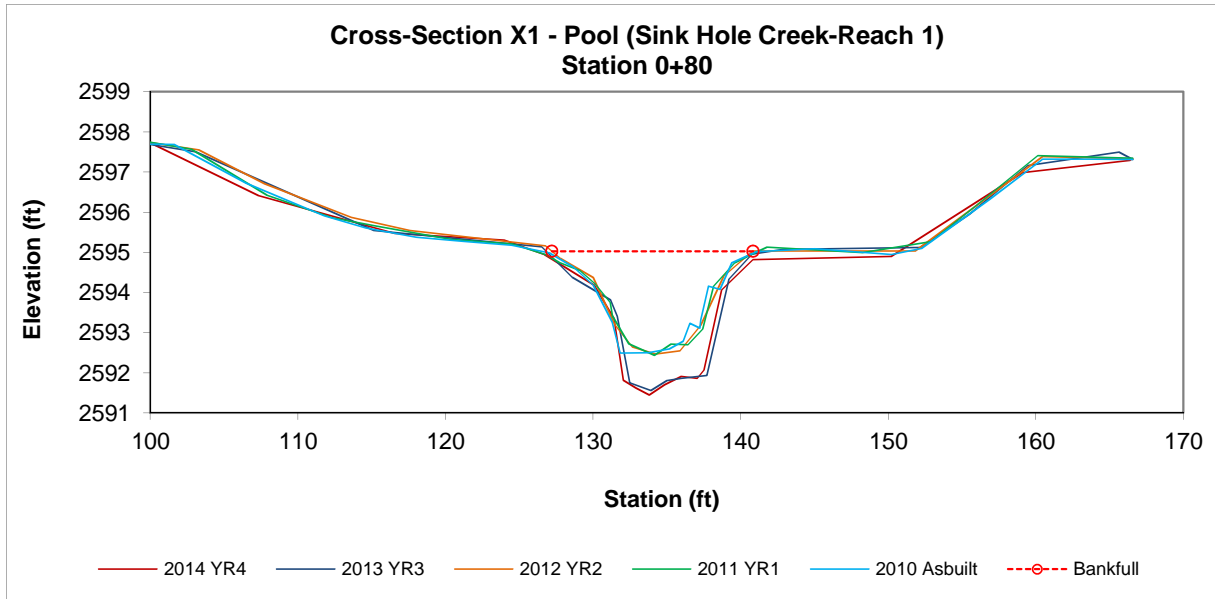


Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo 2: XS-1 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Cb	5.5	9.05	0.61	1.42	14.77	1	7.7	2589.93	2589.94

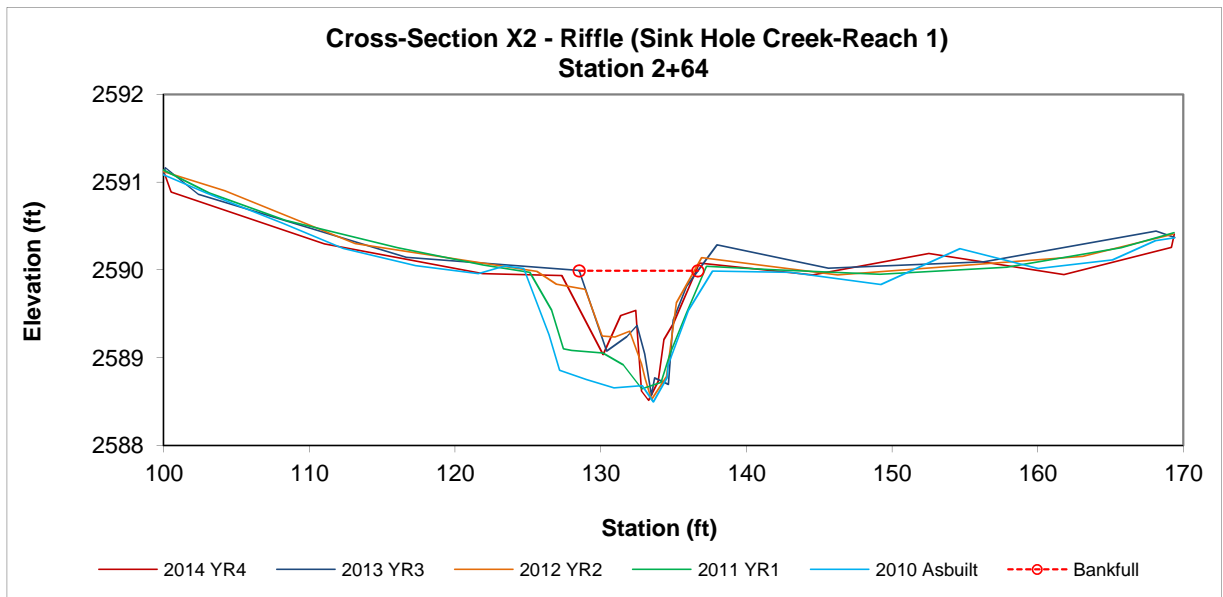


Photo 3: XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 4: XS-2 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Eb	14.4	13.02	1.11	1.93	11.78	1	4.4	2580.56	2580.57

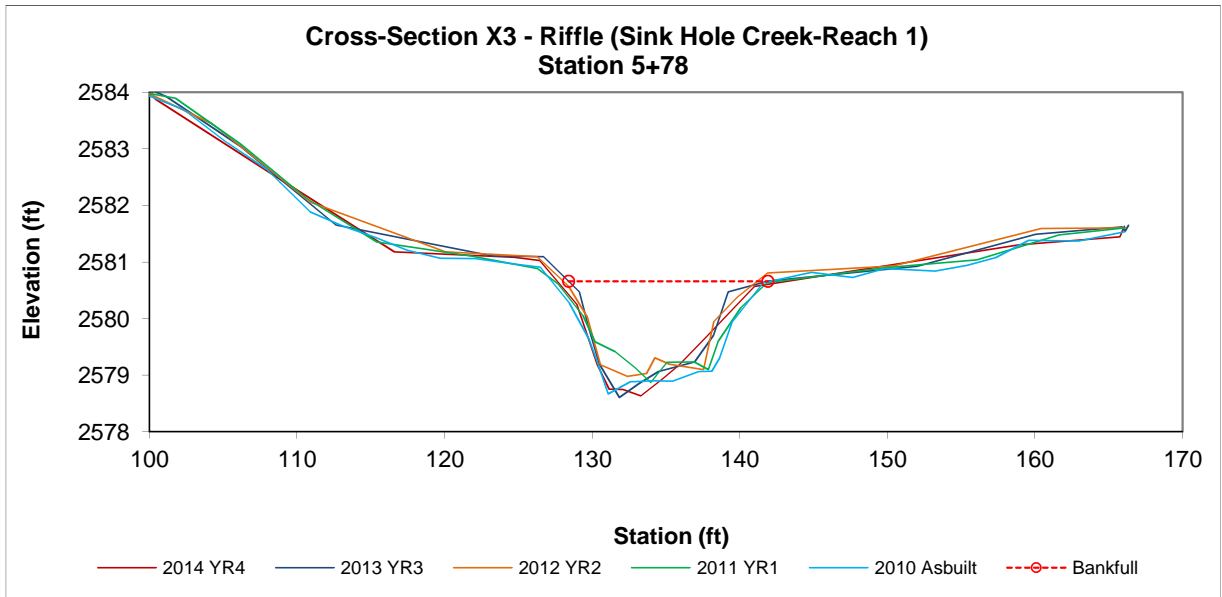


Photo 5: XS-3 facing right bank



Photo 6: XS-3 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool	Cb	10.9	15.53	0.7	2.16	22.12	1	5.4	2562.07	2562.07

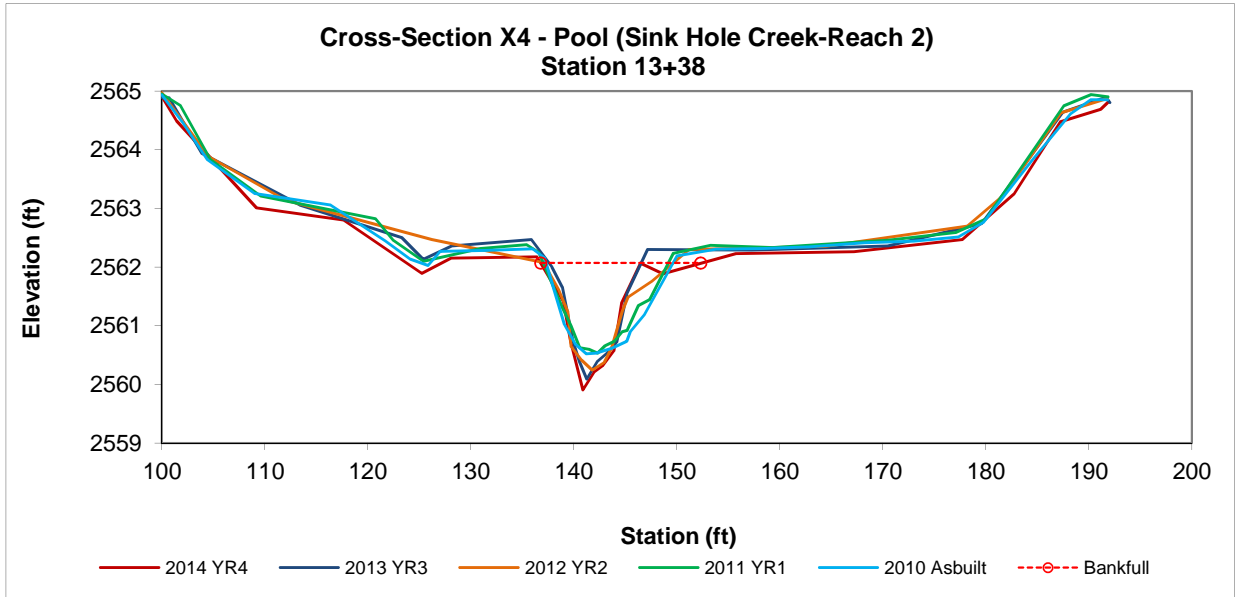


Photo 7: XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 8: XS-4 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Eb	27.1	20.6	1.32	2.64	15.64	1	3.6	2561.67	2561.69

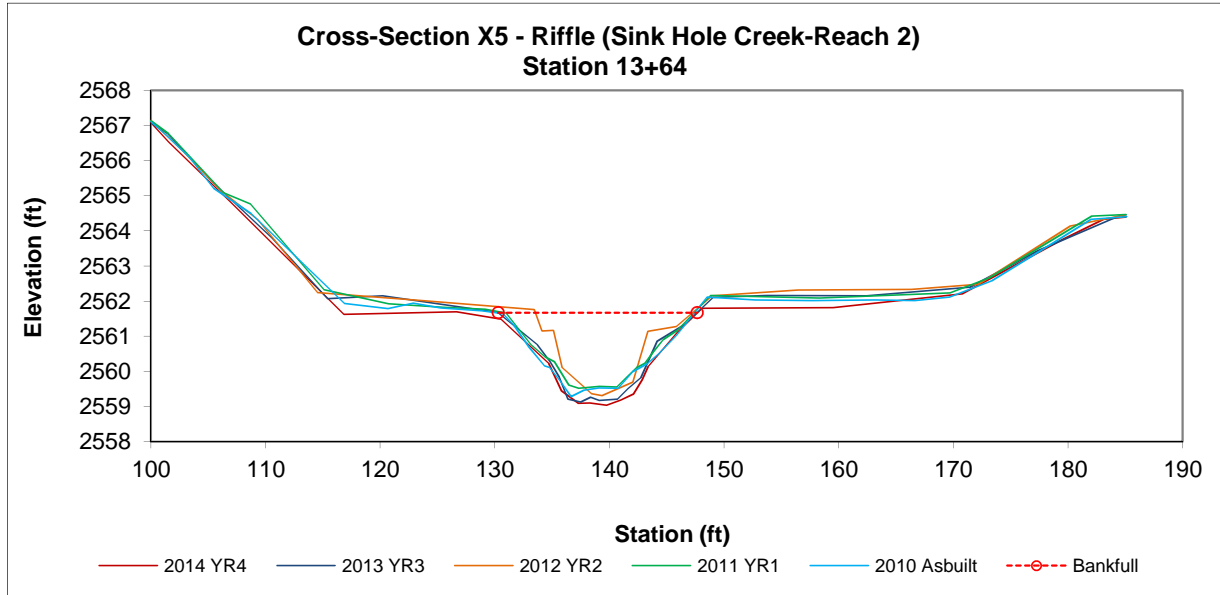


Photo 9: XS-5 facing right bank



Photo 10: XS-5 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Eb	11.9	13.31	0.9	1.88	14.86	1	4	2553.22	2553.22

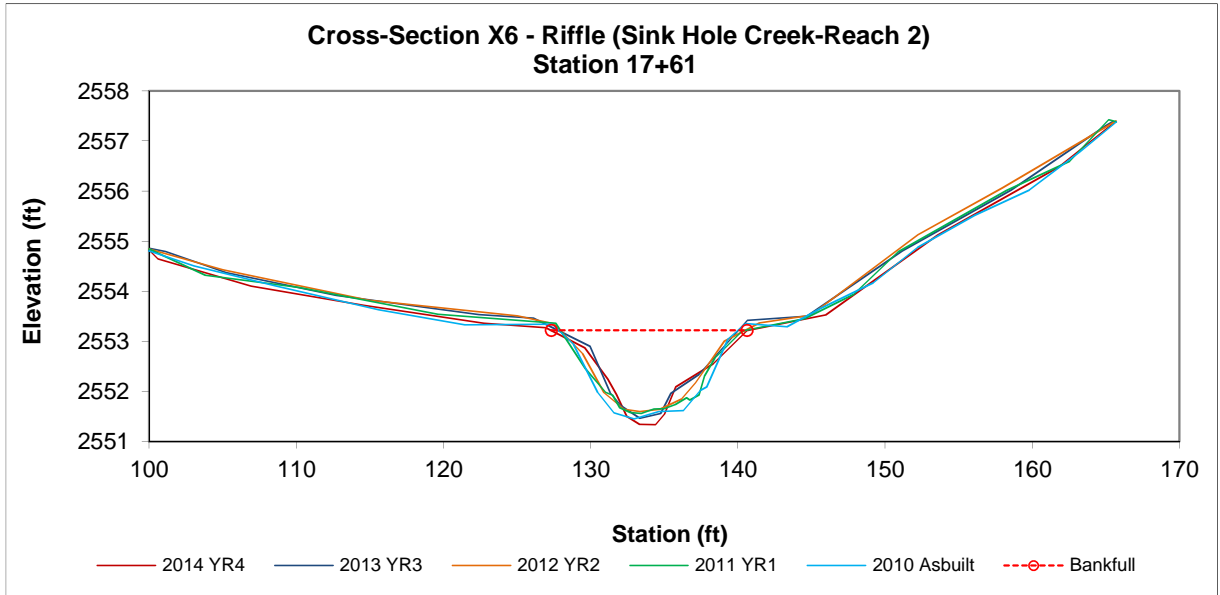


Photo 11: XS-6 facing right bank



Photo 12: XS-6 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		8.1	10.52	0.77	1.4	13.64	1.1	4.1	2582.69	2582.9

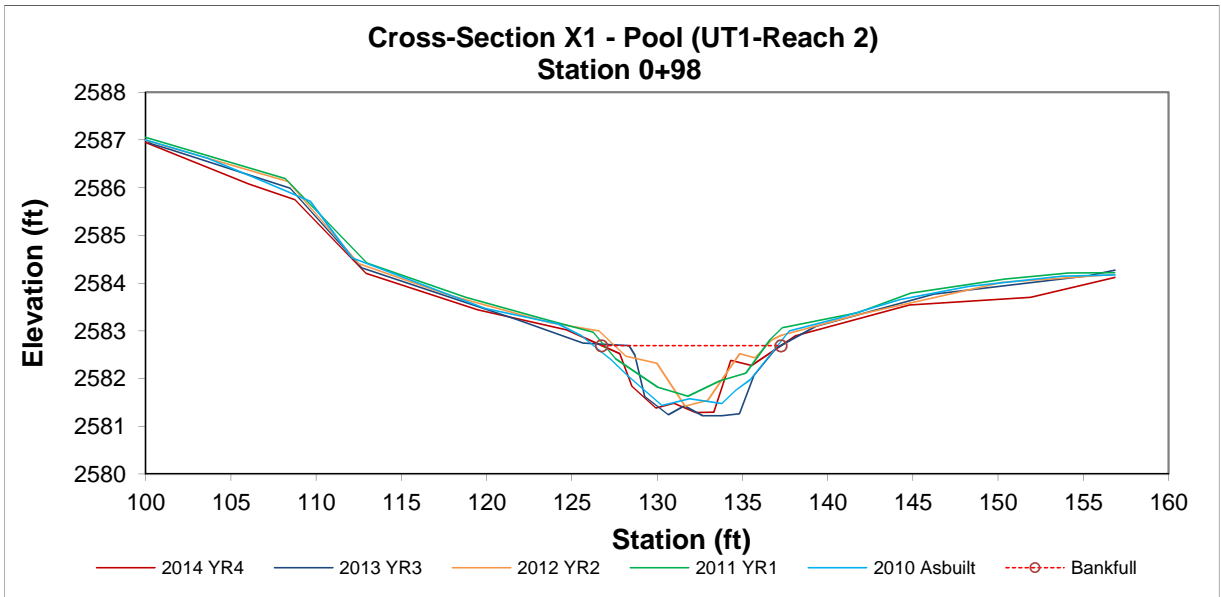


Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo 2: XS-1 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Cb	2.7	6.18	0.44	1.08	13.9	1	6.2	2578.89	2578.92

