

**FINAL**  
**ANNUAL MONITORING REPORT**  
**YEAR 4 (2015)**  
**UT TO BALD STREAM/WETLAND RESTORATION SITE**  
**YANCEY COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA**  
**(DMS Project No. 92596, Contract No. 4997)**  
**Construction Completed December 2011**



Submitted to:  
North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality  
Division of Mitigation Services  
Raleigh, North Carolina

December 2015

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Prepared by:  
Axiom Environmental, Inc.  
218 Snow Avenue  
Raleigh, North Carolina 27603



Axiom Environmental, Inc.

December 2015

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## 1.0 EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

The UT to Bald Creek Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (hereafter referred to as the “Site”) is situated within the US Geological Survey (USGS) hydrologic unit 06010108 of the French Broad River Basin and NC Division of Water Resources (NCDWR) Priority Sub-basin 04-03-07. The Site is located in Yancey County, approximately eight miles west of the City of Burnsville, North Carolina. The Site is encompassed within a 12.74-acre easement located on two tracts of property. Tract one is owned by Henry and Elizabeth Turner and tract two is owned by Charles Young Jr. and Deana Blanchard. The Site is comprised of five headwater tributaries originating from Mountain seeps and springs, and five adjacent streamside wetlands (Figure 2, Appendix B). Prior to construction, upper reaches of the Site were forested and relatively stable. Downstream reaches were impacted by agricultural activities with minimal riparian buffer. This report (compiled based on the North Carolina Ecosystem Enhancement Program (NCEEP) *Procedural Guidance and Content Requirements for EEP Monitoring Reports* Version 1.4 dated 11/7/11) summarizes data for Year 4 (2015) monitoring.

The project goals (from the approved *Unnamed Tributaries to Bald Creek Stream Restoration Project, Final Restoration Plan* [NCEEP 2009]) include the following.

- Reduce erosion within the Site
- Restore a channel capable of transporting watershed flows and sediment loads efficiently
- Improve wetland and stream aquatic habitat
- Enhance wildlife habitat
- Improve overall water quality

These goals will be accomplished through the implementation of the following objectives.

- Exclude livestock from the stream in order to
  - Reduce direct inputs of nutrients and fecal coliform bacteria into the stream
  - Eliminate stress on streambanks caused by hoof shear
- Plant a native riparian buffer in order to
  - Provide woody root mass to stabilize the streambanks
  - Filter sediment and nutrient pollutants from agricultural fields and prevent them from entering the stream
  - Provide shade to the stream channel as a means of reducing water temperatures
  - Provide a source for woody debris and leaf litter that will enhance aquatic habitat
- Enhance existing wetlands by excluding livestock, managing invasive species, and planting native wetland vegetation
- Restore Site streams to a proper bankfull dimension and stabilize steep and eroding streambanks
- Provide Site streams with adequate flood-prone area
- Repair headcuts and establish a more diverse bed morphology with riffle-pool sequences supported by in-stream structures
- Restore an impounded reach of stream by removing a small dam and culvert
- Create protected riparian corridors for wildlife passage
- Preserve high-quality forested headwater streams in the steeper reaches of the Site

Vegetation success criteria (from the approved *Unnamed Tributaries to Bald Creek Stream Restoration Project, Final Restoration Plan* [NCEEP 2009]) is as follows.

“Success criteria for the preferred species in restoration areas will be based on annual and cumulative survival and growth over five years. Survival of preferred species must be at a minimum of 320 stems-per-acre at the end of three years of monitoring and 260 stems-per-acre after five years.”

Six vegetation monitoring plots were monitored on October 12, 2015 for monitoring Year 4 (2015). Overall, Site vegetation averaged 391 planted stems-per-acre (excluding livestock) in Year 4 (2015), which exceeds the minimum stem count for success criteria of 290 stems-per-acre. Four of the six plots met or exceeded success criteria. Vegetation plots 4 and 5 were below success criteria with 243 planted stems-per-acre each. Low planted stem survival in vegetation plots 4 and 5 may be attributed to competition from herbaceous vegetation (primarily fescue [*Festuca* spp.] and tearthumb [*Polygonum sagitatum*]).

Nine vegetation areas of concern were identified on the site. Planted stem densities were moderate to poor throughout the Site. Planted stems were generally hard to locate due to the thick fescue (*Festuca* spp.) in drier areas and had poor stem growth due to saturation and competition with sedges (*Carex* spp.), soft rush (*Juncus effusus*), and tearthumb (*Polygonum sagitatum*) in wetter areas. Additionally, three small patches of multiflora rose (*Rosa multiflora*) and patches of dense white poplar (*Populus alba*) were identified in the Site. These areas of concern are summarized below and depicted on the attached Figure 2 (Appendix B).

**Vegetation Areas of Concern**

Map Identifier	Feature/Issue
VAC-1	Low stem density around Tributary 3
VAC-2	Low stem density on the right bank of the Mainstem in and around Veg Plot 5
VAC-3	Low stem density in and around Veg Plot 4
VAC-4	Low stem density on the right bank of Tributary 2 near an adjacent driveway
VAC-5 to -7	Multiflora rose
VAC-8 to -9	Dense white poplar

Stream success criteria (from the approved *Unnamed Tributaries to Bald Creek Stream Restoration Project, Final Restoration Plan* [NCEEP 2009]) is as follows.

“Monitoring shall consist of the collection and analysis of stream stability and riparian vegetation survivability data to support the evaluation of the project in meeting established restoration objectives.”

A visual assessment and geomorphic survey were completed for the Site. Site reaches are conforming to design criteria established in the *Unnamed Tributaries to Bald Creek Stream Restoration Project, Final Restoration Plan* (NCEEP 2009). No significant bank erosion was recorded and geomorphic measurements are within the range of proposed design parameters. Stream areas of concern include a headcut on Tributary 2. The headcut has migrated a short

distance upstream since Year 3 (2014) monitoring; however, it currently poses no immediate threat to stream stability. In addition, six areas of aggradation (SAC-2 to -7) were observed along the mainstem, Tributary 2, Tributary 3, and Tributary 4. Several of these areas were documented previously and conditions continue to improve. During Year 3 (2014) monitoring, it was noted that the upper reaches of Tributary 3 and Tributary 4 have indiscernible bed and bank for varying lengths. These tributaries exhibit intermittent flow regimes, and low flow may be responsible for the lack of bed and bank characteristics in these reaches. These areas remained unchanged during Year 4 (2015) monitoring. Upper reaches of the Mainstem and Tributary 2 appear to be exhibiting aggradation of fine materials, possibly due to surface flows across the adjacent floodplain and extensive herbaceous vegetation growth within the channel bed combined with low energy flow in the channel. Continued observation throughout the monitoring period should determine if the system is able to transport aggraded material. Cross-section 2, which exhibited significant down cutting during year 3 (2014) monitoring, has aggraded slightly during year 4 (2015). This area was previously aggraded with fine sediment that was washed out during Year 3 (2014), and now has refilled with natural levels of sediment during year 4 (2015); it is currently not an area of concern. Stream areas of concern are summarized in the following table and are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B).

### Stream Areas of Concern

Map Identifier	Feature/Issue
SAC-1	Headcut on Tributary 2
SAC-2 to 7	Aggradation on Mainstem, Tributary 2, Tributary 3, and Tributary 4

Summary information/data related to the occurrence of items such as beaver or encroachment and statistics related to performance of various project and monitoring elements can be found in tables and figures within this report's appendices. Narrative background and supporting information formerly found in these reports can be found in the Baseline Monitoring Report (formerly Mitigation Plan) and in the Mitigation Plan (formerly the Restoration Plan) documents available on NCDMS's website. All raw data supporting the tables and figures in the appendices is available from NCDMS upon request.

## 2.0 METHODOLOGY

### 2.1 Vegetation Assessment

Six vegetation plots were established and marked during the Year 1 (2012) monitoring period. Plots were established by installing 4-foot, metal U-bar posts at the corners and a 10-foot, 0.75 inch PVC at the origin. The plots are 10 meters square and are located randomly within the Site. These plots were surveyed in October 2015 for the Year 4 (2015) monitoring season using methods outlined in *CVS-EEP Protocol for Recording Vegetation, Levels 1-2 Plot Sampling Only*, Version 4.2 (Lee et al. 2008) (<http://cvs.bio.unc.edu/methods.htm>); results are included in Appendix C. The taxonomic standard for vegetation used for this document was *Flora of the Southern and Mid-Atlantic States* (Weakley 2012).

## 2.2 Stream Assessment

Annual stream monitoring was conducted in October 2015. Measurements were taken using a Topcon GTS 303 total station and Recon data collector. The raw total station file was processed using Carlson Survey Software into a Computer Aided Design (CAD) file. Coordinates were exported as a text/ASCII file to Microsoft Excel for processing and presentation of data. Pebble counts were completed using the modified Wolman method (Rosgen 1993). One crest gauge (PVC with wooden staff gauge and cork filings) was installed in the lower, downstream third of the Site.

Six permanent cross-sections, three riffle and three pool, were established and will be used to evaluate stream dimension annually; locations are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B). Cross-sections are permanently monumented with 5-foot metal t-posts at each end point. Cross-sections will be surveyed to provide a detailed measurement of the stream and banks including points on the adjacent floodplain, top of bank, bankfull, breaks in slope, edge of water, and thalweg. Data will be used to calculate width-depth ratios, entrenchment ratios, and bank height ratios for each cross-section. In addition, a pebble count was completed at cross-section 2 and photographs will be taken at each permanent cross-section location annually.

Six stream monitoring reaches were established and will be used to evaluate stream pattern and longitudinal profile; locations are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B). Measurement of channel pattern will include belt-width, meander length, and radius of curvature (only in year one). Subsequently, data will be used to calculate meander-width ratios. Longitudinal profile measurements will include average water surface slopes and facet slopes and pool-to-pool spacing. Twenty-two permanent photo points were established throughout the restoration reach (12 fixed photo points, 4 cross-section photo points, and 6 vegetation plot photo points); locations are depicted on Figure 2 (Appendix B) and are included in Appendix B. In addition, visual stream morphology stability assessments will be completed in four monitoring reaches annually to assess the channel bed, banks, and in-stream structures.

### 3.0 REFERENCES

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## APPENDIX A

### PROJECT VICINITY MAP AND BACKGROUND TABLES

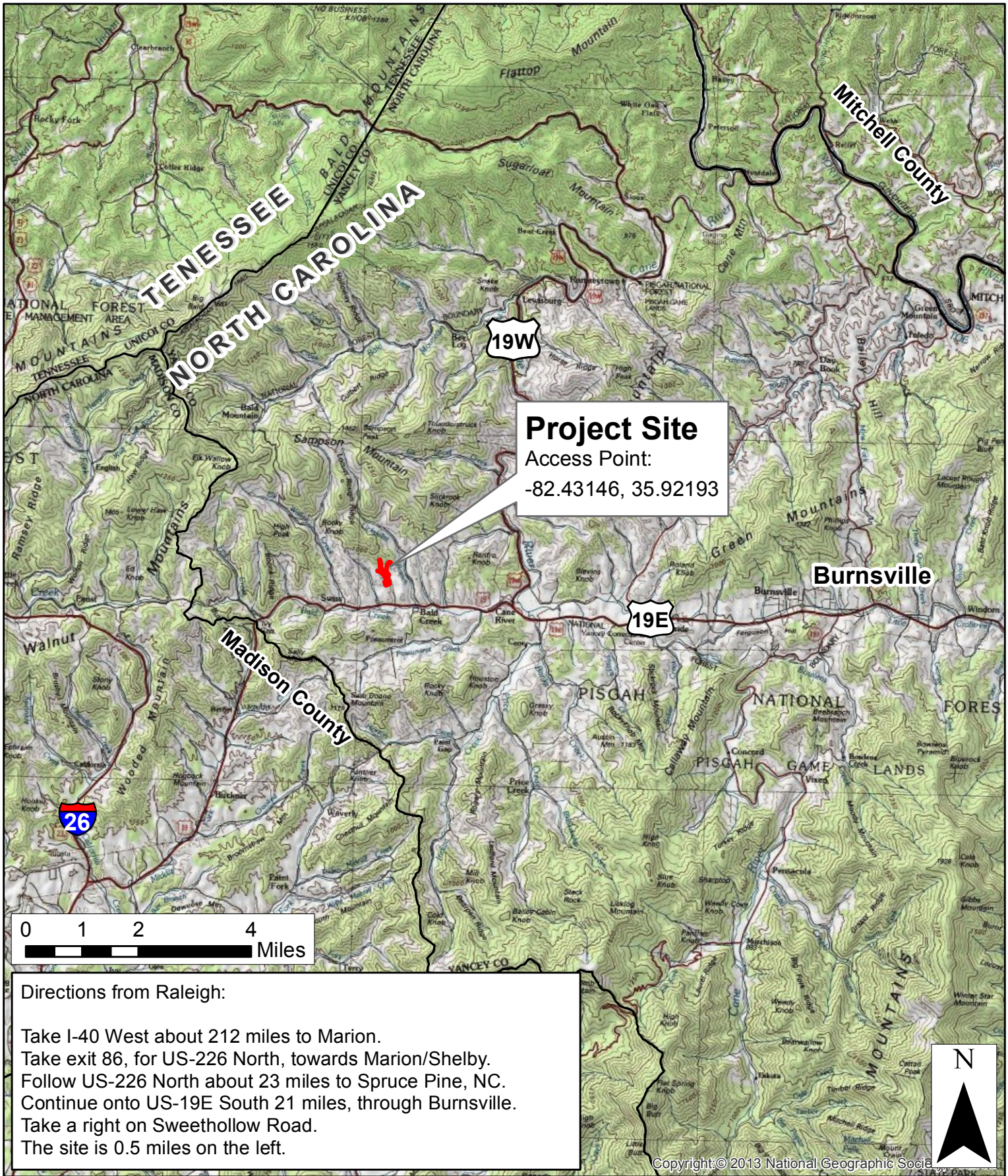
Figure 1. Site Location Map

Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits

Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History

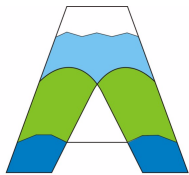
Table 3. Project Contacts Table

Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes



**Directions from Raleigh:**

Take I-40 West about 212 miles to Marion.  
 Take exit 86, for US-226 North, towards Marion/Shelby.  
 Follow US-226 North about 23 miles to Spruce Pine, NC.  
 Continue onto US-19E South 21 miles, through Burnsville.  
 Take a right on Sweethollow Road.  
 The site is 0.5 miles on the left.



