

Remedial Investigation Report Geophysical Services East Durham Park – NONCD0000821 Durham, Durham County, North Carolina Task Order 821DP-3 S&ME Project No. 23050630AA

PREPARED FOR:

North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management – Special Remediation Branch Pre-Regulatory Landfill Unit 1646 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1646

PREPARED BY:

S&ME, Inc. 3201 Spring Forest Road Raleigh, NC 27616

April 29, 2024

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April 29, 2024

North Carolina Department of Environmental Quality Division of Waste Management – Special Remediation Branch Pre-Regulatory Landfill Unit 1646 Mail Service Center Raleigh, NC 27699-1646

Attention:	Mr. Kevin Kelt	via email:	Kevin.Kelt@deq.nc.gov
	Hydrogeologist		

Reference: Remedial Investigation Report - Geophysical Services East Durham Park Durham, Durham County, North Carolina NCDEQ ID No. NONCD0000821 NCDEQ Task Order 821DP-3 S&ME Project No. 23050630AA

Dear Mr. Kelt:

S&ME, Inc. (S&ME) is submitting this report to NCDEQ summarizing the results of the Remedial Investigation Activities (Geophysical Survey) conducted at the above-referenced site in Durham, North Carolina. S&ME completed this investigation in general conformance with S&ME Proposal No. 23050630AA, dated March 20, 2024, for Task Order 821DP-3 and under the terms of Contract Number N42621-B, dated January 4, 2022, between NCDEQ and S&ME. The attached report includes the results of the following tasks.

Geophysical Survey

We appreciate the opportunity to provide environmental consulting services to NCDEQ. Please contact us if you have any questions about the information included in this report.

Sincerely,

S&ME, Inc.

Jason B. Cox, P.G. (GA) Project Geophysicist / Manager jcox@smeinc.com

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Gerald Paul Senior Project Manager jpaul@smeinc.com

Senior Reviewed by: Thomas P. Raymond, P.E., P.M.P. Attachment: *Remedial Investigation Report – Geophysical Services*



S&ME Project No. 23050630AA

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1.0 Project Information

The East Durham Park site is a pre-regulatory landfill (NCDEQ ID No. NONCD0000821) that is currently owned by The City of Durham (Figure 1). The East Durham Park site is currently used as a park by the City of Durham and contains a picnic shelter and playground. The site consists of two parcels (Durham County PIN #0831843041 and 831844364), the northern parcel consisting of wooded land and the southern parcel containing the playground and picnic shelter. Based on Historical Sandborn Fire Insurance Maps the property once operated an incinerator on the western portion of the site.

The incinerator appears to have operated starting from at least 1937 up to 1950. Based on historical information and previous reports the incinerator at East Durham Park had the capacity to process 15-20 tons of waste per day which most likely consisted of municipal waste collected from homes and businesses. Once the operations at the site ceased, the property was converted to a park sometime after 1950.

In December 2022, a study was published by Duke University Graduate Student Enikoe Biharit, which involved the screening of soil at the East Durham Park for lead contamination. The East Durham Park was chosen for this study based on the historical use of the incinerator on the site. During the study, the top inch of the soils was screened for lead using a handheld X-ray fluorescence (XRF) analyzer and 62 samples were collected at the East Durham Park. Results from the investigation found exceedances of the lead NCDEQ Preliminary Soil Remediation Goal (PSRG) of 400 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) in 15 of the 62 samples collected. The samples which exceeded the lead Residential PSRG were located generally around the southeastern portion of the site. *The PSRG for lead was changed to 200 mg/kg in 2024*.

In July 2023, Mid-Atlantic Associates, Inc. conducted additional screening and confirmation sampling at the East Durham Park. Locations for this investigation were based on areas of the park that exceeded the lead PSRG in the initial Duke University study. During the advancement of the sample borings, glass and porcelain were found at depths of 12 inches below ground surface (bgs). Results from this investigation indicated several locations at the park which exceeded the Residential PSRG for lead. Based on the results, areas of East Durham Park were closed to the public.

The following reports were completed by S&ME to assess the noted waste disposal areas following the initial investigations by others:

- Remedial Investigation Report First Phase Activities East Durham Park –2601 East Main Street & 300 Gary Street, Project No. 23050630 dated February 26, 2024.
- Remedial Investigation Report –Soil Cover Evaluation -East Durham Park –2601 East Main Street & 300 Gary Street, Project No. 23050630 dated March 6, 2024.

In an attempt to further assess the waste disposal area and approximate the vertical and horizontal extents of the waste materials, S&ME has completed a geophysical survey of the park property using the Frequency Domain Electromagnetic (FDEM) method. The following sections detail the findings of the geophysical survey.



2.0 Methodology and Field Services

On April 2, 2024, we completed an FDEM survey within the accessible portions of the requested survey area (Figure 2). FDEM measures subsurface conductivity as lateral changes in conductivity of the subsurface typically indicate lateral changes in the subsurface materials (e.g. generally more conductive buried landfill material/debris compared to surrounding soils).

FDEM measurements are collected by inducing (from a transmitter) a frequency-varying magnetic field and measuring (with a receiver) the amplitude and phase shift of an induced secondary magnetic field. The secondary magnetic field is created by subsurface conductive materials behaving as an inductor as the primary magnetic field passed through them. Both the conductivity and in-phase components of the electromagnetic field are recorded as a weighted average based on the dipole center distance (separation between the transmitter and receiver) and orientation (vertical versus horizontal) of the FDEM instrument. The "terrain" conductivity phase component, which is also referred to as the quadrature phase component, is measured in milliSiemens per meter (mS/m) and provides a measurement of conductivity. The in-phase mode, measured in parts per thousand (ppt), is responsive to highly conductive, metallic objects and/or material.

We used a GF Instruments CMD Explorer electromagnetic conductivity meter in general accordance with ASTM D6639 "Standard Guide for Using the Frequency Domain Electromagnetic Method for Subsurface Investigations." The CMD Explorer system utilizes three separate dipole center distances effectively providing three separate weighted bulk average exploration depths of 7, 14, and 22 feet in the vertical dipole mode. FDEM data profiles were generally acquired along perpendicular lines spaced approximately 50 feet between each transect using a sub-meter GPS as positioning support (Figure 2). However, actual locations in several areas were limited based on access. The CMD data transfer software was used to download and interpolate the data, and Golden Software's Surfer® was used to grid and plot the data (Figures 3 through 14). Presenting multiple bulk average ranges for the FDEM data allows for an additional qualitative assessment associated with subsurface material contrasts at depth. The FDEM data has been presented in two plots (Plots A and B) to provide both opaque and semi-transparent overlays on aerial images, respectively. The semi-transparent view allows for spatial comparison between the FDEM data and site features present in the aerial imagery.