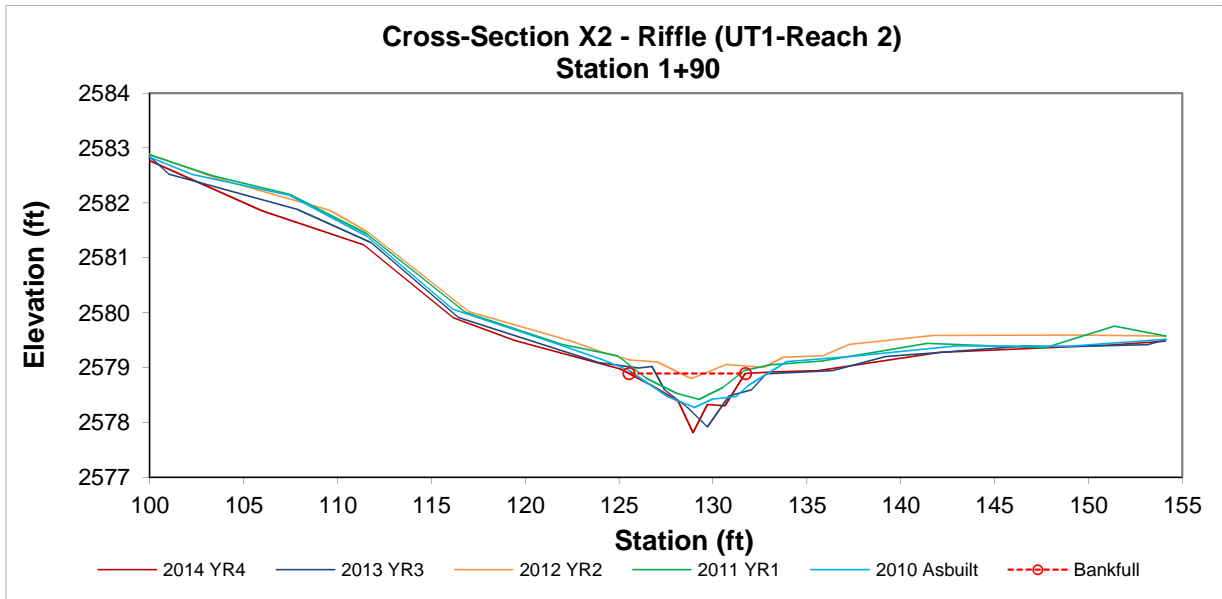


Photo 3: XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 4: XS-2 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Ba	0.8	5.78	0.15	0.3	39.79	1.1	4.7	2768.88	2768.9

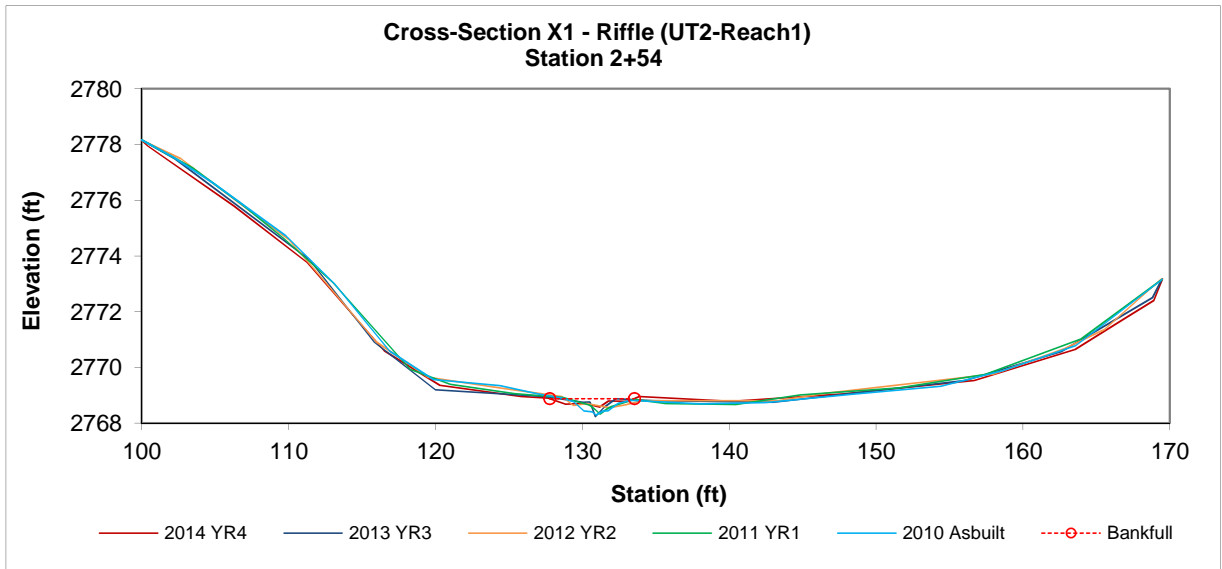


Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo 2: XS-1 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		4.3	7.02	0.62	1.27	11.39	1.1	4.1	2752.78	2752.92

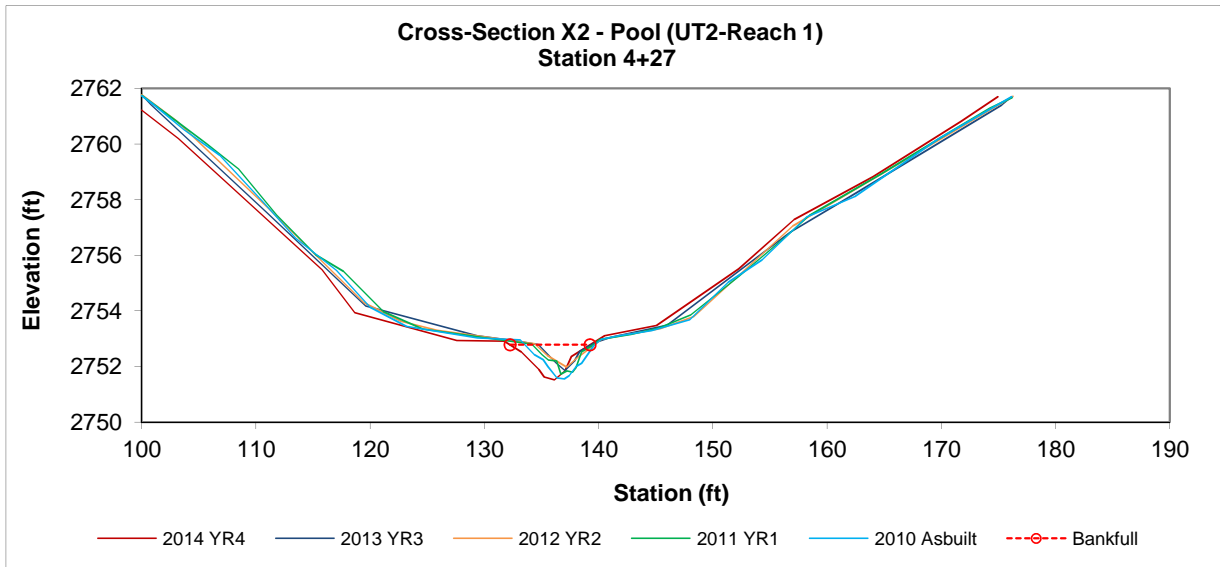


Photo 3: XS-2 facing right bank



Photo 4: XS-2 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Ba	3.1	5.99	0.51	1.16	11.67	1	7.3	2737.05	2737.03

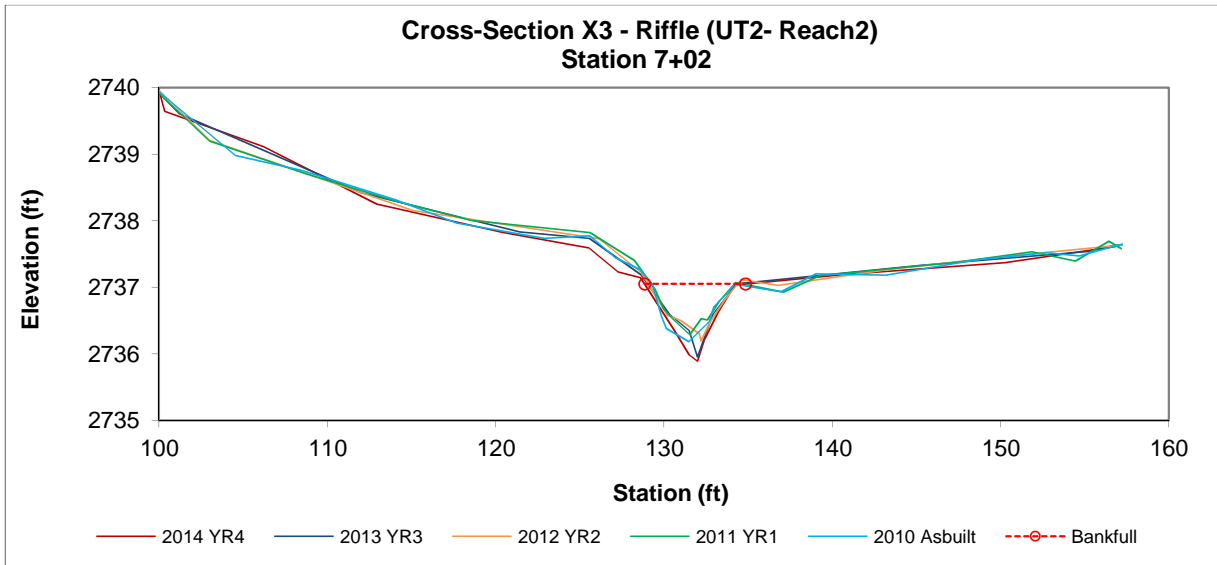


Photo 5: XS-3 facing right bank



Photo 6: XS-3 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Ba	5.1	7.01	0.73	1.61	9.59	1	7.4	2723.82	2723.82

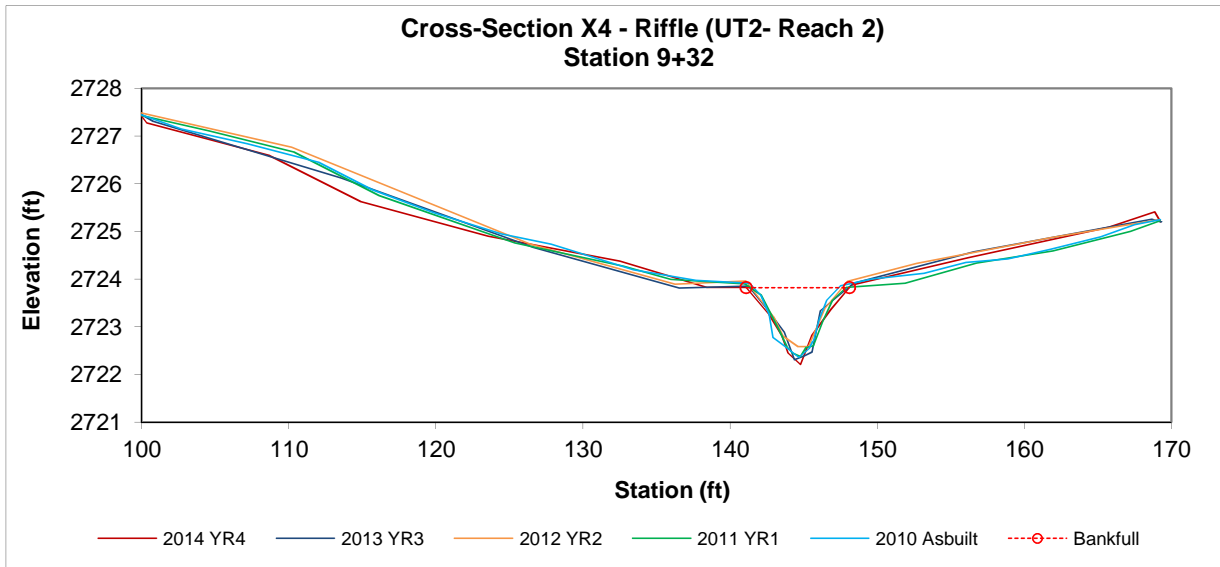


Photo 7: XS-4 facing right bank



Photo 8: XS-4 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		6.4	9.91	0.65	1.61	15.23	1	6.8	2716.2	2716.2

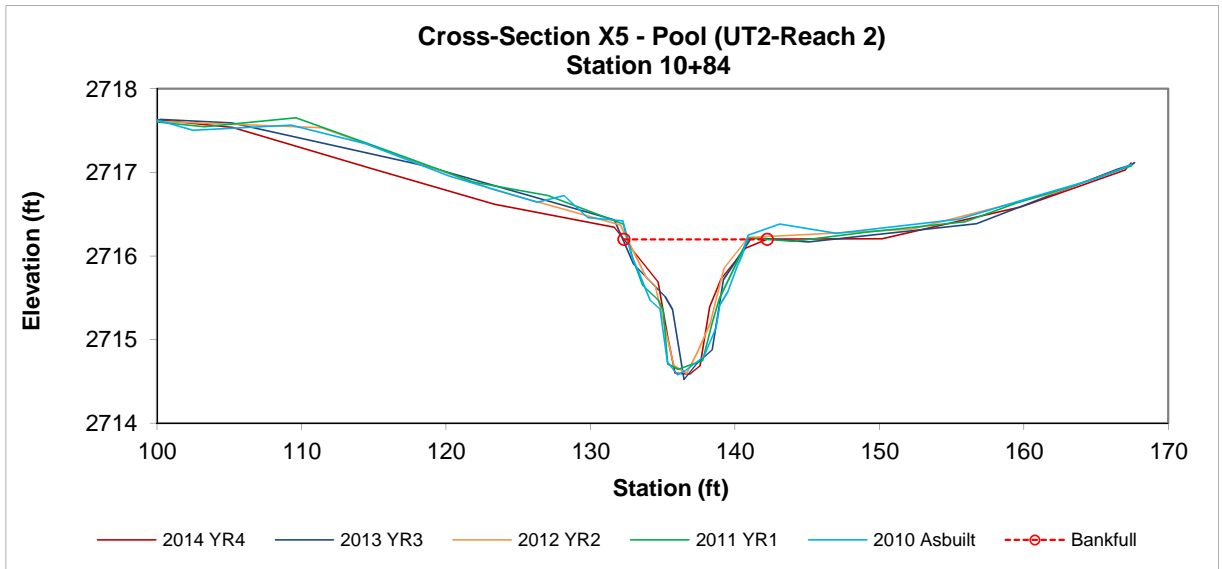


Photo 9: XS-5 facing right bank



Photo 10: XS-5 facing left bank

Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Riffle	Ba	3.9	9.19	0.43	0.81	21.39	1	3.9	2762.64	2762.61

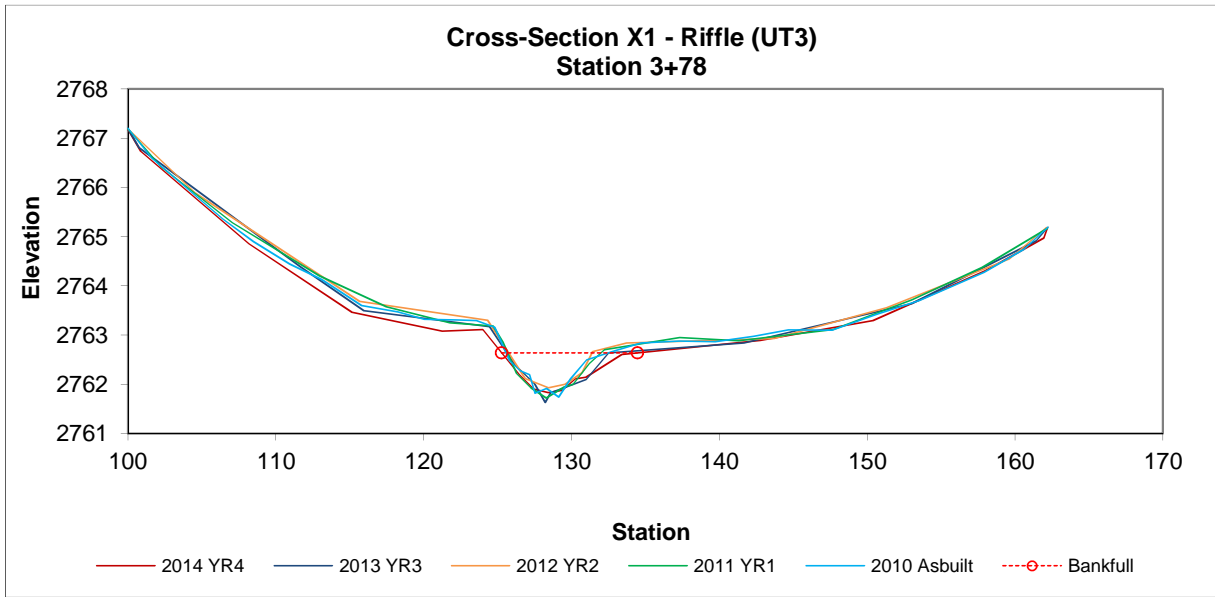


Photo 1: XS-1 facing right bank



Photo 2: XS-1 facing left bank



Feature	Stream Type	BKF Area	BKF Width	BKF Depth	Max BKF Depth	W/D	BH Ratio	ER	BKF Elev	TOB Elev
Pool		4.4	6.88	0.64	1.13	10.68	1	6.2	2757.37	2757.37