Axiom Environmental  
 218 Snow Avenue  
 Raleigh, NC 27603  
 (919) 215-1693

**SITE LOCATION MAP**  
**UT TO BALD STREAM RESTORATION**  
**DMS PROJECT NUMBER 92596**  
**Yancey County, North Carolina**

Dwn. by:  
 KRJ

Date:  
 October 2015

Project:  
 12-004.15

FIGURE  
1

**Table 1. Project Components and Mitigation Credits  
UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

Mitigation Credits							
Type	Stream			Riparian Wetland			Buffer
	Restoration	Restoration Equivalent		Restoration	Restoration Equivalent		
<b>Totals</b>	<b>2770</b>	<b>168</b>		<b>0</b>	<b>0.62</b>		<b>0</b>
Projects Components							
Project Component/ Reach ID	Station Range	Existing Linear Footage/ Acreage	Priority Approach	Restoration/ Restoration Equivalent	Restoration Linear Footage/ Acreage	Mitigation Ratio	Comment
Mainstem	10+00 – 18+39	800	P	Preservation	839	1:5	Headwater channels in mature hardwood forest.
Mainstem	18+39 – 20+50	250	R (P2)	Restoration	211	1:1	Removed earthen dam and small pond. Daylighted culverted stream segment, tied in stable upstream and downstream segments, and added grade control. Pulled channel off the left bank and graded bench, sloped back right bank, and enhanced profile with additional pool habitat.
Mainstem	20+50 – 22+15 (CMP 22+15 – 22+60) 22+60-24+81	378	EII	Enhancement Level II	386	1:2.5	Riparian plantings to culver under driveway and wetland plantings around pond.
Mainstem	24+81 – 25+00	71	NA	NA	19	NA	Sweet Hallow Road
Mainstem	25+00 – 26+00	NA	R (P1)	Restoration	100	1:1	New alignment on back side of dam/Sweet Hallow Road
Mainstem	26+00 – 30+72	522	EI (P1)	Enhancement Level I	472	1:1.5	Enhanced existing vegetated swale from base of dam to confluence with riparian plantings and livestock exclusion. Short reach of incised channel below headcut was graded back and stabilized. Log silles were placed at the top and bottom of incised reach and bottom of reach above confluence. Reach has one permanent vehicular ford crossing.

**Table 1 (continued). Project Components and Mitigation Credits  
UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

Mainstem	30+72 – 36+63	587	R (P1/P2)	Restoration	591	1:1	Constructed new B-type channel primarily on existing alignment. Raised channel invert to reconnect with historical floodplain from confluence to the stable cottonwood section, stabilized with rock cross vanes, and added forded stream crossing below cottonwoods. Transitioned to Priority 2 restoration below the crossing with a step-pool and constructed riffle. Restored dimension by excavating a bankfull bench on the right bank, restored profile with step-pool structures. This reach was limited to small meanders due to a naturally confined valley type.
Tributary 1	10+00 – 13+21	321	EII	Enhancement Level II	321	1:2.5	Invasive species removal and planting.
Tributary 1	13+21 – 14+60	220	R (P1)	Restoration	139	1:1	Installed step-pool structure to stabilize headcut and meet pond elevation. Multi-thread channel was graded and replaced with a single-thread channel. Log sills were added for grade control at the top.
Tributary 2	10+00 – 18+26	826	EII	Enhancement Level II	826	1:2.5	Invasive species treatment and planting
Tributary 2	18+26 – 19+49	123	R (P2)	Restoration	123	1:1	Installed step-pool system to stabilize a series of severe head-cuts. Pulled channel off of the steep left bank and tied in to culvert under Sweet Hollow Road.
Tributary 2	19+49 – 19+93	51	NA	NA	44	NA	Sweet Hollow Road
Tributary 2	19+93 – 24+43	450	EII	Enhancement Level II	450	1:2.5	Planted and installed grade control structures near the confluence with the Mainstem.
Tributary 3	10+00 – 12+17	217	EII	Enhancement Level II	217	1:2.5	Enhanced spring-fed swale for potential amphibian and reptile habitat. Removed invasive species, preserved existing trees on slope, and planted.
Tributary 3	12+17 -14+54	NA	R (P1)	Restoration	237	1:1	Constructed a new channel through pasture to reconnect Tributary 3 to the Mainstem and provide a stable conveyance for higher flows.
Tributary 4	10+00 – 14+35	428	EII	Enhancement Level II	435	1:2.5	Planted and excluded livestock. Installed grade control to stabilize tie-in at the confluence with the Mainstem. In addition, several log sills were installed for grade control and habitat enhancement.

**Table 1 (continued). Project Components and Mitigation Credits  
UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

Wetland 1		0.18		Enhancement	0.18	1:2	Planted wetland plants around pond fringe and littoral shelf, and riparian plants on left embankment of pond.
Wetland 1A		0.48		Enhancement	0.48	1:2	Removed invasive species and supplementally planted.
Wetland 3		0.2		Enhancement	0.2	1:2	Removed invasive species, excluded livestock, and supplementally planted.
Wetland 4		0.11		Enhancement	0.11	1:2	Removed invasive species, excluded livestock, and supplementally planted.
Wetland 5		0.26		Enhancement	0.26	1:2	Removed invasive species, excluded livestock, and supplementally planted.
<b>Component Summation</b>							
<b>Restoration Level</b>		<b>Stream (linear footage)</b>		<b>Riparian Wetland (acres)</b>		<b>Buffer (square footage)</b>	
Restoration		1401					
Enhancement (Level I)		472					
Enhancement (Level II)		2635					
Preservation		839					
Creation							
Wetland Enhancement				1.23			
<b>Totals</b>		<b>5347</b>		<b>1.23</b>			
<b>Mitigation Units</b>		<b>2938 SMUs</b>		<b>0.62 WMUs</b>			

**Table 2. Project Activity and Reporting History**  
**UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

**Elapsed Time Since Grading Complete: 4 years 3 month**  
**Elapsed Time Since Planting Complete: 4 years 0 months**  
**Number of Reporting Year: 4**

<b>Activity or Deliverable</b>	<b>Data Collection Complete</b>	<b>Completion or Delivery</b>
Restoration Plan		June 2009
Final Design – Construction Plans		November 2010
Construction		September 2011
Temporary S&E mix applied to entire project area		December 2011
Permanent seed mix applied to entire project area		December 2011
Containerized and B&B plantings for entire reach		December 2011
As-built Construction Drawings		March 2012
Restoration Plan		June 2009
Final Design – Construction Plans		November 2010
Construction		September 2011
Year 1 Monitoring (2012)	December 2012	February 2013
Year 2 Monitoring (2013)	August 2013	November 2013
Year 3 Monitoring (2014)	February 2015*	March 2015
Year 4 Monitoring (2015)	October 2015	December 2015
Year 5 Monitoring (2016)		

\*Year 3 (2014) monitoring was performed in February 2015 due to site access restrictions during a landowner dispute.

**Table 3. Project Contacts Table**  
**UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

<b>Designer</b>	URS Corporation – North Carolina Morrisville, NC 919-461-1597
<b>Construction, Planting, and Seeding Contractor</b>	River Works, Inc. Cary, NC 919-459-9001-692-4633
<b>Surveyor</b>	Turner Land Surveying, PLLC 3201 Glenridge Drive Raleigh, NC 27604 David Turner 919-875-1378
<b>Seed Mix Source</b>	Unknown
<b>Years 1-5 Monitoring Performers</b>	Axiom Environmental, Inc. 218 Snow Avenue Raleigh, NC 27603 Grant Lewis 919-215-1693

**Table 4. Project Baseline Information and Attributes  
UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

<b>Project Information</b>					
Project Name	UT to Bald Creek Restoration Site				
Project County	Yancey				
Project Area (Acres)	12.74				
Project Coordinates (NAD83 2007)	807,670.33, 984,247.33				
<b>Project Watershed Summary Information</b>					
Physiographic Region	Blue Ridge				
Ecoregion	Southern Crystalline Ridges and Mountains				
Project River Basin	French Broad				
USGS 8-digit HUC	06010108				
USGS 14-digit HUC	06010108080020				
NCDWQ Subbasin	04-03-07				
Project Drainage Area (Sq. Mi.)	0.19				
Project Drainage Area Impervious Surface	<5%				
Watershed Type	85% wooded, 12% agriculture, 3% rural				
<b>Reach Summary Information</b>					
<b>Parameters</b>	<b>Mainstem</b>	<b>UT 1</b>	<b>UT 2</b>	<b>UT 3</b>	<b>UT 4</b>
Restored/Enhanced Length (Linear Feet)	2590	460	1392	454	435
Drainage Area (Square Miles)	0.19	0.03	0.06	0.01	0.01
NCDWQ Index Number	7-3-22				
NCDWQ Classification	C				
Valley Type/Morphological Description	II/B- and C-type				
Dominant Soil Series	Saunook and Thunder-Saunook Complex				
Drainage Class	Well drained				
Soil Hydric Status	Nonhydric				
Slope	0.050 – 0.160				
FEMA Classification	Not in a detailed FEMA flood zone				
Native Vegetation Community	100%				
Percent Composition of Exotic Invasives	< 5%				
<b>Regulatory Considerations</b>					
<b>Regulation</b>	<b>Applicable</b>				
Waters of the U.S. –Sections 404 and 401	Yes-Received Appropriate Permits				
Endangered Species Act	No effect				
Historic Preservation Act	No effect				
CZMA/CAMA	No				
FEMA Floodplain Compliance	Not in a detailed FEMA flood zone				
Essential Fisheries Habitat	No				

APPENDIX B  
VISUAL ASSESSMENT DATA

Figure 2. Current Conditions Plan View

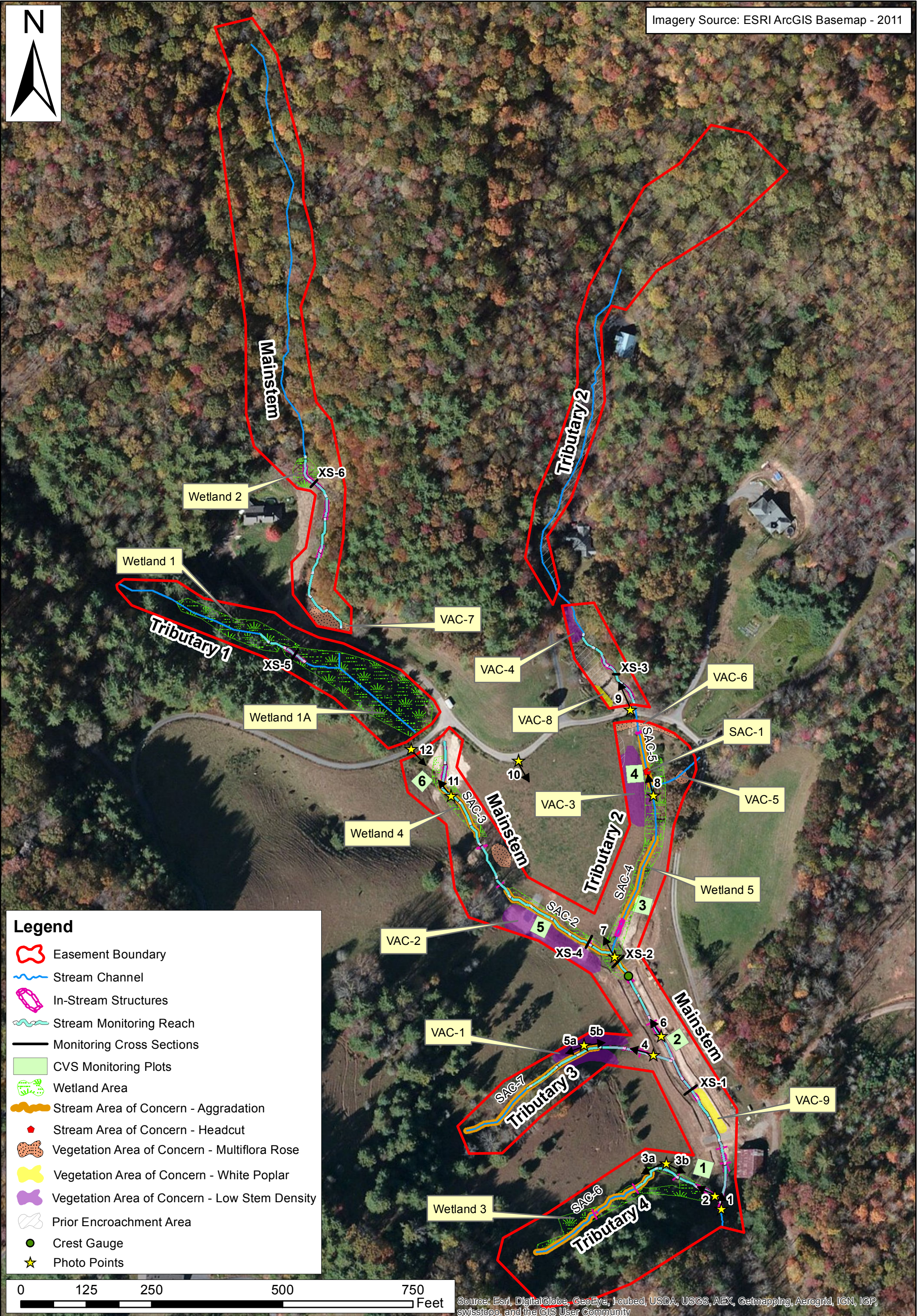
Tables 5.1-5.4. Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment Tables