3.0 Results

The following summarizes the results of the FDEM survey performed at the site:

- FDEM terrain conductivity responses for the 7, 14, and 22 feet weighted bulk average exploration depths generally range between about 0 and 100 mS/m (Figures 3 through 8), and the in-phase component of the FDEM data responses generally range between about -25 and 25 ppt (Figures 9 through 14).
- Based on experience, typical terrain conductivities of buried landfill waste materials are greater than about 30 mS/m, whereas typical background conductivity values are typically less than 30 mS/m. As such, it appears that lateral variations in subsurface materials related to the buried landfill materials can be identified in the conductivity data sets. Several isolated areas and/or



targets associated with buried metallic materials (in-phase responses) can also be identified in the FDEM data sets.

 Approximate interpreted landfill extents within the surveyed areas are presented in the figures. However, the interpreted limits are controlled by the property boundary and/or accessible limits during the time of the survey, and as such, landfill materials may extend beyond the properties explored.

4.0 Limitations

Regardless of the thoroughness of a geophysical survey, there is always a possibility that actual conditions may not match the interpretations. The results should be considered accurate only to the degree implied by the methods used and the method's limitations and data coverage. Accordingly, the possibility exists that not all features at a project site will be located due to either subsurface soil conditions or the occurrence of features outside the lateral limits and below the depth of penetration of the method used. As with most surface geophysical methods, resolution of the subsurface also decreases with depth. As such, the size and/or contrast of features compared to the imaged subsurface media must be significant enough to produce the anticipated response. The location and/or determination (or the lack thereof) of potential buried features is based on our review of the provided information and of the geophysical survey. Under no circumstances does S&ME assume any responsibility for damages resulting from the presence of subsurface features that may exist but were not identified by our survey. The geophysical method used for this survey also have inherent limitations. Site metallic features (e.g., fences, vehicles, reinforced concrete, etc.) and overhead transmission lines can produce a false electromagnetic response. FDEM is also limited in capability to resolve vertical variations of the subsurface in the data.

5.0 Sole Use Statement

This report is solely intended for use by NCDEQ for the services that were performed in accordance with S&ME Proposal No. 23050630AA, dated March 20, 2024 for Task Order 821DP-3 as authorized by NCDEQ.



6.0 Certification Acknowledgement

"I certify that to the best of my knowledge, after thorough investigation, the information contained in or accompanying this certification is true, accurate, and complete."

Gerald Paul / S&ME, Inc. Name of Environmental Consultant / Company

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April 29, 2024

Signature of Environmental Consultant

Date

Gault. Kueney, a Notary Public of said County and State, do hereby certify that did personally appear and sign before me this day, produced proper identification in the form of <u>personally knows</u> duly sworn or affirmed, and declared that, he or she is the duly authorized environmental consultant referenced above and that, to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, after thorough investigation, the information contained in the above certification is true and accurate, and he or she then signed this Certification in my presence.

WITNESS my hand and official seal this 294 day of April 2024.

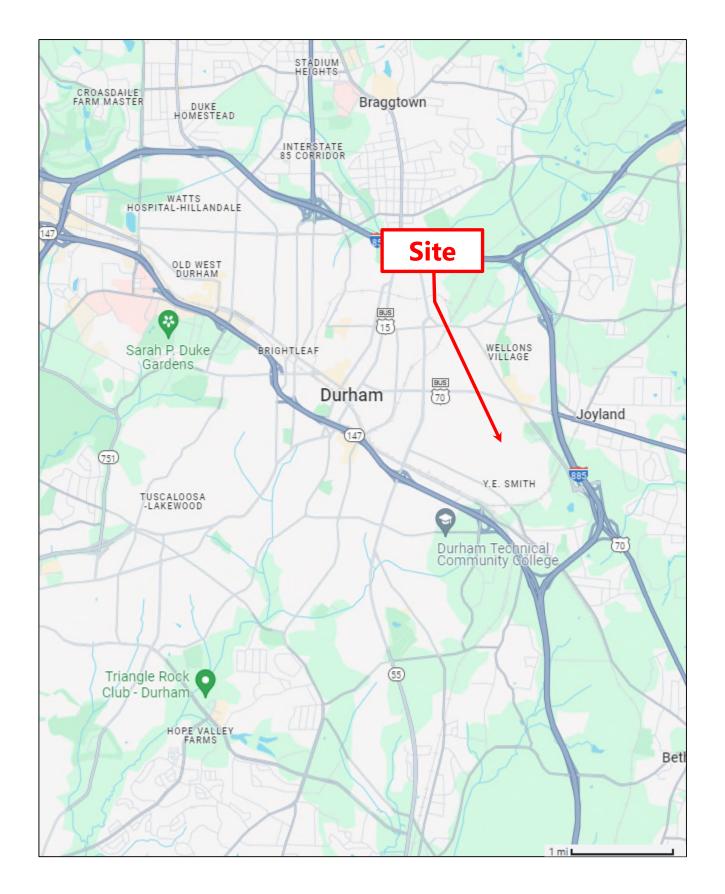
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My commission expires:

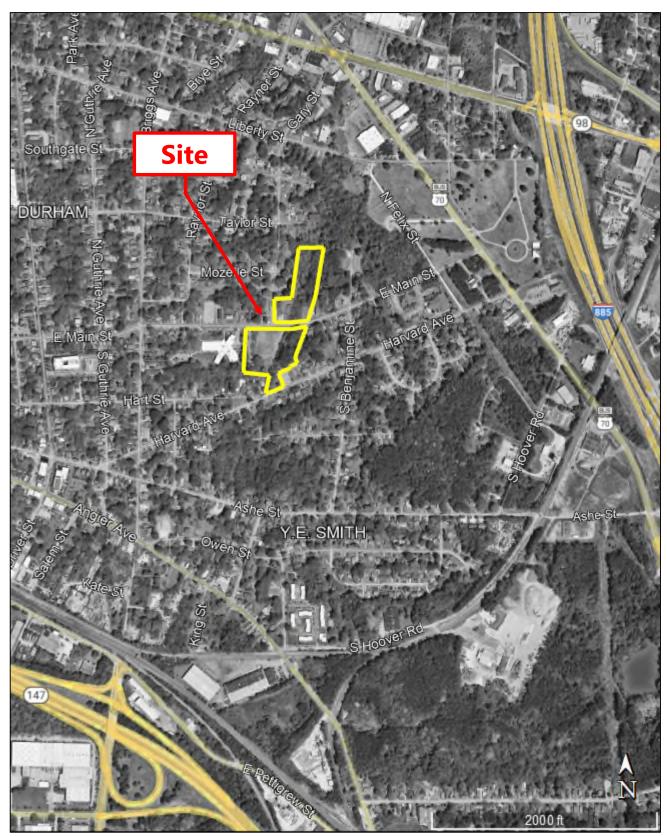
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Figures