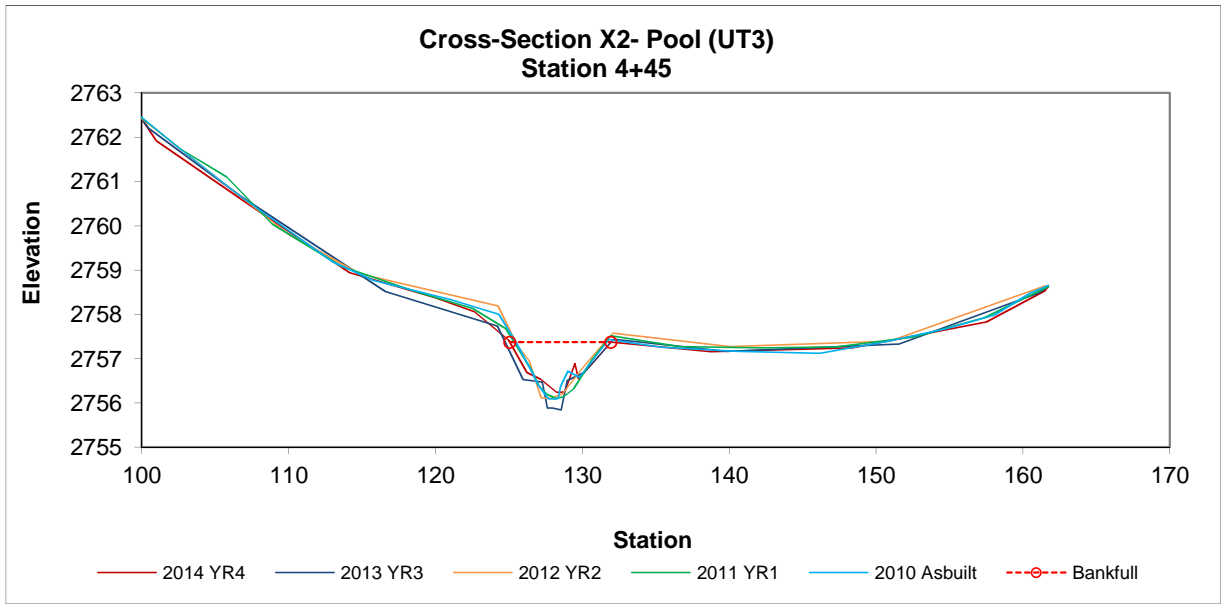
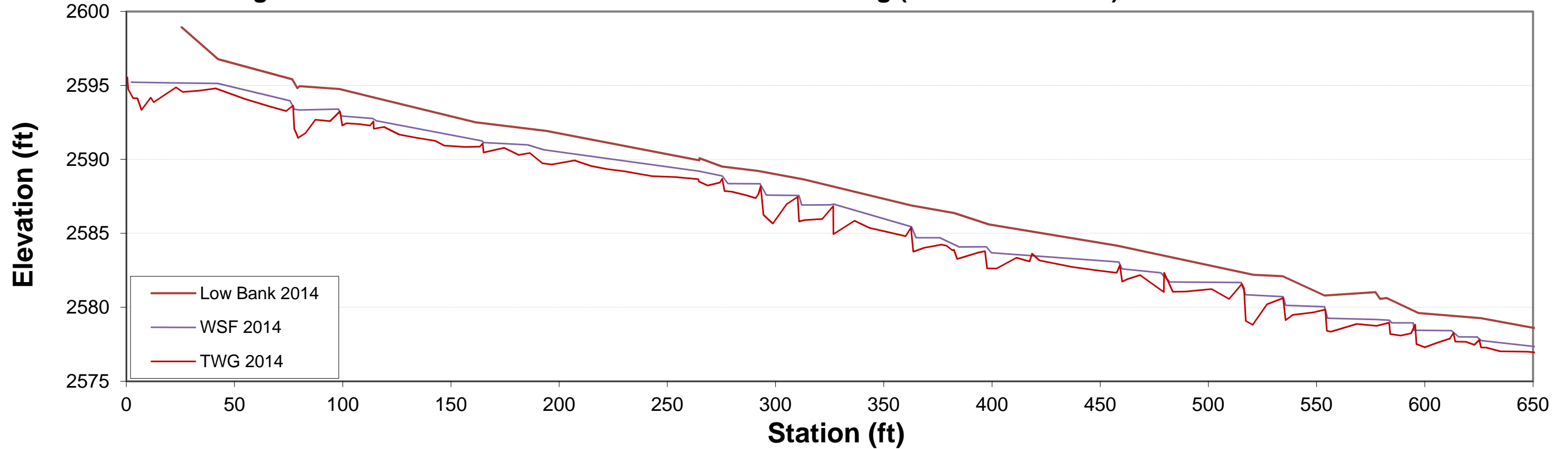


Photo 3: XS-2 facing right bank

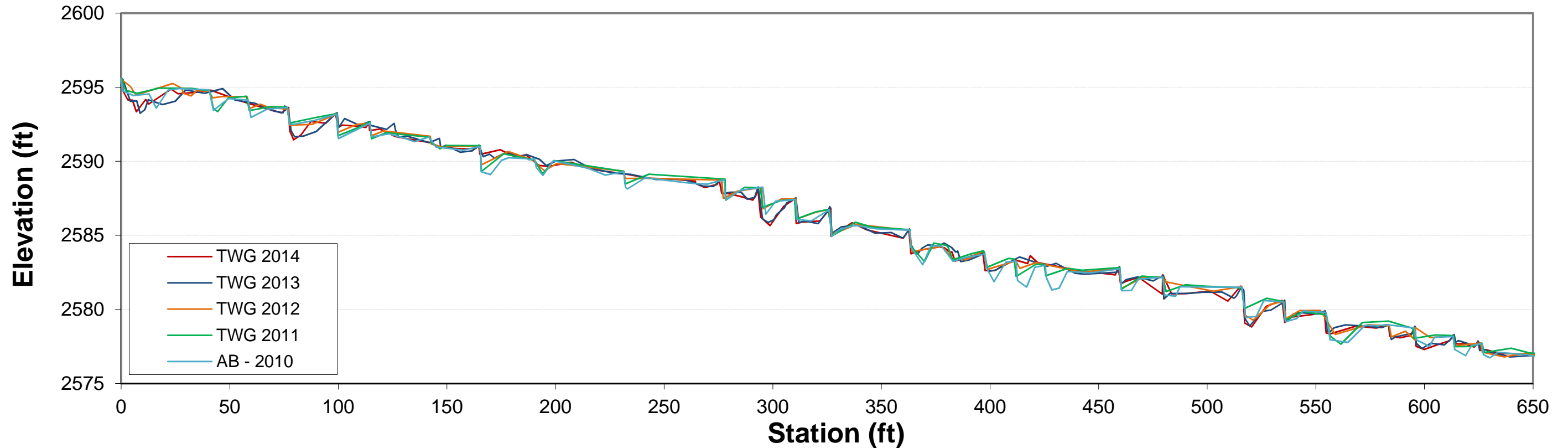


Photo 4: XS-2 facing left bank

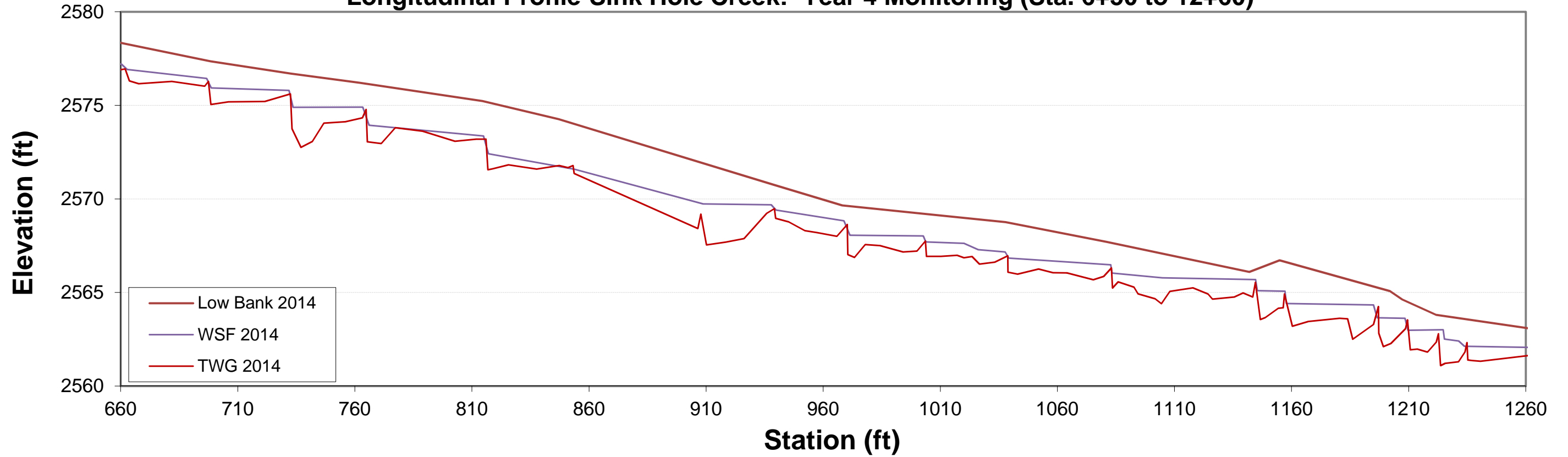
**Longitudinal Profile - Sink Hole Creek: Year 4 Monitoring (Sta. 0+00 to 6+50)**



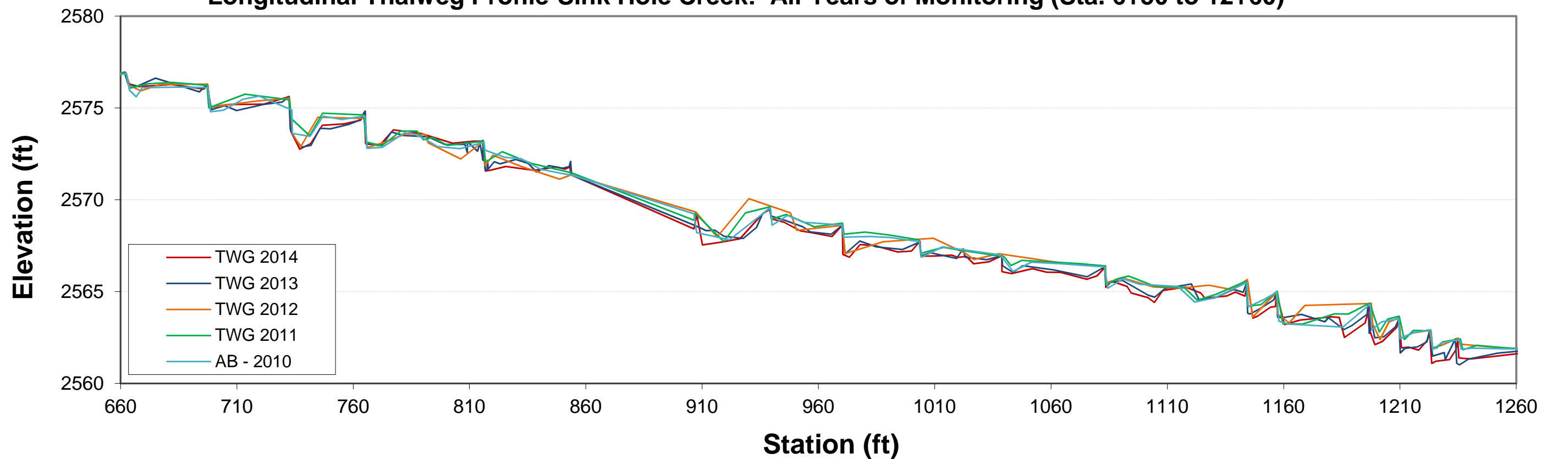
**Longitudinal Thalweg Profile - Sink Hole Creek: All Years of Monitoring (Sta. 0+00 to 6+50)**



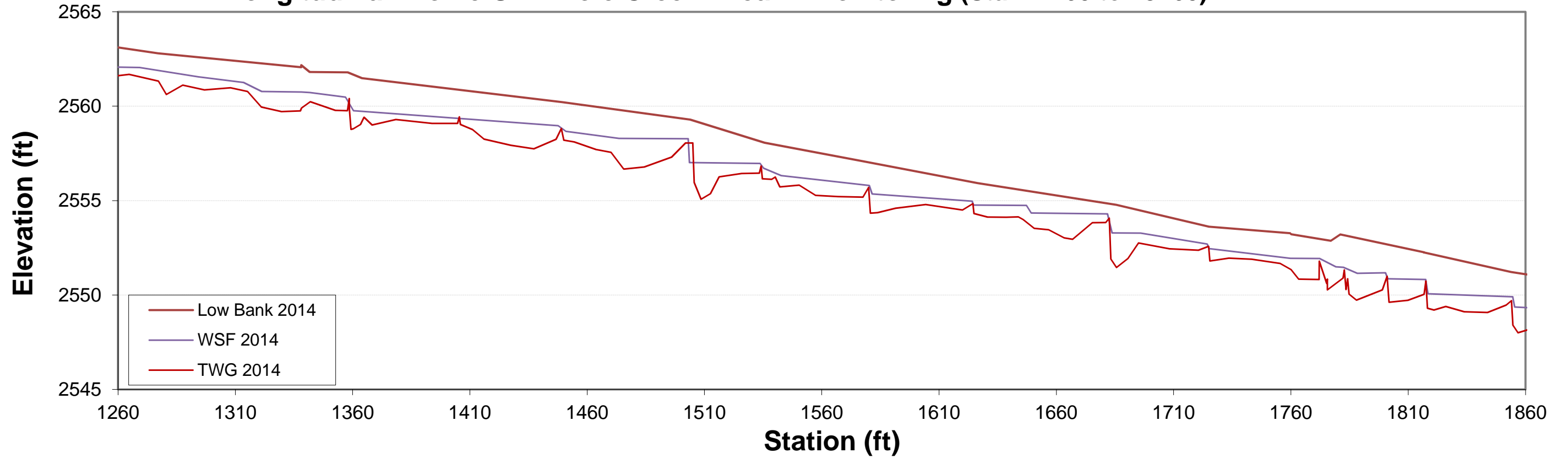
**Longitudinal Profile-Sink Hole Creek: Year 4 Monitoring (Sta. 6+50 to 12+60)**



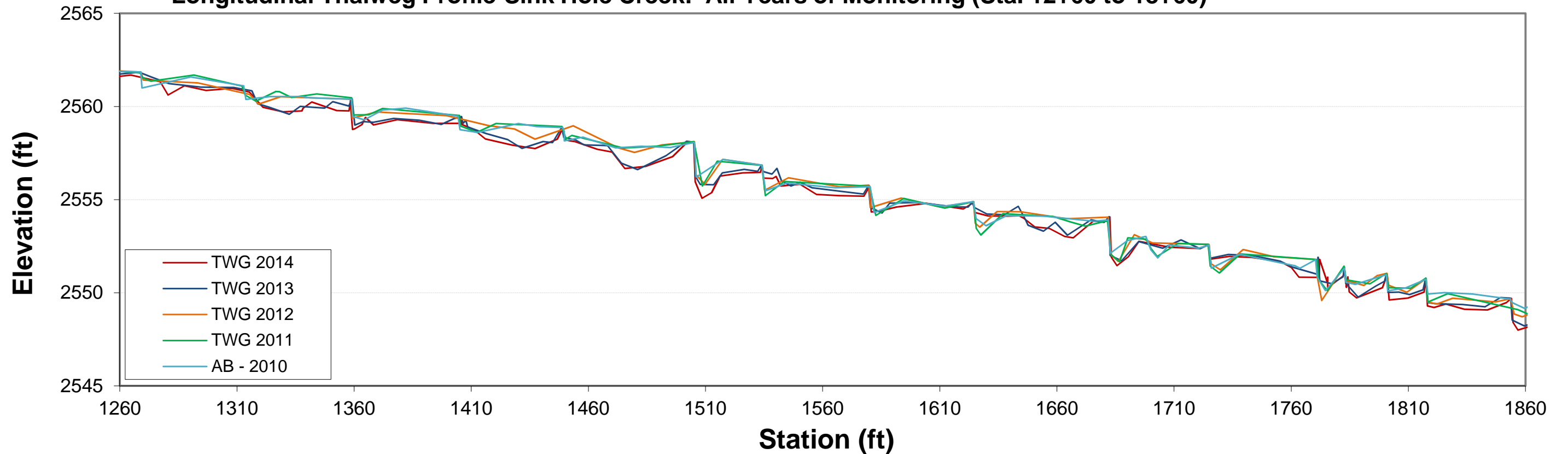
**Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-Sink Hole Creek: All Years of Monitoring (Sta. 6+50 to 12+60)**