Table 6. Vegetation Condition Assessment Table

Site Fixed-Station Photos

Vegetation Monitoring Photographs





**CURRENT CONDITIONS PLAN VIEW  
UT TO BALD STREAM RESTORATION  
DMS PROJECT NUMBER 92596  
Yancey County, North Carolina**

Dwn. by:	KRJ
Date:	Oct. 2015
Project:	12-004.15

FIGURE  
**2**

Table 5.1  
Reach ID  
Assessed Length

**Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment**  
Main Tributary  
1487

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			2	410	72%				
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%				
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	10	14			71%				
		3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	8	18						44%
	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)		14	14			100%				
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	14	14			100%				
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		10	10			100%					
					<b>Totals</b>	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%	
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%	
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%	
					<b>Totals</b>	0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	9	10			90%				
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	10	10			100%				
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	9	10			90%				
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	10	10			100%				
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	10	10			100%				

Table 5.2  
 Reach ID  
 Assessed Length

**Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment**  
 Tributary 2  
 460

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			2	260	43%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	3	11			27%			
		3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	3			10			
			2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)	11			11			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	11	11			100%			
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		10	10	100%						
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
<b>Totals</b>					0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	2	2			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	2	2			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	2	2			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	2	2			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	2	2			100%			

Table 5.3  
 Reach ID  
 Assessed Length

**Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment**  
 Tributary 3  
 317

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			1	160	50%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	4	4			100%			
		3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	5			7			
	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)		7	7			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	11	11			100%			
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		11	11	100%						
2. Bank	1. <u>Scoured/Eroding</u>	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. <u>Undercut</u>	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. <u>Mass Wasting</u>	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
<b>Totals</b>					0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. <u>Overall Integrity</u>	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	3	3			100%			
	2. <u>Grade Control</u>	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	3	3			100%			
	2a. <u>Piping</u>	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	2	3			67%			
	3. <u>Bank Protection</u>	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	3	3			100%			
	4. <u>Habitat</u>	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	3	3			100%			

Table 5.4  
 Reach ID  
 Assessed Length

**Visual Stream Morphology Stability Assessment**  
 Tributary 4  
 224

Major Channel Category	Channel Sub-Category	Metric	Number Stable, Performing as Intended	Total Number in As-built	Number of Unstable Segments	Amount of Unstable Footage	% Stable, Performing as Intended	Number with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Footage with Stabilizing Woody Vegetation	Adjusted % for Stabilizing Woody Vegetation
1. Bed	1. Vertical Stability (Riffle and Run units)	1. <u>Aggradation</u> - Bar formation/growth sufficient to significantly deflect flow laterally (not to include point bars)			1	50	78%			
		2. <u>Degradation</u> - Evidence of downcutting			0	0	100%			
	2. Riffle Condition	1. <u>Texture/Substrate</u> - Riffle maintains coarser substrate	2	5			40%			
		3. Meander Pool Condition	1. <u>Depth</u> Sufficient (Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth $\geq$ 1.6)	2			5			
	2. <u>Length</u> appropriate (>30% of centerline distance between tail of upstream riffle and head of downstream riffle)		5	5			100%			
	4. Thalweg Position	1. Thalweg centering at upstream of meander bend (Run)	5	5			100%			
2. Thalweg centering at downstream of meander (Glide)		5	5	100%						
2. Bank	1. Scoured/Eroding	Bank lacking vegetative cover resulting simply from poor growth and/or scour and erosion			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	2. Undercut	Banks undercut/overhanging to the extent that mass wasting appears likely. Does <u>NOT</u> include undercuts that are modest, appear sustainable and are providing habitat.			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
	3. Mass Wasting	Bank slumping, calving, or collapse			0	0	100%	0	0	100%
<b>Totals</b>					0	0	100%	0	0	100%
3. Engineered Structures	1. Overall Integrity	Structures physically intact with no dislodged boulders or logs.	3	3			100%			
	2. Grade Control	Grade control structures exhibiting maintenance of grade across the sill.	3	3			100%			
	2a. Piping	Structures lacking any substantial flow underneath sills or arms.	3	3			100%			
	3. Bank Protection	Bank erosion within the structures extent of influence does <u>not</u> exceed 15%. (See guidance for this table in EEP monitoring guidance document)	3	3			100%			
	4. Habitat	Pool forming structures maintaining ~ Max Pool Depth : Mean Bankfull Depth ratio $\geq$ 1.6 Rootwads/logs providing some cover at base-flow.	3	3			100%			

**Table 6** **Vegetation Condition Assessment**

**Planted Acreage<sup>1</sup>** **6.4**

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Planted Acreage
1. Bare Areas	Very limited cover of both woody and herbaceous material.	0.1 acres	NA	0	0.00	0.0%
2. Low Stem Density Areas	Woody stem densities clearly below target levels based on MY3, 4, or 5 stem count criteria.	0.1 acres	Purple	5	0.47	7.3%
				<b>Total</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.47</b>
3. Areas of Poor Growth Rates or Vigor	Areas with woody stems of a size class that are obviously small given the monitoring year.	0.25 acres	NA	0	0.00	0.0%
				<b>Cumulative Total</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>0.47</b>

**Easement Acreage<sup>2</sup>** **14**

Vegetation Category	Definitions	Mapping Threshold	CCPV Depiction	Number of Polygons	Combined Acreage	% of Easement Acreage
4. Invasive Areas of Concern <sup>4</sup>	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	1000 SF	Pink spotted and yellow polygons	3	0.17	1.2%
5. Easement Encroachment Areas <sup>3</sup>	Areas or points (if too small to render as polygons at map scale).	none	NA	0*	0.00	0.0%

<sup>1</sup> = Enter the planted acreage within the easement. This number is calculated as the easement acreage minus any existing mature tree stands that were not subject to supplemental planting of the understory, the channel acreage, crossings or any other elements not directly planted as part of the project effort.

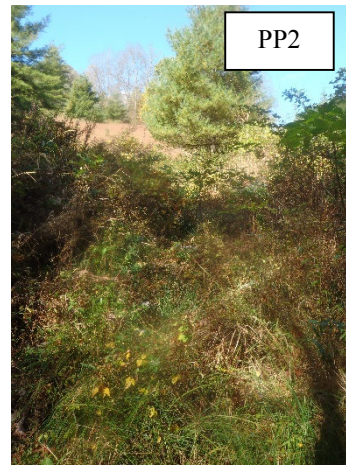
<sup>2</sup> = The acreage within the easement boundaries.

<sup>3</sup> = Encroachment may occur within or outside of planted areas and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. In the event a polygon is cataloged into items 1, 2 or 3 in the table and is the result of encroachment, the associated acreage should be tallied in the relevant item (i.e., item 1, 2 or 3) as well as a parallel tally in item 5.

<sup>4</sup> = Invasives may occur in or out of planted areas, but still within the easement and will therefore be calculated against the overall easement acreage. Invasives of concern/interest are listed below. The list of high concern species are those with the potential to directly outcompete native, young, woody stems in the short-term (e.g. monitoring period or shortly thereafter) or affect the community structure for existing, more established tree/shrub stands over timeframes that are slightly longer (e.g. 1-2 decades). The low/moderate concern group are those species that generally do not have this capacity over the timeframes discussed and therefore are not expected to be mapped with regularity, but can be mapped, if in the judgement of the observer their coverage, density or distribution is suppressing the viability, density, or growth of planted woody stems. Decisions as to whether remediation will be needed are based on the integration of risk factors by EEP such as species present, their coverage, distribution relative to native biomass, and the practicality of treatment. For example, even modest amounts of Kudzu or Japanese Knotweed early in the projects history will warrant control, but potentially large coverages of Microstegium in the herb layer will not likely trigger control because of the limited capacities to impact tree/shrub layers within the timeframes discussed and the potential impacts of treating extensive amounts of ground cover. Those species with the "watch list" designator in gray shade are of interest as well, but have yet to be observed across the state with any frequency. Those in *red italics* are of particular interest given their extreme risk/threat level for mapping as points where isolated specimens are found, particularly early in a projects monitoring history. However, areas of discreet, dense patches will of course be mapped as polygons. The symbology scheme below was one that was found to be helpful for symbolizing invasives polygons, particularly for situations where the condition for an area is somewhere between isolated specimens and dense, discreet patches. In any case, the point or polygon/area feature can be symbolized to describe things like high or low concern and species can be listed as a map inset, in legend items if the number of species are limited or in the narrative section of the executive summary.

\*Two areas of prior encroachment are identified on Figure 2 (Appendix B), however these areas appear to have recovered and are no longer considered areas of concern.

UT to Bald Creek  
Site Fixed-Station Photographs  
Taken October 2015



UT to Bald Creek  
Site Fixed-Station Photographs (continued)  
Taken October 2015





**UT To Bald  
Vegetation Monitoring Photographs  
Taken October 2015**



APPENDIX C

VEGETATION PLOT DATA

Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment

Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata

Table 9. Total and Planted Stems by Plot and Species

**Table 7. Vegetation Plot Criteria Attainment**

**UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

<b>Vegetation Plot ID</b>	<b>Vegetation Survival Threshold Met?</b>	<b>Tract Mean</b>
1	Yes	67%
2	Yes	
3	Yes	
4	No	
5	No	
6	Yes	

**Table 8. CVS Vegetation Plot Metadata**  
**UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

<b>Report Prepared By</b>	Corri Faquin
<b>Date Prepared</b>	10/19/2015 10:10
<b>database name</b>	Axiom-EEP-2015-A-v2.3.1.mdb
<b>database location</b>	S:\Business\Projects\12\12-004 EEP Monitoring\12-004.15 UT to Bald\2015\CVS
<b>computer name</b>	KEENAN-PC
<b>file size</b>	53870592
<b>DESCRIPTION OF WORKSHEETS IN THIS DOCUMENT-----</b>	
<b>Metadata</b>	Description of database file, the report worksheets, and a summary of project(s) and project data.
<b>Proj, planted</b>	Each project is listed with its PLANTED stems per acre, for each year. This excludes live stakes.
<b>Proj, total stems</b>	Each project is listed with its TOTAL stems per acre, for each year. This includes live stakes, all planted stems, and all natural/volunteer stems.
<b>Plots</b>	List of plots surveyed with location and summary data (live stems, dead stems, missing, etc.).
<b>Vigor</b>	Frequency distribution of vigor classes for stems for all plots.
<b>Vigor by Spp</b>	Frequency distribution of vigor classes listed by species.
<b>Damage</b>	List of most frequent damage classes with number of occurrences and percent of total stems impacted by each.
<b>Damage by Spp</b>	Damage values tallied by type for each species.
<b>Damage by Plot</b>	Damage values tallied by type for each plot.
<b>Planted Stems by Plot and Spp</b>	A matrix of the count of PLANTED living stems of each species for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
<b>ALL Stems by Plot and spp</b>	A matrix of the count of total living stems of each species (planted and natural volunteers combined) for each plot; dead and missing stems are excluded.
<b>PROJECT SUMMARY-----</b>	
<b>Project Code</b>	92596
<b>project Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>River Basin</b>	French Broad
<b>length(ft)</b>	
<b>stream-to-edge width (ft)</b>	
<b>Required Plots (calculated)</b>	
<b>Sampled Plots</b>	6

Table 9. Total and Planted Stems by Plot and Species  
DMS Project Code 92596. Project Name: UT to Bald

Scientific Name	Common Name	Species Type	Current Plot Data (MY4 2015)																		Annual Means														
			92596-01-0001			92596-01-0002			92596-01-0003			92596-01-0004			92596-01-0005			92596-01-0006			MY4 (2015)			MY3 (2015)			MY2 (2013)			MY1 (2012)					
			PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T	PnoLS	P-all	T			
Acer saccharum	sugar maple	Tree														6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7				
Alnus serrulata	hazel alder	Shrub										2	2	3				1	1	4	3	3	7	1	1	1	1	1	3						
Betula nigra	river birch	Tree														1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	10	10	10				
Carpinus caroliniana	American hornbeam	Tree	3	3	3	2	2	2												5	5	5	6	6	6	7	7	7	7	7	7				
Celtis laevigata	sugarberry	Tree	1	1	1															1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1				
Cornus amomum	silky dogwood	Shrub				1	4	5								4	4	5				5	8	10	5	8	8	5	8	8	4	7	7		
Fraxinus pennsylvanica	green ash	Tree	1	1	1	3	3	3	2	2	2				1	1	1				7	7	7	7	7	7	6	6	6	3	3	3			
Lindera benzoin	northern spicebush	Shrub												2	2	2				1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	2	2	2	
Liriodendron tulipifera	tuliptree	Tree																																	
Platanus occidentalis	American sycamore	Tree			1																														
Quercus	oak	Tree																																	
Quercus michauxii	swamp chestnut oak	Tree				4	4	4	4	4	4	2	2	2																					
Quercus rubra	northern red oak	Tree													2	2	2																		
Robinia pseudoacacia	black locust	Tree			3																														
Salix	willow	Shrub or Tree			13																														
Salix nigra	black willow	Tree																																	
Salix sericea	silky willow	Shrub																																	
Ulmus	elm	Tree							2	2	2	1	1	1																					
Ulmus americana	American elm	Tree	4	4	4	2	2	2				1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	9	9	9	9	9	9	8	8	8	
Stem count			9	9	26	12	15	16	8	8	13	6	6	8	6	6	6	17	17	22	58	61	91	59	62	90	63	66	78	53	56	65			
size (ares)			1			1			1			1			1			1			6			6			6			6					
size (ACRES)			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.02			0.15			0.15			0.15			0.15					
Species count			4	4	7	5	5	5	3	3	4	4	4	5	4	4	4	7	7	8	13	13	17	13	13	15	13	13	15	11	11	14			
Stems per ACRE			364.2	364.2	1052	485.6	607	647.5	323.7	323.7	526.1	242.8	242.8	323.7	242.8	242.8	242.8	688	688	890.3	391.2	411.4	613.8	397.9	418.2	607	424.9	445.2	526.1	357.5	377.7	438.4			

