

Basic Water Treatment Math Formulas for Surface and Well Exams

These formulas are intended to serve as a general resource and are not intended to be an all-inclusive list.

AREA

Rectangle: $A, \text{ft}^2 = L * W$

Circle: $A, \text{ft}^2 = 0.785 * D^2$

VOLUME

Rectangular Tank: $V, \text{ft}^3 = L * W * H$

Circular Pipe or Tank: $V, \text{ft}^3 = 0.785 * D^2 * H$

FORCE

Force, lbs = Area, Sq. Inches x PSI

DOSAGE (Pounds Formula)

Lbs = mg/L * MGD * 8.34

$$\text{Mg/L} = \frac{\text{lbs}}{\text{MGD} * 8.34}$$

FLUORIDATION

AFI = Molecular Weight of Fluoride/Total Molecular Weight of Chemical * (100)

Feed Rate, lbs/day = $\frac{(\text{Dosage, mg/L})(\text{Flow, MGD})(8.34, \text{lbs/gal})}{(\text{Fluoride Solution, as a decimal})(\text{Purity, as a decimal})}$

Feed Rate, gpd = $\frac{\text{Feed Rate, lbs/day}}{\text{Chemical Solution, lbs/gal}}$

Feed Dose, mg/L = Desired Dose, mg/L – Actual Concentration, mg/L

Mixture Strength, % = $\frac{(\text{Tank, gal})(\text{Tank, \%}) + (\text{Vendor, gal})(\text{Vendor, \%})}{\text{Tank, gal} + \text{Vendor, gal}}$

For Saturator

Feed Rate, gpd = $\frac{\text{Capacity, gpd} * \text{dose, mg/L}}{18,000 \text{ mg/L}}$

FILTRATION

Filtration Rate (gpm/ft²) = $\frac{\text{flow, gpm}}{\text{Surface Area ft}^2}$

Backwash Water, (gal) = (Backwash Flow, gpm)(Backwash Time, min)

Backwash Flow, (gpm) = (Filter Area sq. ft.)(Backwash Rate, gpm/sq ft.)

Backwash % = $\frac{(\text{Total Backwash, gal})(100\%)}{\text{Total Filtered, gal}}$

Rate of Rise, (ft/min) = $\frac{\text{Backwash Rate, gpm/ft}^2}{7.48 \text{ gals/ft}^3}$

PUMPS AND MOTORS

$$\text{Water, whp} = \frac{(\text{Flow, gpm})(\text{Total Water Head, ft})}{3,960}$$

$$\text{Brake, bhp} = \frac{(\text{Flow, gpm})(\text{Head, ft.})}{(3,960)(\text{Decimal Pump Efficiency})}$$

$$\text{Motor, mhp} = \frac{(\text{Flow, gpm})(\text{Head, ft.})}{(3,960)(\text{Decimal Pump Efficiency})(\text{Decimal Motor Efficiency})}$$

Total Dynamic Head, ft = Static Head, ft. + Friction Loss, ft.

$$\text{Cost} = \text{Motor, hp} * .746 \text{ kW} * \text{Cost} * \text{Hrs.} * \text{Days}$$

DISINFECTION

Well Disinfection

$$\text{Chlorine Required/gallon} = \frac{(\text{Casing Volume, gal})(\text{Desired Dose, mg/L})}{\text{Chlorine Solution, mg/L}}$$

$$\text{Dose (mg/L)} = \text{Demand (mg/L)} + \text{Residual (mg/L)}$$

$$\text{Chlorine Demand (mg/L)} = \text{Chlorine Dose (mg/L)} - \text{Chlorine Residual (mg/L)}$$

$$\text{Residual (mg/L)} = \text{Dosage (mg/L)} - \text{Demand (mg/L)}$$

$$\text{Chlorine lbs.} = \frac{(\text{Hypochlorite, gal})(8.34 \text{ lbs/gal})(\text{Hypochlorite, \%})}{100\%}$$

$$\text{Hypochlorite strength, \%} = \frac{(\text{Chlorine required, lbs/day})(100\%)}{(\text{Hypochlorinator Flow, gal/day})(8.34 \text{ lbs/gal})}$$

$$\text{Water Added, gal to hypochlorite solution} = \frac{(\text{Hypo, gal})(\text{Hypo, \%}) - (\text{Hypo, gal})(\text{Desired Hypo, \%})}{\text{Desired Hypo, \%}}$$