**Longitudinal Profile-Sink Hole Creek: Year 4 Monitoring (Sta. 12+60 to 18+60)**

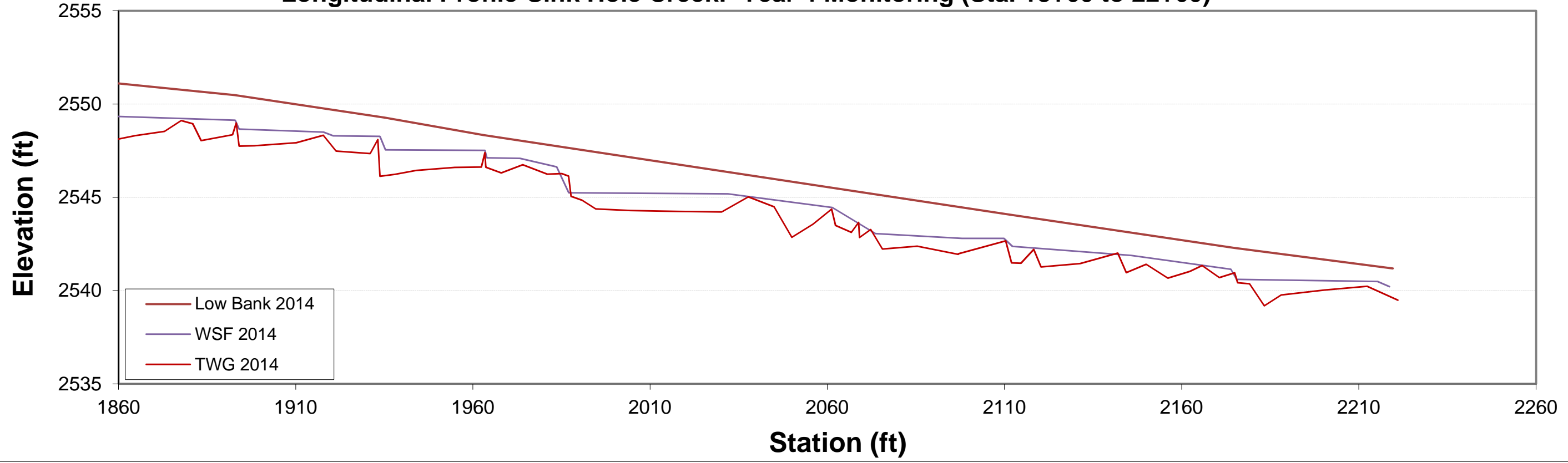


**Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-Sink Hole Creek: All Years of Monitoring (Sta. 12+60 to 18+60)**

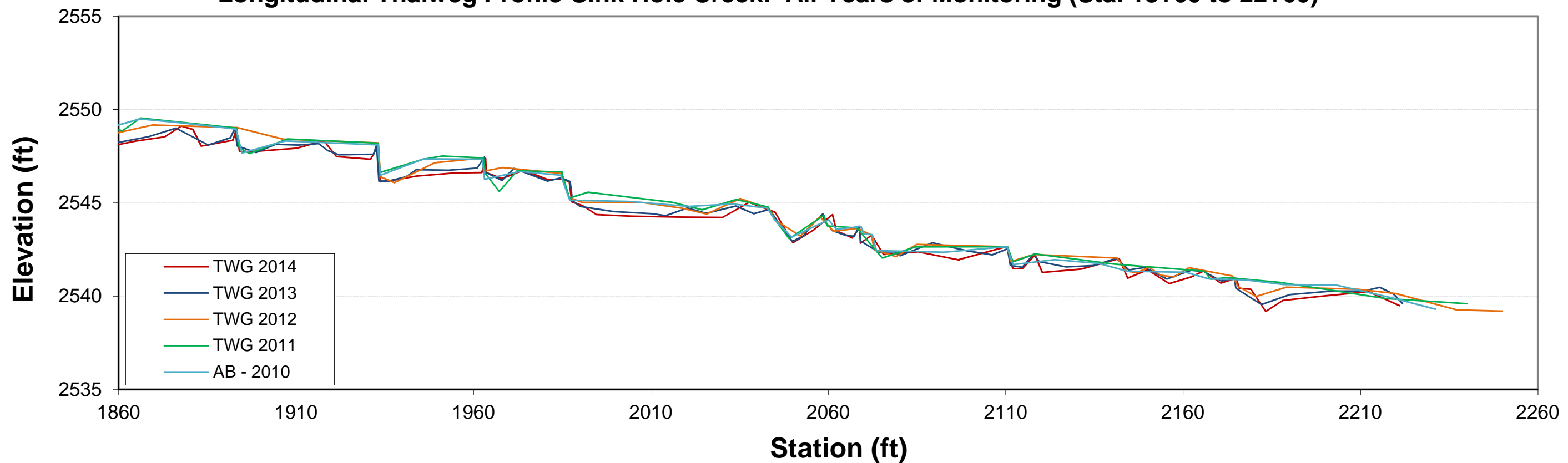




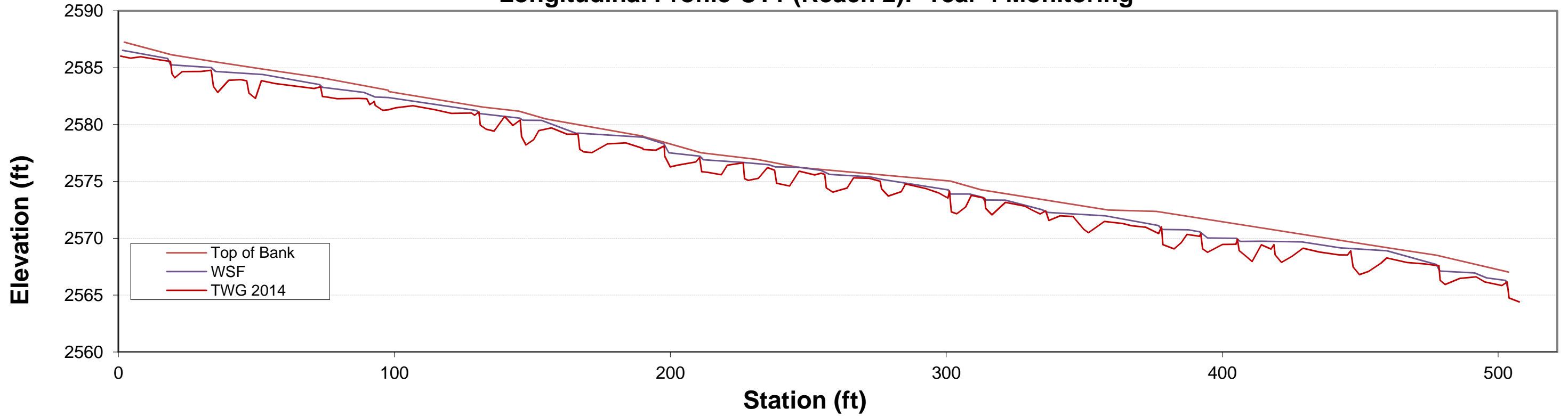
**Longitudinal Profile-Sink Hole Creek: Year 4 Monitoring (Sta. 18+60 to 22+60)**



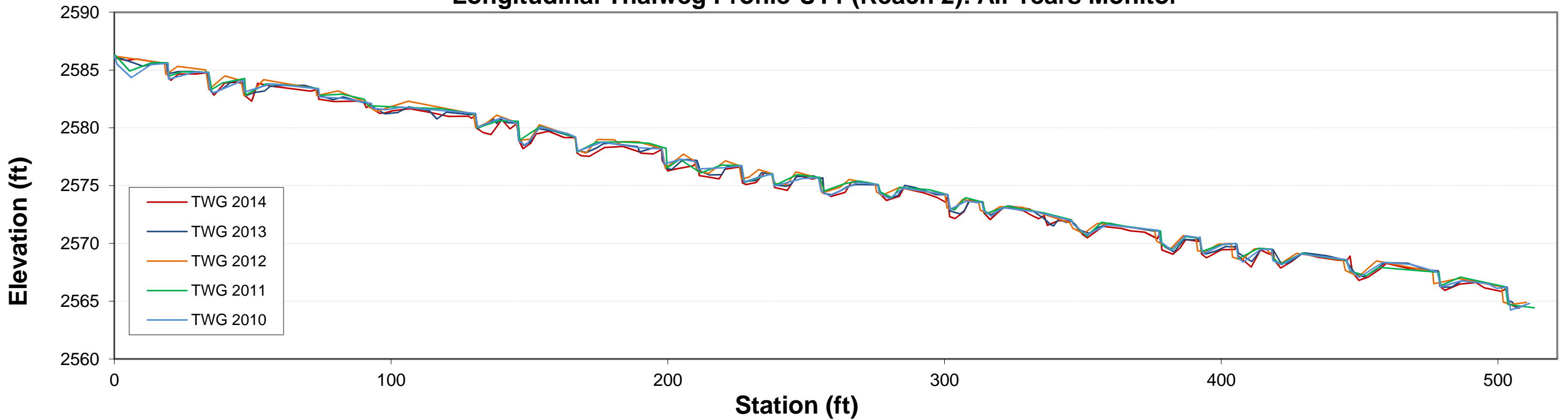
**Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-Sink Hole Creek: All Years of Monitoring (Sta. 18+60 to 22+60)**



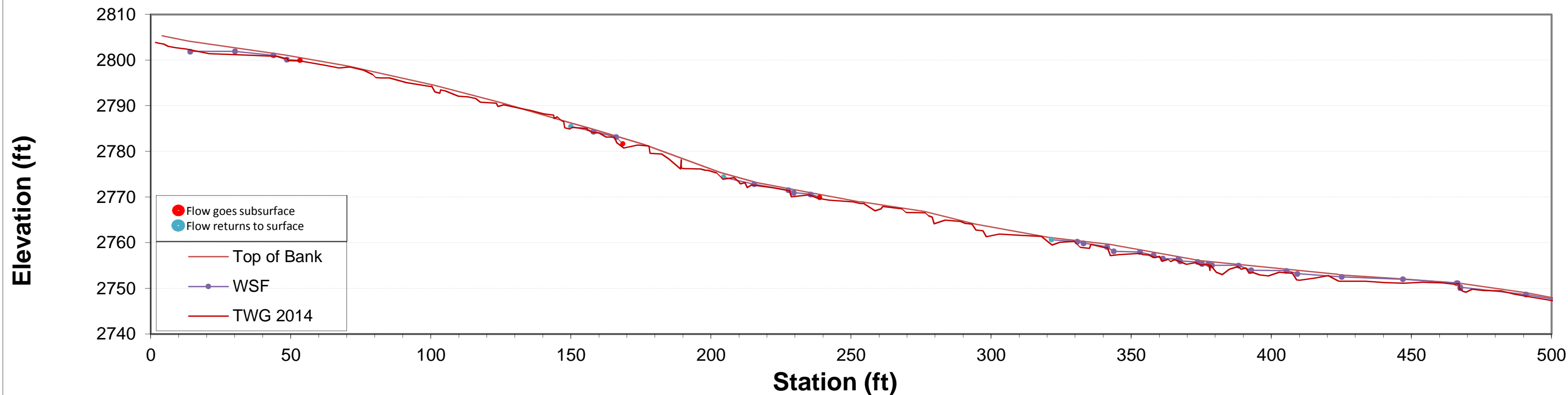
**Longitudinal Profile-UT1 (Reach 2): Year 4 Monitoring**



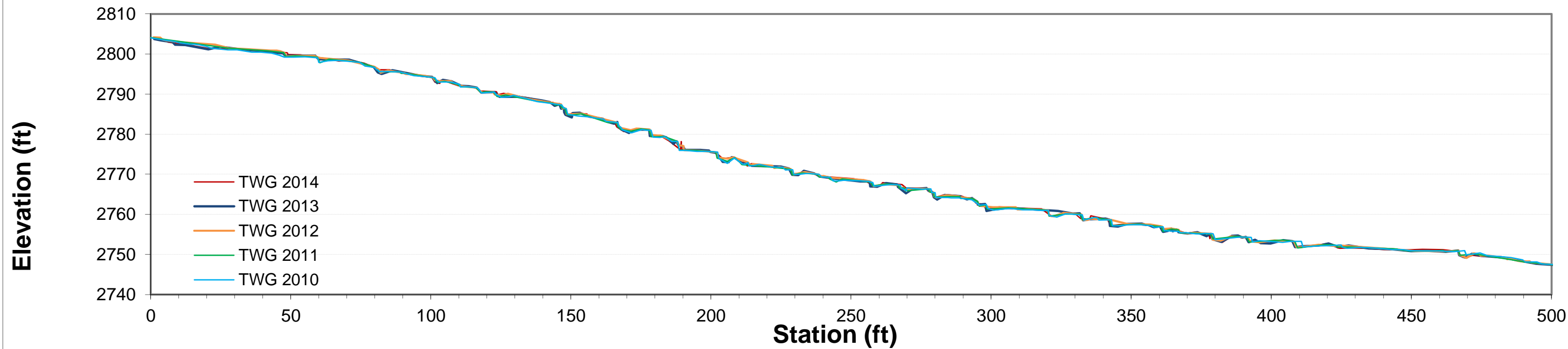
**Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-UT1 (Reach 2): All Years Monitor**



### Longitudinal Profile-UT2: MY4, (Station 0+00 to 5+00)

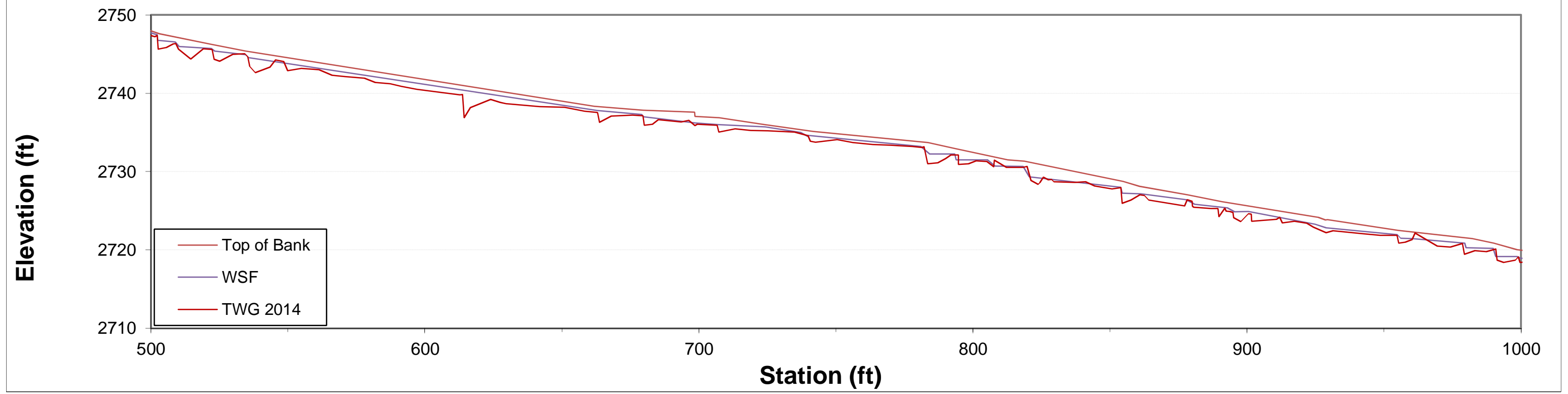


### Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-UT2: All Years, (Station 0+00 to 5+00)

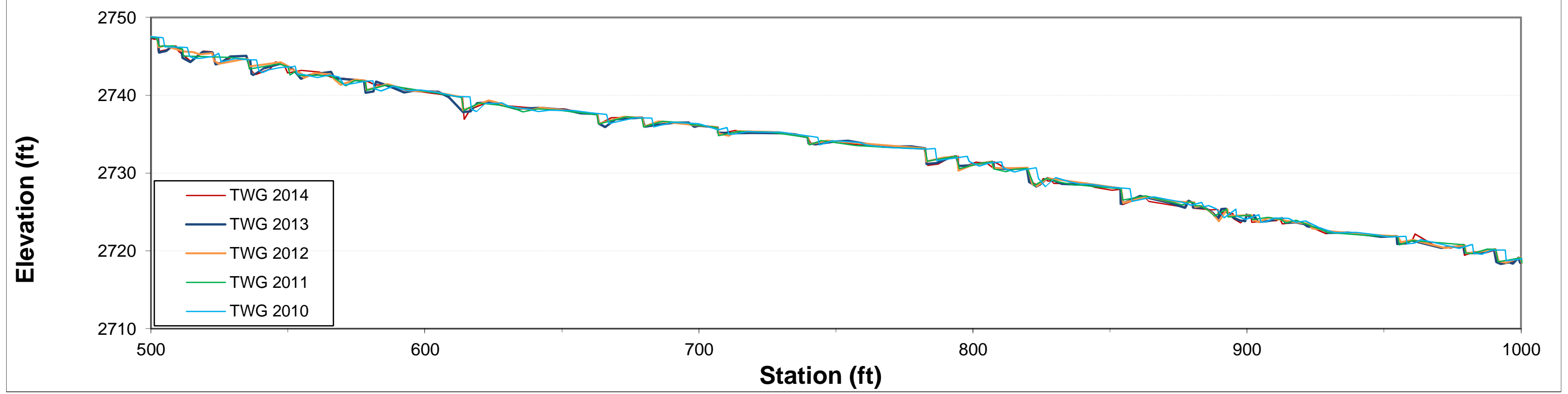




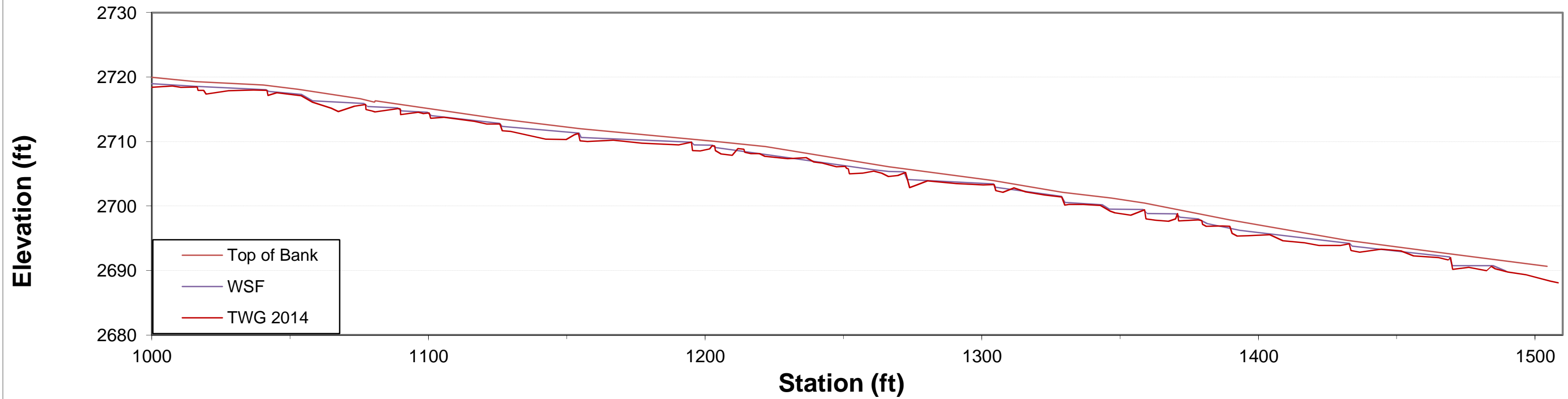
**Longitudinal Profile-UT2: MY4, (Station 5+00 to 10+00)**