**Color for Density**  
Exceeds requirements by 10%  
Exceeds requirements, but by less than 10%  
Fails to meet requirements, by less than 10%  
Fails to meet requirements by more than 10%

PnoLS = Planted excluding livestakes  
P-all = Planting including livestakes  
T = All planted and natural recruits including livestakes  
T includes natural recruits

APPENDIX D  
STREAM SURVEY DATA

Cross-section Plots

Longitudinal Profile Plots

Substrate Plots

Tables 10a-b. Baseline Stream Data Summary

Tables 11a-b. Monitoring Data

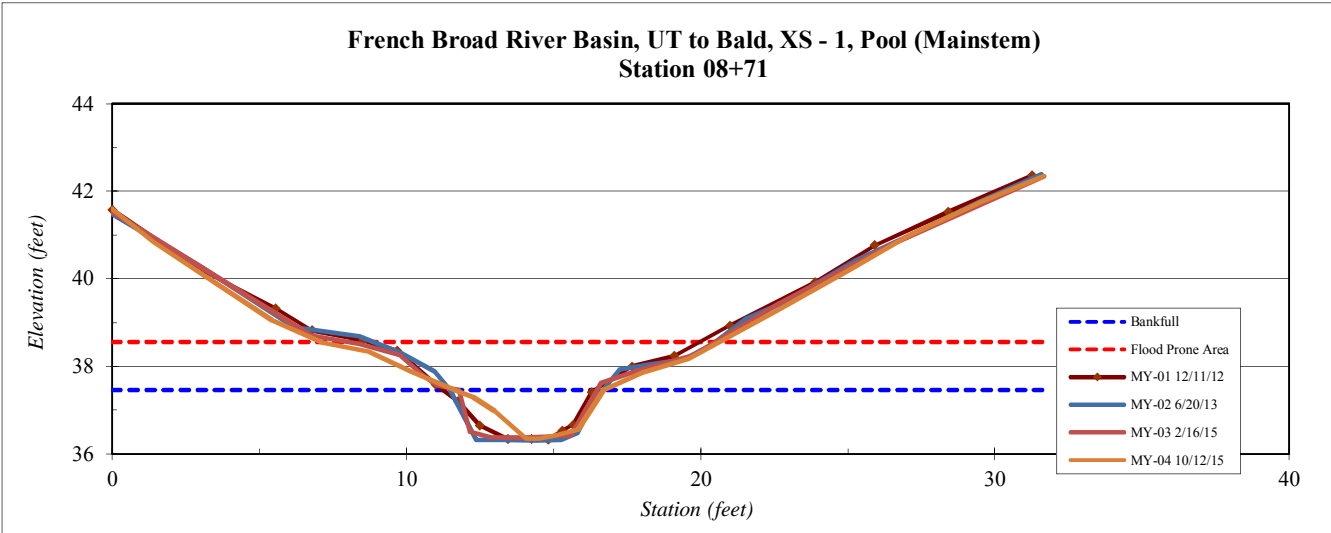
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 1, Pool (Mainstem)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.19
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
0.0	41.6
1.4	40.8
5.4	39.1
7.1	38.5
8.7	38.3
10.2	37.9
11.7	37.4
12.3	37.3
13.0	37.0
14.1	36.3
14.5	36.4
15.0	36.4
15.8	36.6
16.7	37.46
18.0	37.86
19.6	38.18
22.5	39.25
25.0	40.20
27.0	40.98
29.5	41.75
31.6	42.34

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	37.5
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	3.4
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	5.1
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	---
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	---
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.1
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.7
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	---
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	---
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



Stream Type: B/C



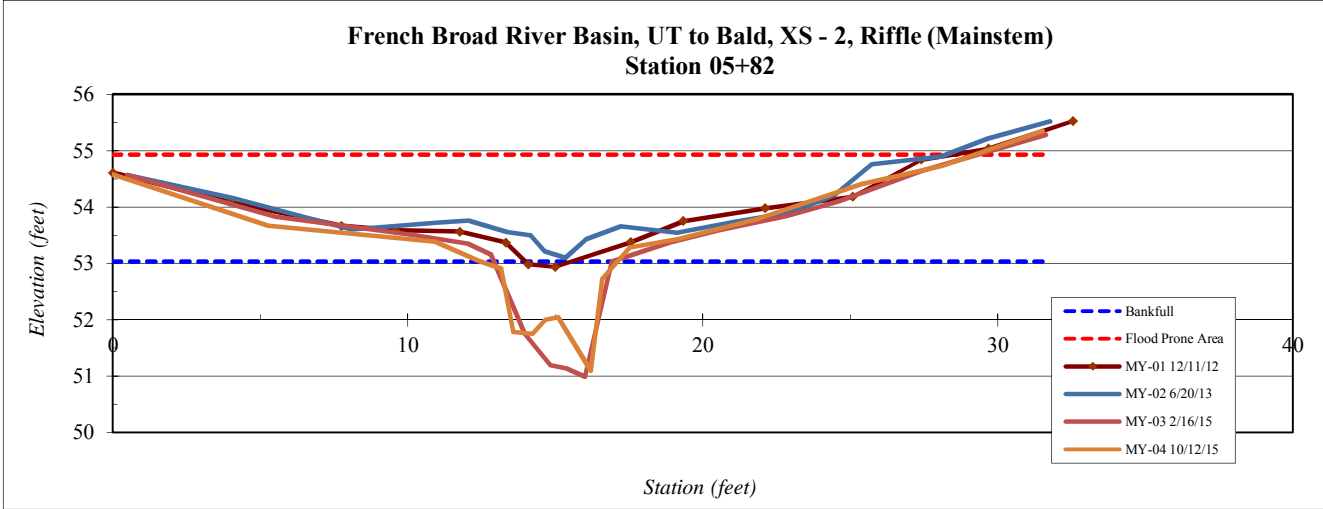
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 2, Riffle (Mainstem)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.19
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
0.00	54.58
5.27	53.66
10.92	53.39
12.40	53.04
13.16	52.91
13.58	51.78
14.22	51.74
14.67	52.00
15.09	52.05
16.20	51.09
16.60	52.73
17.51	53.28
19.15	53.43
21.82	53.78
25.38	54.40
28.16	54.73
31.52	55.35

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	53.0
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	4.2
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	4.6
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	54.9
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	33.0
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.9
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.9
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	5.0
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	7.2
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	B/C
--------------------	-----





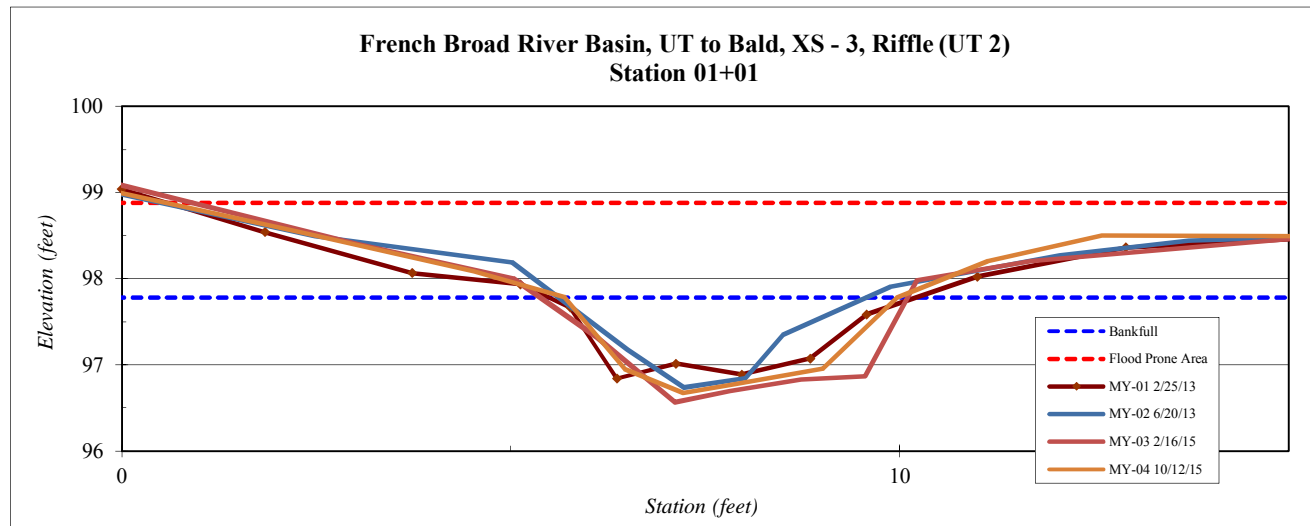
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 3, Riffle (UT 2)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.06
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
-0.30	99.05
2.26	98.55
4.53	98.08
5.68	97.79
6.47	96.95
7.22	96.68
7.89	96.78
9.01	96.96
9.96	97.78
11.13	98.20
12.60	98.50
15.12	98.49

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	97.8
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	3.2
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	4.3
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	98.9
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	16.0
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.1
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.7
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	5.8
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	3.7
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	B/C
--------------------	-----



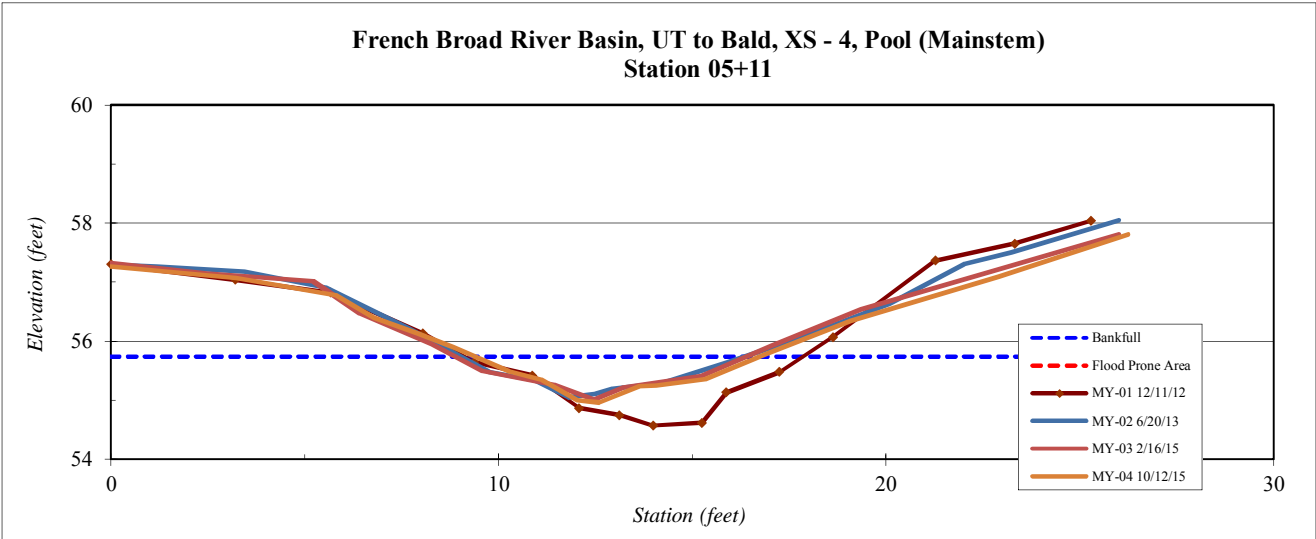
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 4, Pool (Mainstem)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.04
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
26.2	57.8
22.9	57.1
19.1	56.3
16.9	55.8
15.3	55.4
14.1	55.2
13.6	55.2
12.6	55.0
12.0	55.0
11.1	55.3
10.3	55.5
8.8	55.9
7.9	56.1
6.8	56.40
5.8	56.77
3.2	57.07
0.0	57.26

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	55.7
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	3.0
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	7.3
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	-
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	-
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.8
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.4
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	-
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	-
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



Stream Type      B/C



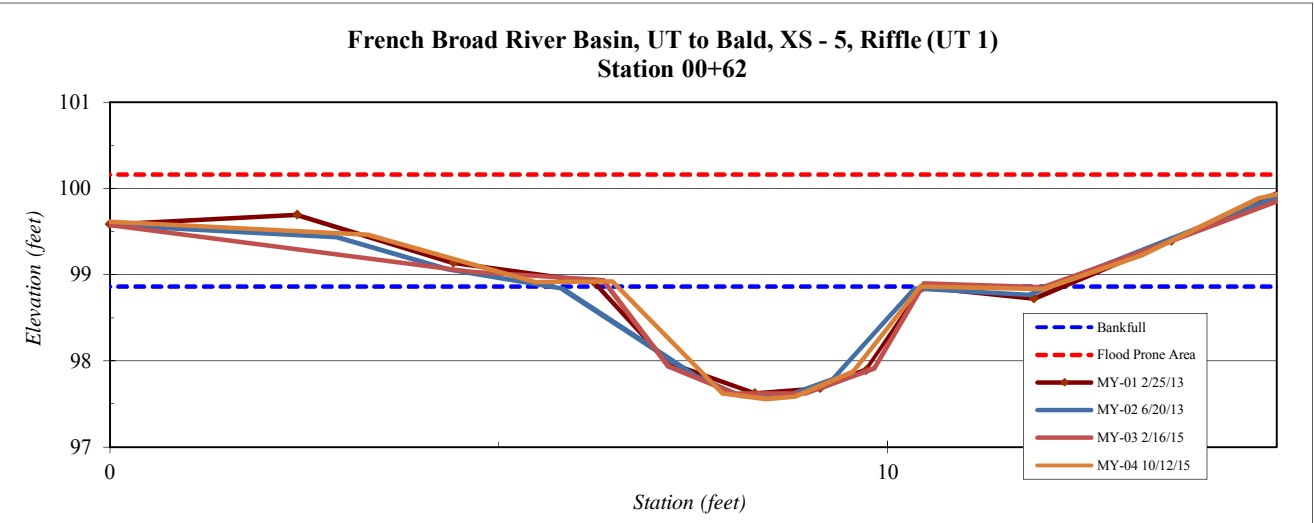
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 5, Riffle (UT 1)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.025
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
-0.11	99.62
3.31	99.47
5.47	98.91
6.46	98.92
7.88	97.62
8.44	97.56
8.80	97.58
9.56	97.88
10.42	98.86
12.00	98.83
13.26	99.23
14.77	99.89
17.33	100.40