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SITE VICINITY PLAN	EAST DURHAM PARK NCDEQ ID No. NONCD000821, TASK ORDER - 821DP-3 2601 EAST MAIN STREET & 300 GARY STREET DURHAM, DURHAM COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
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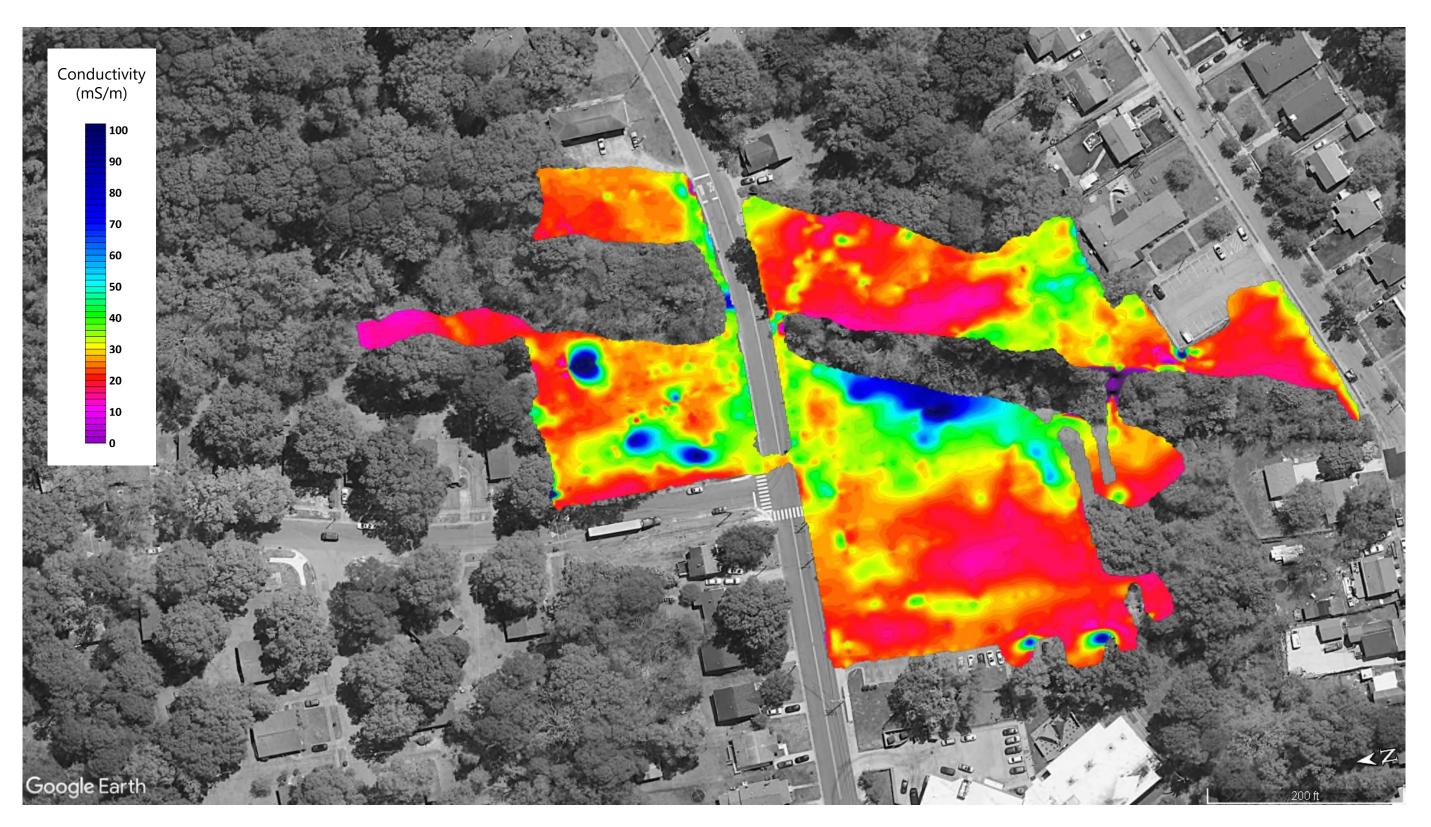