DETENTION TIME (Minutes)

$$\frac{(\text{Basin Vol, gal})(24 \text{ hr/day})(60 \text{ min/hr})}{\text{Flow, gal/day}}$$

MEMBRANE TREATMENT PROCESS

$$\text{Efficiency, \%} = \frac{(\text{Mass In} - \text{Mass Out})(100\%)}{\text{Mass In}}$$

$$\text{Recovery, \%} = \frac{(\text{Product Flow, MGD})(100\%)}{\text{Feed Flow, MGD}}$$

$$\text{Mineral Rejection, \%} = 1 - \frac{\text{Product TDS, mg/L}}{\text{Feed TDS, mg/L}} (100\%)$$

ION EXCHANGE

$$\text{Grains/gallon} = \frac{\text{Total Hardness, mg/L}}{17.1 \text{ mg/L/Grain}}$$

$$\text{Hardness, mg/L} = \frac{(\text{Hardness, grains/gal})(17.1 \text{ mg/L})}{1 \text{ grain/gal}}$$

$$\text{Exchange Capacity, grains} = (\text{Media Volume, ft}^3)(\text{Removal Capacity, grains/ft}^3)$$

$$\text{Water Treated, gal} = \frac{\text{Exchange Capacity, grains}}{\text{Hardness Removed, grains/gal}}$$

$$\text{Bypass Water, gal} = \frac{(\text{Softener Capacity, gal})(\text{Bypass Flow, gpd})}{\text{Softener Flow, gpd}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Total Hardness, mg/L as CaCO}_3 &= \\ \text{Calcium Hardness, + Magnesium Hardness} & \\ (\text{mg/L as CaCO}_3) & \quad (\text{mg/L as CaCO}_3) \end{aligned}$$

COAGULATION and FLOCCULATION

$$\text{Polymer, lbs} = \frac{(\text{Polymer solution, gal})(8.34 \text{ lbs./gal})(\text{Polymer, \%})(\text{Sp Gr})}{100\%}$$

$$\text{Polymer, \%} = \frac{(\text{Dry Polymer, lbs.})(100\%)}{(\text{Dry Polymer, lbs} + \text{Water, lbs.})}$$

$$\text{Liquid Polymer, gals} = \frac{(\text{Polymer Solution, \%})(\text{Volume of Solution, gal})}{(\text{Liquid polymer, \%})}$$

VELOCITY

$$Q = A * V \quad V = Q / A \quad A = Q / V$$

TEMPERATURE

$$\text{Temperature, } ^\circ\text{C} = (^\circ\text{F} - 32 ^\circ\text{F}) / 1.8$$

$$\text{Temperature, } ^\circ\text{F} = (1.8 * ^\circ\text{C}) + 32 ^\circ\text{F}$$

CONSTANTS

1. 2.54 centimeters = 1 inch
2. 3.28 feet = 1 meter
3. 43,560 square feet = 1 acre
4. 640 acres = 1 square mile
5. 7.48 gallons = 1 cubic foot
6. 1.0 gallon of water = 8.34 lbs
7. 1.0 liter = 1,000 cubic centimeters
8. 1.0 liter = 1,000 milliliter (ml)
9. 1.0 gallon = 3.785 liters
10. 1.0 pound = 7,000 grains
11. 1.0 pound = 453.5 grams
12. 1.0 grain per gallon = 17.1 parts per million (p.p.m.)
13. 1.0 grain - 0.0648 grams
14. 1.0 p.p.m. = 8.34 lbs. per million gallons of water
15. 1.0 cubic foot of water weighs 62.4 pounds
16. 1.0 gram = 15.43 grains
17. 1.0 ounce = 28.35 grams
18. 1.0 ounce = 29.57 milliliter (ml)
19. 1.0 quart = 0.9464 liters
20. 1.0 foot of water = .433 psi
21. 1.0 psi = 2.31 feet of water
22. 1.0 inch of mercury = 1.13 feet of water
23. 1.0 Horsepower = 33,000 ft. lbs. per minutes
24. 1.0 Horsepower = 746 watts
25. 1.0 million gallons per day = 1.55 cubic feet per second
26. 1.0 million gallons per day 694 gallon per minute
27. 1 day = 1440 minutes
28. $\pi = 3.14$
29. 1 meter = 100 centimeters
30. 1.0 kilograms = 2.205 lbs
31. 1 mile = 5,280 ft.