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	98.9
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	3.3
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	3.9
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	100.2
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	16.0
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	1.3
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.8
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	4.6
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	4.1
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	B/C
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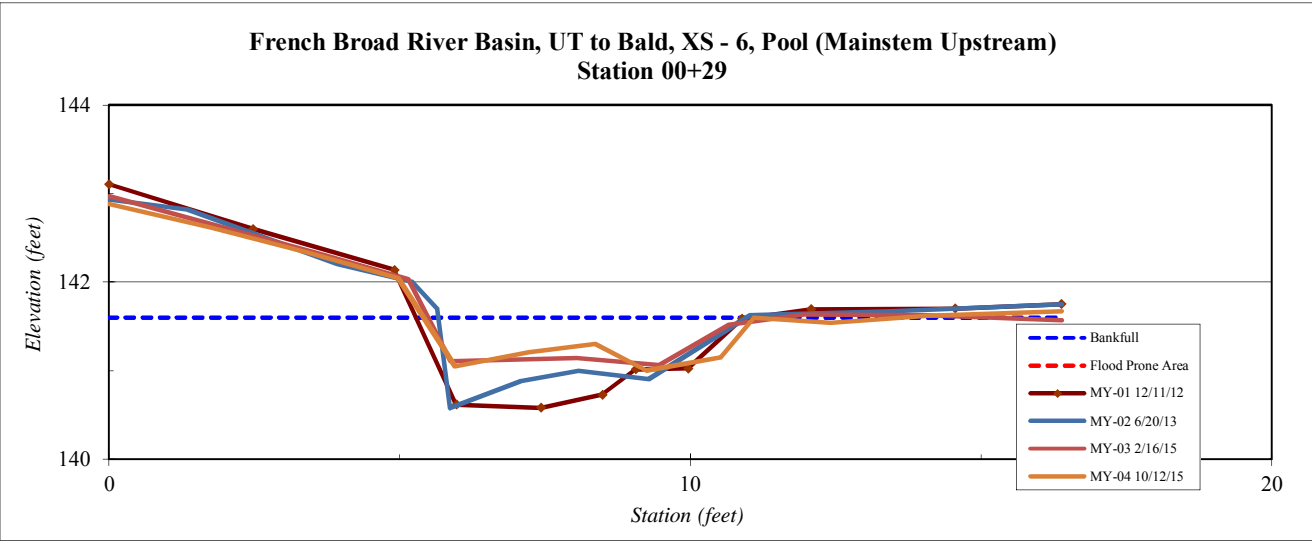
<b>River Basin:</b>	French Broad
<b>Site Name</b>	UT to Bald
<b>XS ID</b>	XS - 6, Pool (Mainstem Upstream)
<b>Drainage Area (sq mi):</b>	0.04
<b>Date:</b>	10/12/2015
<b>Field Crew:</b>	Perkinson, Jernigan

Station	Elevation
-0.3	142.9
1.8	142.6
3.4	142.3
5.0	142.0
6.0	141.0
7.2	141.2
8.4	141.3
9.2	141.0
10.5	141.1
11.1	141.6
12.4	141.5
14.1	141.6
16.4	141.7

SUMMARY DATA	
<b>Bankfull Elevation:</b>	141.6
<b>Bankfull Cross-Sectional Area:</b>	2.3
<b>Bankfull Width:</b>	5.7
<b>Flood Prone Area Elevation:</b>	-
<b>Flood Prone Width:</b>	-
<b>Max Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.6
<b>Mean Depth at Bankfull:</b>	0.4
<b>W / D Ratio:</b>	-
<b>Entrenchment Ratio:</b>	-
<b>Bank Height Ratio:</b>	1.0



<b>Stream Type</b>	B/C
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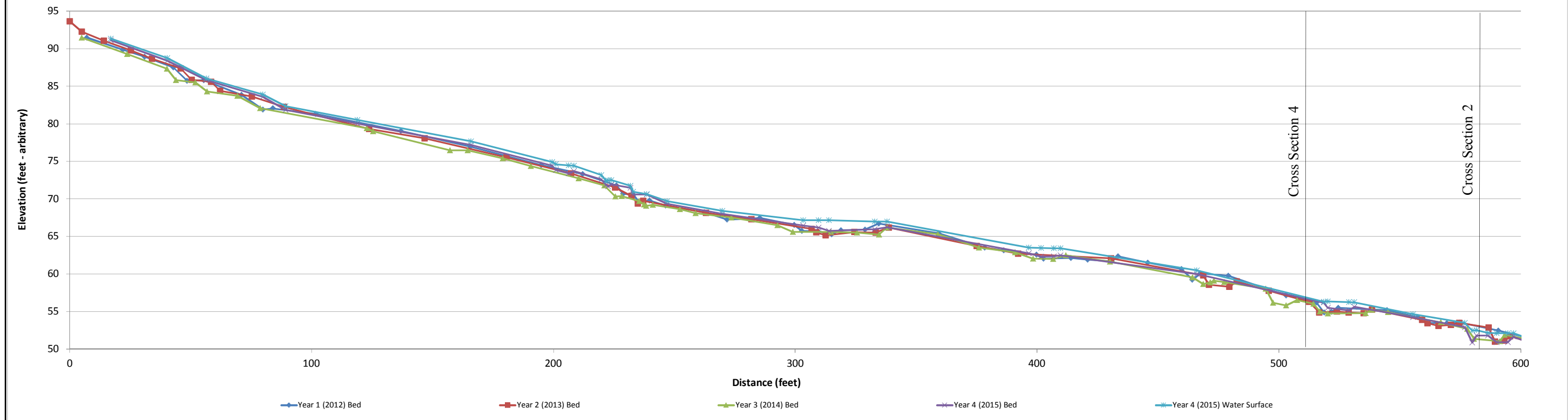


Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile
Reach	Mainstem Station 00+00 - 06+00
Feature	Profile
Date	10/12/15
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.0558	0.0540	0.0556	0.0542	
Riffle Length	37	35	27	34	
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0509	0.0609	0.0715	0.0630	
Pool Length	13	12	17	11	
Pool to Pool Spacing	40	38	38	44	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation

UT to Bald Creek Year 4 (2015) Profile - Mainstem, Station 00+00 to 06+00

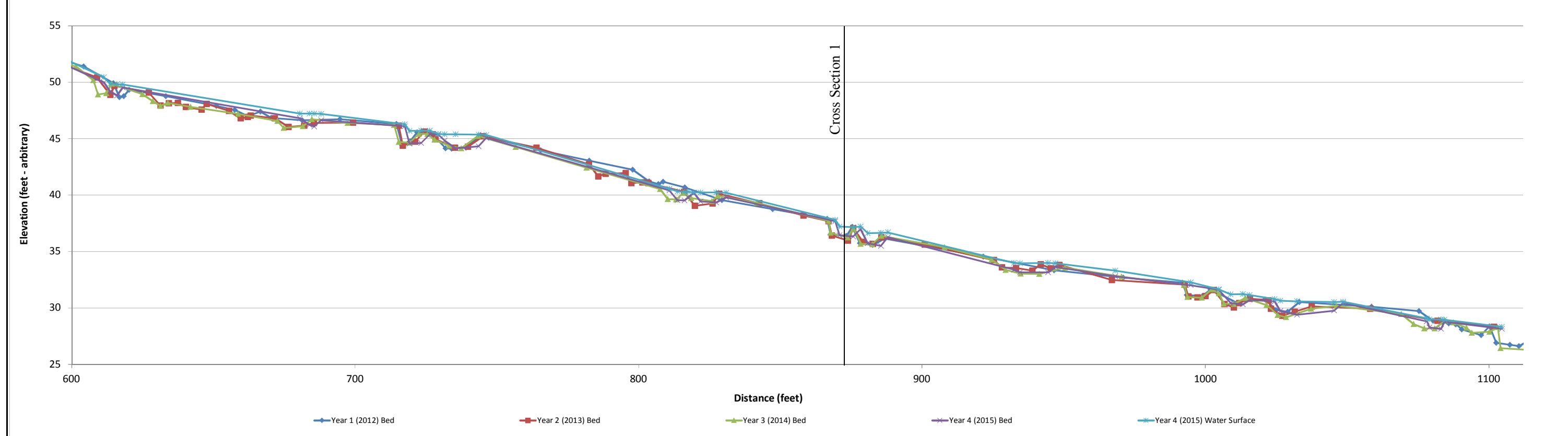


Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile	
Reach	Mainstem Station 06+00 - 11+12	
Feature	Profile	
Date	10/12/15	
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan	

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.0558	0.0540	0.0556	0.0542	
Riffle Length	37	35	27	34	
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0509	0.0609	0.0715	0.0630	
Pool Length	13	12	17	11	
Pool to Pool Spacing	40	38	38	44	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation

UT to Bald Creek Year 4 (2015) Profile - Mainstem, Station 06+00 to 11+12

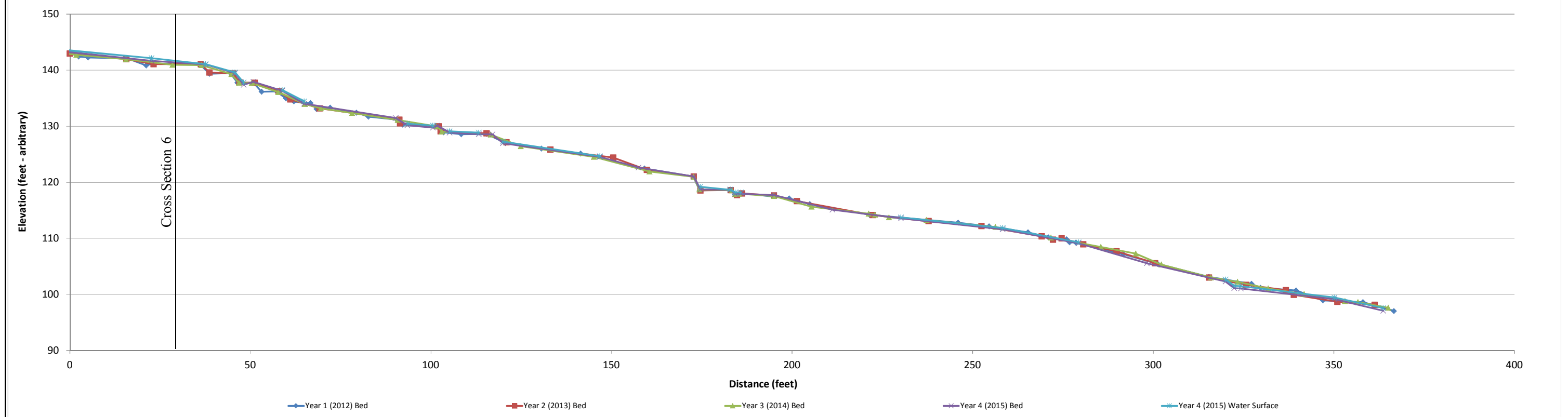


**Project Name** UT to Bald Creek - Profile  
**Reach** Mainstem Upstream Station 00+00 - 04+00  
**Feature** Profile  
**Date** 10/12/15  
**Crew** Perkinson, Jernigan

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Avg. Water Surface Slope	0.1301	0.1313	0.1315	0.1324	
Riffle Length	16	43	75	42	
Avg. Riffle Slope	0.0750	0.0846	0.0953	0.0927	
Pool Length	5	2	6	4	
Pool to Pool Spacing	14	46	102	59	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation

UT to Bald Creek Year 4 (2015) Profile - Mainstem Upstream, Station 00+00 to 04+00