Requested Survey Area

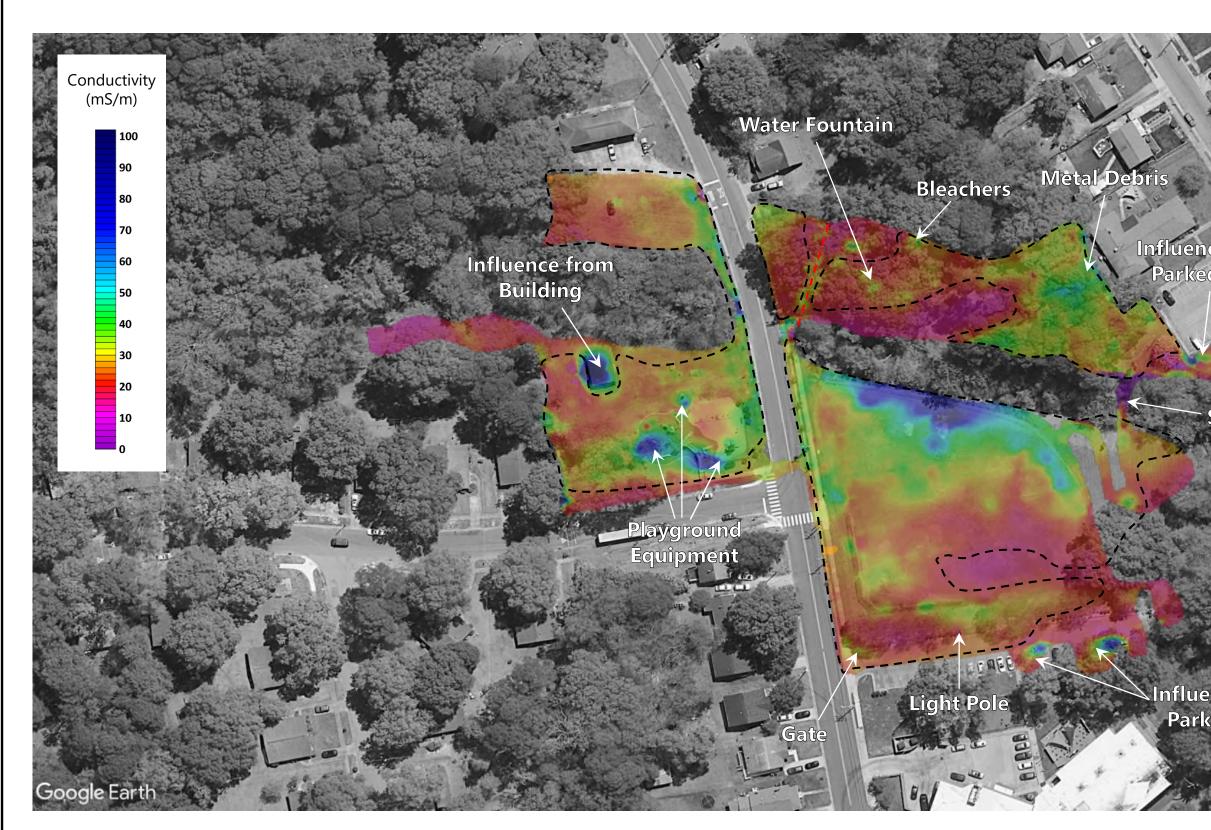


Inaccessible Areas

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FDEM CONDUCTIVITY DATA PLOT A - OPAQUE (7 FEET) EAST DURHAM PARK NCDEQ ID No. NONCD0000821, TASK ORDER - 821DP-3 2601 EAST MAIN STREET & 300 GARY STREET DURHAM, DURHAM COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
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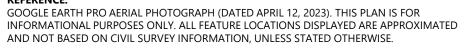
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Interpreted Extent of Possible Landfill