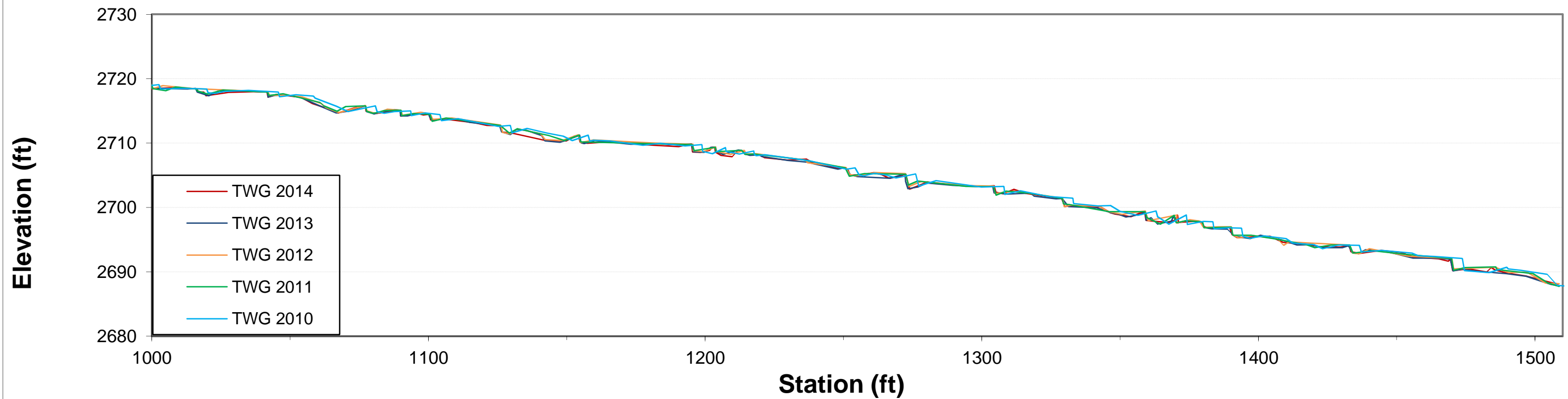
**Longitudinal Profile-UT2: All Years, (Station 5+00 to 10+00)**



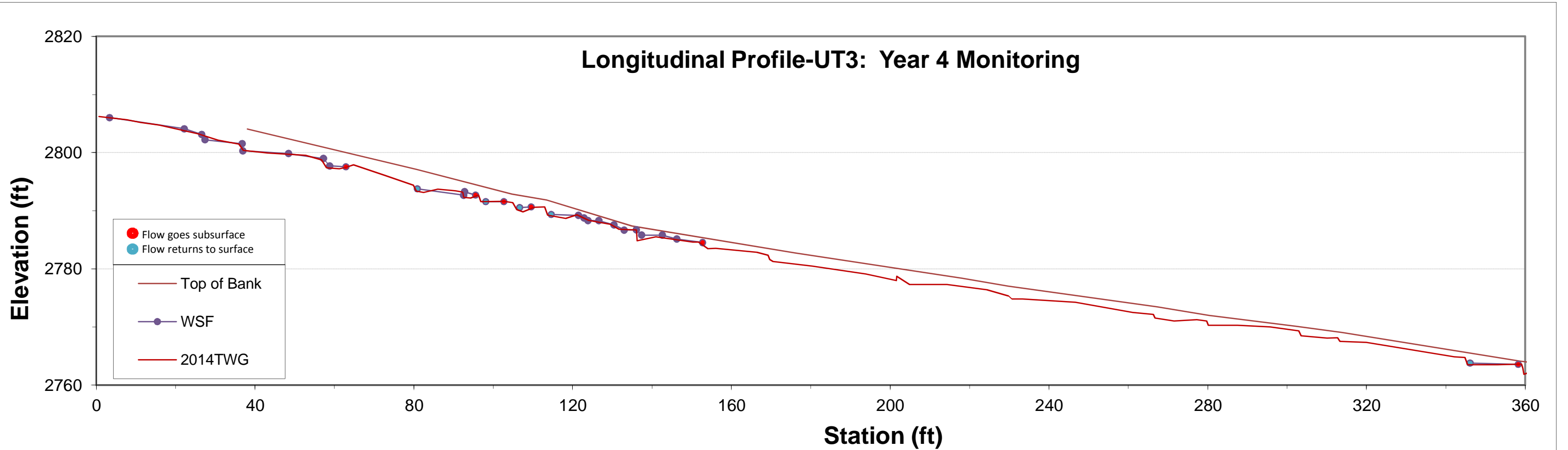
**Longitudinal Profile-UT2: MY4, (Station 10+00 to 15+10)**



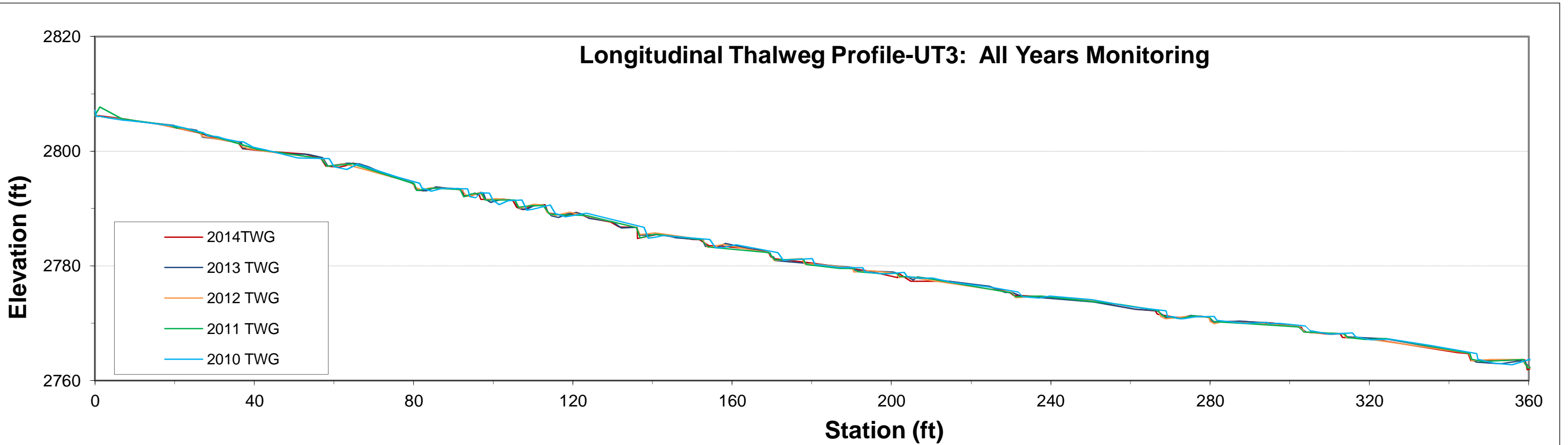
**Longitudinal Profile-UT2: All Years, (Station 10+00 to 15+10)**



### Longitudinal Profile-UT3: Year 4 Monitoring

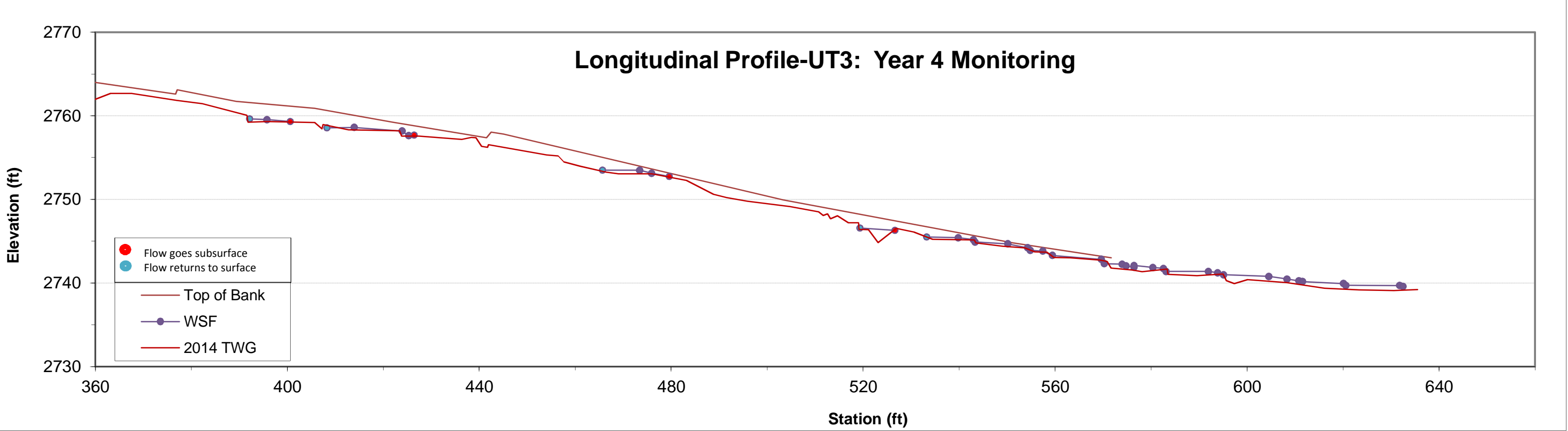


### Longitudinal Thalweg Profile-UT3: All Years Monitoring

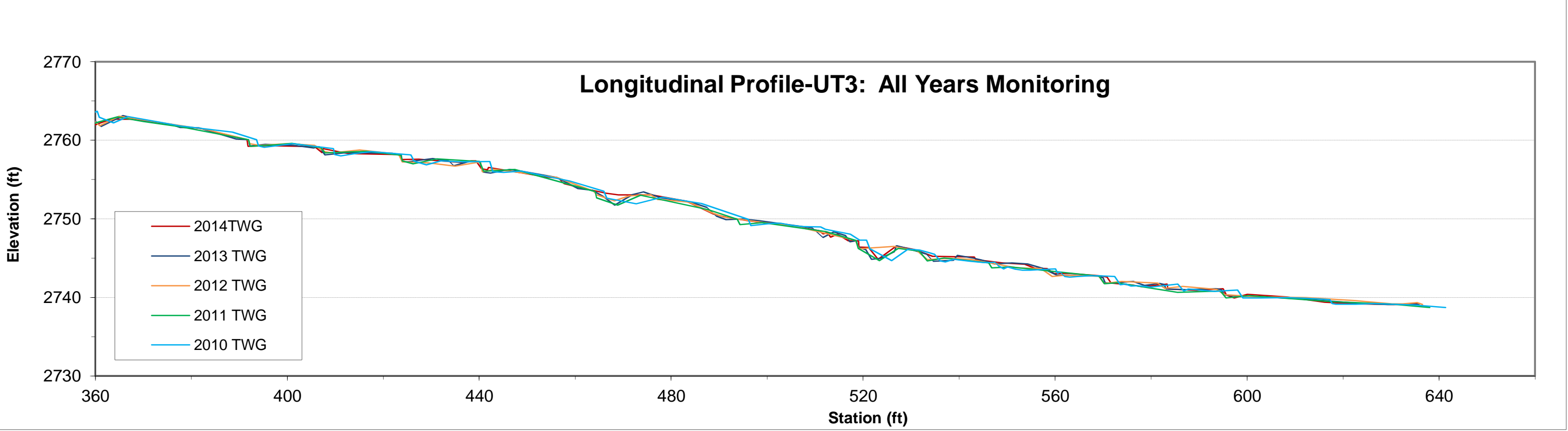




### Longitudinal Profile-UT3: Year 4 Monitoring



### Longitudinal Profile-UT3: All Years Monitoring



<b>Table 11. Categorical Visual Morphological Stability Assessment</b>						
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project: Project No. 92663						
<b>Sink Hole Creek Reach 1 (1,019 LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	98%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
<b>Sink Hole Creek Reach 2 (1,073 LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
<b>UT1 Reach 2 (489 LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	

<b>UT2 Reach 1 (596 LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	100%	98%	100%	82%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
<b>UT2 Reach 2 (885LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	94%	96%	96%	100%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	99%	97%	98%	98%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
<b>UT3 (641 LF)</b>						
<b>Feature</b>	<b>Initial</b>	<b>MY-01</b>	<b>MY-02</b>	<b>MY-03</b>	<b>MY-04</b>	<b>MY-05</b>
Riffles	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Pools	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Thalweg	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Meanders	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Bed General	100%	79%	94%	77%	73%	
Bank Condition	100%	100%	100%	100%	100%	
Rock/Log Drops	100%	99%	93%	88%	100%	
Vanes / J Hooks etc.	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	
Wads and Boulders	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	



**Table 12. Visual Morphological Stability Assessment**  
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project: Project No. 92663

Sink Hole Reach 1 (1,019 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	25	25	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	25	25	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	25	25	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	25	25	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	25	25	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	34	34	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	34	34	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	<b>100%</b> <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	3	3	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	3	3	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	3	3	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	3	3	0/0	100	<b>100%</b> <sup>3</sup>
E. Bed General	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	1,019	1,019	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	1,019	1,019	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	34	34	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	34	34	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>N/A</b>
Sink Hole Reach 2 (1,073 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	19	19	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	19	19	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	19	19	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	19	19	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	19	19	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	27	27	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	27	27	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	27	27	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	<b>100%</b> <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	3	3	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	3	3	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	3	3	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	3	3	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
E. Bed General	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	1,073	1,073	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	1,073	1,073	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	24	24	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	24	24	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	24	24	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	24	24	0/0	100	<b>100%</b>
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	<b>N/A</b>

UT1 Reach 2 (489 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	15	15	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	15	15	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	15	15	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	15	15	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	15	15	0/0	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	24	24	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	24	24	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	24	24	0/0	100	100%
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	100% <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	2	2	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	2	2	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	2	2	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	2	2	0/0	100	100%
E. Bed General	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	489	489	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	489	489	0/0	100	100%
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	24	24	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	24	24	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	24	24	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	24	24	0/0	100	100%
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UT2 Reach 1 (596 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	23	23	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	23	23	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	23	23	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	23	23	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	23	23	0/0	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	27	27	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	27	27	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	27	27	0/0	100	100%
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	100% <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	2	2	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	2	2	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	2	2	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	2	2	0/0	100	100%
E. Bed General <sup>4</sup>	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	596	596	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	380	596	596/216	64	82%
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	28	28	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	28	28	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	28	28	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	28	28	0/0	100	100%
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

UT2 Reach 2 (885 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	23	23	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	23	23	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	23	23	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	23	23	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	23	23	0/0	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	37	37	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	37	37	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	37	37	0/0	100	100%
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	100% <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	3	3	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	3	3	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	3	3	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	3	3	0/0	100	100%
E. Bed General <sup>4</sup>	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	885	885	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	885	885	0/0	100	100%
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	37	37	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	37	37	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	37	37	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	34	37	0/0	92	98%
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
UT3 (641 LF)						
Feature Category	Metric (per As-Built and reference baselines)	(# Stable) Number Performing as Intended	Total number per As-Built	Total Number / feet in unstable state	% Performing in Stable Condition	Feature Performance Mean or Total
A. Riffles	1. Present?	25	25	0/0	100	
	2. Armor stable (e.g. no displacement)?	25	25	0/0	100	
	3. Facet grades appears stable?	25	25	0/0	100	
	4. Minimal evidence of embedding/fining?	25	25	0/0	100	
	5. Length appropriate?	25	25	0/0	100	100%
B. Pools	1. Present? (e.g. not subject to severe aggradation or migration?)	34	34	0/0	100	
	2. Sufficiently deep (Max Pool D:Mean Bkf >1.6?)	34	34	0/0	100	
	3. Length appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	100%
C. Thalweg <sup>1</sup>	1. Upstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Downstream of pool (structure) centering?	1	1	0/0	100	100% <sup>2</sup>
D. Meanders	1. Outer bend in state of limited/controlled erosion?	1	1	0/0	100	
	2. Of those eroding, # w/concomitant point bar formation?	1	1	0/0	100	
	3. Apparent Rc within spec?	1	1	0/0	100	
	4. Sufficient floodplain access and relief?	1	1	0/0	100	100%
E. Bed General <sup>4</sup>	1. General channel bed aggradation areas (bar formation)	641	641	0/0	100	
	2. Channel bed degradation - areas of increasing down-cutting or head cutting?	293	641	641/348	46	73%
F. Vanes, Rock/Log Drop Structures	1. Free of back or arm scour?	34	34	0/0	100	
	2. Height appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	
	3. Angle and geometry appear appropriate?	34	34	0/0	100	
	4. Free of piping or other structural failures?	34	34	0/0	100	100%
G. Wads/Boulders	1. Free of scour?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	
	2. Footing stable?	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
<sup>1</sup> Thalweg feature is scored according to the centering of the thalweg over inverts of drop structures above pools and through the constructed riffle below pools since this reach is a step-pool channel without meander bends.						
<sup>2</sup> Of the structures and riffles that contained flow, 100% had a centered thalweg. Structures and riffles lacking baseflow appeared to have a centered thalweg.						
<sup>3</sup> Given the stream types present within the project area, stream flow energy was primarily managed vertically through drop control structures. Pattern adjustments were not designed to increase sinuosity on-site. As a result, the features addressed in Section D. 1-3 are not as common to the project site as they are on C or E-type channels in more gently sloping terrain.						
<sup>4</sup> The channel bed is stable; the linear feet provided in Column F represents the total linear feet of subsurface flow. However, we do not imply that this condition implies an unstable or unnatural condition, in fact we believe this is a natural condition for this type channel.						



Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table																									
Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663																									
Stream Reach Data Summary																									
Sink Hole Creek: Reach 1																									
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			(As-Built)			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5		
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	16.9	11.7	19.7	27.6	12.3	12.7	13.0	12.9	13.5	14.2	12.6	13.5	14.3	10.8	12.6	14.4	8.1	10.8	13.5	9.1	11.0	13.0			
Floodprone Width (ft)	-----	20.0	30.5	41.0	70.0	85.0	100.0	58.0	63.7	69.4	56.7	63.0	69.4	58.0	63.6	69.3	58.6	64.0	69.4	60.0	60.0	60.0			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.00	0.60	0.85	1.10	1.00	1.05	1.10	0.95	1.09	1.23	0.78	0.90	1.01	0.56	0.84	1.11	0.65	0.86	1.07	0.61	0.86	1.11			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	-----	0.90	1.70	2.50	-----	1.40	-----	1.48	1.72	1.96	1.34	1.55	1.76	1.46	1.65	1.83	1.42	1.74	2.05	1.42	1.68	1.93			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	17.7	18.3	19.4	20.4	12.6	13.3	14.0	12.2	14.8	17.4	9.8	12.2	14.5	6.0	11.0	16.0	5.3	9.9	14.5	5.5	10.0	14.4			
Width/Depth Ratio	-----	8.6	12.0	15.4	11.8	11.9	12.0	11.6	12.6	13.6	14.1	15.2	16.2	13.0	16.1	19.2	12.6	12.6	12.6	11.8	13.3	14.8			
Entrenchment Ratio	-----	1.6	2.0	2.4	5.4	6.8	8.1	4.1	4.8	5.4	4.0	4.7	5.5	4.0	5.2	6.4	4.3	6.4	8.5	4.4	6.1	7.7			
Bank Height Ratio	-----	1.0	1.4	1.8	-----	1.0	-----	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	-----	-----	8.3	-----	-----	6.3	-----	-----	5.7	-----	-----	6.9	-----	-----	7.6	-----	-----	8.5	-----	-----	8.4				
<b>Pattern</b>																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)*	-----	16	36	55	45	60	74	30	47	70	30	47	70	30	47	70	30	47	70	30	47	70			
Radius of Curvature (ft)*	-----	28	38	47	31	38	45	32	39	47	32	39	47	32	39	47	32	39	47	32	39	47			
Meander Wavelength (ft)*	-----	70	165	260	138	142	145	135	140	146	135	140	146	135	140	146	135	140	146	135	140	146			
Meander Width Ratio*	-----	1.1	2.6	4.1	3.7	4.7	5.7	2.4	3.5	4.9	2.4	3.5	4.9	2.4	3.5	4.9	2.4	3.5	4.9	2.4	3.5	4.9			
<b>Profile</b>																									
Riffle Length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	9	21	32	7	21	32	10	23	46	19	30	46	7	35	37			
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.036	0.045	0.055	0.038	0.044	0.050	0.010	0.023	0.053	0.016	0.027	0.062	0.003	0.02173	0.052	0.015	0.027	0.041	0.009	0.030	0.088			
Pool Length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	7	15	21	8	14	22	11	15	17	13	19	23	10	22	44			
Pool Spacing (ft)	-----	42	137	231	18	40	62	17	35	66	15	33	46	15	33	57	21	38	61	8	31	93			
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	-----	0.1/6.6/14/71/110			.3/8/10/50/95			8/20/31/93/152			.6/16/34/110/172			6/25/42/119/185			9/25/41/113/165			24.7/41.6/55.6/134.4/274.4			-----		
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.9	-----	-----	1.6	-----	-----	1.5	-----	-----	1.1	-----	-----	1.4	-----	-----	1.6	-----			
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	12.0	-----	-----	8.8	-----	-----	10.5	-----	-----	8.6	-----	-----	12.1	-----	-----	13.5	-----			
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																									
Channel length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1036	-----	-----	1122	-----	-----	1122	-----	-----	1122	-----	-----	1122	-----	-----	1122	-----			
Drainage Area (SM)	-----	0.72	0.78	0.84	-----	0.72	-----	-----	0.72	-----	-----	0.72	-----	-----	0.72	-----	-----	0.72	-----	-----	0.72	-----			
Rosgen Classification	-----	-----	B4c	-----	-----	B4c/C4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----			
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	78	-----	161	-----	-----	84	-----	-----	84	-----	-----	84	-----	-----	84	-----	-----	84	-----	-----	84	-----			
Sinuosity	-----	1.08	1.09	1.09	1.10	1.15	1.20	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----			
BF slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.024	0.026	0.028	0.025	0.025	0.026	-----	0.026	-----	-----	0.029	-----	-----	0.029	-----	-----	0.029	-----	-----	0.029	-----			

Notes: Pattern data generated from subreach of Reach 1, directly upstream of the NC Hwy. 80 culvert, where channel slope decreases.

**Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663**

Stream Reach Data Summary Sink Hole Creek: Reach 2																									
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			(As-Built)			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5		
		Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
<b>Dimension - Riffle</b>	Eq.																								
Bankfull Width (ft)	17.7	11.7	19.7	27.6	12.3	12.7	13.0	13.1	14.9	16.7	12.3	14.4	16.4	13.9	14.0	14.1	14.2	15.8	17.4	13.3	17.0	20.6			
Floodprone Width (ft)	-----	20.0	30.5	41.0	70.0	85.0	100.0	54.3	62.2	70.1	51.3	59.5	67.7	52.2	62.0	71.8	54.6	64.2	73.8	55.0	64.7	74.4			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	1.04	0.60	0.85	1.10	1.00	1.05	1.10	1.18	1.29	1.40	1.04	1.18	1.31	1.00	1.17	1.33	0.97	1.19	1.40	0.90	1.11	1.32			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	-----	0.90	1.70	2.50	-----	1.40	-----	1.88	2.12	2.36	1.65	1.90	2.14	1.75	2.11	2.46	1.95	2.25	2.55	1.88	2.26	2.64			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	19.2	18.3	19.4	20.4	12.6	13.3	14.0	15.5	19.4	23.3	12.8	17.1	21.4	13.8	16.3	18.8	13.8	19.1	24.3	11.9	19.5	27.1			
Width/Depth Ratio	-----	8.6	12.0	15.4	11.8	11.9	12.0	11.0	11.5	11.9	11.8	12.2	12.5	10.6	12.2	13.9	12.4	13.5	14.6	14.9	15.2	15.6			
Entrenchment Ratio	-----	1.6	2.0	2.4	5.4	6.8	8.1	4.2	4.2	4.2	4.1	4.2	4.2	3.8	4.4	5.1	3.8	4.1	4.3	3.6	3.8	4.0			
Bank Height Ratio	-----	1.0	1.4	1.8	-----	1.0	-----	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.8	0.9	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0			
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	-----	-----	7.2	-----	-----	6.4	-----	-----	4.4	-----	-----	5.0	-----	-----	5.2	-----	-----	4.5	-----	-----	4.4	-----			
<b>Pattern</b>																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	-----	16	36	55	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Radius of Curvature (ft)	-----	28	38	47	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Meander Wavelength (ft)	-----	70	165	260	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Meander Width Ratio	-----	1.1	2.6	4.1	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
<b>Profile</b>																									
Riffle Length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	10	24	56	9	27	46	9	25	40	20	27	40	7	19	30			
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.036	0.045	0.055	0.038	0.044	0.050	0.017	0.023	0.046	0.007	0.021	0.046	0.008	0.022	0.046	0.016	0.020	0.025	0.010	0.030	0.069			
Pool Length (ft)	-----	13	15	16	-----	-----	-----	9	13	18	4	10	17	7	11	25	10	18	32	8	21	55			
Pool Spacing (ft)	-----	42	137	231	18	42	65	12	42	62	11	42	62	9	39	77	9	32	67	8	24	50			
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	-----	0.1/6.6/14/71/110			.3/8/10/50/95			8/18/26/79/135			11/20/34/134/212			19/41/58/143/245			17/35/52/128/245			24.7/41.6/55.6/134.4/274.4			-----		
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft <sup>2</sup>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.5	-----	-----	1.6	-----	-----	1.6	-----	-----	1.4	-----	-----	1.6	-----	-----	1.6	-----			
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	9.6	-----	-----	7.1	-----	-----	8.1	-----	-----	7.4	-----	-----	7.0	-----	-----	6.8	-----			
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																									
Channel length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1062	-----	-----	1073	-----	-----	1073	-----	-----	1073	-----	-----	1073	-----	-----	1073	-----			
Drainage Area (SM)	-----	0.72	0.78	0.84	-----	0.84	-----	-----	0.84	-----	-----	0.84	-----	-----	0.84	-----	-----	0.84	-----	-----	0.84	-----			
Rosgen Classification	-----	-----	B4c	-----	-----	B4c	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----	-----	Cb4/Eb4	-----			
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	88	-----	139	-----	-----	85	-----	-----	85	-----	-----	85	-----	-----	85	-----	-----	85	-----	-----	85	-----			
Sinuosity	-----	-----	1.16	-----	1.10	1.15	1.20	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.10	-----			
BF slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.024	0.026	0.028	0.025	0.025	0.026	-----	0.023	-----	-----	0.025	-----	-----	0.023	-----	-----	0.023	-----	-----	0.023	-----			

**Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663**

Stream Reach Data Summary: UT1 Reach 2																													
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			As-Built			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5						
	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max				
<b>Dimension - Riffle</b>																													
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.8	11.7	19.7	27.6	6.0	6.7	7.4	-----	9.5	-----	-----	12.5	-----	-----	11.0	-----	-----	10.5	-----	-----	6.2	-----							
Floodprone Width (ft)	-----	20.0	30.5	41.0	20.0	30.5	41.0	-----	36.9	-----	-----	37.3	-----	-----	33.1	-----	-----	38.7	-----	-----	>38.0	-----							
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.53	0.60	0.85	1.10	0.50	0.55	0.60	-----	0.45	-----	-----	0.33	-----	-----	0.15	-----	-----	0.38	-----	-----	0.44	-----							
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	-----	0.90	1.70	2.50	0.70	0.75	0.80	-----	0.83	-----	-----	0.79	-----	-----	0.41	-----	-----	1.10	-----	-----	1.08	-----							
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	5.1	10.2	21.6	33.0	3.2	3.9	4.6	-----	4.3	-----	-----	4.1	-----	-----	1.7	-----	-----	4.0	-----	-----	2.7	-----							
Width/Depth Ratio	-----	10.7	18.9	27.0	11.4	11.7	12.0	-----	21.1	-----	-----	37.7	-----	-----	72.4	-----	-----	27.4	-----	-----	13.9	-----							
Entrenchment Ratio	-----	1.3	16.7	32.0	9.5	13.1	16.7	-----	3.9	-----	-----	3.0	-----	-----	3.0	-----	-----	3.7	-----	-----	6.2	-----							
Bank Height Ratio	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	0.7	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	1.1	-----	-----	1.0	-----							
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	5.1	-----	-----	4.7	-----	-----	4.9	-----	-----	11.8	-----	-----	5.0	-----	-----	7.4	-----							
<b>Pattern</b>																													
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	-----	16	36	55	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Radius of Curvature (ft)	-----	28	38	47	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Meander Wavelength (ft)	-----	70	165	260	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
Meander Width Ratio	-----	3.5	5.8	8.0	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----			
<b>Profile</b>																													
Riffle Length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	5	13	20	5	14	21	5	14	21	13	16	18	3	14	24							
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.040	0.043	0.046	0.038	0.068	0.098	0.025	0.043	0.062	0.021	0.037	0.073	0.029	0.049	0.083	0.030	0.043	0.053	0.012	0.038	0.077							
Pool Length (ft)	-----	13	15	16	9	23	37	5	8	11	4	8	13	5	7	10	8	11	14	5	11	17							
Pool Spacing (ft)	-----	42	137	231	9	23	37	11	19	34	10	19	37	10	20	34	12	19	32	11	20	40							
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																													
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	-----	.2/12/32/81/155			.2/12/32/81/155			-----			-----			-----			-----			-----			-----						
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	1.5	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	0.8	-----	-----	0.4	-----	-----	1.0	-----	-----	1.0	-----							
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	7.7	-----	-----	4.8	-----	-----	3.8	-----	-----	4.3	-----	-----	5.1	-----	-----	7.8	-----							
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																													
Channel length (ft)	-----	-----	-----	-----	-----	489	-----	-----	489	-----	-----	489	-----	-----	489	-----	-----	489	-----	-----	489	-----							
Drainage Area (SM)	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----	-----	0.09	-----							
Rosgen Classification	-----	-----	A6a+/B4c	-----	-----	B4/C4	-----	-----	C4	-----	-----	C4	-----	-----	C4	-----	-----	C4	-----	-----	C4	-----							
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	16	-----	22	-----	-----	20	-----	-----	20	-----	-----	20	-----	-----	20	-----	-----	20	-----	-----	20	-----							
Sinuosity	-----	-----	1.16	-----	1.10	1.15	1.20	-----	1.16	-----	-----	1.16	-----	-----	1.16	-----	-----	1.16	-----	-----	1.16	-----							
BF slope (ft/ft)	-----	0.038	0.047	0.057	0.038	0.046	0.055	-----	0.042	-----	-----	0.04	-----	-----	0.041	-----	-----	0.041	-----	-----	0.041	-----							

Note:

**Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663**

Stream Reach Data Summary: UT2 Reach 1																									
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			As-Built			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5		
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	4.5	11.7	19.7	27.6	----	4.0	----	----	4.2	----	----	4.4	----	----	5.1	----	----	3.8	----	----	5.8	----			
Floodprone Width (ft)	----	20.0	30.5	41.0	70.0	85.0	100.0	----	30.6	----	----	31.9	----	----	19.2	----	----	36.5	----	----	27.2	----			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.33	0.60	0.85	1.10	----	0.40	----	----	0.26	----	----	0.20	----	----	0.15	----	----	0.18	----	----	0.2	----			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	----	0.90	1.70	2.50	----	0.50	----	----	0.53	----	----	0.53	----	----	0.25	----	----	0.65	----	----	0.3	----			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	2.1	10.2	21.6	33.0	----	1.5	----	----	1.1	----	----	0.9	----	----	0.7	----	----	0.7	----	----	0.8	----			
Width/Depth Ratio	----	10.7	18.9	27.0	----	10.8	----	----	16.3	----	----	21.5	----	----	34.0	----	----	20.5	----	----	39.8	----			
Entrenchment Ratio	----	1.3	16.7	32.0	17.4	21.1	24.8	----	7.2	----	----	7.3	----	----	34.8	----	----	9.7	----	----	4.7	----			
Bank Height Ratio	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	0.8	----	----	1.1	----			
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	----	----	1.1	----	----	3.3	----	----	4.6	----	----	5.6	----	----	6.8	----	----	7.1	----	----	6.3	----			
<b>Pattern</b>																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	----	16	36	55	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
Radius of Curvature (ft)	----	28	38	47	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
Meander Wavelength (ft)	----	70	165	260	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
Meander Width Ratio	----	3.5	5.8	8.0	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
<b>Profile</b>																									
Riffle Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	4	12	18	7	12	18	4	12	19	12	16	22	4	14	25			
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	----	----	----	----	0.136	0.152	0.167	0.046	0.107	0.149	0.045	0.112	0.176	0.047	0.121	0.185	0.112	0.136	0.170	0.022	0.088	0.143			
Pool Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	3	6	10	3	8	11	7	11	14	8	11	13	3	7	13			
Pool Spacing (ft)	----	----	----	----	6	14	21	10	14	22	7	14	22	9	15	34	11	16	34	9	19	49			
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft <sup>2</sup>	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----			
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																									
Channel length (ft)	----	----	----	----	579	----	----	596	----	----	596	----	----	596	----	----	596	----	----	596	----	596	----		
Drainage Area (SM)	----	----	0.02	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	0.02	----		
Rosgen Classification	----	----	Aa <sup>+</sup>	----	Aa <sup>+</sup> 4	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	Aa+/B	----		
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	5	----	24	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	5	----		
Sinuosity	----	----	1.07	----	1.10	1.15	1.20	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----			
BF slope (ft/ft)	----	0.105	0.106	0.108	0.105	0.106	0.108	----	0.107	----	----	0.107	----	----	0.109	----	----	0.109	----	----	0.109	----			

Note: No sediment data was collected for UT2 and UT3 during the design phase due to the extremely poor substrate present. For UT1, UT2 and UT3, no sediment capacity check was performed as these steep headwater tributaries are degradational systems by nature and they are being built primarily out of colluvial material that is designed to be immobile.



**Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663**

Stream Reach Data Summary: UT2 Reach 2																												
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			As-Built			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5					
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max			
Bankfull Width (ft)	7.5	11.7	19.7	27.6	6.0	6.7	7.4	4.9	5.5	6.0	5.1	5.8	6.5	5.7	6.3	6.9	5.3	6.1	6.9	6.0	6.5	7.0						
Floodprone Width (ft)	----	20.0	30.5	41.0	70.0	85.0	100.0	38.3	43.7	49.1	33.2	40.9	48.6	39.1	43.3	47.5	40.9	44.2	47.5	43.7	47.9	52.1						
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.51	0.60	0.85	1.10	0.50	0.55	0.60	0.52	0.67	0.81	0.43	0.58	0.72	0.47	0.61	0.74	0.47	0.59	0.70	0.51	0.62	0.73						
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	----	0.90	1.70	2.50	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.86	1.18	1.50	0.79	1.12	1.45	0.92	1.15	1.37	1.10	1.33	1.55	1.16	1.39	1.61						
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	4.7	10.2	21.6	33.0	3.2	3.9	4.6	2.5	3.7	4.9	2.2	3.5	4.7	2.7	3.9	5.1	2.5	3.7	4.8	3.1	4.1	5.1						
Width/Depth Ratio	----	10.7	18.9	27.0	11.4	11.7	12.0	7.4	8.5	9.5	9.0	10.5	11.9	9.3	10.7	12.1	9.9	10.6	11.3	9.6	10.6	11.7						
Entrenchment Ratio	----	1.3	16.7	32.0	9.5	13.1	16.7	7.8	8.0	8.2	6.5	7.0	7.5	6.9	6.9	6.9	6.9	7.4	7.8	7.3	7.4	7.4						
Bank Height Ratio	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0						
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	----	----	0.6	----	----	4.9	----	----	5.1	----	----	5.5	----	----	4.9	----	----	5.2	----	----	4.6	----						
<b>Pattern</b>																												
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	----	16	36	55	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
Radius of Curvature (ft)	----	28	38	47	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
Meander Wavelength (ft)	----	70	165	260	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
Meander Width Ratio	----	3.5	5.8	8.0	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
<b>Profile</b>																												
Riffle Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	13	18	27	11	19	27	8	16	27	12	18	27	9	24	39						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	----	0.040	0.043	0.046	0.081	0.089	0.098	0.052	0.072	0.091	0.025	0.060	0.092	0.034	0.062	0.097	0.041	0.057	0.084	0.011	0.047	0.081						
Pool Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	5	8	11	3	7	11	3	8	11	7	10	13	4	11	27						
Pool Spacing (ft)	----	----	21	----	9	23	37	9	25	43	12	26	43	11	27	43	12	27	43	10	21	43						
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																												
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	----	.2/12/32/81/155			.2/12/32/81/155			----			----			----			----			----			----					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft2	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----						
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																												
Channel length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	879	----	----	882	----	----	882	----	----	882	----	----	882	----	----	882	----						
Drainage Area (SM)	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----	----	0.08	----						
Rosgen Classification	----	----	Aa+	----	----	A4	----	----	A/B	----	----	A/B	----	----	A/B	----	----	A/B	----	----	A/B	----						
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	15	----	14	----	----	19	----	----	19	----	----	19	----	----	19	----	----	19	----	----	19	----						
Sinuosity	----	----	1.04	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----	----	1.13	----						
BF slope (ft/ft)	----	0.038	0.047	0.057	0.038	0.046	0.055	----	0.055	----	----	0.056	----	----	0.055	----	----	0.055	----	----	0.055	----						

Note: No sediment data was collected for UT2 and UT3 during the design phase due to the extremely poor substrate present. For UT1, UT2 and UT3, no sediment capacity check was performed as these steep headwater tributaries are degradational systems by nature and they are being built primarily out of colluvial material that is designed to be immobile.

**Table 13. Stream Reach Morphology Data Table**  
**Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663**

Stream Reach Data Summary: UT3																									
Parameter	Regional Curve Equation	Reference Reach(es) Data			Design			As-Built			Yr 1			Yr 2			Yr 3			Yr 4			Yr 5		
Dimension - Riffle	Eq.	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max	Min	Mean	Max
Bankfull Width (ft)	4.5	11.7	19.7	27.6	----	4.0	----	----	5.2	----	----	6.6	----	----	6.2	----	----	6.9	----	----	9.2	----			
Floodprone Width (ft)	----	20.0	30.5	41.0	69.6	84.4	99.2	----	25.2	----	----	35.9	----	----	29.2	----	----	37.8	----	----	36.2	----			
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)	0.33	0.60	0.85	1.10	----	0.40	----	----	0.41	----	----	0.58	----	----	0.50	----	----	0.53	----	----	0.43	----			
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)	----	0.90	1.70	2.50	----	0.50	----	----	0.76	----	----	0.98	----	----	0.76	----	----	1.01	----	----	0.81	----			
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft2)	2.1	10.2	21.6	33.0	----	1.5	----	----	2.1	----	----	3.9	----	----	3.1	----	----	3.6	----	----	3.9	----			
Width/Depth Ratio	----	10.7	18.9	27.0	----	10.8	----	----	12.7	----	----	11.5	----	----	12.5	----	----	13.1	----	----	21.4	----			
Entrenchment Ratio	----	1.3	16.7	32.0	17.4	21.1	24.8	----	4.8	----	----	5.4	----	----	4.7	----	----	5.5	----	----	3.9	----			
Bank Height Ratio	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----	----	1.0	----			
Bankfull Velocity (fps)	----	----	0.5	----	----	3.3	----	----	2.3	----	----	1.3	----	----	1.6	----	----	1.4	----	----	1.3	----			
<b>Pattern</b>																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	----	16	36	55	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
Radius of Curvature (ft)	----	28	38	47	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
Meander Wavelength (ft)	----	70	165	260	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
Meander Width Ratio	----	3.5	5.8	8.0	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
<b>Profile</b>																									
Riffle Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	10	17	27	11	17	21	5	17	28	10	19	31	4	15	33			
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	----	----	----	----	0.136	0.152	0.167	0.060	0.113	0.168	0.064	0.125	0.169	0.091	0.116	0.158	0.093	0.124	0.168	0.010	0.092	0.232			
Pool Length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	3	5	6	4	5	9	2	4	7	4	6	7	4	9	14			
Pool Spacing (ft)	----	----	----	----	6	13	20	10	15	21	8	15	23	9	15	24	10	15	22	4	17	32			
<b>Substrate and Transport Parameters</b>																									
d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/ft2	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m2	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----	----				
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																									
Channel length (ft)	----	----	----	----	----	586	----	----	641	----	----	641	----	----	641	----	----	641	----	----	641	----			
Drainage Area (SM)	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----	----	0.02	----			
Rosgen Classification	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----	----	Aa+/B	----			
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)	5	----	11	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----	----	5	----			
Sinuosity	----	----	1.02	----	1.10	1.15	1.20	----	1.03	----	----	1.02	----	----	1.02	----	----	1.02	----	----	1.02	----			
BF slope (ft/ft)	----	0.105	0.106	0.108	0.105	0.106	0.108	----	0.111	----	----	0.111	----	----	0.114	----	----	0.114	----	----	0.114	----			

Note:

**Table 14. Cross-Section Morphology Data Table**

Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project #92663

Sink Hole Creek Reach 1																			
Parameter	Cross Section 1						Cross Section 2						Cross Section 3						
	Pool						Riffle						Riffle						
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3*	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	
<b>Dimension</b>																			
BF Width (ft)	14.1	16.6	13.6	13.8	13.5		12.9	12.6	10.8	8.1	9.1		14.2	14.3	14.4	13.5	13.0		
Floodprone Width (ft)	64.0	66.6	64.0	>67.0	>67.0		69.4	69.4	69.3	69.4	>70.0		58.0	56.7	58.0	58.6	60.0		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	18.6	20.3	19.0	25.1	23.3		12.2	9.8	6.0	5.3	5.5		17.4	14.5	16.0	14.5	14.4		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.31	1.23	1.39	1.83	1.73		0.95	0.78	0.56	0.65	0.61		1.23	1.01	1.11	1.07	1.11		
BF Max Depth (ft)	2.51	2.69	2.56	3.40	3.36		1.48	1.34	1.46	1.42	1.42		1.96	1.76	1.83	2.05	1.93		
Width/Depth Ratio	10.8	13.5	9.8	7.5	7.8		13.6	16.2	19.2	12.6	14.8		11.6	14.1	13.0	12.6	11.8		
Entrenchment Ratio	>4.5	4.0	4.7	4.8	4.9		>5.4	5.5	6.4	8.5	7.7		>4.1	4.0	4.0	4.3	4.4		
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	16.8	19.0	16.4	17.4	17.0		14.8	14.2	11.9	9.4	10.3		16.7	16.3	16.7	15.6	15.2		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.4	1.4		0.8	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.5		1.0	0.9	1.0	0.9	0.9		
<b>Substrate</b>																			
*This is a correction of last years data.																			
d50 (mm)																			
d84 (mm)																			
Sink Hole Creek Reach 2																			
Parameter	Cross Section 4						Cross Section 5						Cross Section 6						
	Pool						Riffle						Riffle						
	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	AB	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	
<b>Dimension</b>																			
BF Width (ft)	13.1	13.0	12.6	10.6	15.5		16.7	16.4	14.1	17.4	20.6		13.1	12.3	13.9	14.2	13.3		
Floodprone Width (ft)	80.4	80.1	80.0	85.0	83.5		70.1	67.7	71.8	73.8	74.4		54.3	51.3	52.2	54.6	55.0		
BF Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )	14.2	13.4	10.8	11.7	10.9		23.3	21.4	18.8	24.3	27.1		15.5	12.9	13.8	13.8	11.9		
BF Mean Depth (ft)	1.08	1.02	0.86	0.51	0.70		1.40	1.31	1.33	1.40	1.32		1.18	1.04	1.00	0.97	0.90		
BF Max Depth (ft)	1.67	1.71	1.83	2.21	2.16		2.36	2.14	2.46	2.55	2.64		1.88	1.65	1.75	1.95	1.88		
Width/Depth Ratio	12.1	12.7	14.7	20.7	22.1		11.9	12.5	10.6	12.4	15.6		11.0	11.8	13.9	14.6	14.9		
Entrenchment Ratio	6.1	6.1	6.3	8.0	5.4		4.2	4.1	5.1	4.3	3.6		>4.2	4.2	3.8	3.8	4.0		
Wetted Perimeter (ft)	15.3	15.1	14.4	11.6	16.9		19.5	19.0	16.8	20.2	23.2		15.4	14.4	15.9	16.1	15.1		
Hydraulic Radius (ft)	0.9	0.9	0.8	1.0	0.6		1.2	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.2		1.0	0.9	0.9	0.9	0.8		
Parameter	AB (2010)			MY-1 (2011)			MY-2 (2012)			MY-3 (2013)			MY-4 (2014)			MY-5 (2015)			
	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	Min	Max	Med	
<b>Pattern</b>																			
Channel Beltwidth (ft)	0	0	0	30	70	51	30	70	51	30	70	51	30	70	51	30	70	51	
Radius of Curvature (ft)	0	0	0	32	51	39	32	51	39	32	51	39	32	51	39	32	51	39	
Meander Wavelength (ft)	0	0	0	135	331	227	135	331	227	135	331	227	135	331	227	135	331	227	
Meander Width Ratio	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.8	5.5	3.8	1.8	5.5	3.8	1.8	5.5	3.8	1.8	5.5	3.8	1.8	5.5	3.8	
<b>Profile</b>																			
Riffle length (ft)	9	56	22	9	46	27	9	46	23	10	42	22	7	57	29				
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)	0.010	0.050	0.020	0.007	0.046	0.020	0.003	0.052	0.017	0.014	0.041	0.024	0.008	0.108	0.020				
Pool Length (ft)	7	21	14	4	17	11	7	25	13	10	27	17	8	55	18				
Pool Spacing (ft)	12	66	39	11	62	46	9	77	36	9	64	33	8	93	24				
<b>Substrate</b>																			
d50 (mm)	31(R1) / 26(R2)			34(R1) / 110(R2)			42(R1) / 58(R2)			41(R1) / 52(R2)			19(R1) / 55.6(R2)						
d84 (mm)	93(R1) / 79(R2)			110(R1) / 134(R2)			119(R1) / 143(R2)			113(R1) / 128(R2)			40(R1) / 134(R2)						
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																			
Valley Length (ft)	2006			2006			2006			2006			2006						
Channel Length (ft)	2207			2207			2207			2207			2207						
Sinuosity	1.10			1.10			1.10			1.10			1.10						
Water Surface Slope (ft/ft)	0.025			0.025			0.025			0.025			0.025						
BF Slope (ft/ft)	0.025			0.026			0.026			0.026			0.026						
Rosgen Classification	B/Cb4			Cb4/Eb4			Cb4/Eb4			Cb4/Eb4			Cb4/Eb4						











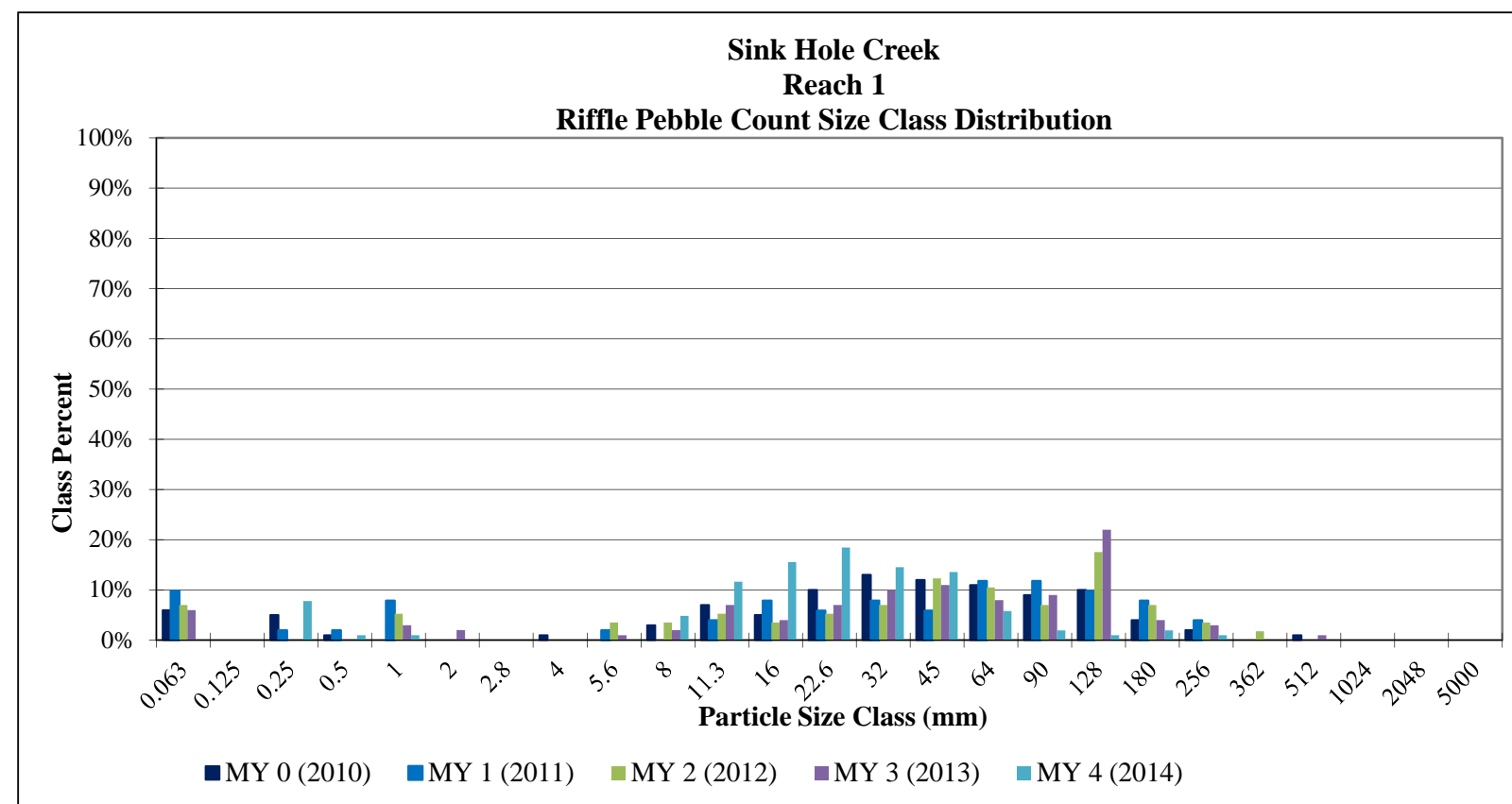
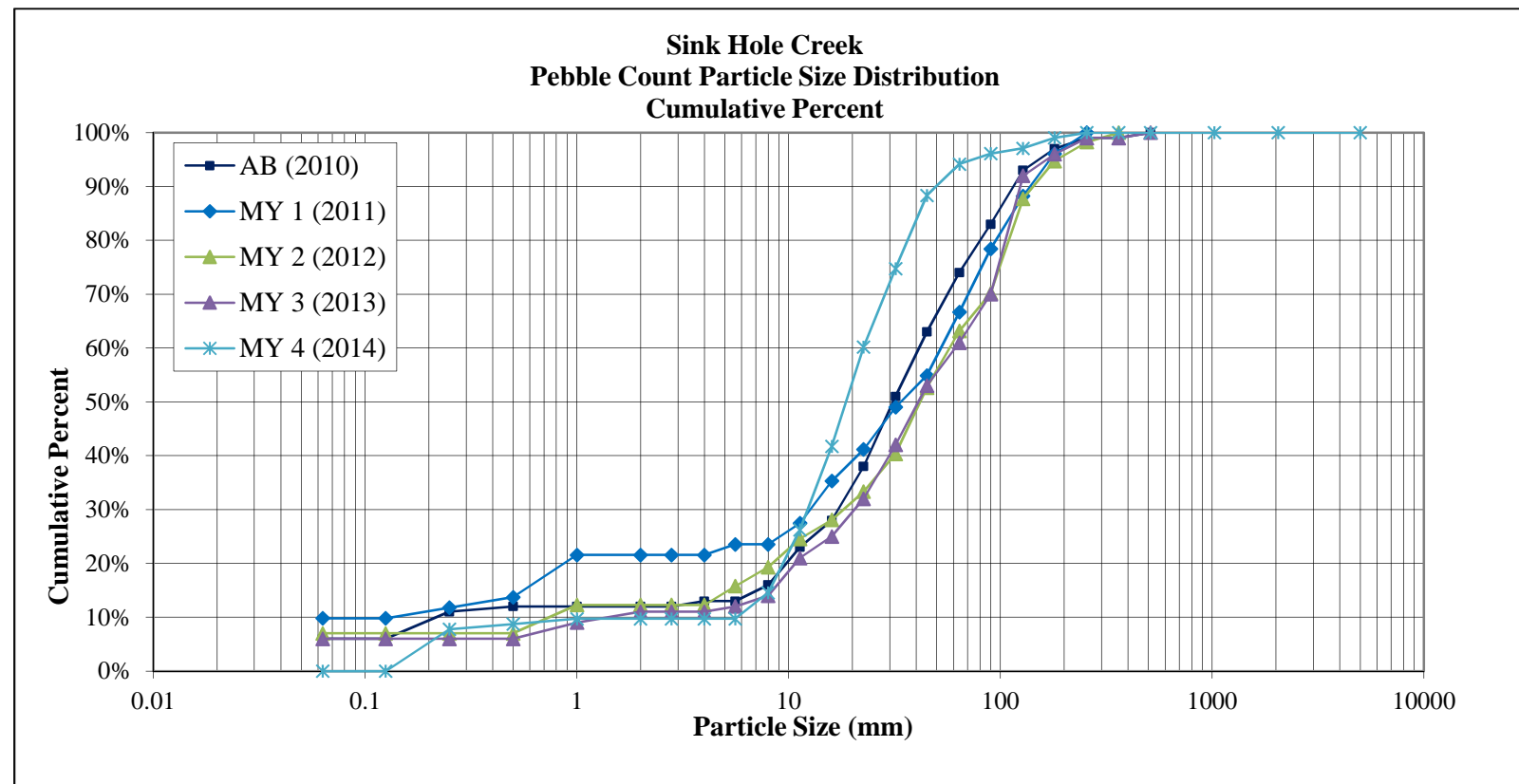
Cross-Section Pebble Count (Sink Hole Creek-Reach 1)

Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project, EEP# 92663

SITE OR PROJECT:	Sink Hole Creek
REACH/LOCATION:	Reach 1, 1st riffle downstream of VP6
FEATURE:	Riffle

			2014		
MATERIAL	PARTICLE SIZE (mm)		Total	Class %	% Cum
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay	< .063		6%	6%
Sand	Very Fine	.063 - .125		0%	6%
	Fine	.125 - .25	8	0%	6%
	Medium	.25 - .50	1	0%	6%
	Coarse	.50 - 1.0	1	3%	9%
	Very Coarse	1.0 - 2.0		2%	11%
Gravel	Very Fine	2.0 - 2.8		0%	11%
	Very Fine	2.8 - 4.0		0%	11%
	Fine	4.0 - 5.6		1%	12%
	Fine	5.6 - 8.0	5	2%	14%
	Medium	8.0 - 11.0	12	7%	21%
	Medium	11.0 - 16.0	16	4%	25%
	Coarse	16 - 22.6	19	7%	32%
	Coarse	22.6 - 32	15	10%	42%
	Very Coarse	32 - 45	14	11%	53%
	Very Coarse	45 - 64	6	8%	61%
Cobble	Small	64 - 90	2	9%	70%
	Small	90 - 128	1	22%	92%
	Large	128 - 180	2	4%	96%
	Large	180 - 256	1	3%	99%
Boulder	Small	256 - 362		0%	99%
	Small	362 - 512		1%	100%
	Medium	512 - 1024		0%	100%
	Large-Very Large	1024 - 2048		0%	100%
Bedrock	Bedrock	> 2048		0%	100%
Total % of whole count			103	100%	100%

Summary Data	
Channel materials	
D <sub>50</sub> =	41.00
D <sub>84</sub> =	112.61
D <sub>95</sub> =	165.29





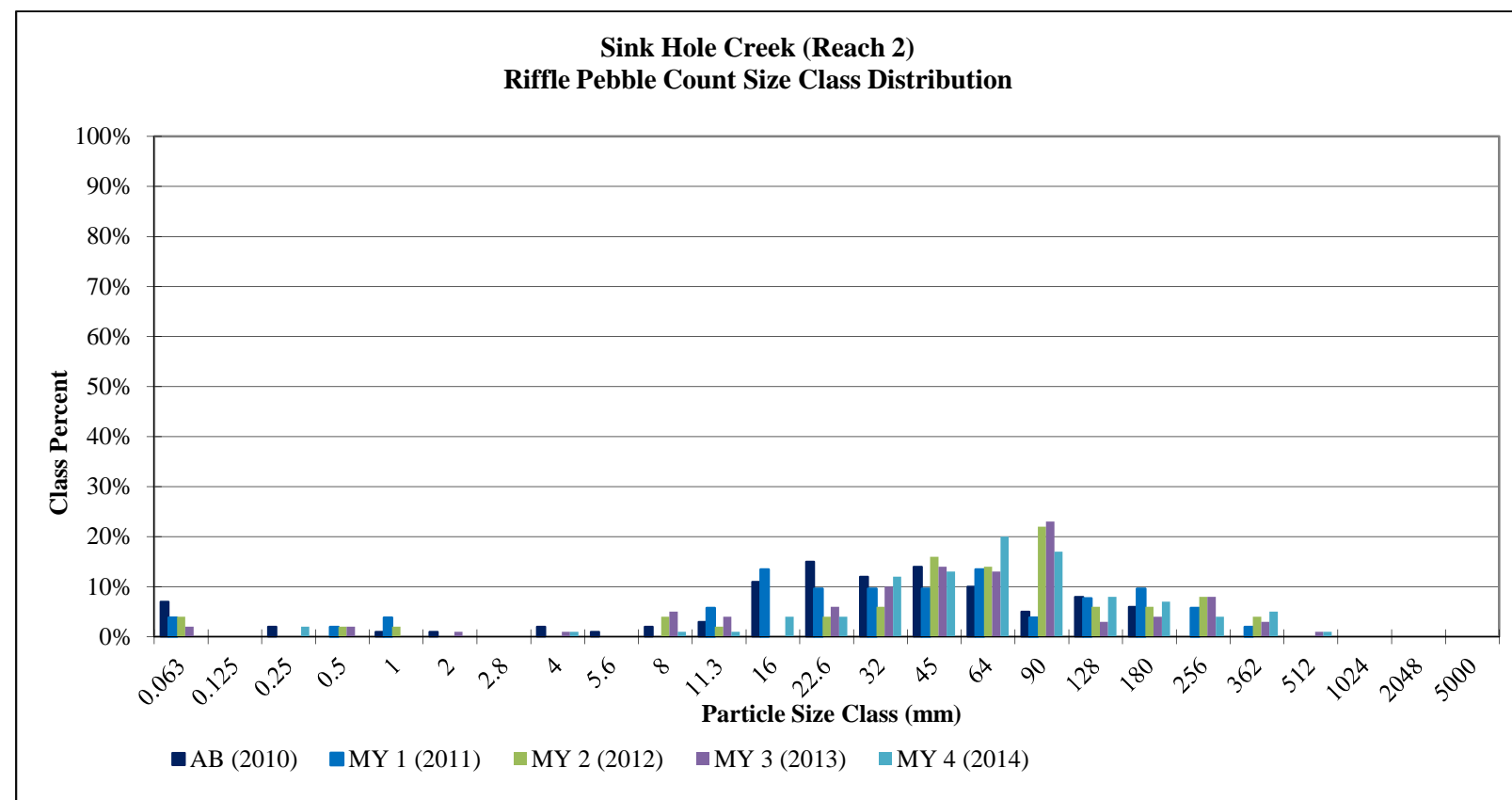
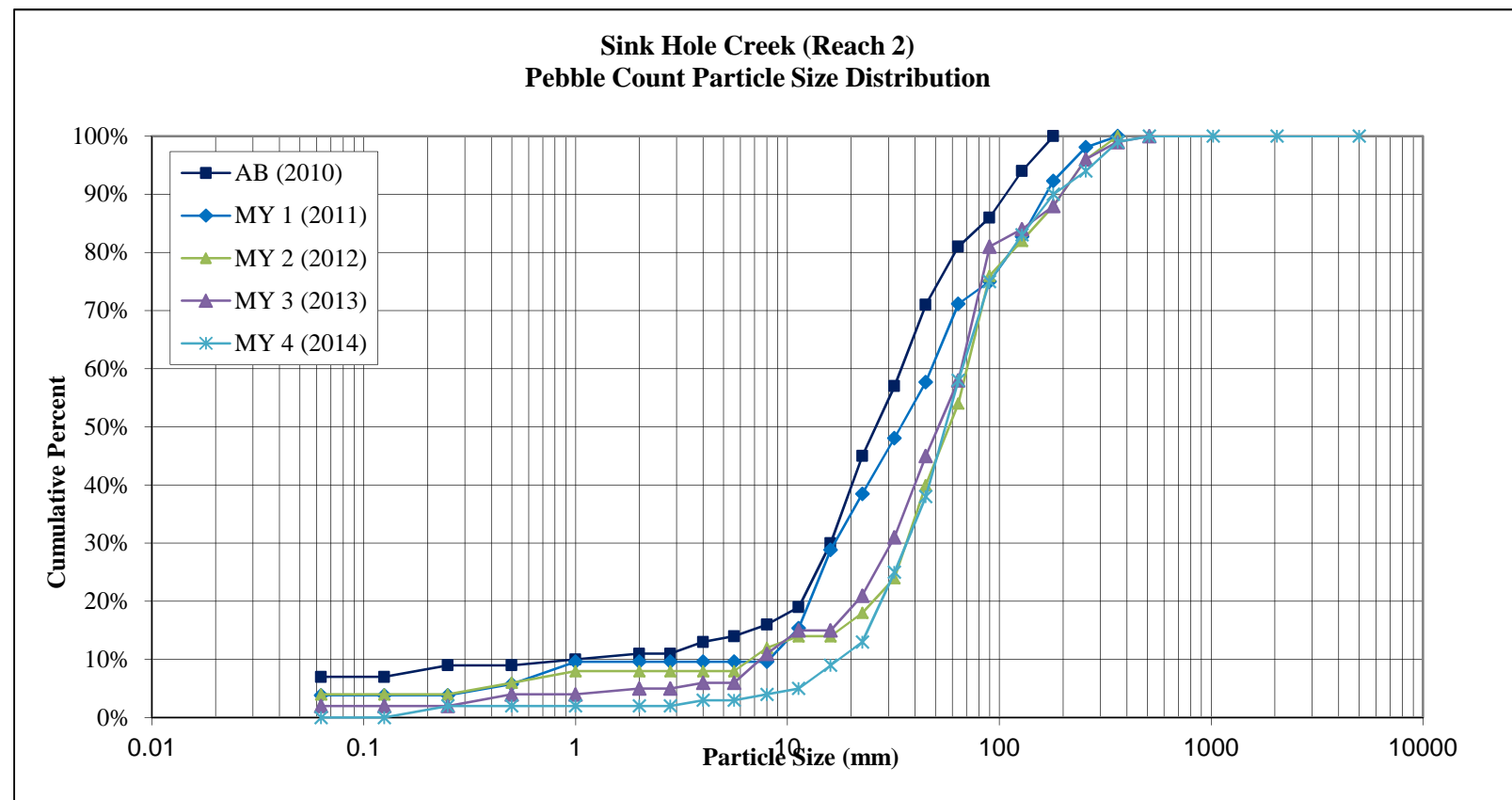
Cross-Section Pebble Count (Sink Hole Creek-Reach 2)

Sink Hole Creek Mitigation Project, EEP# 92663

SITE OR PROJECT:	Sink Hole Creek
REACH/LOCATION:	Reach 2, 1st riff upstream of VP4
FEATURE:	Riffle

			2014		
MATERIAL	PARTICLE SIZE (mm)	Total	Class %	% Cum	
Silt/Clay	Silt / Clay < .063		2%	0%	
Sand	Very Fine .063 - .125		0%	2%	
	Fine .125 - .25	2	0%	2%	
	Medium .25 - .50		2%	4%	
	Coarse .50 - 1.0		0%	4%	
	Very Coarse 1.0 - 2.0		1%	5%	
Gravel	Very Fine 2.0 - 2.8		0%	5%	
	Very Fine 2.8 - 4.0	1	1%	6%	
	Fine 4.0 - 5.6		0%	6%	
	Fine 5.6 - 8.0	1	5%	11%	
	Medium 8.0 - 11.0	1	4%	15%	
	Medium 11.0 - 16.0	4	0%	15%	
	Coarse 16 - 22.6	4	6%	21%	
	Coarse 22.6 - 32	12	10%	31%	
	Very Coarse 32 - 45	13	14%	45%	
	Very Coarse 45 - 64	20	13%	58%	
Cobble	Small 64 - 90	17	23%	81%	
	Small 90 - 128	8	3%	84%	
	Large 128 - 180	7	4%	88%	
	Large 180 - 256	4	8%	96%	
Boulder	Small 256 - 362	5	3%	99%	
	Small 362 - 512	1	1%	100%	
	Medium 512 - 1024		0%	100%	
	Large-Very Large 1024 - 2048		0%	100%	
Bedrock	Bedrock > 2048		0%	100%	
Total % of whole count		100	100%	100%	

Summary Data	
<b>Channel materials</b>	
D <sub>50</sub> =	51.53
D <sub>84</sub> =	128.00
D <sub>95</sub> =	244.97



# Sink Hole Creek

## Photo Log - Reference Photo Points

**Notes:** Photos for Sink Hole Creek were taken November 11, 2014.

1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape. For channel points, the stake is set up on an adjacent bank.



Photo Point 1: looking upstream



Photo Point 1: looking downstream



Photo Point 2: looking upstream



Photo Point 2: looking downstream





Photo Point 3: looking upstream



Photo Point 3: looking downstream



Photo Point 4: looking upstream



Photo Point 4: looking downstream



Photo Point 5: looking upstream



Photo Point 5: looking downstream





Photo Point 6: looking upstream



Photo Point 6: looking downstream



Photo Point 7: looking upstream



Photo Point 7: looking downstream



Photo Point 8: looking upstream



Photo Point 8: looking downstream





Photo Point 9: looking upstream



Photo Point 9: looking downstream



Photo Point 10: looking upstream



Photo Point 10: looking downstream



Photo Point 11: looking upstream



Photo Point 11: looking downstream





Photo Point 12: looking upstream



Photo Point 12: looking downstream



Photo Point 13: looking upstream



Photo Point 13: looking downstream



Photo Point 14: looking upstream



Photo Point 14: looking downstream



## Sink Hole Creek – UT1, Reach 1, Preservation Reach Photo Log - Reference Photo Points

**Notes:** Photos for UT1, Reach 1 Preservation Reach were taken in November 11, 2014.

1. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape. For channel points, the stake is set up on an adjacent bank.



Photo Point 1: looking upstream



Photo Point 1: looking downstream



Photo Point 2: looking upstream



Photo Point 2: looking downstream





Photo Point 3: looking upstream



Photo Point 3: looking downstream



Photo Point 4: looking upstream



Photo Point 5: looking upstream



Photo Point 6: looking upstream



Photo Point 7: looking upstream





Photo Point 8: looking upstream



Photo Point 8: looking downstream

## UT 1 to Sink Hole Creek-Reach 2 Photo Log - Reference Photo Points

**Notes:** Photos for UT1-Reach 2 were taken in November 10, 2014.

1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape. For channel points, the stake is set up on an adjacent bank.



UT1 Photo Point 1: looking upstream



UT1 Photo Point 1: looking downstream



UT1 Photo Point 2: looking upstream



UT1 Photo Point 2: looking downstream





UT1 Photo Point 3: looking upstream



UT1 Photo Point 3: looking downstream



UT1 Photo Point 4: looking upstream



## Sink Hole Creek – UT2

### Photo Log - Reference Photo Points

**Notes:** Photos for UT2 were taken November 11, 2014.

1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape. For channel points, the stake is set up on an adjacent bank.



Photo Point 1: looking upstream



Photo Point 1: looking downstream



Photo Point 2: looking upstream



Photo Point 2: looking downstream





Photo Point 3: looking upstream



Photo Point 3: looking downstream



Photo Point 4: looking upstream



Photo Point 4: looking downstream



Photo Point 5: looking upstream



Photo Point 5: looking downstream





Photo Point 6: looking upstream



Photo Point 6: looking downstream



Photo Point 7: looking upstream on UT2



Photo Point 7: looking upstream on UT3



Photo Point 7: looking downstream

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Photo Point 8: looking upstream



Photo Point 8: looking downstream



Photo Point 9: looking upstream



Photo Point 9: looking downstream



Photo Point 10: looking upstream



Photo Point 10: looking downstream





Photo Point 11: looking upstream



Photo Point 11: looking downstream



Photo Point 12: looking upstream



Photo Point 12: looking downstream



Photo Point 13: looking upstream



Photo Point 13: looking downstream





Photo Point 14: looking upstream



Photo Point 14: looking downstream



## Sink Hole Creek – UT3

### Photo Log - Reference Photo Points

**Notes:** Photos for UT3 were taken November 11, 2014.

1. Photo point locations are shown on the plan views in the actual location the picture was taken.
2. All points are marked with a wooden stake and flagging tape. For channel points, the stake is set up on an adjacent bank.



Photo Point 1: looking downstream

Left blank



Photo Point 2: looking upstream



Photo Point 2: looking downstream





Photo Point 3: looking upstream



Photo Point 3: looking downstream



Photo Point 4: looking upstream



Photo Point 4: looking downstream



Photo Point 5: looking upstream



Photo Point 5: looking downstream





Photo Point 6: looking upstream



Photo Point 6: looking downstream