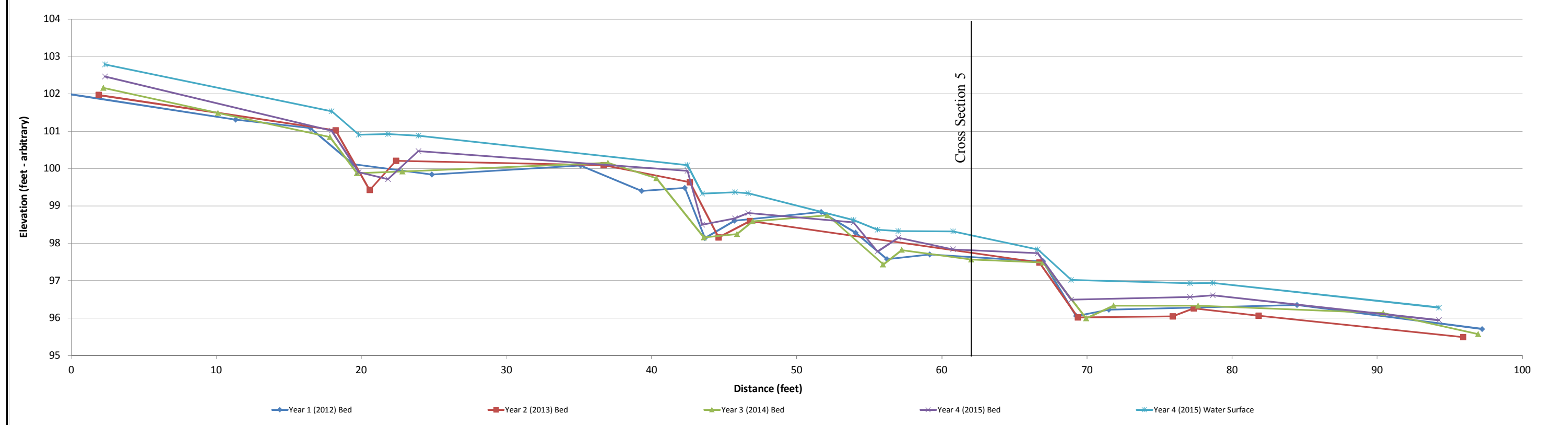


Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile	
Reach	Tributary 1 Station 00+00 - 01+00	
Feature	Profile	
Date	10/12/15	
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan	

Avg. Water Surface Slope	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Riffle Length	0.0674	0.0782	0.0679	0.0766	
Avg. Riffle Slope	7	19	14	13	
Pool Length	0.0418	0.0777	0.0391	0.0631	
Pool to Pool Spacing	6	6	6	6	
	13	24	19	19	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation

UT to Bald Creek Year 4 (2015) Profile - Tributary 1, Station 00+00 to 01+00



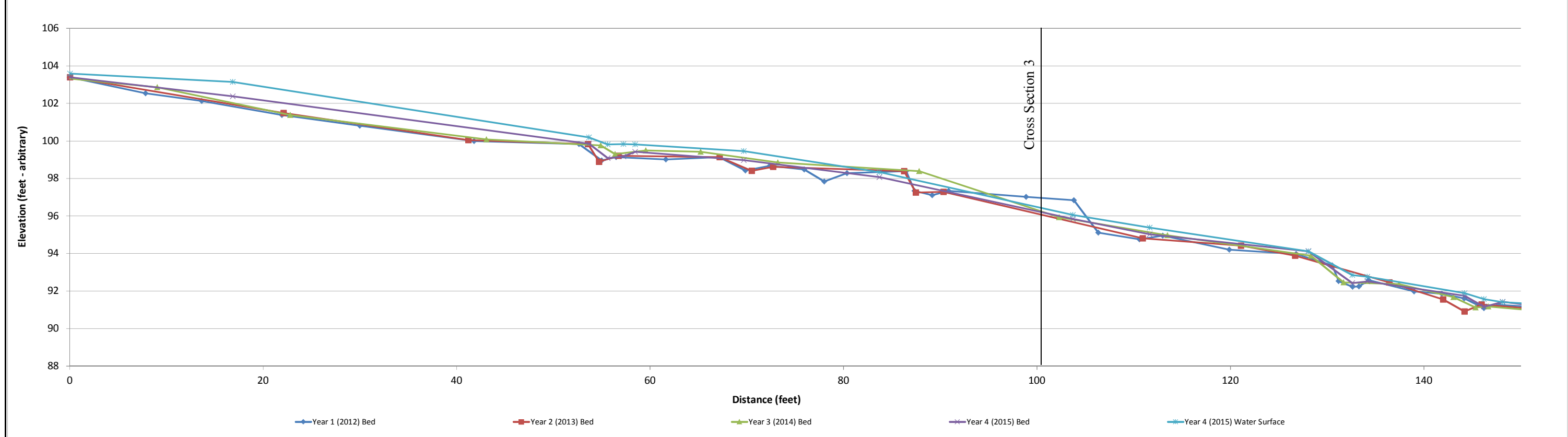


Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile
Reach	Tributary 2 Station 00+00 - 01+50
Feature	Profile
Date	10/12/15
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan

Avg. Water Surface Slope	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Riffle Length	0.0814	0.0844	0.0823	0.0881	
Avg. Riffle Slope	10	32	49	39	
Pool Length	0.0542	0.0611	0.0693	0.0751	
Pool to Pool Spacing	4	4	4	5	
	15	29	51	39	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation

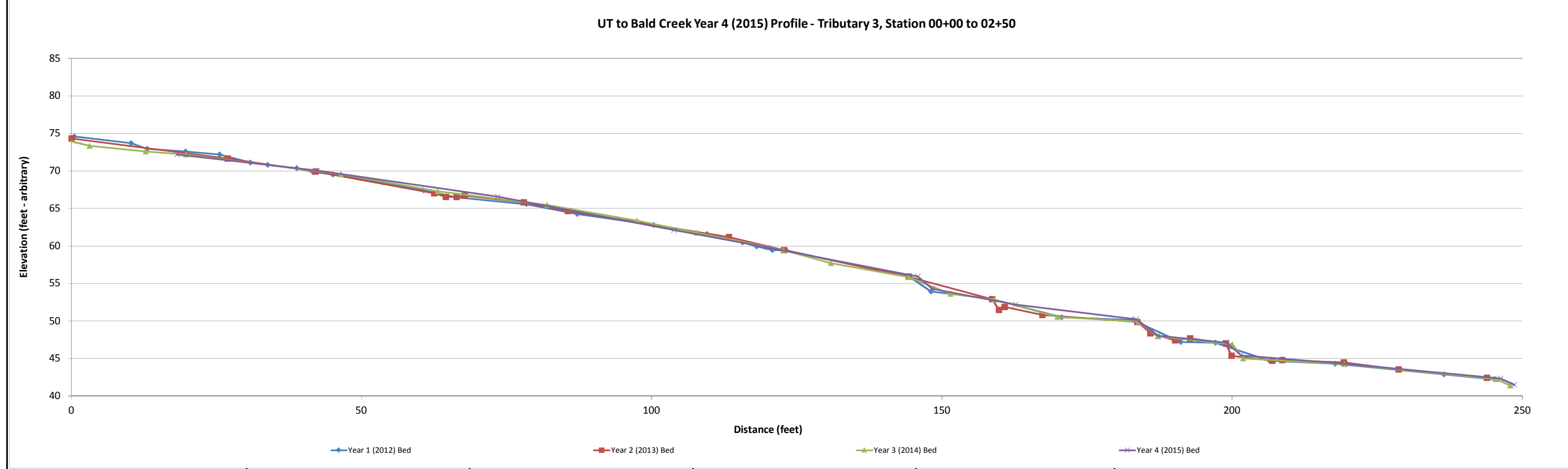
UT to Bald Creek Year 4 (2015) Profile - Tributary 2, Station 00+00 to 01+50



Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile
Reach	Tributary 3 Station 00+00 - 02+50
Feature	Profile
Date	10/12/15
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan

	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Avg. Water Surface Slope	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	
Riffle Length	25	44	33	19	
Avg. Riffle Slope	NA*	NA*	NA*	NA*	
Pool Length	18	7	10	16	
Pool to Pool Spacing	28	45	25	25	

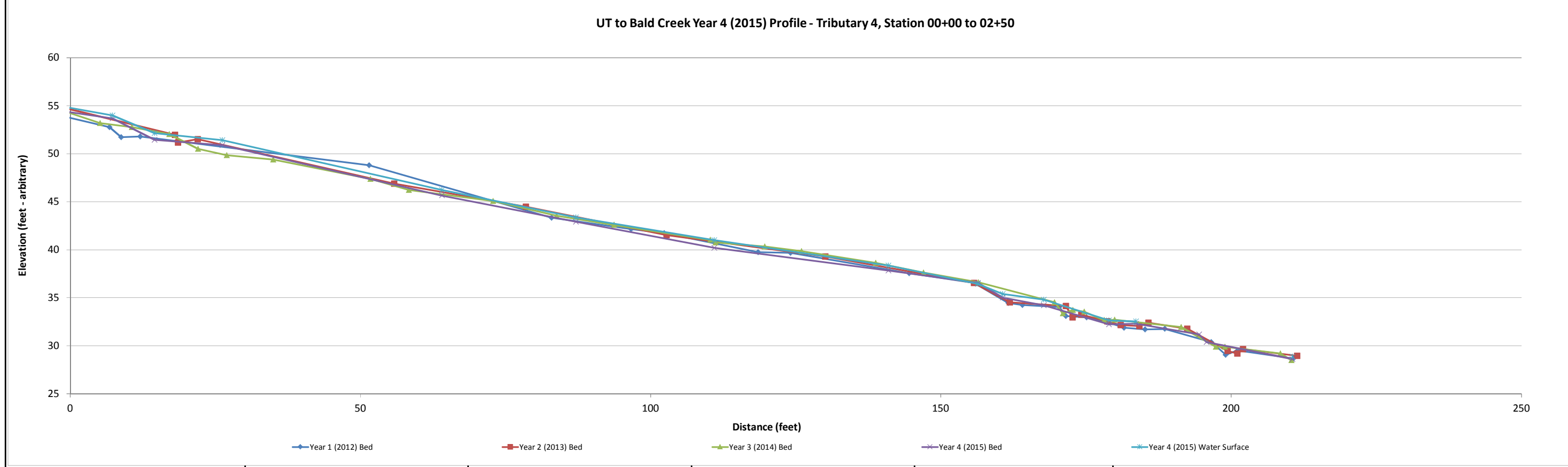
2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation



Project Name	UT to Bald Creek - Profile
Reach	Tributary 4 Station 00+00 - 02+50
Feature	Profile
Date	10/12/15
Crew	Perkinson, Jernigan

Avg. Water Surface Slope	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016
Riffle Length	0.0074	0.1228	0.1147	0.1229	
Avg. Riffle Slope	23	22	11	24	
Pool Length	0.0118	0.1118	0.0814	0.1008	
Pool to Pool Spacing	34	6	5	7	
	57	13	13	21	

2012 Year 1 Monitoring \Survey			2013 Year 2 Monitoring \Survey			2014 Year 3 Monitoring \Survey			2015 Year 4 Monitoring \Survey			2016 Year 5 Monitoring \Survey		
Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation	Station	Bed Elevation	Water Elevation



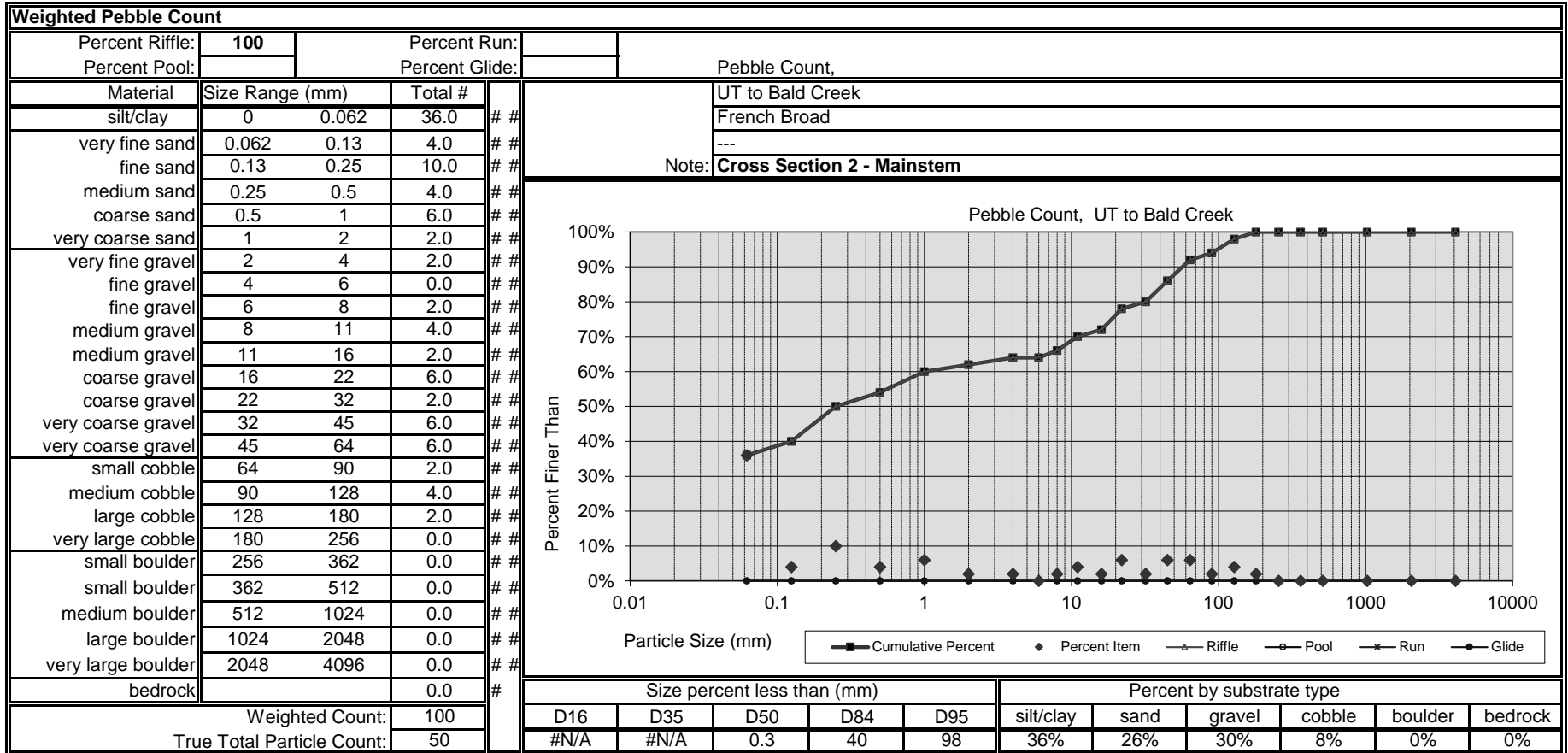


Table 10a.1 Baseline Stream Data Summary  
 UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Mainstem (1,112 feet)