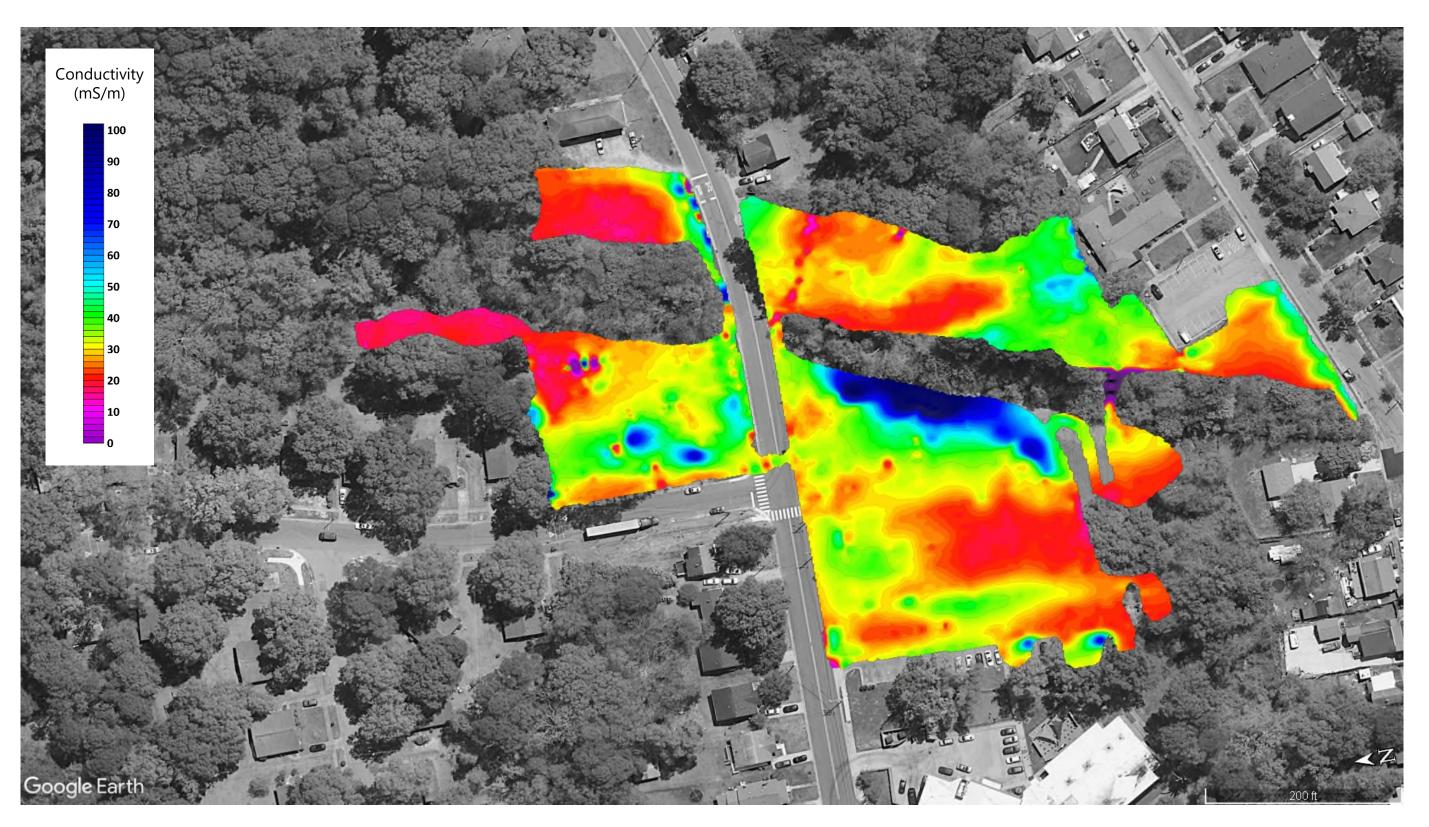
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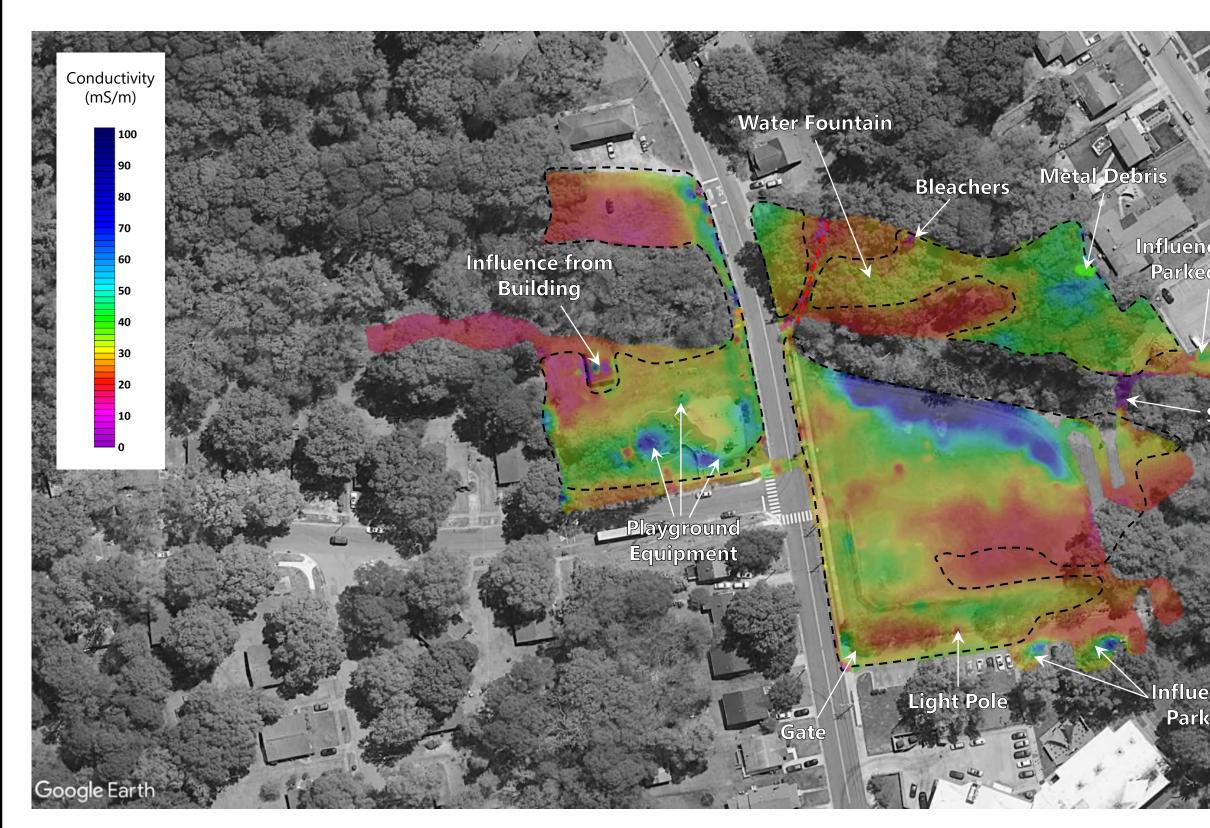
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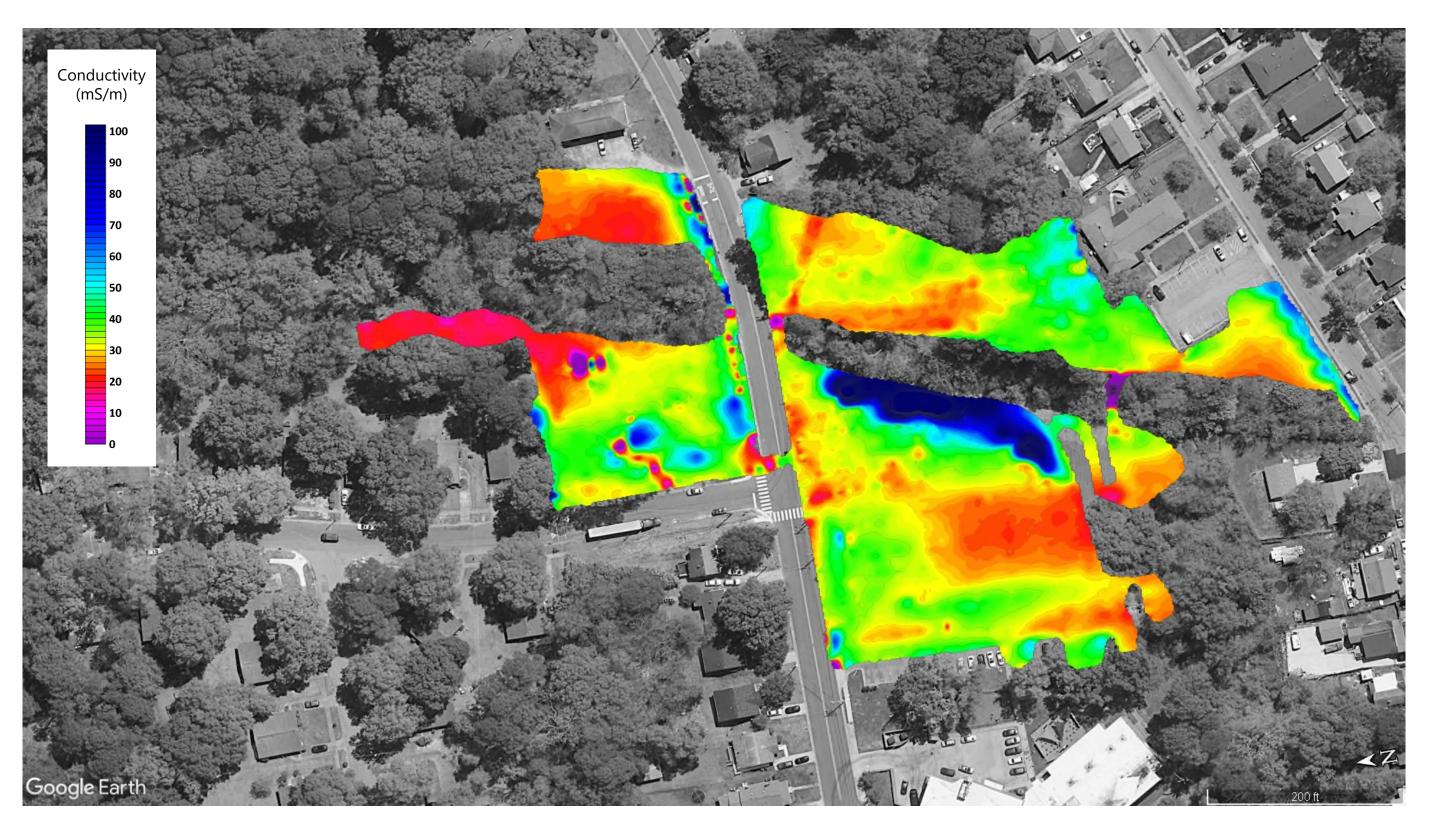
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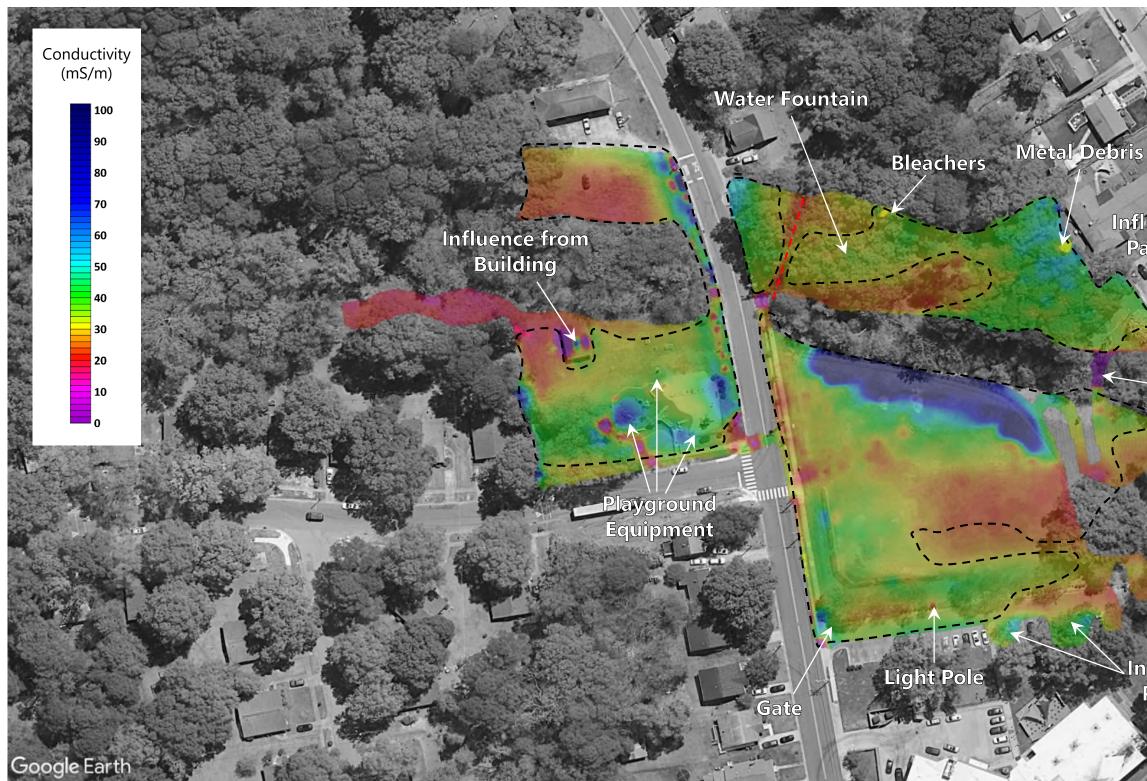


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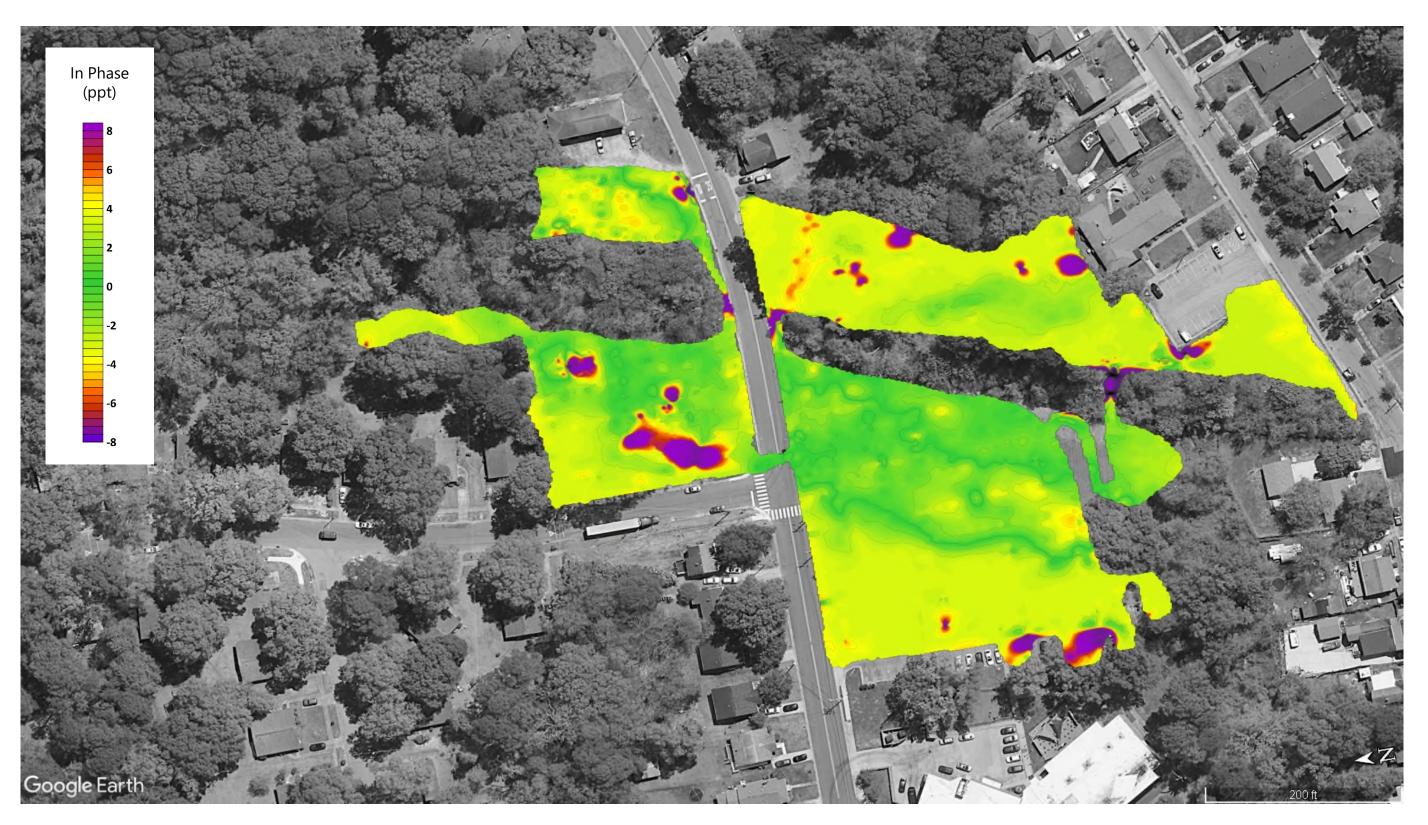


Influence from Parked Cars

Steel Bridge

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FDEM IN-PHASE DATA PLOT A - OPAQUE (7 FEET)	EAST DURHAM PARK NCDEQ ID No. NONCD0000821, TASK ORDER - 821DP-3 2601 EAST MAIN STREET & 300 GARY STREET DURHAM, DURHAM COUNTY, NORTH CAROLINA
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Interpreted Extent of Possible Landfill