Parameter	e <sup>2</sup>	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition						Reference Reach(es) Data			Design Mainstem			Monitoring Baseline				
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>	n	Mainstem Upstream	Mainstem Downstream	Tributary 2	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only</b>																					
Bankfull Width (ft)					5.5			7.1			5.8	5.1	2.7		5.5						
Floodprone Width (ft)					7			9			10	9	7		2.0						
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.4			0.8			0.5	0.5	0.1		0.5						
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.7			1.1			0.6	0.8	0.2		0.6						
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					2.7			3.9			2.9	2.6	0.4	2.5		2.6					
Width/Depth Ratio					6.9			17.8			11.6	10.2	27		12						
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2			1.2			1.8	1.8	2.5		2.0						
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio					1.0			2.4			1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0						
<b>Profile</b>																					
Riffle Length (ft)																					
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					0.048			0.144			0.0014	0.041	0.0508	0.0003		0.0012					
Pool Length (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available										
Pool Max depth (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available			1.15		1.38					
Pool Spacing (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available			15		100					
<b>Pattern</b>																					
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					12			32			12.0 - 25.0	25.0 - 32.0	10.0 - 25.0	12		32					
Radius of Curvature (ft)					36			134			36.0 - 60.0	97.0 - 134.0	21.0 - 31.0	36		134					
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					5.1			24.4			6.2 - 10.3	19.0 - 26.3	7.8 - 11.5	6.5		24.4					
Meander Wavelength (ft)					60			245			200.0 - 245.0	60.0 - 220.0	35.0 - 47.0	60		220					
Meander Width Ratio					10.9			40			2.1 - 4.3	4.9 - 6.3	3.7 - 9.3	10.9		44.5					
<b>Transport parameters</b>																					
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f <sup>2</sup>																					
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																					
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>								69 - 217							46 - 183						
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																					
Rosgen Classification								B/G5			B5				B5						
Bankfull Velocity (fps)								5.9 - 8.9							8.9 - 9.7						
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)								23 - 24													
Valley length (ft)																					
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																					
Sinuosity (ft)								1.05 - 1.11			1.11	1.05	1.3		1.03 - 1.09						
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0476 - 0.1441			0.1441	0.0476	0.0508		0.0321 - 0.1213						
BF slope (ft/ft)																					
<sup>3</sup> Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																					
<sup>4</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks																					
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																					
Biological or Other																					

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

Table 10a.2 Baseline Stream Data Summary  
 UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Tributary 2 (459 feet)

Parameter	e <sup>2</sup>	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition						Reference Reach(es) Data			Design Tributary 2			Monitoring Baseline								
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>	n	Mainstem Upstream	Mainstem Downstream	Tributary 2	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>	n			
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only</b>																									
Bankfull Width (ft)					5.5			7.1			5.8	5.1	2.7		3										
Floodprone Width (ft)					7			9			10	9	7		6.0										
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.4			0.8			0.5	0.5	0.1		0.2										
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.7			1.1			0.6	0.8	0.2		0.3										
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					2.7			3.9			2.9	2.6	0.4		0.5										
Width/Depth Ratio					6.9			17.8			11.6	10.2	27		14										
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2			1.2			1.8	1.8	2.5		2.0										
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio					1.0			2.4			1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0										
<b>Profile</b>																									
Riffle Length (ft)																									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					0.048			0.144			0.0014	0.041	0.0508		0.128										
Pool Length (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available														
Pool Max depth (ft)																		0.43							
Pool Spacing (ft)																		10-60							
<b>Pattern</b>																									
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					12			32			12.0 - 25.0	25.0 - 32.0	10.0 - 25.0		10-25										
Radius of Curvature (ft)					36			134			36.0 - 60.0	97.0 - 134.0	21.0 - 31.0		21-31										
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					5.1			24.4			6.2 - 10.3	19.0 - 26.3	7.8 - 11.5		7-10.3										
Meander Wavelength (ft)					60			245			200.0 - 245.0	60.0 - 220.0	35.0 - 47.0		35-50										
Meander Width Ratio					10.9			40			2.1 - 4.3	4.9 - 6.3	3.7 - 9.3		3.3-8.3										
<b>Transport parameters</b>																									
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f <sup>2</sup>																									
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																									
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>								69 - 217							3										
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																									
Rosgen Classification								B/G5					B5		B5										
Bankfull Velocity (fps)								5.9 - 8.9							1.5										
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)								23 - 24																	
Valley length (ft)																									
Channel Thalweg length (ft)																									
Sinuosity (ft)								1.05 - 1.11			1.11	1.05	1.3		1.04										
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0476 - 0.1441			0.1441	0.0476	0.0508		0.0641										
BF slope (ft/ft)																									
<sup>3</sup> Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																									
<sup>4</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks																									
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																									
Biological or Other																									

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

Table 10a.3 Baseline Stream Data Summary  
UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Tributary 3 (318 feet)

Parameter	e <sup>2</sup>	Regional Curve			Pre-Existing Condition						Reference Reach(es) Data			Design Tributary 3			Monitoring Baseline					
		LL	UL	Eq.	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>	n	Mainstem Upstream	Mainstem Downstream	Tributary 2	Min	Med	Max	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>5</sup>	n
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle Only</b>																						
Bankfull Width (ft)					5.5			7.1			5.8	5.1	2.7		1.8							
Floodprone Width (ft)					7			9			10	9	7		10.0							
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)					0.4			0.8			0.5	0.5	0.1		0.3							
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)					0.7			1.1			0.6	0.8	0.2		0.3							
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )					2.7			3.9			2.9	2.6	0.4		0.54							
Width/Depth Ratio					6.9			17.8			11.6	10.2	27		6							
Entrenchment Ratio					1.2			1.2			1.8	1.8	2.5		5.6							
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio					1.0			2.4			1.0	1.0	1.0		1.0							
<b>Profile</b>																						
Riffle Length (ft)																						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)					0.048			0.144			0.0014	0.041	0.0508		0.155							
Pool Length (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available											
Pool Max depth (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available				0.9							
Pool Spacing (ft)					None Distinct						Not Available				10-100							
<b>Pattern</b>																						
Channel Beltwidth (ft)					12			32			12.0 - 25.0	25.0 - 32.0	10.0 - 25.0		10-20							
Radius of Curvature (ft)					36			134			36.0 - 60.0	97.0 - 134.0	21.0 - 31.0									
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)					5.1			24.4			6.2 - 10.3	19.0 - 26.3	7.8 - 11.5									
Meander Wavelength (ft)					60			245			200.0 - 245.0	60.0 - 220.0	35.0 - 47.0									
Meander Width Ratio					10.9			40			2.1 - 4.3	4.9 - 6.3	3.7 - 9.3		5.6-11							
<b>Transport parameters</b>																						
Reach Shear Stress (competency) lb/f <sup>2</sup>																						
Max part size (mm) mobilized at bankfull																						
Stream Power (transport capacity) W/m <sup>2</sup>								69 - 217							8							
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																						
Rosgen Classification								B/G5			B5			B5								
Bankfull Velocity (fps)								5.9 - 8.9														
Bankfull Discharge (cfs)								23 - 24														
Valley length (ft)																						
Channel Thalweg length (ft)															318							
Sinuosity (ft)								1.05 - 1.11			1.11	1.05	1.3		1.03							
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)								0.0476 - 0.1441			0.1441	0.0476	0.0508		0.1548							
BF slope (ft/ft)																						
<sup>3</sup> Bankfull Floodplain Area (acres)																						
<sup>4</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks																						
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																						
Biological or Other																						

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile. 2 = For projects with a proximal USGS gauge in-line with the project reach (added bankfull verification - rare).

3. Utilizing survey data produce an estimate of the bankfull floodplain area in acres, which should be the area from the top of bank to the toe of the terrace riser/slope.

4 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey for comparison to monitoring data; 5. Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

**Table 10b.1 Baseline Stream Data Summary (Substrate, Bed, Bank, and Hydrologic Containment Parameter Distributions)  
UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596**

Parameter	Pre-Existing Condition						Reference Reach(es) Data						Design						As-built/Baseline					
<sup>1</sup> Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																								
<sup>1</sup> SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																								
<sup>1</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 / di <sup>p</sup> / di <sup>sp</sup> (mm)																								
<sup>2</sup> Entrenchment Class <1.5 / 1.5-1.99 / 2.0-4.9 / 5.0-9.9 / >10																								
<sup>3</sup> Incision Class <1.2 / 1.2-1.49 / 1.5-1.99 / >2.0																								

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.

1 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave

2 = Entrenchment Class - Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as visual estimates

3 = Assign/bin the reach footage into the classes indicated and provide the percentage of the total reach footage in each class in the table. This will result from the measured cross-sections as well as the longitudinal profile

**Footnotes 2,3** - These classes are loosely built around the Rosgen classification and hazard ranking breaks, but were adjusted slightly to make for easier assignment to somewhat coarser bins based on visual estimates in the field such that measurement of every segment for ER would not be necessary.

The intent here is to provide the reader/consumer of design and monitoring information with a good general sense of the extent of hydrologic containment in the pre-existing and the rehabilitated states as well as comparisons to the reference distributions.

ER and BHR have been addressed in prior submissions as a subsample (cross-sections as part of the design survey), however, these subsamples have often focused entirely on facilitating design without providing a thorough pre-construction distribution of these parameters, leaving the reader/consumer with a sample that is weighted heavily on the stable sections of the reach. This means that the distributions for these parameters should include data from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile and in the case of ER, visual estimates. For example, the typical longitudinal profile permits sampling of the BHR at riffles beyond those subject to cross-sections and therefore can be readily integrated and provide a more complete sample distribution for these parameters, thereby providing the distribution/coverage necessary to provide meaningful comparisons.



**Table 11a. Monitoring Data - Dimensional Morphology Summary (Dimensional Parameters – Cross Sections)  
UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596**

	Cross Section 1 (Pool)							Cross Section 2 (Riffle)							Cross Section 3 (Riffle)							Cross Section 4 (Pool)						
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation <sup>1</sup>	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+
Record elevation (datum) used		37.4	37.4	37.5	37.5				53.4	53.7	53.0	53.0				97.7	97.7	97.7	97.8				55.4	55.6	55.7	55.7		
Bankfull Width (ft)		4.9	5.1	4.7	5.1				4.2	4.5	4.0	4.6				4.1	3.5	4.5	4.3				6.1	6.6	7.5	7.3		
Floodprone Width (ft)		NA	NA	NA	NA				13.0	20.0	33.0	33.0				14.0	14.0	16.0	16.0				NA	NA	NA	NA		
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)		0.8	0.9	0.9	0.7				0.3	0.2	1.3	0.9				0.6	0.5	0.7	0.7				0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4		
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1				0.4	0.6	2.0	1.9				0.8	0.9	1.1	1.1				0.8	0.6	0.7	0.8		
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		3.8	4.5	4.3	3.4				1.1	1.0	5.2	4.2				2.3	1.8	3.3	3.2				3.2	3.2	2.9	3.0		
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA				16.0	20.3	3.1	5.0				7.3	6.8	6.1	5.8				NA	NA	NA	NA		
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA				3.1	4.4	8.3	7.2				3.4	4.0	3.6	3.7				NA	NA	NA	NA		
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		NA	NA	NA	NA				1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				NA	NA	NA	NA		
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft <sup>2</sup> )		----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----		
d50 (mm)		----	----	----	----				NA*	0.2	1.0	0.3				----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----		
		Cross Section 5 (Riffle)							Cross Section 6 (Pool)																			
Based on fixed baseline bankfull elevation <sup>1</sup>	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+	Base	MY1	MY2	MY3	MY4	MY5	MY+														
Record elevation (datum) used		98.7	98.7	98.7	98.9				141.6	141.6	141.6	141.6																
Bankfull Width (ft)		4.0	4.2	3.8	3.9				5.6	5.4	6.4	5.7																
Floodprone Width (ft)		16.0	16.0	16.0	16.0				NA	NA	NA	NA																
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)		0.8	0.7	0.8	0.8				0.7	0.6	0.4	0.4																
Bankfull Max Depth (ft)		1.1	1.1	1.1	1.3				1.0	1.1	0.6	0.6																
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )		3.0	3.0	3.1	3.3				3.9	3.3	2.4	2.3																
Bankfull Width/Depth Ratio		5.3	5.9	4.7	4.6				NA	NA	NA	NA																
Bankfull Entrenchment Ratio		4.0	3.8	4.2	4.1				NA	NA	NA	NA																
Bankfull Bank Height Ratio		1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0				NA	NA	NA	NA																
Cross Sectional Area between end pins (ft <sup>2</sup> )		----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----																
d50 (mm)		----	----	----	----				----	----	----	----																

1 = Widths and depths for monitoring resurvey will be based on the baseline bankfull datum regardless of dimensional/depositional development. Input the elevation used as the datum, which should be consistent and based on the baseline datum established. used  
 If the performer has inherited the project and cannot acquire the datum for prior years this must be discussed with EEP. If this cannot be resolved in time for a given years report submission a footnote in this should be included that states: "It is uncertain if the monitoring datum has been consistent over the monitoring history, which may influence calculated values.  
 Additional data from a prior performer is being acquired to provide confirmation. Values will be recalculated in a future submission based on a consistent datum if determined to be necessary."

\* Greater than 50% of the material identified in the pebble count was characterized as silt/clay particle size.