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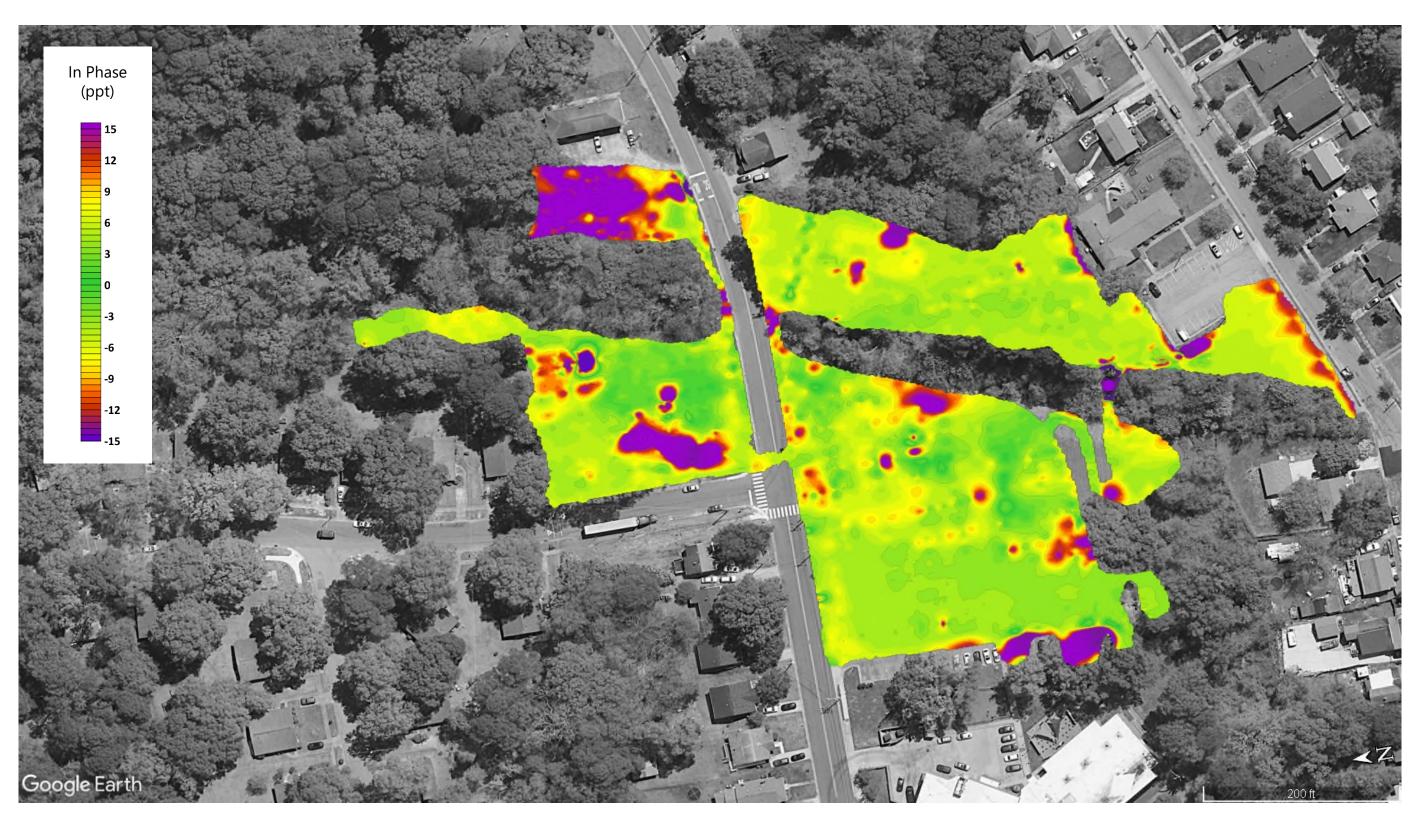
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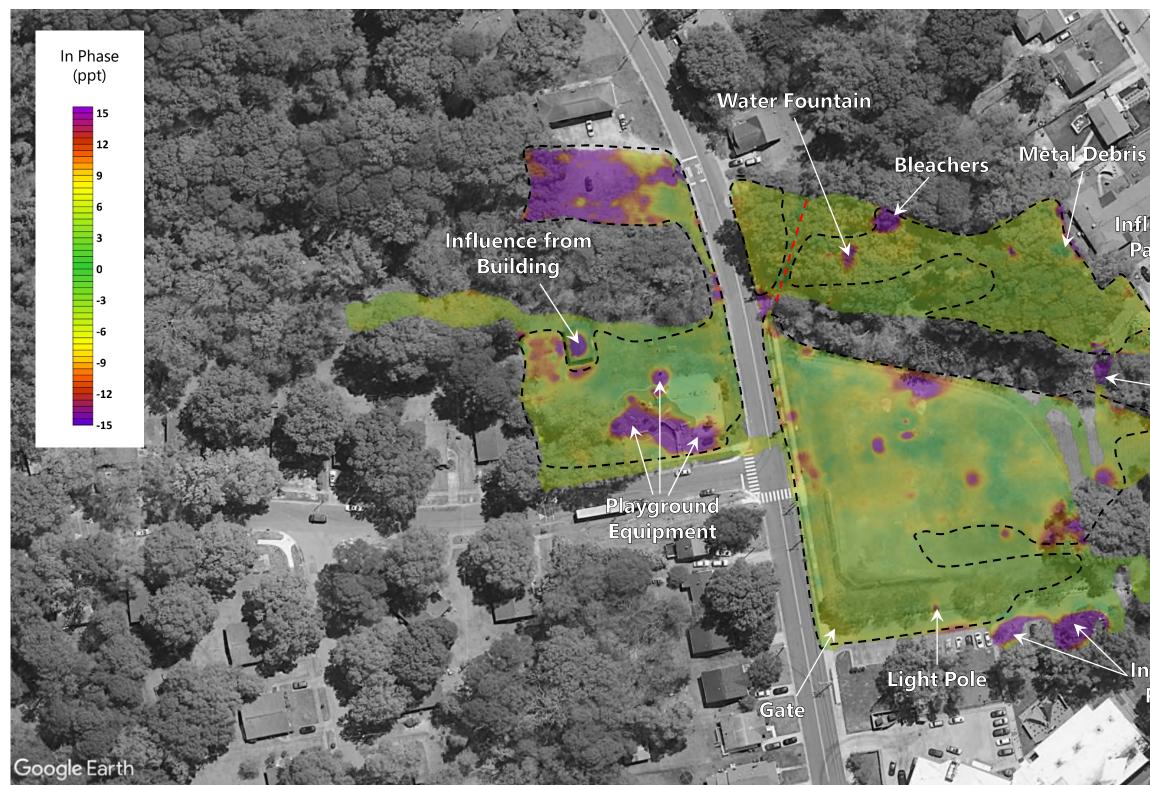
Influence from Parked Cars