**Exhibit Table 11b.1 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary**  
**UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Mainstem Downstream (1,112 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline						MY-1						MY-2						MY-3						MY-4						MY-5								
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n			
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only</b>																																							
Bankfull Width (ft)								4.2						4.5						4.0						4.6													
Floodprone Width (ft)								13						20						33.0						33													
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)								0.3						0.2						1.3						0.9													
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)								0.4						0.6						2.0						1.9													
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )								1.1						1						5.2						4.2													
Width/Depth Ratio								14						19.6						3.1						5.1													
Entrenchment Ratio								3.1						4.5						8.2						7.1													
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio								1.0						1.0						1.0						1.0													
<b>Profile</b>																																							
Riffle Length (ft)							4.6	37.3	33	105.1	28	14	2.9	34.8	25.3	130	34.7	20	2.5	27.2	25.9	64.2	19.1	22	1.9	33.5	29.5	108.9	28.4	18									
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)							0.0170	0.0508	0.0509	0.1221	0.03	14	0.018	0.061	0.051	0.116	0.028	20	0.0265	0.0715	0.0651	0.1397	0.0321	22	0.0225	0.0630	0.0607	0.1146	0.0283	18									
Pool Length (ft)							5.5	12.9	12	33.8	6.2	18	4.8	12.2	10.2	32	6.4	23	5.6	16.5	12.6	45.3	10.6	24	4.1	11	9.6	24.2	5.6	17									
Pool Max depth (ft)							1.1			1.1			0.6			1.1			0.7			2.0			0.6			1.1											
Pool Spacing (ft)							8.9	40	39	116.5	29.2	18	8.7	37.8	22.2	162	34.2	23	8.3	37.6	30	98.2	25.7	24	8.6	43.9	37	122	32.1	19									
<b>Pattern</b>																																							
Channel Beltwidth (ft)							25			32																													
Radius of Curvature (ft)							97			134																													
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)							17.6			24.4																													
Meander Wavelength (ft)							60			220																													
Meander Width Ratio							4.5			5.8																													
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																																							
Rosgen Classification							BC						Cb						Cb							Cb													
Channel Thalweg length (ft)							1112						1102						1102							1102													
Sinuosity (ft)							1.03						1.03						1.03							1.03													
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)							0.0558						0.054						0.0556							0.0542													
BF slope (ft/ft)																																							
<sup>3</sup> Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																							
<sup>3</sup> SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%													38	28	20	14	0	0	30	22	30	16	0	0	63	26	30	8	0	0									
<sup>3</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /													NA	NA	0.2	57	98	NA	0.1	1	64	122	NA	NA	0.3	40	98												
<sup>2</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks							0						0						0							0													
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																							
Biological or Other																																							

Pattern data will not typically be collected unless visual data, dimensional data or profile data indicate significant shifts from baseline

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.  
 1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile.  
 2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table  
 3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave  
 4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

**Exhibit Table 11b.2 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary**  
**UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Mainstem Upstream (375 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline						MY-1						MY-2						MY-3						MY-4						MY-5					
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only</b>																																				
Bankfull Width (ft)																																				
Floodprone Width (ft)																																				
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)																																				
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)																																				
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )																																				
Width/Depth Ratio																																				
Entrenchment Ratio																																				
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio																																				
<b>Profile</b>																																				
Riffle Length (ft)							4.6	17	13	66	17	11	6.6	43.3	40.3	86.7	33.5	8	47.7	82.5	74.6	133.0	41.6	4	8.3	42	39.4	134.2	44.4	7						
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)							0.0102	0.0750	0.0845	0.1515	0.05	11	0.0295	0.085	0.076	0.154	0.047	8	0.0827	0.1045	0.0953	0.145	0.0276	4	0.0633	0.0927	0.9920	0.1157	0.0267	3						
Pool Length (ft)							1.6	5.5	5.3	10.2	2.5	16	0.1	2.2	1.9	5.5	1.8	7	2.1	12.7	5.6	30.5	15.5	3	2.9	4.1	4.3	5.1	1.1	3						
Pool Max depth (ft)							1			1			1.1			1.1			0.6			0.6			0.6			0.6								
Pool Spacing (ft)							12.4	14.3	12.4	42.2	9	16	8.9	46.4	46.1	92.2	37	7	79.6	106.8	102.1	138.6	29.7	3	10.1	58.9	44.1	137.1	54.6	4						
<b>Pattern</b>																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)							12			25																										
Radius of Curvature (ft)							36			60																										
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)							6.5			10.9																										
Meander Wavelength (ft)							200			245																										
Meander Width Ratio							2.2			4.5																										
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																																				
Rosgen Classification							B						B						B						B											
Channel Thalweg length (ft)							375						361						368.1						368.1											
Sinuosity (ft)							1.09						1.09						1.09						1.09											
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)							0.1301						0.1313						0.1315						0.1324											
BF slope (ft/ft)																																				
<sup>3</sup> Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
<sup>3</sup> SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																																				
<sup>3</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
<sup>2</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks							0						0						0						0											
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				
Biological or Other																																				

Pattern data will not typically be collected unless visual data, dimensional data or profile data indicate significant shifts from baseline

Shaded cells indicate that these will typically not be filled in.  
1 = The distributions for these parameters can include information from both the cross-section surveys and the longitudinal profile.  
2 = Proportion of reach exhibiting banks that are eroding based on the visual survey from visual assessment table  
3 = Riffle, Run, Pool, Glide, Step; Silt/Clay, Sand, Gravel, Cobble, Boulder, Bedrock; dip = max pave, disp = max subpave  
4. = Of value/needed only if the n exceeds 3

**Exhibit Table 11b.3 Monitoring Data - Stream Reach Data Summary  
UT to Bald Stream Restoration Site/92596 - Tributaries (562 feet)**

Parameter	Baseline						MY-1						MY-2						MY-3						MY-4						MY-5					
	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n	Min	Mean	Med	Max	SD <sup>4</sup>	n
<b>Dimension and Substrate - Riffle only</b>																																				
Bankfull Width (ft)						4	4.1	4.1	4.1	4.1			3.5	3.9	3.9	4.2			3.8	4.2	4.2	4.5			3.9	4.1	4.1	4.3								
Floodprone Width (ft)						14	15	15	16	16			14	15	15	16			16.0	16.0	16	16	6.0		16	16	16	16								
Bankfull Mean Depth (ft)						0.6	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.8			0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7			0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8	0.8		0.7	0.8	0.8	0.8								
<sup>1</sup> Bankfull Max Depth (ft)						0.8	1	1	1.1	1.1			0.9	1	1	1.1			1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1		1.1	1.2	1.2	1.3								
Bankfull Cross Sectional Area (ft <sup>2</sup> )						2.3	2.7	2.7	3	3			1.8	2.4	2.4	3			3.1	3.2	3.2	3.3	3.3		3.2	3.3	3.3	3.3								
Width/Depth Ratio						5	5.9	5.9	6.8	6.8			6	6.5	6.5	7			4.8	5.6	5.6	6.4	6.4		4.9	5.5	5.5	6.1								
Entrenchment Ratio						3.4	3.7	3.7	4	4			3.8	3.9	3.9	4			3.6	3.9	3.9	4.2	4.2		3.7	3.9	3.9	4.1								
<sup>1</sup> Bank Height Ratio						1.0			1.0	1.0			1.0			1.0			1.0			1.0	1.0		1.0			1.0								
<b>Profile - Tributary 1</b>																																				
Riffle Length (ft)						5.1	7.3	6.9	10.3	2.3	4	16.3	18.8	19.9	20.2	2.2	3	5.2	14.4	13.6	25.1	7.6	5	7.3	13.3	15.6	18.5	4.7	5							
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)						0.0050	0.0418	0.0362	0.0896	0.0368	4	0.0712	0.0777	0.0721	0.0897	0.0104	3	0.0308	0.0391	0.0393	0.0843	0.0211	5	0.0423	0.0631	0.0518	0.0988	0.0253	5							
Pool Length (ft)						3.4	6.2	7.2	8.4	2.1	5	4.2	6.3	4.2	10.6	3.7	3	4.9	5.5	5.1	6.6	0.8	4	3.1	6.3	5.1	12.1	4	4							
Pool Max depth (ft)																																				
Pool Spacing (ft)						7.2	12.6	12.3	18.6	5.3	4	24.1	24.3	24.3	24.4	0.2	2	11.8	18.9	14.8	30.0	8.2	4	11.5	19.1	18.6	27.7	8.2	4							
<b>Profile - Tributary 2</b>																																				
Riffle Length (ft)						3.6	10	9.9	17.5	4.5	7	10.5	32.3	32.6	53.5	23.5	4	9.9	49.4	54.9	83.5	37.1	3	10	39.2	38.6	69.6	27.2	4							
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)						0.0117	0.0542	0.0433	0.0987	0.0352	7	0.0233	0.0611	0.0549	0.1114	0.0399	4	0.0465	0.0693	0.0657	0.0955	0.0247	3	0.0634	0.0751	0.0750	0.0870	0.0111	4							
Pool Length (ft)						2.1	4.1	3.9	6.8	1.6	7	3.1	4.2	4	5.5	1	4	3.6	4.1	4.1	4.7	0.7	2	3.9	4.9	4.8	6.1	1.1	3							
Pool Max depth (ft)																																				
Pool Spacing (ft)						8.8	15	13.7	26.7	5.9	7	13.6	29.5	19.1	55.7	22.9	3	13.5	50.8	50.8	88.1	52.8	2	16.1	39.4	27.6	74.4	30.9	3							
<b>Profile - Tributary 3</b>																																				
Riffle Length (ft)						21.1	25.4	24.6	31.1	4.8	4	6.2	43.5	35.2	90.9	33.5	5	7.5	32.9	13.7	123.6	44.9	6	17.9	19.4	19.4	20.8	2	2							
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)						No water in channel during field visit.						No water in channel during field visit.						No water in channel during field visit.						No water in channel during field visit.												
Pool Length (ft)						12.9	17.6	14.3	24.5	5.1	7	2.2	6.6	7.2	9.8	3.5	4	3.3	10.2	9	19.3	6.8	4	15.5	16.2	16.2	16.9	1	2							
Pool Max depth (ft)																																				
Pool Spacing (ft)						14	28.4	29.6	48.1	13.3	6	15.2	45.3	35	96.1	36	4	14.7	25.3	20.5	45.4	14.1	4	15.5	24.5	20.4	37.7	11.6	3							
<b>Profile - Tributary 4</b>																																				
Riffle Length (ft)						6.4	15.1	9.6	31.6	10.7	5	4.5	22.3	8	68.8	31	4	1.9	9.0	10.5	13.2	4.9	4	10.9	23.7	14.8	45.4	18.9	3							
Riffle Slope (ft/ft)						No water in channel during field visit.						0.0743	0.1118	0.1097	0.1538	0.0329	4	0.0276	0.0637	0.0814	0.0821	0.0312	3	0.1008		0.1008										
Pool Length (ft)						4.6	7.3	8.1	10.1	2.3	5	2.7	5.8	5.5	9.6	3.1	4	3.1	5.3	5.2	7.5	2.2	3	1.3	7.1	4.3	15.9	7.7	3							
Pool Max depth (ft)																																				
Pool Spacing (ft)						8.1	13.7	14.4	18	4.1	4	7.2	13.3	13.7	18.9	5.9	3	5.1	13.0	16.7	17.1	6.8	3	16	21.4	21.4	26.8	7.6	2							
<b>Pattern</b>																																				
Channel Beltwidth (ft)						10			88																											
Radius of Curvature (ft)						6			31																											
Rc:Bankfull width (ft/ft)						2.5			10.3																											
Meander Wavelength (ft)						25			50																											
Meander Width Ratio						4			35																											
<b>Additional Reach Parameters</b>																																				
Rosgen Classification						B						B						B						B												
Channel Thalweg length (ft)						562						562						562						562												
Sinuosity (ft)						1.03 - 1.05						1.03 - 1.05						1.03 - 1.05						1.03 - 1.05												
Water Surface Slope (Channel) (ft/ft)						0.0674 - 0.1301						0.0782 - .1228						0.0679 - .1147						0.0766 - .1229												
BF slope (ft/ft)																																				
<sup>3</sup> Ri% / Ru% / P% / G% / S%																																				
<sup>3</sup> SC% / Sa% / G% / C% / B% / Be%																																				
<sup>3</sup> d16 / d35 / d50 / d84 / d95 /																																				
<sup>2</sup> % of Reach with Eroding Banks						0						0						0						0												
Channel Stability or Habitat Metric																																				

Pattern data will not typically be collected unless visual data, dimensional data or profile data indicate significant shifts from baseline

APPENDIX E

Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events

**Table 12. Verification of Bankfull Events  
UT to Bald Stream and Wetland Restoration Site (DMS Project Number 92596)**

<b>Date of Data Collection</b>	<b>Date of Occurrence</b>	<b>Method</b>	<b>Photo (if available)</b>
June 7, 2013	May 5, 2013	Crest gauge observations indicated a bankfull event after approximately 3.4 inches of rain was documented* at a nearby rain station on May 5, 2013.	--
February 10, 2015	September 7, 2014	Crest gauge observations indicated a bankfull event after approximately 2.04 inches of rain was documented* at a nearby rain station on September 7, 2014 and 1.97 inches was documented in the previous 4 days.	--
February 10, 2015	October 14, 2014	Crest gauge observations indicated a bankfull event after approximately 2.41 inches of rain was documented* at a nearby rain station on October 14, 2014.	--
October 12, 2015	July 15, 2015	Crest gauge observations indicated a bankfull event after approximately 5.01 inches of rain was documented** at a nearby rain station on July 13-15, 2015.	--
October 12, 2015	September 30, 2015	Crest gauge observations indicated a bankfull event after approximately 2.51 inches of rain was documented** at a nearby rain station on September 29-30, 2015.	--

\*Asheville Airport (Weatherunderground 2015)

\*\*Bald Creek (CoCoRaHS 2015)