Steel Bridge

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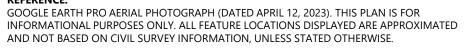
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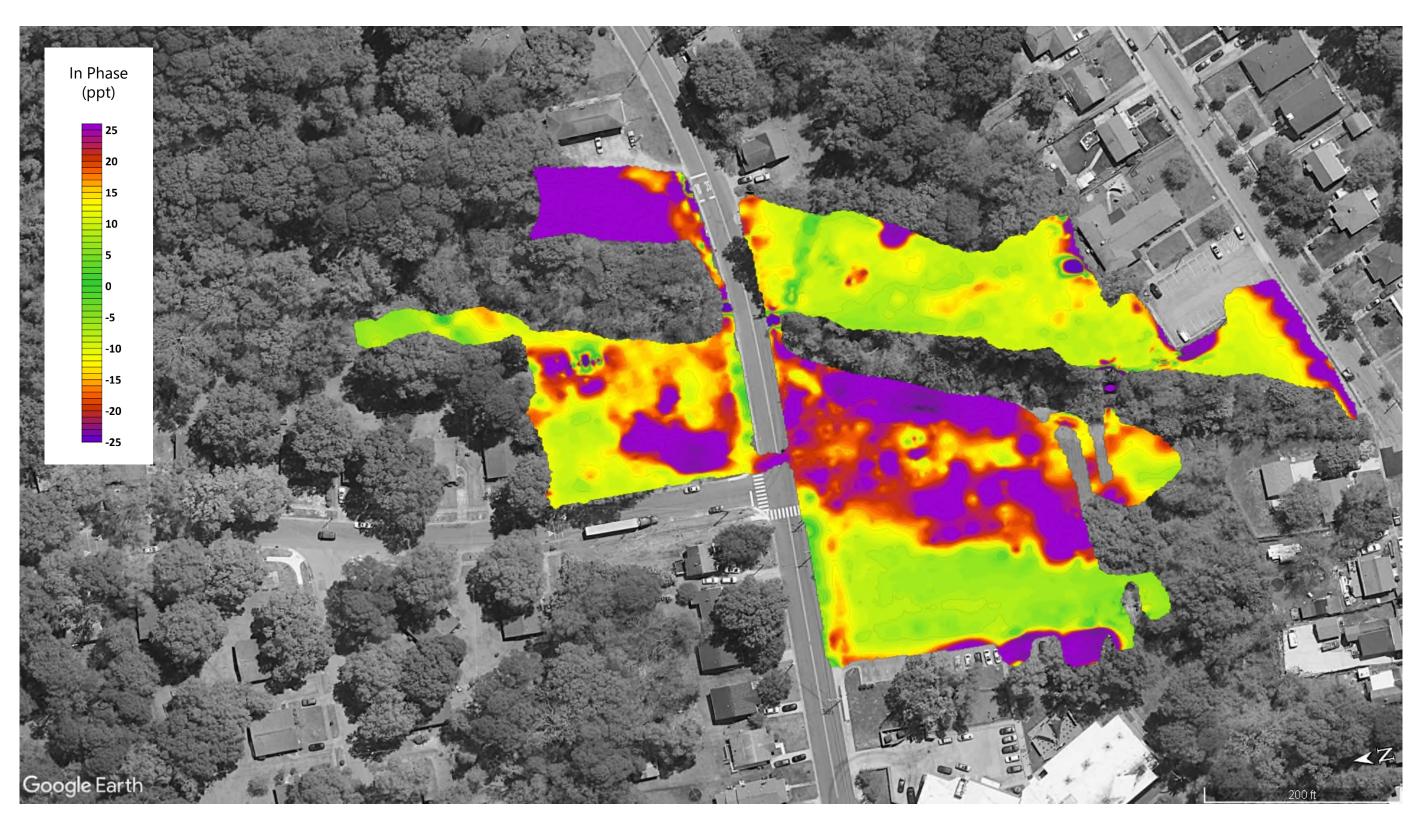
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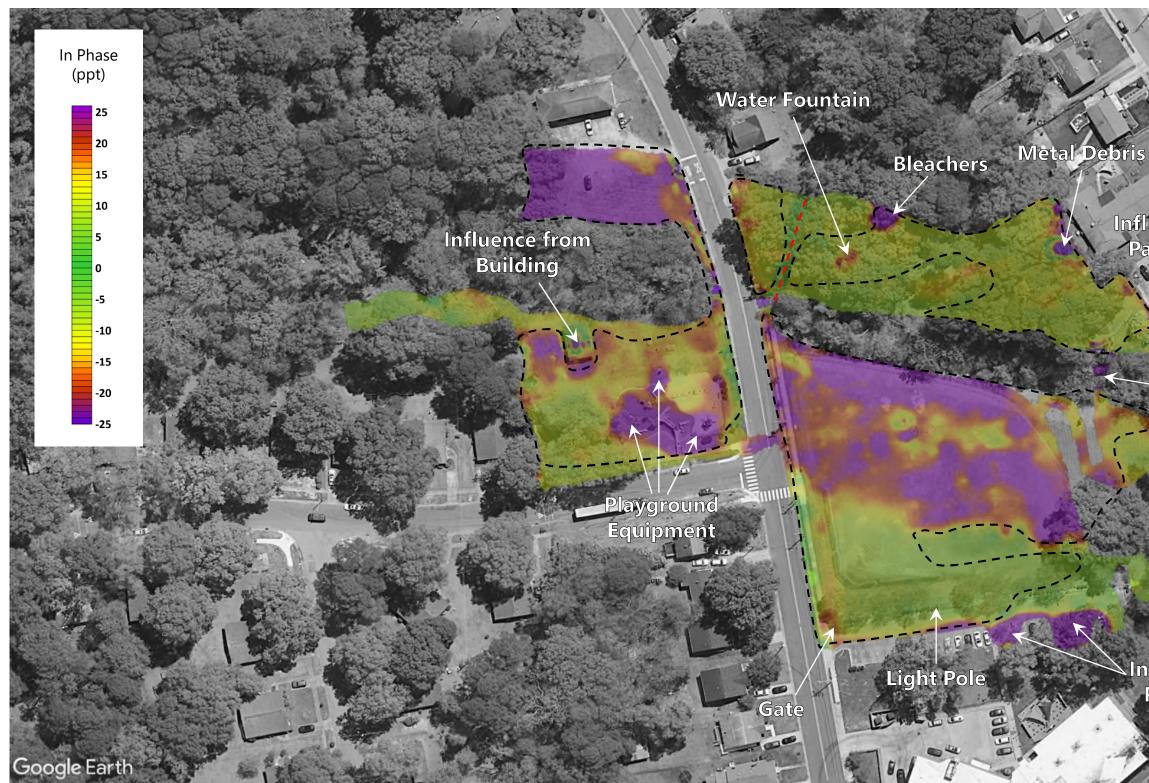
Influence from Parked Cars

Steel Bridge

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Influence from Parked Cars

Steel Bridge

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